## MEMORANDUM

Date: March 19, 1998

From: Roy McLain

Department of Energy-Savannah River Operations Office

P.O. Box A Aiken, SC 29801

To: Gloria Hennington, Fax 301-415-8555

Confirming our conversation yesterday with Franchone at Edlow, I have included two letters which I think will provide the information you need. The route mentioned in the letters (I-26, US 301, SC 125) has since changed to I-26, US 301, SC 70, SC 64 to comply with the provisions of 49 CFR 397.101 [c] [2].

The last attachment is a page from the Tri-State Transportation Plan for spent fuel shipments from Brookhaven Labs to Savannah River Site. The route includes US 301, SC 70, SC 64.

If you have any questions my phone number is 803-725-2206 or e-mail roy.mclain@srs.gov.

Thanks

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Commissioner Designes E. Bryant

Board: John H. Buriss, Chairman William M. Huli, Jr., MC, Vice Chairman Reger Leats, Jr., Secretary

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Office of the Commissioner Twispisone: (803)734-4880 Pax: (803)734-5519

January 17, 1997

Hon. Hazel R. O'Leary Secretary of Energy U.S. Department of Energy 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20585

Re: Porsign Research Reactor Spent Fuel Transportation Proposed Highway Routing

Dear Secretary O'Leary,

Staff of the Department of Energy are about to initiate transportation of foreign research reactor spent fuel using the wrong highway route. Your staff is apparently deferring to the contractor, who in turn apparently bases its choice of route on ovarly simplistic criteria.

The Department of Energy proposes to bring spent fuel from foreign research reactors into the Port of Charleston, S.C., and then transport the fuel elements by highway to the Savannah River Site. Shipments of high-level nuclear materials have been moved over South Caroline highways without incident for a number of years; however, DOE and its contractor now propose to change the routing in a way which I think is most unwise.

DOE's contractor for this project has stated its intention to bring the fuel casks up I-26 from Charleston all the way to Columbia, then down I-20 to one of the exits near the Savannah River Site. DOE contractors and other shipper have successfully used a shorter and more direct route since 1975 for shipments of spent fuel and Highway Route Controlled quantities of low level waste.

While it is true that the primary interstate system is typically the "Preferred Route," it makes no sense in this situation to haul spent fuel from Charleston to Columbia to SRS over interstates. The route is 50% longer than the direct route, and it transits the I-26/I-126/I-20 interchange, which has one of the highest accident rates in the state. In fact, the area surrounding this interchange is known locally as "Malfunction Junction." The direct and customary route is an acceptable alternative meeting the 49 CFR Subpart D criteria for alternative

routing of Class 7 (Radioactive) materials. Neither the contractor nor SRS staff have offered any explanation for the choice of 1-26/1-20 other than that it is interstate.

The alternative route (from Charleston via I-26 to US 301; US 301 to SC 125; SC 125 to the Savannah River Site) is safer, shorter, and faster. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission has approved it in accordance with nuclear safeguards criteria. State and local officials are familiar with it. If there is some compalling reason DOE is unwilling to consider it now, after using it for 20 years or more, we have not been told what that reason is.

Please review this with your staff. I believe you will find that the shorter, less congested route is the safer and wiser choice.

Sincerely,

Douglas E. Bryant

Commissioner

cc: Hon. David M. Beasley

Hon. Strom Thurmond

Hon. Fritz Hollings

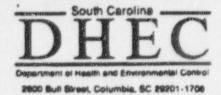
Hon. Floyd Spence

Mon. John Spratt Mon. James Clyburn

Hon. Robert Inglis

Non. Mark Sanford

Kon. Lindsey Graham



Commissioner: Douglas E. Bryant

Beerd: John H. Burrise, Chairman William M. Hull, Jr., MD, Vice Chairman Roger Laska, Jr., Secretary

Promoting Health, Protecting the Environment

Richard E. Jabbour, DOS Cyndi C. Mosteller Brian K. Smith Rodney L. Grandy

August 30, 1996

Mr. Roy McLain, Transportation Manager U.S. Department of Energy Savannah River Operations Office P.O. Box A Aiken, SC 29802

Dear Mr. McLain:

During the July 30, 1996, meeting held by the Department of Energy (DOE) with representatives of the Foreign Research Reactor Spent Nuclear Fuel Transportation Group, DOE requested comments and concerns regarding the highway routing in South Carolina as an alternative to rail shipments.

Members of my staff expressed their concerns of using the I-26 and I-20 route. It was recommended that if it becomes necessary to make highway shipments from Charleston, these shipments should depart I-26 at the US 301 intersection, proceed on US 301 to Allendale, to North 125, to the Savannah River Site (see attachment 1).

This route is considered consistent with the intent of 49-CFR Subpart D-Routing of Class 7 (Radioactive) Materials (attachment 2), avoids heavily populated areas and minimizes travel time. Section 397.101(a)(2) requires the consideration of accident rates, transit time, population densities, the time of day and level of radiological risk. In addition, paragraph (c)(2) allows deviation from the interstate system if the delivery route is the shortest-distant and more direct to reduce travel time.

The US 301 route is similar and consistent with those which have been used in the past since highway routing of large quantities of radioactive material was first mandated by HM-164. Those routes were also approved by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) for security purposes.

It is therefore recommended that DOE consider the I-26, to US 301 to 125, to SRS route for the proposed foreign spent fuel shipments, and for the contract carrier (licensee) to submit this route to the NRC for their approval. Similarly, proposed shipments which originate in Canada and Northern States and enter South Carolina on I-95, should also be routed on US 301 below Santee. We also encourage DOE to route all Idaho bound highway shipments through SRS for inspection purposes, and depart South Carolina via 125, 25, and I-20 thus avoiding other heavily populated areas.



Mr. Roy McLain U.S. Department of Energy Page 2

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me or Virgil Autry of my staff at (803) 896-4244.

Sincerely,

R. Lewis Shaw, P.E.

Deputy Commissioner for EQC

R. Lenn Ston

MCLAIN/sdl

Attachments

cc: Beth Partlow, Office of the Governor

Captain Ben Thomas, SLED

Bob Duggleby, EPD Bill Clark, DOE-SRS

Ron Kinney, Emergency Planning

Virgil Autry, Radioactive Waste Mgmt.

## HIGHWAY ROUTE CONTROLLED RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL SHIPMENT

PRO NO		
SHIPPER _	Portsmouth Marine Terminal	126
CITY & STATE _	Portsmouth VA	800-326
CONSIGNEE	Sayannah River Plant	
CITY & STATE _	Dunbarton, SC	
EQUIPMENT _		
DRIVERS _		
DATE		
ROUTING _	VA-Seaboard Road-Wesley Street-Chatau	igua Ave-S164
_	1664-U58-195-NC-195-SC-195-1301- SC	70-SC64
DEPARTURE & TIME		
ETA AT CONSIGNEE		
PLANNED STOPS		
TELEPHONE # FOR	EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE EACH STATE	E
VA 804-674-2400		
NC 919-733-5282	(after hours)	
NC 919-733-3861		
SC 803-896-4244		

Planned stops will be at major truck stops on the designated route or tri-state terminals no more than five (5) miles from the designated route. Any deviations from this must be brought to the attention of the RAM people in Joplin, MO when it happens.

MUST HAVE ESCORT FROM PORT TO STATE LINE