Source Supplier's Perspective on Proposed Part 37

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Kate Roughan

Director, Regulatory Affairs/Quality
Assurance
ISSPA and QSA Global

ISSPA Mission

To ensure that the beneficial use of radioactive sources continues to be regarded by the public, the media, legislators, and regulators as a safe, secure, viable technology for medical, industrial, and research applications.

Orders vs. Regulation

ISSPA strongly supports moving the security requirements associated with Category 1 and 2 quantities of Radioactive Material from NRC Order space and into Regulation space.

- Provides an opportunity for Stakeholders to engage in the rule making process.
- Achieves desired level of transparency

In addition; ISSPA appreciates the development of implementation guidance in parallel with the rule.

Ease implementation

Current Controls

- The current controls in place have been demonstrated to be robust and effective
- Increased controls along with other NRC initiatives (NSTS) provide a multi layered comprehensive approach to security
- There are no indications that current controls are not adequate to prevent a malevolent act

Economic Burden vs. Benefit

- Additional economic burden on licensees is significantly under estimated and rule will have a substantial financial impact on both large and small businesses
- There is not sufficient justification to impose additional and more stringent security measures, when the perceived benefits are only described as qualitative and there are no identified quantitative benefits

One Size Fits All

- The security Orders were developed and issued to licensees using a graded approach – they considered the nature of the business and quantity of material authorized to possess
- Proposed rule attempts to envelop the byproduct community and other communities as a whole and this is not effective

Graded Approach

- Recommend using the graded approach so requirements are appropriate to the license type
- Use NUREG 1556 series approach and add the security requirements to specific regulations (Part 34, 35, 39) based on type of license

Prescriptive Requirements

 Proposed changes are very prescriptive and not easily implemented – deviates from NRC's normal policy of risk informed and performance based regulation

Background Checks

- •Trustworthiness and Reliability determinations are a critical security aspect yet the current Orders and proposed rule fail to provide definitive criteria that would qualify or disqualify an individual from obtaining unescorted access to materials.
- ·Lack of criteria makes the T&R assessment arbitrary and an inspection against the requirements will be subjective and inconsistent.

Transportation

- •Concerned with the unrealistic expectations regarding planning and coordination of shipments
- ·Potential for Agreement State additions to the NRC Proposed Rules unreasonable permitting fees port of entry restrictions additional package tracking

Specific Issues

- Credit history
- Notification of local LLEA at temporary job sites
- Weekly verifications of sources
- Pre-planning and follow-up
- · LVS
- T&R on reviewing official
- Documentation and audits

Conclusions

- Re-assess the needs vs. real risks vs. costs vs. benefits
- Need to assure can actually implement the rules otherwise they are ineffective
- Identify the roles and authorities of other Agencies such as the DOT
- Continue to maintain an open dialogue with Stakeholders during the rule making process