


United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Official Hearing Exhibit	
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In the Matter of:	

NRC000052

Submitted: March 30, 2012

Decontamination of Cs-137, Pu-239, and Am-241 from Hard Surfaces using a Peelable Polymer-based Hydrogel

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2008 HPS Annual Meeting

Pittsburgh, PA

Decon Gel 1101 – What is It?



Apply → Dry → Peel

- Near neutral-pH, low-odor polymer hydrogel
- Utilizes surfactants to lift contaminants
- Soluble chelators bind contaminants for transport
- Contaminants pulled into polymer upon drying
- Entrapped in rehydratable polymer matrix



Sandia National Laboratories

Operated for the U.S. Department of Energy by
Sandia Corporation

October 2007 –

CBI commissioned efficacy testing for DG1101 on:

- Concrete (C)
- Carbon steel (CS)
- Stainless steel (SS)
- Plexiglas (P)

Contaminated with:

- Pu-239
- Am-241
- Cs-137

Coupon Name	Initial Activity (μCi)	Activity after 1 st Decon (μCi)	Activity after 2 nd Decon (μCi)
C Pu-1	1.005	0.176	0.078
C Pu-2	0.902	0.257	0.146
CS Pu-1	0.983	0.009	0.001
CS Pu-2	0.977	0.021	0.002
SS Pu-1	1.045	0.181	0.082
SS Pu-2	0.978	0.056	0.021
P Pu-1	0.859	0.403	0.320
P Pu-2	0.903	0.405	0.310
C Am-1	0.980	0.169	0.063
C Am-2	0.888	0.149	0.050
CS Am-1	0.994	0.012	0.001
CS Am-2	0.949	0.031	0.003
SS Am-1	0.961	0.210	0.172
SS Am-2	0.947	0.171	0.135
P Am-1	1.002	0.011	0.001
P Am-2	0.913	0.012	0.001
C Cs-1	1.006	0.834	0.737
C Cs-2	0.974	0.822	0.745
CS Cs-1	0.998	0.010	0.002
CS Cs-2	1.002	0.014	0.002
SS Cs-1	0.998	0.039	0.008
SS Cs-2	0.986	0.019	0.003
P Cs-1	0.912	0.005	<MDA
P Cs-2	0.953	0.004	<MDA

December 2007 –

- Sandia applied 2nd coat of DG1101 to same test coupons that had been decontaminated in October.
- Results show 2nd decon efficacies as good or better than 1st application.



Notes: MDA = Minimum detectable activity

C Pu = concrete, plutonium; CS Am = carbon steel, americium; SS = stainless steel; P = Plexiglas; etc

Decontamination Testing of DG 1101

Radionuclide Solutions

- NIST traceable
- Prepared 1uCi/ml from stock solutions
- Am-241: AmCl_3 in 1N HCl
- Pu-239: $\text{Pu}(\text{NO}_3)_4$ in 4M HNO_3
- Cs-137: CsCl in 0.1M HCl

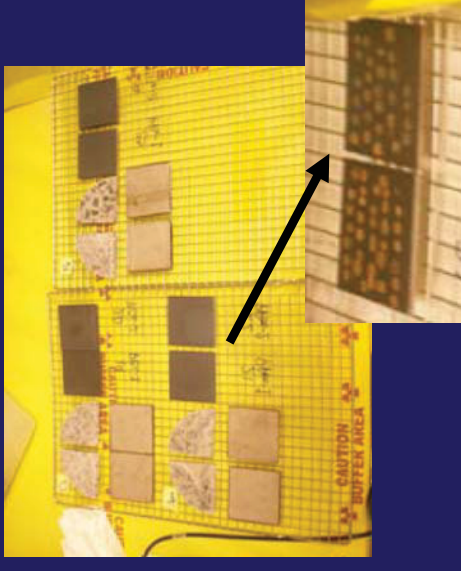
Coupon Materials

- Construction grade concrete cores, uniformly sectioned
- Carbon steel 3" x 3" x 1/8"
- 300-series Stainless steel 3" x 3" x 1/4"
- PlexiGlas 3" x 3"

Decontamination Testing of DG 1101

Coupon Contamination

- Placed on wire racks
- ~1 μCi each deposited using pipettor
- Carbon steel showed visible corrosion



Coupon Coating Application and Removal

- Initial counts measured
- Coupons coated with DG1101, spread with spatula and excess allowed to drip off
- 24 hr. dry time
- All coupons easy to peel, most difficult was concrete
- Coatings all removed in single sheet with no fracture
- Carbon steel no longer had visible corrosion on surface

Decontamination Testing of DG 1101

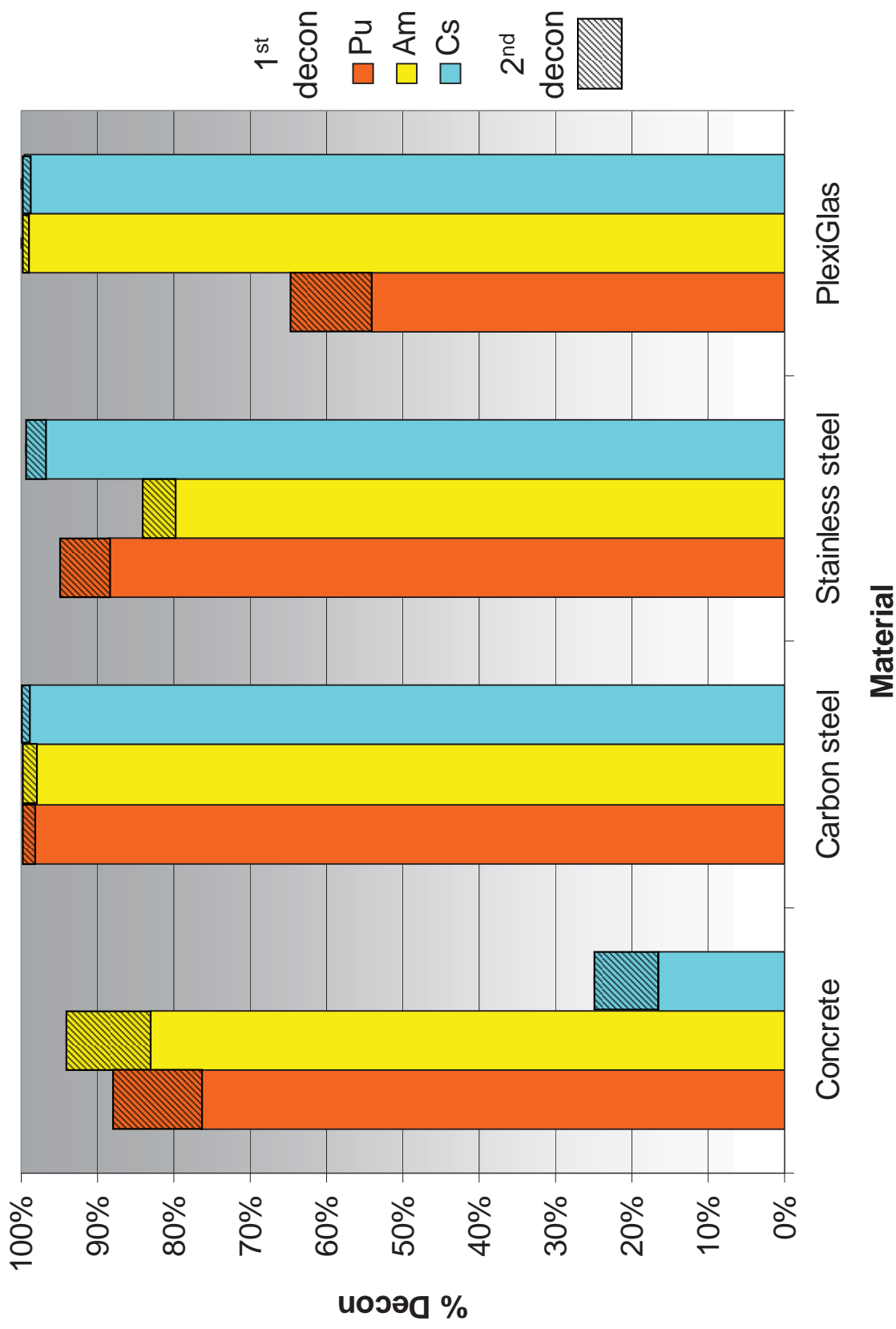
Analytical Method and Data Workup

- Cs-137 counted for 1000 s w/Canberra Ge detector, peak area used to calculate activity
- Am-241 and Pu-239 counted for 120 s w/Ludlum 43-1 and Eberline E600



