	LERDY KEID
1	U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
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3	In the Matter of:
. 4	SEQUOYAH FUELS CORPORATION)
5	Monday January 6, 1986
6	Kerr-McGee Ranch House
7	Gore, Oklahoma
8	The above-entitled matter came on for hearing,
9	pursuant to notice, at 1:25 p.m.
10	APPEARANCES:
11	On behalf of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission:
12	DALE SMITH Director
13	U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
14	Uranium Recovery Field Office P. O. Box 25325
15	Denver, Colorado 80225
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	8710200097 Acme Reporting Company
- 11	(202) 628-4888

2 WITNESS:

3 Leroy Reid

PROCEEDINGS

MR. SMITH: My name is Dale Smith. This is Chuck Cain.

We are conducting an investigation. NRC's procedures require us to kind of formalize these things.

MR. REID: I realize that is your job, and I am proud you are here.

MR. SMITH: I wanted you to understand why we have got the recorder here to give us a written transcript that we can go back and refer to later on and not have to rely on our faulty memories and all of that.

We are trying to get as good an understanding as we can as to what happened and what implications there are for this happening again. We went to make sure that it doesn't happen again.

Perhaps if we understand what all went on and how we got where we are at we will know what not to do next time.

That is a big part of what we are here for.

Our NRC group is kind of divided into the two functions

looking into the investigation angle of it. The group that

is still over there at the plant trying to stay out of

people's way and be involved in the plant cleanup and the

environmental monitoring and things like that.

Some of the things that come out here may

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be of some use to them, but our primary purpose is to look into the conditions and situations that led up to the 2 accident and what we can learn out of it. 3 For the record why don't you state your full name and what your position at Sequoyah is? 5 MR. REID: I am Leroy Reid. I am a Supervisor 6 on B shift. MR. SMITH: Which is the B shift? MR. REID: We change around all the time. MR. SMITH: On Saturday? MR. REID: On Saturday I was on the 12:00

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until 8:00.

MR. SMITH: What I am --

MR. REID: Can I help you by just giving you a brief rundown of my experience with this cylinder? MR. SMITH: Sure, why don't you just start and tell us whatever you want to tell us about.

MR. REID: I have some notes that I took down to make sure my memory has stayed right. Is that all right? MR. SMITH: That is good.

MR. REID: Let me get my glasses out. My handwriting matches my eyes.

On Saturday morning, which was January 4th, this Ed Lowe cylinder number 2047 -- That number you gave a while ago that was right. It was sitting in the south

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UF₆ drain station. When they are sitting there of course we have operators to check these and handle that part.

Of course I walked by to look but not in detail, you know, because we have an operator to take care of that stuff.

when we started -- Now I found this out
through my operator Pat Sanders. I think you have interviewed
him.

Pat told me when he got there the weight on the scale part showed 23,400 and something, about 430 or so. Now he started draining about 2:15 in the morning. I have already told you that.

This isn't anything unusual. Of course you already know we have two drain stations, one to the north and one to the south.

Quite often that UF_6 will freeze out a line or a line will be a little too cold or something and you get a plug, a restriction on the line.

Pat started draining, and he thought that his filters or a line had blown off so he finished draining in the north U_{6}° draining station through that side.

Then lots of times when we have this restriction we just simply open up a drain line on the empty cylinder that had lots of vacuum on it. This evacuates it.

Am I going into too much detail?

MR. SMITH: No, of course not. That is fine. MR. REID: Okay.

This evacuates it back out. Then maybe you can drain and no more problems.

Pat did the right thing.

He did that; but then when he got another cold trap ready to drain he thought, "Well, I will see if it will go this time."

So he tried to drain it. He said he got very little out of it this time. He did get a little. Then something come to him that it was unusual to plug off twice in a row like that. That was around 26,400 pounds give or take a few pounds.

Pat got down and looked around and he found the cart -- You know, the UF₆ sits in a cradle and sits on a cart that we pull up on the -- a scale cart.

The back wheels they would be on the east end, the rear wheels on it, were not all the way up on the scales. Now this had been sitting there from when this Harrision boy, the deceased -- I did the investigation before anything ever happened today.

I checked back and apparently he had put it on the scales. This Harrison had. Then it went through the next shift. They had drained in it.

This is just my own thing. I couldn't prove

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it to you, but I feel personally like the cylinder was over full before we even started trying to drain into it. Then we added to the problem.

