

SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION - MODIFIED HANDLING UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

July 19, 2005

EA-05-007

To: F

Holders of Licenses for Power and Research and Test Reactors Authorized to Possess and Transfer Items Containing Radioactive Material Quantities of Concern as listed in Attachment A to Enclosure

SUBJECT:

ISSUANCE OF ORDER FOR ADDITIONAL SECURITY MEASURES ON THE

TRANSPORTATION OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL QUANTITIES OF

CONCERN

The U.S Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) has issued the enclosed Order (Enclosure 1 with attachments) that modifies your license with respect to the transportation of radioactive material quantities of concern (RAMQC), to require compliance with the specified additional safeguards and security measures. This Order applies to all Addressees listed in Attachment A to the enclosed Order. The additional security measures (ASM) are listed as Attachment B to the enclosed Order, and contain Safeguards Information. Requirements in this Order supplement but do not replace existing regulations concerning transportation of radioactive material. Specifically, although this Order addresses notification requirements for certain shipments, the notification requirements of 10 CFR 71.97 are still applicable.

The Commission recognizes that you have voluntarily and responsibly implemented additional security measures following the events of September 11, 2001. However, in light of the current threat environment, the Commission has concluded that these additional security measures should be embodied in an Order, consistent with the established regulatory framework, and requires the enclosed Order to be effective immediately.

Please be aware that the information provided at Enclosure 3 provides sensitive information and Enclosures ■ and 2 contain Safeguards Information and must be protected against unauthorized disclosure. This Order does not obviate the need for licensees to continue to meet and maintain the effectiveness of existing security measures taken in response to the events of September 11, 2001. These requirements will remain in effect until the Commission determines otherwise.

WARNING: Violation of Section 147 of !he Atomic Energy Act, "Safeguards Information" is subject to Civil and Criminal Penalties.

When separated from Attachment B & Enclosure 1, Attachment B of Enclosure 2, and Enclosure 3 this document is DECONTROLLED.

SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION = MODIFIED HANDLING

The enclosed Order requires that all licensees respond to the Order within twenty (20) days of receipt and implement the ASMs within a specified time frame. If a licensee plans to implement the ASMs, but not within one-hundred and eighty **(1**0) days after issuance of the Order, the licensee should provide the NRC with an implementation schedule as part of their twenty (20) day notification or before one-hundred and eighty (180) days has elapsed.

If a licensee elects not to implement the ASMs because they are not applicable to that licensee's activities and notifies the NRC accordingly, but conditions change requiring the licensee to ship RAMQC, the licensee should inform the NRC ninety (90) days in advance of their first RAMQC shipment.

The NRC is also issuing Regulatory Issue Summary, "Transportation of Radioactive Material Quantities of Concern NRC Threat Advisory and Protective Measures System," (Enclosure 2 with attachments) to specific NRC licensees who are authorized to possess RAMQC and general licensees as described in 10 CFR Part 71 who are authorized to transport radioactive materials in these quantities. In addition, enclosed are the comments and responses from the stakeholder meetings the NRC conducted on the RAMQC Orders (Enclosure 3). The implementation guidance document will be provided under a separate cover.

Please contact Travis Tate (301-415-8474, tlt@nrc.gov), Rocky Foster (301-415-7670, rdf@nrc.gov), or Francis Young (301-415-3207, fiy@nrc.gov) to facilitate resolution of any issues or questions related to compliance with the requirements in the enclosed Order. The enclosed Order (with non-public information removed) has been forwarded to the Office of the Federal Register for publication,

Sincerely,

Palyer

J. E. Dyer, Director

Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Enclosures: As stated

Callaway Plant, Unit 1

cc:

Professional Nuclear Consulting, Inc. 19041 Raines Drive Derwood, MD 20855

John O'Neill, Esq. Shaw, Pittman, Potts & Trowbridge 2300 N. Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037

Mr. Mark A. Reidmeyer, Regional Regulatory Affairs Supervisor Regulatory Affairs AmerenUE P.O. Box 620 Fulton, MO '65251

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Resident Inspector Office 8201 NRC Road Steedman, MO 65077-1302

Mr. Les H. Kanuckel Manager, Quality Assurance AmerenUE P.O. Box 620 Fulton, MO 65251

Missouri Public Service Commission Governor Office Building 200 Madison Street Jefferson City, MO 65102-0360

Regional Administrator, Region IV U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 611 Ryan Plaza Drive, Suite 400 Arlington, TX 76011-4005

Mr. Mike Wells, Deputy Director Missouri Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65101

Mr. Rick A. Muench President and Chief Executive Officer Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation P.O. Box 41 1 Burlington, **KA** 66839 Mr. Dan I. Bolef, President Kay Drey, Representative Board of Directors Coalition for the Environment 6267 Deimar Bouievard University City, MO 63130

Mr. Lee Fritz, Presiding Commissioner Callaway County Court House 10 East Fifth Street Fulton, MO 65151

Mr. David E. Shafer Superintendent, Licensing Regulatory Affairs AmerenUE P.O. Box 66149, MC 470 St. Louis, MO 63166-6149

Mr. Keith D. Young Manager, Regulatory Affairs AmerenUE P.O. Box 620 Fulton, MO 65251

Mr. Scott Clardy, Director Section for Environmental Public Health P.O. Box 570 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0570

Certrec Corporation 4200 South Hulen, Suite 630 Fort Worth, TX 76109

Director, Missouri State Emergency Management Agency P.O. Box 116 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0116

Mr. Charles D. Naslund Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer Union Electric Company Post Office Box 620 Fulton, MO 65251

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of)	
CERTAIN LICENSEES AUTHORIZED TO)	EA-05-007
POSSESS AND TRANSFER ITEMS CONTAINING RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL)	
QUANTITIES OF CONCERN)	
)	

ORDER IMPOSING ADDITIONAL SECURITY MEASURES (EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY).

I.

The Licensees identified in Attachment A to this Order hold licenses issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) or an Agreement State, in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and 10 C.F.R. Parts 50, 70 and 71, or equivalent Agreement State regulations. The licenses authorize them to possess and transfer items containing radioactive material quantities of concern. This Order is being issued to all such Licensees who may transport radioactive material quantities of concern under the NRC's authority to protect the common defense and security, which has not been relinquished to the Agreement States. The Orders require compliance with specific additional security measures to enhance the security for transport of certain radioactive material quantities of concern.

