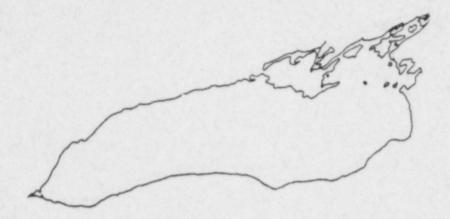
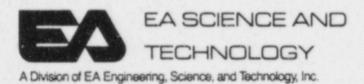
Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation



May 1987

Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station 1986 SPDES Annual Biological Monitoring Report



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1986 SPDES ANNUAL
BIOLOGICAL MONITORING REPORT
SPDES PERMIT NO. NY 000 1015
SECTION IV.C

Prepared for

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Nine Mile Point (NMP) Nuclear Station Unit 1 is solely owned and operated by Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation. The station is located on a 900-acre site in Oswego County, New York, and is approximately 6.8 miles north-northeast of the City of Oswego. The power conversion system utilizes a 1,850-megawatt thermal boiling water reactor (BWR) designed and manufactured by the General Electric Corporation, and a 610,000-kilowatt (net) turbine-generator.

NMP Unit 1 has been operational since December 1969. The station is a critical, integral part of the New York State Master Energy Plan and, with the exception of installed hydroelectric capacity, the station is one of the most cost efficient sources of electrical energy within Niagara Mohawk's service area.

NMP Unit 1 utilizes a once-through, non-contact cooling water system to dissipate thermal energy from the main condensers and auxiliary cooling systems. Cooling water is drawn from Lake Ontario by means of two main circulating water pumps rated at 946.25 m³ (250,000 gallons) per minute and two service water pumps which operate at approximately 68.13 m³ (18,000 gallons) per minute (total). Usually, one service water pump is operating except during the mid-summer months.

The lake intake structure is an open-sided hexagonal concrete structure located in approximately 5.5 meters (18 feet) of water and approximately 259 meters (850 feet) from the existing shoreline. The lake discharge structure is of a design that is similar to the intake structure. This structure is hexagonal with open-sided ports and is located approximately 102 meters (335 feet) from the shoreline and 2.6 meters (8.5 feet) below the surface (lowest expected lake level).

Aquatic organisms, detritus, and other debris enter with the water pumped from the vicinity of the submerged intake structure. Organisms, detritus, and debris flow through trash racks, which are used for removing large items, such as logs, and are impinged on traveling screens, which are used for screening out smaller materials. Periodically, the traveling screens are rotated and washed to remove any accumulation of impinged organisms or other material into a sluiceway which empties into an impingement collection basket. The aquatic organisms impinged at NMP Unit 1 have been monitored yearly since 1972 in order to estimate species abundance and composition.

This report presents the results of aquatic ecological studies conducted by EA Science and Technology, a Division of EA Engineering, Science, and Technology, Inc. during 1986 as required by the State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Permit No. NY 000 1015, Section IV (dated 1 July 1983) covering Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation's NMP Unit 1.

Impingement catches (as required by Section IV.B of the permit) were monitored on a frequency of 4-9 samples per month from January through December 1986 (a total of 51 samples in 1986).

Impingement sampling at NMP Unit 1 in 1986 resulted in the collection and identification of 31 fish taxa. One was identified to the family level and 1 was identified to the genus level; the remaining 29 were identified to the species level. Two invertebrates (crayfish and clam) were also represented in the 1986 collections. Alewife was the most numerous (16,075) comprising 66 percent of the total catch. Alewife, rainbow smelt, white bass, and sculpins accounted for 95 percent (23,125) of all fish collected (24,264).

As required by correspondence from Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, all fish impingement samples are checked for the presence of the Asiatic clam (Corbicula sp.). No Corbicula sp. molluscs were found in the 1986 impingement collections.

2. METHODS AND MATERIALS

2.1 SCHEDULE (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.1)

In accordance with permit requirements, 78 impingement collections were scheduled between 1 January and 31 December 1986 (Table 2-1). Samples were collected over a 24-hour period on randomly selected days. Randomly selected sample dates were scheduled such that no more than ten (10) days occurred between samples. Table 2-2 lists the scheduled sampling dates.

In 1986, 51 of the 78 scheduled samples were successfully completed (Appendix A). From 9 March 1986 to 19 June 1986, NMP Unit 1 was shutdown for refueling and maintenance. During the outage, the main circulating water pumps and the traveling screens were shut down for extended periods of time. Whenever the screens were operating, attempts were made to collect impingement samples regardless of whether the main circulating water pumps were operating, although the SPDES permit (No. 0001015 Section IV.B.1) does not require sampling when the pumps are shut down. Maintenance on the traveling screens, coupled with the shutdown of the main circulating water pumps, prevented sample collections in April 1986. A total of 9 of 20 scheduled samples were collected in May 1986. During May, scheduled sample dates were often changed to conform with circulating water pump and traveling screen operating conditions at the station. In June, one sample was rescheduled due to additional maintenance associated with the outage. This sample was rescheduled and successfully collected on another date in June (Appendix A).

2.2 SAMPLING PROCEDURE (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.2,3,4,5)

Samples were initiated around 1300 hours of the sampling day. At the beginning of the sample collection period, the traveling screens were rotated and washed for five minutes. The collection basket, with a 9.5-mm (3/8-in.) stretch mesh liner, was then positioned at the end of the sluiceway. The collection basket remained in place for the duration of the sample, unless high impingement or debris loads required that it be emptied, in which case it was removed, emptied, and repositioned.

At the end of the 24-hour period, the traveling screens were rotated and washed for five minutes. The impinged organisms were washed into the collection basket; the basket was removed and emptied.

Plant operational data were obtained from station records for each sample date to document cooling water flow rates, intake and discharge temperatures, and power production (Appendix B).

A subsampling routine was utilized for occasions when high impingement rates or high debris loads were encountered. The subsampling technique was based on volume, and the total 24-hour catch was estimated using the formula:

Estimated No. of Fish = Volume of Total Sample x No. of Fish in Aliquot in Total Sample Volume of Subsample

TABLE 2-1 IMPINGEMENT SAMPLING INTENSITY AS REQUIRED BY THE SPDES PERMIT FOR NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

Number of Sampling Days Scheduled per Month

January	4
February	4
March	4(b)
April	16(c)
May	20
June	4
July	4
August	6
September	4
October	4
November	4
December	4
December	78

a. Days assigned within each month were selected randomly using random numbers tables (Rand Corporation 1955).

b. None of the 16 scheduled samples were successfully completed (Appendix A).

c. Nine of the 20 scheduled samples were successfully completed (Appendix A).

TABLE 2-2 IMPINGEMENT SAMPLING DATES FOR NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

Scheduled Sampling Date*		Sampling Results	Scheduled Sampling Date*	Sampling Results	Scheduled Sampling Date*	Sampling Result
07	JAN	c	02 MAY	34 - COMPLETED 34 HAV		
16	JAN	c	03 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 24 MAY	04 AUG	c
22	JAN	c	04 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 25 MAY	05 AUG	c
30	JAN	c	05 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 26 MAY	15 AUG	c
			07 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 27 MAY	20 AUG	C
06	FEB	c	08 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 28 MAY	28 AUG	c
12	FEB	c		R*C; COMPLETED 31 MAY	29 AUG	c
	FEB	c	09 MAY	R*C; COMPLETED 01 JUN		
	FEB	c	10 MAY	V	04 SEP	c
			12 MAY	V	11 SEP	c
0.7	MAR	-	13 MAY	٧	16 SEP	c
	MAR	c	14 MAY	V	24 SEP	c
	MAR		15 MAY	∇		
	MAR	c	16 MAY	∇	02 OCT	c
20	HAR	c	18 MAY	V	09 OCT	c
0.2	APR		19 MAY	A	17 OCT	c
	777	V	20 MAY	V	24 OCT	c
	APR	Δ	22 MAY	V		
	APR	Ψ	23 MAY	V	03 NOV	c
	APR	Δ.	29 MAY	c	14 NOV	c
	APR	Δ	30 MAY	c	19 NOV	c
	APR	V			25 NOV	
15		A	05 JUN	c		
16		A	11 JUN	R*C; COMPLETED 18 JUN	03 DEC	c
17		V	17 JUN	C	10 DEC	
18		V	26 JUN	c	19 DEC	c
22		A			29 DEC	c
24		V	02 JUL	c	23 DEC	c
25		V	09 JUL	c		
29		V	15 JUL	ć		
30	APR	V	25 JUL	c		
01 1	MAY	V	000			

NOTE: * = Sample collection date.

C = Completed sample.

 R^*C = Sample rescheduled and completed on a different date within the confines of a random numbers table and any remaining available dates in the month.

V = Void sample; refer to Appendix A.

The volume of the total sample was determined by repeatedly filling a volume-trically graduated container, recording the values, and adding them. The total volume was thoroughly mixed by hand or with a shovel and spread out evenly over a flat surface. An aliquot(s) of the total sample was randomly selected and this portion of the sample was removed and measured to determine its volume.

During 1986, subsamples constituted at least 25 percent by volume of the total sample. The fish in the subsample were then processed according to regular laboratory procedures (Section 2.3).

2.3 LABORATORY PROCESSING (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.4)

After the impingement sample was collected, it was returned to the laboratory and all organisms were sorted, identified, and enumerated. Identification was made to the lowest possible taxonomic level, which was usually species. For the convenience of the reader, common names are used in the text; however, a list of common and their associated scientific names are included in Appendix C.

