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                       UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
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                     NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
                       OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
                  BRIEFING ON EEO PROGRAM
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                           PUBLIC MEETING
                                  Nuclear Regulatory Commission
                                  One White Flint North
                                  Building 1, Room 1F-16
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                                  11555 Rockville Pike
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                                  Rockville, Maryland
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                                  Thursday, August 5, 1999
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               The Commission met in open session, pursuant to
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     notice, at 10:02 a.m., the Honorable GRETA J. DICUS,
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     Chairman of the Commission, presiding.
     COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:
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              GRETA J. DICUS, Chairman of the Commission
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              NILS J. DIAZ, Member of the Commission
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              EDWARD McGAFFIGAN, JR., Member of the Commission
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               JEFFREY S. MERRIFIELD, Member of the Commission
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     STAFF AND PRESENTERS SEATED AT THE COMMISSION TABLE:
               KAREN D. CYR, General Counsel
               ANNETTE L. VIETTI-COOK, Assistant Secretary
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               WILLIAM TRAVERS, Executive Director for Operations
              RAYMOND HOLT, Chair of the Advisory Committee for
                African-Americans
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               ELLIS MERSCHOFF, Regional Administrator, Region IV
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              PATRICIA NORRY, Deputy Executive Director
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                for Management Services
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               IRENE LITTLE, Director of the Office of Small
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                Business and Civil Rights
               PAUL BIRD, Director of the Office of
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                Human Resources
               DAVID DIEC, Asian-Pacific-American
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                Advisory Committee
              JOSE IBARRA, Hispanic Employment Program
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                Advisory Committee
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              ELLIOTT GREHER, Affirmative Action Advisory
                 Committee
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              BRIAN THOMAS, Advisory Committee for
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21
                African-Americans
              PAUL NARBUT, Committee on Age Discrimination
               MARY GIVVINES, Federal Women's Program Advisory
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                 Committee
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               TOM WOLF, National Treasury Employees Union
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                         PROCEEDINGS
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                                                   [10:02 a.m.]
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Good morning. Good morning
     everyone. Again, on behalf of my fellow Commissioners, I
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     welcome you to this briefing.
              Today we will be brief by the NRC staff on the
     status of the Equal Employment Opportunity program here at
     the NRC. The Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended,
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requires the Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Executive Director for Operations to report to the Commission at its 10 semi-annual public meetings on the problems, progress and 11 12 status of the agency's Equal Employment Opportunity program. Now, during the last five years, as you are all 13 14 aware, the agency has undergone major changes in such areas 15 as organizational structure, downsizing, budget reductions, 16 supervisor to employee ratio and performance appraisals and 17 The focus of today's briefing is on the impact of 18 19 these organizational changes on the EEO program and work force diversity at the NRC. Our common goal is to assure to 20 21 the extent that we possibly can that such difficulties and 2.2 challenges do not prevent steady and persistent efforts to 23 achieve our EEO goals. We will also hear from the staff on the current 2.4 25 strategies in place and the challenges the agency faces in 1 achieving an EEO standard of excellence as we move toward the new millennium. We do look forward to hearing about the progress we are making and the results we have achieved in 3 the EEO area. I understand that copies of the briefing would also ask if any of my colleagues would like to make 6 any opening comments at this time. 8 [No response.] CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. We have a very full 9 10 agenda. I know there are quite a few number of 11 presentations. I am going to ask, to the extent you 12 possibly can, to try to conclude in about 40 to 45 minutes, 13 so we have an adequate round of questions for the panel from the Commissioners. Then the representatives of the various 14 15 advisory groups will have the opportunity to go to the podium and present any comments they would like, together 16 with any questions that the Commission might have. So, 17 18 given that, let me shut up, and Dr. Travers, you may 19 DR. TRAVERS: Good morning, Chairman. Good 20 21 morning, Commissioners. Good morning, everyone. We are 22 glad to be here today for, as you pointed out, Chairman, our 23 semi-annual meeting to discuss the status of NRC's EEO 24 program. As you pointed out, while we have traditionally 25 focused our discussions on the status and progress in a variety of areas, today's presentation is built around the theme of organizational change and its impact on the NRC's 2 3 EEO program. 4 Before we proceed very far, let me introduce those 5 of us at the table. Joining me on my right, of course, is Pat Norry, The Deputy Executive Director for Management Services; Irene Little, the Director of the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights; Paul Bird, the Director of the Office of Human Resources; and on my left is Ellis

10 Merschoff, the Regional Administrator for Region IV, who 11 will discuss the implementation of the EEO program in the

region; and Raymond Holt, who is the Chair of the Advisory 12

13 Committee for African-Americans, who will provide a 14

perspective from the EEO Advisory Committees to the 15 Commission.

Irene Little will now introduce the other EEO 16 17 Advisory Committee representatives who are here with us today.

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MS. LITTLE: Thank you, Bill. The Advisory
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     Committees are sitting behind us in the well. I ask that
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      you please stand when your name is called and you are
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               David Diec, Chair of the Asian-Pacific-American
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      Advisory Committee; Jose Ibarra, Chair of the Hispanic
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      Employment Program Advisory Committee; Elliott Greher, Chair
      of the Affirmative Action Advisory Committee; Paul Narbut,
     Co-Chair, Committee on Age Discrimination; Mary Givvines,
      Chair, Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee; and also
      joining us is Tom Wolf of the National Treasury Employees
     Union. I'm sorry. Brian Thomas, who is from the
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      African-American Advisory Committee.
               DR. TRAVERS: Thank you, Irene. Just a few
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      additional comments before I turn it over to Pat. As we all
      know the agency has in fact, and is in fact undergoing
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     significant change, particularly over the last several
     years. In addition to the programmatic and regulatory
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      changes, we have also undertaken a number of significant
     management initiatives. Chairman, you mentioned a number of
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      those. Again, today we intend to discuss our assessment of
      the impact of some of those changes on the EEO program.
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               As we continue to carry out our fundamental safety
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      mission and, particularly, as we undertake initiatives that
      are intended to improve our overall organizational
      effectiveness, I think it is important to emphasize that we
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     remain committed to maintaining and even improving employee
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     job satisfaction and work force diversity.
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               We have developed specific EEO program strategies
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      to do this and we intend to continue to strive toward a
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     standard of excellence in EEO and regulatory performance.
               Let me now turn to Pat Norry, who is going to
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      provide a summary of our response to the Staff Requirements
      Memorandum resulting from the last Commission briefing.
               MS. NORRY: Thank you, Bill. The last Commission
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     briefing on EEO was in December of 1998, and I would like to
     briefly summarize the actions that were taken in response to
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     the SRM from that briefing, and some other things we did to
      follow up.
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               The SRM requested several things, they include
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     require Managing Diversity Training for all agency
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      of technical interim program participants. Encourage
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      supervisors to rate employees fairly and objectively, and
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      provide avenues for improving their skills. Encourage
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8 The SRM requested several things, they include
9 require Managing Diversity Training for all agency
10 supervisors. We need the first slide. Provide demographics
11 of technical interim program participants. Encourage
12 supervisors to rate employees fairly and objectively, and
13 provide avenues for improving their skills. Encourage
14 supervisors to work with employees to develop IDPs.
15 Encourage supervisors to promote from within the agency,
16 where appropriate. And encourage seasoned employees to
17 serve as mentors.
18 During Fiscal '98 we conducted several sessions of
19 Managing Diversity Training for managers and supervisors.
20 All regional supervisors and over 50 percent of headquarters

22 have not yet been trained, and we have scheduled two

23 additional sessions in September and October of this year to

supervisors have attended the training. Approximately 150

24 accommodate them.

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On technical interns, we looked at the records on

Program and we provided this information in response to the 2 SRM. A total of five were hired in '98, which were two Asian men, one Asian woman, one Hispanic man and one white 4 woman In '99 we hired six technical interns which was one 5 white woman, one white man, two African-American women, one Native American woman, and one Asian woman, and we have also hired three entry level technical employees in Fiscal '99. 8 So, as you can see, the Technical Intern Program continues to provide a diverse pool of highly qualified 10 11 candidates for technical positions within the agency. In responding to the remaining issues in the SRM, 12 13 I sent a memo to all managers and supervisors encouraging 14 them to use IDPs to assist employees in developing career 15 strategies, in seeking relevant training and in identifying potential promotional opportunities. The memo also 16 17 encouraged managers who have advanced in their careers to 18 serve as mentors, providing career advice to new and more 19 junior employees. 20 With respect to the Commission's interest in 21 selecting from within, we did a review of non-SES competitive selections through May of '99, which shows that 22 23 a total of 142 selection were made. Of these, 90 were 24 internal selections, including promotions and reassignments. The remaining 52 employees were hired externally through the 25 competitive merit selection process. 1 2 We also addressed two additional items from the last briefing. First, we compared NRC's minority attrition 3 4 data with that of NASA, DOE and EPA. We found that NRC's minority attrition rate is similar to NASA's and EPA's. DOE's rate is slightly higher than NRC's. 6 7 As indicated in our response, NRC's affirmative employment initiatives are comparable to and, in some cases, 8 more progressive than those of the agencies we contacted. Examples include our Technical Intern Program, our emphasis 10 on entry level hires, our facilitated mentoring program, our 11 rotational program, and our effort in staffing upward 12 13 mobility positions. There is still room for improvement, but we do 14 compare favorably with other federal agencies in the 15 16 retention of minority employees. The second issue is conducting an assessment of 18 the impact of downsizing on women and minorities. We have 19 completed our assessment and the results are included in 20 today's briefing. I will now ask Irene Little to provide a summary of our activities. 21 22 MS. LITTLE: Thank you, Pat. As Bill previously 23 stated, the theme of the briefing today is an assessment of the impact of organizational change on the EEO program. 2.4 25 During the past two years or so, the agency has undergone 1.0 significant organizational changes. 1 We look at five areas. (1) Changes in 3 organizational structure. (2) Downsizing. (3) Supervisor to employee ratio. (4) Budget reductions. (5) Performance 4 Appraisals and employee feedback. 5 6 These changes created significant shifts in the way NRC conducts its business. They were put in place to enhance regulatory effectiveness, efficiency and meet 8 9 federal mandates. We examined the demographics of the agency's employees before and after these changes took

the applicants and selectees for the Technical Intern

place. 12 The agency's work force profile looked something like this. In 1995, the agency's work force of 3,161 13 14 permanent employees was 53 percent white male, 26 percent white female, 12 percent African-American, 6 percent Asian, 15 16 2 percent Hispanic and .2 percent Native American. At the 17 end of May 1999, which is the end date for the date we are discussing today, the NRC work force had been reduced to 18 19 2,866 permanent employees, and at that time was 52 percent 20 white male, 26 percent white female, 13 percent 21 African-American, 7 percent Asian, 2 percent Hispanic and .3 22 percent Native American. 23 The gender breakout for FY 1995 and 1999 is identical, at 37 percent female and 63 percent male. 24 25 As you can tell from the data, there is relatively 11 little change in the percentages of the demographics and the 1 2 work force over that five year period. MS. NORRY: Let me just add a point here, if I 3 4 may. We, of course, are very pleased that our overall 5 diversity has not been adversely impacted by the changes. 6 We lost no ground in diversity. But, on the other hand, we need to continue to focus on that and the elimination of 8 under-representation where it exists. 9 Our experience has shown that intern programs and 10 entry level hiring do the best job of attracting a diverse 11 pool of highly qualified candidates, and present an 12 excellent opportunity to increase the diversity. 13 So, to achieve significant progress, agency 14 managers and supervisors will need to establish more entry 15 level positions and recruit aggressively to attract 16 candidates for these programs. To be competitive in this highly, highly competitive market, we have to have line 17 18 managers and HR working, with the assistance of Irene's 19 office, working together to identify these candidates, to get them in the door and to tell the NRC is a great place to 20 21 22 To this end, Paul is hiring a new recruitment 23 officer who will be solely -- who will be responsible only 24 for recruitment, getting people in the door, marketing us to 25 various colleges and universities, and finding the best 1 sources of highly qualified and diverse candidates. We hope this will help us to not only maintain the line but improve 2 3 4 Irene. 5 MS. LITTLE: Thank you, Pat. Also starting in this year, FY '99, staff from the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights is meeting with all new employees to 8 discuss with them the agency's facilitated mentoring program. Our interest is in making sure that employees get 10 off to a good start in the agency. 11 The first area of change that we looked at is 12 organizational structure. Major changes in the structure of 13 the organization were implemented consistent with the 14 agency's new strategic approach to planning and management. 15 These changes are intended to facilitate more effective team interaction between and among offices having similar 16 17 functions. Consistent with the new and more strategic 18 approach was the development of the agency's five year

affirmative employment plan which establishes the direction

for the agency's EEO program.

