

**Attachment III**  
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

**Mark-up of Existing Ginna Station Technical Specifications**

Included pages:

4.0-2

#### 4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

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#### 4.2 Reactor Core (continued)

##### 4.2.2 Control Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 29 control rod assemblies. The control material shall be silver indium cadmium.

#### 4.3 Fuel Storage

##### 4.3.1 Criticality

4.3.1.1 The spent fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.05 weight percent;
- b.  $k_{eff} \leq 0.95$  if fully flooded with unborated water\*, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR;
- c. Consolidated rod storage canisters may be stored in the spent fuel storage racks provided that the fuel assemblies from which the rods were removed meet all the requirements of LCO 3.7.13 for the region in which the canister is to be stored. The average decay heat of the fuel assembly from which the rods were removed for all consolidated fuel assemblies must also be  $\leq 2150$  BTU/hr.

4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage dry racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.05 weight percent;
- b.  $k_{eff} \leq 0.95$  if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR; and
- c.  $k_{eff} \leq 0.98$  if moderated by aqueous foam, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR.

A.1

June 30, 2001

\* Until December 31, 1999, the spent fuel storage racks shall be maintained with a  $k_{eff} \leq 0.95$  when flooded with water containing  $\geq 2300$  ppm soluble boron

(continued)

**Attachment IV**  
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

**Proposed Ginna Station Technical Specifications**

Included pages:

4.0-2

## 4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

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### 4.2 Reactor Core (continued)

#### 4.2.2 Control Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 29 control rod assemblies. The control material shall be silver indium cadmium.

### 4.3 Fuel Storage

#### 4.3.1 Criticality

4.3.1.1 The spent fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.05 weight percent;
- b.  $k_{\text{eff}} \leq 0.95$  if fully flooded with unborated water\*, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR;
- c. Consolidated rod storage canisters may be stored in the spent fuel storage racks provided that the fuel assemblies from which the rods were removed meet all the requirements of LCO 3.7.13 for the region in which the canister is to be stored. The average decay heat of the fuel assembly from which the rods were removed for all consolidated fuel assemblies must also be  $\leq 2150$  BTU/hr.

4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage dry racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.05 weight percent;
- b.  $k_{\text{eff}} \leq 0.95$  if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR; and
- c.  $k_{\text{eff}} \leq 0.98$  if moderated by aqueous foam, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1 of the UFSAR.

\* Until June 30, 2001, the spent fuel storage racks shall be maintained with a  $k_{\text{eff}} \leq 0.95$  when flooded with water containing  $\geq 2300$  ppm soluble boron

(continued)