

## UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

JAN 2 9 1985

## TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

DOCKET NO. 50-327

## SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT, UNIT 1

## AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 43 License No. DPR-77

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The application for amendment to the Sequoyah Nuclear Plant, Unit 1 (the facility) Facility Operating License No. DPR-77 filed by the Tennessee Valley Authority (licensee), dated May 6, 1985, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations as set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the license, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- Accordingly, the license is hereby amended by page changes to the Appendix A
  Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C.(2) of Facility Operating License No. DPR-77 is hereby
  amended to read as follows:

## (2) <u>Technical Specifications</u>

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 43, are hereby incorporated into the license.

The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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B. J. Youngblood, Director PWR Project Directorate #4 Division of PWR Licensing-A

Attachment: Appendix A Technical Specification Changes

Date of Issuance: January 29, 1986

PWR#4/DPWR-A MDuncan/mac 11/2/85 PWR#4/BPWR-A CStahle 11/1/85 PWR44/0PWA-A MM41Ver 17/3/85 OELD Settule 12/30/85 subject to

PWR#4/DPWR-A BJYgungblood 11/ /85

subject to 1-28-1

## ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 43

## FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-77

## DOCKET NO. 50-327

Replace the following pages of the Appendix "A" Technical Specifications with the enclosed pages. The revised pages are identified by Amendment number and contain vertical lines indicating the areas of change.

> Amended Page

3/4 3-56 B3/4 3-3a

## TABLE 3.3-10

## ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

INS	TRUMENT	REQUIRED NO. OF CHANNELS	CHANNELS OPERABLE
1.	Reactor Coolant T <sub>Hot</sub> (Wide Range)	2	1
2.	Reactor Coolant T <sub>Cold</sub> (Wide Range)	2	1
3.	Containment Pressure	2	1
4.	Refueling Water Storage Tank Level	2	1
5.	Reactor Coolant Pressure	2	1
6.	Pressurizer Level (Wide Range)	2	1
7.	Steam Line Pressure	2/steam line	1/steam line
8.	Steam Generator Level - (Wide Range)	1/steam generator	1/steam generator
9.	Steam Generator Level - (Narrow Range)	1/steam generator	1/steam generator
10.	Auxiliary Feedwater Flow Rate	1/pump	1/pump
11.	Reactor Coolant System Subcooling Margin Monitor	1	0
12.	Pressurizer PORV Position Indicator*	2/valve#	1/valve
13.	Pressurizer PORV Block Valve Position Indicator**	2/valve	1/valve
14.	Safety Valve Position Indicator	2/valve#	1/valve
°15.	Containment Water Level (Wide Range)	2	1
16.	In Core Thermocouples	4/core quadrant	2/core quadrant

<sup>\*</sup>Not applicable if the associated block valve is in the closed position.

\*\*Not applicable if the block valve is verified in the closed position with power to the valve operator removed.

<sup>#</sup>At least one channel shall be the acoustic monitors.

#### BASES

Sequoyah has four separate methods of determining safety valve position (i.e., open or closed).

- a. Acoustic flow monitors mounted on each safety valve line (one per valve). A flow indicating module in the main control room is calibrated to detect failure of a valve to reclose. An alarm in the main control room will actuate when any valve is not fully closed.
- b. Temperature sensors downstream of each safety valve (one per valve). Temperature indication and alarm are provided in the main control room.
- c. Pressurizer relief tank temperature, pressure and level indication, and alarm in main control room.
- d. Pressurizer pressure indication and alarm in the main control room.

Although all the above position indicators for the pressurizer safety valves and the PORVs are acceptable as one of the channels, the acoustic monitors must be one of the two required operable chanels. In addition to the four methods described above, the PORVs use an electromagnetic "reed"-switch to determine valve position. The stem mounted switches are no longer in use since the PORVs were changed.



# UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

JAN 2 3 1986

## TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

DOCKET NO. 50-328

## SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT, UNIT 2

## AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 35 License No. DPR-79

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The application for amendment to the Sequoyah Nuclear Plant, Unit 2 (the facility) Facility Operating License No. DPR-79 filed by the Tennessee Valley Authority (licensee), dated May 6, 1985, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations as set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the license, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFP Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- Accordingly, the license is hereby amended by page changes to the Appendix A
   Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C.(2) of Facility Operating License No. DPR-79 is hereby
  amended to read as follows:

## (2) <u>Technical Specifications</u>

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No.35, are hereby incorporated into the license.

The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

B. J. Youngblood, Director PWR Project Directorate #4 Division of PWR Licensing-A

Attachment: Appendix A Technical Specification Changes

Date of Issuance: January 29, 1986

PWR#4/DPWR-A MDuncan/mac 11/2/85

PWR#4/DPWR-A CStahle 11/1 /85

PWR#4XDRWR-A MMi Ter 11/3/85

SETUCK

PWR#4/DPWR-A BJYoungblood

### ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 35

### FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-79

## DOCKET NO. 50-328

Replace the following pages of the Appendix "A" Technical Specifications with the enclosed pages. The revised pages are identified by Amendment number and contain vertical lines indicating the areas of change.

