'88 MAY 26 PS 591 Club<br>Cumberland Chapter<br>

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21 May 1988

Samuel J. Chilk, secretary of the commission
US Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555
Attention: Docketing and Service Branch


#### Abstract

RE: CFR part 50, Emergency Planning and Preparedness Requirements for Nuclear Power Plant Fuel Loading and Initial Low-power Operation


The Cumberland Chapter of the Sierra Club is opposed to the proposed amendment to the emergency planning requirements for nuclear power plant fuel loading and low power operation. Our reasons include the following:

The current proposed change appears to be an attempt to address the situation at the seabrook plant, where accident waning sirens are absent. The seabrook licensing issue should be dealt with in the context of the seabrook adjudication not as a rule change that will affect all new plants.

It is completely illogical not to have the same emergency planning requirements for fuel loading and low-power operation as for full-power operation. Running a reactor that does not meet full-power requirements at low power contaminates it with radioactivity before it is known whether it will ever be able to operate as planned. The nation will have more than enough plants to decommission without decontaminating plants that have run only at low power for a few months.

Accidents can happen at low power as well as at high power. The start-up of any operation is a vulnerable time. Moreover, sabotage is always a possibility. If the population needs to be able to be notified when a plant is operating at high pover--and they certainly do--they need also to be able to be notified when it is operating at low power.

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Mary Davis
Nuclear Issues Chair

