Dockets: 50-445

50-446

Texas Utilities Electric Company ATTN: M. D. Spence, President, TUGCO Skyway Tower 400 North Olive Street Lock Box 81 Dallas, Texas 75201

Gentlemen:

Following the "T-shirt incident" in March of this year, J. E. Cummins of our office obtained copies of the documents that were collected by your staff from the desks and/or files of involved persons within your organization. This letter documents the fact that our copies of the subject documents were returned to your Mr. Tony Vega on July 20, 1984.

For your information, Region IV reproduced additional copies of the subject documents and made one copy available to CASE and presently retains one copy.

Sincerely,

Mister L. Fallet

Richard L. Bangart, Director Region IV Comanche Peak Task Force

cc:
Texas Utilities Electric Company
ATTN: B. R. Clements, Vice
President, Nuclear
Skyway Tower
400 North Olive Street
Lock Box 81
Dallas, Texas /5201

Texas Utilities Electric Company
ATTN: H. C. Schmidt, Manager
Nuclear Services
Skyway Tower
400 North Olive Street
Lock Box 81
Dallas, Texas 75201

D/RIV, JEJ NRR' JOS J RLB & DIT John TIPPOTITE 8/1/84 8/1/84 1. Did you or any of the other persons sequestered have someone in call the NRC If so what time?

What message did this person convey or was asked to convey to the NRC?

Can you give the name of the person who called or was asked to call the NRC:

- 2. Has your personal property, if any/was removed from the Safeguards Building been returned? If yes, when was it returned and was it in good condition?
- 3. Do you desire that the other materials removed be returned?
- 4. What purpose did you think the NRC could or should serve before, during, or/ after you were sequestered?
- desk or files that would indicate something was not being done in accordance with requirements?
- 6. Was there anything taken that is not available from another source today?
- 7. If "yes" to 6; What was it?
- 8. Do you know of any thing that has been done that was not in accordance with specifications or requirements that has not been corrected.

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW WITH Mr. Lan Davis

- Mr. Davis did not know of anyone that contacted the NRC as a result of being sequestered.
 He said that Scott Schanlin(sp) called the newspaper and probably called the NRC. He indicated that he thought that Schanlin was "stupid" and never did understand anything and had no business getting involved or involving the sequestered people.
- Mr. Davis stated that none of his personal property had been kept by the management.
- 3. Mr. Davis stated that the materials removed from his desk and work area are not required for him to do his job. He could care less if these materials are ever returned as they are available though other sources.
- 4. Mr. Davis stated that he felt they did work for NRC or at least do work as NRC representatives. He could not determine the usefulness of the NRC at the place of sequestering. He would not want his picture taken by the licensee and told the licensee that. He would not want NRC to take pictures either.
- Mr. Davis did not know of any notes or records that would indicate something was not being done that should have been done in accordance with requirements.
- 6. Mr. DAvis stated that materials taken were avialable through other sources.
- 7. Mr. Davis stated that things were getting done OK. He felt that the work was well above what was called for. He stated that some procedures had been made less restrictive, but that the requirements were still above the minimum requirements to meet the work.

Mr. Davis felt that feedback from management could be better. He still does not know where he stands as a result of the tee shirt incident.

D. M. Hunnicutt

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW WITH Mr. A. Ambrose

- Mr. Ambrose did not know of anyone who contacted the NRC nor of anyone who
 requested that someone contact the NRC.
- 2. Mr. Ambrose's records included NIS(Nuclear Instrument System) records but personal property was not taken.
- Mr. Ambrose did not desire that any materials be returned. He stated that he had two copies of his work documents, so did not need the materials to do his job.
- 4. Mr. Ambrose stated thatmanagement "blew the whole thing out of proportion". He stated that the NRC should have been contacted, but didn't know why or what he expected the NRC to do or accomplish. He stated that no way would he have allowed the NRC to take pictures of him. He stated that he was among those who told the licensee that they could not take pictures or him. He stated that Brown and Root stated that B&R had no problems with the people wearing the tee shirts, but management made the decision. He said that B&R took 3 to 4 hours to determine what the problem with wearing tee shirts was.

He stated that the tee shirts had nothing to do with anything, except a management slogan "we pick nits", as a result of a discussion with a craft foreman. He felt the press was inaccurate and unjust. He felt that the "Harry Williams" firing had nothing to do with the slogan. He stated that he had worn the tee shirt twice before without incident.

- Mr. Ambrose stated that he knew of nothing that would indicate something was not being done correctly or that any notes or records taken indicated that type of problem.
- Mr. Ambrose stated that he got copies of working documents and didn't need that materials taken.
- Mr. Ambrose could not identify anything that was done incorrectly and was not corrected or scheduled (identified) for corrective actions.

D. M. Hunnicutt

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW WITH Mr. B. Hearn

- Mr. Hearn did not contact anyone and request that person(s) to contact the NRC or anyone else.
- 2. Mr. Hearn stated that no personal property was removed and kept by management.
- Mr. Hearn has no desire that materials removed be returned. He has prepared replacement documentation from other sources.
- 4. Mr. Hearn can think of no purpose that the NRC could or should have performed. He definitely did not desire that any pictures of himself be taken by anyone either with the tee shirt or in any other clothing.
- 5. Mr. Hearn kept records for his own personal use due to the "poor paper flow" that he felt would be useful to provide information, if it was necessary to re-inspect items at a later date. None of these records were removed by management from his desk or files. He knew of nothing that was not being done in accordance with requirements that was not reported and/or known by others.
- 6. Mr. Hearn had nothing taken that was not available from another source.
- 7. Mr. Hearn knew of nothing that has not been done in accordance with specifications or requirements that has not been corrected or that is not identified for corrective action.

D. M. Hunnicutt

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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In the Matter of

TEXAS UTILITIES GENERATING

COMPANY, ET AL.

(Comanche Peak Steam Electric X

Station, Units 1 and 2)

IDocket Nos. 50-445-0L2

50-446-0L2

Goodnight Room

Ramada Inn Central

I-30 and Beach Streets

Fort Worth, Texas

Monday, October 1, 1984

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The hearing in the above-entitled matter '

was reconvened, pursuant to adjournment, at 8:30 a.m.

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19 BEFORE:

JUDGE PETER BLOCH

Chairman, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

JUDGE HERBERT GROSSMAN

Member, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

JUDGE WALTER JORDAN

Member, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

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MR. BACHMAN: Mr. Hunnicutt is now available for cross-examination in whatever order the 2 Board may choose. 3 JUDGE BLOCH: Mr. Roisman. CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ROISMAN: Q Mr. Hunnicutt, on Page 4 of your testimony, the next to the last sentence of the carry-over 8 paragraph from Page 3, "The four of us determined that Q there had been no indication so far -- ". Do you see that? On Page 4, the next to the last sentence of the carry-over portion --13 A "The four of us determined -- ". Yes. 14 0. " -- that there were no indications so 15 far that NGC regulations or a threat to health and 16 safety of anyone was involved." 17 Yes, sir. 18 Can you please tell me what were all the 19 bases that at that time that that decision was made 20 by the four of you, entered into the making of that 21

decision, what were the factors?

A. Well, the first one, there's no fuel in

the vessel, nor was there fuel any place other than

in the stored position for it in the fuel handling

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building.

The plant was still under construction.

- The safeguards building was essentially complete.
- The QC people were reviewing the various portions of
- 5 the testing.

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That was probably the three largest inputs.

7 Q It seems that that answer helps me understand why you felt that at that moment there was

9 no threat to health and safety to anyone.

what about -- that there were no NRC regulations involved. What about that part of the sentence?

- A. We could find no regulation that required immediate attention.
- But what was it that you perceived was going on to which you thought no NRC regulation related?
 - A Let's see.

Right at this second I can't think of any particular one that was of concern.

- Q Well, let me see if it --
- A. Maybe I need to --
- Q. Okay. Let me ask it in a somewhat different way.

If the telephone caller called up and said

That we believe that a group of inspectors are down in one of the buildings here and they are ripping irres out of conduits and doing other destructive hings inside the building; would that be something that would be a violation of the NRC regulations, if that were taking place inside the safeguards building?

A Oh, certainly.

So that there are things that could have have happening that might have been NRC regulation

Violations: correct?

A I understand your question better now.

Okay. Now I can go back.

A day or two before this instance, which,

If I remember correctly, occurred on the 8th of the

Month. We had received a telephone call through Mr.