The next shift, which was the 4:00 to 12:00 shift, drained into it. We came along, and we drained into it like I say at 26,400 pounds.

when Pat told me about this and I got down there he asked me what to do with it. He knew it was over filled. I told him to evacuate it just as quick as he could up to an empty cold trap, the one that had the most vacuum, because we had to get it out of there quickly. I knew that the cylinder had to be pretty well full from what he had told me.

I got down there. I went down right behind him. I don't even remember the reason why. I was just a little bit behind him. He had unhooked -- He had decided to try to get it on the scales correctly so he could tell how much he was evacuating back out which wasn't a bad idea as far as getting it on the scales.

I stopped him. I talked to him. The cart wouldn't pull itself out either. It was just over the hump enough it wouldn't pull out.

I said, "No, Pat. Hook it back up like I told you and evacuate it out. We are going to have to get all we can out of that cylinder."

We immediately hooked it up. That was roughly 6:15 in the morning.

So we evacuated it. I told Pat to stand by. There was a lady there. Sue Smith was standing there with him. I was instructing him to stand by and watch this and make for sure that we kept a vacuum on this cylinder at all times.

If one of the off-line traps got down to where we didn't have the vacuum, I felt like we needed to swi*.ch, to go to another one. If necessary, we would shut down the plant and find something with a vacuum on it. We didn't have this problem though.

After I left, Pat decided -- He never lost a vacuum. It got a little weak on the trap that we were evacuating to so he started two more traps with it. He used the secondary cold trap which run colder, and when you cool them off it goes to deeper vacuum. I think he went to one that had like 25 inches of vacuum on it.

Now I didn't know this the morning when I left that he had gone to the secondary because I had instructed him what to do, to go to an empty one with a vacuum. He is a good operator so I am going to take him on his word.

He told me later about he had switched to that. That was even after the explosion or the ruptured

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cylinder.

He told me when he left he was evacuating it to three traps trying to get all he could out of it so that meant that we evacuated that roughly an hour and 45 minutes before we left. I mean before we made relief which would have been 0800.

Is there any questions on anything I have said so far?

MR. SMITH: Yeah, a couple.

One I guess was you say that the cylinder was loaded on the scale empty during the previous days shift? You said Harrison put it on, right?

MR. REID: Uh-huh.

MR. SMITH: I assume he was on the day shift, and it was on 24 hours earlier more or less?

MR. REID: I don't know what time during that day he put it on.

MR. SMITH: But it was at least two shifts back?

MR. REID: It was set on during his shift, and I don't know what time.

MR. SMITH: How quickly during this normal filling operation and with the temperature whatever it was in the room how quickly do these tanks cool down to where the liquid would turn to a solid?

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MR. REID: Well, to a complete solid -Our procedures call for, before we get them ready to ship,
is a minimum of five days.

I presume as far as completely freezing out -and this varies with -- Like in the hot summer time a lot
of them even after +-at length of time will have pressure
on them. During the winter time they might cool down to
a vacuum in two days.

As far as freezing out solid I don't think that cylinder had sat there long enough to freeze out.

MR. SMITH: I don't know how this behaves, but would it partially solidify? In other words -
MR. REID: It will get mushy.

MR. SMITH: But I am trying to visualize if you are loading in this thing over a 24 hour period, would the first stuff you put in start chilling down and solidifying where you have solids on the bottom and liquid on top?

MR. REID: I assume. That is what I have always had in my mind. Now this was drained in. Like this boy that put it in, Harrison, they had drained some into it. The next shift had drained some into it. Then we came along and put some more in it.

We were shooting for 26,500 is what we were wanting in the cylinder. We had a memo on it that they

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wanted a minimum of that to fill our order. We would come up short if we didn't have that much in it.

MR. SMITH: Now the weights that you gave us, the 23,430 and the 26,400, that is what the scale indicated to you even though the cart wasn't properly positioned?

MR. REID: This was before we ever moved the cart any at all.

MR. SMITH: So you saw a 3,000 pound weight gain between the first time you tried to fill it and the second time?

MR. REID: Yes.

The first time I didn't see it. I had to take his word for it. I feel like he give me good information.

The last time he had already tried to move it. I had to take his word on that.

Then when he hooked it back up, it practically pegged out and it still wasn't all the way on the cart.

I was sitting out there a while ago trying to rack my mind and remember what that scale would go to the maximum. I would just have to look and call you back. I look at it day after day, but we had never put that much into one. It wasn't all the way on there.