Amended Page

3/4 3-57 B3/4 3-3 B3/4 3-4

## TABLE 3.3-10

## ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

INS	STRUMENT	REQUIRED NO. OF CHANNELS	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE
1.	Reactor Coolant T <sub>Hot</sub> (Wide Range)	2	1
	Reactor Coolant T <sub>Cold</sub> (Wide Range)	2	1
	Containment Pressure	2	1
4.	Refueling Water Storage Tank Level	2	1
5.	Reactor Coolant Pressure	2	1
6.	Pressurizer Level (Wide Range)	2	1
7.	Steam Line Pressure	2/steam line	1/steam line
8.	Steam Generator Level - (Wide Range)	1/steam generator	1/steam generator
9.	Steam Generator Level - (Narrow Range)	1/steam generator	1/steam generator
10.	Auxiliary Feedwater Flow Rate	1/pump	1/pump
11.	Reactor Coolant System Subcooling Margin Monitor	1	0
12.	Pressurizer PORV Position Indicator*	2/valve#	1/valve
13.	Pressurizer PORV Block Valve Position Indicator**	2/valve	1/valve
14.	Safety Valve Position Indicator	2/valve#	1/valve
°15.	Containment Water Level (Wide Range)	2	1
16.	In Core Thermocouples	4/core quadrant	2/core quadrant

<sup>\*</sup>Not applicable if the associated block valve is in the closed position.

\*\*Not applicable if the block valve is verified in the closed position with power to the valve operator removed.

<sup>\*</sup>At least one channel shall be the acoustic monitors.

#### 3/4.3.3.4 METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the meteorological instrumentation ensures that sufficient meteorological data is available for estimating potential radiation doses to the public as a result of routine or accidental release of radioactive materials to the atmosphere. This capability is required to evaluate the need for initiating protective measures to protect the health and safety of the public and is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.23, "Onsite Meteorological Programs," February 1972.

## 3/4.3.3.5 REMOTE SHUTDOWN INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the remote shutdown instrumentation ensures that sufficient capability is available to permit shutdown and maintenance of HOT STANDBY of the facility from locations outside of the control room. This capability is required in the event control room habitability is lost and is consistent with General Design Criteria 19 of 10 CFR 50.

### 3/4.3.3.6 CHLORINE DETECTION SYSTEMS

The OPERABILITY of the chlorine detection system ensures that sufficient capability is available to promptly detect and initiate protective action in the event of an accidental chlorine release. This capability is required to protect control room personnel and is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.95, "Protection of Nuclear Power Plant Control Room Operators Against an Accidental Chlorine Release," February 1975.

## 3/4.3.3.7 ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the accident monitoring instrumentation ensures that sufficient information is available on selected plant parameters to monitor and assess these variables following an accident. This capability is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.97, "Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant Conditions During and Following an Accident," December 1975.

Sequoyah has four separate methods of determining safety valve position (i.e., open or closed).

- a. Acoustic flow monitors mounted on each safety valve line (one per valve). A flow indicating module in the main control room is calibrated to detect failure of a valve to reclose. An alarm in the main control room will actuate when any valve is not fully closed.
- b. Temperature sensors downstream of each safety valve (one per valve). Temperature indication and alarm are provided in the main control room.
- Pressurizer relief tank temperature, pressure and level indication, and alarm in main control room.
- d. Pressurizer pressure indication and alarm in the main control room.

## 3/4.3.3.7 ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION (continued)

Although all the above position indicators for the pressurizer safety valves and the PORVs are acceptable as one of the channels, the acoustic monitors must be one of the two required operable chanels. In addition to the four methods described above, the PORVs use an electromagnetic "reed"-switch to determine valve position. The stem mounted switches are no longer in use since the PORVs were changed.

## 3/4.3.3.8 FIRE DETECTION INSTRUMENTATION

OPERABILITY of the fire detection instrumentation ensures that adequate warning capability is available for the prompt detection of fires. This capability is required in order to detect and locate fires in their early stages. Prompt detection of fires will reduce the potential for damage to safety related equipment and is an integral element in the overall facility fire protection program.

In the event that a portion of the fire detection instrumentation is inoperable, the establishment of frequent fire patrols in the affected areas is required to provide detection capability until the inoperable instrumentation is restored to OPERABILITY.

## 3/4.3.3.9 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive liquid effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effuents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60. 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

## 3/4.3.3.10 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive gaseous effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents during actual or potential releases of gaseous effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. This instrumentation also includes provisions for monitoring the concentrations of potentially explosive gas mixtures in the waste gas holdup system. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.