

ENCLOSURE 1

CONFIRMATORY MEASUREMENT COMPARISONS OF H-3, FE-55, SR-89, AND SR-90 ANALYSES
FOR HARRIS NUCLEAR PLANT ON JANUARY 9, 1989

<u>Isotope</u>	<u>Licensee (uCi/ml)</u>	<u>NRC (uCi/ml)</u>	<u>Resolution</u>	<u>Ratio (Licensee/NRC)</u>	<u>Comparison</u>
H-3	2.20 E-5	2.66±0.08 E-5	33	0.83	Agreement
Fe-55	2.63 E-5	2.88±0.09 E-5	32	0.91	Agreement
Sr-89	1.12 E-4	1.14±0.03 E-4	38	0.98	Agreement
Sr-90	5.85 E-6	6.17±0.25 E-6	25	0.95	Agreement

8906260110 890530
PDR ADDCK 05000400
Q PDR

ENCLOSURE 2

CRITERIA FOR COMPARISONS OF ANALYTICAL MEASUREMENTS

This enclosure provides the NRC's criteria for the comparison of results of analytical radioactivity measurements. These criteria are based on empirical relationships which combines prior experience in comparing radioactivity analyses, the measurement of the statistically random process of radioactive emission, and levels of agreement in radioactivity measurements acceptable to the NRC.

In these criteria, the "Comparison Ratio Limits"¹ denoting agreement or disagreement between licensee and NRC results are variable. This variability is a function of the ratio of the NRC's analytical value relative to its associated statistical and analytical uncertainty, referred to in this program as "Resolution"². As the numerical value of "Resolution" increases, the range of acceptable variations or differences between the NRC and licensee analytical becomes smaller or more restrictive. Conversely, as the value of "Resolution" decreases, a wider and less restrictive variation or difference between the NRC and licensee analytical values is considered acceptable.

For comparison purposes, a ratio between the licensee's analytical value and the NRC's analytical value is computed for each radionuclide present in a given sample. The computed ratios are then evaluated for agreement or disagreement based on "Resolution." The corresponding values for "Resolution" and the "Comparison Ratio Limits" are listed in the Table below. Ratio values which are either above or below the "Comparison Ratio Limits" are considered to be in disagreement, while ratio values within or encompassed by the "Comparison Ratio Limits" are considered to be in agreement.

TABLE

NRC Confirmatory Measurements Acceptance Criteria
Resolution vs. Comparison Ratio Limits

<u>Resolution</u>	<u>Comparison Ratio Limits for Agreement</u>
<4	0.4 - 2.5
4 - 7	0.5 - 2.0
8 - 15	0.6 - 1.66
16 - 50	0.75 - 1.33
51 - 200	0.80 - 1.25
>200	0.85 - 1.18

$$^1\text{Comparison Ratio} = \frac{\text{Licensee Value}}{\text{NRC Reference Value}}$$

$$^2\text{Resolution} = \frac{\text{NRC Reference Value}}{\text{Associated Uncertainty}}$$