

# Salem 1

## 1Q/2004 Plant Inspection Findings

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### Initiating Events



**Significance:** Dec 16, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

#### **FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT ADEQUATE DESIGN CONTROL MEASURES**

The team identified a violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion III, Design Control, for design control inadequacies during plant modifications, setpoint changes and revisions of calculations associated with the 4160 volt electrical power system. These electrical system design deficiencies caused the two offsite power sources not to be independent of each other as required by 10 CFR 50, Appendix A, Criterion 17, Electric Power Systems.

The finding was more than minor because it affected the design control attribute of the Initiating Events Cornerstone objective and resulted in an increased likelihood of a loss of offsite power (LOOP) event. The finding was determined to be of very low safety significance (Green) based on a the results of a phase 3 SDP analysis which evaluated the increase in core damage frequency (CDF) due to the increased likelihood of a LOOP caused by the design deficiencies.

Inspection Report# : [2003008\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Dec 16, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

#### **FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT ADEQUATE CORRECTIVE ACTIONS**

The team identified a violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI, Corrective Action, for the failure of the licensee to implement adequate corrective actions to address design issues identified following the July 29, 2003, loss of offsite power event. When performing an operability evaluation to support plant restart, the licensee failed to identify that the lower operating voltage limit for the 4.16 kV buses needed to be increased to prevent recurrence of a similar event. The plant was restarted and operated from August 4 to August 22, 2003, until the issue was identified by the NRC and corrected by the licensee.

The finding was more than minor because it affected the design control attribute of the Initiating Events Cornerstone objective and resulted in an increased likelihood of a loss of offsite power event (LOOP). The finding was determined to be of very low safety significance (Green) based on a the results of a phase 3 SDP analysis which evaluated the increase in core damage frequency (CDF) due to the increased likelihood of a LOOP caused by the failure to take appropriate corrective actions prior to plant restart.

Inspection Report# : [2003008\(pdf\)](#)

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### Mitigating Systems



**Significance:** Mar 12, 2004

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: FIN Finding

#### **INEFFECTIVE CONTROL AIR QUALITY TESTING**

A finding of very low safety significance was identified in that the Control Air (CA) quality test program was inadequate. The test program did not verify the quality of air meets standards specified in ANSI/ISA S7.3-1975, Quality Standard for Instrument Air, as delivered to safety-related air loads.

This finding is greater than minor because it is associated with the Procedure Quality attribute for the CA mitigating system function and, if left uncorrected, could become a more significant safety concern. The finding is of very low safety significance because it did not render the CA system inoperable and because of the CA system redundancy

Inspection Report# : [2004006\(pdf\)](#)

G**Significance:** Mar 12, 2004

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**INEFFECTIVE DESIGN CONTROL ASSOCIATED WITH SERVICE WATER DESIGN CHANGE AND INEFFECTIVE CORRECTIVE ACTIONS RELATIVE TO SW HIGH PRESSURE CONDITIONS**

A finding of very low safety significance (Green), that is also a non-cited violation (NCV) of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion III, was identified regarding an inadequate design analysis for a service water system modification performed on both units. The modification had changed the service water recirculation valve operating characteristics and installed orifices in the line without adequately evaluating the effect of an increase in system pressure, impact on pump margin to minimum flow requirements during transients, and impact to the service water high pressure alarm design function.

The finding is greater than minor because it was associated with the mitigating system cornerstone attributes of design control and equipment performance and affected the capability of the system to ensure service water pressure would be maintained within previously evaluated design parameters. Based on a review of PSE&G's analyses of the issue, the team concluded that the finding was a design deficiency which was confirmed not to result in the loss of any mitigating system function. Therefore, in accordance with the SDP Phase I screening worksheet, the issue was determined to be of very low safety significance (Green).

The team identified that a contributing cause of the finding was related to the cross-cutting area of Problem Identification and Resolution. PSEG had not fully evaluated and corrected this issue after several previous opportunities had existed to do so.