MR. SMITH: Did you ever get it all the way

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on the cart?

MR. REID: I didn't. I couldn't.

MR. SMITH: We are up to the 29,000 mark.

Was that with the cart --

MR. REID: It wasn't all the way on the scale. You know how the rings go around these

cylinders, the UF, cylinders?

MR. SMITH: Uh-huh.

MR. REID: Okay.

The ring on the valve end if that isn't against the saddle as close as you can get it from that end, which goes into your filters, it is impossible to get it all the way on the cart without it hitting some piping in the front. That is where the mistake of whoever sat it on the saddle was made, and it was sticking out roughly I would say four inches.

That is what Pat was going to do when he had it unhooked and was going to move it. He was going to pick it up and then move the cart to where it would be flush against it and sit it back down so we could get a correct weight on it.

I knew. There was no doubt in my mind that we needed to get it evacuated. I felt and I have been trained that way. I knew my procedure, and I took action to get that cylinder --

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I tell you what I did. I was standing there giving instructions and I opened the valve out of the cylinder with the vacuum line open to start with going up to the cold traps. Then as quick as I seen we were getting through it I was afraid we might get a restriction on our pigtail.

Like I say, after we seen that there was no restriction in the line and could evacuate. This was my big concern. I was a raid that we developed a restriction in the line, and I found everything all right so I had them close the valve off because there is a pressure gauge on top of our filtering system on the line upstream where we can read the pressure.

I had him to block his evacuation line off so I could get an estimate of now much pressure there was. It didn't shoot up as far as I thought it would. I come up fairly slow to something over 20 pounds is as high as I seen it.

That is the highest I seen it.

MR. SMITH: Go on.

MR. REID: Anyway the highest I seen it was something above 20, 20 to 25 pounds. It seems like it was 22 pounds, right in that neighborhood. That was the highest I seen it with the valve closed going through the evacuation line. Then of course I started the evacuation.

I instructed them to stand by and keep a

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vacuum on it and whatever they do keep it evacuating. We had to get it out of that cylinder.

That is about all I can --

MR. SMITH: Now 22 psi is that a normal kind of pressure that you would expect to see?

MR. REID: Well --

MR SMITH: What did that indicate to you?

MR. REID: It indicated to me it wasn't near as much pressure as I thought there would be. I had

never had a cylinder this full. To me it relieved me a little because I was expecting a lot more pressure.

It might have been because you are going to lose little because of the restriction of your filters and you piping and everything. You lose a certain amount. I didn't know what to expect. I was expecting lots of pressure.

22 pounds is too much pressure for the cylinder itself. Normally I would say 10 pounds once it comes back out of the cylinder, maybe a little higher.

MR. SMITH: I want to touch back on something just to make sure there.

The final reading that you got of 29,500.

MR. REID: I didn't take this reading now.

MR. SMITH: That somebody else too.

MR. REID: The supervisor behind me.

Now I have talked to him since. Now this is

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hearsay. I just talked to him.

This is something I forgot to tell you. When we started to evacuate it, when we did get the evacuation started, Pat moved this counterweight.

When we put a empty cylinder on the scale, we zero it out to zero with a counterweight or whatever you want to call it. That way we can tell when we get our correct weight in it.

Of course, after we drain it then we take it over to a better set of scales to get an accurate, the real accurate weight. It doesn't vary much, within three pounds. That is where it is kept.

When we got hooked back up, Pat marked each side of this counterweight and moved it so we could get it up on our scale so we could tell for sure what we were evacuating out.

Now have a got that clear?

MR. SMITH: Yes.

MR. REID: I instructed Pat to be sure to pass on to his relief exactly where that was at so they could come back and get their correct weight as close as possible.

We could hear it going through the lines.

We knew definitely we were getting, but we wanted an

estimate -- Just to see if it was going. I couldn't tell

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you how much we evacuated out. I know it was going at a pretty rapid rate.

I instructed Pat on that to be sure and pass it on which he said he did, and I told the on-coming supervisor, which was Bill Bradley about it.

I have talked to Bill since now, and he told me -- as a matter of fact it was this morning. He was telling about the weight 29,5000.

I said, "Bill, did you remember to move the weight to where we had it where it was marked?"

He said, "Yes, we seen you marks; and we moved it back. That is the correct weight if the scales were right."