21 This new plan was distributed to all agency's 22 employees earlier this fiscal year, and it discusses the 23 four guiding principles that serve as the basis of EEO goals 24 and objectives in the office's operating plans. They are 25 also used to assess EEO managerial performance and office

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achievement. The guiding principles will be discussed a little bit later in the briefing.

The new strategic approach enables us to better monitor EEO activities, to provide timely feedback to managers and supervisors, and provide more meaningful status reports to the Commission.

The new structure realigned several SES positions. The staffing of these positions resulted in promotions for four white women, four white men, one Asian woman, three African-American men and the hiring of two white men into the SES. We concluded that the reorganization had positive impact on the diversity of agency senior management and no adverse impact on the agency overall.

The next area of change is downsizing. Downsizing presents a challenging task for management and can create a work environment of uncertainty for employees. During downsizing, the agency's FTE resources were reduced significantly. This resulted in overall staff reductions, reduction in the number of SESers, managerial and supervisory positions, and reductions in positions at the Grade 14 level and above.

The agency's staff reductions have been primarily accomplished through attrition and no agency-wide reductions in force were necessary. Although many employees left the agency over the past two years, as indicated in our data,

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1 our demographic profile has remained relatively constant.

2 Another area affected by downsizing is the opportunity for promotion. We also looked at competitive selections. Promotional opportunities have been somewhat 4 5 limited, and those that are available are highly competitive. A review of non-SES merit selections during the period since 1995 shows a downward trend in competitive selections for minority groups. During this same period, selections for white men and women show an upward trend. 10 Our further review of the situation revealed that in some 11 instances, minorities were among the best qualified 12 applicants and in other instances, there were no minority applicants. This is an area of concern for management. 13

We are considering instituting a practice of sending a network announcement as a reminder to employees, referring to the NRC web page when jobs are posted.

In a work environment of rapid and significant change, employees may also experience low morale and have a general concern for their employment. Sometimes this is manifested in an increase in EEO complaints. We looked at this also in our assessment. And what we found is that we have seen a fairly consistent level of formal EEO complaints, averaging about 11 complaints annually over the past five years, and there was been no increase in formal

25 complaints over the past three years.

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This consistent low level of formal complaints may
be one indicator of the efforts made by our cadre of EEO

counselors, my staff and the Office of Small Business and Civil Rights, and the managers in resolving EEO issues at the informal stage.

We will continue to train, develop and mentor employees to assist them in preparing for career advancement opportunities and to ensure that broader notice is made for posted vacancies.

An additional challenge was placed on the agency to streamline its supervisory and management core, to achieve a 1 to 8 supervisor/employee ratio. This effort resulted in a reduction of supervisory positions from 494 in 1995 to 335 in 1999, including a reduction of on-board SESers from 183 in 1995 to 146 in 1999.

Necessary reductions were carefully managed and 16 17 including voluntary early-outs and selective buy-outs to achieve our goal. The representation of women and most 18 minority groups in the supervisor and managerial ranks 19 remained constant. The exception is Asian employees. As 20 21 indicated in the data and reflected on the chart, the number of Asian employees in supervision decreased from 19 to 12 22 between FY '98 and May 31st of 1999. This is an area of 23 24 management focus.

Our challenge is to increase the pipeline of

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Candidate Development Program is one potential means of increasing diversity in the applicant pool for managerial positions. The SES Candidate Development Program was announced in June of this year, the first time since 1993.

We also looked at the impact of the reduction in supervisory positions relative to age and we found, as we expected, the agency is growing older. We found no change in the relative percentages of employees in supervision over the age of 40. The overall impact of this area, we conclude, has not been adverse.

diverse applicants for supervisory positions. The SES

The next area we looked at was budget reductions. Reduced budgets result in reduced overall opportunity for hiring, career advancement and training, all of which may impact the agency's ability to attract, recruit, develop and retain highly qualified employees.

17 Over the past several years, entry level hiring 18 has been a principal means of enhancing representation of 19 women and minorities at all levels of the work force. We 20 looked at the demographics of new hires and what we found 21 was as follows. While the percent of representation of Asian employees in this area has increased, in 1997, five 22 23 percent of those new hires were Asian, in 1998 13 percent were Asian. Representation of other minority groups has 2.4 decreased or remained below their representation in the work 25

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1 force

The number of rotational assignments has decreased by more than 50 percent over the past year, and this is another area where minorities were not well represented in 1999. We are not sure if minority employees are not aware of rotational opportunities, or whether they are not indicating their interest in rotational opportunities, or if supervisors have been unable to accommodate their requests for rotations.

In order to facilitate a more informed rotational process, recently the Office of Human Resources announced a

12 means for employees to post on the web their interest in rotational assignments. This should provide all interested 13 employees an equal opportunity to be considered for 14 15 rotational assignments.

We must place greater emphasis on targeted recruitment efforts to enhance minority representation of 18 entry level hiring. We must also continue to provide developmental opportunities and create a positive work environment for employees.

The final area of assessment is performance appraisals and employee feedback. Use of a performance appraisal process is one tool to measure the success of employees. An appraisal can have an impact on an employee's opportunity for career advancement. However, over time,

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> 1 inflation or deflation of performance ratings can erode the value of the process. During the past several years, through FY 1997, approximately 50 percent of all employees in the NRC received outstanding performance ratings. Adherence to the definitions of performance levels resulted in a decrease of 10 percent in outstanding performance 6 7 ratings in FY 1998. The number of outstandings were reduced

from 44 percent to 34 percent. During that same period of time, the percentage of 9 white males receiving outstanding ratings decreased by 7 10 11 percent, white females decreased by 33 percent, African-Americans decreased by 14 percent, Asians by 11 12 13 percent, Hispanics by 3 percent, and employees age 56 and 14 above decreased by 10 percent. Employees 50 to 55 decreased 15 by 13 percent, and those 49 and under, a reduction of 10 16 percent.

17 As you can see by the numbers, most of the groups 18 are consistent with the agency's 10 percent reduction. 19 Three groups stand out, white females, African-Americans and those age 50 to 55. Our message to managers is that they 20 21 must continue to emphasize evaluating employees fairly and providing them timely and candid feedback regarding goals 22 23 and expectations.

Attending training courses on conducting effective performance appraisals and using effective supervisory

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practices are required of all new supervisors. Other courses are available to all supervisors. 2

3 We will continue to provide managers the tools needed to successfully implement the performance appraisal process and improve communication within the organization. 5

6 The agency's new strategic framework for planning provides a backdrop for every program in the NRC, including 8 the EEO program. The EEO program seeks to achieve and maintain a proactive approach to work force diversity. We 9 10 must continue to work together, management and staff, with a common goal of achieving an EEO standard of excellence. As 11 12 mentioned earlier, the agency's five year affirmative 13 employment plan communicates this objective and provides the 14 guiding principles for achieving it.

The guiding principles are, number one, create a 15 16 working environment that is free of discrimination, including harassment, and is accessible to individuals with 17 disabilities. We must educate our employees on the broad 18 scope of EEO, and, consistent with this, we have planned for 19 20 several sessions of Managing Diversity Training for employees during FY 2000.

The second guiding principle is to ensure that agency policies, processes and procedures provide all employees the opportunity to participate in mission accomplishments and to compete fairly and equitably for

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career enhancement and advancement. We must continue to reinforce management policies and practices that support our EEO objectives and hold managers accountable. We will continue to monitor EEO activities and provide managers feedback and assistance as needed.

The third principle is employ a competent and highly skilled work force, representative at all levels of American's diversity, and enable employees to accomplish the agency's mission by providing support, tools and a positive work environment.

We must continue to expand the pool of women, minority and disabled applicants and employees of all ages in our efforts to enhance their representation at all levels of the organization, and retain the high calibre employees in which we have invested.

The fourth guiding principle is to recognize, appreciate and value diversity, thereby demonstrating trust, respect and concern for the welfare of all employees within the agency. We know that our employees are our most valuable resource. It is important to continue to value and 2.0 respect the people who perform the work and who form the foundation for the success of the agency now and in the future. We are concerned about the welfare of all employees and must continually strive to be an organization that appreciates its most valuable resource, our employees, and

we must do so without regard to gender, race, color,
 national origin, handicap, age or sexual orientation. This
 concludes my presentation.

MS. NORRY: Thank you, Irene. Now, I will ask

Ellis Merschoff to speak on the EEO programs in Region IV.

MR. MERSCHOFF: Thank you. Good morning. Good
morning, Chairman Dicus, Commissioners. I am pleased to
have the opportunity to address the Commission today on a
topic which is very important to us, Equal Employment
Opportunities within Region IV.

Region IV fully supports the agency's Equal Employment Opportunity and Diversity Policy and is committed to the selection and development of an effective and diverse work force. Region IV has 178 full-time and part-time employees and has succeeded in improving the diversity of our work force over the past five years.

As you know, this five year period has been one characterized by enormous change in our organization. We have gone from the separate Regions IV and V to a Region IV with a Walnut Creek Field Office, to a fully consolidated and streamlined Region IV organization. Specifically, the combined Region IV and Region V organizations in 1994 had a total of 23 women and 21 minorities in professional and managerial positions.

The numbers over the past five years have held

steady or slightly increased as a percentage of the total supervisory and professional pools, which is particularly impressive when considered in light of the 22 percent

reduction in on-board staff, and 62 percent reduction in supervisory positions over the same period. 5 These improvements can be attributed to a 6 7 management team committed to a diverse and effective work force, aggressive recruiting, an active internal mentoring 8 program, careful attention to retention of existing 9

10 employees, meaningful training and developmental

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opportunities for current employees. 12 At this point I would like to highlight some of 13 our accomplishments over the past year in the context of the 14 agency's guiding principles for Equal Employment Opportunity. First, relative to creating a working 15 environment that is free of discrimination, we have 16 appointed four new EEO committee representatives and new EEO 17 18 counselor during the past year. All of these individuals have attended the formal EEO training. I meet with the EEO 19 20 committee quarterly to discuss current issues and concerns, 21 and in late May we presented two sessions of the Sexual 22 Harassment Prevention Training. Region IV currently employs 23 two disabled employees, both of whom earned promotions in 24 Fiscal Year '98.

Second, ensuring that agency policies provide all

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employees the opportunity to compete fairly and equitably. 1 In early Fiscal Year '98, the Region presented the course 2 entitled "Effective Management Participation in Merit Staffing" to all supervisors and managers, and during our 4 5 December 1998 management retreat, concern about the appearance of pre-selection was a major topic of discussion. 6 In order to address this concern, we have recently undertaken a number of specific initiatives. We have written an article for the popular Region IV newsletter, 10 "The Round-up," which describes the merit selection process in plain English. I personally appoint the rating panels 11 and assure that they are reflective of the agency's 12 13 diversity to the extent possible. 14

We have expanded the use of panels when otherwise not specifically required in order to increase staff 15 16 exposure to the rating process. We work to avoid the 17 perception of pre-selection by interviewing every candidate on the best qualified list for every position in Region IV. 18 19 Selecting officials are required to explain to me the 20 business rationale for each selection made. Finally, the 21 selecting officials personally notify the non-selectees and 22 are available to present, as fully as the unsuccessful 23 candidate desires, the basis for the selection that has been 24 made.

Just last week, we presented specialized training

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for interested employees which clarified the merit selection process and highlighted the checks and balances which are built into the process. Since we have many new employees, this provided an opportunity for all to ask questions and to understand the process.

6 Third, employing and empowering a competent and highly skilled work force. Region IV has had significant recruit challenges over the past few years. In an effort to improve the diversity of our work force, we have targeted some of our recruitment efforts at schools and activities 10 which typically attract minorities. Specifically, we have 11 12 participated in the Hispanic Engineering National Achievement Awards Conference, career fairs at the 13

14 University of New Mexico, Texas A&M:, Prairie View A&M:, and 15 the Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers. 16 The SRM from the last EEO Commission meeting

17 requests supervisors to, where appropriate, promote from within the agency. Region IV has made a serious commitment 18 19 to this by establishing three upward mobility positions within the last year. These positions include a management 20 21

analyst, a procurement agent and a budget and finance

22 analyst. All three selectees were female and one was a 23

disabled female.

2.4 Eight Region IV supervisors and managers have or 25 are participating in a formal mentoring program mentoring 13

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employees. The second mentor/mentee training session was conducted in Region IV in late September. 2

3 Fourth, recognizing, appreciating and valuing diversity. Awards in Region IV are decided by a diverse Awards Committee chaired by me. The value placed on contributions of women and minorities to the Region IV team 6 is particularly apparently in the nominees for this year's 8 meritorious and distinguished awards. Of the 10 nominees 9 sent forward from Region IV, seven were women, one was a Hispanic male, with the agency selectee for Senior Resident 10 11 Inspector of the Year and Region-based Inspector of the Year 12 both being women from Region IV.

In 1998, we presented 91 awards to Region IV employees, 33 going to women, three to African-Americans and six to Hispanic individuals.