The on to Jim Cummins that there were possibilities

that destructive testing had occurred in some portions

of the safeguards building and he indicated that if

this was found to be true and correct, that there might

be personnel actions taken.

And this was part of the basis on which

WE felt that the threshold was low because management

Itad identified possible concern and they indicated they

WE'RE going to pursue it.

And, as usual, management should have an

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opportunity to pursue whatever they had previously identified and indicated that they were following through on it.

Q Was it your thought, then, on that morning when you got the call, that these actions -- strike

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At the time that the four of you determined there had been no indication, so far as NRC regulations were involved, was it the thought in your mind that anything that was going on at the plant site dealing with electrical QC inspectors in the safeguards building was probably related to this prior call from Mr. Tolson about possible destructive testing?

Is that what you're saying?

A. Yes, sir, I believe all four of us had somewhat the same feeling. Yes, sir.

Q And what had you -- what was your perception when Mr. Tolson called you? How significant did you treat it? That he called you and said, "We think there might be destructive testing."?

Was that a normal thing?

- A. Well, first, he did not call me.
- Q. Mr. Cummins.
- A. He called Mr. Cummins. It occurred late in the day, the day before the T-shirt incident.

Mr. Cummins called me at roughly -- well, in the neighborhood of 4:00 p.m., which is our normal closing time, and this incident started before noon the next day.

So, by anybody's clock, we really hadn't had time to organize and prepare to delve deeply into possible concerns of this type.

Would it be a normal and expected thing at any time there was a suspicion that something like destructive testing was taking place at the plant site, you would expect that someone from Region IV would have gotten a call about that or was this an abnormal thing that Mr. Tolson did?

A. Well, this is the first time. You could classify it, if you wish, to abnormal. Again, since it was apparently the first occurrence on their part, the licensee's part, it should have been reported through the normal 10 CFR 50-55(e) program.

So it was not unusual from the standpoint of reporting to us; no, sir.

I guess what I'm trying to get at is some understanding of how you evaluate the information that came in to you and let me just give you some options so to try to put Mr. Tolson's call on the scale of things.

You get an anonymous phone call from

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A Yes, sir.

Who just says there are inspectors at the Commanche Peak plant who were doing destructive testing and I want the NRC to know about it.

And hangs up.

Or you get a report filed by the company with you that says, "We have just completed a six-month investigation and we have identified five different places where destructive testing has taken place and here are the people involved and here's what they did and here's what we're getting ready to do to them as a result of our investigation."

Now, on that sort of scale of things, where did Mr. Tolson's phone call to Mr. Cummins fit? Which end of that spectrum is it closer to, in terms of your evaluation of the veracity and seriousness of the charge?

A. Well, it would be more closely to an allegation from the standpoint that something serious was going on but, again, it normally takes a certain length of time to pull someone off of another inspection and get it on.

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JUDGE BLOCH: I'm sorry. I've got the time frame confused now.

I thought you first said that the call came on the 6th.

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THE WITNESS: No, I said the day before, if

1 · I remember, sir.

JUDGE BLOCH: Okay, sir.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q I believe you're testifying, Mr.

Hunnicutt, when you say the call -- you're talking about

the call from Mr. Cummins to you? Not the call from

Mr. Tolson to Mr. Cummins?

Just to get us clear, as best you can

e remember, when did Mr. Cummins tell you he got the

10 call from Mr. Tolson?

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A. If I remember correctly, it was sometime midday, it would be Wednesday, it was still the day before the T-shirt incident.

Q Yes, sir.

And then later that same day, just around closing time, he called you to report that information?

A Right.

Now, my question to you is, if you hadn't had time between that late afternoon call on the 7th, and the calls that you were receiving the following morning on the T-shirt incident, to evaluate what Mr. Tolson was telling, why did you factor it in at all to your decision-making process on what you would do in light of the anonymous call you got the morning of the T-shirt incident?

A. Well, we factored it in mainly because

it was heads-up -- in other words, we had identified

an item of concern to us, licensee management, and we

are going to pursue it.

So, due to the fact that they had stated

that they were going to follow up on it, we felt that

that they were going to follow up on it, we felt that management should have an opportunity to follow-up on their own identified problem.

Did it ever occur to you that management might, in fact, have been creating an appearance that there was destructive testing in order to disguise a different motive for taking personnel action against some of the people who were in the safeguards building?

A. It did not.

A Had you been aware at the time that you and the three other gentlemen were sitting and discussing this matter, that there had been some friction between the inspectors and building management in the safeguards building involving electrical inspections and that the inspectors had been finding a lot of problems in their inspections?

Were you aware of that at the time that the four of you were making these decisions?

A. Well, there's always rumors of managementlabor frictions. I do not recall if this was anything more or less specific, sir.

Are you saying that you had heard there that there was something but you're just saying it wasn't different than lots of things you hear? Yes, sir, that's what I'm saying. 4 So you had an allegation from Mr. Tolson that there was a possibility of destructive testing? Right. And you had some rumors that there was some friction between the building management and the QC electrical inspectors at the plant? I can't specifically state that it was 11 between those two groups that you identified. 12 Okay. 0. 13 But over the period of time, and of 14 course, it's backed up by records on both sides that 15 there was areas of friction at times between inspectors 16 and management. 17 Well, had your resident inspector given 18 you any information regarding the frequency of 19 deficiencies being found in the safeguards building 20 by the electrical inspectors during the early months 21 of 1984? 22 I don't recall of it being higher or 23 lower. 24 Would the resident inspector normally 25

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give you a periodic report on what's going on at the plant? Did you have a normal, routinized procedure for that? Right, but here we're talking about a trend that we would have to periodically plot course

whether -- and I really can't answer the question properly.

All right. Let me just go back for a second to these periodic briefings. How often did those occur?

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Between an inspector and myself?

Between the resident inspector, or one of the other inspectors that you have on the site, and yourself or someone at Region IV?

Almost daily; sometimes several times a day.

Q Is there no set time when there's sort of a summarization report, once a month, once every week, when you sort of get the big picture or the overview from them?

A. No, because the way things are changing, we get an update as it comes in. There is a monthly report written for it, and sometimes monthly may mean two months or some other calendar time period.

There's nothing you can remember, then,

that was specific to the safeguards building or any specific kinds of problems that they were having with electrical inspections, lighting inspections, anything like that?

A I can't recall one right at the moment,

Just so we're clear on it, because I'm

a little unclear on what you were saying about the

rumors regarding some tension between management and

labor, I think what what you used.

A. Yes, sir.

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Q Was it your understanding that there was some tension between management and labor in the safeguards building specifically?

A. No. Specifically, the two cases I was trying to think of was where, over a period of time, I believe it was September and December of last year, we prepared civil penalty packages related to harassment of personnel at the site. And that's the two large ones that I can think of offhand.

Q Okay. I guess I want to be clear and I want your testimony to be clear on this. I thought you had said earlier that there had been some sort of rumors about -- in answer to a question that I had asked you about the safeguards building, that there

had been some rumors about labor-management problems in that building. Am I incorrect, or did you not have any knowledge about that?

there's no delineating line that you can flat out say this is the safeguards building, this is the auxiliary building. There is, certainly, by drawings and so forth, but people transfer back and forth and work back and forth, and to flat out make the statement that it was electrical QA inspectors in the safeguards building, Unit 1, I can't honestly identify it that closely, sir.

Q. Now, in your testimony --

JUDGE BLOCH: Before we leave that,
Mr. Hunnicutt, do you know whether Mr. Tolson mentioned
any names to Mr. Cummins?

THE WITNESS: I do not believe he did.

Mr. Cummins did not mention any names to me.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Excuse me. Are you leaving this immediate subject on the knowledge of any friction, Mr. Roisman?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, I was getting ready to do that.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Do I understand from what you said that you had some knowledge of friction

between QC electrical inspectors and the company but
that you can't pin it down now to the safeguards
building or the auxiliary building?

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THE WITNESS: I was trying to make it

clear, sir, it was QC inspectors in general, not

specifically electical inspectors. There are several

different areas of inspectors, welding and so forth.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Well, did you hear specifically that there also friction with electrical inspectors, or are you saying now that you just knew there was some friction but you couldn't tell at all whether it was welding or electrical?

I'm not sure I understand what your responses were.

THE WITNESS: Okay. Let me do my best to clarify it, sir.

what I was trying to get across, and maybe I did it poorly, was that in general it was inspectors. Now, it may have been more related to electrical than to the others, but I'm just not that sure in which specific areas the inspectors were in.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: I see. Is that because of a passage of time, that if I had asked you the question some months ago you might have been able to pinpoint who you knew about or --

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THE WITNESS: I wish I could answer
that question, sir. I can't.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Thank you.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Now, what would the anonymous phone caller's information have had to have been for the NRC to decide that it would move in rather than wait and see on the T-shirt incident, related to the incident?