Specimens (to a maximum of 25 individuals) of the following species were analyzed for length and weight: white perch, alewife, rainbow smelt, small-mouth bass, yellow perch, and each species of salmonid. Any other species present in the collections were enumerated and weighed to obtain a total count and total weight for each species (or lowest taxonomic level).

Total lengths were measured to the nearest millimeter. For the purposes of this report, 100 millimeters were used as a determinant of size class differentiation between young of the year and adults based on size range information in Scott and Crossman (1973). Weights were measured to the nearest 0.1 gram for specimens less than 10 grams, to the nearest 1.0 gram for specimens between 10 and 2,000 grams, and to the nearest 25 grams for specimens over 2,000 grams based on the precision of the scales used for measurement. Any unusual conditions, abnormalities, or presence of fish tags were noted on the data sheets.

2.4 WATER QUALITY DETERMINATIONS (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.5)

Intake and discharge temperatures were recorded from the station operating conditions listed in Appendix B.

2.5 DATA PRESENTATION (PERMIT SECTION IV.C)

In ake and discharge water temperatures were recorded from the plant operating conditions listed in Appendix B.

Monthly "mean" is equal to the total number of fish impinged by species on all sampling days in a given month divided by the total number of sampling days.

Annual "mean" is equal to the total number of fish impinged by species on all sampling days in the year divided by the total number of sampling days in the year.

Total estimated impingement for each month was calculated using the formula:

 $D = \frac{c}{v} (x)$

where

D = total estimated impingement

c = the number of fish collected during the sampling period

v = the volume of cooling water used during the sampling period

x = the total monthly volume of cooling water used.

The annual impingement estimate was then calculated by adding the 12 monthly impingement estimates.

3. RESULTS

3.1 IMPINGEMENT ABUNDANCE AND COMPOSITION (PERMIT SECTION IV.C.3)

Impingement sampling at NMP Unit 1 during 1986 resulted in the collection of 31 fish taxa; 1 was identified to the family level, 1 was identified to the genus level, and 29 were identified to the species level. Two invertebrates (crayfish and clam) were also represented in the 1986 collections (Table 3-1).

Alewife was the most numerous species, comprising 66 percent of the total catch. Alewife, together with rainbow smelt, white bass, and sculpins, comprised 95 percent of the total catch for 1986.

In 1986, due to station outage conditions, temporal distributions of species collected were observed for only 11 months of the year (no samples were collected in April). Rainbow smelt were found in the collections from all 11 months. Alewife were collected in 9 months, absent only during the winter (February and March) collections. The other representative important species (RIS), white perch, yellow perch, and smallmouth bass, were collected during 8, 6, and 5 months, respectively. White perch, yellow perch, and smallmouth bass were generally collected during the fall and winter months (January - March; October - December). Four species of salmonids (brown trout, lake trout, rainbow trout, and chinook salmon) were collected in January. Brown trout were also collected in June and December, lake trout in October, and chinook salmon in May. Two species (spottail shiner and sculpin) were found in 10 of the 11 months sampled.

Spacies diversity in 1986 was highest in the fall (October, November, and December) and winter (January). The highest species diversity occurred in January when 30 taxa were collected. The lowest diversity occurred in September when 4 taxa were collected.

Generally, greater impingement collections occur during the spring and early summer months as adult fish (particularly alewife and rainbow smelt) migrate inshore to spawn. Impingement abundance then decreases through the summer as the adults finish spawning and move offshore into deeper, cooler water. Impingement rates increase again in the fall and winter as young-of-the-year (YOY) become susceptible to impingement. The predominance of YOY at this time can be associated with the movement of large schools of YOY from their inshore nursery areas to overwintering grounds in the deeper waters of Lake Ontario.

Previous samples in the vicinity of NMP (EA 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, and 1986) have indicated that the rates of impingement can also be affected by specific meteorological conditions such as high winds from the west or northwest, and resulting wave action. These conditions seem particularly influential to YOY. At NMP Unit 1, the above stated meteorological conditions occurred in October (sample of 16-17 October) and November (2-3 November). On 16-17 October, west winds of 10-20 knots and 2- to 4-ft waves resulted in the collection of YOY alewife. In November, 15- to 25-knot winds from the southwest, which changed

TABLE 3-1 ACTUAL MONTHLY IMPINGEMENT COLLECTIONS, NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Species													
Alevife	1			NSC	717	246	298	3,852	1,762	5,081	3,564	554	16,075
Rainbow smelt	992	218	33	NSC	8.8	44	3	3,363	23	60	416	1,106	6,346
White bass	263	21	57	NSC				4			41	11	397
Sculpins	157	27	12	NSC	45	16	1	4		6	15	24	307
Tessellated darter	1			NSC	91	91	1	6		2	1		193
Gizzard shad	15	3		NSC						34	116	15	183
Spottail shiner	6	4	9	NSC	11	27	17	50		10	44	5	183
White perch	61	5	7	NSC			1	4		10	12	35	135
Threespine stickleback	90	10		NSC	1						1		102
Emerald shiner	50	11	9	NSC						6	1	3	80
Crayfish	12	1	3	NSC	17			1			14	15	63
Smallmouth bass	37	ī	5	NSC						4		1	48
	18			NSC				17			5		40
Rock bass	10			NSC					28				28
Minnow family (damaged)	3			NSC		1		5		4	7	5	25
Yellow perch	2	1		NSC	8	7	4	2					24
Trout perch	2			NSC		1		11			1	1	21
Stonecat	3			NSC		1		6	3				13
American eel	3	2	2	NSC							2	1	10
Lake chub	1			NSC	1			5					9
White sucker	3			NSC									7
Burbot				NSC				5				1	6
Pumpkinseed				NSC		1						2	5
Brown trout				NSC	4								5
Chinook salmon				NSC						4			5
Lake trout				NSC				4				1	5
Walleye				NSC						2	1		4
Bluegill	- 1			NSC							1		2
Freshwater drum				NSC						2			2
Sea lamprey	2			NSC									2
Clam	-			NSC									1
Carp	-			NSC									1
Central mudminnow				NSC									1
Rainbow trout	*												1
Alewife (damaged)	1		===	NSC									
Totals	1,743	304	137	0	983	435	325	7,339	1,816	5,225	4,242	1,780	24,329

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

to the northwest during the sample period (wave height was 5-8 feet), resulted in the collection of 81 percent of YOY alewife for the month. Lifton and Storr (1977) found statistically significant correlations between environmental factors (wave height, water temperature, and wind action) and impingement at power plants on Lake Erie and Lake Ontario. Wave height was correlated at a higher level than either of the other factors. They hypothesized that wave-induced turbulence and possibly turbidity interfere with a fish's normal ability to detect and avoid an intake structure, resulting in a higher impingement.

In 1986, a station outage occurred from 8 March - 20 June at NMP Unit 1. The main circulating water pumps were shut down for extended periods, consequently reducing impingement rates at a time when abundances would have been high. The greatest impingement collections occurred in August, October, and November when YOY (Section 3.2) dominated the collections.

Rainbow smelt dominated impingement samples in January (57 percent), February (72 percent), and December (62 percent). White bass dominated the samples in March (42 percent). Alevife dominated the samples from May through November, ranging from 52 percent (August) to 97 percent (September and October) of the total monthly collections.

The mean daily impingement rate (Table 3-2) was highest during the late summer (August) and fall (October and November) which corresponded with the actual impingement abundances reported for 1986 in Table 3-1.

Impingement rates based on flow (Table 3-3) were slightly lower than the mean daily impingement rates expressed in Table 3-2. The exception is the data for March where the impingement rate based on flow is higher than the mean daily impingement rate. Differences are primarily due to the differences in the manner of data expression. The impingement rate based on flow is expressed by volume (number of fish per million cubic meters) of circulating water pumped. Outage conditions when little or no water is pumped and changes in the volume of water pumped during day-to-day station operations would influence the impingement rate expressed by this method. In March 1986, NMP Unit 1 began an outage for refueling and maintenance. A relatively small volume of water was pumped during the month which increased the rate of impingement based on flow for March.