On September 11, 2001, terrorists simultaneously attacked targets in New York, N.Y., and Washington, D.C., utilizing large commercial aircraft as weapons. In response to the attacks and intelligence information subsequently obtained, the Commission issued a number of Safeguards and Threat Advisories to Licensees in order to strengthen Licensees' capabilities and readiness to respond to a potential attack on this regulated activity. The Commission has also communicated with other Federal, State and local government agencies and industry representatives to discuss and evaluate the current threat environment in order to assess the adequacy of the current security measures. In addition, the Commission commenced a comprehensive review of its safeguards and security programs and requirements.

As a result of its initial consideration of current safeguards and security requirements, as well as a review of information provided by the intelligence community, the Commission has determined that certain security measures are required to be implemented by Licensees as prudent, interim measures to address the current threat environment in a consistent manner. Therefore, the Commission is imposing requirements, as set forth in Attachment B¹ of this Order, on all Licensees identified in Attachment A of this Order. These additional security measures, which supplement existing regulatory requirements, will provide the Commission with reasonable assurance that the common defense and security continue to be adequately protected in the current threat environment. These additional security measures will remain in effect until the Commission determines otherwise.

The Commission recognizes that Licensees may Have already initiated many of the measures set forth in Attachment B to this Order in response to previously issued Safeguards and Threat Advisories or on their own. It is also recognized that some measures may not be

¹ Attachment B contains Safeguards Information and will not be released to the public.

possible or necessary for all shipments of radioactive material quantities of concern, or may need to be tailored to accommodate the Licensees' specific circumstances to achieve the intended objectives and avoid any unforeseen effect on the safe transport of radioactive material quantities of concern.

Although the security measures implemented by Licensees in response to the Safeguards and Threat Advisories have been adequate to provide reasonable assurance of adequate protection of common defense and security, in light of the continuing threat environment, the Commission concludes that the security measures must be embodied in an Order, consistent with the established regulatory framework. The Commission has determined that the security measures contained in Attachment B of this Order contains Safeguards Information and will not be released to the public as per Order entitled, "Issuance of Order Imposing Requirements for Protecting Certain Safeguards Information," issued on November 5, 2004." To provide assurance that Licensees are implementing prudent measures to achieve a consistent level of protection to address the current threat environment, all licensees identified in Attachment A to this Order shall implement the requirements identified in Attachment B to this Order. In addition, pursuant to 10 C.F.R. § 2.202, I find that in light of the common defense and security matters identified above, which warrant the issuance of this Order, the public health and safety require that this Order be immediately effective,

111.

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 53, 63, 81, 103, 104, 161b, 161i, 161o, 182 and 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations in 10 C.F.R. § 2.202 and 10 C.F.R. Parts 50, 70 and 71, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, EFFECTIVE

IMMEDIATELY, THAT ALL LICENSEES IDENTIFIED IN ATTACHMENT A TO THIS ORDER SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING:

- A. All Licensees shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any Commission or Agreement State regulation or license to the contrary, comply with the requirements described in Attachment B to this Order. The Licensees shall immediately start implementation of the requirements in Attachment B to the Order and shall complete implementation by January 17, 2006, or before the licensee's next shipment after the 180 day implementation period of this Order. This Order supercedes the additional transportation security measures prescribed in the Manufacturer's and Distributor's Order issued January 12, 2004.
- B. 1. All Licensees shall, within twenty (20) days of the date of this Order, notify the Commission, (1) if they are unable to comply with any of the requirements described in Attachment B, (2) if compliance with any of the requirements is unnecessary in their specific circumstances, or (3) if implementation of any of the requirements would cause the Licensee to be in violation of the provisions of any Commission or Agreement State regulation or its license. The notification shall provide the Licensees' justification for seeking relief from or variation of any specific requirement.
 - 2. Any Licensee that considers that implementation of any of the requirements described in Attachment B to this Order would adversely impact the safe transport of radioactive material quantities of concern must notify the Commission, within twenty (20) days of this Order, of the adverse safety impact, the basis for its determination that the requirement has an adverse safety impact, and either a proposal for achieving the same objectives specified in the Attachment B requirement in question, or a schedule for modifying the activity to

address the adverse safety condition. If neither approach is appropriate, the Licensee must supplement its response to Condition B.1 of this Order to identify the condition as a requirement with which it cannot comply, with attendant justifications as required in Condition B.1.

- C. All Licensees shall report to the Commission when they have achieved full compliance with the requirements described in Attachment B.
- D. Notwithstanding any provisions of the Commission's or an Agreement State's regulations to the contrary, all measures implemented or actions taken in response to this order shall be maintained until the Commission determines otherwise.

Licensee responses to Conditions B.1, B.2, and C above shall be submitted to the Document Control Desk, ATTN: Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555. In addition, Licensee submittals that contain sensitive security related information shall be properly marked and handled in accordance with Licensees' Safeguards Information or Safeguards Information - Modified Handling program.

The Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation may, in writing, relax or rescind any of the above conditions upon demonstration by the Licensee of good cause.

IV.

In accordance with I 0 C.F.R § 2.202, the Licensee must, and any other person adversely affected by this Order may, submit an answer to this Order, and may request a hearing on this Order, within twenty (20) days of the date of this Order. Where good cause is shown, consideration will be given to extending the time to request a hearing. A request for extension of time in which to submit an answer or request a hearing must be made in writing to the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission,

Washington, DC 20555. and include a statement of good cause for the extension. The answer may consent to this Order. Unless the answer consents to this Order, the answer shall, in writing and under oath or affirmation, specifically set forth the matters of fact and law on which the Licensee or other person adversely affected relies and the reasons as to why the Order should not have been issued. Any answer or request for a hearing shall be submitted to the Secretary, Office of the Secretary of the Cornmission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, ATTN: Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff, Washington, DC 20555. Copies also shall be sent to the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, to the Assistant General Counsel for Materials Litigation and Enforcement, to the Office of Enforcement at the same address, to the Regional Administrator for NRC Region I, II, III, or IV, at the respective addresses specified in Appendix A to 10 C.F.R. Part 73, appropriate for the specific facility, and to the Licensee if the answer or hearing request is by a person other than the Licensee. Because of possible disruptions in delivery of mail to United States Government offices, it is requested that answers and requests for hearing be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commission either by means of facsimile transmission to 301-415-1101 or by e-mail to hearingdocket@nrc.gov and also to the Office of the General Counsel either by means of facsimile to 301-415-3725 or by e-mail to OGCMailCenter@nrc.gov. If a person other than the Licensee requests a hearing, that person shall set forth with particularity the manner in which his interest is adversely affected by this Order and shall address the criteria set forth in 10 C.F.R. § 2.714(d).

