



Containment Venting Systems for Mark I and Mark II Containments

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January 9, 2013

Agenda

- **Status of Lessons Learned**
 - **Michael Johnson, Deputy Executive Director for Reactor and Preparedness Programs**
- **Technical and Regulatory Analysis for Venting Systems**
 - **John Monninger, Deputy Director, Division of Operating Reactors Licensing**

Status of Lessons Learned

- **Mitigation Strategies**
- **Reliable Hardened Vents**
- **Spent Fuel Pool Instrumentation**
- **Requests for Information**
- **Rulemakings**
- **Tier 2/3 Activities**

Near Term Activities

- Periodic Update Paper Feb**
- Recommendation 1 Paper Feb**
- SBO Proposed Rule Paper April**

SECY-12-0157, Venting Systems for Mark I and II Containments

- **Overall Approach**
 - **Identification of Options**
 - **Technical and Regulatory Analysis**
 - **Accident Modeling**
 - **Quantitative Costs and Benefits**
 - **Qualitative Factors**
 - **Stakeholder engagement**
 - **Recommendation**

Background

- **Mark I and Mark II Containments**
 - **Small volume**
 - **High conditional failure probability**
 - **Venting considerations**
- **Fukushima Dai-ichi Accident**
 - **Loss of electrical power and heat sink**
 - **Containment performance**

Reliable Hardened Vent Order

- **Order EA-12-050 – Focused on accident prevention**
 - **Reliable and dependable containment vent operation**
 - **Greater mitigation capability consistent with NRC's defense-in-depth philosophy**
 - **Issued for adequate protection**

Commission Taskings

- **SRM on SECY-11-0137**
 - **Quickly shift and merge the issue of filtration of containment vents with the Tier 1 hardened vent issue**
- **SRM from August 7, 2012 Briefing**
 - **Discuss accident sequences where the filters are and are not beneficial**

Identification of Options

1) Reliable hardened vents only

2) Severe accident capable vents

3) Filtered vents

**4) Severe accident confinement
strategy**

Evaluation of Options

- **Assessed using quantitative and qualitative factors**
- **Analyzed plant response, radiological releases, and risk implications**
- **Focused on Options 2 and 3**
- **Range of alternatives for Option 4 complicates staff assessments**

Quantitative Analysis

	Severe Accident Capable Vent (Option 2)		Filtered Vent (Option 3)	
Total Costs (\$k)	(2,027)¹		(16,127)	
Core Damage Frequency per year	2×10^{-5}	2×10^{-4}	2×10^{-5}	2×10^{-4}
Total Benefits(\$k)	938	9,380	1,648	16,480
Net Value (\$k)	(1,089)	7,353	(14,479)	353
Note 1 – Cost higher for Mark II Containments				

Qualitative Analysis

- **Identified 11 factors**
- **Primary consideration – Enhance defense in depth**
 - **Address high containment failure probability of Mark I and II designs**
 - **Significantly reduce releases**
 - **Provide mitigation independent of plant response**

Qualitative Factors

	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
Defense in Depth		☑	☑☑☑	☑☑
Uncertainties		☑	☑☑☑	☑☑
Severe Accident Management		☑	☑☑	☑
Hydrogen Control		☑☑	☑☑	☑
External Events		☑	☑☑	☑☑
Multi-unit Events		☑	☑☑	☑☑
Independence of Barriers		☑	☑☑☑	☑☑
Emergency Planning		☑	☑☑☑	☑☑
Consistency between Technologies	☑☑☑			☑
Severe Accident Policy	☑☑			☑
International Practices		☑	☑☑☑	☑☑

Summary of Pros and Cons

Option	Pros	Cons
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Severe Accident Policy • Resource savings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Containment failure probability • Severe accident design
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hydrogen control • Severe accident management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost/benefit assessment • Uncertainty in offsite releases
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enhances defense-in-depth • Severe accident management • Hydrogen control • Lowest offsite releases • Independent of plant response • Minimizes operator actions • Existing technology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost/benefit assessment • Large footprint for filter tank
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potentially more performance based • Severe accident management • Smaller footprint on site than Option 3 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Timeliness of resolution due to unproven strategies • Addresses fewer accident scenarios than Option 3 • Dependent on plant response • Demands on operators

Conclusion

- **The combination of quantitative and qualitative factors supports the installation of currently available filtered venting systems at BWRs with Mark I and II containments (Option 3)**

List of Acronyms

- **BWR – Boiling water reactor**
- **NRC – Nuclear Regulatory Commission**
- **SBO – Station blackout**
- **SRM – Staff requirements memorandum**

Backup Slides

Qualitative Factors

- **Consideration of qualitative factors**
- **Federal Government, Commission, and Staff guidance**
- **Limitations**
- **Role and weighting of factors part of decision-making**