Finally, we work hard at communicating effectively at all levels of the organization to facilitate staff development and to avoid the perception of pre-selection in our staffing decisions. I address the entire staff every month to discuss current issues and I meet with one division separately each month to answer questions and to address employee concerns. The division directors and branch chiefs hold frequent formal meetings to further assure that issues and concerns can be brought forward in a supportive environment.

1 While Region IV has achieved good results from its 2 efforts over the past five years, there is still substantial work to be done. One of the 10 fundamental principles which we have embraced in Region IV is to select the best person 4 5 for the job. We have been successful by adhering to this principle and will continue to follow it as we develop a capable, competent and diverse work force.

Thank you for giving me this opportunity.

MS. NORRY: Thank you, Ellis. I would just note that the Region IV initiative to explain and to educate about the merit selection process is something that we view as a very positive initiative and one that we would hope could spread elsewhere.

14 Finally, Ray Holt will now speak on behalf of the 15 EEO Advisory Committees. Ray.

MR. HOLT: Thank you, Pat. I say good morning to 16 17 all

18 First things first, the Advisory Committee Chairman asked that I extend a sincere congratulations to 19 20 you, Chairman Dicus. We were a little unsure as to who 21 would be our leader and there have been many changes within 22 the agency, and changes at this table, and so we did not

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want to start over. So, congratulations, again.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you.
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               MR. HOLT: We have been working hard with SBCR and
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      HR and our message also was the reorganization. We work
      very well together. We have a pre-brief with the EEO and I
      say to you that your program for EEO -- and I haven't had
      anyone in my peer group in the committee say anything
      different. I think the way we do it, we do it well. And
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      there is something that you probably could get Jesse to do,
      an inter-agency agreement, and we can make some money on
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      this.
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               [Laughter.]
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: That sounds good.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I like that idea. A
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      profit-making center, that is good.
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               MR. HOLT: We can't teach agencies to work at it
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      as hard as we work, but I think we have a real good package
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               The number of issues that we have brought here
      have been discussed previously, and, again, I am speaking
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      from my joint statement. This is a statement that we sent
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      to SBCR and this is a hard act to follow because we are
      coming in behind all the answers.
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               The Staff Requirements Memo that came out from the
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     last briefing, we thought it was an excellent document
     because it did have a mandate. It said that you will do
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      something, and that something was take diversity training.
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      We looked at it and we said that that is the way that we are
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      looking for Staff Requirements Memos to direct staff or
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      managers to do their -- I say the jobs that they are paid
      for. It was an excellent memo, we thought.
              Again, our concern was the downsizing and
      reorganizations. There were a lot of missed opportunities.
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      We saw this once before, I would say in the reorganization
      of OCIO, there were some missed opportunities.
 8
               The agency profile, as we see it, it says that
      nothing has changed, but something has changed. If you look
10
      at it closely, what has changed is the fact that people have
11
      been impacted, and those positions that were lost in
12
      managers, supervisors and/or team leaders, you may not get
13
      those back for five years or more. It works that some
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      attrition has to take place or some reorganization, again,
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      has to take place, but when you lose positions, it is a
      significant impact on people.
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the question, is it leadership or is it reactionary? The
committees have come to me and they have told me that there
is a plan that has been accepted in NRR to assist the Asian
community in doing more to get into management. And I ask
myself the question, I say, is this the organization that is

The briefing paper on page 6 does reflect what I

There is very significant trends. Well, let me back up. Let me back up for a minute. Again, I say that

am saying, and I think everyone in the audience needs to have one of these packages and read it. The package is an

women and minorities took a drastic hit. There are some

organizations within NRC that are trying to do -- I am not -- I would say provide leadership. But then I ask myself

excellent package, it gives out a lot of information.

or are they being reactionary? We look at the opportunity for the agency, with the new candidacy for the SESs to have a very diversified group go into that candidacy. It is an opportunity, and I 10 11 would like very much -- or we would like very much to have 12 you take that opportunity and I would say make some corrections, or, let's say, present some opportunities. 13 14 Some of the things that we have seen happen, and 15 we think they are very, very well done, we have talked a 16 long time about the SESs and the accomplishments to be made 17 in the performance of EEO. Pat Norry's memo of May 23rd, we 18 felt was an excellent memo, and when we look at the briefing paper, the briefing paper supports that effort. 19 20 We talked long ago about increasing the women and 21 minorities in the SES ranks, and we looked back -- I would 22 say since 1997, we have seen at least three minority women come into the SES ranks, which we think there is 23 24 progressiveness going on in that area. We would like to see strengthening, a 25 1 strengthening of the upward mobility and also a vibrant rotational program. The committees have some ideas about this. We did not present them at this briefing, but we are looking at them bringing them to the table at the next Asian and Pacific, Native Americans, as has been 6 7 pointed out, suffered a major, I would say, setback or impact in the reorganization. Again, that organization has -- NRR is the organization I am speaking to -- has shown 10 some leadership in doing something to make a right -- a 11 wrong, right. And I say wrong, someone else may say that these were management decisions. But NRR, in its 12 13 leadership, I am going to be positive and say this is a 14 leadership effort from NRR, they can demonstrate what they are doing to the other organizations. In fact, in the 15 candidacy program, SES candidacy program, it is my 16 17 understanding that they pulled together all of their persons 18 who had eligibility and provided them with a workshop as to 19 how to. I have not seen that or heard that from any 20 organization. I thought that was very positive, or we, as the committee, thought that was very positive. 21 22 Although not an issue, we believe that NRC 23 management should be concerned about the loss of older and 2.4 experienced staff members. I think this has been brought to the table before. Our CAD group talks about succession 25 planning, and that there needs to be some type of succession planning to retain the knowledge that the older members of 3 NRC who leave, take with them and do not leave here with the The Advisory Committees, we appreciate this 5 opportunity that the Commission gives us and the attention 6 that you give to our concerns. We are hoping that our future efforts together will be those of a positive nature. 8 9 We will not always agree, and it is not the Commission, it 10 is SBCR, we will not always agree, but we do a very good job of working together, a very good job. And we thank you for 11 12 this opportunity. 13 MS. NORRY: Thank you, Ray.

This concludes our prepared statements. We are

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going to provide leadership to the other offices within NRC

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CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you. I am going to
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17
     start with two quick ones and then I know my fellow
     Commissioners have several points they would like to make,
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     or questions to ask, so I will give the bulk of the time to
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               One thing I have wanted to get into a little bit,
     and maybe a succinct answer would do it, but what else can
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23
      be done to increase the number of minorities and women in
24
      the SLS ranks?
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               MR. BIRD: I think there, you know, there is a
1
      focus in SL on finite skills. Certainly, it is not the same
2
     development that would be available for people that are
      trying to broaden out and get into managerial positions.
3
     But we know clearly what those jobs entail that have been
      established as SLS positions. If you look at those fields,
      I think, as you would prepare your career, you could
 6
      certainly look at that as windows of opportunity to take
      developmental courses to interaction with people who are
      pursuing those relatively narrow position duties, and work
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10
      with us to align to be able to do that. This is more of an
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     individual effort than it is a group effort, I believe.
              MS. NORRY: But even though it is an individual
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13
      effort, I think there is some -- several people have asked
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      about this, and I think there is something more we could do
     by way of -- similar to what we do to encourage people in
15
     the SES program, to kind of give people some advice on how
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17
     they might qualify for some of these specialized areas. So
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      we will take a look at that.
19
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you.
               MR. BIRD: Certainly, that information on those
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21
      positions is available to anyone who would be interested in
     pursuing senior level opportunities.
22
              CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you. I appreciate
23
2.4
      the comments about the impacts that we are having on
      employees with disabilities from Region IV, but agency-wide
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             33
     there was no discussion regarding employees with
     disabilities. So could you give me a little bit of input on
      what the impact has been on our downsizing, et cetera, with
      our employees with disabilities?
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               MS. LITTLE: The major area that we look at is the
 6
      ability of the agency to accommodate disabled employees, and
     there was no, although there were budget reductions, there
     was no impact on our ability to accommodate requests to do
8
     physical modifications, et cetera, for disabled employees.
9
10
               There were a couple, and I don't have all the
     statistics in front of me, of disabled employees that may
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12
     have moved from the managerial ranks to non-managerial ranks
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     in the process, but the impact in that area was fairly
     minimal.
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               MS. NORRY: We don't have those statistics, but if
15
      you are interested, we could provide them. To the extent
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17
     that we have them, you understand the difficulty there, we
     don't have all the statistics.
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19
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Right. I do understand.
2.0
               MS. NORRY: Okay.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: But to the extent you have some,
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     I think it might be useful.
23
               MS. NORRY: Okay.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. With Commissioner Diaz's
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ready to take your questions.

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Commissioner McGaffigan. I think we have got sufficient time for several rounds of questions and follow-up, so why 2 don't you start out in the next five minutes or so. 3

COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Okay. Let me just ask some questions about the intern pool and the new hire pool. How many people turn us down? Of the people -- or do you know when you make an offer the person is going to accept it before you make the offer?

9 MR. BIRD: I don't know, you know, specifically, 10 how many have turned us down. I do know that in areas where we have tried very, very hard to increase our diversity, 11 particularly with the Hispanic offers that have been made, 12 we are probably about 50-50 in terms of acceptances of those 13 14 offers. What is not represented in your data is that there have been two acceptances after May 30th, with Hispanic 15 16 employees particularly, that I think are, you know, very good efforts to pursue actively and aggressively those 17

18 recruitments.

But it is highly competitive. Again, focusing on 19 20 entry level is to me the key to improving the overall diversity in the agency, and the commitment and the focus 21 there will have that payoff. We tend to do well when we go 22 2.3 to campuses, when we actually have a very aggressive 24 recruitment program for entry level, in getting minority 25 representation, in general.

1 If you look at your data in the book, back in the 2 '96 timeframe, for entry hires, you will see fairly good 3 representation and diversity represented in those numbers. In that particular timeframe, NRR was running a very active 4 5 intern program and a very active intern recruitment, the regions were participating in that, and we got a payoff. Since then, because of downsizing, we have done less recruitment at entry level and we have had less success. So I think if there is any message that I can present to the 10 Commission, it is encourage and commit some resources back 11 to those types of programs which have the payoff. 12 But it is very competitive, highly competitive market, particularly for Hispanics. There is nine point OPM 13 14 recruitment program, based on 95 percent of the federal agencies are under-represented in that population, and so we 15 16 are all competing with each other. So turndowns have been 17 predictable. I think, again, we can start to track that data and see where that occurs, but we have had a tough time 18 19 in that market, along with everybody else. I don't know that it stops with Hispanics, but that one has been very, 20 21 very difficult. 22 COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I am just struck by the 23 data on the intern program where you choose five or six

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24 25

> 1 program that you could give us?

MR. BIRD: Yes, I think we could generate that. COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: So of the 206, not all of them are real, in that when we get around to offering 4 them a job, many of them have disappeared, is that the case or not? I am just asking, I don't know.

people a year from over 200 applicants, that that -- I mean,

do you have any turndown data as to people in the intern

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disappeared but certainly there are cases when we are at a
8
      point of making an offer, the person has three or four
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10
     offers in hand.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Okav
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               MR. BIRD: And that is the market. That is what I
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13
     am talking about in the competition. We are one of a number
      of organizations, public and private, that are making offers
14
      to the same individuals, particularly in the engineering and
     science communities.
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               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: How much flexibility do
     you have in terms of entry pay? And I know we have a lot of
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     flexibility. I am not sure we have as much as, say, maybe a
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2.0
     China Lake or Naval Oceans Systems Center or some of those
21
     pay bandit agencies.
22
              MR. BIRD: With entry level, we have a good deal
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     of flexibility within ranges of pay. We are very careful
24
     not to extend that wherein we might be paying people who
25
     just got here more than people who are working hard here
1
     previously. But within parameters, we do have flexibility
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      that other federal agencies may not have, and we take full
     advantage of that flexibility.
              Also, we go back every year and look at our entry
4
      salaries to see how they compare with public and private
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6
      competitors, and we will periodically update and refine
     those parameters, the pay parameters, so that we are
7
     competitive. So, you know, in the ballpark, we don't always
8
     win. And particularly when we are competing with private
1.0
      sector, we will get to a point where, for the reasons I just
11
      explained, we are not willing to make a higher offer against
12
      a backdrop where a private employer would keep ratcheting
     up. And it is sort of like a daisy chain, we go back and
13
     forth in many cases competing for the same individuals. And
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     there is a lot of interaction in the government competing
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      with itself now, in the federal government.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Commissioner Merrifield.
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Yes, I have got a couple
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     of comments first and some questions. Originally, as the
     Chairman and the other Commissioners are aware, I didn't
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21
      expect to be here today.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: No baby?
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: No. For the staff's
23
     benefit, my wife was due with our third child yesterday and
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25
     my wife is patiently sitting at home.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: But we have cut out two weeks in
1
2
     the next two weeks for this baby.
3
               [Laughter.]
 4
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I understand that.
               MR. BIRD: We are ready to recruit, so --
               [Laughter.]
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               MR. BIRD: With competitive pay.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Well, since this will be
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     my first daughter, balancing out my two sons, I am bringing
     diversity to our own family, and some relief to my
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11
     embittered wife.
12
               [Laughter.]
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Anyway, to get to the
     more important --
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: You only have five minutes, you
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MR. BIRD: I don't know that all of them have