If a hearing is requested by the Licensee or a person whose interest is adversely affected, the Commission will issue an Order designating the time and place of any hearing. If a hearing is held, the issue to be considered at such hearing shall be whether this Order should be sustained.

Pursuant to 10 C.F.R. § 2.202(c)(2)(i), the Licensee, may, in addition *to* demanding a hearing, at the time the answer is filed or sooner, move the presiding officer to set aside the immediate effectiveness of the Order on the ground that the Order, including the need for immediate effectiveness, is not based on adequate evidence but on mere suspicion, unfounded allegations, or error,

In the absence of any request for hearing, or written approval of an extension of time in which *to* request a hearing, the provisions specified in Section III above shall be final twenty (20) days from the date of this Order without further order or proceedings. If an extension of time for requesting a hearing has been approved, the provisions specified in Section III shall be final when the extension expires if a hearing request has not been received. AN ANSWER OR A REQUEST FOR HEARING SHALL NOT STAY THE IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVENESS OF THIS ORDER.

Dated this 19th day of July 2005

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

J. E. Dyer, Director

Progres

Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Power Plants - Senior Executive Contacts

Mr. William Levis
Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
PSEG Nuclear LLC-X15
Salem Nuclear Generating Station, Units 1 and 2
Hope Creek Generating Station, Unit ■
Docket Nos. 50-272, 50-311, & 50-354
License Nos. DPR-70, DPR-75, & NPF-57
End of Buttonwood Road
Hancocks Bridge, NJ 08038

Mr. Michael Kansler
President
Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.
Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station, Unit ■
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station
James A FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant
Indian Point Nuclear Generating Station, Units 2 and 3
Docket Nos. 50-293, 50,271, 50-333, 50-247, &50-286
License Nos. DPR-35, DPR-28, DPR-59, DPR-26, & DPR-64
440 Hamilton Avenue
White Plains, NY 10601

Mr. Gene St. Pierre Site Vice President FPL Energy Seabrook Station, Unit 1 Docket No. 50-443 License No. NPF-86 Central Receiving, Lafayette Road Seabrook, NH 03874

Mr. L. William Pearce
Vice President
FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
Beaver Valley Power Station, Units ■ and 2
Docket Nos. 50-334 & 50-412
License Nos. DPR-66 & NPF-73
Route 168
Shippingport, PA 15077

Mr. George Vanderheyden Vice President Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant, Inc. Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant, Units 1 and 2 Docket Nos. 50-317 & 50-318 License Nos. DPR-53 & DPR-69 1650 Calvert Cliffs Parkway Lusby, MD 20657-4702

Mrs. Mary G. Korsnick Vice President, R. E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant, LLC Docket No. 50-244 License No. DPR-18 1503 Lake Road Ontario, NY 14519-9364

Mr. James A. Spina
Vice President
Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC
Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-220 & 50-410
License Nos. DPR-63 & NPF-69
348 Lake Road
Oswego, NY 13126

Mr. Britt T. McKinney
Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
PPL Susquehanna, LLC
Susquehanna Steam Electric Station, Units ■ and 2
Docket Nos. 50-387 & 50-388
License Nos. NPF-14 & NPF-22
769 Salem Boulevard, NUCSB3
Berwick, PA 18603-0467

Mr. David A. Christian
Sr. Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc.
Virginia Electric and Power Company
Millstone Power Station, Units 2 and 3
North Anna Power Station, Units 1 and 2
Surry Power Station, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-336, 50-423, 50-338, 50-339, & 50-280, & 50-281
License Nos. DPR-65, NPF-49, NPF-4, NPF-7, DPR-32, & DPR-37
Innsbrook Technical Center
5000 Dominion Boulevard
Glen Allen, VA 23060

Mr. Dhiaa M. Jamil
Vice President
Duke Energy Corporation
Catawba Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-413 & 50-414
License Nos. NPF-35 & NPF-52
4800 Concord Road
York, South Carolina 29745

Mr. L. M. Stinson Vice President - Farley Project Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Inc. Joseph M. Farley Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2 Docket Nos. 50-348 & 50-364 License Nos. NPF-2 & NPF-8 40 Inverness Center Parkway Birmingham, Alabama 35242

Mr. H. L. Sumner, Jr.
Vice President - Nuclear, Hatch Project
Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Inc.
Edwin I. Hatch Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-321 & 50-366
License Nos. DPR-57 & NPF-5
40 Inverness Center Parkway
Birmingham, Alabama 35242

Mr. G. R. Peterson
Vice President
Duke Energy Corporation
William 6. McGuire Nuclear Station, Units ■ and 2
Docket Nos. 50-369 & 50-370
License Nos. NPF-9 & NPF-17
I2700 Hagers Ferry Road
Huntersville, NC 28078

Mr. Ronald A. Jones
Vice President, Oconee Site
Duke Energy Corporation
Oconee Nuclear Station, Units 1, 2 and 3
Docket Nos. 50-269, 50-270, & 50-287
License Nos. DPR-38, DPR-47, & DPR-55
7800 Rochester Highway
Seneca, SC 29672

Mr. Don E. Grissette
Vice President
Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Inc.
Vogtle Electric Generating Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-424 & 50-425
License Nos. NPF-68 & NPF-81
40 Inverness Center Parkway
Birmingham, Alabama 35242

Mr. C. J. Gannon
Vice President
Carolina Power & Light Company
Progress Energy, Inc.
Brunswick Steam Electric Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-325 & 50-324
License Nos. DPR-71 & DPR-62
Hwy 87, 2.5 Miles North
Southport, North Carolina 28461

Mr. James Scarola Vice President Carolina Power & Light Company Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1 Docket No. 50-400 License No. NPF-63 5413 Shearon Harris Road New Hill, North Carolina 27562-0165

Mr. Dale E. Young Vice President Supervisor, Licensing and Regulatory Programs Florida Power Corporation Crystal River Nuclear Generating Plant, Unit 3 Docket No. 50-302 License No. DPR-72 15760 W. Power Line Street Crystal River, Florida 34428-6708

Mr. J. W. Moyer Vice President Carolina Power & Light Company Progress Energy H. B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant, Unit 2 Docket No. 50-261 License No. DPR-23 3581 West Entrance Road Hartsville, South Carolina 29550 Mr. Brian 4. O'Grady
Site Vice President
Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant, Units 1, 2 and 3
Tennessee Valley Authority
Docket Nos. 50-259, 50-260, & 50-296
License Nos. DPR-33, DPR-52, DPR-68,
10835 Shaw Rd.
Athens, AL 35611