A Well, let's see, the first anonymous phone call was that people were being detained and that desks and files were being gone through. Neither one of these tripped an alarm from the standpoint of what we had previously been told the day before.

Now, I'm certain, in my own mind at least, that if we had not had this call through Mr. Cummins almost -- well, less than 24 hours before, it would probably have required me to immediately send one or more inspectors there.

So that was really the crucial factor in your mind, was that you had gotten this call just 24 hours earlier --

A Yes, sir.

Q. -- indicating that management was considering some personnel action, and then when

Thursday morning came and you got this call, what occurred to you was, this must be what we got the 2 call about yesterday? 3 Yes, sir. If the anonymous caller had indicated . to you that he knew that there had been an earlier 9 call to the NRC about alleged destructive testing and that he knew that no such destructive testing had 9 actually occurred, would that have neutralized the other call? No, it would not, because once a call 11 is made, until we actually take it down to the ground 12 or the bottom of it, we have to keep it an open 13 allegation, and if you would look through our 14 allegation files you would find some that we have 15 spent considerable manpower on that were ridiculous, 16 such as a handwritten note a couple, three years ago, 17 that the licensee had muggled fuel on site. 12 And what had happened was they had 19 brought the dummy on to index the core. And we still 20 went to see this lady and we used manpower and money 21 that we could have used elsewhere. But what we do 22 is every allegation is traced, if we can, to the 23 source or to the cause. 24 I wasn't asking whether you would have 0. 25

A Oh, I'm sorry.

a -- completed the investigation that the call from Mr. Tolson initiated, but I'm asking whether or not in the decision making processes on the following day, having not yet had time to do an investigation, would the counter-allegation from the anonymous phone caller have neutralized the Tolson call to the point that then you would have moved in to find out what was going on with those inspectors.

A I wish I could give you an answer one way or the other, but you know, we're in the hypothetical and I could say one thing to make myself look good, but I'm absolutely not certain that's what I would have done.

I think I would, but again, I can't just flat out make the statement that I would have done the most prudent item. I would probably have followed both.

But an anonymous phone call is very difficult. We have done our best in some, but again, the information, we would have tried to determine how valid, and so forth, but I just can't, in all truthfulness, flat out make the statement that I would have done what seems to be prudent through your question.

Since the T-shirt event, I take ES....?

you've learned a lot more than you knew that --

A I have leaned a great deal, sir.

candor, which I appreciate, so I hope that you will take this question in the spirit intended.

that at the time the NRC should have acted differently than it did in the T-shirt incident that morning?

A Well, I hate to be overly stubborn, but if I had exactly the same information, except for the fact that cut-off, of course, of addition investigation, depositions, hearings, and so forth, it would probably happen pretty much the same way, because it was a heads-up item that disciplinary action or --well, disciplinary action is not the word to use --personnel action, I believe, was somewhat similar to what I used, and over my thirty plus years in various parts of the nuclear industry, including many years in construction, I have seen things twenty years ago that you wouldn't believe if I told you, related to harassment and intimidation, and so forth.

And so based across the board, I think

I would still have given management the benefit of

trying to show their case, the merit of it, one way or

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the second triples in

Since the T-shirt event, I take 18,77 you've learned a lot more than you knew that --I have leaned a great deal, sir. -- that morning. You've indicated a candor, which I appreciate, so I hope that you will take this question in the spirit intended. Knowing now what you know, do you think that at the time the NRC should have acted differently 7 than it did in the T-shirt incident that morning? Well, I hate to be overly stubborn, but if I had exactly the same information, except for the 16 fact that cut-off, of course, of addition investi-11 gation, depositions, hearings, and so forth, it would 12 probably happen pretty much the same way, because it 13 was a heads-up item that disciplinary action or --14 well, disciplinary action is not the word to use --15 personnel action, I believe, was somewhat similar to 14 what I used, and over my thirty plus years in various 17 parts of the nuclear industry, including many years 18 in construction, I have seen things twenty years ago 19 that you wouldn't believe if I told you, related to 20 harassment and intimidation, and so forth. 21 And so based across the board, I think 22 I would still have given management the benefit of 23 trying to show their case, the merit of it, one way or 24 25

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the other.

When you get counter-allegations, some

from management and some from the work force, is there

a policy by which you decide whether you will let

management complete whatever it wants to complete

with regard to the allegations before you move in

versus you're going to move in right away and not wait

for management to move? Is there a Region IV policy

on that?

each case it would be absolutely imperative that it be weighed to the best of our ability. You know, you just don't have a scale of justice to where you can say Joe's information is better than Sue's or Mary's, because everybody, when they phone, write, or esent information, as far as we're concerned they're all equal.

Now, if it's obvious that someone has direct information, I'm sure we would weigh it a little more than the other, regardless of whether it was a janitor or the president of the company or someone in between.

Q What investigation has been done by your office into the allegations that Mr. Tolson made in his call to Mr. Cummins regarding possible destructive

testing in the safeguards building?

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IN THE STORE STORES

and complex building. If I remember correctly, there are 78 rooms and areas that make up this building. It includes many of the emergency back-up systems. There are a tremendous number of conduits, cable trees. Each one is identified in one of three colors.

The orange colored jacketing is for Trade A, safeguards. The green is for Trade B, and the not safety related is all black.

Now, regardless of what the licensee's procedures state, we would follow the green and the orange portion, and not ignore but certainly have very little time spent on the black, because by it our charter is safety related and therefore -- but now, what I'm trying to say is that a black one, if we saw it cut in two or torn down strings, we would certainly be involved and interested in it.

But by going through, out of these 76 rooms we, from -- well, we did some of it in January and February, which we will negate for the purposes of this, and then from June 20th through September 28th, and it will be documented in Inspection Report 45/8426, we went into 64 of these rooms, in other words, roughly 80 percent, and we found a few glitches, but none in

the electrical area, sir.

- Q Were you looking for destructive testing at that time?
- testing, improperly oriented materials, such as pipe hangers, pumps, and so forth, the whole cross-section, and the four inspectors that were involved, other than Mr. Oberg, had nothing whatsoever to do with any of the previous concerns relating to the T-shirt incident.
- Q Was this investigation that you're just talking about now, was that intended to be the follow-up to the allegations that had been made by Mr. Tolson in March to Mr. Cummins that there had been destructive testing at the plant in the safeguards building?
- A. That would be a very, very minor portion of it. The main thrust of it was, we were doing a detailed, in-depth inspection of the area and that just rubbed off as one of the items.
- And did you question Mr. Tolson to find out some more details about where the alleged destructive testing had occurred, so that you could go to those spots and specifically look to see for yourself what had happened?

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A. Mr. Tolson and I had a very short

discussion on that one day while I was at the site

and --

Q Can you give us a rough time frame?

A. It was probably either the week that included the 13th, when I was down there making the physical or --

A. I'm sorry. Which month?

oh, I'm sorry. The months are ingrained in me, I was forgetting. March.

So anyway, on the 13th I was down there and obviously made the physical inventory of the boxes, and it could have been sometime during that week, or it may have been the next week, but it was just a cursory discussion, nothing in depth.

Did you go and look at the places where the alleged destructive testing had taken place, or did someone from Region IV?

A. Mr. Kelley did this pretty well on the day of the incident when he tried to find the location that found the one wire, which was in the north pump room at the safeguards building on the lowest deck, and he did not find any other junction boxes or other areas that had any indication of tampering or incomplete. It was this one wire that was hanging in

this junction box, oh, roughly a foot square and four inches deep, plus or minus.

And did he communicate to you any conclusion as to whether he thought it was a loose wire or a destructively tested wire, or anything like that?

A He described it to me and we determine that was not destructively tested and --

Q. I'm sorry. That it was not destructively tested?

A Dennis Kelley and I talked on the phone after Mr. Kelley finished his inspection, and attempted to take the one photograph in the area.

And he stated that the best he could see, there were no deep scratch marks on the copper, which, if it had been properly installed and had been jerked free, it would undoubtedly have scarred the copper, and that was the only one we found.

We did look around in, as I say, a number of the rooms. The number, I wouldn't even attempt to remember, but he did make a detail through the north and the south ladders that go down in the safeguards building to the various areas and in the rooms and the other areas he did not find any.

