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On Janu safety- Main Fe of main by a le inverte inverte of the reveale allowed foreign	ary 22, 1996 related inve	, at approxi rter IV1EC1, ation Valves low which re uate initial perations pr witch is to s noted that MFIV could M 1 Specificat the hydrau	imately , power s (MFIVs esulted l troubl rocedure be plac t MFIV 2 have bee tions (T lic sole	8:00 was) to in a esho s ha ed i was n in S).	a.m. ((lost to close. manual oting p ve been n the b slow to operable MFIV 2 valve.	CST) duri panel 1E Closure reactor lan follo revised ypass pos o close. e for a p was pote The sol	C1 which can of the MFI trip. The wing a malf to clearly ition. Dur Further in period of time entially in enoid valve	used vs can event unction note ing t vesti me lo opera s in	the f used was on or when he cl gatic nger ble c the	the osure than than than	ed e

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Ι.	DESC	RIPTION OF THE REPORTABLE EVEN	Π											
	Α.	A. REPORTABLE EVENT CLASSIFICATION												
		Any event or condition that of an Engineered Safety Fea System (RPS)(EIIS:(JC)). M (EIIS:(ISV)(SJ)) could have exceeds Technical Specifica a condition prohibited by T	ture (ESF) i ain Feedwate been inoper tions (TS) a	ncluding r Isolat able for	g the R tion Va ^ a per	eacto lve (iod o	or Pr MFIV of ti	otect) 2 me wh	ion	s				
	Β.	PLANT OPERATING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO THE EVENT												
		On January 22, 1996, Comanc was in Mode 1, Power Operat					W.C							
	C.	STATUS OF STRUCTURES, SYSTEM START OF THE EVENT AND THAT				E INC	PERA	BLE A	T THE					
		Inverter IV1EC1 was inoperable at the start of the event and contributed to the event. MFIV 2 closed within approximately 38 seconds which exceeded the TS criteria (5 seconds).												
	D.	NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE EVENT, INCLUDING DATES AND APPROXIMATE TIMES												
		On January 22, 1996, at app personnel (utility,licensed Inoperable Indication (SSII it was determined that inve transferred to the unregula (automatic). Operations an licensed) commenced trouble that the fuse (EIIS:(FU)(EF The Shift Manager (utility, (utility, non-licenced) and discussed by the Shift Mana Maintenance personnel who w inverter IVIEC1. The perso) in the con) train 'A' rter IV1EC1 ted AC suppl d Maintenanc shooting on)) had blown licensed) r the method ger, System ere involved	trol rod 118VAC a (EIIS:() y via the e person inverted on the botified of repla Engineed in the	om rece alarm. INVT)(E he stat nnel (u r IV1EC DC to the Sy acing t r, and initia	ived Upor F)) H ic sw tilit 1 and DC co stem he bl the (1 tro	a Sa invitch y itch y, r i det onver Engi own Opera ouble	fety vestig vevers non- cermin ter con neer fuse shoot	ed ard. was and ing o					

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ext (if more space is required, use a	idditional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)		and an and a submer to such a submer the submer of the such as a submer of the submer of
	position. When the attempt w static switch (automatic) (EI inverter, and power was subse The loss of power to panel 1E and at approximately 8:06 a.m	was made to IIS:(IS)(EF equently lo EC1 resulte m. (CST) op eedwater fl	()) transferred back to the failed ost to panel 1EC1 (EIIS:(BU)(EF)). ed in the closure of all four MFIVs perators manually tripped the ow. Operations restored power to
	loss of power to panel 1EC1. valve for MFIV 2, a small met between the fluid filter scre solenoid valve allows hydraul close. The fragment found wa hydraulic fluid flow which in Engineering personnel (utilit 1996 that MFIV 2 could have b exceeded TS. TU Electric bel	Upon dis tal fragmen eens. The lic fluid t as of suffi n turn caus ty, non-lic been inoper lieves that an the sing	to bleed off allowing the MFIV to ccient size to cause decreased sed a slower valve opening time. censed) determined on February 8, rable for a period of time which the dual train test, which is gle train test, may have masked
Ε.	THE METHOD OF DISCOVERY OF EA	ACH COMPONE	NT OR SYSTEM FAILURE OR PROCEDURAL
	On January 22, 1996, at appropersonnel (utility, licensed)		2:20 a.m. (CST) Operations an SSII train 'A' 118VAC alarm.
	On February 8, 1996, at appro personnel (utility, non-licer inoperable for a period of ti	nsed) disco	overed that MFIV 2 could have been

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A. FAILURE MODE, MECHANISM, AND EFFECT OF EACH FAILED COMPONENT

The DC to DC converter input fuse was blown in inverter IV1EC1. The DC to DC converter is the regulated power supply for the inverter control circuitry and the front panel indicator lamp circuitry. Through an auctioneering circuit, the converter will also supply back-up power to the static switch control circuitry normally fed by a bypass voltage generated unregulated power supply.