Mr. William R. Lagergren Site Vice President Watts Bar Nuclear Plant, Unit 1 Tennessee Valley Authority Docket No. 50-390 License No. NPF-90 Highway 68 Near Spring City Spring City, TN 37381

Mr. Randy Douet
Site Vice President
Sequoyah Nuclear Plant, Units ■ and 2
Tennessee Valley Authority
Docket Nos. 50-327 and 50-328
License Nos. DPR-77 and DPR-79
2000 lugo Ferry Road
Soddy Daisy, TN 37379

Mr. J. A. Stall
Senior Vice President, Nuclear
and Chief Nuclear Officer
Florida Power and Light Company
St. Lucie, Units 1 and 2
Turkey Point Nuclear Generating Station', Units 3 and 4
Docket Nos. 50-335, 50-389, 50-250, & 50-251
License Nos. DPR-67, NPF-16, DPR-31, & DPR-41
700 Universe Boulevard
Juno Beach, Florida 33408-0420

Mr. Mano K. Nazar
Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
Indiana Michigan Power Company
Nuclear Generation Group
Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-315 & 50-316
License Nos. DPR-58 & DPR-74
One Cook Place
Bridgman, MI 49106

Mr. Gary 'Jan Middlesworth Site Vice President Nuclear Management Company, LLC Duane Arnold Energy Center Docket No. 50-331 License No. DPR-49 3277 DAEC Road Palo, IA 52324-9785

Mr. William T. O'Connor, Jr.
Vice President - Nuclear Generation
Detroit Edison Company
Fermi, Unit 2
Docket No. 50-341
License No. NPF-43
6400 North Dixie Highway
Newport, MI 48166

Mr. Michael G. Gaffney Site Vice President Kewaunee Nuclear Power Plant Nuclear Management Company, LLC Docket No. 50-305 License No. DPR-43 N490 Highway 42 Kewaunee, WI 54216-9511

Mr. John Conway Site Vice President Nuclear Management Company, LLC Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Docket No. 50-263 License No. DPR-22 2807 West County Road 75 Monticello, MN 55362-9637

Mr. Daniel J. Malone Site Vice President Nuclear Management Company, LLC Palisades Nuclear Plant Docket No. 50-255 License No.DPR-20 27780 Blue Star Memorial Highway Covert, MI 49043-9530 Mr. Dennis L. Kceh!
Site Vice President
Nuclear Management Company, LLC
Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-266 & 50-301
License Nos. DPR-24 & DPR-27
6590 Nuclear Road
Two Rivers, WI 54241-9516

Mr. Thomas J. Palmisano
Site Vice President
Nuclear Management Company, LLC
Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-282 & 50-306
License Nos. DPR-42 & DPR-60
1717 Wakonade Drive East
Welch, MN 55089

Mr. Christopher M. Crane President and Chief Nuclear Officer Exelon Generation Company, LLC AmerGen Energy Company, LLC Braidwood Station, Units 1 and 2 Byron Station, Units 1 and 2 Dresden Nuclear Power Station, Units 2 and 3 LaSalle County Station, Units 1 and 2 Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2 Limerick Generating Station, Units 1 and 2 Peach Bottom Atomic Power Station, Units 2 and 3 Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station Clinton Power Station Three Mile Island Nuclear Station, Unit 1 Docket Nos. 50-456, 50-457, 50-454, 50-455, 50-237, 50-249, 50-373, 50-374, 50-254, 50-265, 50-352, 50-353, 50-277, 50-278, 50-219, 50-461, & 50-289 License Nos. NPF-72, NPF-77, NPF-37, NPF-66, DPR-19, DPR-25, NPF-11, NPF-18, DPR-29,

DPR-30, NPF-39, NPF-85, DPR-44, DPR-56, DPR-16, NPF-62, & DPR-50

Mr. Mark Bezilla
Vice President, Davis-Besse
FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station
Docket No. 50-346
License No. NPF-3
5501 North State Route 2
Oak Harbor, OH 43449-9760

4300 Winfield Road Warrenville, IL 60555

Mr. Richard Anderson
Vice President - Nuclear
FirstEnergy Nuclear Operating Company
Perry Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1
Docket No. 50-440
License No. NPF-58
10 North Center Street
Perry, OH 44081

Mr. Jeffrey S. Forbes Site Vice President Entergy Operations, Inc. Arkansas Nuclear One, Units 1 and 2 Docket Nos. 50-313 & 50-368 License Nos. DPR-51 & NPF-6 1448 S. R. 333 Russellville, AR 72802

M. R. Blevins
Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
TXU Generation Company, LP
Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-445 & 50-446
License Nos. NPF-87 & NPF-89
5 Miles North of Glen Rose
Glen Rose, TX 76043

Mr. Randall K. Edington
Vice President-Nuclear and CNO
Nebraska Public Power District
Cooper Nuclear Station
Docket No. 50-298
License No. Dpr-46
1200 Prospect Road
Brownville, NE 68321

Mr. George A. Williams GGNS Vice President, Operations Entergy Operations, Inc. Grand Gulf Nuclear Station, Unit 1 Docket No. 50-416 License No. NPF-29 Bald Hill Road-Waterloo Road Port Gibson, MS 39150 Mr. Paul D. Hinnenkamp Vice President - Operations Entergy Operations, Inc. River Bend Station, Unit 1 Docket No. 50-458 License No. NPF-47 5485 US Highway 61N St. Francisville, LA 70775

Mr. James J. Sheppard
President and Chief Executive Officer
South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company
Docket Nos. 50-498 & 50-499
License Nos. NPF-76 & NPF-80
South Texas Project Electric Generating Company, Units 1 and 2
8 Miles West of Wadsworth, on FM 521
Wadsworth, TX 77483

Mr. Joseph E. Venable
Vice President Operations
Entergy Operations, Inc.
Waterford Steam Electric Generating Station, Unit 3
Docket No. 50-382
License No. NPF-38
17265 River Road
Killona, LA 70057-2065

Mr. Charles D. Naslund
Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer
Union Electric Company
Callaway Plant, Unit 1
Docket No. 50-483
License No. NPF-30
Junction Hwy CC & Hwy O: 5 Miles North
of Hwy 94
Portland, MO 65067

