

October 3, 1997

SECY-97-228

FOR: The Commissioners

FROM: L. Joseph Callan /s/  
Executive Director for Operations

SUBJECT: FINAL AMENDMENTS TO 10 CFR PART 73, "CHANGES TO NUCLEAR  
POWER  
PLANT SECURITY REQUIREMENTS"

PURPOSE:

To obtain Commission approval for publication in the Federal Register of final amendments to 10 CFR Part 73 to change certain physical security requirements associated with an internal threat.

BACKGROUND:

A proposed rule was published for public comment in the Federal Register on February 20, 1997 (62 FRN 7721), with changes to the following physical security requirements.

1. Search requirements for on-duty guards, § 73.55(d)(1);
2. Requirements for vehicle escort, § 73.55(d)(4);
3. Control of contractor employee badges, § 73.55(d)(5);
4. Maintenance of access lists for each vital area, § 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A);
5. Key controls for vital areas, § 73.55(d)(8).

The Commission received 9 responses, 8 from licensees and one from the Nuclear Energy Institute. All but two of the comments contained in the responses were incorporated in the final rule. These two were not accommodated because they requested changes to the regulations without support that were outside the scope of the proposed rule.

CONTACT:

Sandra Frattali, RES/DRA  
(301) 415-6261

The first change allows armed security guards who are on duty and have exited the protected area to reenter the protected area without being searched for firearms (by a metal detector). The proposed rule limited the change to guards on duty who exited on official duty. One commenter noted there was no good reason to differentiate between leaving the protected area while on duty on official business or on unofficial business, for example, to have lunch when that area is located outside the protected area. The staff agrees and the words "on official business" were deleted from the proposed rule. Unarmed guards and watchpersons will continue to meet all search requirements. All guards will continue to be searched for explosives and incendiary devices.

The second change eliminates the requirement for escort of vehicles entering the protected area for work-related purposes provided these vehicles are driven by personnel who have unescorted access. The proposed rule limited this to licensee employees. Eight commenters noted that, since the access authorization programs allowing unescorted access were equivalent for licensee and contractor employees, there was no degradation of security by extending this relief to any personnel with unescorted access. The staff agrees and the words "licensee employees with unescorted access" were replaced with "persons with unescorted access" in the final rule.

The third change allows contractor employees to take their badges offsite. All commenters supported this change. Because contractors and licensees are subject to the same programs required for unescorted access, there is no reason to employ more stringent badge control requirements for contractors than for licensees. This change will allow contractor employees to take their badges offsite under the same conditions that apply to licensee employees.

The fourth change replaces separate access authorization lists for each vital area of the facility with a single list of all persons who have access to any vital area. It also changes the requirement that the list must be reapproved at least once every 31 days to quarterly. All commenters supported these changes. The reapproval consists of a review to ensure that the list is up to date and that only those individuals who require routine access to a vital area are included. Staff notes that there is a requirement for a manager or supervisor to update the list at least every 31 days. Given this requirement, conducting this comprehensive reapproval every 31 days is of marginal value.

The last change removes the requirement that the licensee change or rotate all keys, locks, combinations, and related access control devices every twelve months but retains the requirement for changing for cause, when an access control device has been compromised or there is suspicion that it may have been compromised. All commenters supported this change.

#### COORDINATION:

The Office of the General Counsel has no legal objection to this final rule. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer has reviewed this Commission Paper for resource impacts and has no objections. The Office of the Chief Information Officer has reviewed the rulemaking for information technology and information management implications and concurs in it.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

That the Commission:

1. Approve the notice of final rulemaking for publication (Enclosure 1).
2. Certify that this rule, if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a

substantial number of small entities in order to satisfy requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 605(b).3.

Note:

- a. The final rulemaking (Enclosure 1) will be published in the Federal Register.
- b. The Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration will be informed of the certification regarding economic impact on small entities and the reasons for it as required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act;
- c. The appropriate Congressional committees will be informed (Enclosure 2);
- d. A public announcement will be issued (Enclosure 3); and
- e. This rule amends information collection requirements that are subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). This rule has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for review and approval of the paperwork requirements.

L. Joseph Callan  
Executive Director  
for Operations

Enclosures:

- 1. Federal Register Notice
- 2. Congressional Letters
- 3. Public Announcement
- 4. SBREFA Letters

**RECORD NOTE:**

A copy of the final rule was sent to the IG for information on August 25, 1997.

