

**RIC** 2020



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# Risk-Informed Approaches to Address External Hazard Risk

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*Recent advancements* in the understanding of external hazards have changed related *risk insights* and the *significance of hazards* to applications



*How to consider external hazards risk* in risk-informed applications without probabilistic risk assessment (PRA) models?



The NRC has applied a *risk-informed framework* and the *Principles of Good Regulation* in first-of-a-kind licensing reviews to consider *external hazards* risk, commensurate with the *safety significance* of hazards for the intended application.



Tornado Missile Risk Evaluator (TMRE) for addressing nonconforming conditions

Consideration of external hazards risk using the risk-informed framework

Alternate seismic approach in the risk-informed categorization program

Conservative seismic analyses in applications of risk-informed completion times

Evaluation of Near-Term Task Force 2.1 seismic PRA (SPRA) responses



*Tornado Missile Risk Evaluator (TMRE)* is a risk-informed approach that evaluates the safety significance of nonconforming conditions related to tornado-generated missile protection

Uses Regulatory Guide 1.174 principles of risk-informed integrated decisionmaking

Simplifies evaluations through the effective use of generic parameters, assumptions, and uncertainty analyses

Methodology changes the licensing basis so that structures, systems, and components (SSCs) under consideration remain in as-built conditions



Three plant-specific *TMRE approvals* allowed for the *resolution* of legacy nonconforming conditions, commensurate with their low *safety significance*, using *plant-specific and generic inputs*.  
*No physical modifications* were required.





10 CFR 50.69 allows for the removal of special treatment requirements for safety-related SSCs of low safety significance



**Categorization process** considers external hazards risk



For *seismic risk*, endorsed approaches are **SPRA** and **seismic margin analysis (SMA)**



**New tiered alternate seismic approach**



Proposed approach for the consideration of seismic risk for a “low seismic hazard site” in the categorization program (“Tier 1”)



Technical basis used generic risk insights from recent SPRAs

Unique seismic insights generally identified by Internal Events PRA, Fire PRA, and defense in depth  
Specific seismic failure modes need to be considered



New SPRA or SMA not needed for the categorization program

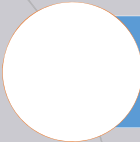


Integrated Decisionmaking Panel considers available information

Recent hazard information; design-basis seismic function; relay chatter, seismic interactions, etc.







Consideration of external hazards risk is an important element of the NRC's review of risk-informed applications



External hazard risk can be a nontrivial contribution to the decision



The NRC has been receptive to approaches with varying degrees of detail and realism consistent with the significance of hazards for the intended applications