Official Transcript of Proceedings NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Title:	FY2021 Proposed Fee Rule
Docket Number:	(n/a)
Location:	teleconference
Date:	Thursday, March 18, 2021

Work Order No.: NRC-1419

Pages 1-81

NEAL R. GROSS AND CO., INC. Court Reporters and Transcribers 1323 Rhode Island Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 234-4433

	1
1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
3	+ + + +
4	FY2021 PROPOSED FEE RULE
5	+ + + +
6	PUBLIC MEETING
7	+ + + +
8	THURSDAY,
9	MARCH 18, 2021
10	+ + + +
11	The Commission met via Teleconference, at
12	10:00 a.m. EDT, Jo Jacobs, facilitator, presiding.
13	SPEAKERS:
14	JO JACOBS, Senior Budget Analyst, License Fee Team,
15	Facilitator
16	MEGHAN BLAIR, Labor Administration and Fee Billing
17	Branch
18	BILLY BLANEY, License Fee Analyst
19	GREG BOWMAN, NRR, Division of Policy and Rulemaking
20	CHRISTIE GALSTER, Sr. Accountant, License Fee Team
21	CHERISH JOHNSON, Chief Financial Officer
22	AIDA RIVERA-VARONA, Deputy Director, Office of Nuclear
23	Material Safety and Safeguards
24	ANTHONY ROSSI, Team Lead, License Fee Policy
25	JASON SHAY, Director, Division of Budget
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

1	<u>NRC STAFF</u> :
2	MICHELLE ALBERT, OGC
3	RUSSELL ALLWEIN, OCFO
4	NADINE ARIDI, NMSS
5	LYNN BATES, OCFO
6	CINDY BLADEY, NMSS
7	GREG BOWMAN, NRR
8	TANYA CHAMPION, OCFO
9	MICHAEL CLARK, OGC
10	KIMBERLY CONWAY, NMSS
11	JAMES COYLE, OCFO
12	AMY CUBBAGE, NRO
13	DAVID D'ABATE, OCFO
14	KIM DARLING, OCFO
15	EVAN DAVIDSON
16	DAYNA DORITY
17	DORIS DURAN-HERNANDEZ
18	BEN FRICKS
19	JAWANZA GIBBS-NICHOLSON, OCFO
20	DUANE HARDESTY, NRR
21	MARISA HERRERA, NMSS
22	DAWN MATTHEWS KALATHIVEETIL, NRR
23	SUSAN KENNEY, OCFO
24	GRACE KIM, OGC
25	VICTOR KOCHUBA, OCFO
I	1

2

1	HARRY KROMER, OCFO
2	MIN LEE, OCFO
3	STEVEN LYNCH, NRR
4	MANDY MAUER, OCFO
5	PHILLIP MCWITHEY
6	FRED MILLER, NMSS
7	JENNIFER OJEDA, OCFO
8	KEVIN RAMSEY, NMSS
9	THEAVY RICHMOND, OCFO
10	LAUREN SAAH, NRR
11	MARIA SCHOFER, OCFO
12	NANDINI SHARMA, OCFO
13	SHERRY TITHERINGTON, OCFO
14	LINH TRAN, NRR
15	BERNIE WHITE, NMSS
16	JACOB ZIMMERMAN, NMSS
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
ļ	1

3

1	ALSO PRESENT:
2	JANA BERGMAN, Curtiss-Wright
3	JOHN BUTLER, NEI
4	STEVEN DOLLEY, S&P Global Platts
5	ROGER FENNER
6	ERIC JEBSEN, Exelon
7	GREG NORRIS, Entergy
8	DARANI REDDICK, Exelon
9	ROBERT SANDERS, Honeywell MTW
10	JANET SCHLUETER, NEI
11	AMANDA SPALDING, WEC
12	KIRSTEN STOKES, PSEG Nuclear
13	TONY ZIMMERMAN, Duke Energy
14	JASON ZORN, Exelon
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
l	I

4

	5
1	PROCEEDINGS
2	10:00 a.m.
3	MS. JACOBS: Okay, everyone, it is 10:00
4	a.m. so we can go ahead and get started with our
5	meeting this morning.
6	Good morning and welcome, my name is Jo
7	Jacobs and I'm a Senior Budget Analyst in the License
8	Fee Policy Team and the Office of Chief Financial
9	Officer.
10	I want to welcome everyone attending this
11	meeting and I will begin with a few logistics. This
12	is a Category 2 public meeting with participation from
13	NRC Staff and interested stakeholders.
14	The purpose of this meeting is to discuss
15	the FY 2021 Proposed Fee Rule and related budgetary
16	considerations associated with this proposed rule.
17	The FY 2021 Proposed Fee Rule was
18	published in the Federal Register on February 22nd
19	with the public comment period ending on March 24th.
20	The agenda for today's meeting will soon be discussed
21	by the NRC's Chief Financial officer, Cherish Johnson.
22	The public will have an opportunity to
23	participate in the meeting and direct questions to the
24	NRC Staff at the designated question-and-answer period
25	of the meeting.
Į	I

	6
1	A summary of today's meeting will be
2	prepared by NRC Staff and will be placed in ADAMS.
3	Our goal was to have the public meeting summary
4	completed within 30 days of this meeting.
5	The public can also provide us feedback
6	regarding the conduct of the meeting through the NRC's
7	public meeting notification system and if you need
8	instruction on how to do this, please contact me via
9	email provided in the meeting notice.
10	We are using Microsoft Teams to conduct
11	this meeting and we hope that the use of Microsoft
12	Teams will allow stakeholders to participate more
13	freely during this meeting.
14	But this will also require us to ensure
15	that we are muted when we are not speaking and to do
16	our best to not speak over each other.
17	To help facilitate the question-and-answer
18	portion of the meeting, I recommend that you utilize
19	the raised-hand feature in Teams so we can more easily
20	identify who has a question or a comment and call on
21	the individual to ask their question.
22	You can also use the chat box to alert us
23	that you have a question. Please do not use the chat
24	box to address any technical questions. The chat is
25	not part of the official meeting record and is
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	7
1	reserved mainly for handling virtual meeting
2	logistical issues.
3	If you join the meeting using Microsoft
4	Teams call-in number, you will not have access to
5	these features, however, we will still have a chance
6	to call on you during the question-and-answer session.
7	If you joined using the Microsoft Teams
8	call-in number and you would like to ask a question,
9	you can press star-6 to unmute your phone. After your
10	comment has been discussed, your phone line will be
11	muted again by me and Billy Blaney.
12	So, if you need to ask additional
13	questions you will need to press star-6. Thanks in
14	advance for your patience as we continue to address
15	the remote working environment.
16	The presentation will be shown via
17	Microsoft Teams meeting link and is shown on my
18	desktop, however, you can also access the presentation
19	slides in ADAMS ML21076A376.
20	The slides have also been posted to the
21	meeting notice on the NRC's public website. And with
22	that, I'm happy to turn the meeting over to Cherish
23	Johnson, our Chief Financial Officer for her opening
24	remarks.
25	Thank you so much.
I	

(202) 234-4433

	8
1	MS. JOHNSON: Thank you, Jo. Good morning,
2	I'm Cherish Johnson, the Chief Financial Officer of
3	the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
4	I'm thrilled to be here today as the NRC
5	CFO to participate in this continued dialog with our
6	NRC stakeholders as we discuss the Fiscal Year 2021
7	Proposed Fee Rule.
8	First, I hope everyone is healthy and
9	remains well through these unique circumstances
10	surrounding the COVID-19 public health emergency.
11	I'd like to take the opportunity to
12	appreciate my Staff's support in the development of
13	the fee rule, the continued support of the various NRC
14	offices, and to thank our stakeholders for your
15	participation and your support in our first virtual
16	fee rule public meeting.
17	The NRC team is excited about presenting
18	this Fiscal Year 2021 Proposed Fee Rule to our
19	stakeholders and we hope to continue to enhance our
20	dialog as we have over time through meetings such as
21	this.
22	I'm happy to report that we did publish
23	the Fiscal Year 2021 Proposed Fee Rule on February
24	22nd. This was less than a month behind our
25	originally planned publication date as we wanted to
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	9
1	make sure that the fee rule was updated to reflect the
2	NRC receiving our Congressional appropriation in
3	Fiscal Year 2021.
4	Next slide, please. There we go.
5	As we've done in previous years, we'll
6	start with a review of key highlights of the Fiscal
7	Year 2021 budget and the Proposed Fee Rule, followed
8	by the proposed policy changes, a demonstration of e-
9	billing we thought would be of interest to our
10	audience, and then a forward look at the annual fee
11	policy development for Non-Light Water Reactors.
12	We'll then move into the
13	question-and-answer segment of today's meeting as Jo
14	has described. I'd now like to introduce my fellow
15	panelists, Jason Shay, the Budget Director.
16	He will be discussing how our budget
17	reflects our activities and the relationship between
18	the budget and the fees. Christie Galster, the Senior
19	Accountant on the License Fee Policy Team, will
20	provide a license fee policy overview of the Fiscal
21	Year 2021 Proposed Fee Rule.
22	Greg Bowman, Deputy Director in the
23	Division of risk assessment in the Office of Nuclear
24	Reactor Regulation, NRR, will discuss the operating
25	and new reactors business line.
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	10
1	Ida Rivera Verona, Acting Deputy Director
2	in the Division of Decommissioning Uranium Recovery
3	and Waste Programs in the Office of Nuclear Materials
4	Safety and Safeguards, or NMSS, will be discussing the
5	decommissioning and low-level waste business line.
6	Meghan Blair, the Branch Chief of the
7	Labor Administration and Fee Billing Branch, and Billy
8	Blaney, a Budget Analyst in the Licensee Fee Policy
9	Team, will discuss the two policy changes that have
10	been included in our Fiscal Year 2021 Proposed Fee
11	Rule.
12	And last but not least, Anthony Rossi, our
13	License Fee Policy Team Lead will provide a brief
14	overview of the future regarding the development of a
15	future annual fee policy for Non-Light Water Reactors,
16	specifically for micro reactors. And then we'll move
17	into the question-and-answer period.
18	Next slide, please. As we get started, I
19	wanted to briefly emphasize the type of comments that
20	would be considered in scope for the feel rule to
21	ensure that the responses to your inquiries are
22	answered in a timely matter.
23	Previously, we've received comments that
24	are covered out of scope for the fee rule, however,
25	for the last few years we've noticed a large decrease
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	11
1	in the number of those out-of-scope comments.
2	Hopefully, this is due to our increased
3	outreach, transparency, and our stakeholders' overall
4	knowledge of the fee rule. A few examples of in-scope
5	comments are focusing on our methodology for
6	calculating the fees, changes to the fee regulations,
7	or the fee schedule.
8	A few examples of what we consider to be
9	out-of-scope comments are Agency efficiencies to
10	achieve our mission goals, streamlining the regulatory
11	practice, reviewing the changing technical guidance to
12	licensees, risk-informed performance-based licensing
13	and regulatory process, public participation in the
14	budget formulation process.
15	Even though this meeting on our fees is
16	not the proper venue for those out-of-scope questions,
17	we really do want to hear from you so we encourage you
18	to use the appropriate venue so we can address any
19	questions or concerns directly.
20	In closing, I want to emphasize that the
21	NRC is continually evaluating our fee-setting process
22	to determine improvements to increased transparency,
23	equity, and timeliness.
24	As always, we welcome your questions and
25	formal comments and look forward to a continued dialog
	I