Mr. Gregory M. Rueger
Senior Vice President, Generation
and Chief Nuclear Officer
Pacific Gas and Electric Company
Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Units 1 and 2
Docket Nos. 50-275 & 50-323
License Nos. DPR-80 & DPR-82
9 Miles Northwest of Avila Beach
Avila Beach, CA 93424

Mr. R. T. Ridenoure
Vice President - Chief Nuclear Officer
Omaha Public Power District
Fort Calhoun Station, Unit 1
Docket No. 50-285
License No. DPR-40
Fort Calhoun Station FC-2-4 Adm.
444 South 16th Street Mall
Omaha, NE 68102-2247

Mr. Gregg R. Overbeck
Senior Vice President, Nuclear
Arizona Public Service Company
Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station, Units 1, 2 and 3
Docket Nos. 50-528, 50-529, & 50-530
License Nos. NPF-41, NPF-51, & NPF-74
5801 S. Wintersburg Road
Tonopah, AZ 85354-7529

Mr. Harold B. Ray
Executive Vice President
Southern California Edison Company
San Onofre Nuclear Station, Units 2 and 3
Docket Nos. 50-361 & 50-362
License Nos. NPF-10 & NPF-15
5000 Pacific Coast Highway
San Clemente, CA 92674

Mr. J. V. Parrish
Chief Executive Officer
Energy Northwest
Columbia Generating Station
Docket No. 50-397
License No. NPF-21
Snake River Warehouse,
North Power Plant Loop
Richland, **WA** 99352

Mr. Rick A. Muench
President and Chief Executive Officer
Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation
Wolf Creek Generating Station, Unit 1
Docket No. 50-482
License No. NPF-42
1550 Oxen Lane, NE
Burlington, KS 66839

Mr. Jeffrey B. Archie
Vice President, Nuclear Operations
South Carolina Electric and Gas Company
Virgil C. Summer Nuclear Station
Docket No. 50-395
License No. NPF-I2
Hwy 215N at O.S. Bradham Boulevard
Jenkinsville, South Carolina 29065

Research and Test Reactor Licensees

Mr. Ray Tsukimura, President Aerotest Operations Inc. 3455 Fostoria Way San Ramon, CA 94583

Mr. Stephen I. Miller, Reactor Facility Director Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute Naval Medical Center 8901 Wisconsin Ave. Bethesda, MD 20889-5603

Mr. Howard C. Aderhold Director, Ward Center for Nuclear Sciences Cornell University 112 Ward Laboratory Ithaca, NY 14853

Mr. Ward L. Rigot, Facility Director and Reactor Supervisor Dow Chemical Company 1602 Building Midland, MI 48674

Dr. Keith E. Asmussen General Atomics 3550 General Atomics Court San Diego, CA 92121-1122

Mr. David Turner Vallecitos Nuclear Center General Electric Company 6705 Vallecitos Road Sunol, CA 94586

Dr. John **S.** Bennion Reactor Manager/Supervisor Idaho State University, P.O. Box8060 Pocatello, ID 83209 Mr. Michael Whaley, Manage: KSU Nuclear Reactor Facility 112 Ward Hall Kansas State University Manhattan, KS 66506-5204

Dr. John Bernard, Director of Reactor Operations Nuclear Reactor Laboratory Massachusetts Institute of Technology 138 Albany Street Mail Stop NW 12-208 Cambridge, MA 02139

Mr. Andrew Cook, Nuclear Reactor Program North Carolina State University 2500 Stinson Drive Raleigh, NC 27695

Dr. Seymour H. Weiss NIST Center for Neutron Research National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 8561 Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8561

Mr. Gerald D. Wicks, Nuclear Reactor Program North Carolina State University 2500 Stinson Drive Raleigh, NC 27695

Mr. Andrew C. Kauffman The Ohio State University Nuclear Reactor Laboratory 1298 Kinnear Road Columbus OH, 43212-1154

Mr. Steve Reece 100 Radiation Center Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331

Dr. Fred Sears Breazeale Nuclear Reactor Penn State University University **Park**, **PA** 16802 Edward Merritt
Purdue University
Nuclear Engineering Bldg.
400 Central Dr.
West Lafayette, IN 47907-2017

Mr. Stephen G. Frantz, Director Reed Reactor Facility Reed College 3203 SE Woodstock Blvd. Portland, OR 97202

Mr. Glenn C. Winters, Director Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute 110 8th Street Nuclear Engineering and Science Building Troy, NY 12180-3590

Mr. Terence Tehan Rhode Island Atomic Energy Commission Rhode Island Nuclear Science Center 16 Reactor Road Narragansett, RI 02882-1165

Mr. David Vasbinder Occupational and Environmental Safety University at Buffalo 220 Winspear Avenue Buffalo, NY 14214-1034

Mr. Robert O. Berry Department of Nuclear Engineering Texas A&M University Mail Stop 3133 College Station, Texas 77843-3133

Mr. Jim Remlinger, Nuclear Science Center Texas Engineering Experiment Station 1095 Nuclear Science Road College Station, Texas 77843

Mr. Tim DeBey U.S. Geological Survey 6th and Kipling Denver Federal Center, Building 15, MS 974 Denver, Colorado 80225 Mr. John G. Williams
Nuclear Reactor Laboratory
University of Arizona
Old Engineering Building, Room 114
Tucson, Az 85721-0020

Dr. David M. Slaughter, Director UC Davis McClellan Nuclear Research Center 5335 Price Avenue McClellan, CA 95652

Dr. George Miller, Department of Chemistry UC Irvine 326 Rowland Hall Irvine, CA 92697-2025

Dr. William Vernetson, Ph.D. Director of Nuclear Facilities University of Florida 202 Nuclear Science Building Gainesville, FL 32611-8300

Mr. Rich Holm, 214 NEL University of Illinois 103 South Goodwin Avenue Urbana, Illinois 61801

Mr. Vincent Adams
University of Maryland
Department of Materials & Nuclear Engineering
Bldg. 090 Room 2308
College Park, MD 20742-2115

Mr. Leo Bobek, Nuclear Radiation Laboratory University of Massachusetts Lowell One University Avenue, Pinanski Energy Center Lowell, MA 01854

Mr. Chris Becker Phoenix Memorial Laboratory Ford Nuclear Reactor University of Michigan 2301 Bonisteel Boulevard Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2100

Mr. Ralph Butler MU Research Reactor 1513 Research Park Columbia, Missouri 65211 Mr. Bill Bonzer, Reactor Director Nuclear Reactor Facility 1870 Miner Circle Rolla, MO 65409-0630