During subsequent troubleshooting on the inverter, the static switch (automatic) control circuitry for the inverter did not operate properly. The static switch (automatic) functions to transfer the load current to the bypass power source (reverse transfer mode) or to the inverter power source (forward transfer mode). During the troubleshooting efforts, the static switch (automatic) malfunctioned by transferring the load back to the inverter, which had no output.

After MFIV 2 was noted to be slow in closing on January 22, 1996, the train 'A' hydraulic solenoid valve was disassembled and a small metallic fragment was found between the fluid filter screens in the valve body. Subsequent evaluations by Engineering determined that the fragment could restrict fluid flow such the valve could close more slowly than the TS criteria (5 seconds).

B. CAUSE OF EACH COMPONENT OR SYSTEM FAILURE

TU Electric believes that the DC to DC converter input fuse was most likely blown due to the degradation of the C113 and C114 capacitors. TU Electric believes that the static switch (automatic) malfunctioned due to a voltage transient of unknown amplitude which was presented to the static switch (automatic) control circuitry. This transient was most likely caused by a small spark which was created as the large C113 and C114 capacitors charged when the replacement fuse was installed. The J4 and J5 static switch cards had unstable logic voltage which contributed to the static switch (automatic) malfunction.

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		foreign material in the hyd in the hydraulic solenoid v of MFIV 2, TU Electric beli	time which raulic sole alve was th eves that t	MFIV 2 being potentially exceeds TS was most likely due to noid valve. Although the fragment e primary cause of the slow closure he nitrogen solenoid valves on MFIV ibuted, to a lesser extent, to the
	C.	SYSTEMS OR SECONDARY FUNCTI COMPONENTS WITH MULTIPLE FU	the party of a second of the second	RE AFFECTED BY FAILURE OF
		Not applicable - No failure been identified.	s of compon	ents with multiple functions have
	D.	FAILED COMPONENT INFORMATIO	N	
		Elgar Corp. Model Number UPS 103–1–132 118VAC Safeguards BOP Inver	ter	
		Borg Warner Model Number 38878-1 Hydraulic Solenoid Valve		
III.	ANAL	SIS OF THE EVENT		
	Α.	SAFETY SYSTEM RESPONSES THA	T OCCURRED	
		The Reactor Protection Syst (EIIS:(BA)) actuated during		IC)) and Auxiliary Feedwater System
		Turbine Driven Auxiliary Fe automatically started as de (SG)(EIIS:(SG)(SB)) water 1	edwater (TD signed on L evel. Duri to the loss	o-Lo Steam Generator ng the event, all SG levels dropped of normal feedwater prior to the

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION ATION UNIT 1 Docket 05000445 9 6 . 0 0 2 . 0 1 06 OF 10 A) (17) D) through the main feedwater pump turbines and, Steam dump valves (EIIS:(RV)(SB)). Pressurizer
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A) (17) D)) through the main feedwater pump turbines and,
)) level and Reactor Coolant System (RCS)(EIIS:(AB)) ed due to the cooldown caused by the loss of control power 1 to the MDAFW flow control valves to SGs 1 and 2 and TDAFW alves to SGs 3 and 4, AFW flow, and excessive steam relief.
FETY SYSTEM TRAIN INOPERABILITY
1 was inoperable from January 22 1996, to January 29,
nnot be determined conclusively, TU Electric believes that ment may have been in the valve when this hydraulic for MFIV 2 was installed in November, 1993. Therefore, ervatively considered to have been inoperable from until the solenoid valves were replaced on January 24.
ENCES AND IMPLICATIONS OF THE EVENT
V Closure Time
's are credited in the accident analysis to limit the of feedwater flow into the steam generators in order to:
educe the inventory released in the event of a secondary ystem pipe break;
imit the cooldown of the RCS due to a secondary system pipe reak;
imit the steam generator inventory in the event of a steam enerator tube rupture; and,
rotect the main turbine from excessive moisture due to high team generator water levels.
accident analysis, the primary concern is the completion of Water isolation function. The feedwater isolation is accomplished, even with an assumed single failure, by
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	the redundant closure associated bypass val valves) and associate bypass valves receive feedwater isolation of valves were operating MFIV may not have bee closing slower than completed in a timely slow-responding feed the safety and healt	lves and the ed bypass value the same for valves. The g properly the en operable; required, the y manner. The water isolat	feedwat lves. T eedwater feedwat hroughou thus, e e feedwa hus, the ion valv	er flow he feedw isolati er contr t the ti ven if t ter isol potenti	control vater co on sign ol and me peri che MFIV ation f al effe	(fee ntrol als a bypas od wh was uncti- cts o	and s the s en th on wa f a	e he as
2.	Loss of Normal Feedwa	ater Flow						
	<pre>The event of January feedwater event anal; loss of normal feedwa and is analyzed to de removal capabilities Coolant Systems. The the loss of normal fe serious event; i e., requirement is satis does not completely decay heat load has of the Auxiliary Fee Differences between analyzed in FSAR Sec a. The Steam Dump system acts to temperatures. b. The main feedw analysis. The relief through</pre>	ysis present ater is class emonstrate the of the Auxi e relevant e eedwater even an ANS Cond fied by demon fill with line fallen to be dwater and Re the event of tion 15.2.7 b System is re o prevent an water pumps as e use of this	ed in FS sified a he adequ liary Fe vent acc nt shall ition I1 nstratin quid pri within eactor C January include: not cred excession are assump	AR Sector as ANS Co acy of the edwater eedwater int lea i or IV or to the the heat coolant S 22, 199 ited in ve increase med to b	ion 15.1 ondition the deca and Rea criteri ad to a event. the pres the time t remova Systems. 96 and t the ana ease in petripp coludes	.7. II e y hea on is more This suriz that i cap the ev lysis the R(ed in any s	The vent t that er the acity ent . Th CS the	t y

