

NorthStar Vermont Yankee, LLC

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The World's Most Comprehensive Facility & Infrastructure Solutions Company - We Bring Answers.

Scott E. State, P.E. Chief Nuclear Officer

10 CFR 72.30

BVY 25-018

July 16, 2025

ATTN: Document Control Desk U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555-0001

- SUBJECT: ISFSI Decommissioning Funding Plan Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station Docket Nos. 50-271 and 72-59 License No. DPR-28
- REFERENCE: Letter, USNRC to Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., "Order Approving Transfer of the License for the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station and Conforming License Amendment (EPID# L-2017-LLM-0002)," dated October 11, 2018 (ML18242A638)

Dear Sir or Madam:

The NRC Final Rule on Decommissioning Planning was published in 76 FR 35512 on June 17,2011 with an effective date of December 17, 2012. The final rule includes a requirement (10 CFR 72.30) for each holder of a 10 CFR Part 72 License to submit, for NRC review and approval, a decommissioning funding plan for purposes of decommissioning the licensee's Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI), and to resubmit those plans with adjustments as necessary to account for changes in costs and the extent of contamination.

NorthStar Vermont Yankee is hereby submitting the required Funding Plan. The attached demonstrates that the surpluses in the 10 CFR 50.75 Decommissioning Trust Fund exceed the estimated costs of ISFSI decommissioning. The Trust Fund balances account for the 10 CFR Part 50 license expiration dates and the ISFSI decommissioning cost estimate (DCE) assumes all of the ISFSI license termination costs are incurred in the year in which spent fuel has been fully removed from the ISFSI. The values are reported in 2025 dollars.

This letter constitutes a certification that financial assurance is provided to cover the estimated cost of ISFSI decommissioning.

This letter contains no new regulatory commitments.

Should you have any questions concerning this letter or require additional information, please contact me at 212.951.3660.

### Best Regards, NorthStar Vermont Yankee, LLC

By:

Scott E. State, P.E. Chief Nuclear Officer

SES/tbs

Attachment: 10 CFR 72.30 ISFSI Decommissioning Funding Plan

cc: Director, Office of Material Safety and Safeguards U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

> Regional Administrator, Region 1 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 475 Allendale Rd, Suite 102 King of Prussia, PA 19406

Commissioner Vermont Department of Public Service 112 State Street – Drawer 20 Montpelier, Vermont 05602-2601

# Attachment

Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station

10 CFR 72.30 ISFSI Decommissioning Funding Plan (9 pages total including this cover sheet)

#### 10 CFR 72.30 ISFSI Decommissioning Funding Plan Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station ISFSI Docket 72-059

# 1. Background and Introduction

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) issued its final rule on Decommissioning Planning on June 17, 2011<sup>1</sup>, with the rule becoming effective on December 17, 2012. Subpart 72.30, "Financial assurance and recordkeeping for decommissioning," requires that each holder of, or applicant for, a license under this part must submit for NRC review and approval a decommissioning funding plan that contains information on how reasonable assurance will be provided that funds will be available to decommission the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI).

The rule also requires resubmittal of the decommissioning funding plan at intervals not to exceed 3 years, with adjustments as necessary to account for changes in costs and the extent of contamination. This document updates the funding plan previously submitted in February 2022<sup>2</sup>.

In accordance with the rule, this letter provides a detailed cost estimate for decommissioning the ISFSI at the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station (Vermont Yankee), in an amount reflecting:

- 1. The work performed by an independent contractor
- 2. An adequate contingency factor; and
- 3. Release of the facility and dry storage systems for unrestricted use, as specified in 10 CFR 20.1402

This letter also provides:

- 1. Identification of and justification for using the key assumptions contained in the cost estimate
- 2. A description of the method of assuring funds for decommissioning; and
- 3. The volume of onsite subsurface material containing residual radioactivity, if any, that will require remediation to meet the criteria for license termination.