17 [Laughter.] 18 COMMISSIONER DIAZ: He had. 19 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: On this round. 20 21 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: A couple of things I 22 would like to focus on, Irene. One of the most important 23 things that you said, and I want to underscore it because I think it certainly underscores my own before, you have 2.4 25 mentioned a couple of times how employees are our most 39 1 valuable resource. I mean we are a resource driven agency, and that is true, and I agree. I couldn't agree with that more, that that is indeed the case. 3 Mr. Holt, I have to say I thought that was very 5 positive comments on your regard to the extent that the 6 groups that you represent feel that we are going in the right direction, that says an awful lot about what we are doing. And I know you are thinking about coming up with some new ideas. You know, work on that as quick as you can. 10 I think the sooner we have that, the sooner we can give that to Irene and Pat and others, the sooner that we can think 11 12 about that as a Commission. So I would encourage you to do 13 14 On the comment that Ellis Merschoff made on 15 promotion within the agencies, as many of the folks here know, during the last meeting, that was an area that I 17 focused on in my comments. I think it is very important for 18 us to continue those efforts. To the extent you may have 19 created a model in Region IV, I certainly think we should 20 encourage the other regions and certainly here at the 21 headquarters to model ourselves against that, because I 22 think, again, since we have a most valuable resource already, doing our best to exploit that in a positive way is 23 24 I think vital. 25 In terms of my first question, in going through the slides, I noticed that the work force profile tables 2 that are on page 4 and 5 show roughly the same distribution in percentages of minority employees in manager and 3 supervisory positions as they do in SES positions. The 5 problem that I observe is with a similar distribution pattern, this will eventually lead to a continuation of where we are right now. I mean obviously you look at 8 manager, supervisory persons to move into the SES positions, and to the extent that you have the same level and distribution of minorities and women, that creates a 10 11 problem, and the problem is having an appropriate pipeline so that we can do more to increase individuals in those 12 positions who have the requisite qualifications. 13 14 So my first question to you is, what are we doing 15 in general to improve this pipeline so that so that we will have new minority employees to move into management, 16 17 supervisory, SLS and SES positions? ${\tt MS.}$ NORRY: I think there are a number of aspects 18 of Human Resources strategy that we are taking a look at. 19 20 We did the big thing, we came down, we reduced very large 21 numbers in SES and now we are saying, okay, where do we go from here as an agency? We don't anticipate increasing our 22 23 number of SES in the near term future, absent some new 24 mandate for the agency that would require it.

We believe that we did some things in the lower

- level managerial ranks such as the creation of more team
- leaders, which is another area that allows for some
- development into future managers. We are, as you know, 3
- looking at succession planning, that is a part of our
- strategy. We are starting at the top, but that has to go
- down further. What will feed into that is the candidate 6
- So all of these things are a piece of a strategy, 8
- 9 and Paul is working on an overall Human Resources strategy
- for the next five years, and all of those are pieces of it. 10
- So we know we have work to do and, obviously, the EEO 11
- 12 profile will be a part of our consideration.
- 13 MR. BIRD: If I could just add something to that,
- previously, when we had our SES candidate development 14
- 15 program, we also had a program, a formal program for the
- development of new supervisors, lower level supervisors.
- 17 Now, that was a very successful program in my opinion, and
- 18 some of the people in this room and throughout the agency
- 19 who have participated in that now have moved into leadership
- positions. 20
- 21 There is a point in time where we may want to go
- 22 back and look at that. Again, we have been in this
- reduction mode of supervisory positions for some time now. 23
- I would recommend that at some point we may want to go back 24
- 25 and revisit that. That program was basically a fairly
 - 42
- long-term program, but in the end, I think people that were
- moving into those supervisory positions were very well
 - prepared, which is relative to participating in that, to be
- a viable resource to the agency. And we are looking at 4
- 5 that. You don't want to have that occur and not have
- positions available when people are available to move into
- supervisory positions. But that is a factor I think that
- 8 would help answer your question.
- COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Okay. I think it is
- important to go through the steps in the process to make 10
- 11 sure we get the pipeline working.
- MR. MERSCHOFF: If I can add one thought to that. 12
- There might be a light at the end of the tunnel, at least in 13
- Region IV, when I look at the branch chiefs, which are the 14
- feeder group, the pipeline for SES. We have three women
- 16 branch chiefs and two Hispanic men branch chiefs, which is
- 17 substantially more diverse than our current SES staff in
- 18 Region IV. When you look below it, the senior residents and
- the residents, women and minorities are represented in those 19
- 20 groups as well.

22

- 21 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Two quick ones and then
- I will pass on this round. The first one is a comment. I 23 am pleased, I noted the comments were made earlier about
- 24 posting new positions on the web site. This is an idea that
- was raised by one of my staff members in the pre-brief I had 25
- 1 here, and I am pleased to see that the staff is considering
- going with that. I think that is a good idea in keeping 2
- people fully notified of that. I think it is helpful. 3
- between our losses of these employees with those of NASA,
- EPA and DOE. I noted that -- I noticed that with DOE, it is 6

In the briefing, there was a comparison made

- a higher percentage of minorities who are leaving. That is
- an agency which is certainly under a great deal of stress

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and strain, but it is nonetheless a very large agency. To
     what extent have we thought about perhaps trying to attract
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      more of those folks here, in terms of trying to recruit away
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      from DOE, given the high degree of uncertainty in
     reorganization in that agency? I use -- for example, have
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14
      we worked with Advisory Committees to perhaps see if there
15
      are equivalents with DOE and see if we can get some work
      there to try to encourage them to come and join us? Any
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17
      thoughts on that?
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               MR. BIRD: Yeah, it is kind of interesting because
      we spend a lot of time with DOE. In fact, the Director of
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20
     Human Resources was here and we were over there talking
21
     about this when they were doing their serious downsizing.
     We looked at a lot of applicants, several hundred applicants
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23
      that they made available to us. We found that many of those
      applicants were in the environmental side of DOE and were
24
      not really good fits with NRC, and they have done less
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             44
     downsizing in the areas that we were interested in. So we
1
      didn't get a lot of results from that. We did hire some.
      And I think we will continue to focus and work with DOE in
3
4
      that regard.
               We don't want to raid them particularly, but that
6
      may be fair game in the future.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: May I make a comment on
      that, and this is my less comment, I will pass. I have
     worked in government long enough to realize that when
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10
      someone is suggesting to you that you ought to hire this
11
     person, you sort of raise the question, you say, what about
12
     the one you are not suggesting to me? And perhaps we should
13
      think about more aggressive outreach efforts with our fellow
14
      agencies.
               MR. MERSCHOFF: If I can add one thought, I swore
15
      in on Monday a DOE employee that we brought on board in
16
17
     Region IV, and this year we have brought in three DOD
     employees, so we are looking.
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19
               DR. TRAVERS: You don't consider yourself a
20
      raider?
21
               [Laughter.]
22
               MR. MERSCHOFF: Maybe for DOD.
23
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Commissioners Diaz.
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Thank you. I have something
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25
      in the same lines as Commissioner Merrifield, but I probably
             45
      will make it a little broader. If we look your slide number
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     5, and even more precise, at Table A on SECY-99-190, there
      is the stark result that there has been no improvement since
      1995 to the present in our diversity work force. And I
      understand and realize the complexity of the issue and how
 6
      you have provided a series of happenings that have made this
      acceptable, in other words, the downsizing, the changes that
     have taken place in the agency. However, I still am not
8
     happy with the fact that it is flat, because there is a
10
      saying, and I am going to say it is Spanish, it is the only
      phrase in the Spanish language that is shorter than in the
11
12
     English language.
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[Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER DIAZ: And it says, "Rio ruelto

ganacia de pescadores." It means when the river is in

turmoil, when things, you know, are changing, the good

fisherman fishes, the good fisherman finds what he wants.

Okay. And in all this turmoil and in all of these things, I

keep hearing that there were opportunities that were missed

-- and opportunities that were missed -- and opportunities

that were missed.

Let me give you my interpretation of Equal

Employment Opportunity, it is that program that minimizes

opportunities that are missed. It is that program that goes

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taken advantage of, be taken advantage of. And I am
concerned that in the acceptance of the turmoil, we still
are not striving to get better. And I believe that we can
get better.

after everything so that no opportunity that can possibly be

Now, in that, with that simple statement and my
Spanish phrase in between, let me ask you a question. Do
you receive enough support from the Commission for the EEO
program?

9 MS. NORRY: Oh, yes. I believe that in each case
10 the SRMs that have come out of the briefings have been -11 have led us in directions that are positive. I believe that
12 Irene's programs have been supported in the budget, and we
13 don't have any problems with that.

I think what we need to do is continue the emphasis on the fact that EEO is not Irene Little's program, it is an agency-wide need to commit, and that starts with the Commission, as you point out.

Let me just say just two things, and then Irene
may have something in response to your point. The
maintenance of the diversity throughout all the turmoil
didn't just happen. I mean that required a considerable
amount of work, in calling the attention of the senior
managers to the fact that we needed to do that. And Irene
and her staff put a lot of effort into that. So just to

25 keep the status quo, with which we are not satisfied, but

25 Reep the status quo, with which we are not satisfied, bu

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1 just to do that, required quite a bit of effort.

And secondly, to just repeat something I said earlier, which is that really the only way we are going to have an impact on proving those numbers is through more entry level hiring, and we are going to have work with the offices to get that done.

Irene, do you want to --

MS. LITTLE: Yes. Commissioner, I must go on record of saying if there was an indication that I felt pleased with maintaining the status quo, let me render that null and void. We are not pleased with the status quo. We are pleased that we did not lose ground as we went through the downsizing.

I think realistically, when we look at tradition, especially in an agency like this, this agency was at one point predominantly male. And when you downsize, the tendency sometimes is the last to come in are the first to go out. That is just how the process sometimes works. And we were monitoring that very closely to make sure that there was no disparate impact on any group, and we do feel very happy that we didn't see any pockets of disparate impact.

22 Where there some opportunities that we could have 23 taken advantage of there? There may have been. And we are 24 still working with the managers and with the committees to 25 try to find those and improve. We are not pleased with

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              There were some things that happened, though,
     during the downsizing, like the number of recruitment trips
3
      were cut. So we sat down with HR and identified those that
      we thought would give us the most return on the efforts we
5
     were putting forth. And just the fact that you cut down on
 6
      recruitment, when you go out into the college scene -- I
     have a daughter who is recruiting at this point, if there is
8
9
      any indication that this agency doesn't have a lot of
10
     recruitment opportunities or promotional opportunities, the
     college students look at the ones where there is growth.
11
12
               So it has been a challenge I think for the
13
      agencies, for managers to do what we have done. But we
      certainly are not sitting back on our laurels at this point
14
      at all. We are working very closely with HR to move forward
15
     now that we think we are down at the level where we are
16
     going to be. I don't know if we will continue to go down, I
17
      don't know that. But we certainly need to now beef up on
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19
     our programs to replenish the pipeline, those at lower
     levels, and our work force in general.
20
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Okay. Thank you. On the same
21
     line, I ask if the Commission has given you the proper
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23
      support and you answered yes, if the upper management giving
24
     you the proper support?
               MS. NORRY: Yes. I believe they are. We are
25
     putting increased emphasis on judging SES managers on their
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     EEO support. In fact, we are probably going to take a look
      at whether we can put some more meat around the bones of
     that in the performance plans of SES managers and, you know,
4
 5
      give us -- not that we are -- that we are not already
      looking at that, but I think we could probably make that a
6
      little bit stronger. But I believe that we do not miss too
7
8
     many opportunities to engage upper managers.
              I think on this hiring at the entry level, that is
     one were the benefits to the agency will be more than just
10
      EEO. I mean we will, if we can do more entry level hiring,
11
12
      we will bring our -- I will get Jesse off my back because we
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      will bring our personnel costs down. And so, that, you
14
     know, that will be a long-term benefit there.
15
              But, yes, I think if you ask any office director
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     or regional administration, they are very much aware of the
17
      need to support EEO.
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Very good. And in an effort
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19
     not to discriminate, does the middle management provide you
20
      with appropriate support?
               MS. NORRY: Well, I believe that middle management
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2.2
     is being -- they are the ones who have to make many of the
23
      decisions that upper management are being held accountable
     for. So, I would say that just EEO, as well as other areas,
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25
     the upper managers are seeing to it that the mid-level
1
      managers are helping them accomplish their goals.
               DR. TRAVERS: If I could just add something.
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               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: ves.
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 4
               DR. TRAVERS: Not so pointed at middle management,
     but management in toto, if I may. I think we are committed,
     I think we recognize the challenge in EEO's space, I mean
     the numbers reflect the challenge that we faced in a period
      of significant initiative, downsizing and so forth.
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I think what you heard in terms of some of the

where we are.

