

Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station 5501 N. State Route 2 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449

419-321-7676

Terry J. Brown Site Vice President, Davis-Besse Nuclear

September 7, 2021

L-21-195

10 CFR 50.73

ATTN: Document Control Desk United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Subject: Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1 Docket Number 50-346, License Number NPF-3 Licensee Event Report 2021-003-00

Enclosed is Licensee Event Report (LER) 2021-003-00, "Reactor Trip due to Failed Uninterruptible Power Supply and Steam Feedwater Rupture Control System Actuations." This event is being reported pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A).

There are no regulatory commitments contained in this letter or its enclosure. The actions described represent intended or planned actions and are described for information only. If there are any questions or if additional information is required, please contact Mr. Robert W. Oesterle, Manager, Site Regulatory Compliance and Emergency Response, at (419) 321-7462.

Sincerely,

Terry J. Brown

GMW

Enclosure: LER 2021-003-00

cc: NRC Region III Administrator NRC Resident Inspector NRR Project Manager Utility Radiological Safety Board

NRC FORM 366 U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COL					MMI	ISSION		BY OMB: NO			EXPIRES						
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1. Facil	ity Nam	e									2. Docket Number			3.	3. Page		
Davis-	Besse	Nuclear	Power Sta	tion, Unit	1						05000 346				1 O F		7
4. Title:																	
React	Reactor Trip due to Failed Uninterruptible Power Supply and Steam Feedv							dwater Rupture Control System Actuations									
	5. Event Date		6. LER Number				7. Report Date				8. Other Facilities			s Involved			
Month	Day	Year	Year	Sequential Number		ev Month Day		Day		Year	Facility Name			05000		Docket	Number
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9. Oper	ating M	ode		4						10. Po	wer Level		400				
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	11. This Report is Submitted Pursuant to the Requirements of 10 CFR §: (Check all that apply)																
10	CFR P	art 20	20.2203(a)(2)(vi)			50.36(c)(2)			⊠ 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A)			50.7	/3(a)(2)(x)	(a)(2)(x)			
20	.2201(b)		20.2203(a)(3)(i)			50.46(a)(3)(ii)			50.73(a)(2)(v)(A)			10 CFR Part 73		73			
20.2201(d)		20.2203(a)(3)(ii)			50.69(g)			50.73(a)(2)(v)(B)			73.71(a)(4)						
20.2203(a)(1)		20.2203(a)(4)			50.73(a)(2)(i)(A)			50.73(a)(2)(v)(C)			73.71(a)(5)						
20	20.2203(a)(2)(i)		10 CFR Part 21			50.73(a)(2)(i)(B)			50.73(a)	2)(v)(D)		73.7	7(a)(1)				
20	20.2203(a)(2)(ii)		21.2(c)			50.73(a)(2)(i)(C)			50.73(a)(2)(vii)			73.7	7(a)(2)(i)				
20	.2203(a)	(2)(iii)	10 CFR Part 50				50.73(a)(2)(ii)(A)			50.73(a)	2)(viii)(A)		73.7	7(a)(2)(ii)			
20	.2203(a)	(2)(iv)	50.36(c)(1)(i)(A)				50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B)			50.73(a)	2)(viii)(B)						
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🛛 No)	Y	es (If yes, cor	nplete 15. E	xpect	ted Su	Ibmission	n Date)		15. E	Expected Sul	omission Da	ate				
16. Abst	ract (Lin	nit to 1400 sp	aces, i.e., appro	oximately 14 s	ingle-s	spaced	typewritte	n lines)									
auto plar Ger Rea stea	On July 8, 2021, with the Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station operating at approximately 100 percent power, an automatic reactor trip occurred due to de-energization of Motor Control Centers caused by a breaker failure during planned testing. The simultaneous failure of an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) caused a loss of power to the Main Generator Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR), resulting in a Generator lockout and trip of the Main Turbine and Reactor. Following the Reactor trip, overcooling was observed due to loss of power to a Moisture Separator Reheater steam source valve, and operators manually initiated Emergency Core Cooling Systems (ECCS) per procedure. The Steam and Feedwater Rupture Control System (SFRCS) actuated on low Steam Generator (SG) 1 level, starting the																
	Auxiliary Feedwater System. During post-trip response, SG 2 low pressure was experienced while transferring Gland Steam Supply, actuating SFRCS to isolate Main Feedwater and close the Main Steam Isolation Valves.																