The estimated number of aquatic organisms impinged at NMP Unit 1 (based on daily average rate) was 163,522 (Table 3-4). The estimate of impinged organisms based on flow was 160,861 (Table 3-5). The differences in the two estimates may be attributed to the two bases from which the estimations were made and the influence of station operating conditions and weather on data collected. Overall, the estimates on Tables 3-4 and 3-5 are significantly lower due to the scheduling of an extended outage during the spring (April, May, and June) when impingement is highest for species such as alewife and rainbow smelt. Estimated annual impingement of alewife for 1986 was 110,152 and 108,309, respectively, for both methods (estimate by daily average rate precedes estimate by flow). These values represented 67 percent of the total estimated annual impingements (for both methods) in 1986. Estimated

TABLE 3-2 MEAN DAILY IMPINGEMENT RATE BY SPECIES AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Species													
Alevife	0.25			NSC	79.67	61.50	74.50						
Rainbow smelt	248.00	54.50		NSC	9.78	11.00		642.00	440.50	1,270.25	891.00	138.50	315.20
White bass	65.75		14.25	NSC	7.70		0.75	560.50	5.75	15.00	104.00	276.50	124.43
Sculpins	39.25	6.75	3.00	NSC	5.00			0.67			10.25	2.75	7.78
Tessellated darter	0.25		3.00	NSC		4.00	0.25	0.67		1.50	3.75	6.00	6.02
Gizzard shad	3.75	0.75			10.11	22.75	0.25	1.00		0.50	0.25		3.78
Spottail shiner	1.50	1.00	2.25							8.50	29.00	3.75	3.59
White perch	15.25	1.25	1.75	NSC	1.22	6.75	4.25	8.33		2.50	11.00	1.25	3.59
Threespine stickleback	22.50	2.50					0.25	0.67		2.50	3.00	8.75	2.65
Emerald shiner	12.50	2.75		NSC	0.11						0.25		2.00
Crayfish	3.00		2.25	NSC						1.50	0.25	0.75	1.57
Smallmouth bass		0.25	0.75	NSC	1.89			0.17			3.50	3.75	1.24
Rock bass	9.25	0.25	1.25	NSC						1.00		0.25	0.94
Minnow family (damaged)	4.50			NSC				2.83			1.25		0.78
				NSC					7.00				0.55
Yellow perch	0.75			NSC		0.25		0.83		1.00	1.75	1.25	0.49
Trout perch	0.50	0.25			0.89	1.75	1.00	0.33					0.47
Stonecat	1.75			NSC		0.25		1.83			0.25	0.25	0.41
American eel	0.75			NSC		0.25		1.00	0.75				0.25
Lake chub	0.75	0.50	0.50	NSC							0.50	0.25	0.20
White sucker	0.75			NSC	0.11			0.83					0.18
Burbot	1.75			NSC									0.14
Pumpkinseed				NSC				0.83				0.25	0.12
Brown trout	0.50			NSC		0.25						0.50	0.10
Chinook salmon	0.25			NSC	0.44								0.10
Lake trout	0.25			NSC						1.00			0.10
Walleye				NSC				0.67				0.25	0.10
Bluegill	0.25			NSC						0.50	0.25		0.08
Freshwater drum	0.25			NSC							0.25		0.04
Sea lamprey				NSC						0.50			0.04
Clam	0.50			NSC									0.04
Carp	0.25			NSC									
Central mudminnow	0.25			NSC									0.02
Rainbow trout	0.25			NSC									0.02
Alewife (damaged)	0.25			NSC									0.02
Totals	435.75	76.00	34.25	0	109.22	108.75	81.25	1,223.17	454.00	1,306.25	1,060.50	445.00	477.04

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

Units expressed as fish per day.

TABLE 3-3 MONTHLY IMPINGEMENT RATE BASED ON FLOW AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Flow Sampled (MCM)	4.915	4.878	1.718	0.00	12.249	5.779	5.725	9.071	5.972	5.825	5.790	5.802	67.724
Species													
Alewife	0.203			NSC	58.535	42.568	52.052	424.650	295.044	8/2.275	615.554	95.484	NA
Rainbow smelt	201.831	44.690	19.208	NSC	7.184	7.614	0.524	370.742	3.851	10.300	71.848	190.624	NA
White bass	53.510	4.305	33.178	NSC				0.441			7.081	1.896	NA
Sculpins	31.943	5.535	6.985	NSC	3.674	2.769	0.175	0.441		1.030	2.591	4.137	NA
Tessellated darter	0.203			NSC	7.429	15.747	0.175	0.661		0.343	0.173		NA
Gizzard shad	3.052	0.615		NSC						5.837	20.035	2.585	NA
Spottail shiner	1.221	0.820	5.239	NSC	0.898	4.672	2.969	5.512		1.717	7.599	0.862	NA
White perch	12.411	1.025	4.074	NSC			0.175	0.441		1.717	2.073	6.032	NA
Threespine stickleback	18.311	2.050		NSC	0.082						0.173		NA
Emerald shiner	10.173	2.255	5.239	NSC						1.030	0.173	0.517	NA
Crayfish	2.442	0.205	1.746	NSC	1.388			0.110			2.418	2.505	NA
Smallmouth bass	7.528	0.205	2.910	NSC						0.687		0.172	NA
Rock bass	3.662			NSC				1.874			0.864		NA
Minnow family (damaged)				NSC					4.689				NA
Yellow perch	0.610			NSC		0.173		0.551		0.687	1.209	0.862	NA
Trout perch	0.407	0.205		NSC	0.653	1.211	0.699	0.220					NA
Stonecat	1.424			NSC		0.173		1.213			0.173	0.172	NA
American eel	0.610			NSC		0.173		0.661	0.502				NA
Lake chub	0.610	0.410	1.164	NSC							0.345	0.172	NA
White sucker	0.610			NSC	0.082			0.551					NA
Burbot	1.424			NSC									NA
Pumpkinseed				NSC				0.551				0.172	NA
Brown trout	0.407			NSC		0.173						0.345	NA
Chinook salmon	0.203			NSC	0.327								NA
Lake trout	0.203			NSC						0.687			NA
Walleye				NSC				0.441				0.172	NA
Bluegill	0.203			NSC						0.343	0.173		NA
Freshwater drum	0.203			NSC							0.173		NA
Sea lamprey				NSC						0.343			NA
Clam	0.407			NSC									NA
Carp	0.203			NSC									NA
Central mudminnow	0.203			NSC									NA
Rairbow trout	0.203			NSC									NA
Alewife (damaged)	0.203			NSC									NA
Totals	354.629	62.321	79.744	0	80.251	75.273	56.769	809.062	304.086	896.996	732.642	306.791	NA

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

Units expressed as fish per million cubic meters (MCM).

TABLE 3-4 ESTIMATED MONTHLY IMPINGEMENT BASED ON DAILY AVERAGE RATE AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	Annual Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Species													
	8			NSC	2,470	1,845	2,310	19,902	13,215	39,378	26,730	4,294	110,152
Alewife Rainbow smelt	7,688	1,526	256	NSC	303	330	23	17,376	172	465	3,120	8,572	39,831
	2,038	147	442	NSC				21			308	85	3,041
White bass	1,217	189	93	NSC	155	120	8	21		46	112	186	2,147
Sculpins Tessellated darter	8			NSC	313	682	8	31		16	8		1,066
	116	21		NSC						264	870	116	1,387
Gizzard shad	46	28	70	NSC	38	202	132	258		78	330	39	1,221
Spottail shiner	473	35	54	NSC			8	21		78	90	271	1,030
White perch	698	70		NSC	3						8		779
Threespine stickleback	388	77	70	NSC						46	8	23	612
Emerald shiner	93	7	23	NSC	59			5			105	116	408
Crayfish	287	7	39	NSC						31		8	372
Smallmouth bass	140			NSC				88			38		266
Rock bass	140			NSC					210				210
Minnow family (damaged)	23			NSC		8		26		21	52	39	179
Yellow perch	16	7		NSC	28	52	31	10					144
Trout perch	54			NSC		8		57			8	8	135
Stonecat				NSC		8		31	22				84
American eel	23	14	16	HEC							15	8	76
Lake chub	23 23	14		NSC	3			26					52
White sucker				NSC									54
Burbot	54			NSC				26				8	34
Pumpkinseed				NSC		8						16	40
Brown trout	16			NSC	14								22
Chinook salmon	8			NSC						31			39
Lake trout	8			NSC				21				8	29
Walleye				NSC						16	8		32
Bluegill	8			NSC							8		16
Freshwater drum	8			-						16			16
Sea lamprey				NSC									16
Clam	16			NSC									8
Carp	8			NSC									8
Central mudminnow	8			NSC									8
Rainbow trout	8			NSC									8
Alewife (damaged)	8			NSC									
Totals	13,512	2,128	1,063	0	3,386	3,263	2,520	37,920	13,619	40,496	31,818	13,797	163,522

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

TABLE 3-5 ESTIMATED MONTHLY IMPINGEMENT BASED ON PLOW AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Flow Sampled (MCM)	4.915	4.878	1.718	0.00	12.249	5.779	5.725	9.071	5.972	5.825	5.790	5.802	67.724
Total Monthly Flow (MCM)	37.619	34.262	13.754	2.039	14.413	41.508	43.557	46.815	44.771	45.036	43.468	44.962	412.204
Species													
Alevife	8			NSC	844	1,767	2,267	19,880	13,209	39,284	26,757	4,293	108,309
Rainbow smelt	7,593	1,531	264	NSC	104	316	23	17,356	172	464	3,123	8,571	39,517
White bass	2,013	147	456	NSC				21			308	85	3,030
Sculpins	1,202	190	96	NSC	53	115	8	21		46	113	186	2,030
Tessellated darter	8			NSC	107	654	8	31		15	8		831
Gizzard shad	115	21		NSC						263	871	116	1,386
Spottail shiner	46	28	72	NSC	13	194	129	258		77	330	39	1,186
White perch	467	35	56	NSC			8	21		77	90	271	1,025
Threespine stickleback	689	70		NSC	1						8		768
Emerald shiner	383	77	72	NSC						46	8	23	609
Crayfish	92	7	24	NSC	20			5			105	116	369
Smallmouth bass	283	7	40	NSC						31		8	369
Rock bass	138			NSC				88			38		264
Minnow family (damaged)				NSC					210				210
Yellow perch	23			NSC		7		26		31	53	39	179
Trout perch	15	7		NSC	9	50	30	10					121
Stonecat	54			NSC		7		57			8	8	134
American eel	23			NSC		7		31	22				83
Lake chub	23	14	16	NSC							15	8	76
White sucker	23			NSC	1			26					50
Burbot	54			NSC									54
Pumpkinseed				NSC				26				8	34
Brown trout	15			NSC		7						15	37
Chinook salmon	8			NSC	5								13
Lake trout	8			NSC						31			39
Walleye				NSC				21				8	29
Bluegill	8			NSC						15	8		31
Freshwater drum	8			NSC							8		16
Sea lamprey				NSC						15			15
Clam	15			NSC									15
Carp	8			NSC									8
Central mudminnow	8	-		NSC									8
Rainbow trout	8			NSC									8
Alewife (damaged)	8			NSC									8
Totals	13,346	2,134	1,096	0	1,157	3,124	2,473	37,878	13,613	40,395	31,851	13,794	160,861

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

impingement of rainbow smelt was 39,837 and 39,517 (24 and 25 percent), respectively, for the two methods of determination. Estimated impingement for the other RIS collected in 1986 are as follows: yellow perch (179; 179), white perch (1,030; 1,025), and smallmouth bass (372; 369). Annual impingement of the salmonid species was estimated as follows: brown trout (40; 37), lake trout (39; 39), chinook salmon (22; 13), and rainbow trout (8; 8). Both methods of calculation arrived at identical estimates for some of the species (yellow perch, lake trout, rainbow trout). The small numbers of individuals impinged were probably a factor in the resulting equivalent estimations.