Dr. Robert D. Busch, Chief Reactor Supervisor Chemical and Nuclear Engineering Department University of New Mexico 209 Farris Engineering Department Albuquerque, NM 87131-1341

Mr. David S. O'Kelly, Nuclear Engineering Teaching Lab University of Texas 10100 Burnet Road Austin, TX 78758

Mr. Paul E. Benneche, Acting Director UVA Nuclear Reactor Facility P.O. Box 400322 Charlottesville, VA 22904-4322

Dr. Melinda Krahenbuhl 122 S. Central Campus Drive Room 104 University of Utah Salt Lake City, UT 84112

Mr. Robert J. Agasie Reactor Director Nuclear Reactor Laboratory 1513 University Avenue, Room 141ME University of Wisconsin Madison, WI 53706-1687

Dr. Gerald E. Tripard Nuclear Radiation Center Roundtop Drive Washington State University Pullman, WA 99164-1300

Mr. Stephen J. LaFlamme, Director Nuclear Reactor Facility Worcester Polytechnic Institute 100 Institute Road Worcester, MA 01609-2280 Mr. Stanley Addison, RSO Radiation Safety Office 201 Hall Health Center University of Washington Seattle, WA 98195-4400

Mr. Erhard W. Koehler Manager Direct Programs U.S. Maritime Administration 400 7th Street Washington, D.C. 20590

Dr. Lynell W. Klassen, Associate Chief of Staff Research and Development 151 Reactor Manager Veterans Affairs Medical Center 4101 Woolworth Avenue Omaha, NE 68105

Mr. Marc DelVechio Department of Public Safety Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute 110 Eighth Street Troy, NY 12180-3590

SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION MODIFIED HANDLING

UNITED STATES

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION

OFFICE OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS SAFETY AND SAFEGUARDS

WASHINGTON. D.C. 20555-0001

July 11, 2005

NRC REGULATORY ISSUE **SUMMARY 2005-12**TRANSPORTATION **OF** RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL QUANTITIES OF CONCERN NRC THREAT **ADVISORY AND** PROTECTIVE MEASURES SYSTEM

ADDRESSEES

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) licensees authorized to possess radioactive material that equals or exceeds the threshold values in the Additional Security Measures (ASM) for transportation of Radioactive Material Quantities of Concern (RAMQC) under their 10 CFR Part 30, 32, 50, 70, and 71 licenses and Agreement State licensees similarly authorized to possess such material in such quantities under their Agreement State licenses.

INTENT

The NRC is issuing this Regulatory Issue Summary (RIS) to inform addressees of changes to the threat advisory conditions and protective measures system for their use in preplanning graded protective measures to respond to changes in the threat environment. A RIS is generally used to communicate with the nuclear industry on various matters for which no response or action is required. This RIS communicates actions that the NRC considers appropriate at each threat level. The Commission has determined that issuance of this RIS is the most efficient mechanism to align the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), the NRC, and licensee expectations about licensees' response to threat advisories.

When separated from Attachment B this document is DECONTROLLED.

WARNING: Violations of Section 147 of the Atomic Energy Act, "Safeguards Information" is subject to Civil and Criminal Penalties

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

DHS has developed a Homeland Security Advisory System (HSAS) to provide a comprehensive and effective system for disseminating information concerning the risk & terrorist attacks to Federal, State, and local authorities and the public. The HSAS implements Homeland Security Presidential Directive 3, as amended (HSPD-3), dated March 11, 2002 (Attachment A). Additional information on HSPD-3 can also be found on the White House Web site at http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2002/03/20020312-1.html. The NRC previously issued RIS 2003-16 to identify a change in the HSPD-3, as amended (HSPD-3), dated March 11, 2002 to addressees who received RISs 2002-12A, -12B, -12C, -12D, -12E, -12F, -12G, -12H, -121, -121 Revision 1, and -12L. The change was required by Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD-5), "Management of Domestic Incidents," dated February 28, 2003. HSAS has included five color-coded threat conditions with a description & corresponding actions at each level:

•	Green (low condition)	Low risk of terrorist attack
а	Blue (guarded condition)	General risk of terrorist attack
а	Yellow (elevated condition)	Significant risk of terrorist attack
•	Orange (high condition)	High risk of terrorist attack
а	Red (severe condition)	Severe risk of terrorist attack

SUMMARY OF ISSUE

The HSAS provides a consistent national framework for government officials and citizens to communicate the nature and extent of terrorist threats. The advisory system characterizes appropriate levels of vigilance, preparedness, and readiness for each threat condition, and describes associated actions that should be taken to counter and respond to terrorist activities.

In declaring threat conditions, the Secretary of Homeland Security in consultation with the Attorney General, members of the Homeland Security Council, and any other appropriate federal agency heads, will consider, but is not limited *to*, the following factors:

- To what degree is the threat information credible?
- To what degree is the threat information corroborated?
- To what degree is the threat specific and/or imminent?
- How grave are the potential consequences d the threat?
- To what degree is the target vulnerable to the threat?

HSAS advisories regarding threat conditions may be declared for the entire Nation, a specific geographical area or an industrial sector. The advisories will be sent to local, State, and Federal government agencies as appropriate. In general, the threat conditions escalate as the likelihood or imminence of an attack increases.

Although the threat condition will be determined by the Attorney General, the NRC is responsible under HSPD-3 to establish the appropriate protective measures for the facilities under its regulatory authority. In addition, the NRC is responsible for responding to risks, threats, incidents, and events at NRC licensed facilities or involving NRC licensed material.

Upon a declaration of an HSAS threat condition, the NRC will promptly notify affected licensees of the threat condition and the appropriate recommended protective measures to be taken. In addition, the NRC may notify affected licensees to establish certain protective measures in the absence of an HSAS declaration. For example, the NRC could take such a step in response to an emergency or site-specific situation.

The NRC is using this RIS to announce its threat advisory and protective measures system to implement the HSAS for licensees transporting RAMQC, and spent nuclear fuel less than 100 grams. The NRC will use the color-coded system defined by the HSAS to relay information on the threat conditions. The NRC has also defined five levels of protective measures (Attachment B containing Safeguards Information), which generally correlate with the five color-coded conditions of the HSAS. Protective measures at each level build upon the actions defined in the lower levels. For example, measures at Level III will include those measures taken at levels I and II.