some of what may be opportunities missed, not just by us, but perhaps by individuals who felt, for one reason or 12 13 another, the course of some of these changes, that they either weren't fully accessible to some of these positions 14 and so forth, or that a lot of the initiatives that we have 15 talked about today are geared not only to entry level, which 16 17 we think we should emphasize, and which we think provides a 18 certain opportunity to develop a viable, larger pool of candidates in the minorities, but, also, to mentor and work 19 20 with the existing staff. You know, in the course of downsizing in a number 21 22 of the initiatives, we have heard concerns expressed, you 2.3 may hear some more today about how selections were made, or 24 whether opportunities were missed. One of the things we can 25 do there, and a number of the programs that you have heard 1 about today involve mentoring those people, working with them to demonstrate how effective packages can be put together and so forth. So it is a multi-faceted thing. I think management is very cognizant of our 4 5 objectives. In every office's operating plans, we have objectives for EEO. We have it built in every SES manager's contract. It doesn't mean we are satisfied with where we are. We recognize the challenge, but we think in the 9 overall, management is quite sensitive to this issue. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Because the overall EEO is not 1.0 11 just a program office, it is an agency commitment. 12 DR. TRAVERS: Absolutely. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: And it has to permeate through 13 14 all of the structures, and unless everyone, at every level that has influence and impact on hiring and promotion has to 15 16 be a part of it. If not, it just won't work, it will remain flat, and we don't want it flat. Thank you. 17 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. On these recruitment trips 18 19 that we go out on, particularly with the new recruiter that you mentioned, Mr. Bird, do we, on these trips, do we have 20 the capability to interview and, depending upon the person 21 22 and the interview, hire on the spot? 23 MR. BIRD: We have done that in the past, we have not that of late. At one point when we were doing very 24 25 active entry level hiring, and we had active positions to 52 1 commit to, we would go out, the HR people and some of the regional personnel officers, with the manager to a particular campus or to a particular job fair with the 3 4 intent of making on the spot offers. We have not done that 5 lately. Again, in the downsizing, the concern has been 6 limiting hiring, and it has a particular impact on entry 7 level hiring and intern programs, which have been in the last couple or three years sort of a casualty to that. But to the extent those positions are established well in 10 11 advance and we can orchestrate that, we have been very, very 12 successful in being able to go to a particular site with an entry level hiring goal in mind and actually compete against 13 14 very heavy competition successfully, because people many times will want to commit on the spot and that works, but it 15 has to be planned and organized. And you certainly can't go 16 to a campus with that in mind, if you don't have the 17 18 position to back it up. And so I think, again, what I was mentioning earlier, that commitment to do that is very, very

programs that we have discussed today are a recognition of

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important to this agency and to this program.
              CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you.
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               Commissioner McGaffigan.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I was just doing some
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     arithmetic while Commissioner Diaz was talking, and one of
24
25
     the things that struck me is, of the people who are here
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      today, at least 2419 of the 2866 were here five years ago.
      I say at least because we hired, according to the tables, we
     hired 447 people, if all of them are still here. So that
3
      sort of tells you what your turnover is over a five year
5
     period.
               And to go to Mr. Holt's point, we are 295 down, if
6
      we have replaced 447, which is the maximum, some people from
      that five year pool may have left, we are down sort of 700
8
9
      people, which is a quarter of our work force compared to
      five years ago, you know, with turnover. We have replaced a
10
11
     quarter of our work force -- well, we haven't replaced them,
     we have a lost a quarter of our work force, we have replaced
12
      on a 2 for 3 basis.
13
              So I think it tells you, you know, that there is a
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15
     ship that sails ahead and we have a fair degree of stability
      and the opportunity comes, as I think Pat has said, from the
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17
     new hires.
18
               When I look at the Table E data, the hires in the
19
     paper, that is not just entry. In fact, as I understand it,
     a small percentage of, say, in 1998, the 116 hires, a
20
21
     relatively small percentage of that entry level and a lot of
22
     the rest of it is replacements.
23
              MR. BIRD: It varies from year to year, but that,
24
     as a general statement, that would be true.
              COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Can you tell me
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             54
     approximately what percentage is entry?
              MR. BIRD: I really couldn't do that off the top
2
      of my head, but we can certainly look at that.
               MS. LITTLE: I can get that information for us.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Okav.
5
               MS. LITTLE: If I could respond to that, in the
 6
     back of your data, there are the grade levels of some of
8
     the --
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               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: At the very back of
10
     this?
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              MS. LITTLE: Yes, the paper.
              MR. BIRD: In one of the data charts.
12
              COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I won't try to go
13
14
      through it.
               MS. LITTLE: Yes, in the data charts you will see
      actions at each grade level. It is chart --
16
17
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Actions includes hires?
               MS. LITTLE: Yes. Non-SES competitive selections
     I believe start on Chart 5 or 6 -- Chart 5.
19
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Is that the same as
20
21
     hires? Non-SES competitive selections is more promotions.
               MR. BIRD: Yes, and reassignments.
22
23
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: And reassignments. So
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     it might be, you know, the opportunity clearly is in the
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hiring. It is the 447 people we have hired in the last five

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lot. One reason we are about where we are five years ago is
      that the percentage of folks is about the same. White
      females is a little higher. African-Americans are quite a
     bit lower than their present -- over the last years their
6
      percentage of the work force has been 12 or 13 percent, and
     never has the hiring been at that level.
8
               So I would just be interested, you know, as I say,
10
      that is an entry level, but the hiring data is one part of
      why we are a fairly stable work force and, if anything, on
11
12
      the African-American side, there is, as I say, a five year
      trend where we have always been below the percentage. For
13
14
     others, it bounces around, you have a good year on
15
      Asian-Pacific-Americans, or a good year on
      Hispanic-Americans or a good year on
     Native-American-Americans, or white females, but over the
17
18
     last five years it looks like African-American males have
19
     been consistently under-represented, or African-Americans as
     a whole under-represented in the hires. Is that right? I
20
21
      mean do you benchmark yourself against the current work
22
      force? You know, at times you benchmark yourself against
     the previous year. But what is the benchmark on the hiring?
23
24
               MR. BIRD: Well, certainly, we benchmark against
25
     the new hires, and, again, those data have changed as -- and
     I am sorry I don't have this with me, as the commitment to
2
      entry hiring has gone up, that data has gone up. When we
     have hired for higher level positions, largely, and, again,
 3
     the Commission encouraged this last year, we are first
 5
      looking to hire from within.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Right.
               MR. BIRD: And we have good candidates from
8
      within.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: So this hires also
     includes internal hires? I am misinterpreting the data. I
10
     thought the hire data in Table E were people coming from
11
      outside. Is it all hires, including internal?
12
               MS. LITTLE: It is all outside. It is all
13
14
     outside.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Okay. I guess, you
15
     know, there is hires and then there is the promotion
16
17
      process. I would like to see more information in the future
18
      about hiring, about turndowns, you know, percentage of
19
      people who take our offers, that sort of thing, just to get
20
      a sense of the data. I mean I am not going to try to
21
     micro-manage you folks, but a sense of what you are up
     against. You know, what the size of the pool is. The sort
22
23
      of data we have in great detail for the intern program, but
24
      when you advertise other positions and, you know, how well
25
     you do in just basic statistics. I think that would be
      interesting and might tell us -- might tell you --
1
               MR. BIRD: One major disadvantage in that, we do
      ask applicants to self-identify ethnicity. We get some
     return on that. It is not a tremendous return, and many
     times we are disadvantaged in trying to say how many
     particular minorities applied in a given action, from the
      outside. We certainly have the data for inside, but that
      has been a little bit of --
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               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Well, you could just do
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best qualified. I mean Ellis, if you ever do adopt the program that Ellis has adopted in Region IV, where they

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trends compared to the current work force, there aren't a

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     you do the best qualifieds probably as a paper exercise, but
14
      then if you are interviewing all the best qualifieds, you
      could give us data on the best qualifieds.
15
               MS. NORRY: I think in most instances that is
16
17
     done. That is done pretty widely agency-wide.
             COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: So you have then pretty
18
     good data. I mean even if I don't self-identify, I show at
19
20
      the interview, you can probably put me in a box, if that is
21
      allowed, if there is not a law against it. Is there a law
      against -- Jeff knows whether --
2.2
23
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: No, no. No, I know
24
     nothing about it.
               MR. BIRD: I think, again, we have done, you know,
25
1
      some sight -- tried to do some sight identification and
      often we found out that we are not correct in trying to
2
      assume something, based on a name or based on a particular
      individual. But I would defer to Karen on whether that
4
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I will get out of this.
6
7
               \mbox{MR.} BIRD: Certainly, it is something that we do
      try to get some data to reinforce that we are at least
9
     pointed in the right direction here, and I will see if I can
10
      get some additional data that would be available in that
11
      regard, particularly for entry hiring.
12
               MS. LITTLE: One comment, Commissioner, on your
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      statement, and that is, if we are going to improve our EEO
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     statistics, it has to be a twofold approach. We need to
15
     make sure we are trying to do entry level hiring, that is
16
      where the diversity is, and then some things to train and
17
      maintain people to stay here.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Right, retain them.
18
19
               MS. LITTLE: Obviously, with the
20
     African-Americans, with their hiring rate being lower, their
      retention rate must have been higher in order to be retained
21
      at this rate. So we need to work from both ends of it, the
22
23
     hiring and retention.
24
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: But that also means, I
25
      would just comment, it means we may have very good
             59
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      retention, but it may mean that there is this looming issue
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      that at some people they are all going to be retirement
3
      eligible and suddenly you will have a large shift because
     you have good retention, but that particular part of our
 4
     population is therefore aging more rapidly than another part
5
      of our population, and they all hit -- in the Navy they call
      it the block obsolescence problem with the ships. We don't
      call it -- but a lot of people get -- retirement looks
8
9
      pretty attractive.
10
               MS. LITTLE: That's true.
               MR. MERSCHOFF: If I can add one thought on
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      recruiting at the entry level. We haven't had much success
12
13
      this year. We have gone to a number of fairs and minority
      schools. We have had a number of declinations. Oftentimes.
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15
     the salary is a problem, but you can get close sometimes, as
16
     Paul said, with the flexibility. The problem is many
      companies offer signing bonuses and high school or college
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18
      graduates don't often look years and years ahead, and with a
19
      $5,000-plus signing bonus in front of them, and the student
     loans confronting them, and the current society's job
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interview every best qualified candidate, I mean presumably

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21
     hopping type nature, as opposed to a lifetime employment
     with one company, it is awfully difficult to compete, and
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23
      maybe there is an avenue for us in terms of signing bonuses
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     that could help us compete, and maybe there is an avenue for
     us in terms of signing bonuses that could help us compete.
25
               MS. LITTLE: Interesting point.
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               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Pat Norry is sitting
      there bemused. Is that an authority we have?
 3
 4
               MR. BIRD: There is a recruitment bonus authority
      that is available to us. We can look at that again.
     Mostly, pointed at entry level hiring. I think it is
 6
      something that we can use to enhance our competitiveness.
               MS. NORRY: You have to establish some criteria on
9
     the shortage categories and so forth in order to use that.
10
              MR. BIRD: That's right.
11
               MS. CYR: I would agree. You have to establish a
12
     history of inability -- a shortage area, to be able to do
13
      that. That may or may not be the case.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Commissioner Merrifield.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I have got four
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     questions I want to go through quickly and, hopefully, we
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17
     can have succinct answers to them. I notice, since we had
     the last EEO briefing, that Hispanics remain
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      under-represented throughout the agency. Since our last
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     briefing and in the recent months, have we identified any
     new ways to improve our recruitment of Hispanic employees?
21
22
     Anything new are thinking about?
23
             MR. BIRD: Well, you know, again, this is
24
      something -- the recruiter that we are looking to employ has
25
      been a diversity recruiter. In talking with her she had
             61
      some good ideas, some fresh ideas about how to target and
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     how to out-pace other employers in getting people
2
     interested. I want to pick up on some of her ideas if we
3
      are successful in getting her on board.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: We will look forward
5
6
      when she comes on board to having her share those ideas at
      the next meeting.
              MR. BIRD: We definitely need to look at that
9
      particular issue and get a strategy that works.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Good. The second one is
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      we had a sharp decline in Asian supervisors from 19 to 12
12
     from FY '98 to '99. Are we conducting a lessons learned
13
     review of this to gain an understanding of why that
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happened? 14 15 MS. LITTLE: Yes. We looked at the background on 16 what happened to the Asian supervisors and, actually, a 17 couple of them retired and some of them moved to the SLS. 18 and some of the others were taken out of supervision and 19 moved to team leader positions. That is basically what 2.0 happened. 21 MR. MERSCHOFF: Irene, the Walnut Creek Field 22 Office closure hurt us in a block load there. We had fairly

COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: The Committee on Age

high representation for Asian-Americans out there, and we lost two or three supervisors when we closed WCFO.