He thinks the scales hung up on him. As far as my personal opinion all I know is while I was there it wasn't the scales fault other than it might could have been positioned where the cart could have been pulled on.

MR. SMITH: You said that even after you brought it back and tried to hook it up again, you know, after Pat had tried to disconnect it and reposition it and brought it back and hooked it up and tried again; that even at that point the cart wasn't completely on the scales?

MR. REID: No, it was over enough but yet the wheels were partially riding on the solid piece of track.

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MR. SMITH: So even then that is the point 1 at which you got you reading of 29,500? MR. REID: It was over 29,000. I am not 3 going to give you the exact on that because as a matter of fact I think it pegged out or awful close to it right 5 there. 6 MR. SMITH: What I am driving at is that the 7 weight of material in the cylinder very well could have 8 been more, even at that point, than what you read? MR. REID: I would say definitely it was. 10 I wouldn't lie to you at all. I definitely think there 11 was way, way more in there. 12 MR. SMITH: Because either the wheels were 13 still hung up a little bit, and that was taking some of the weight? 15 MR. REID: We were able to gain a little 16 bit going forward to get a little more weight on it, but 17 not all of the way. 18 MR. SMITH: Also from what you said and from 19 what other people have indicated that is right at the full 20 scale reading on that dial indicator? 21 MR. REID: I am sorry I don't remember. 22 pulled up out there a while ago and thought, "They are going 23 to ask me. " 24 MR. SMITH: It is something you look at every

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day and that is something you never look at. 1 MR. REID: I never look at that level because 2 I never expected to --3 MR. SMITH: There is plenty of time to 4 confirm that. 5 It is your conclusion that whatever reading 6 you saw, 29,000 plus, may had still been on the short side 7 of what was actually in the cylinder? 8 MR. REID: I will take your "may" off of it 9 and okay what you said. I will say definitely there was. 10 MR. CAIN: You heard material though being 11 evacuated from the cylinder toward the end of the shift? 12 MR. REID: Yes, you could hear it. Like 13 when you open the air line it would go pst. 14 I had gone up stairs. This was when we 15 first started to evacuate. You could hear it. 16 MR. CAIN: Let me make sure I understand 17 this pressure gauge thing again. 18 You say during the final phase of filling 19 the cylinder it was 22 pounds, is that right? 20 MR. REID: I am saying, no. 21 Now when you drain down, when you are first 22 putting it in there, your cold traps have usually when they 23 are draining in the weighborhood of 40 pounds of pressure. 24 Then they are up in the air. 25

Have you looked at it. You know how high they are. I couldn't give you the correct feet.

Then you get fore pressure because of the drop as low as we are. It isn't anything unusual on those. They will run between 40 and 50. Like I say, I don't watch it day after day. I go around and check, but as far as watching it drain everyday I don't.

It will run in the neighborhood of 40 to 50 pounds of pressure on this gauge. That is upstream of your filters.

The pressure I was talking about is what came back out of the filter. Out of the filter which came from the cylinder, the UF cylinder, after it had been over filled. You are talking about two different pressures.

MR. CAIN: This is before the evacuation began?

MR. REID: Right after I started the evacuation. See, I just started it enough to make sure I could evacuate.

My big concern at the time was -- I knew it wasn't a good situation to be in. I was trying for safety. Then I was wanting a little information.

I was actually relieved that the pressure didn't show a lot more than it did. I don't think it ever would have it it hadn't been put in the steam chest. I think it would have been less.

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Do you want facts or do you want my ideas?

MR. SMITH: Your ideas are helpful to us.

MR. REID: I would have never put it in the steam chest. I am not criticizing. We have procedures that tell us what to do with over full cylinders. That is what I was doing.

MR. CAIN: You probably have already talked to some people on the day shift that followed you.

MR. REID: I have talked to the supervisor.

MR. CAIN: This is probably not a fair question. I should probably wait and ask him, but just to give me some background here since you have talked to him. What did he do now with the cylinder on day shift? What has he told you that he did with it? Did they continue to evacuate it until they got it down to 27,500 or do you know that information?

MR. REID: I couldn't give you a good honest answer. I know that he did evacuate it. I am afraid I will give you some false information if I start.

He did evacuate it for a short length of time. Then he talked like he didn't think he was getting anything else out of it for some reason, but I would rather that you --

I don't care because I want to tell you the truth, and I want facts.

MR. CAIN: Okay.