- Level I (low) protective measures, which generally correspond to the green threat condition, are considered routine level of operation. The protective measures are met by licensees maintaining their security programs required by the regulations, licenses, or Orders. Measures to enhance security need to be available for implementation in the event of a higher threat condition.
- Level II (guarded) protective measures, which generally correspond to the blue threat condition, involve more activities by the licensees, but generally do not involve significant non-routine actions. The activities typically relate to readiness, (e.g., notifying personnel to stand by or bringing in additional security officers to prepare for an enhanced response). Actions taken at Level II include actions taken at Level I.
- Level III (elevated) protective measures, which generally correspond to the yellow threat condition, involve enhanced security measures and additional resources, perhaps on a sustained basis, but utilize hardware and personnel already at the licensee's disposal. The first HSAS announcement on March 12, 2002, DHS considered the country to be in a yellow threat condition. Actions taken at Level III will include actions taken at Levels I and II.
- Level IV (high) protective measures, which generally correspond to the orange threat condition, assume that the licensee's security organization is at its highest sustainable level and that the licensee will re-quest augmentation from local and State and possibly Federal resources to provide additional defensive capabilities. NRC advisories will provide additional specific information to the licensee(s) as information about the threat develops. Any additional licensee actions will be based on threat specific information. Actions taken at Level IV include actions taken at Levels I, II, and III.
- Level V (severe) protective measures, which generally correspond to the red threat condition, assume that the licensee will request augmentation by Federal resources (in addition to already requested State and local resources) to provide additional defensive capabilities. The NRC will facilitate implementation of this added Federal presence. It is expected that this condition will be limited to one or a very small number of licensees for a limited period of time. Any additional specific actions will be based on an ongoing

assessment of the threat by the NRC and other Federal agencies. Actions taken at Level V will include actions taken at Levels I, II, III, and IV.

When a change in threat condition that affects NRC and Agreements States' licensees, the NRC will issue a threat advisory to its licensees. The NRC will refer licensees to the recommended protective measures described in Attachment B. Regardless of the current threat condition, licensees are required to comply with existing regulations, licenses, and Orders. Attachment B provides clear descriptions of the basic actions that are necessary to achieve the desired level of protection. The NRC may tailor the protective measures, including specific instructions on protection against a specific mode of attack.

In some cases, the circumstances of a particular threat may warrant that additional security measures be implemented beyond those provided in Attachment B. Such additional measures may be necessary depending on the type of licensee affected, the safeguards risks associated with various licensed activities, the specific vulnerabilities of a given activity, the suspected mode of attack, and the likelihood and nature of the threat. Although most terrorist attacks occur without specific warning, whenever possible the NRC will provide information about the nature and projected time frame of the threat.

The protective measures in Attachment B are specified for particular threat levels depending on the seriousness of the threat and the urgency of the action to address the threat. Therefore, it is imperative that prompt implementation of the measures are performed to protect the facility (or activities).

HSPD-3 makes clear that agency heads "retain the authority to respond, as necessary, to risks, threats, incidents, or events at facilities (or activities) within the specific jurisdiction of their department or agency." Therefore, the Commission may need to impose additional measures in response to a fast-moving situation during the transition period prior to formal declaration of a threat escalation by the Attorney General.

The NRC will revise Attachment B to this RIS as necessary. In addition, this RIS will be reviewed at least once a year and revised as necessary. Licensees seeking to provide input to the RIS and possible revisions should forward comments to the contact listed below.

BACKFIT DISCUSSION

This RIS requires no action or written response and is therefore not a backfit under 10 CFR Part 50.109, 70.76, and 76.76. This RIS communicates actions the NRC considers appropriate at each threat level, but these actions are not requirements. Therefore, the staff did not perform a backfit analysis.

FEDERAL REGISTER NOTIFICATION

A notice of opportunity for public comment was not published in the Federal Register because this RIS is informational. The Commission also plans to issue additional regulatory issue summaries in this series to cover additional classes of licensees, or NRC-licensed activities, as NRC's review progresses. Any specific comments should be forwarded to the contact listed below.

SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY ENFORCEMENT FAIRNESS ACT of 1996

In accordance with the Small Business Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, the NRC has determined that this action is not a major rule and has verified this determination with the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT STATEMENT

This RIS does not contain information collections and, therefore, is not subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.).

CONTACT

Please direct any questions about this matter to the technical contact listed below.

Patrick L. Hiland, Chief

Reactor Operations Branch

Division of Inspection Program Management

Office Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Charles J. Milla Charles L. Miller, Director

Division of Industrial and Medical

Nuclear Safety

Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards

CONTACT:

Rocky Foster, NSIR/DNS

(301) 415-7670 E-mail: rdf@nrc.gov

- Attachments: (A) HSPD-3, Homeland Security Advisory System, as amended by HSPD-5
 - (B) Threat Conditions and Recommended Actions for the Transportation of Radioactive Material Quantities of Concern, and Spent Nuclear Fuel Less Than 100 grams
 - (C) List of Recently Issued NMSS Generic Communications

Attachment B will not be released to the public because it contains Safeguards Information and must be accorded the protection required under 10 CFR 73.21

Note: NRC generic communications may be found on the NRC public website, http://www.nrc.gov, under Electronic Reading Room/Document Collections.

Homeland Security Presidential Directive-3, as amended by Homeland Security Presidential Directive-5

Purpose

The Nation requires a Homeland Security Advisory System to provide a comprehensive and effective means to disseminate information regarding the risk of terrorist acts to Federal, State, and local authorities and to the American people. Such a system would provide warnings in the form of a set of graduated "Threat Conditions" that would increase as the risk of the threat increases. At each Threat Condition, Federal departments and agencies would implement a corresponding set of "Protective Measures" to further reduce vulnerability or increase response capability during a period of heightened alert.

This system is intended to create a common vocabulary, context, and structure for an ongoing national discussion about the nature of the threats that confront the homeland and the appropriate measures that should be taken in response. It seeks to inform and facilitate decisions appropriate to different levels of government and *to* private citizens at home and at work.

Homeland Security Advisory System

The Homeland Security Advisory System shall be binding on the executive branch and suggested, although voluntary, to other levels of government and the private sector. There are five Threat Conditions, each identified by a description and corresponding color. From lowest to highest, the levels and colors are:

Low = Green; Guarded = Blue; Elevated = Yellow; High = Orange; Severe = Red.

The higher the Threat Condition, the greater the risk of a terrorist attack. Risk includes both the probability of an attack occurring and its potential gravity. Threat Conditions shall be assigned by the Secretary of Homeland Security in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security. Except in exigent circumstances, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall seek the views of the Attorney General, and any other federal agency heads the Secretary deems appropriate, including other members of the Homeland Security Council, on the Threat Condition to be assigned. Threat Conditions may be assigned for the entire Nation, or they may be set for a particular geographic area or industrial sector. Assigned Threat Conditions shall be reviewed at regular intervals to determine whether adjustments are warranted.

