**NRC INSPECTION MANUAL** IRIB

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| INSPECTION MANUAL CHAPTER 2515 APPENDIX F  |

REACTOR CONTRUCTION ACTIVITIES NEAR OPERATING UNIT(S)

Effective Date: 09/22/2020

2515F-01 PURPOSE

New reactor construction activities may be in the vicinity of preexisting operating unit(s). Resident Inspectors (RIs) assigned to operating unit(s) should be aware of construction activities which may affect the operating unit(s)’ safety systems. This appendix provides guidance to operating unit(s) RIs on construction activities that they should be aware of when they conduct their plant status activities. The appendix focuses on the aspects of reactor construction activities regulated under Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) Part 50, “Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities,” and 10 CFR Part 52, “Licenses, Certifications, and Approvals for Nuclear Power Plants,” and the supplemental guidance in Appendix D, “Plant Status,” to Inspection Manual Chapter (IMC) 2515, “Light-Water Reactor Inspection Program - Operations Phase.”

The impact of construction activities on operating units will depend on multiple factors such as; distance from the operating unit(s) to the construction site; and the number of shared structures, systems, and components (SSCs) between operating unit(s) and units under construction. The guidance in this appendix is intended to be generic in nature and to supplement guidance in Appendix D of IMC 2515 in order to aid the RIs during their plant tours and control room walkdowns.

2515F-02 OBJECTIVES

To be aware of construction activities which may affect the operating unit(s)’ safety systems

2515F-03 APPLICABILITY

See Section 2515-03 of IMC 2515, “Light-Water Reactor Inspection Program – Operations Phase.”

2515D-04 DEFINITIONS

None.

2515F-05 RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES

See Section 2515-05 of IMC 2515, “Light-Water Reactor Inspection Program – Operations Phase.”

2515F-06 REQUIREMENTS

See Section 2515-11 of IMC 2515, “Light-Water Reactor Inspection Program – Operations Phase.”

2515F-07 GUIDANCE

07.01 Evaluation of Construction Impact On Operating Units and Plant Tours

a. Construction activities for a nuclear power plant may not commence without a construction permit, limited work authorization, or combined license. Activities that are construction are defined by 10 CFR 50.10(a). Activities include:

1. driving of piles and subsurface preparation

2. placement of backfill

3. concrete or permanent retaining walls within an excavation

4. installation of foundations or certain testing.

b. An applicant may undertake a range of pre-construction activities without a construction permit, limited work authorization, or combined license. Pre-construction activities are defined in 10 CFR 50.10(a)(2). Pre-construction activities include:

1. site exploration, including necessary borings to determine foundation conditions

2. preparation of a site for construction of a facility, including clearing of the site, grading, installation of drainage, erosion and other environmental mitigation measures

3. construction of temporary roads and borrow areas

4. erection of fences and other access control measures

5. excavation and erection of support buildings.

On-site inspection activities of construction activities may generally commence once construction is authorized by a construction permit, limited work authorization, or combined license. The operating licensee will continue to have the responsibility for ensuring that any site activities, including construction and pre-construction activities, do not impact risk significant systems to the operating unit(s) or Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI). The operating licensees are required to consider the impacts of construction on various aspects of operations, such as emergency planning, radiological protection, security, and demolition of existing facilities and structures. The impact of construction activities on various aspects of operations may not be within the scope of NRC construction oversight, and the applicants may not be required to inform the NRC when these construction activities occur. RIs should be aware of pre-construction activities, such as, inadvertent moving of security barriers, potential excavation damage to buried piping or cable vaults, and work near the switch yard that could adversely impact the operating unit(s) risk significant systems, emergency planning, security, and radiological protection. It is anticipated that most applicants are discussing related activities in the vicinity of the operating unit(s) during the Plan of the Day meetings and are provided in a construction schedule. RIs should contact their regional management regarding any questionable pre-construction activities to ensure unauthorized construction activities are not occurring and do not have an impact on risk significant systems.