# 2. Spent Fuel Management Strategy

Vermont Yankee permanently ceased reactor operations on December 29, 2014<sup>3</sup>. Approximately 3,880 spent fuel assemblies (3,879 assemblies and 1 fuel debris canister) were generated over the life of the plant. Because of the breach by the Department of Energy (DOE) of its contract to remove fuel from the site, an ISFSI has been constructed and fuel casks have been emplaced thereon to support plant operations. Based upon the current projection of the DOE's ability to remove spent fuel from the site, a second pad was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Parts 20, 30, 40, 50, 70 and 72 "Decommissioning Planning," Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Federal Register Volume 76, Number 117 (p 35512 et seq.), June 17, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Letter, Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. to USNRC, "ISFSI Decommissioning Funding Plans (10 CFR 72.30)," dated February 24, 2022, BVY 22-005 (Accession No. ML22037A007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> BVY 15-001, "Certifications of Permanent Cessation of Power Operations and Permanent Removal of Fuel from the Reactor Vessel," January 12, 2015 (Accession Number ML15013A426).

constructed to support decommissioning. The ISFSI is operated under a Part 50 General License (in accordance with 10 CFR 72, Subpart K<sup>4</sup>).

Because of the DOE's breach, the spent fuel is packaged in dry storage casks for interim storage at the ISFSI.

Completion of the ISFSI decommissioning process is dependent upon the DOE's ability to remove spent fuel from the site. DOE's repository program assumes that spent fuel allocations will be accepted for disposal from the nation's commercial nuclear plants, with limited exceptions, in the order (the "queue") in which it was discharged from the reactor. Vermont Yankee's current spent fuel management plan is based in general upon the spent fuel being fully removed from the Vermont Yankee site in 2052.

The DOE has taken the position that under the Standard Contract, it does not have an obligation to accept canistered fuel from licensees. This position, coupled with the DOE's failure to perform, has increased the difficulty of estimating future requirements under 10 CFR 72.30. The estimates presented in this report are for budgeting purposes only, and do not represent any conclusion by the licensee about how the DOE will perform in the future. This report should not be taken as any indication that the licensee knows how the DOE will eventually fulfill its obligations or has any specific expectation concerning that performance. If DOE's failure to perform results in specific additional costs beyond those reflected in this report, it is expected that the DOE will compensate the licensee for those costs.

NorthStar Vermont Yankee's position is that the DOE has a contractual obligation to accept the spent fuel earlier than the projections set out above consistent with its contract commitments. No assumption made in this study should be interpreted as being inconsistent with this position.

# 3. ISFSI Description

The design and capacity of the Vermont Yankee ISFSI(s) is based upon the Holtec HI-STORM 100S dry cask storage system. The system consists of a multi-purpose canister, with a nominal capacity of 68 fuel assemblies, and a steel-lined concrete storage overpack.

The Vermont Yankee spent fuel management plan resulted in 58 spent fuel storage casks being placed on the storage pads at the site (including the casks generated during plant operations). There is also one storage overpack used for the storage of Greater-than-Class-C (GTCC) waste placed on the storage pad.

Table 1 provides the significant quantities and physical dimensions used as the basis in developing the ISFSI decommissioning estimate.

# 4. Key Assumptions / Estimating Approach

The decommissioning estimate is based on the configuration of the ISFSI expected after all spent fuel and GTCC material has been removed from the site. The configuration of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 72, Subpart K, "General License for Storage of Spent Fuel at Power Reactor Sites."

ISFSI is based on the current spent fuel inventory at the site (3,880 assemblies) and the DOE's spent fuel acceptance assumptions, as previously described. For purposes of this analysis, the second pad was needed to accommodate all the casks used to store spent fuel at the site, including those casks placed on the initial ISFSI pad during plant operations. The second ISFSI pad is 93 feet by 106 feet and has a maximum capacity of 25 casks.