Attachment A

For facilities, personnel, and operations inside the territorial United States, all Federal departments, agencies, and offices other than military facilities shall conform their existing threat advisory systems to this system and henceforth administer their systems consistent with the determination of the Secretary of Homeland Security with regard to the Threat Condition in effect.

The assignment of a Threat Condition shall prompt the implementation of an appropriate set of Protective Measures. Protective Measures are the specific steps an organization shall take to reduce its vulnerability or increase its ability to respond during a period of heightened alert. The authority to craft and implement Protective Measures rests with the Federal departments and agencies. It is recognized that departments and agencies may have several preplanned sets of responses to a particular Threat Condition to facilitate a rapid, appropriate, and tailored response. Department and agency heads are responsible for developing their own Protective Measures and other antiterrorism or self-protection and continuity plans, and resourcing, rehearsing, documenting, and maintaining these plans. Likewise, they retain the authority to respond, as necessary, to risks, threats, incidents, or events at facilities within the specific jurisdiction of their department or agency, and, as authorized by law, to direct agencies and industries to implement their own Protective Measures. They shall continue to be responsible for taking all appropriate proactive steps to reduce the vulnerability of their personnel and facilities to terrorist attack. Federal department and agency heads shall submit an annual written report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, describing the steps they have taken to develop and implement appropriate Protective Measures for each Threat Condition. Governors, mayors, and the leaders of other organizations are encouraged to conduct a similar review of their organizations' Protective Measures.

At the request of the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice shall permit and facilitate the use of delivery systems administered or managed by the Department of Justice for the purposes of delivering threat information pursuant to the Homeland Security Advisory System.

The decision whether to publicly announce Threat Conditions shall be made on a case-by-case basis by the Secretary of Homeland Security in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security. Every effort shall be made to share as much information regarding the threat as possible, consistent with the safety of the Nation. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure, consistent with the safety of the Nation, that State and local government officials and law enforcement authorities are provided the most relevant and timely information. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall be responsible for identifying any other information developed in the threat assessment process that would be useful to State and local officials and others and conveying it to them as permitted consistent with the constraints of classification. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish a process and a system for conveying relevant information to Federal, State, and local government officials, law enforcement authorities, and the private sector expeditiously.

The Director of Central Intelligence, Secretary of Homeland Security and the Attorney General shall ensure that a continuous and timely flow of integrated threat assessments and reports is provided to the President, the Vice President, Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff, the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. Whenever possible and practicable, these integrated threat assessments and reports shall be reviewed and commented upon by the wider interagency community.

A decision on which Threat Condition to assign shall integrate a variety of considerations. This integration will rely on qualitative assessment, not quantitative calculation. Higher Threat Conditions indicate greater risk of a terrorist act, with risk including both probability and gravity. Despite best efforts, there can be no guarantee that, at any given Threat Condition, a terrorist attack will not occur. An initial and important factor is the quality of the threat information itself. The evaluation of this threat information shall include, but not be limited to, the following factors:

To what degree is the threat information credible?

To what degree is the threat information corroborated?

To what degree is the threat specific and/or imminent?

How grave are the potential consequences of the threat?

Threat Conditions and Associated Protective Measures

The world has changed since September 11, 2001. We remain a Nation at risk to terrorist attacks and will remain at risk for the foreseeable future. At all Threat Conditions, we must remain vigilant, prepared, and ready to deter terrorist attacks. The following Threat Conditions each represent an increasing risk of terrorist attacks. Beneath each Threat Condition are some suggested Protective Measures, recognizing that the heads of Federal departments and agencies are responsible for developing and implementing appropriate agency-specific Protective Measures:

Low Condition (Green). This condition is declared when there is a low risk of terrorist attacks. Federal departments and agencies should consider the following general measures in addition to the agency-specific Protective Measures they develop and implement:

Refining and exercising as appropriate preplanned Protective Measures;

Ensuring personnel receive proper training on the Homeland Security Advisory System and specific preplanned department or agency Protective Measures; and

Institutionalizing a process to assure that all facilities and regulated sectors are regularly assessed for vulnerabilities to terrorist attacks, and all reasonable measures are taken to mitigate these vulnerabilities.

Guarded Condition (Blue). This condition is declared when there is a general risk of terrorist attacks. In addition to the Protective Measures taken in the previous Threat Condition, Federal departments and agencies should consider the following general measures in addition to the agency-specific Protective Measures that they will develop and implement:

Checking communications with designated emergency response or command locations;

Reviewing and updating emergency response procedures; and

Providing the public with any information that would strengthen its ability to act appropriately.

Elevated Condition (Yellow). An Elevated Condition is declared when there is a significant risk of terrorist attacks. In addition to the Protective Measures taken in the previous Threat Conditions, Federal departments and agencies should consider the following general measures in addition to the Protective Measures that they will develop and implement:

Increasing surveillance of critical locations;

Coordinating emergency plans as appropriate with nearby jurisdictions;

Assessing whether the precise characteristics of the threat require the further refinement of preplanned Protective Measures; and

Implementing, as appropriate, contingency and emergency response plans.

High Condition (Orange). A High Condition is declared when there is a high risk of terrorist attacks. In addition to the Protective Measures taken in the previous Threat Conditions, Federal departments and agencies should consider the following general measures in addition to the agency-specific Protective Measures that they will develop and implement:

Coordinating necessary security efforts with Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies or any National Guard or other appropriate armed forces organizations;

Taking additional precautions at public events and possibly considering alternative venues or even cancellation:

Preparing to execute contingency procedures, such as moving to an alternate site or dispersing their workforce; and

Restricting threatened facility access to essential personnel only.

Severe Condition (Red). A Severe Condition reflects a severe risk of terrorist attacks. Under most circumstances, the Protective Measures for a Severe Condition are not intended to be sustained for substantial periods of time. In addition to the Protective Measures in the previous Threat Conditions, Federal departments and agencies also should consider the following

general measures in addition to the agency-specific Protective Measures that they will develop and implement:

Increasing or redirecting personnel to address critical emergency needs:

Assigning emergency response personnel and pre-positioning and mobilizing specially trained teams or resources;

Monitoring, redirecting, or constraining transportation systems; and

Closing public and government facilities.