3.2 LENGTH DISTRIBUTIONS (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.4)

Length frequency distributions are given for nine representative important species (RIS): alewife, rainbow smelt, smallmouth bass, white perch, yellow perch, and salmonid species (brown trout, rainbow trout, lake trout, and chinook salmon) in Tables 3-6a through 3-6f. Alewife collections were dominated by adults and subadults from May through August. YOY alewife dominated impingement samples from October through December. Collections of alewife in January and September were limited to only a few individuals, all of which were adults. No samples were collected during a station outage in April.

Adult and subadult rainbow smelt dominated the smelt collections in the winter (January, February, and March) and late fall (November and December). Collections of rainbow smelt from May through August were dominated by YOY. In some months, particularly August, September, and October, the YOY rainbow smelt were damaged and the required number of individual length measurements (25) could not be obtained accurately. In September, 23 rainbow smelt were collected, however, none were measurable.

In 1986, 89 percent of the white perch collected were YOY. Collections of white perch in January and December were 89 and 91 percent YOY, respectively.

Yellow perch were generally collected as adults and subadults. Five YOY were collected in December impingement samples.

Smallmouth bass were collected as adults with the exception of 3 YOY collected in January, March, and December.

The salmonid family was represented by brown trout, rainbow trout, lake trout, and chinook salmon at NMP Unit 1 in 1986. All brown trout collected were collected as adults. One lake trout collected was a parr-marked YOY, the other was an adult. One parr rainbow trout was collected. In May, chinook salmon were collected as parrs. One adult chinook salmon was collected in January.

3.3 BIOMASS (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.4)

Total biomass collected in the 1986 impingement samples at NMP Unit 1 was 211,013 grams (211 kilograms). Alewife (66,473 grams, 66 kilograms) comprised 32 percent of the total biomass for 1986. Smallmouth bass (28 kilograms,

TABLE 3-6a LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF SELECT REPRESENTATIVE IMPORTANT SPECIES IMPINGED AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

						ALEWIP	E						
Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
3.0 - 4.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0
5.0 - 6.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	3	0	45	45	39	132
7.0 - 8.9	0	0	0	NSC	9	0	0	0	0	2	17	16	45
9.0 - 10.9	0	0	0	NSC	12	1	ō	0	0	0	U	,	14
11.0 - 12.9	0	0	0	NSC	11	9	1	0	0	0	0	3	24
13.0 - 14.9	1	0	0	NSC	13	15	17	19	0	0	14	5	84
15.0 - 16.9	0	0	0	NSC	69	36	41	57	0	1	19	22	245
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	. 0	NSC	90	39	23	11	1	1	5	9	179
19.0 - 20.9	0	0	0	NSC	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	6
21.0 - 22.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23.0 - 24.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.0 - 26.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.0 - 28.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.0 - 30.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.0 - 32.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.0 - 34.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Measured Mean Length Minimum Length	1 13.7 13.7	0 0 0	0 0 0	NSC NSC NSC	208 15.8 7.6	100 16.0 9.3	82 16.1 11.7	90 15.4 5.0	2 18.5 17.8	50 6.5 5.3	100 9.9 5.4	96 10.6 5.3	729 13.7 5.0
Maximum Length	13.7	0	0	NSC	19.6	18.9	18.8	18.0	19.1	18.5	18.5	19.0	19.6

TABLE 3-6b LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF SELECT REPRESENTATIVE IMPORTANT SPECIES IMPINGED AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

RA:	7 65	-	m	1.7	-	**	-	 -

Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	PEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
3.0 - 4.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	11
5.0 - 6.9	3	1	3	NSC	13	11	1	4	0	0	11	14	61
7.0 - 8.9	7	5	2	NSC	36	23	1	4	0	2	14	11	105
9.0 - 10.9	7	9	1	NSC	9	2	1	7	0	3	2	14	55
11.0 - 12.9	60	66	15	NSC	22	3	0	0	0	5	19	24	214
13.0 - 14.9	18	18	4	NSC	5	2	0	0	0	4	11	26	88
15.0 - 16.9	1	0	0	NSC	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	10	16
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	0	NSC	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
19.0 - 20.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
21.0 - 22.9	0	1	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
23.0 - 24.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.0 - 26.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.0 - 28.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.0 - 30.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.0 - 32.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.0 - 34.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
											0		0
		100	25	NSC	86	41	3	26	0	15	61	100	554
						8.0	7.9	6.5	0	11.7	10.5	11.4	10.6
				NSC			6.9	4.0	0	7.2	5.0	5.3	4.0
Maximum Length	20.7	22.1	14.5	NSC	15.5	14.0	9.9	9.9	0	15.1	22.7	17.0	22.7
Total Measured Mean Length Minimum Length Maximum Length	97 11.8 5.9 20.7	100 12.0 6.1 22.1		NSC NSC		41	3 7.9 6.9	26 6.5 4.0	0 0	15 11.7 7.2	61 10.5 5.0	100 11.4 5.3	55 10. 4.

TABLE 3-6c LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF SELECT REPRESENTATIVE IMPORTANT SPECIES IMPINGED AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

WHITE PERCH

Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
3.0 - 4.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	4	9
5.0 - 6.9	38	2	2	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	48
7.0 - 8.9	10	1	1	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	24
9.0 - 10.9	1	0	2	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	21
11.0 - 12.9	0	1	2	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
13.0 - 14.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.0 - 16.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.0 - 20.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.0 - 22.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
23.0 - 24.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
25.0 - 26.9	2	0	0	NSC	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
27.0 - 28.9	2	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
29.0 - 30.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.0 - 32.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.0 - 34.9	2	0	0	MSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total Measured	56	4	7	NSC	0	0	1	1	0	3	9	34	115
Mean Length	8.9	7.6	9.0	NSC	0	0	26.0	3.9	0	6.1	7.4	9.7	9.0
Minimum Length	4.8	5.2	5.2	NSC	0	0	26.0	3.9	0	3.3	4.6	4.4	3.3
Maximum Length	33.3	11.6	11.7	NSC	0	0	26.0	3.9	0	8.2	10.4	26.7	33.3

YELLOW PERCH

Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
3.0 - 4.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.0 - 6.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.0 - 8.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
9.0 - 10.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
11.0 - 12.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.0 - 14.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.0 - 16.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
19.0 - 20.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
21.0 - 22.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	3
23.0 - 24.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
25.0 - 26.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
27.0 - 28.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
29.0 - 30.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
31.0 - 32.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.0 - 34.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Measured Mean Length	3 25.2	0	0	NSC NSC	0	1 22.2	0	2 27.7	0	2 23.4	4 21.8	5 9.0	17 19.5
Minimum Length Maximum Length	19.6	0	0	NSC NSC	0	22.2	0	25.5	0	22.0	17.0	7.1	7.1

TABLE 3-6. LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF SELECT REPRESENTATIVE IMPORTANT SPECIES IMPINGED AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

						SMALLMO	UTH BASS						
Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
5.0 - 6.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
7.0 - 8.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	e	0	0	0	1
9.0 - 10.9	0	0	1	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
11.0 - 12.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.0 - 14.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.0 - 16.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.0 - 20.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
21.0 - 22.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
23.0 - 24.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
25.0 - 26.9	3	0	2	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
27.0 - 28.9	5	0	1	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
29.0 - 30.9	4	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
31.0 - 32.9	3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
33.0 - 34.9	3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
35.0 - 36.9	4	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
37.0 - 38.9	3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
39.0 - 40.9	5	1	1	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
41.0 - 42.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43.0 - 44.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45.0 - 46.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0		0			
									0		0	0	1
Total Measured	37	39.5	25.4	NSC NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1 1	0	. 1	45
Mean Length Minimum Length	8.4	39.5	9.2	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	32.5	0	5.6	31.2
Maximum Length	45.3	39.5	40.0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	32.5	0	5.6	5.6
Maximum Length	43.3	39.5	40.0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	32.5	0	5.6	45.3

