

(01-2020)
10 CFR 30, 32,
33, 34, 35, 36,
37, 39, and 40



APPLICATION FOR MATERIALS LICENSE

Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 4.3 hours. Submittal of the application is necessary to determine that the applicant is qualified and that adequate procedures exist to protect the public health and safety. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-6 A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NE03-10202, (3150-0120), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.

INSTRUCTIONS: SEE THE CURRENT VOLUMES OF THE NUREG-1556 TECHNICAL REPORT SERIES ("CONSOLIDATED GUIDANCE ABOUT MATERIALS LICENSES") FOR DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM: <http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/nuregs/staff/sr1556/>. SEND TWO COPIES OF THE COMPLETED APPLICATION TO THE NRC OFFICE SPECIFIED BELOW.

APPLICATION FOR DISTRIBUTION OF EXEMPT PRODUCTS FILE APPLICATIONS WITH:

MATERIALS SAFETY LICENSING BRANCH
DIVISION OF MATERIAL SAFETY, STATE, TRIBAL AND RULEMAKING PROGRAMS
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS SAFETY AND SAFEGUARDS
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001

ALL OTHER PERSONS FILE APPLICATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

IF YOU ARE LOCATED IN:

ALABAMA, CONNECTICUT, DELAWARE, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MAINE, MARYLAND, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, NORTH CAROLINA, PENNSYLVANIA, PUERTO RICO, RHODE ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VERMONT, VIRGINIA, VIRGIN ISLANDS, OR WEST VIRGINIA,

SEND APPLICATIONS TO:

LICENSING ASSISTANCE TEAM
DIVISION OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS SAFETY
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, REGION I
2100 RENAISSANCE BOULEVARD, SUITE 100
KING OF PRUSSIA, PA 19406-2713

IF YOU ARE LOCATED IN:

ILLINOIS, INDIANA, IOWA, MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, MISSOURI, OHIO, OR WISCONSIN, SEND APPLICATIONS TO:

MATERIALS LICENSING BRANCH
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, REGION III
2443 WARRENVILLE ROAD, SUITE 210
LISLE, IL 60532-4362

IF YOU ARE LOCATED IN:

ALASKA, ARIZONA, ARKANSAS, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, HAWAII, IDAHO, KANSAS, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, MONTANA, NEBRASKA, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, NORTH DAKOTA, OKLAHOMA, OREGON, PACIFIC TRUST TERRITORIES, SOUTH DAKOTA, TEXAS, UTAH, WASHINGTON, OR WYOMING,

SEND APPLICATIONS TO:

NUCLEAR MATERIALS LICENSING BRANCH
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, REGION IV
1600 E. LAMAR BOULEVARD
ARLINGTON, TX 76011-4511

PERSONS LOCATED IN AGREEMENT STATES SEND APPLICATIONS TO THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ONLY IF THEY WISH TO POSSESS AND USE LICENSED MATERIAL IN STATES SUBJECT TO U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION JURISDICTIONS.

1. THIS IS AN APPLICATION FOR (Check appropriate item)

- A. NEW LICENSE
- B. AMENDMENT TO LICENSE NUMBER _____
- C. RENEWAL OF LICENSE NUMBER _____

2. NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT (include zip code)

Alliance Distribution Partners
131 Saundersville Rd, Ste 310
Hendersonville, TN 37075

3. ADDRESS WHERE LICENSED MATERIALS WILL BE USED OR POSSESSED

720 Garvin Lane
Franklin, KY, 42134

4. NAME OF PERSON TO BE CONTACTED ABOUT THIS APPLICATION

Troy M Saylor

BUSINESS TELEPHONE NUMBER
(615) 675-7851

BUSINESS CELLULAR TELEPHONE NUMBER
(610) 217-8849

BUSINESS E-MAIL ADDRESS
troy.saylor@alliancemro.com

SUBMIT ITEMS 5 THROUGH 11 ON 8-1/2 X 11" PAPER. THE TYPE AND SCOPE OF INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED IS DESCRIBED IN THE LICENSE APPLICATION GUIDE.

5. RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

a. Element and mass number; b. chemical and/or physical form; and c. maximum amount which will be possessed at any one time.

6. PURPOSE(S) FOR WHICH LICENSED MATERIAL WILL BE USED.

7. INDIVIDUAL(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR RADIATION SAFETY PROGRAM AND THEIR TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE.

8. TRAINING FOR INDIVIDUALS WORKING IN OR FREQUENTING RESTRICTED AREAS.

9. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.