The dry storage vendor, Holtec International, does not expect the overpacks to have any interior or exterior radioactive surface contamination. Any neutron activation of the steel and concrete is expected to be extremely small<sup>5</sup>. The decommissioning estimate is based on the conservative assumption that some of the concrete overpacks will contain low levels of neutron-induced residual radioactivity that would necessitate remediation at the time of decommissioning. As an allowance, 6 of the 58 overpacks are assumed to be affected, i.e., contain residual radioactivity. The allowance quantity is based upon the number of casks required for the final core off-load (i.e., 368 offloaded assemblies, 68 assemblies per cask) which results in 6 overpacks.

The dry storage vendor, Holtec International, does not expect any residual contamination to be left on the concrete ISFSI pads<sup>6</sup>. It would be expected that this assumption would be confirmed as a result of good radiological practice of surveying potentially impacted areas after each spent fuel transfer campaign. It is assumed for this analysis that the ISFSI pads will not be contaminated. As such, only verification surveys are included for the pads in the decommissioning estimate. An allowance is also included for surveying any transfer equipment.

The estimate is limited to costs necessary to support termination of the NRC license and meet the §20.1402 criteria for unrestricted use.

The decommissioning cost study<sup>7</sup> developed for Vermont Yankee and filed with the NRC as part of the license transfer from Entergy to Northstar, included the potential cost for the remediation of radiologically contaminated soil on site, which includes the ISFSI. This study was based upon a review of the site's radiological records and associated affected areas. However, during the construction of the existing ISFSI, the soil excavated was replaced with engineered fill. This material is not expected to become contaminated from the operation of the ISFSI. The second pad is located adjacent to the first.

For purposes of the funding plan, ISFSI decommissioning is considered an independent project. Consistent with the estimate included with the Post Shutdown Decommissioning Activities Report<sup>8</sup>, in order to provide a more efficient decommissioning effort, NorthStar VY has initiated a series of Firm Fixed Price and Fixed Unit Price subcontracts to minimize the overall cost and schedule risk of the project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> HI-STORM FSAR, Holtec International, Report HI-2002444, Rev. 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid. page 2-206.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Letter, NorthStar to USNRC, "Notification of Revised Post-Shutdown Decommissioning Activities Report (Revised PSDAR)," Section 4.0, "Estimate of Expected Decommissioning and Spent Fuel Management Costs" dated April 6, 2017, BVY 17-045, (Accession Number ML17096A394).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Ibid.

The effects, if any, since the last submittal of the ISFSI decommissioning funding plan of the following events listed in 10 CFR 72.30(c)(1)-(4) have been specifically considered in the decommissioning cost estimate:

(1) Spills of radioactive material producing additional residual radioactivity in onsite subsurface material: There have been no spills at the ISFSI.

(2) Facility modifications: There have been no facility modifications of note since the previous update that affected the decommissioning cost estimate.

(3) Changes in authorized possession limits: There are no changes in authorized possession limits that affect the decommissioning cost estimate.

(4) Actual remediation costs that exceed the previous cost estimate: No actual remediation costs have been incurred, so no actual remediation costs exceed the previous cost estimate.

# 5. Cost Considerations

The estimated cost to decommission the ISFSI pads and release the facility and dry storage systems for unrestricted use is provided in Table 2. The cost includes an initial planning phase. During this phase the empty overpacks, ISFSI pads, and surrounding environs are characterized and the activity specifications and work procedures for the decontamination (overpack disposition) developed.

The next phase includes the cost for craft labor to demolish the activated overpacks, packaging in certified waste containers, transportation to the Andrews, TX site, disposal, as well as the costs for the supporting equipment, materials and supplies. The final phase includes the cost for the license termination survey, verification survey, and the associated equipment and laboratory support.

The estimate also contains costs for the NRC (and NRC contractor), site security (industrial), and other site operating costs.

For estimating purposes, it is assumed that all expenditures will be incurred in the year 2052, the year in which all spent fuel has been removed.