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L. Joseph Callan  
Executive Director  
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Enclosures:

1. Federal Register Notice
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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

10 CFR Part 73

RIN: 3150 - AF11

Changes to Nuclear Power Plant Security Requirements

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is revising its regulations to delete certain security requirements associated with an internal threat. This action follows the NRC's reconsideration of nuclear power plant physical security requirements to identify those requirements that are marginal to safety, redundant, or no longer effective. This action will reduce the regulatory burden on licensees without compromising physical protection against radiological sabotage required for public health and safety.

EFFECTIVE DATE: (45 days from date of publication in the Federal Register).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Sandra Frattali, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6261, e-mail sdf@nrc.gov.

The Commissioners

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 20, 1997, the NRC published a proposed rule in the Federal Register (62 FR 7721) revising the NRC's regulations associated with an internal threat to nuclear power plants that are contained in 10 CFR Part 73, "Physical Protection of Plants and Materials." The five changes, which provide significant relief to licensees without compromising the physical security of the plants, are as follows.

1. Search requirements for on-duty guards, § 73.55(d)(1);
2. Requirements for vehicle escort, § 73.55(d)(4);
3. Control of contractor employee badges, § 73.55(d)(5);
4. Maintenance of access lists for each vital area, § 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A);

and

5. Key controls for vital areas, § 73.55(d)(8).

The Commission received 9 letters commenting on the proposed rule. Eight were from utilities and one was from an industry group. Copies of the letters are available for public inspection and copying for a fee at the Commission's Public Document Room, located at 2120 L Street, NW (Lower Level), Washington, DC.

Discussion

The public comments supported the proposed rulemaking in general. Seven of the nine commenters recommended additional relief from the vehicle escort provisions. One commenter recommended additional relief from the search requirements for armed guards. Two commenters

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recommended changes to the regulations without support that were outside the scope of this rulemaking.

For three of the changes in the proposed rule, only the language that had been changed was provided in the proposed rule language. The language that did not change in those paragraphs was inadvertently omitted. This language has been put back in the final rule. The three paragraphs affected are: search requirements for on-duty guards, § 73.55(d)(1); requirements for vehicle escort, § 73.55(d)(4); and maintenance of access lists for each vital area, § 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A).

The comments are discussed below.

#### Comment Resolution

##### 1. Search Requirements for On-duty Guards (§ 73.55(d)(1)).

Under the current regulations, armed security guards who leave the protected area as part of their duties must be searched for firearms, explosives, and incendiary devices upon re-entry into the protected area. Requiring a guard to go through an explosives detector or searching packages carried by the guard protects against the introduction of contraband. Because an armed guard carries a weapon onsite, passage of the guard through the metal detector, the principal purpose of which is to detect firearms, serves little purpose. The guard has to either remove the weapon while passing through the detector or be subject to a hands on search. Either approach makes little sense for the guard who is authorized to carry a weapon onsite. Further, removing and handling the guard's weapon could present a safety risk to the guard and other personnel. This rule will allow armed security guards who are on duty and have exited the protected area to reenter the protected area without being searched for firearms (by a metal detector).

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Comment. All commenters supported this action. One commenter recommended that the words "on official business" be removed.

Response. The term "on official business" has been replaced by the term "on duty." The rationale given in the proposed rule to eliminate the searches would also apply when the guard reenters the protected area at other times, for example, after lunch where the lunch area is outside the protected area, as is the case at some facilities. The meaning of "on duty" is not meant to extend to "on call" or to personal activities.

The amended rule allows armed security guards who are on duty and have exited the protected area to reenter the protected area without being searched for firearms (by a metal detector). Note that the rule says "reenter." This means that the guards have been searched on their initial entry into the protected area. Unarmed guards and watchpersons will continue to meet all search requirements. All guards will continue to be searched for explosives and incendiary devices because they are not permitted to carry these devices into the plant.

## 2. Requirements for Vehicle Escort (§ 73.55(d)(4)).

The present requirement that a searched, licensee-owned vehicle within the protected area must be escorted by a member of the security organization, even when the driver is badged for unescorted access, does not contribute significantly to the security of the plant. Under the current regulations, all vehicles must be searched prior to entry into the protected area except under emergency conditions. Also under the current regulations, all vehicles must be escorted by a member of the security organization while inside the protected area except for "designated licensee vehicles." "Designated licensee vehicles" are those vehicles that are limited in their use to onsite plant functions and remain in the protected area except for operational, maintenance, repair, security, and emergency purposes. Under the current requirement, all other vehicles that

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are not "designated licensee vehicles" must be escorted at all times while in the protected area even when they are driven by personnel with unescorted access.

