

5/8/86

MEMORANDUM FOR: Dennis Crutchfield, Assistant Director
for Safety Assessment
Division of Licensing

FROM: Robert J. Bosnak, Acting Assistant Director
for Components and Structures Engineering
Division of Engineering

SUBJECT: JULY 23, 1985 OPERATING REACTOR EVENTS BRIEFING - DEPT OF ENERGY
- INADEQUATE MAIN STEAM SAFETY VALVE CAPACITY AT SEABROOK

At the Operating Reactor Events briefing on the subject issue on July 23, 1985, DE was asked to investigate the adequacy of testing of PWR main steam safety valves (MSSVs) and the validity of extrapolating test data from small valves to larger full size MSSVs. The Mechanical Engineering Branch (MEB) has planned the following tasks which we think adequately respond to this request:

- (1) MEB has prepared a proposed Information Notice to advise the industry of the MSSV capacity problem as it relates to proper ring settings. The proposed Notice was transmitted to DL with our August 9, 1985 memorandum from R. Bosnak to D. Crutchfield.
- (2) MEB will formally request DST to prioritize a potential generic issue dealing with MSSV operability problems including that of inadequate flow capacity. The procedure outlined in Office Letter No. 40 will be followed..
- (3) MEB will discuss with the ASME Section III Subgroup on Pressure Relief possible changes to the ASME Section III Code Class 2 safety valve certification requirements. Currently C1.2 safety valves can be capacity certified based on tests performed on prototypical valves much smaller in size and at much lower pressures than are applicable for PWR, Main Steam Safety Valves. The ring adjustment problem encountered with the Seabrook MSSVs raises one of the same questions that arose during the recent EPRI testing of ASME Section III C1. 1 pressurizer safety valves. That is, do the valve manufacturers have an adequate understanding of how to extrapolate ring adjustments, that affect lift and blowdown, from very small test valves to the very large safety valves used on PWR plants?

Recently changes to the Code safety valve certification procedure, proposed by MEB, to address this concern for Cl. 1 safety valves were accepted by ASME for incorporation into the Code. The change will require that new Cl. 1 safety valve designs be prototypical tested in sizes and at pressures, temperatures, and flow rates that envelope those that the valve design will be used for in service.

MEB will explore with the Code Committee the feasibility/desirability of making similar changes to the Code Cl. 1 safe valve certification requirements.

We believe these actions should adequately resolve the problem of inadequate MSSV capacity.

Robert J. Bosnak, Acting Assistant Director
for Components and Structures Engineering
Division of Engineering

cc: J. Knight
F. Cherny
B. Sheron
G. Holahan
D. Tarnoff

This document is intended as part of item (3).

Document Name:
INADEQUATE MAIN STEAM MEMO

Requestor's ID:
DEMEEB01

Author's Name:
GHammer

Document Comments:
Inadequate Main Steam Safety Valve Capacity at Seabrook

To: Mr. C. Hammer
cc: [unclear]
RE: [unclear]

RFB + P.
Please file
Reference
9-26

To: D. Crushfield, AD SA, DC

From: RJB

SUBJECT: ^{INADEQUATE} Main Steam Safety Valve Capacity at Seabrook

A.t

~~An assessment of~~ the operating Reactor Events briefing, on July 23, 1985, DE was

asked to investigate the adequacy of testing

^{PWR}
~~the~~ of main steam safety valves (MSSV's)

and the validity of extrapolating test data

from small valves to larger full size MSSV's.

The Mechanical Engineering Branch (MEB)

has planned the following tasks which we think

adequately responds to this request:

~~MEB proposed action~~

- (1) ~~I~~ I E Information Notice

to advise the industry of the MSSV

capacity problem as it relates to proper

tracing settings. The proposal is transmitted
with our August 9, 1985 memorandum from Cleveland.