It apparently then went to the steam chest

I take it?

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MR. REID: I don't know what time he put it in the steam chest.

I am afraid I will give you some hearsay.

MR. CAIN: That is all right.

I had a couple of other questions too on -So during your shift you really never got the cart fully
on to the scales. There was always a little bit of the
wheel pressing against what I guess is the floor?

MR. REID: The rail, like a railroad track.

MR. CAIN: Okay, the rail.

MR. REID: It was impossible for me to do it without moving hot liquid UF, around more than I was willing to take the risk of doing.

MR. CAIN: Okay.

So you really didn't have a accurate weight on the cylinder at the end of the shift?

MR. REID: See these carts -- originally see we used 10 ton cylinders. I am sure you are up on this. Then they started bring the larger tons. We have to do it perfectly to get it on there.

You have the same situation as far as your cart that carries it except the overhang on your cylinders

on the 14 ton cylinders.

MR. SMITH: How long have they been using these 14 ton cylinders?

MR. REID: I couldn't give you an accurate answer. We had been in operation for a pretty good while before. I am sure they have records.

MR. SMITH: It is a fairly recent thing?

I mean it is something that has happened since the plant
was built? You operated a long time on 10 ton cylinders?

MR. REID: I can't give you the exact time.

At first we used 10 ton. There are people that could give you the dates.

There was a time that we used 10 ton cylinders. Mainly is what it is set up for.

As a matter of fact I think it was a few years before we got a 14 ton.

MR. SMITH: In looking at the cart that the cylinders go on to get onto the weighing platform, these cards pre-existed the introduction of 14 ton cylinders, is that right?

MR. REID: Yes, there is no problem with the cylinder as far as the cart except how close you can get to our drain station because of piping.

My opinion -- You know, the cart isn't the problem. What caused this is just the overhang on the longer

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cylinder. The piping was in the way, and it didn't --

MR. SMITH: Let me pursue the same idea but kind of expand it. The whole set up, the cart, the place where you hook up the pigtail, that was all originally designed to accommodate the 10 ton cylinder; and then along comes the 14 and no changes were made.

I am speculating and want you to tell me -
MR. REID: Originally we didn't have a filter

system. This might have been part of the --

Then we had trouble with high cromium, and they started trying to filter that out. These were added so there has been a revision from the original. Without those filters there probably would have been so problem.

MR. SMITH: I don't know how to ask the question succinctly, but do you think that something should have been done to change the configuration of the whole station to accommodate the bigger cylinders?

MR. REID: Yes.

It could be done if you did it. There was very little room -- a very small margin for a mistake. It worked time after time after time until this.

Sure, there is no use in me lying to you. It could be changed. Just like a lot of our mistakes in life --

MR. SMITH: But it worked most of the time.

23 1 But when the thing was originally set up, it wasn't set up with 14 ton cylinders in mind? 2 3 MR. REID: Now I don't know what they had in mind. I just started out from the ground up and worked 5 my way up to be a supervisor. Now what they designed for their purposes, 6 I didn't know; and I still don't. 7 8 In my opinion all I know is what I was 8 involved in. I have done it all. MR. SMITH: So you involvement was satisfactory, 10 but you had to do it with extreme care to make everything 11 12 fit together right. MR. REID: I know my operator was aware of 13 the problem when he put them on. I had cautioned him on 14 15 being sure that they were on right. I feel like my operator, because I have gone 16 over it with him so thoroughly -- I feel like this wouldn't 17

I feel like my operator, because I have gone over it with him so thoroughly -- I feel like this wouldn't have ever -- it would have never happened. As a matter of fact if I had stayed, I don't think it would have ever happened; but I didn't think it ever would. I wish I had of stayed. I lost my supervision with the shift change.

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MR. CAIN: How long have you been a shift supervisor?

MR. REID: My goodness. Will you let me call you back and give that to you? I started out as

assistant supervisor. It has been a while. 1 MR. CAIN: How long have you worked at the 2 plant? 3 MR. REID: I was the second group to hire out, roughly 16 years. I started from the ground up, 5 looked at everything before it was ever put in service, 6 straightened out valvings that were put in wrong. I am knowledgeable of the plant, and I know what goes on. I know my procedures, and I know what is supposed to be done. MR. CAIN: Would you say that the scales then operated properly as far as you know? MR. REID: As far as my part, when I left "shift, I had no doubt but what the scales were correct. I mean with what was set on them. I have no way of assuring you that they were. I was assuming that they were right, and I still assume they were. MR. CAIN: What time did you leave the site that day? MR. REID: Roughly between 30 and 45 minutes before shift change. After I had it secure and there were two people there who were knowledgeable and where I had it

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MR. CAIN: So that would have been about

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fully instructed, I went up to write my log. Between 30

and 45 minutes before shift change.