10. RADIATION SAFETY PROGRAM.

11. WASTE MANAGEMENT.

12. LICENSE FEES (Fees required only for new applications, with few exceptions*)

(See 10 CFR 170 and Section 170.31)

*Amendments/Renewals that increase the scope of the existing license to a new or higher fee category will require a fee.

FEE CATEGORY

11240

AMOUNT ENCLOSED \$

4,300.00

PER THE DEBT COLLECTION IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 1996 (PUBLIC LAW 104-134), YOU ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE YOUR TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER. PROVIDE THIS INFORMATION BY COMPLETING NRC FORM 531: <https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/forms/nrc531info.html>.

13. CERTIFICATION. (Must be completed by applicant) THE APPLICANT UNDERSTANDS THAT ALL STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS MADE IN THIS APPLICATION ARE BINDING UPON THE APPLICANT.

THE APPLICANT AND ANY OFFICIAL EXECUTING THIS CERTIFICATION ON BEHALF OF THE APPLICANT, NAMED IN ITEM 2, CERTIFY THAT THIS APPLICATION IS PREPARED IN CONFORMITY WITH TITLE 10, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, PARTS 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, AND 40, AND THAT ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF THEIR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

WARNING: 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1001 ACT OF JUNE 25, 1948 62 STAT. 749 MAKES IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO MAKE A WILLFULLY FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION TO ANY DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AS TO ANY MATTER WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION.

CERTIFYING OFFICER - TYPED/PRINTED NAME AND TITLE

Troy M Saylor (VP Welding)

SIGNATURE

DATE

7/14/2021

FOR NRC USE ONLY

TYPE OF FEE	FEE LOG	FEE CATEGORY	AMOUNT RECEIVED	CHECK NUMBER	COMMENTS
APPROVED BY:				DATE	

Attachment to NRC Form 313 for Alliance Distribution Partners (July 14th 2021)

Scope: Alliance Distribution Partners. is to import pre-packaged thoriated (less than 4% ThO₂) tungsten electrodes from China, transport the electrodes directly to a warehousing facility in Franklin, KY for short and medium-term storage, and then distribute the electrodes directly to our customers in the United States as they are sold (Wholesale, Sales strictly through distribution customers). We ship the pre-packaged electrodes in boxes and we do not fabricate or alter them in any way. As a result, we do not believe there is any waste created during our possession. The products meet AWS A5.12 standards and there are no special requirements for special radiation programs or special waste management programs. A SDS is available in each package.

Below are details as required in NRC Form 313. The next page (s) are typical packaging conditions and SDS for our pre-packaged thoriated tungsten electrodes (AWS A5.12, EWTh-2).

5. Radioactive Material:

- a. Element and mass number: Thorium, Th, 90
- b. Chemical and/or physical form: ThO₂, dispersed/alloyed (2%) in tungsten
- c. Maximum amount which will be possessed at any one time: 100lbs as ThO₂

6. Purpose (s) for which licensed material will be used:

- a. Tungsten electrodes to be used as an accessory in the arc welding process and plasma cutting

7. Individual (s) responsible for radiation safety program and their training experience:

- a. Troy M Saylor VP Welding
- b. Nate Scott VP Operations

8. Training for individuals working in or frequenting restricted areas:

- a. This material is safe in electrode form as delivered to Alliance Distribution Partners. We import pre-packaged product and do not fabricate / alter it in any way, minimal training from the manufacturer is required. An SDS is available in each package

9. Facilities and equipment:

- a. Product will be stored and shelved at: 720 Garvin Lane, Franklin, KY, 42134

10. Radiation safety program:

- a. This material is safe in the electrode form (though dust may potentially be hazardous in fabricating which we do not perform during our entire possession). No special radiation programs are needed. An SDS is available in each package

11. Waste Management:

- a. This material is safe in the electrode form (though dust may potentially be hazardous in fabricating which we do not perform during our entire possession). No special radiation programs are needed. An SDS is available in each package