(202) 234-4433

	12
1	with you, our stakeholders.
2	Once again, thank you for your
3	participation and I will now turn the meeting over to
4	our Budget Director, Jason Shay, who will provide a
5	budget overview of the key considerations that relate
6	to the Fiscal Year 2021 Proposed Fee Rule.
7	Next slide, please.
8	MR. SHAY: So, thank you, Cherish, if you
9	can go to the next slide, please, Jo? As Cherish
10	mentioned, I'm going to provide an overview of the
11	2020 enacted budget.
12	The Consolidated Appropriations Act of
13	2021 appropriated approximately \$844.4 million to the
14	NRC, which is a decrease of \$14.4 million from the FY
15	2020 enacted budget.
16	The Act also authorizes the use of \$35
17	million of carryover funds, which is shown at the
18	bottom of the table that you see on your screen right
19	now. This is a decrease of \$5 million from the
20	previous years authorized carrier amount.
21	I do want to pause here really quickly to
22	define what the term carryover means. The term
23	carryover can be used to describe funds that were
24	appropriated but not obligated in the prior Fiscal
25	Year, or funds that were de-obligated because the
I	

(202) 234-4433

	13
1	funds were no longer needed in subsequent Fiscal
2	Years.
3	And I'm going to provide you some examples
4	here shortly. So, let's say there's a change in
5	workload between the time that we formulate and the
6	time that we're expected to execute that funding.
7	These changes, while normal, may cause
8	delays in utilizing budgeted resources and thus, maybe
9	carried over and used in subsequent years, resulting
10	additional carryover for the Agency.
11	In addition, carryover can also increase
12	of contract ends and work is completed but resources
13	still remain on that contract. So, these resources
14	can be deobligated, which results in additional
15	carryover for our Agency.
16	And lastly, carryover can also increase
17	for the Agency if there are delays in hiring. If the
18	time between when an employee leaves and when we back-
19	fill that employee creates unused S&Bs, or salaries
20	and benefits, which may result in additional carryover
21	if we don't use the S&Bs.
22	Next, I kind of want to give you some
23	insights about the authorized carryover that has been
24	previously authorized in previous years.
25	In FY 2020 the authorized carryover was
	I

(202) 234-4433

	14
1	\$40 million for the Agency. In FY 2019 it was \$20
2	million. In FY 2018 it was \$15 million. And in FY
3	2017 it was \$23 million.
4	Now, while Congressional direction to use
5	carryover has been a trend, I do want to highlight
6	that in FY 2021 the NRC was directed to use \$35
7	million in prior year unobligated carryover funds,
8	including \$16 million to fund the University Nuclear
9	Leadership Program, which is formally the Integrated
10	University Program, or IUP, and \$19 million to offset
11	the Agency's FY 2021 budget requests.
12	We dispersed that \$19 million into three
13	areas. \$17.8 million went to the Nuclear Reactor
14	Safety Program, \$1 million went to the Nuclear
15	Materials and Waste Safety Program, and \$200,000 went
16	to the Decommissioning and Low-level Waste Program.
17	If you can turn to Slide 8 now please?
18	So, this chart is really our most widely used chart
19	and it's included in most, if not all, of our external
20	presentations.
21	As you can see in the chart, the Agency's
22	budget has trended downwards over the past eight
23	years. We compare our budgets to the 2014 budget
24	because that's the pinnacle of our budget
25	historically.
	I

(202) 234-4433

	15
1	The total budget decreased by
2	approximately 20 percent or \$211.5 million since FY
3	2014 and similarly, the Agency also reduced FTEs by
4	approximately 25 percent, or 932 FTEs during that same
5	period.
6	That concludes my presentation on the
7	overview of the 2021 budget. I'll now turn the
8	presentation over to Christine Galster, who will go
9	over the FY 2021 fee overview.
10	MS. GALSTER: Thank you, Jason. Good
11	morning, today I'll be presenting, like Jason said,
12	the overview of the Fiscal Year 2021 Proposed Fee
13	Rule. Next slide.
14	The statutory and regulatory framework
15	authorizing NRC's fee policy includes the Independent
16	Office's Appropriation Act, or IOAA, which requires
17	the NRC to collect fees for service, which are
18	established under 10 C.F.R. Part 170.
19	E-services provide a specific purpose and
20	have identifiable recipients who are billed as hours
21	expended times the NRC hourly rate, and offer services
22	such as license reviews and inspections.
23	The other law affecting NRCP collections
24	during 1990 through 2020 was the Omnibus Budget
25	Reconciliation Act of 1990, or OBRA 90, requiring NRC
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	16
1	to collect approximately 90 percent for the majority
2	of those years of its appropriation by September 30th.
3	As well as recover through 10 C.F.R. Part
4	171 the budget authority not recovered through fees
5	for service is under Part 170, such as research and
6	rulemaking activities.
7	OBRA 90 also directs the NRC to allot ten
8	percent of its budget for certain activities that do
9	not directly benefit NRC licensees, referred to as fee
10	relief.
11	Through the establishment of NEIMA, OBRA
12	90 has been superseded in 2021. The Nuclear Energy
13	Innovation and Modernization Act of 2018, or NEIMA,
14	replaced OBRA 90 this year and in subsequent Fiscal
15	Years.
16	NEIMA sets a ceiling on the annual fee for
17	power reactors at the 2015 rate as adjusted with
18	yearly inflation. The collection percentage is
19	revised to 100 percent of the budget authority to the
20	maximum extent practical.
21	And under NEIMA, the excluded activities
22	remain the same as OBRA 90 as well as the fee relief
23	categories that were utilized in the 2021 final fee
24	rule.
25	The major change in the fee rule
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	17
1	methodology was the elimination of the fee relief
2	adjustment. NEIMA removes a fixed amount of
3	designated for the fee relief activities so any of the
4	adjustments or the surcharges or credits as part of
5	the annual fees will no longer exist.
6	And lastly, the annual appropriation
7	provides the budget authority and fee recovery amounts
8	as well as authorizes the use of prior carryover, of
9	which NRC is authorized to use, like Jason mentioned,
10	\$35 million in carryover funding this year.
11	Next slide. As stated in the proposed
12	2021 fee rule, the budgetary authority is based on the
13	21 appropriations for the salaries and expense and
14	Inspector General appropriation in the amount of
15	\$844.4 million, a decline of \$11.2 million from the
16	prior year.
17	This slide is going to illustrate the
18	budget and fee recovery amount set forth in the
19	Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021.
20	As you can see from that top purple
21	circle, the NRC's budgetary authority minus the
22	excluded activities of \$123 million calculates the
23	fee-based budget of the \$721.4 million.
24	The recovery rate is now again 100
25	percent, resulting in a required recovery amount of

(202) 234-4433

	18
1	the same of the fee-based budget.
2	The Part 171 billing adjustment of the
3	\$12.6 million, it relates to the COVID-19 referral of
4	collections to 2021, which is reducing the current
5	year amount of fees to recover.
6	The second circle displays the adjusted at
7	the moment, the \$708.8 million that we must recover
8	through Part 170 and 170 fees. Right below that are
9	two subsets of budgetary authority of the excluded
10	activities.
11	First, the original fee relief resources
12	authorized by the Commission and the second is a set
13	of statutory activities, specifically identified
14	within the NEIMA regulation.
15	And you'll see a detail of this in the Fee
16	Rule Table 1 as well as the work papers. We'll go
17	into specifics detailing the activities.
18	Next slide, please. An important step in
19	estimating our Part 170 fees is, first, we have to
20	develop the hourly rate and understand the components
21	that are involved.
22	In developing the hourly rates budget, the
23	components include the mission-direct salaries and
24	benefits, mission-indirect resources which support the
25	Agency's core activities such as supervisory and
ļ	

(202) 234-4433

	19
1	administrative assistant support.
2	The third component is the Agency support,
3	which consists of the corporate support business line
4	along with the Inspector General funding. These three
5	components will sum to \$732.2 million and that is the
6	budgetary resources that are included in the Part 170
7	rate.
8	The next step is multiplying the mission-
9	direct FTEs of 1684 and mission-direct FTE annual
10	productive hours of 1510. From that, we divide by the
11	budgetary resources of the \$732.2 million.
12	This calculates the Part 170 hourly rate
13	of \$288. This is an increase of \$9 or 3.2 percent
14	from the previous year.
15	The hourly rate increase is driven by the
16	rise in the salaries and benefits to support federal
17	pay raises, the decline of 17 mission-direct FTEs from
18	the previous year, as well as reduced prior year
19	carryover funding compared to 2020.
20	As you can see, the FTE rate at the bottom
21	represents the full cost of an FTE.
22	The amount of is calculated by utilizing
23	the budgetary resources of that \$732.2 million from
24	above divided by the mission-direct FTEs, the 1684,
25	giving us a rate of a full and constant FTE of
I	

(202) 234-4433

	20
1	434,811.
2	Next slide. So, before we start going
3	into the calculations for the annual fees, I believe
4	it's necessary to understand the formulation of the
5	fee-based budget compared to the CBJ requested budget,
6	beginning with the FY21 Congressional budget
7	justification business lines.
8	The Agency's program offices analyze in
9	detail those resources and allocate them out to the
10	various fee classes or fee relief categories.
11	The chart that you see here illustrates
12	where the majority of each business line budget is
13	allocated by a fee class. There are six notable
14	differences between the business line budgets and the
15	fee class budgets.
16	So, those consist of the budgetary
17	resources that are excluded from fee calculations,
18	WEIR, Homeland Security, this year, fee relief, just
19	to give a few examples, your mission-indirect program
20	support resources, which go directly into calculating
21	your Part 170 hourly rate.
22	Mission business line resources allocated
23	to other fee classes or fee relief categories and
24	increases into the business line from other business
25	lines. The utilization of a fully costed FTE rate and
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	21
1	as well as the appropriation revision such as
2	utilizing carryover.
3	Next slide. These pie charts present the
4	significance of reconciling between an appropriated
5	budget versus the allocation of the budget by fee
6	class.
7	As you can see on the left-hand side, the
8	pie chart has business line budgets totaling \$844.4
9	million, the total of the two appropriations.
10	The one on the right is our fee class
11	budget, the \$721.4 million. So the difference between
12	the two is all those excluded activities, which
13	totaled that \$123 million.
14	Next slide. So, here we'd like to
15	increase our transparency, improving our fee rule work
16	papers, and beginning last year, we included
17	reconciliations from the CBJ business line budgets to
18	the fee rule class budgets.
19	And the next three slides will illustrate
20	a sample of the reconciliation format located with
21	NR2021 fee rule work papers.
22	This illustration combines the operating
23	and the new reactor business line budgets, categorized
24	by product line for the contract funding as well as
25	the FTEs utilizing the salaries and benefit rate.
	I