c. RIs at operating unit(s) should be alert to situations with potential adverse impact (e.g., unit transients or reactor trips) from planned construction activities, including pre-construction activities. While the operating unit(s) RIs are responsible to address adverse impacts at the operating unit(s) risk significant systems, the RIs should coordinate with the CRIs to enable them to address potential problems from construction activities. Examples of potential Inspection Procedures (IPs) that could be used to evaluate the adverse impact of construction activities on the operating unit(s) include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. IP 71111.13 “Maintenance Risk Assessment and Emergent Work Control”

2. IP 71111.15 “Operability Determinations and Functionality Assessments”

3. IP 92709 “Licensee Strike Contingency Plans.”

At multi-unit sites, the unit under construction is required, in part, to have managerial and administrative controls to provide assurance that the limiting conditions for operation are not exceeded as a result of construction activities (10 CFR 52.79(a)(31). The RIs should understand how construction issues, that may affect the operating unit, are communicated and dispositioned at the operating unit(s).

d. Understanding potential adverse impacts from the pre-construction and construction activities should allow the inspector to implement the appropriate IP to evaluate the potential risk significant systems. Examples of how construction activities could adversely impact the operating unit(s) include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. effects on seismic monitoring from sheet piling installation or explosives used during excavation

2. damage to underground piping, electrical cables, fiber-optics, and telecommunications during excavation or movement of heavy loads

3. disruptions in the switchyard and electrical transmission and distribution systems during movement of heavy loads and associated crane operations

4. emergency preparedness affected by traffic issues from additional personnel for construction or movement of heavy loads

5. heatsink, coolant reservoir intake and discharge structures or piping for the operating unit(s) affected by construction activities occurring near the structures

6. breech of physical protection of the operating unit(s) because of construction activities

7. fire protection plan impacted by construction activities preventing operator actions through the unavailability of equipment or limited methods to access equipment locations

8. material or debris from the construction site that could impact the operating unit(s) SSCs, switch yard, or offsite power supplies during extreme weather conditions

9. wrong unit maintenance or work activity

10. ISFSI impacted by construction activities.

e. ISFSI are either located within or co-located outside the operating unit(s) protected area (PA). Construction and pre-construction activities could have risk significant impact on ISFSI if conducted in the vicinity. Construction activities, such as movement of heavy loads, potential risk significance on ISFSI are:

1. construction activities that have the potential to affect the integrity, operability, or performance effectiveness of the operating unit’s security barriers, illumination capabilities, intrusion detection systems or devices, and access control measures

2. construction activities performed in areas adjacent to or in isolation zones of the ISFSI that limit the ability of the operating reactor’s security force to detect, assess, and interdict potential threats

3. potential damage to ISFSI vaults and dry storage casks.

07.02 Movement of Heavy Loads

a. Multiple heavy load movement and associated crane operation evolutions are expected to occur during pre-construction and construction activities in and around operating unit(s) which have the potential to affect risk significant SSCs. The potential adverse impact of these evolutions on operating unit(s) depends on the distance from vital SSCs and buried piping, the number access roads supporting pre-construction and construction activities and operating unit(s), and if they occur near transmission lines providing off-site power to operating unit(s) and switch yards. RIs should be aware of licensee’s plans for heavy load movements and crane operations. Additionally, concrete booms can extend to heights where impact with offsite power lines maybe a concern.

b. The RIs should bring any concerns they have of potentially negative impact on the operating unit(s) from pre-construction and construction activities heavy load movements and associated crane operations to the attention of the licensee and CRI. The following IPs and guidance are recommended for determining the risk significance to operating unit(s) from heavy load movements and associated crane operations:

1. IP 71111.13 “Maintenance Risk Assessment and Emergent Work Control”

2. IP 71111.20, “Refueling and Other Outage Activities”

3. Operating Experience Smart Sample FY2007 03, Revision 2, “Crane and Heavy Lift Inspection, Supplemental Guidance for IP 71111.20,” September 12, 2008.

Additional information on lifting heavy loads appears in NUREG 0612, “Control of Heavy Loads at Nuclear Power Plants: Resolution of Generic Technical Activity A 36,” issued July 1980.