						BROW	N TROUT						
Length Intervals Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	YAM	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Interval Total
47.0 - 48.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
49.0 - 50.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
51.0 - 52.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
53.0 - 54.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55.0 - 56.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57.0 - 58.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59.0 - 60.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61.0 - 62.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
63.0 - 64.9	0	0	0	NSC	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Total Measured	2	0	0	NSC	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	5
Mean Length	55.6	0	0	NSC	0	52.0	0	0	0	0	0	55.3	54.8
Minimum Length	50	0	0	NSC	0	52.0	0	0	0	0	0	47.0	47.0
Maximum Length	61.2	0	0	NSC	0	52.0	0	0	0	0	0	63.6	63.6
						RAIN	BOW TRO	UT					
Length Intervals													Interval
Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	YAM	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Total
3.0 - 4.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
5.0 - 6.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.0 - 8.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.0 - 10.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.0 - 12.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.0 - 14.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.0 - 16.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17.0 - 18.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.0 - 20.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.0 - 22.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23.0 - 24.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.0 - 26.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.0 - 28.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.0 - 30.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.0 - 32.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.0 - 34.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Measured	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Nean Length	4.8	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.8
Minimum Length	4.8	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.8
Maximum Length	4.8	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.8

LAKE TROUT

Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Total
9.0 - 10.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.0 - 12.9	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
13.0 - 14.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65.0 - 66.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67.0 - 68.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
69.0 - 70.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Measured	1	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Mean Length	11.3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	68.3	0	0	39.8
Minimum Length	11.3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	68.3	0	0	11.3
Maximum Length	11.3	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	68.3	0	0	68.3
						CHIN	OOK SAI	MON					
Length Intervals													Interval
Centimeters (cm)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Total
3.0 - 4.9	0	0	0	NSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

NSC

7.3

6.4

7.9

13.1

6.4

36.0

NOTE: NSC = No samples collected.

36.0

36.0

5.0 - 6.9

7.0 - 8.9

33.0 - 34.9

35.0 - 36.9

37.0 - 38.9

Total Measured

Mean Length

Minimum Length

Maximum Length

^{*} A break in the length intervals was necessary due to the disparity in the lengths of chinook salmon and lake trout collected in 1986.

13 percent), rainbow smelt (17 kilograms, 8 percent), gizzard shad (16 kilograms, 7 percent), and burbot (14 kilograms, 7 percent) were second through fifth in rank, respectively, by weight (Table 3-7).

The estimated biomass (based on flow) was 1,411,953 grams (1,412 kilograms) of which 353,205 grams (353 kilograms, 25 percent) was estimated as the weight of alewife (Table 3-8). The biomass of smallmouth bass was estimated at 212,688 grams (213 kilograms, 15 percent). Estimated biomass for rainbow smelt was 121,940 (9 percent); for gizzard shad the estimated biomass was 119,378 grams (8 percent); and burbot was 108,502 grams (8 percent) of the total estimated biomass. Biomass is generally more widely distributed among the species collected since a few heavy-bodied fish (basses and perches) can weigh more than larger numbers of the more fragile-bodied alewife and rainbow smelt.

3.4 WATER QUALITY (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.5)

Intake and discharge temperatures were recorded in the station operating conditions and are listed in Appendix B. The intake temperatures ranged from 0.0 C on 1 January 1987 to a maximum of 23.1 C on 5 August 1987. The discharge temperatures ranged from a minimum of 0.2 C on 24 January 1987 to a maximum of 39.6 C on 9 August 1986. These temperatures may have occurred on additional days, however, the dates given are the first date of occurrence for minimum and maximum temperatures in the intake and discharge at NMP Unit 1.

	JAN	PES	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual Grand Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Species													
Alewife	23			NSC	17,303	5,491	6,378	15,801	845	6,200	12,204	2,228	66,473
Rainbow smelt	7,907	1,935	243	NSC	405	133	7	1,360	7	518	1,342	3,000	16,857
White bass	3,257	305	813	NSC				352			1,346	121	6,194
Sculpins	554	94	37	NSC	113	40	2	4		29	55	97	1,025
Tessellated darter	<1			NSC	204	138	<1	7		<1	3		355
Gizzard shad	8,517	1,305		NSC						196	976	4,669	15,663
Spottail shiner	88	19	65	NSC	98	265	164	376		41	400	31	1,547
White perch	3,122	30	67	NSC			237	3		25	44	898	4,426
Threespine stickleback	105	13		NSC	1						1		120
Emerald shiner	216	45	34	NSC						32	<1	12	340
Crayfish	48	3	6	NSC	72			6			109	45	289
Smallmouth bass	23,139	806	1,812	NSC						1,992		2	27,751
Rock bass	5,592			NSC				1,450			557		7,599
Minnow family (damaged)				NSC					12				12
Yellow perch	744			NSC		123		1,250		582	713	34	3,446
Trout perch	24	3		NSC	104	87	35	18					271
Stonecat	508			NSC		26		693			26	55	1,308
American eel	1,460			NSC		136		5,297	560				7,453
Lake chub	96	7	4	NSC							36	12	155
White sucker	2,342			NSC	508			3,142					5,992
Burbot	14,176			NSC									14,176
Pumpkinseed				NSC				567				190	757
Brown trout	4,800			NSC		2,000						5,023	11,823
Chinook salmon	487			NSC	13								500
Lake trout	10			NSC						13,200			13,210
Walleye				NSC				52				725	777
Bluegill	22			NSC						2	2		26
Freshwater drum	24			NSC							15		39
Sea lamprey				NSC						366			366
Clam	4			NSC									4
Carp	2,050			NSC									2,050
Central mudminnow	4			NSC									4
Rainbow trout	1			NSC									1
Alewife (damaged)	4			NSC									4
Totals	79,325	4,565	3,081	0	18,821	8,439	6,824	30,378	1,424	23,184	17,830	17,142	211,013

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

Units expressed in grams.

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Annual Total
No. of Samples	4	4	4	0	9	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	51
Flow Sampled (MCM)	4.915	4.878	1.718	0.00	12.249	5.779	5.725	9.071	5.972	5.825	5.790	5.802	67.724
Total Monthly Flow (MCM)	37.619	34.262	13.754	2.039	14.413	41.508	43.557	46.815	44.771	45.036	43.468	44.962	412.204
Species													
Alewife	176			NSC	20,360	39,439	48,525	81,548	6,335	47,935	91,621	17,266	353,205
Rainbow smelt	60,520	13,591	1,945	NSC	477	955	53	7,019	52	4,005	10,075	23,248	121,940
White bass	24,929	2,142	6,509	NSC				1,817			10,105	938	46,440
Sculpins	4,240	660	296	NSC	133	287	15	21		224	413	752	7,041
Tessellated darter	8			NSC	240	991	8	36		8	23		1,314
Gizzard shad	65,188	9,166		NSC						1,515	7,327	36,182	119,378
Spottail shiner	674	133	520	NSC	115	1,903	1,248	1,941		317	3,003	240	10,094
White perch	23,896	211	536	NSC			1,803	15		193	330	6,959	33,943
Threespine	,												
stickleback	804	91		NSC	1						8		904
Emerald shiner	1,653	316	272	NSC						247	8	93	2,589
Crayfish	367	21	48	NSC	85			31			818	349	1,719
Smallmouth bass	177,104	5,661	14,507	NSC						15,401		15	212,688
Rock bass	42,801			NSC				7,483			4,182		54,466
Minnow family													
(damaged)				NSC					90				90
Yellow perch	5,695			NSC		883		6,451		4,500	5,353	263	23,145
Trout perch	184	21		NSC	122	625	266	93					1,311
Stonecat	3,888			NSC		187		3,577			195	426	8,273
American eel	11,175			NSC		977		27,338	4,198				43,688
Lake chub	735	49	32	NSC							270	93	1,179
White sucker	17,925			NSC	598			16,216					34,739
Burbot	108,502			NSC									108,502
Pumpkinseed				NSC				2,926				1,472	4,398
Brown trout	36,739			NSC		14,365						38,925	90,033
Chinook salmon	3,727			NSC	15								3,742
Lake trout	77			NSC						102,056			102,133
Walleye				NSC				268				5,618	5,886
Bluegill	168			NSC						15	15		198
Freshwater drum	184			NSC							113		297
Sea lamprey				NSC						2,830			2,830
Clam	31			NSC									31
Carp	15,691			NSC									15,691
Central mudminnow	31			NSC									31
Rainbow trout	8			NSC									8
Alewife (damaged)	31			NSC									31

NOTE: Dashes (---) = no catches made.

NSC = no samples collected.

Units expressed in grams.

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APPENDIX A

EXCEPTIONS TO STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

APPENDIX A

EXCEPTIONS TO STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOR IMPINGEMENT AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1986

01 APR - 23 MAY

Void Impingement Samples - In 1986, 51 of the 78 scheduled samples were successfully completed. From 1 April to 23 May, the traveling screens were inoperable (due to required maintenance during an outage) and no samples could be collected. During this time, the main circulating water pumps were shut down and, according to SPDES Permit No. 0001015 Section IV.B.1, sampling was not required. Samples were rescheduled as soon as the traveling screens were operable, regardless of whether the main circulating water pumps were operating. Rescheduled samples were collected on every available date from 23 May to the end of the month. Nine of the 20 scheduled samples were collected in May. None of the scheduled samples for April were collected.

11 JUN

Void Impingement Sample - At the time of collection on 11 June, the impingement sample was declared void as a result of work conducted on valves and the shutdown of the main circulating vater pumps. The traveling screens were unable to be washed. The sample was rescheduled and successfully collected on 17 June.