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Discrimination mentions, in its prepared statement, that CAD is embarking on a new program to find ways to establish an

3 effective mentoring program to utilize the skills of older,

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experienced staff. This seems like a pretty good idea to
      me. As the Commission said in its previous Commission
      meeting, we wanted to encourage seasoned employees to
      volunteer as mentors. Is the staff working with CAD on this
      issue?
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 9
               MS. LITTLE: Yes, we are. We have a facilitated
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      mentoring program in the Office of Small Business. We
      manage it out of the Office of Small Business and Civil
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12
      Rights. We work with the regions and with the managers here
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      to train managers and senior staffers who would like to
14
      serve as mentors, and then we work to match up employees who
15
      are interested in having mentors. That is consistent with
16
      our attempts to meet all new employees. We recommend that
      all new employees have mentors. We talk to them the first
17
      day at work and suggest that to them. Barbara Williams on
18
19
      my staff is the contact for mentoring. I think most of our
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      current employees know that our managers do, and when
      employees are interested in mentoring, they can do that. We
21
22
      will be working with CAD to facilitate the mentoring of the
23
      emplovees.
24
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I think that mentoring
25
      is critical. I know when I first entered my profession as
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      an attorney, the law firm I worked for had a very active
      mentoring program, and I felt it was very useful for entry
      level people. I will make a public -- I will certainly, I
      think, you know, and the agencies I have worked at, or the
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 5
      places I have worked where they had mentors, it is just
      something that everyone from top to bottom volunteered to
      do, and I certainly would volunteer to the extent that you
 8
      would like to have a Commissioner as a mentor, I certainly
      would be happy to do that.
               DR. TRAVERS: If I could just make a guick
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11
      comment. I happen to agree entirely with that. The senior
12
     management staff, in the context of Commissioner Diaz's
      question just a few moments ago, I have been a mentor twice.
13
      I may not have been all that successful, my last mentee left
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15
      the agency a couple of months ago.
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               [Laughter.]
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               DR. TRAVERS: There is a lot of support on the
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     part of the senior management team for this kind of program,
      and I agree with you, I think it pays a lot of dividends.
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Finally, in connection
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     with the last EEO briefing, the staff provided the
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      Commission with the Annual Report to Congress on veterans
      employment in the federal government. In connection with
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      this report, I understand there has been a review of various
2.5
      executive agencies, disabled veterans employment programs
 1
     has been initiated. I realize as an independent agency, we
      are not subject to that review. However, I am interested in
      how well our programs support, recruiting, hiring and
 3
      advancing disabled employees, including disabled veterans.
               MR. BIRD: We do have a disabled veterans
      affirmative action plan that is submitted. We voluntarily
 6
      pursue disabled veteran recruitment, perhaps not as actively
      as we might, and we do track disabled veterans along with
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other disabled employees and report that in various other

associations and with the Veterans Administration in this

regard, and it is part of our overall recruitment package to

forums. We have had some contact with the veterans

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11

focus in this particular area. So we are certainly open to 13 that and do do that. 14 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: This is an area the 15 administration has put a lot of focus on. I agree with that 16 focus. This is a group which has made just short of the 17 supreme sacrifice and I think we should do all we can to 18 19 redouble our efforts in that regard. 20 The last thing I want to say is I know Irene has 21 been making a new effort at having a new diversity day, 22 which I think will be September 22nd. I didn't know if you 23 wanted to make a plug for that in this particular venue. MS. LITTLE: Thank you, Commissioner, we would 24 love to make a plug for that. This will be our first effort 25 1 at a diversity day, which is intended to symbolize, and in 2 fact practice inclusiveness, instead of going for emphasis on a single group. We believe that the diversity day will be a good event, and it is scheduled for September 22nd and we are inviting lots of people to work with us. Barbara is heading up that team, and we have a team of employees working with us. Some of them are from the committees, some of them are not. So we are looking forward to this first opportunity at a diversity day here. Thank you. COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Well, I have to say, the 10 11 Chairman, I know she shares my Dutch descent, and I am also 12 of Scottish descent. I certainly hope we have employees in the agency who would like to get involved with those. I 13 14 certainly will be welcome to participate, I am sure. 15 Commission McGaffigan, what, Irish-American, as well. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Nils is a Danish name 16 17 [Laughter.] CHAIRMAN DICUS: Commission Diaz. 18 19 COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Yes, I do have one. First, I wanted to commend Commissioner McGaffigan for focusing on 20 the hiring, which I think is the way that we can improve our 21 demographics. Having said that, I would like to disagree 2.2 with Commissioner McGaffigan, that that is the area that is 23 most important. Sometimes were are limited in hiring and 24 25 for all our employees, not only for the minorities, the job satisfaction is a very important component and upward mobility becomes a major part of how people get satisfied or how they leave or stay in the jobs. 3 4 In this respect, I noticed the efforts that the agency has done in improving performance appraisals. I had a couple of questions on this. Are we training our managers 6 in how to do better, more objective performance appraisals 8 that can be used for the process of upward mobility and 9 promotion in more than a specific per office, you know,

10 issue, but as an agency issue? 11 MR. BIRD: Yes, there is training available and 12

various courses that are given. I think in particular one that now is focused on, to some extent, the prevention of pre-selection and coaching on pre-selection. There are elements of that that get included in all those courses, and the managerial courses, that is also part of the training that is given to all new supervisors.

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You know, some offices have asked us to come in and participate in focus groups or in large group sessions. Some of my staff have done in a coaching sense, and we are certainly available to. I think the resources are there. Whether all managers are taking full advantage of that, I am 23 not sure.

24 MS. NORRY: We may need to do just a tad more. I

25 mean I think in areas of the agency where we have had

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specific indication that there may be a problem, we need to
make sure that we go in there and be a little bit more
aggressive in offering help to train managers, as opposed to
just waiting for that request. We may have to take a look
at that and see where, to the extent that we have areas
where there are particular indications that perhaps people

7 need a little more information. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: I think is a very important thing, because, you know, that is -- this program needs to 9 be plugged in to how the agency promotes. For example, I 10 was noticing some your statistics, and selecting just by 11 12 pure chance Hispanics. Hispanics was the group that had the lowest decrease in outstanding performance in the agency 13 14 last year. The normal average was 10 percent, Hispanics was 3 percent. You would expect that that would have resulted 15 in some upward mobility for Hispanics within the agency and it did not. It might be that we missed an opportunity in 17 1.8 there. And I am just picking on Hispanics because it shows clearly in the data. It could be that any other group would 19 20 be the same, or any other employee.

21 So, performance appraisal objective and plugging 22 into how we promote and provide opportunity is a very 23 important program for all employees.

DR. TRAVERS: Yes, I agree, and I think the fairness of the appraisal, the objectiveness of the

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appraisal, good feedback to an employee who desires to
progress within the agency so that identified weaknesses, if
there are any, can be brought out, can be worked on,
improved, facilitated perhaps by the agency in some of its
programs. So I think it is part of a program to give an
honest assessment to provide employees an opportunity to
develop themselves and be recognized for that development.

MS. LITTLE: If I could just make a comment.

There are two offices that are doing that, I just want to
give them some kudos here, and that is NMSS, they are
working with us to get some training there, and Region I,
training their supervisors, that has already been done, to
do better performance appraisals.

COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Good. Thank you. And the 15 last thing is I do believe there is an opportunity to use 16 rotations for disabled people -- for people to be known, 17 because sometimes you still tend to be in an area. It is also a tremendous opportunity for the agency to get to know 19 20 which people are more adept to doing a series of things. 21 And since we tend to raid DOE, we might get some rotation from DOE that might help us, and then see that we are a very 22 23 good place to work, we might be able to retain some of 24 those. So I would encourage you to look into it. 25 MS. NORRY: Yes. You know, we recently put this

thing out on the web that says if you want a rotation, here
is how you do it, express an interest. That will help a
little bit. I think it has been understandable in an area

of downsizing that people tend to hold on, you know, say,

well, I have fewer resources, so I am going to hold onto them. But I think we need, you know, we need to encourage 6 managers to do more of that. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Aggressively. 8 MS. NORRY: Every single person here has seen 9 examples of people who have undergone rotations and some new 10 11 talent that no one knew they had emerges and it has been wonderful. You can point to all sorts of examples. 12 13 COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Thank you. CHAIRMAN DICUS: Commission McGaffigan. 14 15 COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I will just ask a couple of quick questions. The data on hiring, I think the 16 17 Chairman mentioned something about getting more information 18 about disabled and Commissioner Merrifield talked about 19 disabled veterans. I think it would be interesting to have that data. Is there any data on people leaving before, in 2.0 21 the retention area, which I also agree with Commissioner 22 Diaz is important, the effects of FERS versus CSRS? I mean 23 people who are leaving the agency before they are retirement 24 eligible and the percent, you know, whether people in FERS are, as the system is set up, feeling more likely -- you 70 1 know, more likely to leave than somebody in CSRS? MR. BIRD: We don't have specific data on that, 2 but anecdotally, certainly, people that have had the FERS 4 retirement coverage, with the recent stock market effect, have felt very comfortable sometimes in going early, leaving 5 the agency earlier. 6 COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Because it is totally 8 transportable MR. BIRD: Whereas those not in FERS may not have the financial wherewithal to be able to go. Now, that is 10 11 anecdotal. I don't know that we have done an analysis on that, but my view would be that over time, particularly if 12 the economy is good, you will have some effects of that in 13 14 terms of people leaving earlier. COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Commissioner, I am sorry 15 to interrupt. That is sort of a very interesting question. 16 17 I am just -- I am not certain what that leads us to. I mean 18 we could find that that may have some impact, but there is really, since that is a government-wide thing, there is not 19 20 really much we can do to change relative to that, is there? 21 COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: It is a government-wide 22 thing. Yes, there may not. I just am interested in the 23 long run, you know, if we have a large number of people, 24 10-15 years from now -- right now, today, we have over a thousand of our 2800 people eligible for early retirement or 25 1 full retirement, and that is going to grow because our work force, someone said, is getting older. Fifteen years from 2 now, if you are still recruiting at 100 people a year and all of those people have a very portable pension system, you are going to have some real skills issues. I mean it is really a different issue from EEO, but you are going to have -- and maybe we need, the technical agencies will need some additional tools that they don't have today to work on the retention of those people on the FERS system. COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: So you are asserting --10 I'm sorry, but I think he has got an interesting point. So 11

your assertion is that we may have greater volatility, the

potential for greater volatility in people coming in and out of the agency because of the portability of those pensions.

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COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: And also great
      difficulty in retaining skills and not just here, but in
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      other technical agencies.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: For multiple reasons, too.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Right. And then
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      finally, again, following up on a point that Commissioner
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      Merrifield made, when I look at Table D and the managers and
      supervisors, how much weight is going to be given in the SES
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      development program to being a current manager or a
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      supervisor? Because if you do limit it to the folks who are
      Table D managers and supervisors today, there is going to be
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      limited opportunities to increase diversity. So what is --
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      I just honestly don't know, what is the weighting factor, if
      any, in the announcement that was put out with regard to
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      being a current manager or supervisor in order to get into
      the SES development program?
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              MS. NORRY: The candidates are asked to address
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      the five major management areas that are the OPM approved
      skills, such as leading change, leading people and in each
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      area, those who are evaluating them, evaluate them not only
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      from their experience but from their potential. So it is
      intended to cover those who have had some experience that
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     they can demonstrate, but those who are believed to have the
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      potential. And there is no weighting factor that says, you
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Commissioner Merrifield, do you
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      have any follow-up?
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              COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Yes. One last one, on
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      Table B in the materials, non-SES competitive selections,
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      right below that, and I will read it, it says, "The data
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      above do not -- the data represent competitive selections
      made in the merit staffing process and do not factor in the
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      grade level of the positions. Selections for all minority
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     groups except Native Americans show a downward trend from FY
      1997 to FY 1999. Selections for white men and white women
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      show a general trend upward." And this is an important
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      point, "There were no minority applicants for some positions
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      filled competitively. This is an area of focus for
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      management."
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               I know we talked earlier about the notion of
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      putting notices on the web so there would be greater
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      knowledge out there among our employees of positions that
      are available. But it concerns me that there is continuing
      self-selection, that people are discouraged, for whatever
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      reason, from applying for positions. And I am wondering
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      what strategies we are thinking about to ensure that we have
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      got the right encouragement to our employees that they
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      should feel that they should apply for these positions, that
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      they will not be turned out for reasons?
              MS. LITTLE: That really is an area where we are
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      struggling to come up with some answers. We have talked to
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      the Advisory Committees, and when jobs are posted, we go to
      the committee chairpersons and ask them if they will contact
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      their constituency and encourage them to apply for jobs. I
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     have talked individually to candidates that are good
      candidates for specific jobs, and sometimes I hear, I have
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      been applying for jobs for 20 years and I am just not going
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      to do it anymore. So we do need help from the managers in
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encouraging employees to apply for jobs and in saying the

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jobs are open, that the competition is there, that
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     pre-selection has -- no one has been pre-selected for a job.
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Some employees do feel disillusioned and we need managers to 1 2 help us eliminate that perception.