Comment. Seven commenters were concerned that the proposed rule would only allow a vehicle to be unescorted when being operated by licensee employees having unescorted access. These commenters wanted this extended to contractor employees as well.

Response. This change has been made. Since both licensee employees and contractor employees are subject to equivalent access authorization programs, the level of trustworthiness is deemed to be equivalent. There is no compelling reason to discriminate between the two. The amended rule eliminates the requirement for escort of licensee-owned or leased vehicles entering the protected area for work-related purposes provided these vehicles are driven by personnel who have unescorted access. This change provides burden relief to licensees without significantly increasing the level of risk to the plant.

Comment. Five comments were made that limiting unescorted vehicles to those that were licensee-owned was unduly restrictive, and wanted this extended to licensee owned- or leased vehicles. One of these wanted it further extended to contractor or vendor owned or leased vehicles.

Response. The rule language was changed to allow for licensee-leased vehicles to be unescorted when driven by personnel who have unescorted access. The NRC staff recognizes that licensees may lease rather than buy vehicles. However, the staff believes that this provision should not be extended indiscriminately to contractor or vendor vehicles because licensees have no knowledge or control over how contractor or vendor vehicles may be used for purposes other than those for which the licensee has contracted.

### 3. Control of Contractor Employee Badges (§ 73.55(d)(5)).

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Contractor employees with unescorted access are required to return their badges when leaving the protected area. Current regulatory practice allows licensee employees to leave the protected area with their badges if adequate safeguards are in place to ensure that the proper use of the badge is not compromised or that a system such as biometrics is in place to ensure that only the proper person uses the badge for gaining access to the protected area. Because contractors and licensees are subject to the same programs required for unescorted access, there is no reason to employ more stringent badge control requirements for contractor employees.

This amended rulemaking allows contractor employees to take their badges offsite under the same conditions as licensee employees.

Comment. All commenters supported this provision.

Response. The final rule will be published as proposed, with a sentence added to ensure that the integrity of the access controls are not adversely affected.

Comment. One commenter wanted the physical differentiation between contractor and employee badges eliminated.

Response. This comment provided no reason for changing the current requirement of having employee and contractor badges distinguishable. Further the staff has no reason to make such a change. Because of this and the fact that this comment is outside the scope of this rulemaking this change is not being made.

#### 4. Maintenance of Access Lists for Each Vital Area (§ 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A)).

Maintaining separate access lists for each vital area and reapproval of these lists on a monthly basis is of marginal value. At many sites, persons granted access to one vital area also have access to most or all vital areas. Licensees presently derive little additional benefit from maintaining discrete lists of individuals allowed access to each separate vital area in the facility. Also, licensee managers or supervisors are required to update the access lists at least once every

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31 days to add or delete individuals from these lists as appropriate. There is also a requirement to reapprove the list every 31 days. However, reapproval of all individuals on the lists at least every 31 days, to validate that the lists have been maintained accurately is unnecessarily burdensome.

This rulemaking replaces separate access authorization lists for each vital area of the facility with a single list of all persons who have access to any vital area. It also changes the requirement to reapprove the list at least once every 31 days to quarterly. Reapproval consists of a review to ensure that the list is current and that only those individuals requiring routine access to a vital area are included. Because a manager or supervisor must update the list, conducting this comprehensive reapproval every 31 days is of marginal value.

Comment. All commenters supported these provisions.

Response. The final rule will be published as proposed.

The Commission desires to remind licensees that they are responsible for properly controlling access, and that the changes to § 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A) do not remove their responsibility to establish procedures to ensure that persons no longer needing unescorted access are not granted such access.

#### 5. Key Controls for Vital Areas (§ 73.55(d)(8)).

Under the current regulations, licensees must change or rotate all keys, locks, combinations, and related access control devices at least once every twelve months. The rule also requires that these be changed whenever there is a possibility they have been compromised, or when an individual with access to the keys, locks, or combinations has been terminated for reasons of trustworthiness, reliability, or inadequate work performance. Additionally requiring such change every 12 months has been determined by the NRC to be only marginal to security.