APPENDIX B

STATION OPERATING CONDITIONS
(PERMIT SECTION IV.C.9)

STATION: Nine Mile Point, Unit 1

MONTH: January 1986

	No. of	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Circulating Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	1	1,148,399.3	529	0.0	19.0
2	2	1	1,150,034.4	525	0.4	19.7
3	2	1	1,193,637.6	523	0.7	19.2
4	2	1	1,178,921.5	522	1.0	19.9
5	2	1	1,336,983.1	521	1.7	18.4
6	2	1	1,236,695.8	520	0.0	19.6
7	2	1	1,221,979.7	512	0 "	21.9
	2	1	1,193,637.6	515	0.0	18.4
	2	1	1,135,863.4	513	0.0	17.4
10	2	1	1,078,089.1	511	0.0	17.4
11	2	1	1,221,979.7	508	0.0	17.4
12	2	1	1,221,979.7	510	0.0	17.4
13	2	i	1,221,979.7	505	0.0	17.3
14	2	i	1,221,979.7	501	0.9	17.4
15	2	i	1,226,885.0	498	0.6	18.1
16	2	1	1,226,885.0	496	1.0	18.5
17		i	1,226,885.0	499	0.3	17.9
18	2	;	1,226,885.0	351	0.1	12.6
	2	1	1,226,885.0	0	0.4	0.6
19 20	2	;	1,226,885.0	0	0.5	0.6
	2	;	1,226,885.0	0	0.3	0.4
21	2	;	1,226,885.0	0	0.3	0.3
22	2	;	1,226,885.0	0	0.3	0.3
23	2	:	1,226,885.0	0	0.1	0.2
24	2	;	1,226,885.0	117	0.9	10.2
25	2	:	1,226,885.0	338	1.6	15.6
26	2	;	1,226,885.0	461	0.4	16.6
27	2	:	1,226,885.0	518	0.0	16.9
28	2	:	1,226,885.0	484	0.0	16.4
29	2			483	0.3	17.0
3.0	2	1	1,226,885.0	483	0.0	16.2
31	2	1	1,226,885.0	403	0.0	****

STATION: Nine Mile Point, Unit 1

MONTH: February 1986

	No. of No. Circulating Servi		Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temperatures (C)			
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge		
1	2	1	1,220,344.6	479	0.3	17.0		
2	2	1	1,220,344.6	478	0.8	17.1		
3	2	1	1,220,344.6	475	0.0	16.3		
4	2	1	1,220,344.6	472	0.8	17.1		
5	2	1	1,220,344.6	472	0.6	16.9		
6	2	1	1,220,344.6	468	2.3	16.2		
7	2	1	1,220,344.6	466	0.1	16.3		
8	2	1	1,220,344.6	463	0.8	17.1		
9	2	1	1,249,231.7	460	0.6	16.5		
10	2	1	1,263,402.7	460	0.9	16.6		
11	2	1	1,249,231.7	457	0.2	15.7		
12	2	1	1,249,231.7	453	0.1	15.5		
13	2	1	1,220,344.6	450	0.0	15.2		
14	2	1	1,220,344.6	449	0.3	16.1		
15	2	1	1,220,344.6	448	0.0	15.3		
16	2	1	1,206,173.5	445	0.0	15.5		
17	2	1	1,220,344.6	443	0.3	15.8		
18	2	1	1,220,344.6	440	1.5	16.9		
19	2	1	1,206,173.5	438	2.4	17.8		
20	2	1	1,206,173.5	437	1.6	16.9		
21	2	1	1,206,173.5	436	1.0	16.4		
22	2	1	1,220,344.6	433	0.2	15.4		
23	2	1	1,220,344.6	431	0.7	15.6		
24	2	1	1,229,065.2	430	0.2	15.4		
25	2	1	1,229,065.2	429	1.2	15.9		
26	2	1	1,229,065.2	423	0.4	16.6		
27	2	1	1,217,074.3	422	0.1	14.9		
28	2	1	1,217,074.3	420	0.0	14.4		

STATION: Nine Mile Point, Unit 1

MONTH: March 1986

	No. of No. Circulating Servi		Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temperatures (C)		
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge	
Dace	macer rumps						
1	. 2	1	1,217,074.3	419	0.0	14.2	
2	2	1	1,217,074.3	417	0.0	14.2	
3	2	1	1,217,074.3	415	0.1	14.8	
4	2	1	1,248,686.6	414	0.3	15.3	
6	2	1	1,262,857.7	411	0.3	15.5	
6	2	1	1,262,857.7	409	0.4	15.4	
7	2	1	1,261,222.6	396	0.1	11.1	
	2	1	1,261,222.6	63	0.0	3.6	
0	2	1	1,261,222.6	0	0.1	0.6	
10	2/1	i	658,953.4	0	0.4	0.8	
11	-/-	1	654,593.0	0	0.6	3.4*	
12	1/0	1	63,769.7	0	0.7	5.1	
13	1/0	1	63,769.7	0	0.9	5.8	
	0	;	63,769.7	0	1.0	6.2	
14	0	1	63,769.7	0	1.1	5.9	
15	0	1	63,769.7	0	1.2	6.0	
16	0	1	59,954.4	0	1.2	5.3	
17	0	1	59,954.4	0	1.2	5.3	
18	0	1	59,954.4	0	2.2	6.2	
19	0		59,954.4	0	2.1	5.7	
20	0		59,954.4	0	1.2	4.3	
21	0		59,954.4	0	1.4	4.8	
22	0	1	59,954.4	0	1.6	4.9	
23	0	1		0	1.7	5.5	
24	0	1	61,589.5	0	1.5	5.4	
25	0	1	61,589.5	0	2.8	5.5	
26	0	1	61,589.5	0	2.3	6.5	
27	0	1	61,589.5		2.8	5.9	
28	0	1	61,589.5	0	3.4	7.0	
29	0	1	61,589.5	0	3.2	6.3	
30	0	1	61,589.5	0	4.1	6.4	
31	0	1	61,589.5	U	4.1	0.4	

^{*} Minimal flow in the discharge canal resulted in a data record of higher (than actual) temperatures as a result of the effect of the position of the temperature probe and the minimal flow from 11 to 31 March 1986.

MONTH: April 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	0	1	61,589.5	0	3.8	6.6*
2	0	i	61,589.5	0	5.7	7.6
3	0	i	61,589.5	0	4.1	7.2
4	0	i	61,589.5	0	3.6	6.5
5	0	i	61,589.5	0	3.6	7.3
6	0	i	61,589.5	0	4.3	7.2
7	0	i	61,589.5	0	3.9	7.3
	0	i	61,589.5	0	5.3	7.8
9	0	i	61,589.5	0	5.8	9.3
10	0	i	61,589.5	0	5.5	9.0
11	0	i	61,589.5	0	5.7	9.1
12	0	;	61,589.5	0	3.8	7.3
13	0	;	61,589.5	0	5.6	8.1
14	0	i	61,589.5	0	4.8	8.2
15	0	;	61,589.5	0	3.9	7.3
16	0	;	61,589.5	0	3.4	7.0
17	0	i	61,589.5	0	3.9	7.2
18	0	i	65,404.8	0	4.5	7.9
19	0	1	65,404.8	0	3.7	7.2
20	0	;	65,404.8	0	3.2	6.2
21	0	i	79,575.8	0	5.1	7.2
22	0	i	79,575.8	0	5.1	7.9
23	0	;	79.575.8	0	4.1	6.5
24	0	;	79,575.8	0	6.2	8.3
25	0	;	79,575.8	0	6.7	8.9
26	0	i	79,575.8	0	7.4	9.5
27	0	;	79,575.8	0	7.7	9.8
28	0	i	79,575.8	0	7.6	10.1
29	0	i	79,575.8	0	8.1	9.8
30	o	1	79,575.8	0	7.9	10.4

^{*} Minimal flow in the discharge canal resulted in a data record of higher (than actual) temperatures as a result of the effect of the position of the temperature probe and the minimal flow from 1 to 30 April 1986.

MONTH: May 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical		/#:
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
			-			
1	0	1	79,575.8	0	6.7	9.3*
2	0	1	79,575.8	0	8.0	10.6
3	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.4	9.6
4	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.2	9.3
5	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.1	9.2
6	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.8	9.8
7	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.9	10.6
8	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.5	10.0
9	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.3	9.9
10	0	1	79,575.8	0	6.7	9.3
11	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.8	10.4
1.2	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.7	9.8
13	0	1	79,575.8	0	6.1	8.3
14	0	1	79,575.8	0	5.8	8.4
15	0	1	79,575.8	0	5.4	7.7
16	0	1	79.575.8	0	6.2	8.4
17	0	1	79,575.8	0	6.4	8.9
18	0	1	79,575.8	0	8.6	10.8
19	0	1	79.575.8	0	8.4	10.7
20	0	1	79,575.8	0	6.8	9.4
21	0	1	79,575.8	0	7.5	9.5
22	0	1	79,575.8	0	9.0	10.9
23	0/2	1	719,997.8	0	8.5	9.6
24	2	1	1,257,952.3	0	8.6	8.8
25	2	1	1,257,952.3	0	9.4	9.7
26	2	1	1,445,991.1	0	9.7	9.8
27	2	1	1,439,995.7		10.3	10.5
28	2	i	1,439,995.7	0	10.8	
29	2	i	1,439,995.7	0	11.2	11.2
3.0	2	1	1,439,995.7	0	11.1	11.6
31	2	i	1,439,995.7	0		11.4
			*,*********		11.5	11.8

^{*} Minimal flow in the discharge canal resulted in a data record of higher (than actual) temperatures as a result of the effect of the position of the temperature probe and the minimal flow from 1 to 23 May 1986.