MEB will

- (2) Request DSTO to prioritize ~~a potential~~

generic issue ~~the MSSV~~ dealing with

MSSV operability problems including

that of inadequate flow capacity ~~in~~

~~in accordance with the procedure outlined in Office Letter No. 40.~~

- (3) Pursue through active working committees ~~of~~

~~the American Society of Mechanical Engineers~~

~~Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, possible~~

~~code changes which would improve required testing and~~

~~certification procedures for MSSVs.~~

Rec

DSL + A

we believe these actions ^{should} ~~will~~
adequately resolve the problem of
inadequate MSSV capacity. ~~These~~

RJB

cc: J.P. Knight
F. Chinnay
B. Sheron
G. Holahan
D. Tawoff

Inert A

A-1

- 3) IEB will discuss with the ASCE
Section III subgroup on Pressure
Relief ~~the~~ possible changes to the
~~ASME~~^{Code} Class 2 safety valve
wetting specimens. Currently
CL. 2 safety valves can be certified
without fluid tests performed on pintled
valves much smaller in size and
at much lower pressures than are
applicable for PWR Main Steam Safety
Valves. The ^{ring adjustment} problem associated with
the seat valve needs to be one of the
prime priorities at that time. The intent is to
test the wetting of ASCE Section III CL. 1
pintled safety valves. That is,
to the valve manufacturer here are

object in determining how to regulate
ring adjustments, it affect lift and
blowdown, you very small changes
to the ring ^{force} safety valves and are
P.W.C. plants?

Permit change in the ^{code} safety
valve certification procedure ~~for CL 1~~
~~and~~ proposed by NEB, to allow
this change for CL 1 safety valves
we accepted by ASME for incorporation
into the code. The change will require
that new CL 1 safety valve designs be
prototypal tested in air and at pressures
of 1000 psi, blowdown, to determine whether
the that the valve design will withstand
from fire.

NEB will issue a letter in the

the feasibility of making
similar changes to the C.D. 2
reference cylinder segment.

MSSI ISSUES

- Ring setting - capacity
- Flowdown - too high, too low
- Chatter - ends in stuck valve or leaking

ENCLOSURE 2

GENERIC ISSUE INFORMATION

The following information should be provided in sufficient detail so that the safety significance and scope of the proposed generic issue can be determined. If related to issues identified in NUREG-0410, reference for description of deficiency: (i.e., section number and page, NUREG-0410, 0471, 0510, etc.)

1. Suggested Title of Proposed Generic Issue or new requirement.
~~Reliability of PWR mssv?~~
2. What is the known, suspected, or potential deficiency in the technical basis of existing staff guides or requirements?
~~credit to mssv internal especially which includes ability to achieve full margin within limits to achieve safe pressure protection of the secondary cooling system with respect to the main steam system.~~
3. What present specific safety requirements (e.g., SRP, Regulatory Guide, Rule) appear to be inadequate or in doubt?
~~Step 10 FSAR chapter 10 requirement for the Main Steam system.~~
4. If a new requirement is proposed, what is the proposed requirement? The requirement may be proposed through the various "pathways". The most common would be through an owner group type of effort whereby prototypical tests would be conducted at facilities such as TMI and WPPS. The most recent proposal was probably through an owner group type of effort whereby prototypical tests would be conducted at facilities such as TMI and WPPS. The most recent proposal was probably through an owner group type of effort whereby prototypical tests would be conducted at facilities such as TMI and WPPS. The most recent proposal was probably through an owner group type of effort whereby prototypical tests would be conducted at facilities such as TMI and WPPS.
5. What new information must be developed either to confirm the adequacy of the current technical bases or to define new requirements that would restore adequate protection?
~~Hydraulic stresses of the secondary and primary systems to assess the impact of increased mssv capacity.~~
6. What actions are being taken (if any) or should be taken on operating plants to correct the suggested deficiency? By whom (organization and individual) are these actions being taken?
~~NRA is planning to initiate 10 CFR 50.54(f) action (warning letter) to require immediate action by the plant licensee to review the issue of inadvertent capacity. The action will be taken in accordance with the following:~~
7. If the issue is related to another generic issue, (e.g., TMI Action Plan Item) identify the generic issue and the area of issue overlap.
~~This issue is very much like those defined in TMI NUREG 0471 Item II.P.1 for primary system safety.~~
8. Is anyone currently working on this issue? If so, name and organization.
~~Final persons: RI, MEB, OAR, IE, RSB~~
9. Name of person supplying information: Date provided.
~~Con Hanmer or Frank Cherry - MEB~~
10. Provide references as appropriate (Memoranda, NUREGs, SRPs, etc.)
~~Region memo 10/29/88 rework IE&W RSB prep 50.54(f)~~
11. The concurrence of the responsible organization, if possible. This is not necessary, since all issues will eventually be reviewed by the responsible organization.