- Calibration coupons used for all cases
- % Decon = $\frac{\text{Initial Activity} - \text{Final Activity}}{\text{Initial Activity}} \times 100$

Results



Pu Glovebox Decon at LLNL

Glovebox (~ 4 ½ ft x 8 ft x 9 ft)

- Cast steel floor, Al walls, Lexan® windows and Hypalon® gloves
- Commissioned in 1964 to cold roll Pu metal
- In 1996 a spill of Pu-238 occurred
- Measurements at < 1 inch >> 1,000,000 cpm (off-scale)
- Previous unsuccessful decontamination efforts involved a commercially available strippable film coating

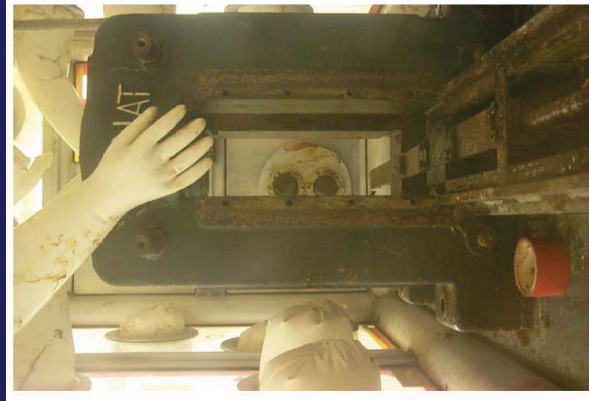


Figure 1. Exterior and interior of glovebox. Note rolling mill inside glovebox was removed prior to decontamination and the floor of the glovebox was swept.



Figure 3. Glove-box floor (steel and aluminum) before and after application of Decon Gel 1101.

Field Test

DG 1101 Application

- Applied with trowel, allowed to dry overnight
- Lexan® window deconned 2x, Steel floor and Al siding 3x
- DFs measured as ratio of original alpha activity at 1.5 inch stand-off to activity measured after each decon
- Initial contamination levels averaged
 - 74,000 dpm for cast steel horizontal floor
 - 56,000 dpm for aluminum siding
 - 54,000 dpm for Lexan window

Table 2. Measured Radioactivity Levels for Each Quadrant.

Aluminum Wall Location	Measured Radioactivity, cpm						Initial Efficiency %	Last Decon cpm	Total Efficiency %
	Initial cpm	Thru Gel cpm	Shielding %	1st Decon cpm	Initial Efficiency %	Last Decon cpm			
A2	27000	3000	89	NA	NA	120	100		
A3	28000	3000	89	NA	NA	120	100		
B1	28000	3000	89	NA	NA	140	100		
B5	28000	3000	89	NA	NA	100	100		
C1	28000	4000	86	NA	NA	160	99		
C5	26000	3000	88	NA	NA	200	99		
D1	28000	2000	93	NA	NA	220	99		
D5	26000	4000	85	NA	NA	220	99		
E1	30000	3000	90	NA	NA	240	99		
E5	28000	3000	89	NA	NA	160	99		
F1	32000	4000	88	NA	NA	NA	NA		
F5	32000	3000	91	NA	NA	140	100		
Average	28417	3167	89	NA	NA	165	99		
2 Sig Fig Ave	28000	3200	89	NA	NA	170	99		
SD	1975	577	2	NA	NA	47	0.2		
RSD	7	18	2	NA	NA	29	0.2		



Figure 5. Removal of cured Decon Gel 1101 as a strippable film from cast steel glove-box floor.