07.03 Reactor Safety and Plant Security Interface

a. The RI should be aware of the potential impact to reactor safety and to plant security when reactor pre-construction and construction is occurring in the vicinity of an operating unit(s). Throughout the pre-construction and construction process, licensees are required to ensure that the operating reactor’s physical protection program maintains the capabilities to detect, assess, interdict, and neutralize threats up to and including the design-basis threat of radiological sabotage as stated in 10 CFR 73.1, “Purpose and Scope.” In observing security activities and the modification or addition of security features, the inspector should consider and, as appropriate, question the licensee about the impact of pre-construction and construction activities on possible safety and security interface issues. During the periodic tours of security-related areas, the inspector should focus on potential degradation of reactor safety and plant security. Inspectors should be sensitive to changes to security measures and systems needed to implement the site’s protective strategy that were made to support construction activity. Changes to the operating reactor’s security program require that the licensee submit proposed alternative measures for review and approval in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4, “Written Communications,” and 10 CFR 50.90, “Application for Amendment of License, Construction Permit, or Early Site Permit.” Specifically, such changes would relate to pre-construction and construction activities in areas which intersect a protected area boundary (e.g., cable tunnels, drainage pipes) or areas that house security equipment needed by the licensee to implement its protective strategy. Additional examples include the following:

1. pre-construction and construction activities that have the potential to affect the integrity, operability, or performance effectiveness of the operating unit’s security barriers, illumination capabilities, intrusion detection systems or devices, and access control measures

2. pre-construction and construction activities that are conducted in areas where access control is performed for the operating reactor

3. pre-construction and construction activities performed in areas adjacent to or in isolation zones of the operating reactor that limit the ability of the operating reactor’s security force to detect, assess, and interdict potential threats

4. pre-construction and construction activities that could prevent operator actions through the unavailability of equipment or limited methods to access equipment locations

5. temporary conditions warranting compensatory measures from either security or operations because the conditions differ significantly from plant or risk profiles in either the operating or security procedures

6. changes in site layouts, ingress or egress routes, or security procedures that affect emergency preparedness in areas such as site assembly, staff augmentation times, or accountability of construction personnel.

b. Security issues identified during tours of the licensee facility shall be referred to appropriate regional specialists (e.g., security or emergency preparedness specialists) for follow-up inspections as needed.

2515F-08 REFERENCES

IMC 2515, “Light-Water Reactor Inspection Program – Operations Phase”

IMC 2515, Appendix D, “Plant Status”

IP 71111.13, “Maintenance Risk Assessment and Emergent Work Control”

IP 71111.15, “Operability Determinations and Functionality Assessments”

IP 71111.20, “Refueling and Other Outage Activities”

IP 92709 “Licensee Strike Contingency Plans”

NUREG-0612, “Control of Heavy Loads at Nuclear Power Plants: Resolution of Generic Technical Activity A 36,” July 1980 (ML070250180)

Operating Experience Smart Sample FY2007 03, Revision 3, “Crane and Heavy Lift Inspection, Supplemental Guidance for IP 71111.20 and IP 71111.13,” September 1, 2018 (ML18151A450)

END

Attachment 1

Revision History Sheet for IMC 2515 Appendix F

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| Commitment Tracking Number | Accession NumberIssue DateChange Notice | Description of Change | Description of Training Required and Completion Date | Comment Resolution and Closed Feedback Form Accession Number (Pre-Decisional, Non-Public Information) |
| N/A | ML10309061106/02/11CN 11-009 | Reviewed commitments and found none for 4 years.Developed new appendix for IMC 2515 that provides guidance for inspectors for reactor construction activities near operating unit(s). | No | N/A |
| N/A | ML20199M34709/22/20CN 20-044 | Periodic review completed per IMC0307A. Revisions are made to: 1) address use of mandatory and discretionary language concerns and recommendations found in OIG-16-A-12 (ML16097A515), and 2) conform to new IP format requirements found in IMC 0040  | None | ML20204A997 |