NSIC Accession Number: 149961

Date: June 3, 1979

Title: HPCI Fails to Start When Turbine Stop Valve Fails to Open at Hatch 2

The failure sequence was:

- 1. During power ascension the reactor tripped due to a condensate system trip.
- 2. HPCI failed to initiate on low-low water level due to a failed turbine stop valve. Water from HPCI mechanical seal cooling lines was leaking into the bracket drain cavity. The bracket drain cavity line had a valve installed for unknown reasons. This valve was closed which caused water to back up into the adjacent bearing housing and thus contaminate the pump oil.
- 3. The RCIC was out of service for unspecified reasons.
- 4. The reactor was placed in hot shutdown using the immediately repaired condensate system.

Corrective action:

- 1. The leaking seal line was replaced.
- 2. The oil system was drained, flushed and twice refilled.
- 3. The turbine bearing was inspected and found to be undamaged.
- 4. The valve in the bracket drain line was locked open and an investigation initiated to determine its significance.

Design purpose of failed system or component:

- 1. The HPCI system is designed to control water level given a small LOCA.
- 2. The RCIC is designed to control water level given a loss of feedwater.

Unavailability of system per WASH 1400:* HPCI: $8.8 \times 10^{-2}/D$ RCIC: $8.0 \times 10^{-2}/D$

Unavailability of component per WASH 1400:* -

Unavailabilities are in units of per demand D^{-1} . Failure rates are in units of per hour HR^{-1} .

Reactor trip during power accession due to condensate system trip	HPCI failed to initiate on low-low reactor water inventory due to failed turbine stop value	RCIC system was out of service	Reactor water level controlled by con- densate system which had been immediately repaired	Potential Severe Core Damage
	valve	1		



NSIC 149961 — Actual Occurrence for HPCI Fails to Start When Its Turbine Stop Valve Fails to Open at Hatch 2 $\,$

Loss of Feedwater Flow	Reactor R Subcritical R A	RCIC/HPCI 4 Response Adequate	Automatic Depressurization System Operates	LPCI or CS Response Adequate	Long Term Core Cooling	Potential Severe Core Damage	Sequence No.
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 $\rm NSIC~149961$ — Sequence of Interest for HPCI Fails to Start When the Turbine Stop Valve Fails to Open at Hatch 2

¹RCIC was out of service.

CATEGORIZATION OF ACCIDENT SEQUENCE PRECURSORS

NSIC ACCESSION NUMBER: 149961 DATE OF LER: June 11, 1979 DATE OF EVENT: June 3, 1979

SYSTEM INVOLVED: HPC1 COMPONENT INVOLVED: water line, valves CAUSE: valve improperly closed, leaky water line, (human error) SEQUENCE OF INTEREST: loss of feedwater flow ACTUAL OCCURRENCE: HPCI fails to start when turbine stop valve fails to open at Hatch 2 REACTOR NAME: Hatch 2 DOCKET NUMBER: 50-366 REACTOR TYPE: BWR DESIGN ELECTRICAL RATING: 784 MWe REACTOR AGE: .9 yr VENDOR: General Electric ARCHITECT-ENGINEERS: Southern Services/Bechtel OPERATORS: Georgia Power Company LOCATION: 11 miles N of Baxley, Ga. DURATION: N/A PLANT OPERATING CONDITION: hot shutdown SAFETY FEATURE TYPE OF FAILURE: (a), inadequate performance; (b) failed to start; (c) nade inoperable; (d) DISCOVERY METHOD: operational event COMMENT: ----