Q When you became aware that there did not

appear to be any destructive testing in the building, did you think back to the call from Mr. Tolson, and if so, did you re-evaluate what you thought that call was about?

2 .

A. Well, of course, anything that you thought of is nothing more than conjecture, and I certainly felt that if there had been a problem it was certainly alleviated because no one saw any more of it and it never surfaced again.

The roughly 17 QC inspectors in the electrical area there, we passed many of these people one and two times a day. We were always identified with our NRC on our hat. In other words, over a period of time, including the day that Mr. Tolson called Mr. Cummins, who then called me, there was ample opportunity, both by telephone and face to face discussions, for an individual to say, hey, come here and look, because I've had that happen to me many times when I walked through the plant.

Q You mean come here and look if there had been some destructive testing?

A. No, just come look, everything from, ne,, come here and look, I want you to see what a good job

I'm doing in this area, and I've gone into others and the guy, look at this, this damn guy shouldn't do this

this kind of stuff. But you've got a C minus, in other words, it was acceptable. You might not be 2 proud of it if you were the workman. But you're either on the table or you're off the table. In other words, it either meets the requirement or it fails to 5 meet the requirement. We have no gray area. But on the day of the T-shirt incident the NRC did get called on several occasions --8 Three. -- by a worker? 10 Yes, sir, three times. A. 11 And the NRC did not come to the aid of 12 the people or whom, or in whose interest or apparent 13 interest that worker was making the call on that day, 14 did they? 15 MR. BACHMANN: Your Honor, I would object 16 to the characterization of these anonymous phone calls 17 as from workers. There's been no identification of the 18 person. We don't know who made the phone calls. 19 MR. ROISMAN: That's all right. 20 BY MR. ROISMAN: 21 Just an anonymous phone call. That's 22 fine. 23 Okay, sir. On the first one, we 24

definitely took it into consideration from the

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the drawing, schematic, certainly shows how it should be made up.

- Q Was your inspection intended to identify loose connections?
- A. Our inspection was the over-all inspection, sir, and the loose connections, operability, that the proper colored wire went in and came out of the junction box, that it was labeled properly, that it wasn't JB-1-C instead of JB-1-D, or whatever.
 - Q But you wouldn't find a loose connection unless you opened a junction box and looked right?
 - A That's the only way you would find it.
 - without taking off the cover, either, could you?
 - A That would be an interesting situation, because you would only have a lead about a very few inches, and to put a splice in a junction box, it could occur, but I've never seen one.
- When you were looking at cables and cable.

 trays, did you physically move the cables and look at

 cables who were hidden by other cables? Was that part

 of the inspection to do that?
- A. You do to a certain point, but again, let me stress, some of these cable trays are eighteen inches

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wide and four or five inches high and may have up to roughly 28 pounds of cable per linear foot.

So what I'm trying to say is you would have a hell of a maze, but you could, and we did. You look through the tops and the sides and at times you would move the cables; but, again, the main reason would be trying to find a green and an orange, or vice versa.

So you would looking to see if the right wiring colors coincide with the right diagram?

A Yes, sir.

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Q. That was the principal thing you were looking for?

A. Right.

Q. And then a functional test, did the light go on when you hit the switch and was it the right light?

A. Right.

So if there had been any hiding of cables that had improper splices or something like that by putting them near the bottom of the box or turning them away from where they were easy to see, your examination would not have been likely to detect that?

A. In general, no, sir.

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Does your office have any particular policy regarding how it responds to worker allegations

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, or allegations from anybody that the work force is
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- ; being intimidated or harassed by management through
- things like sequestration, searching of employees'
- personal material, or anything like that?
- Is there some kind of written procedure
- that you go to?
- MR. DOWNEY: Objection. I would object
- to Mr. Roisman's characterization of sequestration
- and searching of papers as harassment. There's simply
- 10 nothing to support that.
- There are all kinds of reasons to take
- 12 those actions.
- JUDGE BLOCH: We have a comment on the
- 14 ' question. Now you may answer.
- MR. DOWNEY: That was an objection to
- 16 the question.
- JUDGE BLOCH: Yes, but with the comment,
- 18 it seems to me he's got a fair question. He can
- 19 answer.
- THE WITNESS: We do have a written
- 21 procedure that covers all the points that you mentioned
- 22 | sir.
- We have a procedure that if we do get an
- 24 anonymous call, that you try to get all the information
- 25 possibly; the location, the problem, if there's someone

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that we can contact, whether or not it's the individual that's making it.

For instance, "Well, who is your supervisor," or, "Who is the building manager? What drawing?" And the key information that will detail it.

If a man calls and says, "One of the pipe hangers in the Safeguards Building is bad," there is probably eighteen hundred or twenty-five hundred. So without knowing what's bad and the location, it's a lost cause, essentially, before you start.

But if we know it's a diagonal that's been left off or if the welding hasn't been performed correctly, one side is not welded properly, then we have a good chance.

We try to explain this to an individual.

We certainly appreciate an individual's right to remain anonymous, and we do not press him in any way to reveal anything about himself or herself that would make him feel uncomfortable and cease giving us information.

We also stress for them to call us back, or call either the resident's offices, or call collect, and we do this every so often.

Q. I guess the part that I'm interested in is what do you do after that comes through. If you get

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an allegation -- well, in fact, on the morning of the sth you did get an allegation.

That is, you got an allegation by

somebody, twice in phone calls, and then maybe another

person who physically came forward and said that they

perceived that these events that were taking place on

the plant that day were contrary to the best interest

of the workers, and I assume they thought it was also

contrary to the best interest of what the NRC was there

to protect.

So you have an allegation about that. What do you do to determine whether that allegation is valid or invalid?

A Okay. First, may I restress the point that we had received information that there was possible personnel action, so this is unusual from that standpoint, that some of our barriers we did not raise, because we felt that it was being covered under another condition.

But in general, if we had received it, we would have sent an individual to the Safeguards Building or whatever other area was identified, and we would make an effort to determine the condition, the location, how much and what was involved, length, width and so forth, to where we could determine how

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significant it was. Is it an isolated case? Is it a general case, or is it because of one group or an individual? 3 We would do all that was possible to 4 identify it totally and anything that was related to it. We try not to just put on a set of blinders and say, "Well, XXX is bad, so we just look 8 at that one. We don't look at the ones on each side or other levels or other buildings." Well, here the allegation was that 10 the management was taking action against employees in 11 a way that was intimidating them, that it was something 12 that would discourage them from doing their jobs? 13 MR. DOWNEY: Objection. There's nothing 14 to indicate that allegation was made in the phone call 15 to the NRC. 16 MR. ROISMAN: I'll withdraw it and put 17 it a different way. 18 BY MR. ROISMAN: 19 You had a call, two calls and a visit. 0. 20 Yes, sir. 21 And there was a concern expressed. What 22 did you understand that person's concern was? 23 His concern appeared to be that some of 24 the people who were working with him or that he knew 25

- 19503 about were being detained and that a search of files and desks was occurring. All right, and did he indicate -- or is it your understanding that he indicated what difference that made? A. If he did, it wasn't conveyed to me, and Mr. Kelley and Mr. Cummins and I have had many deep discussions trying to reconstruct this the very best we could. Q You indicated that if you hadn't had the 10 earlier call from Mr. Tolson on the preceding night, and I assume, also, the call from Mr. Clements on that 12 morning, that you would have gone out to look. 13 I'm sura we would have, yes, sir. 14 Why would you have gone out to look? 15 It was an allegation and we need to 16 determine whether it was founded or unfounded. 17 18
 - Q. An allegation of what?

- You mean of the individuals?
- What was the allegation you would look 20 into? 21
- Well, first, why they were detained, and 22 second, what was being searched and why. 23
- Why would that be of concern to the NRC? 24 Just the bare allegation, "We've got people being 25

detained and their personal belongings are being searched." Why would that be of concern to the NRC?

- A Well, it's hard to put a tag on it from the standpoint of -- but when I look back at the two previous civil penalty packages, I'm sure that related to this we would try to determine if it was related either directly or remotely to either one or both of those type of incidents; not specifically those, but that type of incident.
- Q In other words, whether it might in fact be some form of harassment or intimidation?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Once you had put aside the destructive testing concern, weren't you then left with a situation that was not dissimilar from having never gotten the calls from Mr. Clements and Mr. Tolson at all?
 - A. I don't know.
 - Q Did you do any further investigation to determine whether the detention and the searching of the personal property had anything to do with harassment and intimidation?
 - A. I guess obliquely when we interviewed the three gentlemen in April. We tried to determine if this was related, and none of this came out.