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This amended rule removes the requirement for changing access control devices at least every 12 months while retaining the requirement to making changes for cause, and when an access control device has been, or there is a suspicion that it may have been compromised.

Comment. One commenter requested that the words "inadequate work performance" in the rule language be removed or defined.

Response. The NRC sees no need to define "inadequate work performance" because the term characterizes many factors and judgements involving removal for cause. Further, the comment is outside the scope of this rulemaking.

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### Regulatory Action

The final rule will be promulgated with the changes made to the proposed rule in response to the public comments. Two of the public comments were not accommodated because they requested changes to the regulations that were not put forward in the proposed rule.

### Environmental Impact: Categorical Exclusion

The Commission has determined that this final rule is the type of action described as a categorical exclusion in 10 CFR 51.22(c)(3)(i). Therefore, neither an environmental impact statement nor an environmental assessment has been prepared for this final rule.

### Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

This final rule amends information collection requirements that are subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). These requirements were approved by the Office of Management and Budget, approval number 3150-0002.

Because the rule will reduce existing information collection requirements, the public burden for this collection of information is expected to be decreased by 100 hours per licensee. This reduction includes the time required for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments on any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for further reducing the burden, to the Information and Records Management Branch (T-6 F33), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by Internet electronic mail to BJS1@NRC.Gov; and to the Desk Officer, Office of information and

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Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0002), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

### Public Protection Notification

The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### Regulatory Analysis

A discussion of each of the five changes in this final rule is provided above in the supplementary information section. The costs and benefits for each of the changes in this rulemaking are as follows.

1. Search Requirements for On-duty Guards (§ 73.55(d)(1)).

The regulatory burden on licensees will be reduced by eliminating unnecessary weapon searches of guards who are already allowed to carry a weapon on site, which will result in better utilization of licensee resources. There will be no reduction in plant security, and there is no reduction in the total size of the security force. Further, the potential safety risk to personnel caused by removing and handling a guard's weapon will be eliminated.

2. Requirements for Vehicle Escort (73.55(d)(4)).

The regulatory burden on licensees will be reduced by requiring fewer vehicle escorts, which will allow personnel to be utilized more effectively or for other purposes. Resources could be redirected to areas in which they will be more cost effective. The decrease in security

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will be marginal, because unescorted access will be restricted to vehicles owned or leased by the licensee being driven by personnel with unescorted access.

Assuming the number of such entries of licensee owned or leased vehicles driven by personnel having unescorted access is 10 per day per site, the average time needed for escort is 3 hours, and the cost per hour for security personnel is \$30 (loaded), a rough estimate of the potential savings per site per year is about \$330,000 (10 escorts/day/site x 365 days/year x 3 hrs/escort x \$30/hr). With 75 sites, the savings to the industry per year will be approximately \$24,000,000.

3. Control of Contractor Employee Badges (§ 73.55(d)(5)).

The regulatory burden on licensees will be reduced by a more effective use of security personnel, who will no longer need to handle badges for contractor personnel who have unescorted access. There will be no reduction in plant security because adequate safeguards will be in place to ensure that badges are properly used and not compromised, and a system such as biometrics is in place to ensure that only the proper person uses the badge to gain access to the protected area.

Assuming that two security persons per working shift change, 5 shifts per day, one hour per shift are relieved from the duties of controlling contractor employee badges during an outage lasting 3 months. Further, assume that the cost per hour for security personnel is \$30 (loaded), a rough estimate of the potential savings per site per year is about \$27,000 (10 hours/day x 90 days/year x \$30 hr). With 75 sites, the savings to the industry per year will be approximately \$2,000,000.

4. Maintenance of Access Lists for Each Vital Area (§ 73.55(d)(7)(i)(A)).

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The regulatory burden on licensees will be reduced because licensees will have to keep only one access list for all vital areas and reapprove it quarterly, rather than keep individual access lists for each vital area that must be reapproved monthly.

Assuming that the time to reapprove each of the individual lists is 1 hour per month, that a combined list will take 1.5 hours per month, that the average number of vital areas per site is 10, and that the cost of a clerk including overhead is \$30 per hour (loaded), a rough estimate of the potential savings per site per year is about \$3,400 [(1x10 vital areas/month x 12 months/yr- 1.5x1 combined vital area/quarter x 4 quarters/yr) x \$30/hr]. With 75 sites, the savings to the industry per year will be approximately \$260,000.