MS. NORRY: It turns out that feedback is so 4 important, and even though we encourage that, there are still cases where that is not being done, where people just don't succeed in getting on BOL, or they do succeed in 6 getting on a BQL and then don't get picked over and over. They need feedback as to why.

CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. I would like to give the opportunity to the committee chairs who are here who would like to make any brief comments, so I will recognize each 12 committee in turn. If you did wish to make a brief comment, 13 if you would go to the podium and then again identify yourself for the reporter. So I am going to start with the Asian-Pacific-American Advisory Committee. Did you care to make a comment?

17 MR. DIEC: My name is David Diec, and Chairman Dicus and Commissioners, I appreciate the opportunity to 18 19 stand here to make some remarks.

20 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Is the mike on? MR. DIEC: Can you hear me now? Okay. While we 21 22 have been successful in helping the agency in attracting 23 some young employees and helping the agency to attract them,

but not only attract them but convince them that the NRC 24 25 working environment is the place to be, we have not been

effective in eliminating a consistent obstacle that we have

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been facing at higher grade levels. With that, the longer than average time spent in grade, especially at the GT-14 level and a large reduction in the managerial and supervisory positions as a result of the recent reorg have a 6 large negative impact on the Asian-Pacific-American employees' morale. We believe that these issues deserve considerable attention from the management. 8 9

On the other hand, we are encouraged that our recommendations to improve employees' promotional potential have been positively received by the management, and particularly by the Office of NRR. And steps have been taken by the NRR to implement our recommendations. We are also encouraged that management is focusing on the impact of the disproportionate loss of

16 Asian-Pacific-American managers and supervisors to the reorg and is also working toward a plan to improve the morale. 17

18 We extend our cooperation to how to formulate the 19 strategy and to achieve the positive results. Thank you. 20 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you.

21 The Hispanic Employment Program Advisory 22 Committee.

MR. IBARRA: Jose Ibarra. Chairman, 2.3 24 Commissioners, thank you for the opportunity for a few words. In the springtime of this year, Hispanics were very

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disappointed, in a matter of about a few months, there were

2 about 25 positions that were opened due to the

reorganization. Many Hispanics applied, and, in fact, in

some cases, 100 percent of the Hispanics that could apply, 4

5 did apply, and we were not successful in getting any of

those positions. We must move on and we will move on, but

we do need some management support in order to prepare us 8 for the next time. Hispanics need to be included in developmental 10 programs like the SES development program that is currently taking place. We also need to be included in high 11 12 visibility projects. And we desperately need rotations in 13 the Commission and the EDO's offices. 14 HEPAC is helping with the help of SBCR, we are 15 assisting Hispanics and we are preparing the individual 16 development plans. We are helping them prepare for the 17 merit selection packages, and we continue to assist Human 18 Resources in recruiting Hispanics. 19 In the last few months, there has been very positive developments. Mr. Collins from NRR did invite us 20 to go and talk to him about the lack of Hispanic success in 21 the openings at NRR and that was a very good meeting. 22 23 Within the last two months we have had one Hispanic being selected for a temporary GT-15 position, and we are very 24 25 encouraged that in NRR there is a technical assistant 1 position that has been opened for rotational assignments. 2 Thank you. CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you very much. The Affirmative Action Advisory Committee. 4 5 MR. GREHER: Good morning, or almost afternoon. I want to take the opportunity to give you just a quick feel for what we cover. We are involved with affirmative action 8 regardless of your race, color, nationality, religion and everything else. It is hiring people, promoting people. 10 One of the problems we have in this agency is that 11 unless you -- your sex is identifiable and your age is 12 identifiable, but any other characteristic, your ethnicity, your religion, your handicap, these are all voluntarily 13 supplied by the individual. And if the individual refuses 14 15 to volunteer that information, even if it is blatantly obvious that that individual has that characteristic, it is 16 not recorded for that individual. So we don't know who our 17 constituencies are, and even if we did know who they were, 18 19 we wouldn't know formally because the agency refuses to give 20 us, the Committee Chairmen, the names of our constituency. 21 We just have to figure out who they are. 22 It is very easy for me to go to a black person and 23 say, hey, apply for that job because they need black males, 24 and you know that person is not identified not identified on 2.5 the agency roles as black male, because that person has 78 1 refused to identify himself as a black male. So that is a little bit about the constituency issue and about the data. Let me just talk a brief moment about the lack of 4 data. There is no data on the handicapped and some of the

Commissioners have noted that. My committee is particularly interested in the handicapped because no other committee has that in their mandate. That just shows you the attitude towards the handicapped in this agency, it is an attitude of neglect, let's say. 9 1.0 I think very positive actions have been made, 11 mostly people who have physical problems, whether it is ability to use their legs, their arms, their eyes and their 12 13 ears, but we don't really focus on other kinds of 14 handicapped, and usually they are the ones that are more hidden, medical problems like diabetes or heart conditions, 15

16 emotional problems, mental retardation, they are not even spoken about, particularly emotional problems. And that is 17 true for the world in general and it is particularly true in 18 19 this agency. And I think I am encouraged by the Commissioners asking for more data on handicapped. 20 Let me talk a little bit about data. Everybody is 21 22 focused on the fact that it has been a level field for five years. Well, in the last five years we have hired 445 23 24 people, which represents 16 percent of the people on board 25 today. The hiring levels, the hiring picture looks exactly

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1 the same as the picture that we have as an agency. We have 2 been level in this agency, 53 percent men, 37 percent white men, 37 percent women, and 10 percent minority males. For five years, those same percentages are true in the hiring 4 5 picture over the same five years. No change has been made. I believe we can affirmatively move on the hiring positions to make changes. And if over those 16 years we had done a better job in hiring, believe me, the numbers would have improved over the five years. That is where it can happen. And this has been a bad five years for hiring, 10 11 yet we have hired 16 percent of the current, approximate, no 12 more than 16 percent, but let's say 16 percent of the current work force are new hires, five years or less. 13 I do have a recommendation in that particular 14 15 respect. I think that the success has been in the intern program. Unfortunately, when you hire five interns in a 16 17 year, and 90 percent of them are women -- well, it can't be 18 90 percent -- 80 percent of them or even 100 of them are 19 women and minorities, that doesn't lead up to a lot, even 20 over a five year period. I believe we should devote 100 21 percent of our hiring to the kinds of ground rules that will 2.2 apply to the intern program, so that we can get as many, maybe even 100 percent of the new hires as either women or 23 minorities. And if that is happening, over a period of time 24 we will see an improvement. 2.5

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1 Even as a federal agency, we don't rank with the 2 average federal agency in terms of hiring women -- in terms of having women on board. There was a big seminar in Denver 3 last week where it was announced 50 percent of all federally employed women in the civilian area are women. We are down 6 to 37 percent and we haven't moved. And I am sure the same 7 is true for some of the other areas, but possibly not all. I have two more recommendations. One is that even in the upward mobility area, and for me upward mobility 9 10 means anybody from grades 1 through 15 who have an 11 opportunity to move to grades 2 through SES, or SLS. That 12 is the upward mobility program. It may have components to 13 it like the SES candidate school or the paraprofessional position, but the upward mobility program covers everybody 14 in this agency, unless they are already an SES or more 15 likely a senior manager. That focus should be provided. 16 17 The focus that we have done for the 7 through 9 should be 18 provided for everybody else, and if we do it that way, we are more likely to see that pipeline that Commissioner 19 20 Merrifield talked about improved, and more people moving up 21 that pipeline who are minorities and women. And my final question and it is sort of like an 22 unrelated area, is I would like to know what the caseload is 23 2.4 of current -- of discrimination bias cases currently on the

caseload? Not that we have 20 or 30 a year, but how many

cases are still open today and by what type. That is really more important. That gives you a feel of where we are. Because some of these cases can take six months and some of 4 these cases can take five years. Are we moving more towards the five year end, or are we moving more towards the six month end? If we are to the latter, to the six month end, great, we are solving problems. If we are moving more 8 towards the five years, not good, we are not solving problems. And I recommend that you ask for those kinds of 9 10 statistics. 11 Thank you very much, and I am sorry if I took a little longer. 12 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you very much. 13 The Advisory Committee for African-Americans. 14 MR. THOMAS: Good morning. 15 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Good morning. 16 17 MR. THOMAS: Chairman Dicus and Commissioners, thank you for the opportunity to talk to you. By the way, I 18 am the Co-Chair, I share the Co-Chair with Ray Shoal for 19 that committee -- I mean Ray Holt. Sorry, Ray. 20 21 Just three brief comments. ACAA has been championing three key issues, that is the advancement of 22 23 minorities, women and persons with disabilities into supervisory and management positions. The accountability of 24 25 managers and supervisors to make good contributions to EEO. 1 And also the broadening of the upward mobility efforts to 2 improve opportunities for paraprofessionals within the 3 4 There has been enough discussions on a couple of these issues, but I would like to make a few comments. On 5

improve opportunities for paraprofessionals within the
agency.

There has been enough discussions on a couple of
these issues, but I would like to make a few comments. On
the accountability issue, I was very pleased to hear the
discussion about holding senior level managers as well as
mid-level managers accountable and seeking opportunities to
put in place specific criteria, if there may be elements and
standards, but seeking those opportunities to put something
of that nature in place to evaluate how well managers and
supervisors are doing with regard to EEO.

The other issue I would like to talk about a

The other issue I would like to talk about a little bit is the upward mobility program, and Ray mentioned that briefly and it is discussed briefly in our paper, and he said we would get back to you with some more information on that, but I think I ought to use this opportunity to put a plug in for it.

You know, we have done a little bit of homework on this and we really don't see that there is a really good definition of what upward mobility is. And if there is, it is transparent to the paraprofessionals in particular. We would like to see a database be established identifying -- and this is a recommendation that I intend to bring forward to SBCR, by the way, but we would certainly like to see a

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database identifying paraprofessionals, identifying their
skills, their experience, their expertise, their
backgrounds. We would certainly like to see an
identification of the paraprofessional jobs that are
available. And if at all possible, we would like to see the
use of this database be used to identify candidates who can

potentially be promoted into the upward mobility positions.

think that the agency doesn't have a really good handle on 9 10 the upward mobility program, and particularly as it 11 addresses paraprofessionals, and we think there is room for improvement there. Thank you very much. 12 13 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you. Now, we will hear from the Committee on Age 14 Discrimination. Did you wish to make a comment? 15 MR. NARBUT: Yes. Thank you. Well, I guess I am 17 the first to say good afternoon, Commissioners. 18 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Good afternoon. We are not too 19 far off schedule, though. MR. NARBUT: Not too badly. I just have a few 20 21 points to make. First of all, I have got up here twice 22 before in previous briefings and bemoaned the fact that age 23 wasn't mentioned in the briefing and age wasn't carried up 2.4 in the data, and I would like to start off by just thanking SBCR and Human Resources for a much improved package where age is brought out. It is done by five year increments where we can see some trends. We really feel like we are on 2 the EEO page this year and we appreciate that. 3 A second point being that aging will undoubtedly become a more critical work place issue in the NRC and in 5 the U.S. in general, and we will continue to work with SBCR to define and address aging issues in the NRC. A third point being that we older non-management 8 9 employees do have a lot to offer. We only ask for the 10 opportunity to show you that, and we ask for your support in 11 countering the negative cultural mindsets regarding aging in 12 this country. 13 A fourth and final point, our joint statement had 14 one aging issue that was not discussed, and I would like to discuss it ever so briefly. Our joint statement said that 15 there was a significant trend of reduced performance 16 17 appraisals for engineers and scientist groups in the 13, 14 and 15 grade categories. That particular study was a little 18 bit different than the data that is presented in the 19 20 Commission briefing paper in that it did a couple of 21 different things, it removed supervisory level people, it focused on the biggest groups that could be found that were 22 23 more or less homogenous, and then did a statistical study 24 which made definite conclusions that said, yes, indeed, this is not just an anomaly, but a fact, that there is a 25 disparate number of low outstanding performance appraisals 1 2 for the older people. That is a fact. 3 The next step to move forward to is what is the cause of that, and we didn't and can't make conclusive 4 statement about that, but I think I am comfortable in saying 5 it is mindset. It is either performance -- people don't perform over 50, or it is mindset, and I believe it is mindset. We would like to work towards changing that. Thank you for your time. 10 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you very much. 11 The Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee. 12 MS. GIVVINES: Good afternoon, my name is Mary Givvines, and I will do my best to make this real quick. 13 Can you hear me? Over 95 percent of our committee, they are 14 all new members, including myself, so there is really -- we 15 16 haven't had an opportunity to identify any new issues. However, we did inherit one ongoing issue and that is, and

So, all in all, I would like to say we certainly

they have alluded to it earlier, there is a need to increase the number of women in senior level positions. We do agree 19 20 with that. 21 Another thing I wanted to mention that hasn't been 22 mentioned, committee-wide we are going to start putting in 23 articles in the NNRC. We are going to establish our goals 24 and continue with our accomplishments year after year to let everyone know what we are doing and what accomplishments 25 1 have been made. 2 And, finally, I want to congratulate Commissioner Merrifield for his efforts to diversity his family. Thank 3 4 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Thank you. CHAIRMAN DICUS: Thank you. 6 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I will give you a report 7 on that later on. CHAIRMAN DICUS: We unfortunately do have a representative for the Joint Labor-Management Equal 1.0 Employment Opportunity Committee, so we will go now to the 11 12 National Treasury Employees Union.