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Q The three gentlemen who you interviewed

- in April, were any of those three gentlemen ones who had been detained?
- A All three had been detained, yes, sir.
- Were any of them the ones that had been
- on the list that Mr. Clements had given to Mr. Check?
- A. Unfortunately not, but may I clarify a
 little further?
- Q Sure.

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- g A I figured that I would get through all seven of those individuals that afternoon.
 - Q By "all seven," who do you mean?
- 12 A Well, seven that were still on site, sir.

 13 One of the eight original people who had been detained

 14 with the T-shirt incident had left the site, according

 15 to the Licensee's records.
 - One was in the Unit 2 Building and the other six were in the Unit 1 Building.
- So I had my list directly off the
 physical inventory, and for whatever reason, I picked
 David, Hearne and Ambrose.
- Now, who I would pick next, I don't know
 It's easy for me to say, "Sure, the fourth one would
 have been one of the three who were not, but I can't
 say that, because I was doing it at random.
- I had essentially forgotten the six names

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that Mr. Cneck and I had discussed almost a month

before; and it really never occurred to me that those

people's weight would have been equal, better or

worse than the eight that were involved.

Month later, when you were talking to these people, you were not making any connection between the concerns that were showing up as deficiencies in inspections in the Safeguards Building and the personnel action.

You were looking at T-shirt wearing and

You were looking at T-shirt wearing and personnel action; is that right?

A That's right, and as I say, I was reasonably certain that the three who were not members of the T-shirt group, I would not have interviewed, and that's the reason.

You indicated in the clarification of your testimony this morning that the film that was taken by Mr. Kelley was developed and it was found to be totally useless.

When did the film get developed?

A Oh, let's see. Very shortly after I wrote this testimony; the day I have no idea.

Anyway, it was brought to my attention that maybe we ought to splurge and get the film developed.

- Q Where did you have the film developed?
- A Mr. Kelley had it developed someplace.
- Q Just commercially?
- A. Yes, sir.

JUDGE BLOCH: Is there usually a problem between telling people to take a picture and to develop

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there's 36 exposures and this was about number 20.
Normally, we wait until we get through, which I've learned a little about since.

12 BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q. Was all the film black, or just this one picture?

A Oh, no. Well, there were probably some of the others, but let me try to put it in perspective.

This junction box is up near the roof wall line. There are four pipes about that large with the insulation lagging on it, and Mr. Kelley is a long way from being a professional photographer.

He tried to take the picture, I would say, ten to twelve feet away, which by itself didn't help a lot, when you are shooting a wire that's probably fifty-thousandths in diameter, and it just didn't work, sir.

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Q I thought your testimony was that it
   was totally black?
          A Well, it was for all purposes. I mean,
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   you could make out nothing on it.
              It wasn't like it had been exposed to the
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    light?
                 No.
                 It wasn't that kind of totally black.
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   You just mean there wasn't anything distinguishable on
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    it?
         A Right. You couldn't pick out these
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   pipes that were about this large and a foot closer.
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   You couldn't pick out the rectangular image of the
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    junction box, so for sure, there's no possibility of
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   picking out the wire.
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JUDGE ROISMAN: I'm surprised that someone would take that picture from 12 feet and would take it so you couldn't see what was happening. THE WITNESS: What can I say, sir? We will try to improve on that. BY MR. ROISMAN: Q Did you at any time involve the Office of Inspection in your investigation into the T-shirt incident? A Not directly. Mr. Griffin and I had a 10 cursory discussion and neither saw any merit into asking OI to perform an inspection. 12 MR. ROISMAN: I have no further questions. 13 JUDGE BLOCH: Mr. Downey. 14 MR. DOWNEY: Thank you, Your Honor. 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. DOWNEY: 17 Q. Mr. Hunnicutt, you testified about a certain inspection that the NRC enducted at the 19 safeguards building over the course of the summer. 20 Yes, sir. 21 Would you describe the scope of that 22 investigation, or that inspection? 2: A. It was one of the room inspections that 24 we are in the process of carrying out. If I recall 25

correctly, it was the fourth one and was specifically for safeguards and auxiliary building.

The four largest systems we intended and did inspect was the auxiliary feedwater system, portions of it, of course. The component cooling water system; the course free system and the fourth one escapes me for the moment. I'm sorry.

Q You say a room inspection. You inspect every room in the building; is that how --

A No, sir. We roughly did 80 of the combined auxiliary -- eighty per cent, I'm sorry, of the combined auxiliary systems of the building and the safeguards building.

Q So you inspected eighty per cent of the total number of rooms in those two buildings?

A No. I've forgotten how many was in the auxiliary building but it's pretty close to the number that's in the safeguards -- safeguards was seventy-right.

Q. You testified you also inspected some of the electrical --

A. Yes, sir.

Q -- work in those buildings; is that right?

A Yes, sir.

a And your inspection there, from your

- that inspections were conducted properly and
- 2 identified concerns; yes, sir.
- In your interviews with these gentlemen,
- did they share with you their view of the T-shirt
- incident?
- A. Very well.
- , Would you share for us the substance of
- 8 . what they told you?
- ? A. They had different views.
- 10 Q. Well, what did they say?
- A. Mr. Ambrose --
- MR. ROISMAN: Excuse me. I assume this is
 not being introduced for the truth of what those people
 said but for what this witness heard and I guess it's
 relevance is to find out whether he should have
 investigated further or not; is that correct, Mr.
- 17 Downey?
- MR. DOWNEY: That's correct.
- We have testimony from two people who
- 20 wore the T-shirts and only testimony from two people.
- 21 I guess their testimony will stand as to the views of
- 22 the T-shirt wearers but I would like to have Mr.
- Hunnicutt tell us what they told him. It will help
- 24 us -- I guess -- you have made an issue of whether
- 25 the NRC acted properly and I would like to elicit from

him what he information he did --

MR. ROISMAN: I just want to be clear
that you don't think that what you're getting here is
information that goes to the truth of what these
people said.

JUDGE BLOCH: For the limited purpose
that has been discussed by Counsel, the question shall
be allowed.

MR. DOWNEY: No problem.

BY MR. DOWNEY:

Q. Okay.

A. Mr. Ambrose, he said that he was thoroughly confused because it started out as a joke and a few days before, I believe he said on Monday, that roughly 20 people wore them and he said nobody paid any attention to them and said then on Thursday, it wasn't quite that way.

Mr. Davis essentially said parallel. He felt like whatever clothing he felt like wearing, he should be able to wear on the site.

And Mr. Hearne was less vocal than either of the other two but he really couldn't see the relevancy of being detained and so forth.

JUDGE BLOCH: Were either of those two individuals transferred from Safequards 1 to

Mr. Ambrose saying the NRC should have been there.

Mr. Davis said that he couldn't have cared less if the NRC come.

Mr. Hearne essentially said, "You wouldn't have done any good anyway, so we didn't need you."

So from that side -- but we didn't get down to the point of where one guy says, "Well, it was a joke." and the other guy says; "Well, we did it for fun.", those kind we didn't try to get to.

BY MR. DOWNEY:

After those interviews, were you convinced in your own mind that the answers were sufficiently consistent that you didn't need to interview others?

A. That's the way we felt plus the fact that just knowing human nature, including myself, overnight the majority of the other four people on site would have had some discussion and we felt that with the amount of informatiom that we would not have gained a sufficient additional information to warrant it at the time.

a way that none of the other -- none of the three knew what questions were to be asked in advance?

A Well, the first two I'm sure did not because nobody knew and Mr. Davis, for whatever reason, was picked as first and Mr. Hearne was the second one from but there on, of course, there was somebody out in the plant that said, "Hey, what did they ask?"

But the first two, I am positive, that there was no cross because there wasn't time in between and, of course, no one outside the NRC had access at any time to our questions.

Q In your interviews with these three gentlemen and your review of the documents that were taken from their work area, did you find any evidence that personal effects were confiscated?

A. There were no personal effects of any significance. I interviewed every piece of paper in each of the files and there was nothing that you would regard as valuable, from a personal standpoint.

Q Did you find inspection reports as part of the materials that were in the packages?

A Inspection reports. NRC procedures was the majority of it. There were a few other pieces of paper I just don't recall specifically right at the moment.