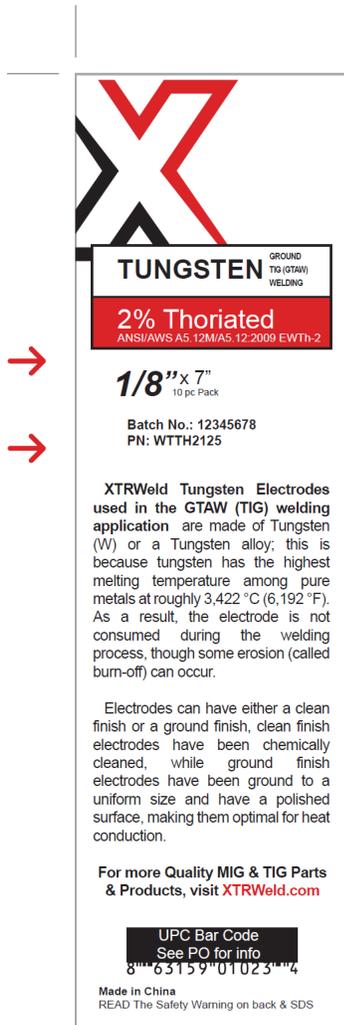
Appendix 1: Typical packaging condition (Pre-packaged overseas) of 2% thoriated tungsten electrodes

- Product Label, with proper placement
- Warning Label with proper placement and QR code for SDS & Product Information

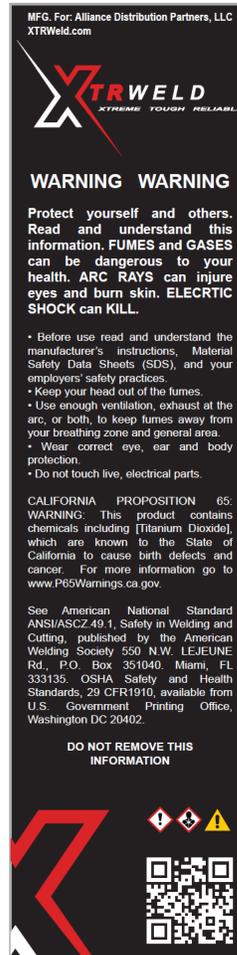


Flip-Line for the lid should be just below the alloy/product box, as shown above

BATCH Number should be printed here for each label, per the manufacturing process requires.



Front
2.00" Wide X 7" Tall
Fits all 10PC packages



Warning on Back
1.75" Wide X 7" Tall
Fits all 10PC packages

Colored plastic pack (Backer piece) should match the appropriate ISO color shown on the label, in example EWTh-2 should be RED. Cover piece should always be clear, as shown below



- Typical pre-packaged 2% thoriated tungsten electrodes (EWTh-2), 10 pieces in a plastic box with flip top lid (Shown above). The plastic box has customer name label (Brand XTRweld), content label, and radiation warning label. An SDS is available in each plastic box
- Typical pre-packaged 2% thoriated tungsten electrodes (EWTh-2), 20 plastic boxes in a master carton box. The box has a content label with a red dot designating 2% thoriated tungsten
- Typical pre-packaged 2% thoriated tungsten electrodes (EWTh-2), 3 or 6 cartons in a larger carton depending on the diameter of the tungsten electrode

Appendix 1: Typical SDS Available

Shown on following pages

SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

Tungsten Electrodes

Alliance Distribution Partners
131 Saundersville Rd, Ste 310
Hendersonville, TN 37075

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS
(615) 206-3500
CHEMTEC: 800-424-9300

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS product identifier: Tungsten Electrodes for Welding

Designation		Chemical Composition Impurities 0.1%		Tip Color
AWS A5.12	ISO 6848	Oxide Additive, %	Tungsten %	
EWTh-2	WT20	ThO₂: 1.70-2.20	Balance	Red
EWP	WP	-----	Balance	Green
EWL _a -1.5	WL15	LaO ₂ : 1.30-1.70	Balance	Gold
EWCe-2	WC20	CeO ₂ : 1.80- 2.20	Balance	Gray
EWL _a -1	WL10	La ₂ O ₃ : 0.80-1.20	Balance	Black
EWL _a -2	WL20	La ₂ O ₃ : 1.80-2.20	Balance	Blue
EWZr-1	WZ3	ZrO ₂ : 0.15-0.50	Balance	Brown
WG		La ₂ O ₃ , CeO ₂ , Y ₂ O ₃ , ZrO ₂ : 1.80-2.20	Balance	

Other means of identification: Tungsten; Element

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Welding; Metal-working Operations

Specification: AWS AS.12

Date of Preparation: Revised June 2021

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

General Hazard Statement: Solid metallic products are generally classified as "articles" and do not constitute hazardous materials in solid form under OSHA Hazard Communication Standard definitions (29 CFR 1910.1200). Any articles manufactured from these solid products would generally be classified as non-hazardous, but some hazardous elements contained in these products can be emitted during grinding prior to welding. Products in the solid state present no fire or explosion hazard. Section X contains information related to the fumes and gases produced from the normal use of this product during welding. Among the electrodes, only large quantities of thoriated tungsten electrodes may pose a radioactive hazard, and the most serious hazards identified in this Section II relate only to thoriated tungsten electrodes. Thorium dioxide is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR Part 372. The following classification information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during processing.