Inspection Report# : [2004006\(pdf\)](#)G**Significance:** Dec 27, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO MAINTAIN THE CONTROL AIR SYSTEM CLEAN**

In February 2003, PSEG identified equipment failures related to corrosion products in the control air system. On October 22, 2003 a Unit 2 chilled water compressor (23 chiller) tripped, because its control air was restricted by corrosion products. This self-revealing finding represented an NCV for ineffective corrective actions.

This finding is greater than minor, because it affected the chilled water system availability, an equipment performance attribute of the Mitigating Systems Cornerstone. The finding is of very low safety significance, because the 23 chiller inoperability duration was short, about an hour, and one train of control room emergency air conditioning remained operable.

Inspection Report# : [2003009\(pdf\)](#)G**Significance:** Dec 27, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**UNTIMELY SERVICE WATER PUMP STRAINER CORRECTIVE ACTIONS**

Ineffective corrective actions existed following a service water pump strainer (13 SWP strainer) trip in February. An established troubleshooting plan, developed as a corrective action from previous inadequacies in identifying strainer problems, was not used, and the cause of the strainer tripping was not fully identified. The 13 SWP strainer tripped again in April and required disassembly in May to remove metal debris that had ultimately bound strainer rotation. This self-revealing finding represented an NCV for ineffective corrective actions.

This issue was more than minor, because it was associated with the equipment performance attribute of the Initiating Events and Mitigating Systems Cornerstones. This finding was evaluated by a Phase 3 significance determination process and determined to be of very low safety significance.

Inspection Report# : [2003009\(pdf\)](#)G**Significance:** Dec 16, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO PROPERLY TRANSLATE DESIGN INTO PLANT PROCEDURES**

The team identified a violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion III, Design Control, for failure of the licensee to translate design change information into plant procedures. Following the installation of a plant modification to provide a cross connect between the Unit 1 and 2 chemical and volume control systems (CVCS), instructions for utilizing the cross connect feature were not included at the appropriate steps in the associated procedures.

The finding was more than minor because it affected the design control attribute of the Mitigating Systems Cornerstone objective. The issue was not a design or qualification deficiency that the licensee had evaluated in accordance with GL 91-18, and was determined to be of very low

safety significance (Green) because it did not result in an actual loss of safety function of a single train for internal or external event initiated core damage sequences.

Inspection Report# : [2003008\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Sep 27, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO PROPERLY PERFORM MAINTENANCE ON 13 AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMP**

A self-revealing finding made apparent a non-cited violation of Technical Specification (TS) 6.8.1 for failure to properly plan and perform maintenance in accordance with written procedures for a turbine driven auxiliary feedwater pump (13 AFWP) steam admission valve (1MS132). 1MS132 had been reassembled without adequate work instructions to ensure the actuator to valve stem coupling remained tight. The loose stem coupling was the root cause of an AFW pump trip during surveillance testing.

This finding is greater than minor, because it affected the Mitigating System Cornerstone objective of equipment reliability, in that the erratic opening of 1MS132 caused the 13 AFWP to trip during surveillance testing one out of four times. The finding is of very low safety significance, because operators had been trained and adequate procedures existed to provide assurance of recovering a tripped turbine driven auxiliary feedwater pump. Additionally, during recovery the steam admission valve would not need to stroke open, as it would be established full open when operators controlled steam admission with the turbine trip valve.

Inspection Report# : [2003007\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Sep 17, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO PROMPTLY IDENTIFY AND CORRECT AN ISSUE ADVERSE TO QUALITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNIT 1 FUEL HANDLING BUILDING**

A self-revealing violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI, was identified involving failure to promptly detect and correct a condition adverse to quality involving the undetected accumulation of borated, contaminated water behind Unit 1 fuel handling building (FHB) walls. Specifically, water leaked from the Unit 1 spent fuel pool (SFP) for an undetermined period of time through December 2002 and accumulated between the Unit 1 SFP liner and the Unit 1 FHB walls. The water subsequently leaked through the building walls presenting the potential for undetected releases of contaminated water to the Unrestricted Area and adverse effects on the FHB structure.