Q Is it your understanding that the site policy subjects every employed to search at the

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desire of management? Including myself; yes, sir. JUDGE BLOCH: I'm sorry. When you go on the site --THE WITNESS: I have been searched; yes, sir. Both going on and coming off. JUDGE BLOCH: Your briefcase? THE WITNESS: I normally have a property pass that deletes that but it ran out the 28th of September so --JUDGE BLOCH: You wouldn't expect them 11 to look at the documents in your briefcase? 12 THE WITNESS: Oh, no, but there's no harm 13 in looking to see if I have a coil of wire or some 14 electronic components or --15 JUDGE BLOCH: It's a security check? 16 THE WITNESS: Well, in general, that's 17 a true statement but it could be a little more but, 18 so far, as I say, I've been searched three or four 19 times in the times that I have gone down there. 70 So, there is a sign there that says, "No 21 firearms or cameras" and sometimes we've been asked and 22 that was sufficient. 23 Other times, of course, it's like going 24 into Safeway's. You never know.

BY MR. DOWNEY:

- And it is your understanding,
- 3 Mr. Hunnicutt, that employees were subject to search
- 4 to make sure that they had no unauthorized documen-
- 5 tation or materials or those sorts of things.
- A I'm certain if they search me they
- y search employees.
- JUDGE BLOCH: Do you know whether the
- 9 employees are subject to search for unauthorized
- 10 aocuments?
- THE WITNESS: Let's see, unauthorized
- 12 documents. I can't answer that one, once you point
- 13 out -- .
- JUDGE BLOCH: Try to listen to the
- question, because you've got to answer the question,
- 16 | 511.
- THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
- 18 BY MR. DOWNEY:
- 19 Did any of the three persons you
- 20 interviewed indicate to you who it was that contacted
- 21 the NRC?
- 22 A. One individual did. We didn't ask the
- 23 name. He blurted it out.
- Q Who blurted it out?
- 25 A. Mr. Davis.

time to get on board and find out that it had previously occurred. JUDGE BLOCH: I'm sorry. You said if it happened again? THE WITNESS: Well, it had happened on 5 Monday and he came in to work on Wednesday and apparently he didn't know that it had happened on the 8 | Monday, so when it happened the second time on Thursday --JUDGE BLOCH: But I thought you also said 10 he had instructions on what to do if it happened again. 11 THE WITNESS: If I did, I made a mistake 12 in the way I said my words. I didn't intend it to 13 mean --JUDGE BLOCH: But did he have instructions 15 on what to do if it happened? THE WITNESS: I don't think so. What I 17 was trying to say -- let me see if I can put it back 18 in perspective, that if the T-shirt people felt that 19 since it had previously happened, that when it 20 happened the second time on Thursday, that it would 21 have been nice if this supervisor would have known that 22 this was the second instance it happened; my words, I 23

think I said happened again, which I'm sorry threw

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BY JUDGE GROSSMAN:

- I think you testified that you understood there was some kind of disciplinary action being contemplated by management prior to the T-shirt incident.
- MR. DOWNEY: Objection. I think he said personnel action, which is --
 - JUDGE GROSSMAN: Personnel action.

BY JUDGE GROSSMAN:

- What was the personnel action that you understood that the company was contemplating?
- A Well, we really didn't know of the depth or breadth of it. We were informed, through

 Mr. Cummins, who informed me, that there were possibilities of destructive testing instances that occurred in the safeguards building and that there was a possibility of personnel action occurring. And that was essentially the day before this.
- Now, I've read your prefiled testimony and I'm having a little trouble understanding one sentence here on Page 4, and perhaps you can clarify that for me.
- It's the second sentence on the paragraph
 that begins on Page 4, which says, also if possible
 to take photographs of the T-shirt personnel wearing

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A. No, sir. And if you happen to go back
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- through some of our reports for this year, Inspection
- Report 445/8410, there are either three or four
- 4; photographs on one of the pages in that report to
- s illustrate some points we were trying to make.
- 6 I'm sorry, I don't understand that
- answer. I'm asking you --
- 8 A Okay. Let me try again.
- -- specifically about the act of
- ic . attempting to photograph the suppose it destructive
- n act with regard to this wiring.
- Didn't it appear to you at that time
- 13 + that the photograph would be only in the direction of
- supporting the company's position in this controversy?
- A. No, sir. We try to be totally impartial,
- 16 and by having the information it may or may not have
- 17 | supported either their position -- in other words, it
- 18 would appear to be in good taste. Why would it support
- management? It looked to me like it would lean more
- toward the eight individuals. But we had no idea of
- 21 what was written on or what the design looked like.
- 2: Q But it was a follow-up of a management
- 23 | allegation, wasn't it?
- A Not really; it's happened less than
- 25 24 hours.

Well, wasn't it the management of the company rather than the QC inspectors who were alleging that there was destructive testing? That is true. Now, in retrospect -- well, you're indicated that in retrospect you would have acted the same. With the same information, yes, sir. Okay. Now, if I recall the information that you were operating on, there were two anonymous 10 phone calls in the direction of assisting QC inspectors 11 who apparently, or allegedly were beleaguered, in 12 which you took no action at all. 13 And then there were two subsequent acts 14 that the NRC took with regard to allegations by 15 management with regard, one, to the wearing of the 16 T-shirts and, two, with regard to the damaging of 17 electrical equipment, in which the NRC did take some 18 action. 19 Doesn't that appear to have been what 20 occurred, sir? 21 Pretty much. 22 And in retrospect you still believe that 23 that was an evenhanded approach, do you, sir? 24

MR. BACHMANN: Judge Grossman, I don't

usually object to the Board's questioning, but I think you have kind of mischaracterized Mr. Hunnicutt's testimony into dividing actions by the NRC into those instigated by allegers, in this case inaction, and those instigated by management.

testimony has been that the actions taken by the NRC were to gain more information over a situation of which they had very little information, and I do not think it's fair to characterize that the actions they took were directed towards supporting the management's position, and since Mr. Hunnicutt has agreed with it, I don't really think that he meant to agree with that, just to keep the record straight.

BY JUDGE GROSSMAN:

Q. Well, my question really is, in retrospect do you still feel that the non-action with
regard to the two anonymous phone calls on the part of
the QC inspectors and your action with regards to the
allegations by the company in these other two instances
are an evenhanded action by the NRC?

A. In the short period of time that these occurred, I still stick with my original. Now, it's true we all learn a great deal in six months, and based on that, which the question has not been asked me,

I would probably have done differently. But when you

2 find out something at roughly 4:00 p.m., and this all

3 | occurs before 2:00 o'clock the next day, in other

4 | words, less than a 24-hour period, and the meager

5 amount of information we had under those conditions,

6 I feel that to tell you that I would have done

7 differently is not characterizing it properly, because

with the information and under the conditions I don't

see that we would have changed.

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But again let me stress that based on what we learned subsequently, and up through today, it would have been an entirely different matter.

well, let me ask you, if you had known then what you know now, would you have gone in sooner in response to those anonymous phone calls, or would you have not gone in at all, or how would your actions have changed?

Mell, unfortunately, hypothetical situations, quite often you try to answer them to make yourself look good, and so if I did answer it I would only be making a conjecture that may or may not be true, sir. I'll be happy to answer, but I honestly can't tell you what I would have done seven months later.

But it's obvious, under the conditions

TOOUT that have occurred, that we'd sure has different information, we would have probably, and I repeat probably, sent someone directly over there immediately . to determine. But again, given the same conditions, I believe I would have reacted the same way in the 5 same short period of time. 10 ' 11. 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

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it and other conditions we wouldn't.

If it is, of course, we have our internal procedure that is very specific that the names of confidential people are kept confidential and we have to have this to carry out our normal inspection duties in some cases.

We do our best -- two things; not get them in the first place and promptly forget them otherwise but each and every one of us at times is involved one way or another and, as I say, it's a very sacred portion of our duties and it's even more sacred than releasing draft reports.

JUDGE BLOCH: I was just interested because of the reluctance to give it to the parties under the protective order.

THE WITNESS: That's one party, I guess.

everybody's sake, in the allegation packages, I was the one that put them all together. I was the final focal point for preparing the allegation packages for the TRT. Just so we've got everything on the table.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Well, let me go back to this.