The cause of the reactor trip was inadequate review for impact on the UPS when selecting it as a power source during AVR installation. The cause of the subsequent SFRCS actuation was failure of the Gland Steam Seal feed valve pneumatic actuator. This event is being reported pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A) as automatic actuations of the Reactor Protection and Auxiliary Feedwater Systems, and manual actuation of ECCS.

NRC FORM 366B (08-2020) LIC (See NUREG-1022, R. http://www.nrc.gov/ 1. FACILITY NAME Davis-Besse Nuclear P		_ER)	Estimated burden per response to comply with this ma lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing pro regarding burden estimate to the FOIA, Library, and In Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and the OMB reviewer Affairs, (3150-0104), Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclea Washington, DC 20503; e-mail: <u>oira submission@</u> sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a requesting or requiring the collection displays a current!			ess and fed back to industry. Send comments ormation Collections Branch (T-6 A10M), U. S. DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to at: OMB Office of Information and Regulatory r Regulatory Commission, 725 17 th Street NW, <u>mb.eop.gov</u> . The NRC may not conduct or collection of information unless the document			
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NRC FORM 366A (08-2020)				Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported							
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1. FACILITY NAME	1. FACILITY NAME 2. DO			CKET NUMBER 3. LER NUMBER							
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NARRATIVE Energy Industr	y Identification System (EIIS)) codes are iden	tified in the text as [XX	[].							

System Description:

The Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station (DBNPS) Main Generator [TB] converts rotating mechanical energy of the Main Turbine [TA] into electrical energy. The excitation system provides regulated Direct Current (DC) power to the Main Generator field/rotor for controlling the voltage and reactive volt-ampere output of the Main Generator. The alternator-exciter is a direct-coupled AC synchronous generator driven from the Main Generator rotor. Generator excitation is controlled by varying field current to the exciter by using the Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR) as a power source for excitation.

The Steam and Feedwater Rupture Control System (SFRCS) [JB] is a protection system designed to automatically start the Auxiliary Feedwater (AFW) System [BA] in the event of a main steam line break, Main Feedwater (MFW) line rupture, a low level in the Steam Generator [AB-SG] or a loss of all four Reactor Coolant Pumps [AB-P]. SFRCS is designed to automatically isolate the Main Steam System and MFW System in the event of a Main Steam Line Break or MFW line rupture. The AFW System is automatically aligned to feed the unaffected steam generator (SG) upon a loss of steam pressure in one of the SGs. The SFRCS is required to ensure an adequate feedwater supply to the SGs to remove reactor decay heat during periods when the normal feedwater supply has been lost.

The Integrated Control System (ICS) [JA] provides for coordination of the Reactor, SG feedwater control, and Main Turbine under all operating conditions. This coordination consists of producing the best load response to the unit load demand while recognizing the capabilities and limitations of the reactor, SG feedwater system, and turbine. When any single portion of the station is at an operating limit or a control section is on manual, the ICS uses the limited or manual section as a load reference. One of the features of the ICS Feedwater Subsystem is a Rapid Feedwater Reduction (RFR) scheme. The RFR scheme is designed to prevent refeeding the steam generators with feedwater when not warranted, which could cause a primary system (RCS) overcooling transient. The RFR circuitry provides for a rapid decrease in feedwater flow rate after a reactor trip and is also designed to preclude low steam generator level SFRCS actuations resulting from undershoot of the low level control limits. After a reactor trip, with all feedwater stations in automatic, an RFR demand signal equivalent to approximately four percent of total feedwater flow is substituted for valve position.

DESCRIPTION OF EVENT:

On July 8, 2021, the DBNPS was operating in Mode 1 at approximately 100 percent power, with no equipment inoperable that contributed to the event. Post-Maintenance Testing was being performed on non-safety related Breaker BF306, 480 VAC Motor Control Center (MCC) E32A Alternate Feeder [EC-BKR] following planned preventive maintenance. At 2151 hours, Breaker BF306 was tested satisfactorily. At 2154 hours, when switching back to the normal power supply, Breaker BE306, the normal feeder for MCC E32A [EC-BKR], failed and operators in the field observed a puff of smoke when BE306 attempted to close. The breaker attempted to close, resulting in a trip of the alternate feeder breaker, BF306, and ultimately a loss of both the normal and alternate feeder breakers to MCC E32A, 480V Turbine Building Non-Essential Motor Control Center [EC], in addition to its cascaded MCC E32B. The significant loads lost include the AC power supply to the Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) for the Digital Electro-Hydraulic Control (DEHC) System [JJ], Moisture Separator Reheater (MSR) 1 Second Stage Reheat Steam Source Valve MS199 [SB-ISV], Excitation Cubicle C4301 [TL], EHC Pump 1 [TG-P],

NRC FORM 366A (08-2020) U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATOR LICENSEE EVENT REPOR CONTINUATION SHE (See NUREG-1022, R.3 for instruction and guidance for co	APPROVED BY OMB: NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES: 08/31/2023 Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-6 A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and the OMB reviewer at: OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, (3150-0104), Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503; e-mail: <u>oira submission@omb.eop.gov</u> . The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the document requesting or requiring the collection						
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DESCRIPTION OF EVENT: (continued)							
and Main Feedwater Pump Turbine (MFPT) pumps, alternate pumps powered from an u When the AC power was lost to the DEHC U power to the Automatic Voltage Regulator (A redundant sources of power to the DEHC at The AVR supplies one of two available sour [JJ-BTRY] would normally be expected to p However, the battery feeder breaker was fo plant trip. The DEHC remained energized v alternate supply of excitation power from Mu available but not connected. The failure of the ATS, resulting in a loss of generator field ex Generator, which tripped the Main Turbine at trip of the Reactor Protection System (RPS) response to the Reactor trip was as designed Due to the loss of power to the motor opera	UPS, the UPS fa AVR) Automatic nd is the sole so rces of power for ick up and susta und tripped and via its alternate fo CC F33A, without the UPS and the ccitation. The los and satisfied the) at 2154 hours f ed, and all control	source maintained th riled to pick up load, re Transfer Switch (ATS urce of control power excitation to the Alter in power in the event a degraded battery ce eed from MCC F32A. It the ATS completing loss of E32A resulted so of field excitation ca Anticipatory Reactor rom approximately 10 of rods fully inserted.	e equipment esulting in a). The UPS for the AVR rex exciter. of a loss of A ell was disco While the A the transfer I in a loss of bused a lock Trip System 0 percent pc Reheat Stea	t function. loss of contro supplies one transfer switc The UPS bat AC power inpu- vered followir VR did not los , power was control powe out of the Ma logic, resultin ower. Initial u	l of the ch. ttery ut. ng the se the er to the in ng in a nit		
valve remained open following the trip inste- percent. This resulted in overcooling of the Operators at 2158 hours during the immedia Pressure Injection (LPI) [BP], and Makeup [2158 hours. The source of overcooling was to manually close MS199, which was accom overcooling the SFRCS automatically initiat	ad of automatica Reactor Coolan ate post-trip resp [CB] was placed s identified per p nplished at appro	ally closing when turbin t System, which was in conse. High-Pressure in service in accordan rocedure as MS199 an coximately 2202 hours.	ne load was dentified by Injection (H ice with proc nd an operat However, c	less than ten the Control R IPI) [BQ], Lov cedures startin tor was dispat due to the	loom v- ng at tched		

Following the turbine trip, problems were experienced with control of feedwater through Startup Feedwater Control Valve SP7B [SJ-FCV], as the valve failed to open to control SG level after RFR was released. HPI, LPI, and Makeup were secured, and the operating crew began taking actions to reduce Main Steam loads, which included startup of the Auxiliary Boiler [SA-BLR], shutting down MFPT 1 and AFPT 1. At approximately 2345 hours Operators started to shift Main Turbine Gland Steam Supply from Main Steam to Auxiliary Steam in accordance with procedure. This procedure instructed the operators to slowly open the bypass valve for the Gland Steam Seal Feed Valve [TC-PCV] from the control room until the Gland Steam Seal Feed Valve went closed automatically or approximately 3 psig pressure is obtained in the Gland Steam Supply header. The Gland Steam Seal Feed Valve did not respond properly to the increasing Gland Steam pressure and was discovered to be approximately 60 percent open following the event with a full closed signal. The increase in steam to the Gland Steam Supply header resulted in lifting the Gland Steam System relief valves [TC-RV]. This extra steam load resulted in actuation of SFRCS Actuation Channel 2 at 2358 hours on Steam Generator 2 low pressure (approximately 630 psig). All SFRCS Components responded as designed, closing both Main Steam Isolation Valves (MSIVs) [SB-ISV] isolating MFW to the SGs. Operators took manual control of the Atmospheric Vent Valves [SB-PCV] to control SG Pressure when they failed to operate in automatic following the SFRCS actuation.

SFRCS components responded as designed, with both Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbines (AFPTs) starting.

NRC FORM 366A (08-2020) LICENSEE EVENT REPOR CONTINUATION SHE (See NUREG-1022, R.3 for instruction and guidance for co http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/nuregs/s	RT (LER) ET mpleting this form	APPROVED BY OMB: NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES: 08/31/2023 Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-6 A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and the OMB reviewer at: OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, (3150-0104), Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503; e-mail: oira submission@omb.eop.gov. The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the document requesting or requiring the collection displays a currently valid OMB control number.						
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Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station Unit 1	05000 -	346	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REV NO.			
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NARRATIVE CAUSE OF EVENT:								
The direct cause of the reactor trip was that with the AVR aligned to MCC E32A, a failure of breaker BE306 to close coincident with a failure of a battery within the DEHC UPS caused a loss of control power to the ATS, preventing the ATS from transferring to the alternate source. The UPS battery failed due to normal aging. The failure of breaker BE306 to close is considered the initiating event, as the breaker failure is not considered an unacceptable failure and the same event would have occurred if breaker BF306 had failed or any other loss of MCC E32A occurred.								
The primary cause of the ATS failure was that a change in the ATS control power was not adequately reviewed for impact on the DEHC UPS. The DEHC and Turbine Supervisory Instrumentation (TSI) systems have redundant power sources; two independent 120 VAC power supplies and a single 120 VAC source for cabinet utility power used for lighting, fans, and receptacles. Either source is capable of supplying the full required load, with one supply including the UPS. The 15 kVA single phase UPS and batteries are designed to supply back up power to the components for one hour to allow sufficient time for the turbine to slow to turning gear speed in the event of a loss of normal power. The UPS is fed from breaker BE3214 located on 480 VAC Turbine Building MCC E32A. The second AC source is fed from breaker BF3212 located on 480 VAC MCC F32A to a 15 kVA regulating transformer. The regulating transformer and UPS each feed separate 120V distribution panels to power the DEHC equipment. The original purpose of the UPS was to provide power when there was a loss of both E32A and F32A, which would also result in a turbine trip, so the turbine could be monitored post trip. The UPS is the third source of power for the DEHC and would not be required as long as E32A or F32A were available. Based on this, the equipment was classified as "Non-Impact" when installed in 2014 since the UPS was not required to support plant operation.								
When the Main Generator AVR and ATS we taken from a single source that is backed up AVR and the normal control power to the A ⁻ source was lost, the AVR and ATS both lose transfer the AVR to the alternate source. A turbine trip if the 480 VAC source to the AVI AVR system and ATS relied upon the UPS installed the DEHC System was not intende Engineering Change appeared to have eval UPS would normally be considered a reliabl power to the UPS was also the normal cont on a loss of E32A that would require the AT their normal source of power and the ATS w	by a battery. F S via the UPS of a normal power failure of the DE R is simultaneou installed with the d to address that uated the poten e source of power rol power for the S to transfer to the	Prior to the July 8, 202 were on the same bus and the UPS battery n EHC UPS prevents the usly lost. The Engines a DEHC System. The at the UPS would also tial effect of a failure of ver, the design did not a ATS and normal 480 the alternate source, a	1 trip, the 48 Therefore, nust function ATS from v ring Change Engineering supply the A f the UPS of consider tha VAC supply Il three com	the 480 VAC supply if the 480 VA for the ATS vorking, cause that installed Change that ATS. Neither the ATS. W the AC sourt for the AVR, ponents woul	y to the AC to ing a d the t /hile a rce of thus ld lose			

A contributing cause is that the AVR is normally aligned to MCC E32A which is also the source of power to the DEHC UPS, thus the ATS will always lose normal control power when it is required to transfer to the alternate source and must rely solely on the DEHC UPS batteries. If the AVR was normally supplied from F33A, the loss of E32A and the failure of the DEHC UPS would not have resulted in a turbine trip.

AVR to its alternate power source. The component classifications were not evaluated when the UPS was used as

the sole source of power for ATS control power.

NRC FORM 366A (08-2020) LICE (See NUREG-1022, R.3 for in http://www.nrc.gov/reading	APPROVED BY OMB: NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES: 08/31/2023 Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-6 A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and the OMB reviewer at: OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, (3150-0104), Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503; e-mail: oira_submission@omb.eop.gov. Iter Nuclear Regulatory of information unless the document requesting or requiring the collection displays a currently valid OMB control number.					
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NARRATIVE						
CAUSE OF EVENT:	(continued)					
	y throttles the Startup I minutes following the ti					

Startup Valves and return to SG level control. The failure of Startup Valve SP7B to control in automatic following the turbine trip is most likely due to a wind-up condition not releasing properly within the tie-back feedback integral control circuit of the ICS module that controls the valve during low level limit control.

The Gland Steam Seal Feed Valve failed at approximately 60 percent open due to a degraded O-ring on the closing side pneumatic piston actuator. The O-ring degradation was age and heat related, causing the O-ring to become brittle and not seal.

ANALYSIS OF EVENT:

All control rods inserted fully as designed. Following the Reactor trip, all SFRCS components responded as designed for the SG 1 low level actuation, starting both AFPTs. For the subsequent SFRCS actuation on low SG 2 low pressure, all SFRCS components again responded as designed, closing both MSIVs and isolating MFW to the SGs. The plant risk associated with this event was determined to be of very low safety significance, when assessing the integrated Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA) model of record for internal events, seismic, and internal fire hazards.

Reportability Discussion:

The automatic actuation of the RPS while the reactor is critical is reportable within four hours of the event in accordance with 10 CFR 50.72(b)(2)(iv)(B). The automatic actuation of the AFW System by the SFRCS on a valid low SG level, and the later automatic actuation of the AFW System on a valid low SG pressure are reportable within eight hours per 10 CFR 50.72(b)(3)(iv)(A). The manual actuation of the HPI and LPI systems is reportable within four hours per 10 CFR 50.72(b)(2)(iv)(A) as emergency core cooling system (ECCS) discharge into the reactor coolant system. On July 9, 2021, at 0044 hours, all of these events were reported to the NRC Operations Center as Event Number 55346.

These issues are being reported in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A), which requires reporting of any event or condition that resulted in automatic actuation of the RPS, including a reactor scram or reactor trip, as well as automatic actuations of the AFW and manual actuation of ECCS. All safety systems performed as required to the event, and no loss of safety function occurred.

NRC FORM 366A U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATO	RY COMMISSION	APPROVED BY OMB: NO.				31/2023	
(08-2020) LICENSEE EVENT REPOR CONTINUATION SHE	Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-6 A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and the OMB reviewer at: OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, (3150-0104), Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503; e-mail:						
(See NUREG-1022, R.3 for instruction and guidance for cc http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/nuregs/s	<u>oira submission@omb.eop.qov</u> . The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not requ to respond to, a collection of information unless the document requesting or requiring the colle displays a currently valid OMB control number.						
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Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station Unit 1	05000 -	346	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER		REV NO.	
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NARRATIVE							
CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:							
Completed Actions:							
The defective battery cell for the DEHC UF plant startup.	PS was replaced	l and the failed breake	r BE306 wa	s replaced pri	or to		
The AVR ATS was transferred to its alternation and Exciter Operating Procedure.	ate supply F33A	on July 12, 2021, in a	ccordance v	with the Gene	rator		
The O-ring was replaced in the Gland Stea enhancement, the O-ring material will be u				1. As an			
The ICS module that controls Startup Feed on September 2, 2021, due to the suspect					laced		
Scheduled Actions:							
The Generator and Exciter Operating Proc F33A until a second source of control pow			mal AVR po	wer supply as	6		
A test will be developed to conduct periodi (PM) activity will be created to periodically			id a Prevent	ive Maintenar	nce		
PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS:							
DBNPS LER 2016-009 documented an ev Reactor occurred due to rainwater intrusion corrective actions taken in response to this no LERs at the DBNPS in this same time p	n into the Main (s event would no	Generator Automatic V ot have prevented the 2	oltage Regu 2021 event.	ulator cabinet. There have t	The been		