7:15?

MR. REID: 7:15 will get mightly close.

MR. CAIN: So you left the filling station

about 7:15?

MR. REID: Yes, sir.

I communicated with my operator by radio after this time. I even called him and told him to be sure to make good clear relief. I went back and asked him after this happened again to make sure, and he told me he did what I -- you know, he gave him his information which I feel like he did.

MR. CAIN: We understand that there is also a gauge I guess upstream of the filter that would indicate the vacuum.

MR. REID: The same gauge.

MR. CAIN: It is the same gauge?

MR. REID: Yes, sir. Our vacuum gauge.

MR. CAIN: Do you know whether that gauge or the scale either one showed any indication of evacuation of the tank by the end of the shift?

MR. REID: He still had a vacuum. At the end of the shift he told me he still had a good vacuum because then we switched to our secondary cold trap. These are the ones that run like minus 50 and minus 60.

When one of those are hot, and you get

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through draining it and you go back to cold. When they get cool, they pull you a vacuum. He had switched to even using one of these. He had a good vacuum.

I didn't look at it now.

MR. CAIN: I guess what I am asking you is you, have indicated that you could hear the material flowing, but did any of the gauges or the scale or anything else tell you that you were succeeding in your effort to evacuate the tank?

MR. REID: Well, you know where I told you the gauge where you block it off and the pressure would go up. When I would open it, it would pull it back down to a vacuum so you had to be getting a vacuum.

We were definitely getting through the line. We evacuated an hour and 45 minutes and don't ask me how much because I just flat couldn't answer you. I know we did evacuate lots of UF6 back out.

MR. CAIN: So you are saying that you blocked off the line upstream of the gauge. You would read the pressure in the tank. Then when you opened the valve, you --

MR. REID: You are talking about the UF6 cylinder, right?

MR. CAIN: Yes, I am sorry.

You would read the pressure in the cylinder; and if you opened the valve, that same gauge would be reading

the vacuum from the --

MR. REID: It would be read pressure or vacuum, which one you had, you know.

Like I say, those drain lines are the same lines that we evacuated back up in. Like I say, when you have something hot and you cool it down, you pull yourself to a vacuum.

We just used an off-line cold trap to do our evacuating.

MR. SMITH: As you open this valve the 20 psi that you are reading was the cylinder pressure; and as you opened it, it dropped down to negative status. That showed you that you had a vacuum now all the way into the tank. The cylinder was under a vacuum?

MR. REID: You can go to extremes and prove -You know, you can say there could have been a restriction
downstream in the filters, but I feel reasonably sure.

I could look you in the eye and tell you that I do know or feel that everything was going through right.

When Bill got the weights down to where they would read -- One reason I can tell you. If he did everything he told me he did, and I talked to him this morning. I didn't go down there to interview him. I went down there to make him relax with Rob Luke -- to help

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him kind of relax.

He told me he did everything correctly as far as moving my weight back; that he had moved that counterweight. He said it veighed out 29,500. I feel sure that Bill is telling the truth, and I feel that he was trying to do a good job.

I feel like that was probably an accurate weight. You know, it was over weight close to 2,000 pounds, not quite, but close to 2,000 pounds.

MR. SMITH: How hot was that cylinder?

I know you don't have temperature devises to measure
the temperature of the cylinder, but just being around
it?

MR. REID: The only way I have ever checked it is when you first drain one, after they sit a little bit, you can hold your hand there for a second before you have to take it off. Now does that tell you?

MR. SMITH: This cylinder was at that temperature?

MR. REID: I didn't feel of it.

MR. SMITH: Okay, you didn't know that.

MR. REID: I am reasonably sure it was, but like you say it was layered out no doubt because of the draining. The top should have been hotter than the bottom; but like I say, I didn't feel of it.

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I will look at my notes and see if there is anything else I can volunteer.

MR. CAIN: What time did you leave the plant site?

MR. REID: I didn't look at my watch. I was officially relieved at 8:00. It can vary five minutes early or five or ten late. Around 8:00 in the morning.