Mark I Containment

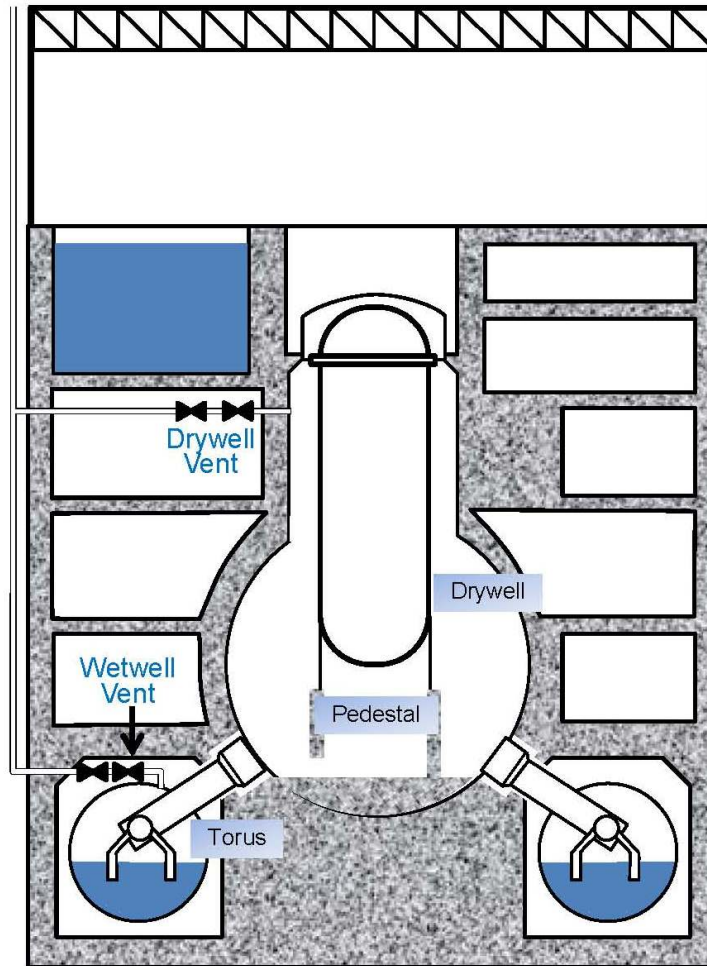
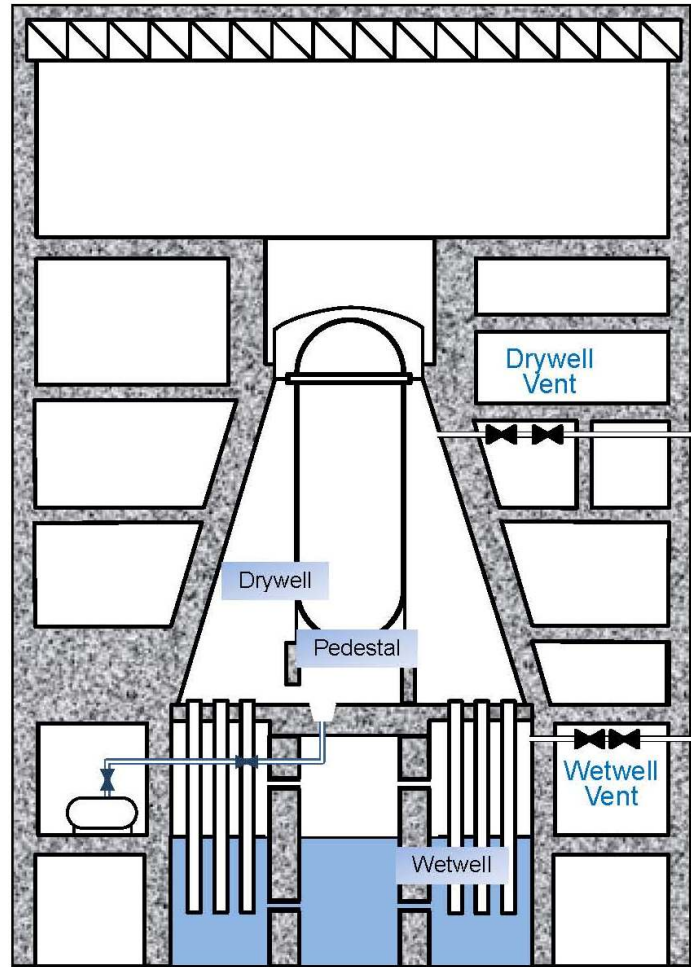


Figure 3-1
Representative Mark I containment layout

**Reproduced from EPRI Technical Report 1026539
“Investigation of Strategies For Mitigating Radiological Releases in Severe Accidents; BWR Mark I and Mark II Studies”
Final Report, September 2012**

Mark II Containment



**Reproduced from EPRI Technical Report 1026539
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Final Report, September 2012**

Figure 3-4
Representative Mark II containment layout