# 6. Financial Assurance

ISFSI operations at Vermont Yankee are in response to the DOE's failure to remove spent nuclear fuel from the site in a timely manner. The costs for management of the spent fuel are costs for which the DOE is responsible according to a judgment entered against the DOE under federal law and the Standard Contract<sup>9</sup>. It is therefore expected that, once the ISFSI is no longer needed, the cost to decommission the ISFSI would be a DOE-reimbursable expense. Until such time that the costs can be recovered from the DOE,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Corporation and Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee, LLC v. United States, Court of Federal Claims, Nos. 02-898C and 03-2663C (2006).

NorthStar will rely upon the money available in its decommissioning trust fund to terminate the ISFSI license and release the facility and dry storage systems for unrestricted use.

Using the decommissioning trust fund is reasonable based on the following:

- The decommissioning trust fund is for radiological decommissioning costs and spent fuel management costs<sup>10</sup>. The ISFSI decommissioning is a radiological cost. To the extent that the trust fund balance exceeds costs required for Part 50 radiological decommissioning and spent fuel management, these funds would be available to address costs incurred, including ISFSI decommissioning costs.
- The projected amount necessary for decommissioning Vermont Yankee is \$71.568 million, including spent fuel management costs, based upon the March 2025 10 CFR 50.75(f) filing for Vermont Yankee<sup>11</sup>.
- The current decommissioning trust fund balance was \$113.811 million (as of December 31, 2024), which is more than the projected costs as shown in Table 3<sup>12</sup>. Based on the remaining decommissioning trust fund balance in Table 3 below, projected fund earnings (assuming an annual 2% growth rate), and expected expenditures, the trust fund is expected to have an excess of \$18.005 million over the estimated license termination and spent fuel management costs.
- This surplus is more than sufficient to complete the decommissioning of the ISFSI (estimated cost provided in Table 2).

This certifies that, based on the trust fund balance and costs shown as of the dates reflected in this report, financial assurance has been provided in the amount of the cost estimate for decommissioning of the ISFSI.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. obtained an exemption that allows the use of Vermont Yankee trust funds for spent fuel management activities. See NRC Approval of Exemption Request for Spent Fuel Management, 80 Fed. Reg. 35992 (June 23, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Letter, NorthStar Vermont Yankee to USNRC, "Status of Decommissioning and Spent Fuel Management Fund for Year Ending 2024," March 31, 2025, (Accession Number ML25091A007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Ibid. Attachment 3, Table 3.

# Table 1Significant Quantities and Physical Dimensions

### ISFSI Pad

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Item	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Residual Radioactivity						
ISFSI Pad (1)	132	106	No						
ISFSI Pad (2)	93	106	No						

### ISFSI Storage Overpack

Item	Value	Notes
Overall Height (inches)	218	Dimensions are nominal
Outside Diameter (inches)	132.0	Dimensions are nominal
Inside Diameter (inches)	73.5	Dimensions are nominal
Quantity (total)	59	58 spent fuel + 1 GTCC
Quantity (with residual radioactivity)	6	Equivalent to the number of
		overpacks used to store the last
		complete core offload
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (total	17,232	Cubic Feet
packaged volume)		
Low-Level Radioactive Waste (packaged	94	Average weight density
density)		

# Other Potentially Impacted Items

Item	Value	Notes
Number of Overpacks used for GTCC	1	No residual radioactivity
storage		