This finding was not suitable for SDP evaluation but was reviewed by NRC management and determined to be a violation of very low safety significance (Green). Specifically, the finding was more than minor because, if left uncorrected, the leakage would become a more significant safety concern if the condition eventually resulted in an unmonitored release to the environment or adversely affected the FHB. This finding was not greater than very low safety significance because there was no indication that Unit 1 FHB leakage had resulted in any radiological exposure to workers or members of the public, and there was no evidence that the FHB structure had been adversely affected such that it would not meet its design function.

Inspection Report# : [2003006\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Jun 28, 2003

Identified By: Self Disclosing

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**Failure to timely correct a service water valve (12SW380) actuator air leak.**

The inspectors identified a non-violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI, "Corrective Action," for failure to timely correct a service water valve (12SW380) actuator air leak. The source of the air leak, which was a symptom of the valve failure mechanism, was not fully identified and the deficient valve failed one month later during a routine plant evolution. The failed valve rendered the 12A component cooling water heat exchanger inoperable.

This finding is greater than minor because it had an actual impact on the component cooling system. The finding is of very low safety significance because it did not reduce the number of operable component cooling water heat exchangers below minimum technical specification requirements for the current river water temperature.

Inspection Report# : [2003005\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Jun 28, 2003

Identified By: Self Disclosing

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO TIMELY IDENTIFY A CONFIGURATION CONTROL ERROR THAT DEGRADED AN AUXILIARY FEEDWATER FLOW CONTROL VALVE**

A self-revealing finding made apparent a non-cited violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI, "Corrective Action," for failure to timely identify and correct an auxiliary feedwater flow control valve (12AF11) deficient condition. Control air to the valve actuator was throttled from February 28, 2003, to April 9, 2003, and affected the valve stroke time. The configuration control error occurred when maintenance activities were not properly restored.

This finding is greater than minor because it had an impact on the auxiliary feedwater system and increased the time required to isolate the 12 steam generator for tube rupture mitigation. The finding is of very low safety significance because remote operation of 12AF11 remained available and the increase in stroke time was not significant, about a 12 second increase.

Inspection Report# : [2003005\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Jun 28, 2003

Identified By: Self Disclosing

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**INADEQUATE CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TO PREVENT RECURRENCE OF A SERVICE WATER MOTOR-OPERATED VALVE (12SW17) FAILURE**

A self-revealing finding identified a non-cited violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI, "Corrective Action," for failure to prevent recurrence of a service water valve, 12SW17, motor operator failure. Inadequate maintenance practices during an initial repair of 12SW17 introduced deficient torque switch conditions that caused the 12SW17 to again fail requiring repeat corrective action. 12SW17 is a cross-tie valve, normally open, between independent service water loops.

This finding is greater than minor because it had an actual impact on the ability to maintain independent service water system trains and reduced service water bay flooding mitigation capabilities. The finding is of very low safety significance because it did not render either service water loop inoperable.

Inspection Report# : [2003005\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Jun 28, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**FAILURE TO PROPERLY PERFORM MAINTENANCE ON COMPONENT COOLING CROSS-CONNECT VALVE, 1CC17**

The inspectors identified a non-cited violation of technical specification 6.8.1 for failure to follow maintenance procedures and adequately lubricate a component cooling (CC) system train cross-connect motor operated valve (1CC17). Maintenance technicians inappropriately used another maintenance procedure not directed in the work order instructions that allowed optional valve stem lubrication. The intended maintenance procedure mandated complete stem cleaning and new lubrication. Eleven months later, 1CC17, failed to close during surveillance testing because of aged and hardened valve stem grease.

This finding is greater than minor because it had an actual impact on the component cooling system and challenged the ability to establish independent CC system trains. The finding is of very low safety significance because redundant MOVs were available to establish independent trains.