(202) 234-4433

	22
1	And due to unknown timing of our
2	appropriation, the license fee policy team will always
3	begin in the Proposed Fee Rule calculations with the
4	Congressional budget justification, which for 2021,
5	that was published in February of 2020.
6	So, what you see in the CBJ for those two
7	business line budgets for the operating and the new
8	reactors, you have \$95.8 million for contract dollars,
9	you have 1708 FTEs. So, a grand total that you'll see
10	in the CBJ budget for the reactors is \$435.1 million.
11	Next slide. So, from the basis of the CBJ
12	budget for the operating and the new reactor business
13	lines, we take into account those six reconciling
14	items and I put them on the right-hand side of this
15	slide as well when performing the reconciliation.
16	So, you've got the deductions up top so
17	you've got the CBJ budget that is excluded from this
18	particular fee class for the power reactors. And then
19	you have increases coming in from other business lines
20	and that's by contract dollars and FTE.
21	As you can see here, the reactor business
22	line budget posts the fee rule allocations total \$59.5
23	million in contracts and 1270.3 in FTEs.
24	The final adjustment is then converting
25	those FTEs by the fully costed FTE rate, resulting in
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	23
1	the FTE cost of \$553.2 million and then a total for
2	the power reactor fee class budget is the \$611.8
3	million.
4	Next slide? So, presented on this slide
5	is the reconciliation summary comparing those reactor
6	business line budgets to the adjusted fee class budget
7	for the power reactors.
8	And the fee class budget here is the
9	initial step in what we do, our first step in
10	calculating the annual fees. Next slide, please?
11	The reconciled business line budget to the
12	fee class budget we just saw was \$611.8 million. This
13	year's budgetary resources allocated to the power
14	reactors is 2 percent or \$12.1 million less than it
15	was in 2020.
16	Factors contributing to the decline
17	include a completed lessons learned related to
18	Fukushima, FTE reductions due to the closure of Duane
19	Arnold in October, and the completed NuScale design
20	certification review as well as the construction
21	activities for Vogtle Unit 3.
22	And if you compare this to six years ago,
23	we had 100 operating reactors, the budgetary resources
24	have been reduced as a total of \$308.6 million or 18.5
25	percent due to a reduction of our 7 reactors since
	I

(202) 234-4433

2016.

1

2

3

4

5

6

So, next the Part 170 estimated billings process, which includes the four quarters of actual billings from the prior year for power reactors, with updates for current work utilizing the hourly rate. Current projected work I should say.

7 These estimated billings total \$157 million this year, which has declined by \$29.7 million 8 or 16 percent from the previous year. The decrease is 9 primarily due to the reductions for licensing actions 10 and inspections caused by the shutdown of Duane Arnold 11 at Indian Point Unit 3. 12

The completions for NuScale and Vogtle 3 in addition to the impact of the continued travel restrictions and limited onsite presence involving inspection activities due to COVID-19.

Adjustments for the power reactors of 8 million including one-time-only credit of \$2.7 million due to the collections of Indian Point Unit 3 before terminating at the end of this month.

The remaining annual fee recovery amount for this fee class is \$446.8 million. This is an increase of \$7.8 million or 1.8 percent from last year. The total is then divided by the 93 operating reactors resulting in an annual fee per reactor of

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	25
1	\$4,804,000.
2	Next slide, please. This year's budgetary
3	resources allocated to our spent fuel storage and
4	reactors and decommissioning fee class is 11 percent
5	or \$4.3 million higher than in 2020.
6	This totals the \$42.2 million. Factors
7	contributing to the rise include the support of the
8	reactors transitioning into decommissioning program
9	and waste research associated with the accident
10	torrent fuel and enrichment extension fuels.
11	Next is the Part 170 estimated billings
12	totaling the \$12.4 million this year. And this is
13	declining by 22 percent or \$3.5 million from prior
14	year.
15	The decrease is primarily due to
16	reductions of Staff hours pertaining to the renewal
17	and amendment reviews, inspections pertaining to
18	ISFSIs, the independent spent fuel storage
19	installation, in addition to the near completion of
20	the interim storage partners consolidated interim
21	storage facility application.
22	Within the reactor decommissioning
23	program, decrease in Staff hours are as a result of
24	the near completion of the licensed termination for
25	Lacrosse boiling water reactor, which has been in the
I	1

(202) 234-4433

	26
1	decommissioning status since 1987.
2	And the completion of licensing actions,
3	portion site release requests, and a decrease in
4	confirmatory survey work at multiple sites.
5	The remaining annual feel recovery amount
6	for the fee class is \$30.1 million. This is an
7	increase of \$7.8 million or 1.3 percent from last
8	year. We then divide that by the 122 licensees
9	resulting in an annual fee of 4246,000.
10	Next slide? Included in the fee rule work
11	papers in this chart illustrating the utilization of
12	carryover funding in the Fiscal Year 2020 and 2021 by
13	budget business line and the subsequent allocations
14	for the development of the fee rule.
15	You can notice for instance in 2021 the
16	overall carryover is \$21 million, discussed earlier by
17	Jason. And it was \$20 million less than the previous
18	year of carryover funding.
19	And this is due to the appropriation
20	requiring \$16 million specifically earmarked for the
21	university nuclear leadership program, formally known
22	as IUP, resulting in our 2021 \$19 million that we
23	could utilize in prior year obligated funding.
24	This reduces this year's overall annual
25	appropriation. And as you can see in the reactor

(202) 234-4433

	27
1	business lines, they had a decline of \$3.1 million in
2	carryover funding from the previous year, however,
3	reactors did receive 94 percent of that \$19 million
4	available carryover funding this year.
5	Another significant variance of prior
6	carryover is the reduction within the corporate
7	support business line by \$13.2 million. This impacted
8	Agency costs that are associated with the rise of the
9	Part 170 hourly rate.
10	And that was mentioned earlier regarding
11	the hourly rate. This concludes the proposed Fiscal
12	Year 2021 fees overview presentation and now I'd like
13	to turn it over to Greg Bowman for a discussion on
14	operating and new reactor budgets.
15	MR. BOWMAN: Thanks, Christie, good
16	morning, everyone. My name is Greg Bowman, I'm the
17	Deputy Director of the Division of Risk Assessment at
18	NRR.
19	I'll be providing an overview of the
20	budget for the NRC's nuclear reactor safety program
21	and that's comprised of both the operating reactors
22	and the new reactors business lines.
23	The program encompasses licensing and
24	oversight of the civilian nuclear power reactors as
25	well as non-power production utilization facilities,
	I

(202) 234-4433

	28
1	our research and test reactors, for example.
2	The goal of the program is to ensure those
3	activities are completed in a manner that protects
4	public health and safety. It also provides reasonable
5	assurance of the security of facilities and protection
6	against radiological sabotage.
7	The operating reactors and new reactors
8	business line can be split into mission-direct,
9	mission-indirect sorry, if you can go back to the
10	previous slide, Jo? Thank you.
11	Mission-direct research accounts for about
12	75 percent of the enacted budget of 1755 FTE in FY
13	2021, mission-indirect resources account for
14	approximately 25 percent of the enacted budget, and
15	that supports supervisors, administrative assistants,
16	program analysts, and travel needs.
17	So, Jo, if you could go to the next slide,
18	please? Thank you. Licensing and oversight are the
19	most significant mission-direct product lines.
20	Examples of some of the activities performed within
21	those product lines are provided on this slide.
22	The NRC ensures safety and security of
23	operating power reactors and non-power production and
24	utilization facilities within our established
25	regulatory framework.
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	29
1	We license reactors to operate and we
2	ensure that new and existing reactor designs meet
3	regulatory requirements. We also oversee the
4	continued safe operation of those reactors through our
5	inspection program.
6	In the operating reactor business line, we
7	continue to see interest in programs that provide
8	increased operational flexibility as well as upgrades,
9	like those associated with digital instrumentation and
10	control systems.
11	Requests for subsequent license renewals,
12	which represents an increase in the life of a plant
13	from 60 to 80 years continues to increase. And we've
14	invested significant resources in ensuring that can be
15	done safely.
16	Oversight activities are the largest
17	portion of our business line and that includes the on-
18	site resident inspectors at each power reactor, as
19	well as the safety and security inspections conducted
20	by our four regional offices.
21	In the new reactors business line, work on
22	the NuScale design certification was recently
23	completed and we continue to review license amendment
24	requests for Vogtle Units 3 and 4.
25	Construction inspection at Vogtle 3 and 4
I	

(202) 234-4433

	30
1	is led by our Region 2 Office and the NRC's Office of
2	Nuclear Reactor Regulation, my office, has a small
3	team of licensing ITAAC and construction experts to
4	ensure the NRC is able to make the findings necessary
5	to support the transition from construction to
6	operation.
7	We also anticipate additional workload is
8	applications to license advanced reactors and small
9	module reactors are submitted. The review of the Oklo
10	Combined Operating License is ongoing.
11	We're also conducting pre-application
12	meetings with multiple advanced reactor developers and
13	we're reviewing topical reports and white papers
14	associated with advanced reactor designs.
15	Next slide, please, Jo. To develop the
16	budgets for the operating reactors and new reactors
17	business lines, we first review the current
18	environment and we perform workload forecasting.
19	As part of that, we look for significant
20	drivers that could impact our future workload. This
21	includes technical, regulatory, and legislative
22	developments that have the potential to generate
23	additional work-order-reduced work.
24	That could include a rulemaking or
25	guidance change that we expect to drive new submittals
I	

(202) 234-4433

31 for licensees or known plant closures that will reduce 1 the overall size of our program. 2 3 We then look at historical data and trends 4 to measure how our execution in previous years winds 5 up with the budget assumptions at the time. We use that data to inform the future budget and identify 6 7 areas where the assumptions we previously used may not 8 hold up. The historical data also allows us to 9 10 employ some trending for areas where workload in a given year can be highly variable in terms of quantity 11 and complexity. 12 We also rely heavily on communications 13 14 from our stakeholders to identify plant submittals. 15 We consider letters of intent provided by licensees to 16 the NRC, we collect information from our Project 17 Managers, and we consider responses to our periodic regulatory issue summaries on that topic. 18 19 In order to budget for large licensing projects, we try to balance the anticipated resource 20 needs against 21 the relative certainty that an application will be submitted on schedule. 22 We do recognize that plans within the 23 24 industry our subject to change and can be influenced by a lot of different factors but this is an area, 25