	<b>Costs</b> (thousands of 2025 dollars)							Perso	Person-Hours	
	Removal	Packaging	Transport	Disposal	Other	Total	Class A (Cubic feet)	Craft	Oversight and Contractor	
Decommissioning										
Planning (characterization, specs & procedures)	-	-	-	-	\$175	\$175	-	-	1,325	
Decontamination/Demolition (activated cask disposition)	\$285	\$126	\$866	\$1,274	\$26	\$2,577	17,792	2,878		
License Termination (radiological surveys)	-	-	-	-	\$702	\$702	-	4,557	-	
Subtotal	\$285	\$126	\$866	\$1,274	\$903	\$3,454	17,792	7,435	1,325	
Supporting Costs										
Contracted Services	-	-	-	-	\$239	\$239	-	-	1,806	
NRC/State Fees	-	-	-	-	\$126	\$126	-	-	-	
Insurance	-	-	-	-	\$119	\$119	-	-	-	
All Labor - Loaded	-	-	-	-	\$770	\$770	-	-	5,833	
Materials & Supplies	-	-	-	-	\$25	\$25	-	-	-	
Misc./Personal Expenses	-	-	-	-	\$22	\$22	-	-	-	
Property and other Taxes	-	-	-	-	\$184	\$184	-	-	-	
Utilities	-	-	-	-	\$24	\$24	-	-	-	
ISFSI Fuel Management & Operations	-	-	-	-	\$116	\$116	-	-	881	
Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,625	\$1,625	0	-	8,520	
GRAND TOTAL	\$285	\$125	\$866	\$1,274	\$2,528	\$5,079				

 Table 2

 NorthStar Vermont Yankee - ISFSI Decommissioning Costs and Waste Volumes

Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station - PROMPT DECON Methodology										
Annual Cash Flow Analysis - Total License Termination, Spent Fuel Management										
(Inousands of 2025 Dollars) - See column definitions below										
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	П	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Coutributions	Column 8	Column 9
Year	License Termination Cost	Spent Fuel Cost	Total Expenses		Beginning of Period Funded Balance	Withdrawals	Contributions DOE Recovery	NorthStar Escrow Deposits / Distributions	Annual Earnings on Fund	End-Of-Year Fund Balance
2025	\$31,109	\$4,241	\$35,350		\$113,811	\$35,350	\$12,723	\$0	\$1,824	\$93,008
2026	\$23,408	\$4,241	\$27,649		\$93,008	\$27,649	\$12,723	\$0	\$1,562	\$79,643
2027	\$13,596	\$8,944	\$22,540		\$79,643	\$22,540	\$8,482	-\$59,441	\$1,312	\$7 <i>,</i> 455
2028		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$7,455	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$149	\$7 <i>,</i> 604
2029		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$7,604	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$152	\$7,756
2030		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$7,756	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$155	\$7 <i>,</i> 911
2031		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$7,911	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$158	\$8,070
2032		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$8,070	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$161	\$8,231
2033		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$8,231	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$165	\$8,396
2034		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$8,396	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$168	\$8,564
2035		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$8,564	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$171	\$8,735
2036		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$8,735	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$175	\$8,910
2037		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$8,910	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$178	\$9,088
2038		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$9,088	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$182	\$9,270
2039		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$9,270	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$185	\$9,455
2040		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$9,455	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$189	\$9,644
2041		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$9,644	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$193	\$9,837
2042		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$9,837	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$197	\$10,034
2043		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$10,034	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$201	\$10,234
2044		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$10,234	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$205	\$10,439
2045		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$10,439	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$209	\$10,648
2046		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$10,648	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$213	\$10,861
2047		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$10,861	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$217	\$11,078
2048		\$8,944	\$8,944		\$11,078	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$222	\$11,300
2049		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$11,300	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$226	\$11,526
2050		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$11,526	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$231	\$11,756
2051		\$8,944	\$8,944	1	\$11,756	\$8,944	\$8,944	\$0	\$235	\$11,991
2052	\$3,454	\$8,944	\$12,398	1	\$11,991	\$12,398	\$8,944	\$0	\$171	\$8,708
2053				1	\$8,708	\$0	\$8,944	\$0	\$353	\$18,005
TOTAL	\$71,568	\$241,031	\$312,599	][	\$113,811	\$312,599	\$266,477	-\$59,441	\$9,757	\$18,005

# Table 3Financial Assurance