MR. CAIN: Okay.

Is over filling of a container like this -has this ever happened to you before? Have you are any
of your operators ever experience this kind of problem
before?

MR. REID: Not exactly. Not in this proportion. They have over filled some. They just turn around and evacuate them right back out. You take care of the problem right then. That is what I was trying to do.

At one time we had a north scale that was hanging. Don't ask me the dates because I can't tell you. At one time you had to shake it loose.

They called the scale people in, and they checked and corrected the problem. I know one was over filled. I don't know how much. It wasn't very much. Not go much that we couldn't evacuate it back up.

We have had times that people have -- You start to get one ready to ship and sometimes, you know, if

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one has too much vapor pressure you have to heat it back up 1 and evacuate it back out to take care of this problem.

Then when they reweigh them we find them over weight a little. Just like this deal where we were told to get a minimum of 27,500 in this particular cylinder and in all the 14 ton cylinders we are filling now because we are trying to fill a full order.

Yes, there has been times. There has been no deliberate such thing. They have taken care of them well.

MR. CAIN: I take it in the times before have these always been 10 ton cylinders or do you recall that? Have they over filled a 14 ton?

MR. REID: I never did.

MR. SMITH: When you say that you over filled them, how much are you talking? A hundred pounds, a couple of hundred pounds?

MR. REID: A hundred, possibly two, possibly two fifty. All I can do is guess. My operator Pat Sanders probably could have given you a better answer than me because he is involved.

MR. SMITH: But approximately that size?

MR. REID: Roughly.

MR. SMITH: You have never seen one like this, a couple of thousand?

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MR. REID: Never anything close to this.

That is the reason I tried to make such clear relief with Bill. I told him when I left to be sure and keep someone at that station to make for sure that -- My concern was that for some reason the line could get restricted and we couldn't evacuate it back out. I knew that we needed to get it out.

I left it the way I felt like it was as safe as it could be made at the time.

MR. SMITH: Okay, the procedure if you do over fill like this. The procedure is to vent under vacuum, to draw off the UF6.

vapor and liquid. Did you ever get one that has set up on you? It has solidified, and you find that it is over weight. Can you draw down from the solid?

MR. REID: Very little. Yeah, a little bit.

When that has been discovered is after -
It would be after they heat it up to reevacuate because

of the vapor pressure and then reweigh it and find it being

over a little bit. Now I am not talking about a large

amount.

MR. SMITH: I was just kind of wondering what you would do. Maybe you would never get in this situation. If you had a significantly overweight cylinder

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that had already set up and solidified? MR. REID: Our procedure says, "Do not 2 heat the cylinder." 3 It states it loud and clear. MR. SMITH: I guess you would follow the 5 other procedure and just take a lot longer? MR. REID: That is the only thing I could do 7 without further instructions from my supervisor. I have been pretty much a safety minded 9 individual and some have criticized me. I will take it 10 on safety any time. 11 MR. CAIN: Did you return to the plant after .the accident? MR. REID: Yes, they called me I guess as soon as they could get a hold of me. I got out here --I had just gotten in bed. I don't know what time they called me. I could check the guard. They logged it in -somewhere around 2:00. I just ran. I didn't even wear a watch or anything. MR. SMITH: So it was a couple of hours after? MR. REID: At least probably. Our relief Bill Bradley, the supervisor who was on, was still trying to do things. I just relieved him

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and told him to get to a doctor.

MR. SMITH: He is still in the hospital, 1 isn't he? MR. REID: Yes. 3 He made the statement that everything on TV was not right. S "If anyone should know, I would be the one; 6 and I have never been questioned by anybody yet." 7 He is wanting to give you his information. 8 MR. SMITH: How is he doing? 9 MR. REID: He seems to be doing good. Bill 10 has high blood pressure. I think by him being upset and 11 him feeling the burden of things and this man that worked 12 for him passing on and everything. I think probably the 13 other problems is worse than the UF, contamination. I think that part is probably doing fine. 15 MR. SMITH: Do you think he would be up to 16 having us visit him? 17 MR. REID: His wife is right with him. If 18 he can keep his nerves down. Rob Luke went in this 19 morning. Rob wasn't there to interrogate him. He didn't 20 go for that reason. I should have gone. I had gone to 21 see him yesterday for the plant. 22 This morning I felt bad because I didn't 23 tell him that wasn't what Rob was there for.