Results

One application

- Activity on steel floor was reduced by 57% (SD=7%) and on the Lexan window by 37% (SD=8%)

Additional applications

- Lexan window after 2nd application overall 99.5% removal (SD=0.1%)
- Steel floor after 2nd and 3rd application overall 99.4% (SD=0.3%)
- After 2 and 3 applications of DG 1101, activity was reduced to <400 dpm in almost all cases
- Given the highly contaminated nature of the surfaces within the glove-box, this decontamination efficiency is considered excellent

Cast Steel Location	Measured Radioactivity, cpm				Shielding %	1st Decon		Initial Efficiency		Last Decon		Total Efficiency %
	Initial cpm	Thru Gel cpm	Thru Gel cpm	Initial cpm		%	cpm	%	cpm	%		
B2	34000	4000	4000	18000	88	220	47	200	99		99	
B3	34000	3000	3000	15000	91	220	61	140	99		99	
B4	38000	2000	2000	15000	95	140	61	140	100		100	
C2	50000	3000	3000	16000	94	520	68	320	99		99	
C3	42000	1000	1000	14000	98	320	67	320	99		99	
C4	34000	2000	2000	16000	94	180	53	180	99		99	
D2	42000	1000	1000	16000	98	700	62	700	98		98	
D3	32000	3000	3000	15000	91	180	53	180	99		99	
D4	30000	2000	2000	15000	93	140	50	140	100		100	
E2	40000	3000	3000	15000	93	400	63	400	99		99	
E3	32000	3000	3000	14000	91	140	56	140	100		100	
E4	38000	2000	2000	16000	95	160	58	160	100		100	
Average	37167	2417	2417	15667	93	275	57	275	99		99	
2 Sig Fig Ave	37000	2400	2400	16000	93	280	57	280	99		99	
SD	5656	900	900	1303	3	179	7	179	0.4		0.4	
RSD, %	15	37	37	8	3	65	13	65	0.4		0.4	
Average Decontamination Factor (DF): 2 after first application, 57 after second and third application combined, 130 total including all three applications.												

Continued - Table 2. Measured Radioactivity Levels for Each Quadrant.

Lexan Window Location	Measured Radioactivity, cpm				Shielding %	1st Decon		Initial Efficiency		Last Decon		Total Efficiency %
	Initial cpm	Thru Gel cpm	Thru Gel cpm	Initial cpm		%	cpm	%	cpm	%		
WA3	27000	3000	3000	20000	89	26	26	100	100		100	
WA4	27000	2000	2000	17000	93	37	37	120	100		100	
WA5	24000	2000	2000	17000	92	29	29	140	99		99	
WB1	26000	1000	1000	17000	96	35	35	110	100		100	
WB2	28000	3000	3000	18000	89	36	36	120	100		100	
WB5	27000	2000	2000	19000	93	30	30	120	100		100	
WC1	26000	1000	1000	14000	96	46	46	180	99		99	
WC2	28000	1000	1000	13000	96	54	54	120	100		100	
WC5	28000	3000	3000	20000	89	29	29	140	100		100	
WD1	28000	1000	1000	18000	96	36	36	180	99		99	
WD2	27000	1000	1000	16000	96	41	41	120	100		100	
WD5	26000	3000	3000	15000	88	42	42	120	100		100	
Average	26833	1917	1917	17000	93	37	37	131	100		100	
2 Sig Fig Ave	27000	1900	1900	17000	93	37	37	130	100		100	
SD	1793	900	900	2216	3	25	8	25	0.1		0.1	
RSD, %	4	47	47	13	4	19	22	19	0.1		0.1	
Average Decontamination Factor (DF): 3 after first application, 130 after second application, 210 total after two applications.												

Operational Perspectives

- The Nuclear Materials Processing and Technology Program personnel conducting the decon activities reported that the material had a good workability and allowed sufficient working time before drying.
- In general the material adhered to the sides of the glove-box without an excessive amount of dripping being observed.
- DG 1101 was able to penetrate crevices and was easily removed from all surfaces with the exception of the Hypalon® gloves.
- While hand application was used for the study, personnel commented that spray application might be advantageous for future applications.
- [Comment from CBI: DG 1120 is now available for spray applications.]

Summary

- **Lab Environ**
 - Decon Gel 1101 demonstrated effective on Pu-239, Am-241, and Cs-137 radioisotopes
 - 2nd decon factors as good or better than 1st application
 - Cs on concrete most difficult case, R&D in progress
- **Field Application**
 - Application of DG 1101 to Pu decon of highly contaminated glovebox at LLNL demonstrated excellent efficacy overall
- **Full Reports Available**
 - Sandia and LLNL reports available upon request at CBI booth or contact M. O'Neill, CTO, CBI
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