Inspection Report# : [2003005\(pdf\)](#)



**Significance:** Jan 30, 2003

Identified By: Self Disclosing

Item Type: VIO Violation

**INEFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF CORRECTIVE ACTIONS FAILED TO PREVENT A RECURRENCE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR TURBOCHARGER FAILURE**

Failure to identify the cause and prevent recurrence of the emergency diesel generator (EDG) turbocharger failures was a performance deficiency. This finding is greater than minor because it adversely affected the equipment performance attribute of the mitigating systems cornerstone objective, in that, the 1C EDG was incapable of performing its safety function for a period of time in excess of its technical specification allowed outage time. This finding was determined to have potential safety significance greater than very low because the likelihood of core damage due to a loss of AC power was significantly increased while the 1C EDG was not available to mitigate a loss of offsite power event. This finding was unresolved pending completion of a significance determination.

On May 1, 2003, the finding was determined to be a violation of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Criterion XVI. The significance of the finding was also determined to be White. The Notice of Violation and Final Significance Determination were provided in the NRC letter dated May 1.

Inspection Report# : [2002010\(pdf\)](#)

G**Significance:** Mar 12, 2004

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**CALCULATIONS OF CONTROL AIR ACCUMULATOR VOLUME WERE NON-CONSERVATIVE WITH RESPECT TO THE LTOP PORV ACCUMULATOR DESIGN BASES EVALUATION**

The inspectors identified a finding of very low safety significance (Green), that is also a non-cited violation of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Criterion III, Design Control. Specifically, design calculations performed to verify adequate accumulator air pressure for Low Temperature Overpressure (LTOP) conditions and acceptable system leakage rates used incorrect design inputs. These non-conservative calculations were referenced during future system evaluations and also used as the basis for operability determinations and alarm set points.

This finding is greater than minor because it was associated with the design control attribute for the power operated relief valve (PORV) mitigating system function. The design calculations formed the bases for subsequent non-conservative operability reviews which affected the objective of adequately ensuring the capability of the PORV accumulators. Because the LTOP condition is only of concern during periods where the reactor is in cold shutdown, the inspectors evaluated the finding using Appendix G, Shutdown Operations to NRC IMC 0609, Significance Determination Process (SDP). The team concluded that this issue was of very low safety significance (Green) since the function had always been maintained.

The inspectors identified that a contributing cause of the finding was related to the cross-cutting area of Problem Identification and Resolution in that Design Engineering personnel had failed to identify and correct errors and discrepancies between design calculations of record.

Inspection Report# : [2004006\(pdf\)](#)G**Significance:** Dec 27, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**INADEQUATE FOREIGN MATERIAL FAILS A STEAM GENERATOR FEED REGULATING VALVE**

Foreign material, a 3" long stud, jammed a feedwater regulating valve (FRV) in its full open position, which rendered the FRV inoperable for its containment isolation function, and caused a reactor shutdown. This self-revealing finding represented an NCV of procedures for foreign material exclusion.

This finding is greater than minor, because it had an actual impact of jamming an FRV open, which is designed to close on a safety injection signal and minimize the energy release to containment on a main steam line break. The finding is of very low safety significance, because a redundant valve and a main feed pump trip feature were unaffected.

Inspection Report# : [2003009\(pdf\)](#)G**Significance:** Jun 28, 2003

Identified By: NRC

Item Type: NCV NonCited Violation

**INADEQUATE IST PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION FOR CFCU SW VALVE**

The inspectors identified a non-cited violation of technical specification 4.0.5 for failure to properly implement the ASME inservice testing program for the 15 containment fan coil unit (CFCU) outlet service water valve, 15SW72. PSEG did not establish appropriate and accurate stroke time reference values for 15SW72. Operability determinations and work management decisions were made based on inaccurate reference values.

This finding is greater than minor because it affected the availability of the 15 CFCU. The finding is of very low safety significance because the physical integrity of the reactor containment was not affected and other CFCUs were maintained operable consistent with technical specification requirements.

Inspection Report# : [2003005\(pdf\)](#)

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## Emergency Preparedness

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## Occupational Radiation Safety

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## **Public Radiation Safety**

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## **Physical Protection**

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## **Miscellaneous**

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