#### 5. Key Controls for Vital Areas (§ 73.55(d)(8)).

The regulatory burden on the licensees will be reduced because fewer resources will be needed to maintain the system.

Assuming that, of approximately 60 locks that are changed each year under the current requirement, half of them were changed because an individual was removed for cause or the lock may have been compromised, 30 locks remain in need of change. Assuming that it takes a locksmith 10 hours to change all 30 locks at a cost (loaded) of \$45 per hour, a rough estimate of the potential savings per site per year is about \$450 (10 hrs/year x \$45/hr). With 75 sites, the savings to the industry per year will be approximately \$34,000.

#### Regulatory Flexibility Certification

As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act as amended, 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Commission certifies that this final rule, if adopted, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This final rule will affect only licensees authorized to

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operate nuclear power reactors. These licensees do not fall within the scope of the definition of "small entities" set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act, or the Small Business Size Standards set out in regulations issued by the Small Business Administration Act, 13 CFR Part 121.

#### Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

In accordance with the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, the NRC has determined that this action is not a major rule and has verified this determination with the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget.

#### Backfit Analysis

The Commission has determined that the backfit rule, 10 CFR 50.109, does not apply to this final amendment because this amendment will not impose new requirements on existing 10 CFR Part 50 licensees. The changes to physical security are voluntary and should the licensee decide to implement this amendment, will be a reduction in burden to the licensee. Therefore, a backfit analysis has not been prepared for this amendment.

#### List of Subjects in 10 CFR Part 73

Criminal penalties, Hazardous materials transportation, Export, Incorporation by reference, Import, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures.

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For the reasons set out in the preamble and under the authority of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended; the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended; and 5 U.S.C. 552 and 553; the NRC is adopting the following amendments to 10 CFR Part 73.

PART 73 -- PHYSICAL PROTECTION OF PLANTS AND MATERIALS

1. The authority citation for Part 73 continues to read as follows:

AUTHORITY: Secs. 53, 161, 68 Stat. 930, 948, as amended, sec. 147, 94 Stat. 780 (42 U.S.C. 2073, 2167, 2201); sec. 201, as amended, 204, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended, 1245, sec. 1701, 106 Stat. 2951, 2952, 2953 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5844, 2297f).

Section 73.1 also issued under secs. 135, 141, Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2232, 2241 (42 U.S.C. 10155, 10161). Section 73.37(f) also issued under sec. 301, Pub. L. 96-295, 94 Stat. 789 (42 U.S.C. 5841 note). Section 73.57 is issued under sec. 606, Pub. L. 99-399, 100 Stat. 876 (42 U.S.C. 2169).

2. Section 73.55 is amended by revising paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(4), (d)(5), (d)(7)(i)(A), and (d)(8) to read as follows:

§ 73.55 Requirements for physical protection of licensed activities in nuclear power reactors against radiological sabotage.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) \*\*\*

The Commissioners

(1) The licensee shall control all points of personnel and vehicle access into a protected area. Identification and search of all individuals unless otherwise provided herein must be made and authorization must be checked at these points. The search function for detection of firearms, explosives, and incendiary devices must be accomplished through the use of both firearms and explosive detection equipment capable of detecting those devices. The licensee shall subject all persons except bona fide Federal, State, and local law enforcement personnel on official duty to these equipment searches upon entry into a protected area. Armed security guards who are on duty and have exited the protected area may reenter the protected area without being searched for firearms. When the licensee has cause to suspect that an individual is attempting to introduce firearms, explosives, or incendiary devices into protected areas, the licensee shall conduct a physical pat-down search of that individual. Whenever firearms or explosives detection equipment at a portal is out of service or not operating satisfactorily, the licensee shall conduct a physical pat-down search of all persons who would otherwise have been subject to equipment searches. The individual responsible for the last access control function (controlling admission to the protected area) must be isolated within a bullet-resisting structure as described in paragraph (c)(6) of this section to assure his or her ability to respond or to summon assistance.