MR. WOLF: Good afternoon, I am Tom Wolf. I am
speaking for Pete Hearn, who is the President, he is Las

Vegas at the present time with our national convention. And
speaking of EEO matters, I would like to announce that we
now have a new President of NTEU, Colleen Kelley, who is
replacing Bob Tobias. So the women are increasing in our

19 organization also.

Also, the District Vice President for -- our

National V.P. is also a lady, Maddie Hammond, she was

re-elected. She, unfortunately, defeated our own Mike

Stein, who was also running for the deal, but she -- Maddie

and Mike work very closely together, so we see nothing

25 there.

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On EEO matters for the NTEU side, we have basically three or four items that we continue to have concerns about, and they were mentioned here somewhat 3 4 briefly, but upward mobility I guess would be the general topic of it, both from a professional and a paraprofessional 6 side. We have I would say glass ceilings up at the 13, 14, 15 levels, primarily because of one thing, the aging 8 population of our organization here. We have a very high level, high graded older population here. 9 10 Just to give you an example, I am the steward of 11 record for the research group, and we are in an 12 organizational move right now as a result of the combination of the old Office of Analysis and Evaluation of Operation 13 Data with Research, and we are doing office selection type 14 15 criteria. 16 I have 27 years of government service, I am number

17 in 31 in office selection criteria right now. That will 18 give you an idea of what is happening to this agency. It 19 also addresses Commissioner McGaffigan's question on what are we doing about bringing in lower people to take the 20 21 place of all the aging people, that all of a sudden we are 22 going to have maybe major brain drain in this organization, that we need to do something with. That gives us a very 23 24 good opportunity to bring in minorities, get them trained up, get them the knowledge base so that we can bring that,

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      increase that population in here.
              We also have that under the paraprofessional,
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      let's say, level, where you have got 6s, 7s, 8s that are
     hitting the ceilings of you can't go any further. We have
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      had some successes recently, I would like to mention that,
      in that we have been working with management to expand, if
      you are going to post an 8 or 9 position, to expand it to a
      7, 8 or 9 position, so that there is sort of a bridge there
      that allows people to move across. So this is -- I think it
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      is a plus on management's willingness to work with labor and
      allow this movement to take place.
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               Another one is, as Commissioner Merrifield,
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      mentioned, basically, the web site for rotational
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      assignments. It now brings it out to people. This is a
      kudo for the ALMPC, where in the Agency Level Management
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      Partnership Committee, the ideas were brought forth, we came
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      to agreement, it is now in place.
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               The one concern we have on that is, again, in a
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      downsized agency, in most cases a rotational assignment is a
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      tit for tat assignment type deal, where you have to find an
      equivalent person to rotate into your place before you can
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      rotate out of your position. That one is one that we need
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      to take a very hard look at also. Is there a way to allow a
      person to go without having to bring another person into a
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      position? That has stymied a lot of the rotational
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      assignments. So even if we have a good way of mentioning we
      have rotational assignments, can they actually be utilized?
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      That is one of our concerns on there.
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               So, one of the final ones I would say would be
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      performance appraisals. As you know, the agency and the
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      union have been working for a long time on what is a good
      performance appraisal system that may address some of the
      problems with the Os and the Es and the As, and whatever,
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      everything else like that. That is a new topic that will be
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      brought up in our mid-term election -- I mean our mid-term
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      bargaining on changes possibly to the performance appraisal
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      system. That some of the items that we have to consider in
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      that change is the viability of the performance appraisal
      system. Can management across the board implement equally a
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      good performance appraisal system? And maybe address some
      of the concerns that I believe Commission Diaz had brought
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      up. Can Region I do the same -- if you were in Region I,
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      would you get the same performance appraisal as you would in
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     Region IV, or headquarters, or across the fields? So those
      are the areas that I would like to just mention for right
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      not the NTEU side of the house. Thank you.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Thank you very much.
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               Did you have any closing comments? So we are
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     done. Okav.
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               Again, on behalf of my fellow Commissioners --
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Chairman, I am sorry, I
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      had a couple of things.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Okay. Go ahead.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: No. I --
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: Well, there is a point I was
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     going to --
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Oh, I sorry, I thought
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      you were making a closing statement.
               CHAIRMAN DICUS: I am, but there is a point I was
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COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Oh, okay. 11 12 CHAIRMAN DICUS: So if you can just hold it, we 13 will get there, I promise. 14 [Laughter.] 15 CHAIRMAN DICUS: Because I want to make a couple 16 of comments besides what is here. Anyway, I want to thank the NRC staff for the 17 18 briefing today, and I think I speak for the Commission as a 19 whole when I say that we fully support your efforts in 2.0 ensuring that all employees have the opportunity to 21 participate in the accomplishments of this agency, to 22 compete fairly and equitably for career enhancement and advancement, and to work in an environment that is 23 absolutely free of discrimination. 24 25 Now, I think you have heard us, -- we will review the transcript. You have heard us ask for some additional 1 data to the extent that it is available. Some issues that 2 have been brought up, some recommendations. I appreciate the Chairs of the Advisory Committees and the comments that 4 5 you made and some of the recommendations that you have brought forward. So I commend you on having, in a downsizing and difficult time of change for this agency, in 8 being able to maintain, to the extent you have, our diversity. I think we are to the point now, I heard you describe some new programs, some new potential to improve 10 11 that diversity, so, certainly with the help and 12 encouragement of this Commission, I think we will be 13 successful. 14 Do you have a closing comment? Commissioner 15 Merrifield. COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Well, actually, I had a 16 17 couple of them. One of the issues that Mr. Ibarra raised 18 was related to rotations for Hispanics in the EDO and Commission offices. There is a tension, it seems to me, I 19 know I have had my first rotational assignment in my office, 20 21 there is a resource issue. I think there is some concern of 22 Commissioners or others in the EDO office having rotations. 23 placing demands on others in the staff to replace those who 24 have come up, versus I think a very good suggestion of 25 providing opportunities for Hispanics and other minorities 92 1 to have that experience, which can be a very useful one in the promotion of individuals within the agency. 2 Have you thought at all about how we deal with that tension? I think of that personally, I have not made a decision to have another rotational person down the road because I was concerned about, or at least immediately, 7 after I replace my current one, because of a concern of the impact that may have on other staffing issues, all the other work going on. 10 So I was wondering if just briefly, you can talk 11 to that issues? Are rotationals, are those rotations -actually, I am directing that to Pat and to Bill? 12 13 DR. TRAVERS: Well, let me just start and maybe 14 Pat can help me. Rotations are a difficult subject. You have seen the reduction in the opportunities as we have 15 16 faced a number of challenges in these last couple of years 17 and maybe more so in the last year or so. And it is a

balancing of achieving the agency mission, at the same time

going to ask if you had any other statements. Okay.

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19 recognizing the value. I hope that we are headed towards a

20 point where our ability to support rotational assignments

21 for deserving candidates across the spectrum of the diverse

even I think we are in a period where the senior management

22 community that we serve here will improve, but right now

24 team, the staff in general is challenged by the work we have

25 before us.

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I turned to Pat as that was comment was raised,

and I said, have we ever deliberately over-budgeted to

account for rotational assignments? And I know you said,

no, Pat. But the one area where I think we may have done

something of that sort is when we have developed specific

intern programs that recognize that new hires at least will

rotate through the agency with some expected level of

effort.

Maybe we should whether or not, in a training 10 sense, in the budget we should look to over-budget for the 11 opportunities that would serve us all well from rotations. 12 I don't think we do now, I don't think you will see it in the budget. We try to make-do. We try to provide 13 opportunities, at the same time we get our jobs done, and 14 15 right now, as you have seen, in the numbers for the 16 17 opportunities that have been reduced significantly.

sometimes that is difficult, and that is reflected I think 18 So right now it is fairly ad hoc. At times, in any given year, if a particular manager thinks they can 19 20 afford to let a staff member go on a rotation by virtue of 21 what is before them or not before them, they agree to a 22 rotation. If they can't support it, they don't. Right now 23 it is a tough thing. So it is ad hoc now, maybe we should 24 consider something that makes it more -- I'm sorry, less ad hoc, but currently that is not the case. 2.5

COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I would just note, and

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this goes to Mr. Wolf's comment about rotational assignments 2 on the web site, I had an opportunity to go in and review 3 the two new web sites, one being for individuals who are interested in rotations, and the other one being for individuals who are interested in coming up and working for 6 members of the Commission. The former was a much smaller group than the latter. And I think, certainly, to the 9 extent -- as I mentioned, you know, given the current nature 1.0 of a zero sum game on rotational assignments, which I am 11 very sensitive to, you know, that is one of the areas, eventually, if I do have other rotational folks, that is an 12 13 area I will look, and I certainly would want to encourage 14 the staff, and if you can encourage your members to make sure they get their names on that list, so that as I and the 15 16 other Commissioners go through that, not only looking for 17 permanent people in our office, but also for rotational people, that we have a good list of people to become 18 19 involved in that. 20 The only last comment I would make, Mr. -- I don't 21 know if I am pronouncing this right -- Greher. MR. GREHER: Greher 22 23 COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Greher. You made a

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is who and is a person fails to self-identify themselves,

comment about the issue of labeling and understanding of who

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from in that in terms of having the data. I am just -- I
     wasn't trained on that as a lawyer, but my second sense
      leads me to believe that -- would there be a problem with
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      our labeling people? That seems to me to maybe a red flag.
               MR. GREHER: We don't label people, they have to
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      self-identify.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: No, I know, but you --
               MR. GREHER: That is the problem, and I will tell
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     you right now --
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: No, what you said was --
               MR. GREHER: It is knowing that if you are
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      emotionally disabled, that is the last thing you will ever
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     tell anybody about yourself. So, as an example, you know,
     it is obvious if you are blind, you are blind. But it is
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      not obvious to have a heart condition and it is even less
      obvious that you are emotionally disabled, like depression.
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     I presume the depression figures in this agency are as high
      as they are for the population as a whole, but if you ask
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     how many people are self-identified as depression, it is
     under 1 percent, instead of being over 7 percent.
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              COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Mr. Greher, the example
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     you use and I just want to get to this one, to direct this
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     towards Karen, is you said there is was an individual who is
     African-American who failed to identify himself as an
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      African-American and, therefore, we as an agency should
      identify him so we can track him better and have him
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      available for these opportunities. And I am just wondering
      whether that kind of identification of individuals by
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     ethnicity could be a problem.
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              MS. CYR: My understanding is that is a
     requirement for self-identification. Right.
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Oh, it is.
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               MS. CYR: Right.
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               MR. GREHER: It is self-identification.
              COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Right. That is what I
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12
      meant, if someone fails to self-identify himself.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: We can't do it.
               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: Okay. Well, we can look
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     into that. I appreciate your raising the concern, and I
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     appreciate the Chairman putting up with my additional
     questions. This is an important area and I know the
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     Chairman likes to finish on time.
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               CHAIRMAN DICUS: I know it is.
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               COMMISSIONER MERRIFIELD: I think this is one
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      exception where extra time is well spent.
              CHAIRMAN DICUS: But this is one of those times
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      when I thought the extra time was well spent, so we went on.
              I want to also -- I probably, on everyone on this
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     side of the table, I have used rotationals the most, and I
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     know the impact that has had in some cases, well, in many
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      cases. However, it has enormous number of advantages. So
     perhaps this is an area that we could look at to address
      some of the very issues that we have heard today.
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              So, given that, this meeting is now adjourned. I
     would bang my gavel, but I don't have one.
              [Whereupon, at 12:23 p.m., the briefing was
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      concluded.]
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