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NRC Form 366 (9-83) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

APPROVED OMB NO 3150-0104

EXPIRES 8/31/95

PAGE (3)

VEAR SEQUENTIAL PRIVISION NUMBER 19

VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION 0 5 0 0 0 2 7 1 8 7 ---- 0 0 8 --- 0 0 0 2 0 0 4

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DESCRIPTION OF EVENTS

At approximately 1400 hours on 8/17/87, the plant suffered a Loss of Normal Power (LNP). At that time the facility was shutdown for a refueling outage. The Startup Transformers had been taken out of service in order that Doble Testing could be performed on them. One of the plant's two main output breakers, had also been taken out of service for Doble Testing. This action caused all sources of off-site power to be routed through one set of breakers.

At 1400 hours a line fault, external to the plant, was transmitted down one of the power lines supplying plant power. This fault, which also caused trips at other facilities in the area, caused the second of the plants main output breakers to open. The plant was now isolated from all sources of outside power.

When the second main breaker opened the following events occurred as would be expected:

a) A SCRAM signal resulted from a loss of power to the Reactor Protection System (RPS).

b) the Primary Containment Isolation System (PCIS) caused the reactor isolation valves to close, Group I valves,

c) the PCIS caused the Reactor Building Ventilation Valves, Group III valves, to close as a result of loss of logic power.

d) the PCIS caused the shutdown cooling valves, Group IV valves, to go closed as a result of loss of logic power,

e) the PCIS caused the Reactor Clean-up Valves, Group V, to close as a result of loss of logic power.

result of loss of logic power,

f) there was a temporary loss of both the Service Water Pumps and the Residual Heat Removal (RHR) system pumps, being used for shutdown cooling.

g) the diesel fire pump auto started on loss of pressure in the Fire Protection System and the Service Water System headers, and

h) the Emergency Diesel Generators started as a result of the LNP.

When the Emergency Diesel Generators started, within 13 seconds of the LNP, power was available to auto start the following equipment:

- a) the RHR pumps and the Service Water pumps being used for shutdown cooling,
- b) the PCIS logics for Groups I, III, IV, and V thus permitting the isolated systems to be un-isolated, and
- c) the electric fire pump auto started due to low header pressure in the Service Water and Fire Protection headers.

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DESCRIPTION OF EVENT (Cont.)

A temporary piping system connecting the service water system and the fire protection system burst shortly after the start of the Emergency Diesel Generators. As a result of the pipe break about 2000 gallons of river water were spilled onto the refueling floor of the Reactor Building. As a result of the spill, this water was communicated through the floor drain system which resulted in contaminating local areas of the Reactor Building. The cause of the bursting of the pipe is believed to have been as a result of the lear simultaneous starting of the service water pumps and the electric fire pump coupled with partial service water system drainage during the event. The temporary piping connection was made from 2** schedule 80 PVC piping. The piping was manufactured by ESLON.

The temporary piping system had been designed and an engineering review of the system had been performed. The design of the system had taken into consideration normal system operating conditions. A review of the proposed system for pressure surge was not required, therefore no such review was performed. The piping system, designed for system of pressures of about 150 psig, is suspected to have been subjected to a larger than normal pressure surge when the pumps regained power after the Emergency Diesel Generators started.

As a result of the burst pipe, approximately 2000 gallons of clean service water were spilled onto the Refueling Floor of the Reactor Building. The water immediately entered the floor drain system in the Reactor Building. The floor drain system contains several contaminated lengths of pipe which in turn contaminated the service water. The rate of flow of the water from the burst pipe greatly exceeded the capacity of the floor drain system. The draining water overflowed the floor drain sump on the lowest level of the Reactor Building, and vented out several floor drains on two additional floors of the building. Water temporarily pooling on the Refueling Floor was also seeped through the interface between the Reactor Building Refueling Floor paneling and the Reactor Building's exterior walls.

A test of secondary containment was conducted as part of the cleanup and investigation after the event. Containment was found to be intact. An area walk-down was conducted of the various levels of the Reactor Building. It was determined that there had not been any damage to equipment as a result of the spill.

CAUSES OF EVENTS

The immediate cause of the LNP was an external line fault of unknown origin on the grid while the plant was in a shutdown condition. However, the root cause of the LNP was the routing of all sources of off-site power through one set of breakers while the plant was in an outage.

The cause of the burst pipe is the result of a water surge in the Service Water System and Fire Protection System as a result of multiple simultaneous pump starts in those systems. The root cause of the broken pipe is the failure gurthe design review to be required to review the installation for a pressure

NOC Form 306A (9-63)	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUA										ATI	ON			NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION APPROVED OMS NO 3150-0104 EXPIRES 8/31/86									
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ANALYSIS OF EVENTS

The events of this report did not have adverse safety implications. During the events of the LNP:

a) The RPS responded as designed.

b) The PCIS responded as designed.

c) The Emergency Diesel Generators responded as designed.

f) Operators responded as required by procedure.

After the LNP:

a) The operators were able to isolate the pipe break, in about 10 minutes, using procedures outlined in the mechanical bypass.

b) An area walk-down did detect any equipment damage as a result of the

events of this report.

c) Cleanup of the spill commenced about 30 minutes after the pipe break and was completed in about 14 hours.

Had these events occurred at full power, in addition to the equipment available for this transient both of the startup transformers would normally be available to supply power to plant equipment.

During the transient, if both Emergency Diesels had failed to start, power would still have been available through the 5 Megawatt tie line to the Vernon Dam. This is sufficient power to operate essential plant equipment. This power source would be available to the plant within 2 minutes.

No similar events have occurred within the past 5 years.

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Precautions will be added to procedures to warn against the routing of all sources of outside power through a single set of breakers.

Engineering personnel will be instructed to, in the future, consider in their reviews of temporary piping systems the potential for pressure surges.



ERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER CORPORATION

P. O. BOX 157 GOVERNOR HUNT ROAD VERNON, VERMONT 05354

September 14. 1987

VYV 87-173

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document No. 50-271 Washington, D.C. 20555

REFERENCE: Operating License DPR-28

Docket No. 50-271

Reportable Occurrence No. LER 87-08

Dear Sirs:

As defined by 10CFR50.73, we are reporting the attached Reportable Occurrence as LER 87-08.

Very truly yours,

VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER CORPORATION

James P. Pelletier Plant Manager

cc: Regional Administrator USNRC Office of Inspection and Enforcement Region I 631 Park Avenue King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406