Instrument	Instrument I.D. No.	Setting Limit	Minimum Number of Operable Components Per Trip System (1)	Action Required When Component Operability is Not Assured (2)
Main Steam Line High Rad.	RMP-RM-251, A,B,C,&D	$\leq$ 3 Times Full Power	2	A or B
Reactor Low Water Level	NBI-LIS-101, A,B,C,&D	>+12.5" Indicated Level	2(4)	A or B
Keactor Low Low Water Level	NBI-LIS-57 A & B #2 NBI-LIS-58 A & B #2	≥-37" indicated Level	2	A or B
Reactor Low Low Low Water Level	NBI-LIS-57 A & B #1 NBI-LIS-58 A & B #1	2-145.5" Indicated Level	1 2	A or B
Main Steam Line Leak Detection	MS-TS-121, A,B,C,&D 122, 123, 124, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150	<u>≤</u> 200°F	2(6)	В
Main Steam Line High Flow	MS-dPIS-116 A,B,C,&D 117, 118, 119	$\frac{< 150\%}{Flow}$ of Rated Steam	2(3)	в
Main Steam Line Low Pressure	MS-PS-134, A,B,C,&D	≥ 825 psig	2(5)	В
High Drywell Pressure	PC-PS-12, A,B,C,&D	≤ 2 psig	2(4)	A or B
High Reactor Pressure	RR-P128 A & B	< 75 psig	1	D
Main Condenser Low Vacuum	MS-PS-103, A,B,C,&D	≥ 7" Hg (7)	2	A or B
Reactor Water Cleanup	RWCU-dPIS-170 A & B	200% of System Flow	1	С

## COOPER NUCLEAR STATION TABLE 3.2.A (Page 1) PRIMARY CONTAINMENT AND REACTOR VESSEL ISOLATION INSTRUMENTATION

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## 3.2 BASES: (Cont'd)

and the guidelines of 10CFR100 will not be exceeded. For large breaks up to the complete circumferential break of a 28-inch recirculation line and with the trip setting given above, CSCS initiation and primary system isolation are initiated in time to meet the above criteria. Reference Paragraph VI.5.3.1 USAR.

The high drywell pressure instrumentation is a diverse signal for maltunctions to the water level instrumentation and in addition to initiating CSCS, it causes isolation of Group 2 and 6 isolation valves. For the breaks discussed above, this instrumentation will generally initiate CSCS operation before the low-low-low water level instrumentation; thus the results given above are applicable here also. The water level instrumentation initiates protection for the full spectrum of loss-of-coolant accidents and causes isolation of all isolation valves except Groups 4 and 5.

Venturis are provided in the main steam lines as a means of measuring steam flow and also limiting the loss of mass inventory from the vessel during a steam line break accident. The primary function of the instrumentation is to detect a break in the main steam line. For the worst case of accident, main steam line break cutside the drywell, a trip setting of 150% of rated steam flow in conjunction with the flow limiters and main steam line valve closure, limits the mass inventory loss such that fuel is not uncovered, fuel clad temperatures peak at approximately 1000°F and release of radioactivity to the environs is below 10CFR100 guidelines. Reference Section XIV.6.5 USAR.

Temperature monitoring instrumentation is provided in the main steam tunnel and along the steam line in the turbine building to detect leaks in these areas. Trips are provided on this instrumentation and when exceeded, cause closure of isolation valves. See Spec. 3.7 for Valve Group. The setting is 200°F for the main steam leak detection system. For large breaks, the high steam flow instrumentation is a backup to the temp. instrumentation.

High radiation monitors in the main steam tunnel have been provided to detect gross fuel failure as in the control rod drop accident. With the established setting of 3 times normal background, and main steam line isolation valve closure, fission product release is limited so that 10CFR100 guidelines are not exceeded for this accident. Reference Section XIV.6.2 USAR.

Pressure instrumentation is provided to close the main steam isolation valves in RUN Mode when the main steam line pressure drops below Specification 2.1.A.6. The Reactor Pressure Vessel thermal transient due to an inadvertent opening of the turbine bypass valves when not in the RUN Mode is less severe than the loss of feedwater analyzed in Section XIV.5 of the USAR, therefore, closure of the Main Steam Isolation valves for thermal transient protection when not in RUN mode is not required.

The Reactor Water Cleanup System high flow and temperature instrumentation are arranged similar to that for the HPCI. The trip settings are such that core uncovery is prevented and fission product release is within limits.