MONTH: June 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	1	1,439,995.7			
2	2	1	1,439,995.7		12.3	12.6
3	2	1	1,439,995.7		11.1	11.2
4	2	1	1,439,995.7	0	11.5	11.9
5	2	1	1,439,995.7	0	12.2	12.7
6	2	i		0	13.0	13.2
7	2		1,439,995.7	0	9.2	9.5
8	2	1	1,439,995.7	0	6.6	6.9
9	,		1,439,995.7	0	8.7	9.0
10	2	:	1,439,995.7	0	11.8	12.1
11	2/0		1,439,995.7	0	12.6	12.9
12			219,106.1	0	12.4	13.2
13	0/2	1	787,037.8	0	8.8	11.2
		1	1,448,716.3	0	7.4	7.8
14	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	11.2	11.4
15	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	12.1	12.4
16	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	13.3	13.6
17	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	14.4	14.8
18	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	13.4	13.7
19	2	1	1,448,716.3	0	13.0	13.7
20	2	1	1,448,716.3	38	14.0	18.6
21	2	1	1,448,716.3	134	13.6	18.5
22	2	1	1,448,716.3	218	13.0	
23	2	1/2: 2/1	1,486,324.1	238	14.7	21.7
24	2	1	1,445,991.1	412	14.8	22.7
25	2	1	1,445,991.1	520		27.2
26	2	1	1,445,991.1	596	15.2	30.0
27	2	1	1,445.991.1	608	14.5	31.5
28	2	1	1,445,991.1		14.4	31.4
29	2	1	1,445,991.1	592	15.8	32.8
30	2	1		601	15.6	32.5
			1,451,986.6	605	15.6	32.4

MONTH: July 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	1	1,451,986.6	602	16.2	
2	2	1	1,451,986.6	601		33.1
3	2	1	1,451,986.6	601	15.9	33.1
4	2	1	1,451,986.6	604	16.9	34.1
5	2	1	1,451,986.6	602	16.6	33.9
6	2	1	1,451,986.6		17.4	34.9
7	2	- 1	1,451,986.6	602	17.5	35.1
8	2	1		576	18.3	31.5
9	2		1,451,986.6		18.4	22.3
10	2/1		1,451,986.6		19.1	19.3
11	-/-		936,923.8		18.9	18.9
12	1/2		1,431,275.0	0	18.3	18.3
13	*/*	:	1,078,634.2	0	16.8	16.8
14			1,431,275.0	0	15.9	16.1
15	2.0		1,431,275.0	120	17.7	23.3
	2/1	1	1,176,741.4	377	17.8	31.1
16		1	1,451,986.6	220	18.1	32.3
		1	1,451,986.6	227	18.5	33.1
18	1/2: 2/1	1	745,069.7	232	18.5	30.1
19	1/2	1	1,244,326.3	455	18.1	30.2
20	2	1	1,450,896.5	542	20.0	34.6
21	2	1/2	1,496,679.8	593	16.0	32.4
22	2	2	1,496,679.8	594	16.1	32.5
23	2	2	1,506,490.6	582	19.6	35.8
24	2	2	1,506,490.6	590	20.7	37.1
25	2	2	1,521,751.7	586	21.9	38.1
26	2	2	1,521,751.7	585	21.9	38.5
27	2	2	1,521,751.7	593	19.2	35.7
28	2	2	1,521,751.7	591	19.9	36.4
29	2	2	1,521,751.7	588	22.7	39.2
30	2	2	1,521,751.7	587	20.9	37.5
31	2	2	1,521,751.7	593	19.5	36.1
					****	30.1

MONTH: July 1986

	So. of	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Hean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Circulating Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (HWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	1	1,451,986.6	602	16.2	33.1
2	2	1	1,451,986.6	601	15.9	33.1
3	2	1	1,451,986.6	601	16.9	34.1
	2	1	1,451,986.6	604	16.6	33.9
-	2	1	1,451,986.6	602	17.4	34.9
-	2	1	1,451,986.6	602	17.5	35.1
	2	1	1,451,986.6	576	18.3	31.5
			1,451,986.6	3	18.4	22.3
-		- 1	1,451,986.6	0	19.1	19.3
10	2/1	- 1	936,923.8	0	18.9	18.9
11	-/-	- 1	1,431,275.0	0	18.3	18.3
12	1/2	1	1,078,634.2	0	16.8	16.8
13	*/*	- 1	1,431,275.0	0	15.9	16.1
14	-	-	1,431,275.0	120	17.7	23.3
	2/1	- 1	1,176,741.4	377	17.8	31.1
15 16	4/1		1,451,986.6	220	18.1	32.3
		- 1	1,451,986.6	227	18.5	33.1
17	10. 10		745,069.7	232	18.5	30.1
18	1/2: 2/1	- 1	1,244,326.3	455	18.1	30.2
19 20	1/2		1,450,896.5	542	20.0	34.6
21		1/2	1,496,679.8	593	16.0	32.4
22		*/*	1,496,679.8	594	16.1	32.5
23		;	1,506,490.6	582	19.6	35.8
24			1,506,490.6	590	20.7	37.1
			1,521,751.7	586	21.9	38.1
25	-		1,521,751.7	585	21.9	38.5
26			1,521,751.7	593	19.2	35.7
27			1,521,751.7	591	19.9	36.4
28	-		1,521,751.7	588	22.7	39.2
29	-	;	1,521,751.7	587	20.9	37.5
30		-	1,521,751.7	593	19.5	36.1
31	2	- 2	4,744,724.7	222		

MOSTH: August 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Teener	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (HWe)	Intake	Discharge
						-
1	2	2	1,521,751.7	332	21.0	30.7
2	2	2	1,503,765.4		22.1	22.2
3	2	2	1,503,765.4		22.3	22.2
4	2	2	1,503,765.4	0	22.5	22.5
5	2	2	1,503,765.4	0	23.1	22.9
6	2	2	1,503,765.4	231	23.1	29.4
7	2	2	1,503,765.4	474	22.8	37.6
	2	2	1,521,751.7	532	22.7	38.3
9	2	2	1,521,751.7	580	23.0	39.6
10	2	2	1,521,751.7	582	22.9	39.6
11	2	2	1,521,751.7	584	22.7	39.3
12	2	2	1,521,751.7	588	22.3	39.1
13	2	2	1,521,751.7	586	22.3	38.8
14	2	2	1,503,765.4	587	22.0	38.7
15	2	2	1,503,765.4	586	22.4	38.9
16	2	2	1,503,765.4	566	22.9	38.8
17	2	2	1,503,765.4	570	22.9	39.3
18	2	2	1,521,751.7	580	22.9	39.4
19	2	2	1,521,751.7	594	17.3	34.0
20	2	2	1,521,751.7	599	14.3	30.8
21	2	2	1,521,751.7	596	14.7	31.3
22	2	2	1,503,765.4	317	14.7	23.0
23	2	2	1,503,765.4	0	12.6	12.4
24	2	2	1,503,765.4		18.7	18.7
25	2	2	1,503,765.4	0	18.9	18.7
26	2	2	1,503,765.4	320	19.2	26.6
27	2	2	1,503,765.4	526	19.8	34.5
28	2	2	1,503,765.4	558	19.8	35.5
29	2	2	1,503,765.4	582	19.1	35.4
30	2	2	1,503,765.4	593	19.4	36.0
31	2	2	1,503,765.4	595	19.4	35.9

MONTH: September 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Heen Electrical	Temper	stures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	2	1,503,765.4	594	19.2	35.7
2	2	2	1,503,765.4	596	19.3	35.8
3	2	2	1,503,765.4	594	19.7	36.2
4	2	2	1,503,765.4	597	18.6	35.3
5	2	2	1,493,954.6	594	18.8	35.4
6	2	2	1,493,954.6	592	19.4	35.8
7	2	2	1,493,954.6	595	19.2	35.7
8	2	2	1,491,229.4	587	18.6	35.0
9	2	2	1,491,229.4	592	18.6	35.3
10	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	18.7	35.3
11	2	2	1,491,229.4	593	18.6	35.1
12	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	18.9	35.5
13	2	2	1,491,229.4	594	18.4	35.2
14	2	2	1,491,229.4	592	18.6	35.3
15	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	18.2	34.9
16	2	2	1,491,229.4	594	18.4	35.1
17	2	2	1,491,229.4	596	17.7	34.5
18	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	17.3	34.3
19	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	17.4	34.1
20	2	2	1,491,229.4	596	17.0	33.9
21	2	2	1,491,229.4	597	16.8	33.6
22	2	2	1,491,229.4	595	16.5	33.2
23	2	2	1,491,229.4	591	15.8	
24	2	2	1,493,954.6	594	17.4	32.2
25	2	2	1,493,954.6	591		34.2
26	2	2	1,493,954.6	592	17.4	34.3
27	2	2	1,493,954.6		17.2	34.0
28	2	2	1,493,954.6	600	10.4	28.4
29	2	2	1,491,229.4	603	10.7	27.6
30	2	2/1	1,453,076.6	606 601	10.1	26.8 28.8