GHS Classification

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation
Respiratory Sensitizer

Skin Sensitizer

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity- Category 2

Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 1
(kidneys, respiratory system)

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure -
Category 1 (respiratory system, skin)

Hazardous to aquatic environment - Acute Hazard -
Category 1

Hazardous to aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard -
Category 1

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes eye irritation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Suspected of causing genetic defects

Suspected of causing cancer

Causes damage to organs (kidneys, respiratory system)

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory system)

Very toxic to aquatic life

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wash thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Avoid release to the environment

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Seek medical advice / attention

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, bring the affected person to fresh air and keep him/ her at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists seek medical advice / attention.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER and/ or doctor / physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, seek medical advice / attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If exposed or concerned: Seek medical advice / attention. Collect spillage.

Storage:

Store in closed containers in a secure and dry location.

For thoriated tungsten electrodes, store in tightly closed containers in a cool and well-ventilated area. Nobody should remain permanently or longer than necessary in close proximity to the stored thoriated

tungsten electrodes as the electrodes may emit beta and gamma radiation. Additional measures should be taken to protect from such possible beta and gamma radiation. Thoriated tungsten electrodes may be incompatible with some strong acids.

Disposal

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

SECTION III - INGREDIENT COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION

See SECTION I for chemical composition of the mixtures.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration 29 CFR 1910.1000 Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV[R]).

INGREDIENT	CAS No.	OHSA PEL	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL
Tungsten (W)	7440-33-7	-	5 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Thorium Dioxide	1314-20-1	-	-	-
Cerium Dioxide	1345-13-7	-	-	-
Lanthanum Dioxide	1312-81-8	-	-	-
Zirconium Oxide	1314-23-4	5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Yttrium Oxide	1314-36-9	1 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³	-

Threshold Limit Value: The ACGIH recommended general limit for welding fume NOC (Not otherwise classified) is 5 mg/m³ ACGIH-1985 preface states: "The TLC-TWA should be used as guides in the control of health hazards and should not be used as fine lines between safe and dangerous concentrations." See section V for specific fume constituents, which may modify this TLV.

SECTION IV - FIRST AID MEASURES

No first aid measures should be required for unused electrodes. The following first aids should be exercised during welding operations:

Inhalation: If breathing is difficult, bring the affected person to an area with fresh air and have him/her deeply breathe in the fresh air.

Skin burns: Submerge affected area in cold water until burning sensation ceases and refer for immediate medical attention.

Eye effects such as arc eye and dusts: Immediately flush with sterile water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Consult a physician. Cover with damp dressing and refer for immediate medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form, but measures should be taken to prevent the ingestion of dust resulting from the grinding of thoriated tungsten electrodes. If anything is

swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Electric shocks: If necessary, resuscitate and seek immediate medical attention.

SECTION V - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

The tungsten electrodes do not present fire or explosion hazards as shipped. However, welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles. See Z-49.1 referenced in Section VIII. Welding should not be carried out in the presence of flammable materials, vapors, tanks, cisterns and pipes, or other containers that have held flammable substances unless they have been checked and certified to be safe.

SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

No specific actions for electrodes prior to use. Welding in proximity to stored or used halogenated solvents may produce toxic and irritant gases. Prohibit welding in areas where these solvents are used.

SECTION VII - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Work Practices and Hygiene Practices: After the end of the work shift, hands and other exposed skin should be thoroughly washed. Do not eat or drink during use of these products. Use ventilation and other engineering controls to minimize potential exposure to fumes during welding operations or to dusts if tips of electrodes are ground. Follow good housekeeping practices to ensure that powders and dusts from grinding operations do not accumulate; such residue can be highly flammable and may pose special health hazards if from thorium-containing electrodes.

Tungsten-Thorium Oxide alloys are generally safe to handle during use under almost all normal conditions and environments. However, special precautions must be taken during the grinding or machining of tips of electrodes that contain Thorium Oxide to avoid the generation and subsequent inhalation and ingestion of dusts from these operations. Any dusts generated during these operations may be considered "Source Material" as defined by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and therefore be subject to the requirements of 10 CFR, Parts 20 and 40. Routine wet mopping or vacuuming with an explosion-proof vacuum, fitted with a HEPA filter, may be considered to reduce accumulation of dusts.

Storage and Handling Practices: All employees who handle these materials should be trained to handle them safely. Avoid breathing dusts or powders generated during the grinding of electrode tips. Open packages and containers of these products slowly, on a stable surface. Packages and containers of these products must be properly labeled.

SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and precautionary label on this product. See American Standard Z49.1 Safety in Welding and Cutting, published by the AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY, 550 N.W. Lejeune Road, Miami, Florida 33126 and OSHA Publication 2206 (29 CFR 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. 20402 for more details on the following topics.

Ventilation: Use plenty of ventilation and / or local exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases below the threshold limit value within the worker's breathing zone and the general work area. Welders should be advised to keep their heads out of the fumes.

Respiratory Protection: Use a respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when welding in a confined space or general work area where local exhaust and / or ventilation does not keep exposure below the threshold limit value.

Eye Protection: Wear a helmet or face shield with a filter lens shade number 12-14 or darker. Shield other workers by providing screens and flash goggles.

Protective Clothing: Wear approved head, hand, and body protection, which help prevent injury from radiation, sparks, and electrical shock. See ANSI Z-49.1. Such protective clothing may include, but are not limited to, welder's gloves, protective face shields, arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, and dark substantial clothing. Welders should be trained not to allow electrically live parts to contact the skin or wet clothing and gloves. Welders should insulate themselves from the work and ground.

Waste Disposal Method: Discard any product, residue, disposal container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner approved by federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Melting Point: Approximately 3400°C	Color: Silver-gray
Boiling Point: Approximately 5900°C	Odor: odorless
Solubility in Water: Insoluble	Vapor. Press: <i>N/A</i> at 25°C
Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1): Approximately 19.3	Vapor. Density: <i>N/A</i>
Radioactive Isotope: Th-232	Oxidizing properties: <i>NI A</i>
Other information: Volatile Organic Chemical (VOC) Content - Not available.	

SECTION X - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

There is no stability or reactivity hazards from welding electrodes as supplied. Hazardous decomposition products such as metal oxide fumes and gases (see Section VIII) are produced during grinding and welding. Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of these fumes and gases are dependent on the metal being welded, the procedures followed, and the electrodes used.

Workers should be aware that the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which they may be exposed are influenced by: coatings which may be present on the metal being welded (e.g. paint, plating, galvanizing), the number of welders in operation and volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, and the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (e.g. chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing procedure). When the electrode is consumed, the fumes and gas decomposition products generated are different in percentage and form from the ingredients listed in Section I. The composition of these fumes and gases are the concerning matter, not the composition of the electrode itself.

Decomposition products include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the ingredients shown in Section II, as well as those from the base metal, coating, and the other factors noted above.

Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc.

One method of determining the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which the workers are exposed is to take an air sample from inside the welder's helmet while worn or within the worker's breathing zone. See ANSI/AWS F1.1 publication available from the American Welding Society 550 N.W. LeJeune Road, Miami, Florida 33126.

SECTION XI - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Welding fumes emitted during the welding process may contain metal particles and gases, which if inhaled, can potentially produce several different health effects. The exact nature of any likely health effect is dependent on the consumable, material being welded, and welding process, all of which affect fume quantity and composition, as well as the use of adequate ventilation, respirators, or breathing equipment as circumstances require.

Inhalation of the fumes / gases produced during welding may lead to irritation to the nose, throat, and eyes. The range of health effects include respiratory effects with symptoms such as asthma, impaired respiratory and lung function, chronic bronchitis, metal fume fever, pneumoconiosis, emphysema, and acute pulmonary oedema.

Other potential health effects at elevated levels of exposure may include central nervous effects, lung cancer, bone disease, skin, and fertility effects. Which of these health effects is potentially likely is related to the fume composition, and this needs to be consulted with the specific toxicity data below to assess the health risk when using any particular welding process.

Unprotected skin exposed to UV and IR radiation from the welding arc may burn or redden, and UV radiation is potentially a carcinogen. UV radiation can affect the unprotected eye by producing an acute condition known as "arc eye".

Specific effects relevant to major particulate and gaseous fume constituents may be produced from these electrodes (excluding fume from filler material and the components being welded).

