ATTACHMENT 1

Steam Generator Replacements in the US, compiled 02/07/2012

From source (2)

Turkey Point 3 (1982)

Turkey Point 4 (1984)

H. B. Robinson 2 (1984)

Indian Point 3 (1989)

Palisades (1991)

North Anna 1 (1993)

V. C. Summer (1994)

North Anna 2 (1995)

Ginna (1996)

Almaraz 1 (1996) *

Almaraz 2 (1997) *

Byron 1 (1998)

Braidwood 1 (1998)

Kori 1 (1998)

STP-1 (2000)

Farley 1 (2000)

D. C. Cook 1(2000)

ANO-2 (2000)

Farley 2 (2001)

Kewaunee (2001)

Shearon Harris (2001)

STP-2 (2002)

Sequovah 1 (2003)

Palo Verde 2 (2003)

Palo Verde 1 (2005)

Beaver Valley 1 (2006) *

Watts Bar (2006)

Fort Calhoun (2006) *

Palo Verde 3 (2007)

Comanche Peak 1 (2007)*

SONGS 2 and 3 (2009, 2010)

Cracks in Alloy 600 steam tubes necessitated the replacement of some SG. (citation 1, p.7)

IV. Types of damage to steam tubes

Denting, fatigue cracking, fretting, Intergranular attack/stress-corrosion cracking, pitting, Stress-corrosion cracking, tube wear and wastage. The damage is caused by vibration and impurities in the water. Please see p. xxi, Wade. (3)

(1) Thevenet, Remi. "Replacement of Two-Blocks Steam Generators", AREVA-ANP SERVICES 26 - 28 May 2009, Lynchburg, VA, USA. http://www.iaea.org/NuclearPower/Downloads/PLIM/2009-May-TM-USA/6 SGR%20in%20two%20blocks.pdf

- (2) **Steam Generator Replacements,** BECHTEL POWER CORPORATION, FREDERICK, MARYLAND, 2005. http://www.bechtel.com/assets/files/PDF/SGR Experience.pdf
- (3) Wade, Kenneth. "Steam Generator Degradation and Its Impact on Continued Operation of Pressurized Water Reactors in the United States", Energy Information Administration/ Electric Power Monthly, August, 1995. ttp://ftp.eia.doe.gov/features/steamgen.pdf (This document also provided as attachment 4)