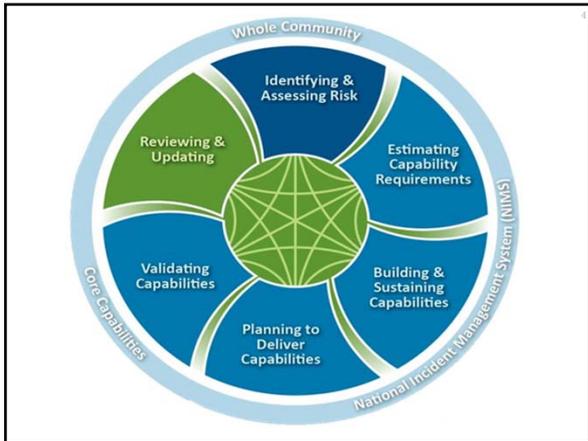
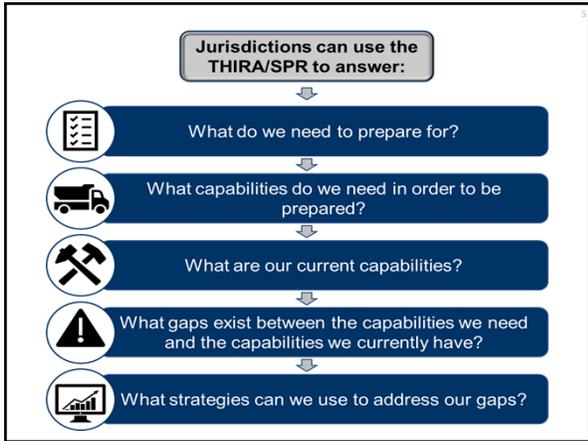
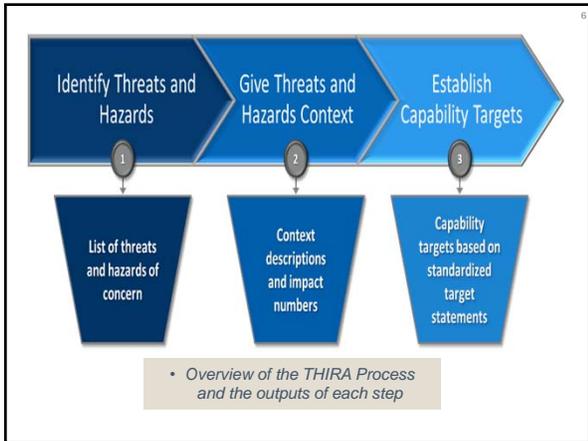


- Changes from previous editions:**
- Changes the frequency of the THIRA updates to every three years
 - Increases the number of participants (includes UASI and Tribes)
 - Changes the name to Stakeholder Preparedness Review (SPR)
 - Improves integration with other preparedness efforts
 - Improves logic and functionality
 - Makes it more relevant to actual response and recovery operations

- Changes Continued:**
- Provides guidance to communities for conducting a THIRA and SPR
 - Includes both the THIRA and SPR and introduces updates to both methodologies
 - Moves the THIRA closer to a traditional risk assessment and adopts standardized language to describe impacts and targets
 - Jurisdictions collect more detailed and actionable data on their current capabilities, identify gaps and indicate their intended approaches for addressing those gaps, and report the impact of grants in building and sustaining capabilities







| Example Standard Impacts (Partial List) | |
|--|---------------|
| Impact Category | Number |
| People Affected/People in Area | 10,000 |
| Jurisdictions Affected | 10 |
| Agencies Involved in Incident Management | 10 |
| Square Miles Affected | 10,000 |
| People to be Screened | 5,500 |
| People Requiring Shelter | 20,000 |
| Critical Infrastructure Facilities | 26 |
| Maritime Ports Affected | 1 |
| Miles of Road Affected | 534 |
| Direct Economic Loss (\$) | 9,203,000 |
| Indirect Economic Loss (\$) | 21,540,000 |

Example Standardized Target Statement

Within (#) hours of an incident, provide emergency sheltering for (#) people

Depiction of the Relationship between Standard Impacts and Standard Targets

THIRA STEP 2 Key Changes:

- Jurisdictions now identify the impacts for their chosen threats and hazards in **Step 2**, rather than Step 3 of the THIRA Process, as this flows more naturally from the development of the context description
- Jurisdictions now estimate the impacts of each threat and hazard using **standard impact categories** (numerical entry), rather than providing free-text impacts, establishing a common language for describing impacts at all levels of government

THIRA Step 3 Key Changes:

- Jurisdictions insert jurisdiction-specific metrics into **standardized target statements** to develop **long-term planning targets**, rather than providing free-text capability targets; establishing a common language for discussing and establishing clear preparedness goals and better aligns the THIRA process with planning
- Jurisdictions now indicate which threat or hazard places the greatest challenge on each critical task providing contextual information potentially useful during response operations
- Jurisdictions will only establish **timeframe metrics** within their targets reducing duplication of effort

SPR Key Changes:

- Jurisdictions now assess their current capability using the same language as their target, rather than simply assigning 1-5 ratings to core capabilities
- Jurisdictions will also now report how their capability has changed over the past year (capability lost, sustained, and built), in addition to their current capability

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