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I would advise you to talk to his wife to

i	MR. SMITH: I don't want to do anything
2	that would
3	MR. REID: He is wanting to give his side
4	of the story.
5	He says, "Here I see it on TV and 90 percent
6	of it is not the truth."
7	MR. SMITH: He is the guy that was in charge
8	when it happened, and he is probably as familiar as anybody
9	perhaps other than
10	MR. REID: I can promise you I can tell you
11	what I have told you up to when I left is correct. From
12	that point on what I have told you has been hearsay.
13	MR. CAIN: Is there anybody else on that
14	shift, that B shift, that is not hospitalized that could
15	give us some good information on what happened?
16	MR. REID: I don't know how he had his
17	people stationed. Let me see.
18	MR. CAIN: I have got a list of the people
19	here.
20	MR. REID: Read me the list.
21	MR. CAIN: "Brewer."
22	MR. REID: Brewer was off. He was the shift
23	supervisor because the other man was assistant supervisor.
24	MR. CAIN: I see. There are
25	MR. REID: There are two supervisors on a
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shift. Then we relieve each other for holidays and days off. MR. CAIN: One of the other names that I see 2 there is "Anderson" and "Gilbrath". 3 MR. REID: Anderson was a maintenance man and Gilbrath was a assistant control room operator. 5 MR. CAIN: "Henry". 6 MR. REID: I think she was on utilities. 7 I don't think she could give you too much. She could give 8 you about what happened afterwards. 9 MR. CAIN: "Valour". 10 MR. REID: A parts man. 11 MR. CAIN: All I have is initials "M. Falleur." 12 It looks like it has been typed in recently so it may be 13 somebody new. 14 "Padget, Sumpter." 15 MR. REID: Padget and Sumpter, I know where 16 they were at because they were both down at raffinate 17 treatment which is a long ways off. 18 MR. CAIN: How about "Swearingen". 19 MR. REID: I don't know about Swearingen. 20 MR. CAIN: Then there is "H. P. Neito". 21 MR. REID: He could give you probably 22 information after the release. I spoke to him. He just 23 got out of the hospital yesterday.

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He could give you what happened after the

release, but I doubt he could give you any information 1 before the evacuation. It would have to be one of the operators. 3 This Harrison boy that was his area. Is that all they have on there? I don't 5 know who they had working the cell room. Probably whoever 6 they had working the cell room -- that is right next to it. 7 Can you give me any more names? 8 MR. CAIN: That is everybody that is 9 listed on B shift. 10 MR. REID: You might could call the plant 11 and find out who was in the cell room. He hadn't gone to 12 lunch so no one had relieved him for lunch. Now I say he hadn't. It was lunch period, 14 and I think the first group had gone in, and he was still 15 out. 16 I am sorry I can't help you on that. I am 17 just not involved on that shift. 18 MR. CAIN: Is Bradley over at --19 MR. REID: He is over at Sparks Hospital in 20 Fort Smith. 21 They were talking about releasing him. He 22 thought he would get released today, but they didn't 23 release him today.

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MR. SMITH: Well, that is all for now.

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MR. REID: If you have any questions, call me. If you want me to take you out and show you the area, I will. MR. SMITH: We may. call any time. ask. The target load for a cylinder in this case would have been 27,500, is that right? all our 14 ton cylinders we are filling now. 27,500.

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Let me give you one of my cards. If you think of anything more that you want to add, give me a MR. CAIN: I know one other thing I want to

MR. REID: That is what they wanted in this --

We got a memo on that. They didn't want less than that. As close to 27,560 I believe is the maximum according to our procedures.

> Was Pat Sanders of any help to you? MR. SMITH: Yeah.

MR. REID: I told him to be sure and tell the truth and give it -- whatever it took.

MR. SMITH: Yes, he was quite helpful.

MR. REID: I feel like I have trained him. I feel like we were doing the right thing. I feel like if we would have stayed there it wouldn't have happened, but you never know.

I would definitely kept evacuating even if

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I wasn't showing any loss until it cooled off or at least set it outside. I am not blaming anyone.

MR. SMITH: All right.

Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 2:30 p.m. the interview in the above-entitled matter concluded.)

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that this is the transcript of the proceedings held before the Nuclear Regulatory Commission on Monday, January 6, 1986, in the matter of Sequoyah Fuels Corporation, and that this is a full and correct

transcription of the proceedings.

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