As I understand it, your belief that none of the people who were detained that day wore the

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T-shirts have come forward and made any complaints? And that investigations by you into the 3 safeguards building, which you previously described, have not found any hardware problems and, thus, it's not important to go on to find out if the e was, in fact, some "other" motive that management may have had, other than the protection of craft and QC from each other as their motive for what happened in the T-shirt incident? Am I correctly summarizing what your 10 1 position is? A. I believe in general terms you have 12 summarized it correctly; yes, sir. JUDGE BLOCH: Could you qualify that? You 14 said general terms. Is there some aspect in which you 15 find it misleading? 16 THE WITNESS: Well, I'm trying to fit it 17 all together. I don't find it misleading. 18 JUDGE BLOCH: Is it possible you don't 19 understand the whole statement? THE WITNESS: I started to say, I'm not 21 sure I can keep it all in context that he said but 22

JUDGE BLOCH: The question may have been 24 a little too long. 25

in general --

MR. ROISMAN: All right.

Let me try it a different way.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

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why don't you state for me all the reasons why it is now your position that it is unnecessary to investigate what was management's motive for the actions that it took on the T-shirt incident day with regard to the T-shirt wearers?

A Okay.

JUDGE BLOCH: Before you answer that question -- Mr. Roisman, there's one aspect I'd like to bring to the witness' attention.

Are you aware that Mr. Tolson has testified here that at the time he called the NRC, he had not followed up in any way to find out whether the allegations were true, that any of the QC inspectors had committed destructive evaluations?

THE WITNESS: No, sir. All I had knowledge of was the preliminary call.

JUDGE BLOCH: Okay. That's another fact we now have in our record, that Mr. Tolson didn't even start an investigation about whether or not that was true.

Now, maybe you want to ask the question again, because that to me is a fact that is important

in the answer we're going to get.

MR. ROISMAN: All right.

THE WITNESS: Because I have not read Mr.

Tolson's testimony. You are the first to point it out
to me.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Well, along with the other knowledge that you have picked up about the T-shirt incident, up until today and add in now the knowledge that the Chairman has given you --

A Yes, sir.

—— my question is, give me all the reasons why it is your current position that it is unnecessary for the NRC to investigate what were the motives of the company in taking the actions that they took during the day of the T-shirt incident with reference to the T-shirt wearers?

A Well, I think the only answer I can give you is that our inspections that followed from that day to now, has not brought to light any information that would substantiate it and, therefore, either in substance we have investigated it by our inspection programs.

Specifically in the areas of the safeguards building and I believe that essentially covers the investigation.

No formal specific investigation on that

one allegation has been performed.

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- Q By that, which one allegation?
- A. The one where the licensee management stated that there is a possibility of destructive testing occurring in the safeguards building.
 - Q No. I'm sorry.
 - A Okay. Let's try again.
 - Q What I want to focus on is this. We started with my asking you which new facts --
 - A Yes, sir.
 - considered crucial if you had had them in your possession the morning the NRC decided what it would do about the T-shirt incident and the first one you mentioned was that the T-shirts had actually been worn, not for the first time on that Thursday but earlier on a Monday with apparently no incident --
 - A. Right.
 - Q. And that would -- I believe your testimony that that would seem to lay to rest the concern that craft and QC would get into some confrontation because of the wearing. Okay.

Now, given that one of the reasons that management expressed, the major reason that management expressed for its actions on the morning of the T-shirt

incident, was this concern.

A. Yes, sir.

T-shirts had actually been worn on the site, so that at least the fact of the concern wasn't there. Maybe the belief was there but the fact of the concern wasn't there -- what have you done to investigate to find out what was management's real motives for the actions that it took, if it were not that concern?

And you said nothing.

And I said, "Tell me why."

you that an underlying premise that seemed to underlay the management decision-making on the morning of the T-shirt incident, why that, knowing now that the underlying premise was in error, why it is that you don't think further investigation is warranted?

That's got nothing to do with destructive testing. It's just got to do with that one thing.

Why don't you think you need to look any further? What are all the reasons that you have for now saying you don't have to look any further?

A. Well, the only one I can come up with is the one I originally brought in; that our inspections in those areas have not substantiated it and I assumed

there was sufficient investigation or retracing of cur steps to cover the situation.

Q Well, let's --

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Excuse me.

I think the witness is answering -- I think he understands your question to be, why haven't you looked further into the destructive testing, when he says that the investigations haven't substantiated it and I believe your question is, why haven't you looked into the motivation of the management for doing what it did, now that you understand that one of the bases that they claim their actions were based on was not, in fact, there.

Now, why haven't you -- and the question is, why haven't you looked into the motivation of management? And all the reasons for that.

THE WITNESS: I don't know. It's one of those -- I guess some people would say it was just left on the table and not picked up.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

- Q Okay. What was another crucial fact that you learned since that day, the 8th of March, which, in your judgment, would make a difference in how the NRC would have reacted if you'd known that fact that day?
 - A. Well, of course, we would probably have

put in a whole team and essentially secured the
safeguards building and put in awhole team and did a
point by point check. Then, that way, if there had been
any destructive testing, we would have identified it.

No. I'm sorry. I'm not asking what actions you would have taken that's different but what fact do you now know --

A The fact would have been that we would assume that there was destructive testing, we would send it a team to assure it.

Q Okay. Let's try again.

A Okay.

You now know, or at least you believe, based upon the investigations, both Mr. Kelley's and subsequent, that there was no destructive testing in the building; right?

A. That's what we found.

Okay. And I assume that if you had known on the morning of March the 8th, contrary to anything that Mr. Tolson had said the night before that Mr. Clements said on the phone that morning, that in fact, there was absolutely no destructive testing in the building, that would have been a crucial difference in your judgment?

A. It would. Yes, sir.

Okay. So the absence of the destructive testing would have been a crucial difference; is that right? 3 Right. The absence of any basis --Any basis. For that? Okay. Now, what have you done since then to investigate management, now that you've learned that there was not --MR. DOWNEY: Objection. Asked and 11 answered. He's going to go through each once of these 12 facts and ask the same question. The witness has testified that they have 14 not gone any further with the investigation as to the motives of management and I think we're gettir, very 16 repetitive if not cumulative. 17 MR. ROISMAN: Well, I assume he's going 18 to say no and then I'm going to ask him to tell me 19 all of his reasons and if they are different now. 20 If Counsel wants to stipulate that the 21 witness, A, has not investigated any of management's 22 motivation and his answer to the question "Why?" is 20 that he doesn't know, it was just left on the table, 24

we can leave it and that will be it.

Otherwise, we'll have to ask the witness to tell me that. JUDGE GROSSMAN: I think the witness has 3 already testified to that and that is where it stands and the reasons why it stands that way; so I don't 5 think you need any stipulation. MR. ROISMAN: Okay. I was concerned only that he was answering the question only in reference to crucial fact No. 1, that is, that the T-shirts had been worn on Monday and he hadn't known that on Thursday. JUDGE BLOCH: Is there any fact or set of 12 facts that has led you to believe that the 13 investigation of the T-shirt incident should be 14 reopened? 15 THE WITNESS: No, sir. 16 MR. ROISMAN: No further questions. 17 FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. DOWNEY: 19 Q. Mr. Hunnicutt, you just testified in 20 response to Judge Bloch's question, that you know of 21 no reason why the matter should be reopened. 22

In making that answer, did you consider

the substance of what you learned in your interviews

with the people who wore the T-shirts?

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- A I'm sure it was a part of it, as well as

 our own independent inspections.

 And the fact that to your knowledge, non-
- And the fact that to your knowledge, none

 of the people who wore T-shirts have made allegations

 to the NRC; is that one fact that you considered in

 saying it shouldn't be reopened?
- A It would be a small one but it is a probable one.
- And you testified that your inspections
 in the safeguards building would be another reason
 why you don't feel that you need --
 - A That's the major one.

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Q. There's one other fact that I don't know that you have testified about, Mr. Hunnicutt.

Do you know -- are you aware that Mr. Collins and Mr. Spence, the President of TUGCO, met with a number of the T-shirt wearers?

- A. By coincidence; yes.
- Q Did you discuss that meeting with Mr. Collins or have you done so?
 - A No. Except in the very cursory terms.

Specifically, I was at the site on an inspection when a gentleman came into the area that I was and I stopped my inspection for a minute and went out and we talked and he said, "We're here on a couple in the said of the sa

of matters." and I went back to my work and they went to theirs.

- And following that meeting, did Mr. Collins report to you any problems that he uncovered during these meetings?
 - A He didn't discuss any with me.

JUDGE BLOCH: Did he report to you at all about what happened at the meeting?

THE WITNESS: If he did, it was in awful general terms because it was -- let's see, I can remember some of the people that attended and if I remember correctly, they met with almost all of the wearers, if not all of them.