\* \* \* \* \*

(4) All vehicles, except under emergency conditions, must be searched for items which could be used for sabotage purposes prior to entry into the protected area. Vehicle areas to be searched must include the cab, engine compartment, undercarriage, and cargo area. All vehicles, except as indicated below, requiring entry into the protected area must be escorted by a member of the security organization while within the protected area and, to the extent practicable, must be off loaded in the protected area at a specific designated materials receiving area that is not

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adjacent to a vital area. Escort is not required for designated licensee vehicles or licensee-owned or leased vehicles entering the protected area and driven by personnel having unescorted access. Designated licensee vehicles shall be limited in their use to onsite plant functions and shall remain in the protected area except for operational, maintenance, repair, security and emergency purposes. The licensee shall exercise positive control over all such designated vehicles to assure that they are used only by authorized persons and for authorized purposes.

(5) A numbered picture badge identification system must be used for all individuals who are authorized access to protected areas without escort. An individual not employed by the licensee but who requires frequent and extended access to protected and vital areas may be authorized access to such areas without escort provided that he or she displays a licensee-issued picture badge upon entrance into the protected area which indicates:

- (i) Non-employee no escort required;
- (ii) areas to which access is authorized; and
- (iii) the period for which access has been authorized.

Badges shall be displayed by all individuals while inside the protected area. Badges may be removed from the protected area when measures are in place to confirm the true identity and authorization for access of the badge holder upon entry into the protected area.

\* \* \* \* \*

(7) \*\*\*

(i) \*\*\*

(A) Establish a current authorization access list for all vital areas. The access list must be updated by the cognizant licensee manager or supervisor at least once every 31 days and must be

The Commissioners

reapproved at least quarterly. The licensee shall include on the access list only individuals whose specific duties require access to vital areas during nonemergency conditions.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d)(8) All keys, locks, combinations, and related access control devices used to control access to protected areas and vital areas must be controlled to reduce the probability of compromise. Whenever there is evidence or suspicion that any key, lock, combination, or related access control devices may have been compromised, it must be changed or rotated. The licensee shall issue keys, locks, combinations and other access control devices to protected areas and vital areas only to persons granted unescorted facility access. Whenever an individual's unescorted access is revoked due to his or her lack of trustworthiness, reliability, or inadequate work performance, keys, locks, combinations, and related access control devices to which that person had access, must be changed or rotated.

\* \* \* \* \*

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1997.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

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John C. Hoyle,  
Secretary of the Commission.

The Commissioners

The Honorable James M. Inhofe, Chairman  
Subcommittee on Clean Air, Wetlands, Private  
Property and Nuclear Safety  
Committee on Environment and Public Works  
United States Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

Enclosed for the information of the Subcommittee is a copy of the amendment to 10 CFR Part 73 to be published in the Federal Register.

The amendment deletes certain security requirements associated with an internal threat following NRC's reconsideration of nuclear power plant physical security requirements to identify those that are marginal to safety, redundant, or no longer effective. The effect of this action is to reduce the regulatory burden on licensees without compromising physical protection against radiological sabotage required for public health and safety.

Sincerely,

Dennis K. Rathbun, Director  
Office of Congressional Affairs

Enclosure:  
Federal Register Notice

cc: Senator Bob Graham

The Commissioners

The Honorable James M. Inhofe, Chairman  
Subcommittee on Clean Air, Wetlands, Private  
Property and Nuclear Safety  
Committee on Environment and Public Works  
United States Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

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Sincerely,

Dennis K. Rathbun, Director  
Office of Congressional Affairs

Enclosure:  
Federal Register Notice

cc: Senator Bob Graham

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<b>DATE</b>	07/30/97		08/07/97		08/12/97		/ /97	

<b>OFC</b>	OCA	
<b>NAME</b>	DKRathbun	

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The Commissioners

The Honorable Dan Schaefer, Chairman  
Subcommittee on Energy and Power  
Committee on Commerce  
United States House of Representatives  
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

Enclosed for the information of the Subcommittee is a copy of the amendment to 10 CFR Part 73 to be published in the Federal Register.

The amendment deletes certain security requirements associated with an internal threat following NRC's reconsideration of nuclear power plant physical security requirements to identify those that are marginal to safety, redundant, or no longer effective. The effect of this action is to reduce the regulatory burden on licensees without compromising physical protection against radiological sabotage required for public health and safety.

Sincerely,

Dennis K. Rathbun, Director  
Office of Congressional Affairs

Enclosure:  
Federal Register Notice

cc: Representative Ralph Hall

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## **DRAFT PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT**

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is revising 10 CFR Part 73 to delete certain security requirements associated with an internal threat. This action follows reconsideration by the NRC of nuclear power plant physical security requirements to identify those that are marginal to safety, redundant, or no longer effective. The effect of this action is to reduce the regulatory burden on licensees without compromising physical protection against radiological sabotage required for public health and safety.

The five changes being addressed are as follows:

1. Under current regulations, armed security guards who leave the protected area as part of their duties must be searched for firearms, explosives, and incendiary devices upon re-entry into the protected area. Because an armed guard carries a weapon on site, passage of the guard through the metal detector, the principal purpose of which is to detect firearms, serves little purpose. This rulemaking allows armed security guards who are on duty and have exited the protected area to reenter the protected area without being searched for firearms (by a metal detector). Unarmed guards and watchpersons will continue to meet all search requirements. All guards will continue to be searched for explosives and incendiary devices because they are not permitted to carry these devices into the plant.

2. The present requirement for a searched vehicle within the protected area to be escorted by a member of the security organization, even when the driver is badged for unescorted access, may not contribute significantly to the security of the plant. Under current regulations, all vehicles must be searched prior to entry into the protected area except under emergency conditions. Further, all vehicles must be escorted by a member of the

The Commissioners

security organization upon entry into the protected area except for "designated licensee vehicles." "Designated licensee vehicles" are those vehicles that are limited in their use to onsite plant functions and remain in the protected area except for operational, maintenance, repair, security, and emergency purposes. Under this requirement, vehicles that are not "designated licensee vehicles" must be escorted at all times while in the protected area even when they are driven by personnel with unescorted access. This rule eliminates the requirement for escort of vehicles entering the protected area for work-related purposes provided that these licensee owned or leased vehicles are driven by personnel who have unescorted access.

3. Current regulatory practice allows licensee employees to leave the protected area with their badges if adequate safeguards are in place to ensure that the security of the badge is not jeopardized. Because contractors and licensees are subject to the same programs required for unescorted access, there is no reason to employ more stringent badge control requirements for contractor employees. This rule allows contractor employees to take their badges offsite under the same conditions that apply to licensee employees.

4. Maintaining separate access lists for each vital area and reapproval of these lists on a monthly basis may be of marginal value. At many sites, persons granted access to one vital area also have access to most or all vital areas. Therefore, licensees presently derive little additional benefit from maintaining discrete lists of individuals allowed access to each separate vital area in the facility. This rulemaking replaces separate access authorization lists for each vital area of the facility with a single list of all persons who have access to any vital area. The rulemaking also requires the list to be reapproved quarterly. The reapproval consists of a review to ensure that the list is up to date and that only those individuals requiring routine access to a vital area are included. Given the relatively low turnover of staff at a site and the requirement for a manager or supervisor to continue to update the list at least every 31 days, conducting this comprehensive reapproval every 31 days is of marginal value.

5. Under current regulation, licensees change or rotate all keys, locks, combinations, and related access control devices at least once every 12 months. Because the rule also requires that these be changed whenever there is a possibility of their being compromised, requiring change at least every 12 months is considered to be only marginal to security. This rulemaking removes the requirement for change every 12 months while retaining the requirement for changing for

The Commissioners

cause, that is when an access control device has been compromised or there is a suspicion that it may be compromised.

The Commissioners  
Mr. Robert P. Murphy  
General Counsel  
General Accounting Office  
Room 7175  
441 "G" Street, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20548

Dear Mr. Murphy:

Pursuant to Subtitle E of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, 5 U.S.C. 801, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is submitting final amendments to the Commission's rules in 10 CFR Part 73.

NRC is revising its regulations to delete certain security requirements associated with an internal threat following its reconsideration of nuclear power plant physical security requirements to identify those requirements that are marginal to safety, redundant, or no longer effective. This action will reduce the regulatory burden on licensees without compromising physical protection against radiological sabotage required for public health and safety.

We have determined that this rule is not a "major rule" as defined in 5 U.S.C. 804(2). We have confirmed this determination with the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosed is a copy of the final rule that is being transmitted to the Office of the Federal Register for publication. This final rule will become effective 45 days after it is published in the Federal Register.

Sincerely,

The Commissioners

Dennis K. Rathbun, Director

Office of Congressional Affairs

Enclosure: Final Rule

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The Commissioners  
The Honorable Al Gore  
President of the United  
States Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

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Speaker of the United States  
House of Representatives  
Washington, DC 20515

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