MONTH: October 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
1	2	1	1,453,076.6	601	14.2	30.6
2	2	1	1,453,076.6	601	14.8	31.4
3	2	1	1,454,711.8	595	15.0	31.8
4	2	1	1,454,711.8	538	15.6	31.0
5	2	1	1,454,711.8	598	13.3	30.3
6	2	1	1,455,801.8	600	14.1	30.9
7	2	1	1,450,896.5	601	13.7	30.7
	2	1	1,453,076.6	601	14.3	31.2
9	2	1	1,453,076.6	601	14.3	31.2
10	2	1	1,453,076.6	600	13.7	30.5
11	2	1	1,453,076.6	600	13.5	30.4
12	2	1	1,453,076.6	603	13.7	30.7
13	2	1	1,450,896.5	599	13.8	30.9
14	2	1	1,453,076.6	602	13.5	30.6
15	2	1	1,453,076.6	601	12.9	29.9
16	2	1	1,450,896.5	602	13.2	30.2
17	2	1	1,450,896.5	600	13.8	30.7
18	2	1	1,450,896.5	601	13.5	30.5
19	2	1	1,450,896.5	604	13.3	30.3
20	2	1	1,450,896.5	603	13.3	30.3
21	2	1	1,450,896.5	603	13.4	30.4
22	2	1	1,448,716.3	604	13.3	30.3
23	2	1	1,448,716.3	603	13.5	30.5
24	2	1	1,454,711.8	602	13.8	30.8
25	2	1	1,454,711.8	601	13.3	30.3
26	2	1	1,454,711.8	603	13.2	30.2
27	2	1	1,454,711.8	602	13.0	30.0
28	2	1	1,454,711.8	604	12.9	29.9
29	2	1	1,454,711.8	604	12.8	29.8
30	2	1	1,454,711.8	601	12.8	29.7
31	2	1	1,450,896.5	595	12.9	29.6

MONTH: November 1986

	No. of Circulating	No. of Service	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Water Pumps	Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
	,	1	1,450,896.5	604	12.6	29.6
	2	;	1,450,896.5	603	12.4	29.4
2	2	;	1,445,446.1	606	12.1	29.1
	2	:	1,445,446.1	604	11.7	28.7
:	2	;	1,445,446.1	605	12.1	29.1
2	2	;	1,445,446.1	603	12.0	29.0
	2	:	1,450,896.5	599	11.9	28.8
	2	:	1,450,896.5	605	11.7	28.7
	2		1,450,896.5	605	11.5	28.6
9	2	:	1,450,896.5	607	10.3	27.3
10	2	;	1,445,446.1	606	11.3	28.4
11	2	:	1,450,896.5	603	10.9	27.9
12	2	:	1,445,446.1	606	8.7	25.7
13	2	:	1,445,446.1	605	8.3	25.2
14	2	1	1,445,446.1	607	9.3	26.4
15	2	1		608	9.4	26.5
16	2	1	1,445,446.1	601	8.8	26.1
17	2	1	1,445,446.1	607	9.3	26.3
18	2	1	1,445,446.1	608	9.2	26.2
19	2	1	1,445,446.1	604	8.9	25.9
20	2	1	1,449,806.4	598	8.3	25.2
21	2	1	1,450,896.5	607	8.4	25.4
22	2	1	1,450,896.5	607	8.7	25.7
23	2	1	1,450,896.5	608	7.8	24.8
24	2	1	1,450,896.5	608	7.4	24.7
25	2	1	1,447,626.2		8.7	25.8
26	2	1	1,453,076.6	607	8.8	26.0
27	2	1	1,453,076.6	608	8.2	25.3
28	2	1	1,453,076.6	606		
29	2	1	1,453,076.6	609	7.7	24.8
30	2	1	1,453,076.6	604	8.4	25.6

MONTH: December 1986

	No. of	No. of	Total Volume (m3) of	Mean Electrical	Temper	atures (C)
Date	Circulating Water Pumps	Service Water Pumps	Water Pumped	Output (MWe)	Intake	Discharge
-	,	1	1,445,446.1	606	7.4	24.5
-	3	1	1,445,446.1	608	6.7	23.7
2	2	i	1,450,896.5	608	6.1	23.2
,	2	;	1,450,896.5	611	4.7	21.8
	2	-	1,450,896.5	607	4.6	21.5
3	2	1	1,450,896.5	612	5.0	22.2
0	2	1	1,450,896.5	612	6.6	23.8
7	2	:	1,450,896.5	614	6.1	23.0
8	2	;	1,450,896.5	614	6.6	23.4
9	2	:	1,450,896.5	615	4.2	21.4
10	2	1	1,450,896.5	600	4.2	21.3
11	2	1	1,450,896.5	612	2.9	20.8
12	2	1		614	5.1	21.6
13	2	1	1,450,896.5	616	2.8	20.1
14	2	1	1,450,896.5	615	2.2	20.4
15	2	1	1,446,536.2	612	4.2	21.4
16	2	1	1,446,536.2	613	5.9	23.0
17	2	1	1,450,896.5	614	5.9	23.0
18	2	1	1,454,711.8	611	4.6	21.6
19	2	1	1,450,896.5	615	4.4	21.5
20	2	1	1,450,896.5		5.4	22.5
21	2	1	1,450,896.5	616	4.5	21.6
22	2	1	1,450,896.5	614		19.9
23	2	1	1,450,896.5	615	2.8	21.2
24	2	1	1,450,896.5	615	4.1	
25	2	1	1,450,896.5	614	4.9	21.9
26	2	1	1,450,896.5	614	4.1	21.0
27	2	1	1,450,896.5	612	5.8	22.9
28	2	1	1,450,896.5	521	5.2	20.0
29	2	1	1,450,896.5	613	4.3	21.3
30	2	1	1,450,896.5	613	5.6	22.6
31	2	1	1,450,896.5	614	5.6	22.6

APPENDIX C

SCIENTIFIC AND COMMON NAMES OF ALL TAXA COLLECTED IN 1986

Scientific Name

Common Name

Alosa pseudoharengus Ambloplites rupestris Anguilla rostrata Aplodinotus grunniens Cambaridae Catostomus commersoni Cottus spp. Couesius plumbeus Cyprinidae Cyprinus carpio Dorosoma cepedianum Etheostoma olmstedi Gasterosteus aculeatus Lepomis gibbosus Lepomis macrochirus Lota lota Micropterus dolomieui Mollusca Morone americana Morone chrysops Notropis atherinoides Notropis hudsonius Noturus flavus Onchorhynchus tschawytscha Osmerus mordax Perca flavescens Percopsis omiscomaycus Petromyzon marinus Salmo gairdneri Salmo trutta Salvelinus namaycush Stizostedion vitreum Umbra limi

Alewife Rock bass American eel Freshwater drum Cravfish White sucker Sculpins Lake chub Minnow family Carp Gizzard shad Tessellated darter Threespine stickleback Pumpkinseed Bluegill Burbot Smallmouth bass Clam White perch White bass Emerald shiner Spottail shiner Stonecat Chinook salmon Rainbow smelt Yellow perch Trout perch Sea lamprey Rainbow trout Brown trout Lake trout Walleye Central mudminnow

APPENDIX D

COLLECTION EFFICIENCY AT NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1984

APPENDIX D COLLECTION EFFICIENCY (PERMIT SECTION IV.B.6)

To assess the efficiency of the traveling screens in removing impinged organisms from the circulating water intake system at NMP Unit 1, a collection efficiency study was conducted on 7-8 November 1984. Since collection efficiency is a function of species and their respective sizes, and at no one time during the year are all species and size classes available to the impingement process, representative fish of each of the selected species and size classes to be tested were saved and frozen following routine impingement analysis. Species tested were alewife, rainbow smelt, white perch, yellow perch, and smallmouth bass (Table D-1).

The fish to be tested were thawed and marked using a visible dye (Rose Bengal) and a fin clip, then sorted into size classes according to the following ranges:

Size Class I: less than 10.0 cm

II: 10.1 - 15.0 cm

III: 15.1 - 20.0 cm

IV: greater than 20.1 cm

The marked fish were released in the intake canal prior to the traveling screens and at a point below the surface of the water. The release was made at the beginning of a regularly scheduled impingement sample immediately following the pre-wash. The results of the efficiency test are presented by species and size class in Table D-1.

The percent efficiency ranged from 67 percent to 100 percent. Size Class I fish (all species combined) had a mean collection efficiency of 94 percent (range: 88-100 percent). Size Class II fish had a mean collection efficiency of 89 percent (range: 67-100 percent). Size Class III fish had a mean collection efficiency of 88 percent (range: 80-92 percent). Size Class IV white perch were recovered at an efficiency of 93 percent. Overall collection efficiency for all species and size classes combined was 91 percent.

TABLE D-1 COLLECTION EFFICIENCY DATA NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1, 1984

Date Released	Species Tested	Size Class	Number Released	Number Recovered	Percent
7 NOV 84	Alevife	I	12 24	12 24	100 100
		III	25	23	92
7 NOV 84	Rainbow smelt	I	25	24	96
		II	26	23	88
		III	28	25	89
7 NOV 84	Smallmouth bass	I	8	7	88
		II	13	13	100
		III	10	8	80
7 NOV 84	Yellow perch	I	0	0	0
		II	29	26	90
7 NOV 84	White perch	I	30	28	93
		II	6	4	67
		III	10	9	90
		IV	27	25	93