Mark Carter 27940

Oconee 1 always same value

5-8+

5-82

RING SETTINGS - don't think so

1000

Resistor fuzzy on 5 (+ # steam lines)

R.F. in 2 year

Reg. ~~Mr.~~ - Dance - FAX UP NEXT WEEK
Rep. Tue - Wed (2-19)

Scotch® 7664 "Post-it" Routing-Request Pad

ROUTING - REQUEST

Please

- READ
- HANDLE
- APPROVE
- and
- FORWARD
- RETURN
- KEEP OR DISCARD
- REVIEW WITH ME

To _____

Appraiser

B

lest

Date _____

From _____

B/1

SEABROOK - MAIN STEAM SAFETY VALUE
TEST FAILURES, BETWEEN
OCTOBER 16 AND DECEMBER 1, 1984,
(G. HAMMER, NRC)

- PROBLEM - TEST RESULTS INDICATE SPRING-ACTUATED MAIN STEAM SAFETY VALVES MAY NOT ACHIEVE RATED RATE FLOW CAPACITY.
- SAFETY SIGNIFICANCE - ^{POSSIBLE} INADEQUATE OVERPRESSURE PROTECTION OF SECONDARY COOLING SYSTEM IN PWRS
- WYLE TESTS RESULT IN INADEQUATE LIFT OF VALVE DISK (ABOUT 50%) WITH THE VENDOR (CROSBY) RECOMMENDED RING SETTING ADJUSTMENTS. ^{Lift} ^{50%} TESTS WERE CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE ADQUACY OF DISCHARGE PIPING.
- CORRECTIVE ACTION - RINGS READJUSTED. OBTAINED FULL LIFT ON SEABROOK VALVES
- GENERIC IMPLICATION - SEABROOK VALVES AND DISCHARGE PIPING SIMILAR TO OTHER PWRS. FULL FLOW TESTS NOT NORMALLY RUN TO ADJUST RINGS.

B/2

- 2 -

- NRC FOLLOWUP ACTION - POSSIBLE IE INFORMATION
NOTICE. STAFF MAY PURSUE AS A GENERIC ISSUE

Gary

- ① I have looked at the proposed note and it looks good to me. My comments are enclosed. If possible you may want to include a list of other plants with the Valles, also, should have cover letter
Transcribing machine Dir/DE → D:r/ EC
- ② There will be a conference call with Crosby at 1:00pm on Monday 7/15 in Dick Westman's office. You should plan to attend.
- ③ He would like you to give a short summary of this issue at the events briefing on Tue 7/16. I would have normally done this but I'm away this week. Plan on no more than a 5 min talk in which you summarize ~~but~~ what is in your Note and the outcome of the Call with Crosby on Mon. Sorry to leave you holding the bag.

Mark C

7/14

B/3

~~which may affect the safety of~~

~~The system pressure is controlled by the safety relief valve setting which is determined by the following formula~~