But it was around, I don't know, the first week of April, if I remember correctly and the only thing I can remember is they felt that the T-shirt wearers had no reservations about discussing the whole incident with the President of the company, Mr. Eisenhut, Mr. Collins and others. They felt that the meeting was a worthwhile meetings and that's about all I got, sir.

And had these inspectors made allegations to Mr. Collins or Mr. Eisenhut at this meeting, would you have become aware of this in preparing the allegation packages that you testified you prepared?

at day I would have been aware of it; 1'11 assure you. And you haven't been made aware of such on allegation? No.Sir. Mr. Hunnicutt, do you know whether Mr. Tolson was aware that the T-shirts had been worn earlier in the week? I have no idea. And if Mr. Tolson wasn't aware of these T-shirts having been worn, would you have any reason to question his motives in acting the way he did that 11 12 day? 13 I don't know. You testified, Mr. Hunnicutt, that one 14 of the facts you have now that you didn't have on the 15 day of the T-shirt, was the fact that they had been 16 17 worn earlier in the week; is that right? 18 Yes, sir. 19 And you acted the way you did because 20 you didn't know that; isn't that right? 21 Partially. And isn't it possible Mr. Tolson acted the 22 23 way he did because he didn't know they'd been worn 24 earlier in the week? 25

MR. ROISMAN: Objection I don't see that 1 the witness is in any position to give an opinion about 2 Mr. Tolson's action. 3 He had already testified he didn't 5 investigate it. JUDGE BLOCH: He has also testified that 3 he hasn't read the record of what Mr. Tolson testified to in this proceeding. 8 BY MR. DOWNEY: Q In your mind, Mr. Hunnicutt, knowledge of 10 the fact that they had been worn earlier in the week 11 is a fact you consider important in deciding what action 12 should be taken? 13 Possibly. That would be tied in with the 14 rest of the information that was made available. 15 Q. It's a fact that you consider important 16 in judging your performance in that event? 17 18 Now. Yes. Mr. Hunnicutt, maybe I misunderstood your 19 testimony. I thought you testified that you had some 20 -- that you might doubt management's motivation in 21 acting the way it did on that day because you've learned that the T-shirts were worn on the previous Monday. Was that your testimony?

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A I believe that was included.

Q And if, in fact, management and specifically Mr. Tolson, wasn't aware that they had been worn earlier in the week, you would have no reason to question motivation on that basis; isn't that right?

A. Based on the information you're giving me; right.

Q Did you receive the call about the possibility of destructive examination at the site from Mr. Tolson?

A. No, sir. It came to Mr. Cummins, who called me late in the day.

Q If you understanding that the information Mr. Cummins received was a possibility that this was occurring at the site?

That's what Mr. Cummins stated to me.

And it wasn't -- to your knowledge --JUDGE BLOCH: Was the word possibility something that he told you or is that something that Counsel just used?

THE WITNESS: I wish I could answer your question. I can't recall the specific verbatim discussion.

JUDGE BLOCH: Did you have the impression

that it was happening or some chance that it was 1 happening? 2 THE WITNESS: My personal impression was 3 that it was a chance or a possibility that it was happening, and that it had not been confirmed. 5 Because -- to go with that, the 6 possibility of personnel action, there was no -- at 7 least as I remember it, there was no statement that 8 there was going to be. That there was a possibility 9 10 of. 11 EY MR. DOWNEY: 12 Mr. Hunnicutt, you were asked some questions by Judge Grossman -- let me withdraw that. 13 14 You testified that you received anonymous phone calls on the day of the T-shirt 15 16 incident; is that right? 17 My inspectors did; yes, sir. 18 Did you receive any? 19 A. No, sir. 20 Q Do you recall when the first report came 21 to you that there was an anonymous call about this 22 subject matter? What time of day? 23 Oh, roughly, 11:00 a.m. 24 Q. Mid-morning. Late morning.

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Yes, sir.

Who rendered that first report to you? Q A Kelley and Cummins were both on the extensions in the operations, inspection office. And they were at the sit and you were in Dallas: is that right? Arlington. In Arlington? Yes, sir. And at that point you decided not to take any specific action; is that correct? That's right.

Wh was the next report ma to you 1 that someone was raising a concern about this T-shirt 2 3 matter? Well, it was close to noon, by Mr. Oberg. A And was he also on site? 5 He was at the construction trailer, which A. 6 is in the neighborhood of a half a mile from the 7 operations trailer -- well, operations building, it's 8 a permanent building on the operations site. 9 A But he was at the Comanche Peak site, 10 not in Arlington? 11 12 Yes, sir. And he telephoned you? 13 2 14 A. Yes, sir. 15 And was it that time when you directed Mr. Kelley to go over to the administration building 16 and see what was going on? . 17 A It was sometime after that. 18 But that second call prompted you to do 19 that; is that right? 20 Well, it set the wheels in motion, yes, 21 A sir, and then just somewhere in there we got the third 22 call from Cummins, if I remember correctly, which tied 23 in, and we were already getting hold of Kelley. In other words, Cummins had come back over to the

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construction site and the operations site.

Do you got the first call about the 2 situation from an anonymous called around 11:00 a.m.?

Yes, sir.

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And by sometime after 12:00 you had set 5 in motion certain steps to have your people look into at the site; is that right?

A In the neighborhood of 12:30, Mr. Kelley, yes, sir.

So within an hour and a half of the first report to you, you had set in motion some activities at the site to have your people look into the problem?

Yes, sir.

Do you recall what you specifically asked them to do?

A Mr. Kelley was the individual, I specifically asked him to take the camera equipment and go to the administrative building, to leave the camera equipment outside of any area that the inspectors were detained in, ask permission if he could take pictures and try to discuss them, if possible.

Basically to see what was going on?

Yes, sir. A.

Now, on a previous day when you had

Q So in the case of destructive examination,

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that morning.

basically at some point you asked them to look into that matter; is that right? When I asked Mr. Kelley to go on the 8th. 3 ; In response to the allegations of non-4 : destructive examination, in response to the allegation 5 that there was some impropriety with the inspectors , being detained, in both cases you sent Mr. Kelley to look into the problem; isn't that right? That's right. 9 MR. DOWNEY: No further questions. 10 JUDGE GROSSMAN: Excuse me, I believe 11 in the last question you misspoke and said non-12 destructive examination. 13 MR. DOWNEY: If I did, I did misspeak 14 if I used that term, Judge Grossman. I'll re-ask the 15 question. 16 JUDGE GROSSMAN: That's all right. The 17 witness understood him to mean destructive examination. 18 THE WITNESS: That's what I thought he 19 said. I didn't catch that point either. 20 MR. DOWNEY: Thank you for bringing that 21 to my attention. 22 REDIRECT ENAMINATION 23 BY MR. BACHMANN: 24

Q Mr. Hunnicutt, in response to a previous

question, you stated that you were the person who prepared the allegation packages for the technical 2 review team or the TRT; is that correct? 3 That's true.

In that statement, I want it to be clear for the record, you do not in any way prepare allegation packages for the Office of Investigations, or OI, do you?

No, sir.

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perspective, sir?

MR. BACHMANN: Thank you. No further questions.

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Just one question. your investigation of this T-shirt incident, which you feel was impartial, when you found out that all three of the persons you interviewed were opposed to calling the NRC, did you attempt to seek out anyone who was in favor of calling the NRC, such as a person who actually called whose name you had just learned? THE WITNESS: May I put it slightly in

JUDGE GROSSMAN: Sure.

THE WITNESS: Mr. Ambrose did state that he thought it would have been an idea to call the NRC, though when we asked him what would you want us to accomplish, could or should we accomplish, he had no

answer.

we looked on the list, and with my

spelling of who we later learned to be the individual
who had made the call, we did not call him. He may -you know, it's awful easy for me to say that if I'd
had two days and used them properly that I wouldn't
have called all six of the names that were given to

Mr. Check by Mr. Clements. But I can't guarantee that's
what I would have done. I don't know.

JUDGE BLOCH: Mr. Hunnicutt, thank you very much for your testimony. You're excused.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.

JUDGE BLOCH: Are Applicants prepared to respond to the September 24 motion for production of documents and inter ogatories?

(No response.)

JUDGE BLOCH: I guess not. Mr. Downey looks puzzled. It's Mr. Roisman's motion with regard to the --

MR. DOWNEY: Mr. Davidson, I asked him on Friday I asked him to prepare a response. I believe the return date was October 2nd, which I --

JUDGE BLOCH: We'll adjourn until 1:00 o'clock.

(Whereupon, at 11:50 a.m., a recess was taken until 1:00 p.m., the same day.)