Tungsten

Any fume or dust given off by these electrodes will consist mainly of tungsten and tungsten oxides. Exposure to tungsten and its compounds as a dust or fume generally shows low toxicity with no long-term fibrotic effects on the lung. Some lung effects observed with exposure to tungsten carbide dust have been attributed more to cobalt than to tungsten compounds.

Thorium

Thoriated electrodes contain Thorium, which is **radioactive**. The exact amount of thorium in the fume depends on the grade of thoriated electrode used as well as the welding parameters. Under DC current supply, fume levels from the tungsten electrode during welding are negligible, and hence any exposure to

radioactivity is also negligible. However, during electrode grinding and **AC current welding, fume or dustcontaining thorium will be emitted and exposure to radioactivity will be higher. Under these circumstances, proper ventilation is required to control any fume / dust emissions.** Thorium is a radioactive substance that emits beta radiation externally and alpha radiation internally. These radioactive properties can cause cancer of specific organs.

Cerium

Cerium is relatively non-toxic to humans and no adverse health effects would be expected from exposure to cerium dust or fume.

Lanthanum

Lanthanum is relatively non-toxic to humans and no adverse health effects would be expected from exposure to lanthanum dust or fume.

Zirconium

Zirconium is relatively non-toxic to humans and no adverse health effects would be expected from exposure to zirconium dust or fume.

Ozone and Nitrogen oxides

These gases are formed from interactions of the arc with the surrounding air. Both gases can produce eye, respiratory, and lung irritation and can also produce longer-term lung effects such as decreased lung capacity, chronic bronchitis, and emphysema. Of particular concern with both gases is that exposure to high levels (e.g. due to build-up in confined spaces) can result in acute lung effects such as delayed pulmonary oedema.

SECTION XII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The welding process produces particulate fumes and gases that may cause long-term adverse effects on the environment if released directly into the atmosphere. Welding some materials with the electrodes covered by this data sheet can produce carbon dioxide gas, which is dangerous to the ozone layer.

SECTION XIII-DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Packaging and electrode stubs should be disposed of as general waste or recycled.

No special precautions are required for this product, except for the grinding dust and stubs of thoriated electrodes, which may require special disposal, especially if in large quantities.

SECTION XIV - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The majority of the time, thoriated tungsten electrodes are properly shipped per limited quantity exceptions as described at 49 CFR 173.421. However, large quantity shipments may be fully regulated as Class 7 radioactive materials.

SECTION XV- REGULATORY INFORMATION

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Thorium Dioxide is a National Toxicology Program Known Carcinogen.

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZioC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

WHMIS (Canada) Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Canada:

- Thorium dioxide: Yes.
- Classification: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Thoriated Tungsten Electrodes

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Thorium dioxide

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

United States

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed.

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: Tungsten; Thorium oxide

Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Tungsten; Thorium oxide

New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Tungsten; Thorium oxide

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

Form R - Reporting requirements and Supplier notification (Thorium dioxide 1314-20-1)

- SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Tungsten

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Tungsten; Thorium oxide
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Tungsten: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Thorium oxide: Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

The Management of Health and Safety at Work regulations 1992.

L5 Control of substances hazardous to health. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. Approved codes of practice and guidance. (ISBN 0717625346).

Guidance Note EH40- Occupational Exposure Limits (ISBN 0717621944).

BS EN ISO 10882-1:2001 - health and safety in welding and allied processes - sampling of airborne particles and gases in the operator's breathing zone - part 1: sampling of airborne particles

HSG 37 - An Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation. (ISBN 0717610012).

L25 Personal protective equipment at work. Guidance on Regulations. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. (ISBN 0717604152).

L23 Manual handling. Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992 (as amended)

BS EN 169:2002- Personal eye-protection - filters for welding and related techniques - transmittance requirements and recommended use

BS EN 379:2003 - Personal eye-protection - automatic welding filters.

BS EN 12477:2001 Protective Gloves For Welders.

HSG 118 - Electrical Safety in Arc Welding (ISBN 0717607046).

SECTION XVI - OTHER INFORMATION

The customer should provide this Safety Data Sheet to any person involved in the materials use or further distribution. Welding Material Sales requests the users (or distributors) of this product to read this Safety Data Sheet carefully before usage.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific materials designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any other process.

Welding Material Sales believes that the information contained in this (SDS) Safety Data Sheet is accurate. However, Welding Material Sales does not express or imply any warranty with respect to this information.

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