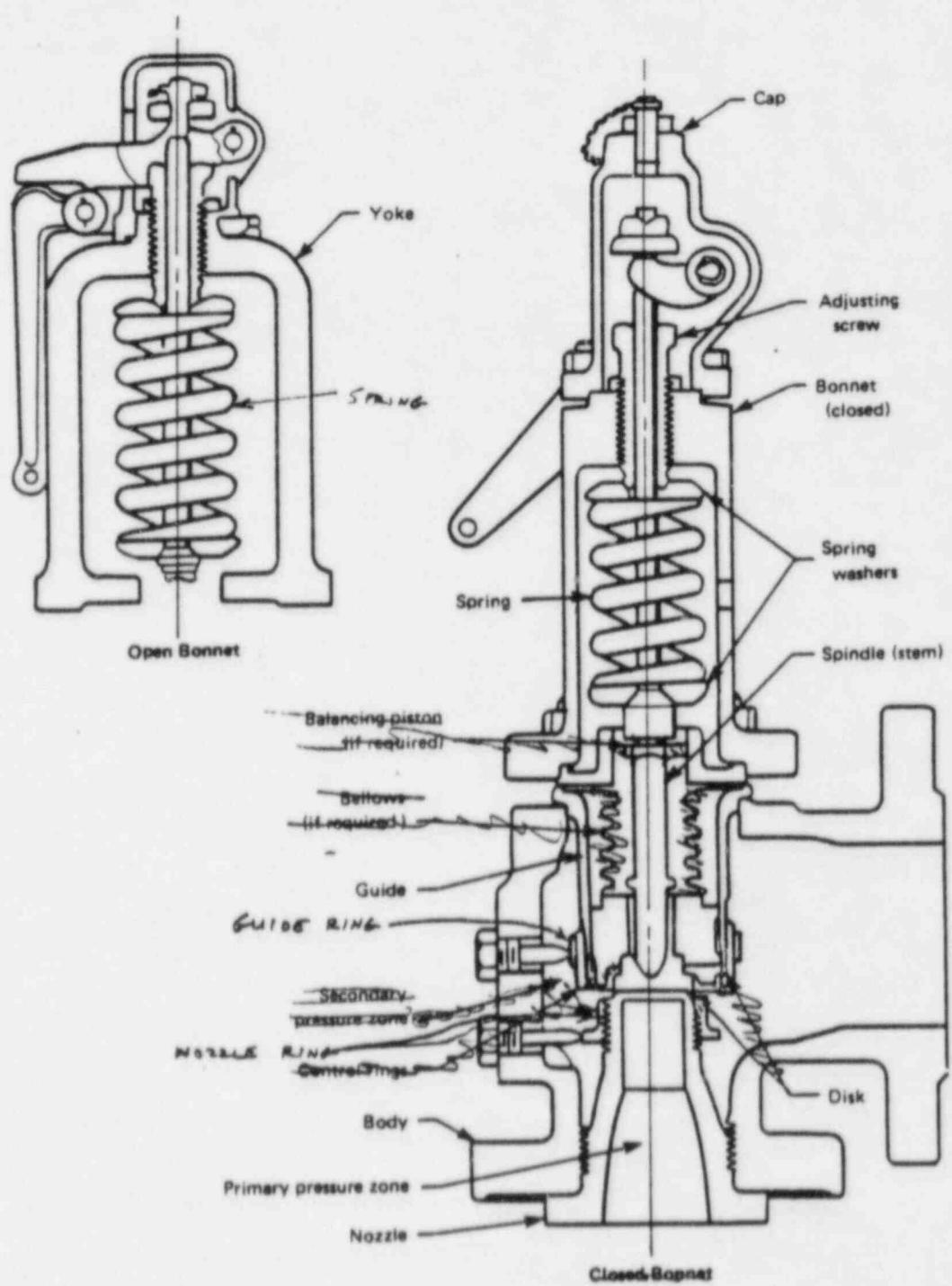
~~For NPSH~~

~~A detailed problem analysis has been made~~

~~A relieved MSSV problem which has occurred at several PWR's in the past few years, pertaining to excessive valve blowdown of system pressure following during transients which have activated MSSVs. On separate occasions at the Oceanus, Seaward, Unit, Trojan, and Davis-Besse nuclear facilities, MSSVs have failed ^{pressure drop} ~~to reset~~ below the correct ~~pressure~~ ^{reset} pressure and have blown down excessive amounts of steam. ~~It can~~ ^{cause} ~~the~~ ~~valve~~~~

~~The design blowdown value is 5% of setpoint pressure and is dependent on the specific valve setting adjustment or valve ^{reset} value. Some valves at these facilities have exhibited ~~up to~~ ^{as much as} 10% blowdown. This raises the concern that some valves may remain open ^{too long} ~~too long~~ ^{possibly} ~~allowing~~ excessive quantities of ^{steam} ~~steam~~ ^{possibly} ~~leaking~~ ^{affecting} ^{integrity} ^{component} cooling of the primary system due to ~~excessive thermal stresses on primary system components.~~~~

~~excessive thermal stresses on primary system comp.~~



—FIG. NE-3591-1—TYPICAL PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES