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	32
1	getting reliable information from the industry, where
2	we can ensure better certainty to help us be more
3	accurate in our budgeting in the future.
4	Once we have identified the workload
5	drivers we set about estimating the level of effort in
6	each area of responsibility, we develop an assign
7	resources for major projects and then allocate those
8	resources across the NRC offices to align with the
9	type of work being performed.
10	Next slide, please, Jo? One point I
11	wanted to make clear is we developed our budget and
12	the Part 170 fee estimates on different timelines.
13	The operating reactors and new reactors budgets, just
14	like our other business line budgets, our prepared two
15	years in advance.
16	This budget includes resources to be
17	recovered through the assessment of Part 170 fees in
18	addition to resources for other mission-direct and
19	mission-indirect programs.
20	The budget reflects anticipated changes in
21	the Part 170 workload such as permanent plant
22	closures. However, it's important to note there is
23	not a directly proportionate relationship between the
24	Part 170 fee estimates and the budget.
25	That's because unlike the budget, the Part
l	1

(202) 234-4433

	33
1	170 fee estimates are prepared at the beginning of a
2	given Fiscal Year. Fact of life changes in the
3	intervening time will drive the Part 170 fee estimates
4	lower or higher than what was anticipated in the
5	budget.
6	Changes such as a license renewal
7	application being submitted earlier, a delayed
8	application for a design certification, an early
9	reactor closure, or a cancelled application for an
10	combined operating license will impact the Part 170
11	fee estimates.
12	And in turn, that will impact the Part 170
13	annual fee.
14	Next slide, please, Jo. The FY 2021
15	operating reactors budget includes reductions for
16	plant closures, and reductions associated with the
17	completion of Fukushima Lessons Learned initiatives.
18	These reductions were partially offset by
19	an increase in license renewal and subsequent license
20	renewal applications.
21	In addition to changes anticipated in the
22	budget, the FY 2021 Part 170 fee estimates were
23	reduced due to the impacts of COVID-19 and related
24	travel restrictions on our operating reactor oversight
25	program.
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	34
1	Next slide, Jo? For new reactors, the FY
2	2021 budget was reduced due to the completion of the
3	NuScale design certification activities and delay of
4	the NuScale SDA application.
5	Licensing and construction inspection
6	activities at the new Vogtle Units were also reduced
7	as Unit 3 nears the completion of construction. These
8	reductions were partially offset by an increase or
9	review of combined operating license applications for
10	Oklo.
11	In addition to the changes anticipated in
12	the budget, the 2021 Part 170 fee estimates declined
13	due to delays in the submittal and review of certain
14	licensing applications.
15	So, that concludes my presentation, I
16	appreciate your time. I'll now turn things over to
17	Aida to cover the budget for decommissioning of low-
18	level waste.
19	MS. RIVERA-VARONA: Thank you, Greg. Good
20	morning, my name is Aida Rivera, I'm an Acting Deputy
21	Director in the Division of Decommissioning for
22	Uranium Recovery and Waste Programs in the Office of
23	Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards.
24	Today I'm going to provide you information
25	on the activities that drive the budgetary resources
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	35
1	needed to implement the NRC's strategic goals,
2	objectives for the decommissioning and low-level waste
3	business line.
4	Next slide. The decommissioning of
5	low-level waste business line provides licensing and
6	oversight for the decommissioning of complex material
7	facilities, fuel facilities, uranium recovery
8	facilities, power reactors, and research and test
9	reactors with the ultimate goal to terminate the
10	license.
11	Additionally, the decommissioning of
12	low-level waste business line provides licensing and
13	oversight for uranium recovery facilities that are
14	licensed to operate are the national low-level waste
15	program and the military and non-military radium
16	programs.
17	Some of the major activities that
18	decommissioning of low-level waste business line are
19	conducting this year are the following. We are
20	conducting licensing reviews and the decommissioning
21	activities for 25 power reactors, with 4 of them
22	nearly licensing termination.
23	We are also supporting the decommissioning
24	of four research reactors. We continue to support the
25	licensing and oversight of 11 complex material sites
I	1

(202) 234-4433
36 1 undergoing decommissioning at depleted uranium sites. 2 Support to the licensing and the oversight meal 3 of five private uranium sites undergoing 4 decommissioning and are also doing 36 we 5 decommissioning uranium meal disposal and processing are undergoing 6 facilities that long-term care, surveillance, and maintenance by DOE. 7 We're supporting the national low-level 8 9 waste program, including the development of guidance 10 providing support to the impact evaluations in the low-level responding to 11 waste area and unique inquiries from the agreement states. 12 13 We also provide oversight of the 14 activities related to the WEIR program, including monitoring activities at the DOE seven and reverse 15 16 site and the Idaho National Laboratory. 17 We also have support oversight of the military and non-military radium programs. 18 19 As described in the Agency reform plan, the rulemaking center of expertise will coordinate the 20 rulemaking activities related to the decommissioning 21 low-level waste business line, including rule 22 of development, associated guidance development, 23 and environmental reviews. 24 25 Finally, we plan to conduct research

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	37
1	activities 2 support the application of new
2	technologies at complex sites and also provide
3	analytical tools used in the decommissioning reviews.
4	Next slide, please. To support our budget
5	development as similar to what Greg provided before,
6	we begin with the workload forecasting.
7	We maintain continuous communications with
8	our licensees and we use letters of intent that we
9	might receive for upcoming license applications.
10	In developing our budget, we estimate the
11	necessary resources needed to complete licensing
12	activities such as safety and environmental reviews as
13	well as oversight through inspection activities based
14	on where the licensing and decommissioning process of
15	each of those facilities will stand.
16	The cost of completing our licensing
17	reviews and oversight activities vary depending on the
18	level of complexity that might be before us, whether
19	it is for a power reactor in active decommissioning or
20	safe storage.
21	Each one requires a different level of
22	effort and resources. We also estimate our resources
23	based on historical information such as reviewing the
24	level of resources associated with similar past
25	efforts and reviewing historical resource utilization.
I	1

(202) 234-4433

	38
1	All this information functions as a
2	benchmark during our budget development. In addition,
3	we budget for hearings with consideration of the
4	number of hearings that we may get based on the
5	licensing actions we expect.
6	We also try to gauge those resources based
7	on the level of public interest in that particular
8	project. The estimates resources associated with
9	those hearings are also budgeted based on historical
10	figures and costs to support hearings in the past.
11	Next slide, please. All right, so I'm
12	going to talk a little bit about our workload
13	adjustment in Fiscal Year 2021, primarily driven by
14	work on the reactor decommissioning area.
15	This workload adjustment fall within the
16	spent fuel storage reactor decommissioning feed class,
17	which also includes other adjustment from the spent
18	fuel storage area.
19	Today, I will be discussing only the
20	workload for the reactor decommissioning portion of
21	this feed class and it falls within the
22	decommissioning of low-level waste business line.
23	Some of the decreases in the
24	decommissioning of low-level waste workload in Fiscal
25	Year 2021 would be the completion of the licensing

(202) 234-4433

39 1 actions and partial site release requests and 2 decreasing the confirmatory surveys work at multiple 3 sites near completion. 4 We have four reactors in this group that 5 will be nearly completing activities. The reduction 6 in contract support due to a decrease in confirmatory 7 survey and work is expected to happen. So, that's also included in the decrease for those sites. 8 But then there is also an increase based 9 10 on Indian Point Unit 3 shutting down this spring. We will see now an increase in the number of overall 11 reactors the decommissioning in 12 in our current 13 inventory. 14 17 of the 2.6 will be inactive decommissioning and 9 will be in safe store. With 15 16 each power reactor that transitions from operations to 17 decommissioning, we see an increase in resources to support both licensing and oversight activities. 18 In addition to the overall increase in the 19 number of power reactors in decommissioning, there is 20 also an increase in the number of power reactor sites 21 pursuing active decommissioning. 22 Sites inactive, the Commission is required 23 24 greater amount of licensing and oversight work given the activities that are happening on site. 25

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

40 1 Based on our review of work inspected at 2 each of those sites in our inventory in 2021, we did 3 see an increase forecast per hour at many of these 4 facilities. 5 I do want to add that COVID-19 impacted some of our oversight activities. We expect that more 6 7 inspection activities will be happening later this 8 Fiscal Year that were supposed to happen in 2021. 9 this, I'm qoing to With finish my 10 presentation and now I'm going to turn it over to Billy Blaney, who is going to talk about some proposed 11 policy changes. 12 Aida. 13 MR. **BLANEY:** Thank you, Good 14 morning, my name is Billy Blaney from the Licensee Fee and the Office of the Chief Financial 15 Policy Team Officer. 16 This morning I will be discussing one of 17 the policy changes regarding the assessment of annual 18 19 fees for future 10 C.F.R. Part 50 non-power production or utilization facility licensees and for small 20 modular reactor licenses. 21 Next slide, please. 22 The NRC has not previously established a policy for assessing 23 10 C.F.R. Part 171 annual fees for future non-reactor 24 non-power production or utilization facilities, 25 or

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	41
1	NPUF licensees.
2	The Agency currently assesses only 10
3	C.F.R. Part 170 service fees to NPUF construction
4	permit holders and Applicant for construction permits
5	and operating licenses.
6	In anticipation that the NRC could issue
7	an operating license in the future, the NRC is
8	proposing to assess annual fees under 10 C.F.R.
9	171.15 to non-reactor NPUFs.
10	Based on its assessment, the NRC is
11	proposing to amend 10 C.F.R. 171.15 to allow the
12	assessment of annual fees to begin after NPUF
13	licensees complete startup testing and the licensee
14	provides written notification to the NRC.
15	In addition, the Staff expects that NPUF
16	facilities will request that a single license
17	authorize the operation of multiple utilization and/or
18	production facilities.
19	The number of Staff hours dedicated to
20	licensing and oversight activities for these
21	facilities is not expected to differ significantly
22	based on the number of facilities authorized to
23	operate under a single license.
24	NRC therefore believes a single annual fee
25	would be appropriate even where an NPUF licensee has
ļ	

(202) 234-4433

	42
1	multiple facilities operating under a single license.
2	The Staff is also proposing to rename the
3	research and test reactors fee class to the non-power
4	production and utilization facility fee class to
5	account for new NPUF technologies which were not
6	previously included in the research and test reactor
7	fee class.
8	Non-reactor NPUF licensees would be
9	included in the same annual fee class as currently
10	operating research and test reactors that pay 10
11	C.F.R. Part 171 annual fees.
12	This approach would be consistent with the
13	current approach of assessing 10 C.F.R. Part 171
14	annual fees to the fee class.
15	This approach would also be consistent
16	with the NRC's expectation that licensing and
17	oversight activities to regulate future NPUF
18	facilities would be comparable to those for the
19	current operating fleet of research and test reactors.
20	Next slide, please. The NRC is also
21	proposing to amend 10 C.F.R. Part 171.15 so that the
22	assessment of annual fees for a small modular reactor
23	or an SMR licensee commences after the successful
24	completion of power ascension testing and the licensee
25	provides a written notification to the NRC.
I	

(202) 234-4433

	43
1	The NRC does recognize that subsequent to
2	the issuance of an operating license under 10 C.F.R.
3	Part 50 or a combined operating license and a 10
4	C.F.R. 52103(g) finding under the 10 C.F.R. Part 52.
5	Fuel must be loaded in power ascension
6	testing for SMRs, must be completed before the
7	facility begins full licensed operation.
8	As discussed in the statement of
9	considerations for the FY 2020 final rule, 10 C.F.R.
10	Part 52 COLs for power reactors contain a standard
11	license condition that requires a submittal of written
12	notification to the NRC upon successful completion of
13	power ascension testing.
14	Therefore, the NRC would incorporate a
15	similar license condition into all future 10 C.F.R.
16	Part 50 operating licenses and 10 C.F.R. Part 52 COLs
17	to ensure the licensee would promptly notify the NRC
18	of successful completion of power ascension testing.
19	These proposed policy changes are
20	consistent with the FY 2020 final fee rule that
21	amended the timing of the assessment of annual fees
22	for future 10 C.F.R. Part 50 power reactors and 10
23	C.F.R. Part 52 COL holders.
24	This concludes my presentation and now I
25	would like to turn it over to Meghan Blair to discuss
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	44
1	our other policy changes regarding accurate invoicing.
2	MS. BLAIR: Thank you, Billy. Good
3	morning, my name is Meghan Blair and I am the Labor
4	Administration and Fee Billing Branch Chief in the
5	Office of the Chief Financial Officer.
6	I'm going to talk about the accurate
7	invoicing section of NEIMA and a proposed regulation
8	change in the FY 2021 fee rule. The accurate
9	invoicing section of NEIMA is applicable to our fees
10	for services billed under 10 C.F.R. Part 170.
11	It emphasizes the need to ensure a proper
12	review and approval is performed prior to issuing the
13	invoices, having processes in place to ensure
14	accuracy, transparency, and fairness, and ensuring
15	there's a fair and efficient process in place for
16	Applicants and licensees to request a review of or
17	dispute their invoice.
18	We've completed several projects to
19	respond to the first two actions and part of the third
20	action, which I will briefly highlight. I will also
21	discuss the proposed regulation changes and associated
22	process that will fully address the third requirement.
23	After that, I will play a short video that
24	highlights many of the features of our electronic
25	billing system, e-billing.
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	45
1	Next slide, please. This slide lists some
2	of the projects we have completed that address NEIMA
3	Section 102D, Actions 1, 2, and part of 3, which are
4	also discussed in the Proposed Fee Rule.
5	Invoice and billing structure redesign.
6	In FY 2018 we implemented a new data structure used
7	for tracking NRC Staff time and contractor costs that
8	is also used on our bills.
9	We incorporated the new data structure
10	when we redesigned the invoices to improve clarity and
11	transparency for our Applicants and licensees.
12	The new data structure includes a data
13	element called the enterprise project identifier, or
14	EPID, which allowed us to group costs at the project
15	level or by licensing action or inspection.
16	Using this code, we're able to provide a
17	description of each project on the invoice and some
18	costs at the project level.
19	We also standardize our cost activity
20	codes or CACs, which are used to track the specific
21	work activities being performed in order to complete
22	the project, licensing action, or inspection.
23	The standardization provides licensees
24	with consistent descriptions of the work being
25	performed across licensing action inspections as well
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	46
1	as over multiple dockets.
2	We improved the overall content and design
3	of the invoice by adding Staff and contractor company
4	names associated with the charges as well as a legend
5	of acronyms.
6	We organized the charges by separating
7	cost by project and then by Staff hours versus
8	contractor costs. These changes have led to a much
9	more transparent invoice.
10	Standardization of the fee billing
11	validation process. In FY 2019, we developed and
12	implemented a new process to ensure a reasonable
13	review of billable Staff time and contractor charges
14	as performed consistently across the Agency.
15	The standardized process defines roles and
16	responsibilities for performing fee billing validation
17	and certification.
18	It utilizes the EPID data element I
19	mentioned earlier to identify the proper individual
20	responsible for overseeing the project and thereby
21	responsible for validating the charges to that
22	project.
23	It also requires management oversight to
24	improve accountability and internal controls over the
25	process.
	I

(202) 234-4433

	47
1	The process requires offices with few
2	billable charges to regularly review and validate NRC
3	Staff hours and contractor costs for accuracy before
4	we send the bills out to licensees.
5	Each office provides a certification
6	ensuring all steps in the process were followed and
7	completed. The new standardized process improves
8	accountability and oversight within the NRC to help
9	ensure that fee billing data is accurate before
10	appearing on the licensee's invoice.
11	E-billing, at the beginning of FY 2020, we
12	implemented the electronic billing system or e-
13	billing. It's a web-based application that provides
14	Applicants and licensees with the immediate delivery
15	of their invoices along with many other benefits.
16	I'd like to highlight a couple of the
17	features that address the transparency aspect of
18	NEIMA.
19	First, e-billing provides licensees with
20	the ability to export their invoice details to
21	Microsoft Excel, which allows for easy parsing of the
22	billing data and the ability to perform data
23	analytics.
24	A newer functioning that we implemented in
25	May of 2020 is the accrual report feature. On a
	1

(202) 234-4433

	48
1	biweekly basis after each NRC pay period, e-billing
2	provides access to costs that have accrued during the
3	billing quarter but have not yet been billed.
4	This feature allows individuals enrolled
5	in e-billing to improve their financial planning and
6	review charges before the invoice is issued. The
7	accrual reports are also available in Microsoft Excel
8	format for easy data analysis.
9	I do also want to mention that currently,
10	e-billing sign-up is completed through an email
11	process, however, we are working to implement a new
12	online registration functionality to increase
13	efficiency.
14	We expect this enhancement to be ready in
15	May. The video clip that we'll play in a few minutes
16	will show these features as well as many of benefits
17	of e-billing.
18	NRC Form 527 requests for information
19	related to fees for service.
20	In FY 2019 we developed a form to
21	facilitate a standardized and efficient process for
22	licensees to request additional information on charges
23	related to their fee-for-service invoices.
24	The process requires that the licensee
25	complete a small portion of the form with information
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	49
1	necessary to identify the invoice and specific charges
2	in question.
3	This enhances efficiency by enabling the
4	licensee to provide all the necessary information
5	upfront in the process.
6	Once received, the NRC Project Manager or
7	lead inspector will review the included form and add
8	the requested additional information to the form. The
9	form goes back through OCFO for review and then is
10	provided to the licensee.
11	If an error is identified at this point,
12	OCFO will coordinate with the technical staff and the
13	licensee until the error is corrected.
14	The form includes detailed instructions
15	and a process map to aid and clear understanding of
16	both the licensees' and the NRC's roles, as well as
17	the various steps in the process.
18	The implementation of this form provides
19	and efficient, fair, and appropriate process for
20	licensees and Applicants to seek review of these on
21	their invoices.
22	These are the improvements we've
23	implemented so far that serve to address the accurate
24	invoicing section of NEIMA. Let's move on to the
25	proposed regulation changes that will serve to address
I	1

(202) 234-4433

	50
1	the dispute portion.
2	Next slide, please. Section 102D3 of
3	NEIMA requires the NRC to modify regulations to ensure
4	fair and appropriate processes to provide licensees
5	and Applicants an opportunity to a efficiently dispute
6	or otherwise seek review and correction of errors in
7	invoices for service fees.
8	The NRC is proposing requirements for a
9	standard methods for licensees and Applicants to do
10	this. The process is illustrated in this map which is
11	also provided on Page 3 of the NRC Form 529 dispute of
12	fees for service charges in accordance with 10 C.F.R.
13	Part 170.51.
14	The proposed process follows the
15	established method for licensees and Applicants to
16	submit requests for the review of fees under 10 C.F.R.
17	Part 170 via the NRC Form 527 that I just mentioned.
18	If the Applicant or licensee wishes to
19	pursue a dispute after receiving NRC's response to the
20	Form 527, they will complete their portion of the Form
21	529 and submit it to the NRC.
22	The form may be submitted via email or
23	regular mail and we're actually in the process of
24	enabling the form in e-billing so that it will be
25	available to submit directly in the system for even
	I

(202) 234-4433

	51
1	greater efficiency.
2	After that, the NRC will acknowledge the
3	receipt of the dispute form and review it to determine
4	if there are any errors pursuant to 10 C.F.R. Part 15.
5	We will communicate our findings back to the licensee
6	and if the dispute is valid, make corrections and
7	issue a new invoice.
8	The NRC will complete the dispute process
9	by returning the Form 529 back to the Applicant or
10	licensee with the NRC's dispute determination.
11	Standard use of an NRC form and amendments
12	to the current regulations as outlined in the Proposed
13	Fee Rule will increase efficiency by providing
14	licensees and Applicants with clear guidelines and
15	expectations for submitting a fee dispute.
16	It will also eliminate ambiguity regarding
17	the appropriate information needed for NRC to consider
18	and decide on a fee dispute. These proposed changes
19	outline the interactions between the submitter and the
20	NRC.
21	They will also enhance understanding by
22	setting out the process for submitting a fee dispute,
23	the stages of the decision-making process while the
24	dispute is under review, and the manner by which the
25	NRC will notify a debtor after it makes a final
I	

(202) 234-4433

	52
1	determination on a dispute.
2	Additionally, the proposed revisions
3	provide consistent terminology to differentiate fee
4	disputes under 10 C.F.R. Part 15 from fee exemptions
5	under 10 C.F.R. Parts 170 and 171.
6	This wraps up the proposed regulation
7	changes to address Action 3 under the accurate
8	invoicing section of NEIMA. Let's move on to the e-
9	billing video.
10	Hey, Jo, I don't think there's any sound.
11	MS. JACOBS: Can you hear the music?
12	MS. BLAIR: No.
13	(Video plays.)
14	Thanks, Jo. So, this wraps up the e-
15	billing portion of this meeting. Next up is Tony
16	Rossi.
17	MR. ROSSI: Thank you, Meghan. Good
18	morning, My name is Anthony Rossi, I'm the Licensee
19	Fee Policy Team Lead in the Division of Budget, Office
20	of the Chief Financial Officer.
21	This morning I will briefly describe our
22	efforts concerning the initiative to develop a future
23	annual fee policy for Non-Light Water Reactors,
24	including consideration for very small Non-Light Water
25	Reactors, commonly referred to as micro reactors.
	1

(202) 234-4433

	53
1	Next slide, please, Jo. The current
2	annual fee structure in 10 C.F.R. Part 171 would
3	require small Non-Light Water Reactors to pay the same
4	annual fee as those paid by the operating power
5	reactor fee class.
6	Although the NRC revised this part of the
7	fee rule in 2016 to establish a variable annual fee
8	structure for small modular reactors, this revision
9	defines small modular reactors for the purposes of
10	calculating fees as the class of Light Water Power
11	Reactors having a licensed thermal power rating of
12	less than or equal to 1000 megawatts thermal per
13	module.
14	This limits the annual variable fee
15	structure to Light Water Reactors excluding all
16	Non-Light Water Reactor designs. Also, consideration
17	needs to be given for very small reactors commonly
18	referred to as micro reactors.
1.0	

In order to develop a fair and equitable 19 fee structure for Non-Light Water Reactors, we have 20 formed a Work Group comprised of Staff from several 21 Offices including the Office of the Chief 22 NRC Financial Officer, the Office of Nuclear Reactor 23 Regulation, the Office of Nuclear Materials Safety and 24 25 Safeguards, and Our Office of General Counsel to

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

54 discuss various fee rule alternatives for Commission 1 2 consideration. 3 The Staff plans to work within the 4 existing rulemaking process to propose and develop 5 changes to 10 C.F.R. Part 171 that would be fair and equitable for Non-Light Water Reactors, including very 6 7 small Non-Light Water Reactors. The Staff first initiated stakeholder 8 9 outreach on this topic in the May 2020 public meeting 10 and we continue to engage the stakeholders in an ongoing series of advanced reactor stakeholder public 11 meetings. 12 meetings will help inform 13 These the 14 development of a proposed Non-Light Water Reactors 15 annual fee policy along with stakeholder input. While this policy change will not be part 16 of the FY 2021 fee rule, the Office of the Chief 17 Financial Officer is currently evaluating the 18 19 appropriate timeline for a proposed policy change for Commission consideration. 20 With these comments, I'll now turn the 21 meeting back over to our moderator, Jo Jacobs. 22 MS. JACOBS: Good morning, thank you, Tony, 23 24 for that. Now we are moving on to the designated question-and-answer session which Billy Blaney and I 25

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	55
1	will be moderating.
2	We currently have allotted 20 minutes for
3	questions and answers and if there are any follow-up
4	questions that cannot be addressed in this meeting, we
5	will address these questions as part of our public
6	meeting summary.
7	When you have a question, please speak
8	clearly and state your name and affiliation and
9	identify the panel member that your question or
10	comment is directed towards so that we are able to
11	record this on the record.
12	At this time, Billy is going to check if
13	anyone in the chat box has raised their hand to ask a
14	question or make a comment.
15	We will take a few questions by this
16	method and then we will see if anyone on the phone has
17	any questions.
18	With that, Billy?
19	MR. BLANEY: I'm checking now to see if
20	there's any hands raised. I'm not seeing any at this
21	particular time.
22	MS. JACOBS: Okay.
23	MS. JOHNSON: This is Cherish, I can see
24	some hands are raised. How would you like to do that?
25	Sorry I'm stepping in, I just want to help.
Į	I

(202) 234-4433

	56
1	MR. BLANEY: Thanks, Cherish, because I'm
2	not seeing it on my end for some reason.
3	MS. JOHNSON: The first one I see is John
4	Butler.
5	MS. JACOBS: Okay. John?
6	MR. BUTLER: Yes.
7	MS. JACOBS: Thank you for participating
8	in our meeting. Do you have a question or comment?
9	MR. BUTLER: Yes, first off, thank you for
10	conducting the meeting. These are always very
11	valuable to me.
12	My question is on the limit for operating
13	reactor Part 171 annual fees that came as part of the
14	NEIMA bill. Can you give me just a brief overview of
15	how that limit is calculated?
16	MR. BLANEY: Jo, do you know which slide
17	we're talking about here?
18	MS. JACOBS: Was it a slide or just about
19	the CAC John?
20	MR. BUTLER: It's about the CAC. I'm just
21	looking for the specifics of how it's calculated. Do
22	you use an average CPI from the period of 2015 up to
23	the prior year, the year you're considering?
24	MS. GALSTER: John, this is Christie
25	Galster, our base is the 2015 annual fee that, yes, we
l	I

(202) 234-4433

	57
1	do an analysis with the CPI and we actually have all
2	the figures.
3	We go each month and we look at that and
4	it's actually in our work papers under the power
5	reactors, just so everyone can kind of see how we come
6	up with the inflated rate.
7	MR. BUTLER: Thank you.
8	MS. JACOBS: Are there any other questions
9	in the chat box? Or John, do you have another
10	question?
11	MR. BUTLER: I had a couple of questions,
12	yes.
13	MS. JACOBS: Okay, I understand the
14	difficulty and coming up with accurate Part 170
15	estimate as part of the proposed budget.
16	I'm curious whether or not there has been
17	any attempt to go back and look at prior-year budgets
18	and how compare how accurate those proposed budget
19	estimates of Part 170 compared with the Part 170
20	collections or even what was in the final fee rules.
21	MR. BOWMAN: This is Greg Bowman, I can
22	take a first crack at that if you like and then if
23	anybody from OCFO or from the NRR budget team wants to
24	chime in, that would be great.
25	I'm not a budget guru, I'll put that out
I	1

(202) 234-4433

	58
1	first, John, but I'm taking part in budget formulation
2	for FY 2023 right now.
3	And what I have seen is us doing a lot of
4	work to take a look at how we've been executing budget
5	in prior years when we're looking at the FY 2023
6	budget to look for areas where we really didn't expend
7	the resources we were expecting to.
8	And in those cases, we do take a very
9	critical look to see whether we're at the right place
10	in the budget or whether we need to reduce, or if
11	we're over-executing, whether we need to add.
12	So, that is kind of an integral part of
13	what we do for budget formulation. I can't speak to
14	how it's been in years past because I'm relatively new
15	to this but it is a relatively significant part of how
16	we're doing the formulation this year.
17	Does that answer your question? I guess
18	I would ask if anybody from either OCFO or EPID if
19	you'd like to add anything that I might have missed?
20	MR. BUTLER: I mean, that's what I would
21	expect you to do. I appreciate the response and I
22	appreciate the fact that you're looking at that.
23	I know in prior years the budget estimates
24	have been higher than what has actually been in the
25	final rules. So, I'm just looking for some level of
I	

(202) 234-4433

	59
1	review and correction if necessary.
2	MR. BOWMAN: Understood, thanks.
3	MR. BUTLER: I had an initial question, if
4	I could ask it?
5	MS. JACOBS: Sure, John.
6	MR. BUTLER: Thanks. The Form 529, I was
7	curious whether or not when a fee is disputed through
8	the Form 29, do you put the disputed fees into
9	abeyance?
10	I guess that's the quickest way of asking
11	the question.
12	MS. BLAIR: Hi, John, are you asking
13	whether we kind of put the invoice on hold or under
14	review during that period?
15	MR. BUTLER: Yes.
16	MS. BLAIR: Yes, we do.
17	MR. BUTLER: Okay, good. And one final
18	question which may or may not be in scope, is there an
19	estimate of when you'd expect the CBJ for FY 2022 to
20	be released?
21	MR. SHAY: Hey, John, this is Jason, the
22	Director. We've gotten estimates for late March.
23	Unfortunately, we would have loved to have the 2022
24	data in this presentation. As you can see from my
25	presentation, I didn't touch upon 2022 for a reason.
ļ	I

```
(202) 234-4433
```

	60
1	We talked to our OMB examiner and these
2	are just estimates but we're hopeful for the end of
3	March, but obviously, until OMB releases the FY 2022
4	budgets, I really can't comment on the data on 2022.
5	But we would sure love to have it, that's for sure.
6	MR. BUTLER: Great, that answers my
7	question. That's all the questions I have, thank you
8	very much.
9	MS. JACOBS: I think now we can see if
10	anyone else on the phone we'll move to the phone
11	MS. JOHNSON: I still see some hands up.
12	MR. BLANEY: Yes, I had some hands too,
13	Jo.
14	MS. JACOBS: We're going to see if there's
15	anyone on the phone and then we're going to come back
16	and check the chat box for the hands raised.
17	Does anyone on the phone have any
18	questions. If so, please hit star-six to unmute your
19	phone. Hearing none, Billy, we can move back to the
20	chat box.
21	MR. BLANEY: Sure, Eric Jebsen has his
22	hand raised.
23	MR. JEBSEN: Hello, this is Eric Jebsen
24	from Exelon Generation, can you hear me okay?
25	MS. JACOBS: We can hear you.

(202) 234-4433

	61
1	MR. JEBSEN: Thank you. I had two
2	questions, one is I think for Christine Galster.
3	I study the determination of the hourly
4	rates, what goes in and out and I've always had a
5	question, and it may have been answered before and I
6	just lost my notes, about the mission-direct non-labor
7	exclusion and why other non-labor is included.
8	And maybe some examples of what is in the
9	non-labor? So, just a little discussion about, again,
10	why the mission-direct non-labor is excluded from the
11	hourly fee calculation but other non-labor is
12	included, and maybe some examples.
13	And that's the first question.
14	MS. GALSTER: The mission-direct labor is
15	included into the Part 170 rate.
16	MR. JEBSEN: This would be the non-labor.
17	MS. GALSTER: The non-labor, the contract
18	dollars are not included. The direct mission contract
19	dollars are not included because those are contract
20	dollars so more than likely those are all billed
21	individually on your invoices.
22	So, we would be double-counting those if
23	they were included in your invoices as well as being
24	counted in the Part 170 calculation.
25	MR. JEBSEN: That's helpful to me because
	I

(202) 234-4433

	62
1	knowing their contract and looking at invoices, I
2	agree, I'll see invoices from National Labs and so
3	forth on the invoices.
4	So, I understand that.
5	Now, how about then why would non-labor
6	and maybe an example of non-labor indirect is
7	included?
8	MS. GALSTER: Everything for indirect and
9	Agency costs are all included. Indirect, it's just
10	basically we can't identify it's not an
11	identifiable recipient within that fee class or within
12	a fee class.
13	So, that is indirect just like indirect
14	supplies, that would all have to be included and
15	overhead is all included in the Part 170 rate because
16	we have to collect 100 percent of our budget.
17	So, all those resources have to be
18	combined together and charged in the Part 170 hourly
19	rate.
20	I'm just trying to think of an example.
21	If we had a contract with admin assistants that we use
22	for NRC, that would be included in I believe indirect.
23	And possibly also Agency support as well.
24	MR. JEBSEN: Right, there's the other
25	category too. Okay, so I think I understand those.
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	63
1	The big thing was why is the one not included?
2	It's billed later as contractors and the
3	other is just a whole grab bag of stuff that doesn't
4	seem to fit anywhere else, that's indirect non-labor.
5	And then I guess a segue to that, and
6	maybe you're not the right person, looking at the
7	overhead part of this, I know that NEIMA had certain
8	caps on the overhead.
9	And again, I apologize, you may have said
10	it and I missed it, but what is the overhead projected
11	to be for Fiscal Year 2021 versus the CAC?
12	MR. SHAY: Thank you, Eric. So, the cap
13	was 30 percent for 2021 and 2022, 29 percent for 2023
14	and 2024, and 28 percent for 2025 and beyond.
15	We made every effort, to the maximum
16	extent practicable, to meet that cap in 2021. We are
17	just slightly over it, we're at 31 percent with the
18	budget that we submitted to Congress in our CBJ.
19	So, we're just slightly over it but we've
20	made every attempt to do so in 2022 and you'll see
21	that data come out once OMB releases our budget.
22	MR. JEBSEN: Okay, thank you very much for
23	that. And I just thought of another one and since I'm
24	holding the stick I'm going to ask this. I think this
25	is for Meghan Blair and this was regarding the
I	

(202) 234-4433

	64
1	disputes and adjustments, and John's question made me
2	think of this.
3	Right now, I've had experience with
4	getting not very regularly but sometimes we'll get a
5	refund check. And we get those as paper checks, it's
6	a Federal Government check.
7	The only thing I'm asking that we push for
8	is if there's a way to just because it's so
9	difficult handling paper anymore get those as a
10	credit against a future billing.
11	I don't know if there's an internal
12	Federal Government rule that says you can't carry it
13	across Fiscal Years.
14	I don't know if there's something like
15	that but I would encourage the NRC to maybe pursue
16	being able to use credit in lieu of a paper check.
17	MS. BLAIR: Thank you, Eric. That's
18	something we can look at I think. With some new
19	business processes implemented around e-billing, we're
20	maybe unable to do that.
21	But I will take that into consideration
22	and just double-check into that.
23	MR. JEBSEN: Okay, that's all from me,
24	thank you. To echo John Butler, this is always very
25	helpful and I very much appreciate the information.
l	1

(202) 234-4433

	65
1	Thank you.
2	MS. GALSTER: Eric, I just wanted to add
3	on one more thing.
4	You were mentioning you would like to get
5	examples for what is indirect non-labor and in our fee
6	rule work papers we actually have a list by product
7	line and product for what is indirect and what is
8	Agency support.
9	So, you might want to check that out as
10	well.
11	MR. JEBSEN: Awesome, I probably just
12	didn't go back that far. Thank you.
13	MS. JACOBS: Billy, I think we should see
14	if anyone on the phone?
15	MR. BLANEY: Yes, I'll double-check the
16	phone and then we can double back too because we have
17	a couple more hands raised in the chat box.
18	MS. JACOBS: Perfect, does anyone on the
19	phone have any questions that hasn't already spoke?
20	MS. JOHNSON: Jo, Steven Dolley's been
21	waiting some time now.
22	MS. JACOBS: Okay, hi, Steven.
23	MR. DOLLEY: Hi, good morning, this is
24	Steven Dolley with SMP Global Platts, can you hear me
25	okay?
I	1

(202) 234-4433

	66
1	MS. JACOBS: Yes.
2	MR. DOLLEY: Great, thanks very much. I
3	want to echo the previous speakers who thanked you all
4	for putting the presentations together. It's always
5	interesting and useful to get under the hood of the
6	fee rule, if a little bit scary.
7	Two quick questions, the first is just
8	quite simply high-level, when does Staff plan to
9	finalize and send up the final fee rule?
10	MS. JACOBS: This is Jo Jacobs. Right
11	now, we are hoping to have the final fee rule
12	published no later than June 30th.
13	Obviously, if we can have it published
14	sooner, we are doing everything possible to work
15	towards an earlier date. But right now, we're hoping
16	to have it published by June 30th at the latest.
17	MR. DOLLEY: Thanks, I appreciate that and
18	I understand the constraints there.
19	And the second question is on NEIMA fee
20	recovery requirements and I apologize, I probably
21	missed some nuance here and I will go back and listen
22	to that section again.
23	But would it be accurate to say for FY
24	2021 under the NEIMA requirement there be 100 percent
25	fee recovery for FY 2021?
Į	I

(202) 234-4433

	67
1	MS. JACOBS: That's correct.
2	MR. DOLLEY: A simple statement like that
3	would not be inaccurate.
4	MR. SHAY: Minus our excluded activities.
5	MR. DOLLEY: I'm sorry. Sorry, that was
6	Jason?
7	MR. SHAY: Yes, sorry about that.
8	MR. DOLLEY: I had my notes up rather than
9	the video. Okay, well, this is why I was asking about
10	it, excluded activities defined as? This is the
11	waste incidental reprocessing and
12	MR. SHAY: It's the items in our net
13	budget authority, the \$123 million that Christine had
14	mentioned. Those are off the fee base so we have to
15	recover the rest of our fees minus the \$123 million of
16	net budget authority.
17	MS. GALSTER: Steven, Jason was saying the
18	fee relief that used to be under OBRA 90, we used to
19	have a cap of that 10 percent and if we went over or
20	under there was a surcharge assessed to everyone's
21	annual fees.
22	Under NEIMA, that is no longer happening
23	so whatever fee relief is, all of it, the entire
24	amount of fee relief is excluded from the fee-based
25	budget.
	1

(202) 234-4433

	68
1	MR. DOLLEY: Okay, so for the FY 2021
2	(Telephonic interference)
3	percent recovery, except for the \$123
4	million that's off fee base?
5	MS. GALSTER: Correct, and there's a
6	detail in the work papers as well as our fee rule, I
7	think it's Table 1, that will go through all the
8	activities that are part of the fee relief and part of
9	the statutory excluded items as well.
10	MR. DOLLEY: Okay, great, thank you all
11	very much. I'm sorry, go ahead.
12	MR. SHAY: And Steven, just for clarity,
13	NEIMA states approximately 100 percent so just for
14	accuracy, if you're going to state the quote out of
15	NEIMA, it's approximately 100 percent minus excluded
16	activities.
17	MR. DOLLEY: Okay, but that doesn't change
18	what you just told me about the 123, right?
19	MR. SHAY: That's correct.
20	MR. DOLLEY: Okay, great, thank you very
21	much, I appreciate it.
22	MR. SHAY: You're welcome.
23	MR. BLANEY: Jo, we have a Jason Zorn in
24	the chat box with his hand raised.
25	MS. JACOBS: Hi, Jason, who is your
I	1

(202) 234-4433

 answer this, it's more of a general policy question. My name is Jason Zorn, I'm an Assistant General Counsel at Exelon. When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of course and look at some of the legislative history or that. And I guess it's sort of a general question because when you look back at the leg history for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem statement at the beginning of the conference report for the statute. And it very specifically highlights the discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus what's actually collected in the fee rule. And for instance, when they talk about OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount 		69
 answer this, it's more of a general policy question. My name is Jason Zorn, I'm an Assistant General Counsel at Exelon. When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of course and look at some of the legislative history or that. And I guess it's sort of a general question because when you look back at the leg history for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem statement at the beginning of the conference report for the statute. And it very specifically highlights the discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus what's actually collected in the fee rule. And for instance, when they talk about OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount 	1	question directed towards?
4 My name is Jason Zorn, I'm an Assistant General 5 Counsel at Exelon. 6 When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we 7 took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of 8 course and look at some of the legislative history or 9 that. 10 And I guess it's sort of a general 11 question because when you look back at the leg history 12 for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem 13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	2	MR. ZORN: I'm not sure on who would
5 Counsel at Exelon. 6 When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we 7 took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of 8 course and look at some of the legislative history or 9 that. 10 And I guess it's sort of a general 11 question because when you look back at the leg history 12 for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem 13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OERA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	3	answer this, it's more of a general policy question.
6 When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we 7 took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of 8 course and look at some of the legislative history or 9 that. 10 And I guess it's sort of a general 11 question because when you look back at the leg history 12 for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem 13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	4	My name is Jason Zorn, I'm an Assistant General
took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of course and look at some of the legislative history or that. And I guess it's sort of a general question because when you look back at the leg history for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem statement at the beginning of the conference report for the statute. And it very specifically highlights the discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus what's actually collected in the fee rule. And for instance, when they talk about OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	5	Counsel at Exelon.
 course and look at some of the legislative history or that. And I guess it's sort of a general question because when you look back at the leg history for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem statement at the beginning of the conference report for the statute. And it very specifically highlights the discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus what's actually collected in the fee rule. And for instance, when they talk about OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount 	6	When the Proposed Fee Rule went out, we
9 that. 10 And I guess it's sort of a general question because when you look back at the leg history for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem statement at the beginning of the conference report for the statute. 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	7	took the opportunity to go back and look at NEIMA of
10And I guess it's sort of a general11question because when you look back at the leg history12for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem13statement at the beginning of the conference report14for the statute.15And it very specifically highlights the16discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus17what's actually collected in the fee rule.18And for instance, when they talk about19OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	8	course and look at some of the legislative history on
11 question because when you look back at the leg history 12 for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem 13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	9	that.
12 for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem 13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	10	And I guess it's sort of a general
13 statement at the beginning of the conference report 14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	11	question because when you look back at the leg history
14 for the statute. 15 And it very specifically highlights the 16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	12	for NEIMA, there's a clearly articulated problem
15And it very specifically highlights the16discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus17what's actually collected in the fee rule.18And for instance, when they talk about19OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	13	statement at the beginning of the conference report
16 discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus 17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	14	for the statute.
17 what's actually collected in the fee rule. 18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	15	And it very specifically highlights the
18 And for instance, when they talk about 19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	16	discrepancy between estimated Part 170 fees versus
19 OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount	17	what's actually collected in the fee rule.
	18	And for instance, when they talk about
	19	OBRA 90 they said if the NRC overestimates the amount
20 of revenue it expects to collect, it must recover the	20	of revenue it expects to collect, it must recover the
21 resulting revenue, shortfall through Part 170 fees, ir	21	resulting revenue, shortfall through Part 170 fees, in
order to meet the OBRA 90 mandate for 90 percent fee	22	order to meet the OBRA 90 mandate for 90 percent fee
23 recovery.	23	recovery.
And then it goes on to state that NEIMA's	24	And then it goes on to state that NEIMA's
25 intended to help provide assistance in reducing this	25	intended to help provide assistance in reducing this

(202) 234-4433

70 So, in looking at the budget here and, 1 discrepancy. for instance, what was in the CBJ, the 2021 CBJ and 2 170 3 the estimated Part recovery for operating 4 reactors, for instance, it was about \$188 million. 5 But then in the proposed feel rule it's about \$157 million and maybe I'm misunderstanding the 6 7 equivalency between those two numbers. 8 But I guess it's just a general question 9 of does the Staff feel its met the general intent of 10 NEIMA or that it's still working towards meeting it to have those estimated Part 170 fees be closer to what's 11 actually collected? 12 Because as it's proposed right now, 13 it 14 seems to be perpetuate the old problem that was 15 created by OBRA 90. And you have this overestimate of the budget, which you ultimately have to shift over to 16 the annual fees. 17 long-winded So, for the 18 I'm sorry 19 Hopefully I got my point through. question. MS. JACOBS: Sure. Christie, did you want 20 to answer that? 21 So, first, to start off I 22 MS. GALSTER: think the big disconnect is, and correct me if I'm 23 24 wrong, what you're seeing in the CBJ for estimated Part 170 is different from what you're seeing in the 25

> NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

	71
1	Proposed Fee Rule for the estimated Part 170, is that
2	correct?
3	MR. ZORN: If I understand it correctly,
4	and I understand earlier in the presentation you
5	discussed differences between the business lines and
6	the fee classes.
7	But in Appendix C to the CBJ there's this
8	discussion of anticipated operating reactor fees and
9	it says that Part 170 for operating reactors is going
10	to be approximately 188 I think.
11	In the proposed rule it states that the
12	actual was 157.
13	MS. GALSTER: Right, and it is also
14	estimated that the 157 is also estimated, obviously
15	because we only had a couple of months in 2021 to
16	estimate that.
17	So, the big variance between what you're
18	saying in the CBJ and that appendix is those numbers
19	were formulated two years ago.
20	So, at that time two years ago, we're
21	looking at 2018, 2019 is when they're formulating the
22	2021 budget, and Jason can correct me if I'm wrong,
23	but while they're doing that formulation, that's when
24	they're estimating all the work.
25	They're talking to all their stakeholders
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	72
1	to see what work they want to get done. And so that
2	is why you're seeing 188, but we get more current
3	information as we're doing the Proposed Fee Rule
4	because obviously, we're just maybe ten months out,
5	six months out.
6	And so we're getting more accurate data of
7	what work is actually going to be done in the Part
8	170.
9	And going back to the CBJ, obviously the
10	CBJ that's formulated two years prior, that's not what
11	our appropriation is. So, what we wanted in the CBJ
12	for the budget actually declined.
13	I don't have the number in front of me but
14	it was quite substantial. So, yes, you may see the
15	Part 170 going down from the CBJ to the proposed but
16	you also need to look at the budget as well.
17	Because the budget in the CBJ does also
18	not consider having carryover funding as well. Does
19	that help?
20	MR. ZORN: Thanks for the answer, I
21	appreciate that.
22	I guess still my core question is NEIMA
23	recognized this, Congress was aware when it drafted
24	NEIMA that the budget was formulated two years out in
25	advance but still intended, it appears, to address to
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	73
1	close that gap.
2	And arguably I suppose it does this by
3	providing more flexibility than OBRA 90 had recovery.
4	Because in the past, it used to be the NRC would say,
5	oh, shucks, OBRA 90 requires us to get 90 percent back
6	so our hands are tied. We can't make any adjustments.
7	Whereas, now that OBRA 90 is gone and
8	you've got NEIMA in its place, one could surmise that
9	the intent of NEIMA was to provide flexibility in
10	these situations in which accounting for the fact
11	the budget was formulated two years ago.
12	And now it's two years later, how did the
13	NRC use NEIMA to address that discrepancy to make it
14	closer so that that overbudgeting has not shifted over
15	to annual fees?
16	MR. SHAY: Jason, this is Jason actually.
17	We can take that offline and we can provide you a
18	better response in the summary that we have.
19	But your point is well taken, I think we
20	just need to provide a better response and get back to
21	you in the summary of the meeting itself.
22	MR. ZORN: Thank you, Jason, I appreciate
23	that.
24	One other data-point on that I would just
25	highlight is for instance, in the explanation in the
I	

(202) 234-4433

	74
1	Proposed Fee Rule as to why the Part 170 fees were
2	less than anticipated, it cites the closure of Indian
3	Point 3 and Duane Arnold even though there's probably
4	something here I'm missing.
5	But Indian Point 3 shutdown was announced
6	in January 2017 and Duane Arnold was known quite a bit
7	of time ago as well I believe.
8	But it's hard for me to understand why
9	that would be counted as it seems like always an
10	unanticipated thing that happened, therefore, we're
11	not doing as much work as we thought.
12	Whereas, in fact, it's been known for four
13	years now about Indian Point 3. So, I would just ask
14	to take a closer look at that.
15	MR. SHAY: I appreciate your insights,
16	thank you very much. Before we go onto the next
17	question, I do want to just clarify something about
18	the 2021 budget.
19	So, a clarification, we are expecting our
20	pass back at the end of March and then subsequently
21	our CBJ later on. Don't know the exact dates of the
22	CBJ but I just wanted to clarify that we're supposed
23	to get our pass back by the end of March.
24	So, I just wanted to highlight that.
25	MS. JACOBS: Are there any other
	I

(202) 234-4433

	75
1	questions?
2	MR. BLANEY: Yes, we have Tony Zimmerman
3	with his hand raised.
4	MS. JACOBS: Thank you, Tony. What is
5	your specific question or is it towards a specific
6	person?
7	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Yes, thank you for the
8	time to ask the question. I appreciate the
9	presentation today too, it was very insightful.
10	My question, I believe, I for Meghan Blair
11	and relates to e-billing around Slide 35 in your
12	presentation.
13	First of all, I just want to commend the
14	Staff for the e-billing effort you've done. It's a
15	tremendous improvement over the paper hard copy PDFs
16	we usually get and it gives us a lot more ability as
17	a licensee to analyze the data and to make sure the
18	billing accuracy reflects the work performed.
19	And by the way, my organization is Duke
20	Energy. I have responsibility for NRC fees regarding
21	the company.
22	My question or comment relates back to the
23	functionality of e-billing and your video demonstrated
24	the capability to drill into EPID and look at
25	individual line items, which is very useful.

(202) 234-4433

My question is me as a licensee, if I want to find out how much a certain inspection activity costs or a licensing reactivity cost, I have to go back through each individual e-billing invoice and then total them up or import them into Excel the way you demonstrated in your video.

Some added functionality that we requested during the original scoping of your e-billing effort and during the initial public meetings was the ability to look at discreet line items across billing cycles.

So, for example, on e-billing website, if I could pull a specific inspection activity or an EPID 12 from licensing with you and see what the current 13 14 invoice total was for that particular quarter, but 15 also have my search return results across the entire lifecycle of that activity, that provides a lot more 16 17 functionality as an interactive tool than having to manually import every quarter's invoice into 18 а 19 separate Excel spreadsheet and then try to tally 20 across that way.

So, as you're looking at e-billing and 21 future potential enhancements, I would encourage you 22 to look at some functionality that allows licensees or 23 24 even the NRC to look at EPID activities across multiple billing cycles and totaling up the entire 25

> **NEAL R. GROSS** COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

(202) 234-4433

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

	77
1	cost of a given activity, as opposed to limiting that
2	review on the current quarter in question.
3	Thank you.
4	MS. BLAIR: Thanks for that. So, if I'm
5	not mistaken, I do believe we have the functionality
6	to be able to select multiple invoices and export the
7	data for all of those invoices into Excel.
8	I don't know, we have two of our e-billing
9	Project Managers, IT specialists, on the line.
10	Nandini Sharma or Victor Kochuba, are you available to
11	chime in on the current functionality with regards to
12	being able to export data across multiple bills?
13	MS. SHARMA: Meghan, do you mind repeating
14	the question, please?
15	MS. BLAIR: Sure, so the question is does
16	e-billing currently offer the ability to export
17	billing data across multiple invoices, multiple
18	quarters of invoices, for a particular docket?
19	MS. SHARMA: I believe it does. I would
20	expect if the inquiring party doesn't mind to just
21	check in with our support. We should be able to
22	support such requests.
23	MS. BLAIR: I do think we've implemented
24	that functionality and we'll follow up to make sure
25	but I do believe it exists. If it doesn't, we'll
I	I

(202) 234-4433

	78
1	definitely put it on the list but I believe it's
2	there.
3	MS. SHARMA: Yes, I would support that
4	Meghan, and in fact, we can export it in a couple of
5	formats as well. If Excel is suitable we can do that
6	as well as PDF.
7	MS. BLAIR: Right, so if you do want to go
8	ahead and submit a help request or we can try to reach
9	out to you if we have your contact information through
10	this Teams call.
11	We can walk you through the process as
12	well.
13	MS. SHARMA: Absolutely.
14	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Thank you, I appreciate
15	that. I'll take a look at that functionality.
16	MS. JACOBS: Sure. Billy, are there any
17	other questions?
18	MR. BLANEY: John Butler, do you have your
19	hand raised again to ask another question?
20	MR. BUTLER: Yes, I had a follow-up to the
21	discussion with Jason Zorn.
22	I'm curious as to whether or not the FY
23	2022 budget will take into account the closures that
24	are now known to be expected in FY 2022, operating
25	plant closures?
ļ	

(202) 234-4433

	79
1	MS. JACOBS: Jason?
2	MR. SHAY: Hey, John, sorry about that,
3	let me get my camera on. Yes, unfortunately, I can't
4	comment on the 2022 budget right now, I apologize for
5	that obviously.
6	I don't want to give out information that
7	I'm not authorized to do given that OMB has not
8	released the budget itself.
9	So, I'm reluctant to really go into that
10	level of detail but as soon as we get more
11	information, I promise you we'll get that out there as
12	soon as possible.
13	MR. BUTLER: Understood, thank you.
14	MR. SHAY: Thank you, John.
15	MS. JACOBS: Does anyone on the phone have
16	any questions, who hasn't already asked a question?
17	Hearing none, are there any other questions from the
18	chat box?
19	MR. BLANEY: I do not see any additional
20	hands raised. Are there any other questions out there
21	that may want to be asked at this point? I'm not
22	seeing any, Jo.
23	MS. JACOBS: Okay, hearing that there are
24	no more questions, we will move on to public comment
25	submission.
I	

(202) 234-4433

	80
1	As you will see on the next two slides,
2	there are various ways that members of the public can
3	comment on our fee rule by the end of the comment
4	period on March 24th.
5	You can go to regulations.gov and
6	reference the docket ID and address questions to Dawn
7	Forder. You can email your comments to the
8	rulemaking.comments@nrc.gov.
9	You can mail in the comments to the
10	Secretary of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or
11	for further information, you can contact the license
12	fee policy team lead, Anthony Rossi. And his phone
13	number is listed here in the Proposed Fee Rule.
14	And with that, that concludes this portion
15	of the meeting and I will turn the meeting back over
16	to our Chief Financial Officer, Cherish Johnson, for
17	her closing comments.
18	MR. BLANEY: Jason, you're muted.
19	MR. SHAY: Sorry about that. I'm going to
20	close for Cherish, she had to depart early.
21	So, I just want to say to all of our Staff
22	and stakeholders, I hope you have a better
23	understanding of our fee-setting program and its
24	relationship to our budget formulation activities.
25	We look forward to any comments you may
ļ	I

(202) 234-4433

	81
1	submit on our proposed rule. And lastly, I'd like to
2	thank the presenters this morning and recognize the
3	wonderful job that our License Fee Policy Team did in
4	putting the meeting together for us today.
5	With that, I think we've concluded the
6	meeting and I wish everyone a great day and to be
7	safe. Thank you very much, take care.
8	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter
9	went off the record at 11:47 a.m.)
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
ļ	I