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The effects of these differences are to minimize the amount of steam which can be released, thereby reducing the capability of the secondary system to remove heat from the Reactor Coolant System. Therefore, the assumptions related to heat removal used in the FSAR Section 15.2.7 analysis are more limiting than the January 22, 1996 event.

Based on the above comparison, the event of January 22, 1996, is bounded by the analysis of the loss of feedwater event presented in FSAR Section 15.2.7. Therefore, it is concluded that the health and safety of the public were unaffected by this event.

IV. CAUSE OF THE EVENT

TU Electric believes that the cause of the event was a less than adequate initial troubleshooting plan following a malfunction on inverter IVIEC1. to the replacement of the blown fuse, the personnel involved reviewed the vendor technical manual, applicable drawings, and applicable procedures related to the troubleshooting of the inverter. Based on review of these documents, it was not clear if the inverter transfer switch (manual) should be placed in the bypass position or the static switch position in order to change the blown fuse. After discussing the proper positioning of the switch, the personnel involved decided to replace the fuse with the transfer switch (manual) in the static switch position. This technique had been used successfully in the past for work on inverters and the inverter was not expected to enter the forward transfer mode during the fuse change out. However, when the fuse replacement was attempted, the static switch (automatic) malfunctioned, the inverter forward transferred, and the load current was interrupted. If the transfer switch (manual) had been placed in the bypass position during the fuse replacement, the load current would most likely not have been lost. TU Electric believes that the cause of the event was inadequate troubleshooting methods due to the personnel involved hoosing a less conservative method for replacing the fuse, when a more conservative method (putting the manual transfer switch in the bypass position) was available.

TU Electric believes that the cause of MFIV 2 being potentially inoperable for a period of time which exceeds TS was most likely due to foreign material in

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	that the nitrogen solenoid valves contributed, to a lesser extent, f 1993 Unit 1 refueling outage, all After MFIV 2 was noted to be slow hydraulic solenoid valve was disas found between the fluid filter scr evaluations by Engineering determ flow such the valve could close mo	to the slow solenoid v in closing ssembled an reens in th ined that t	closure of alves were re on January a d a small me e valve body he fragment	the value. I eplaced on MM 22, 1996, the tallic fragme . Subsequent could restric	During FIV 2. e train ent was t ct flum	the n'A' s id	
۷.	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS						
	TU Electric's initial corrective a inverter deficiencies and success Operations procedures have been re- transfer switch is to be placed in believes that the failure of inver extensive actions have been taken Elgar inverters including 1) funct replacement of selected capacitors calibration of meters. 4) detailed the identification of obvious dama and thermoscan evaluations.	ful functio evised to c n the bypas rter IV1EC1 to improve tional test s, relays, d visual in	nal testing of learly note of s position. was an isolo the perform ing of the in fuses on all spection of	of inverter 1 when the inve Although TU ated occurance ance of the U nverters, 2) 10KVA invert all inverters	IVIECI. erter Electr ce, Jnit 1 ters, 3 s inclu	ric 3) uding	
	The above corrective actions will inverters during the upcoming refu		Contraction of the second second		Elgar		
	For the Westinghouse inverters (re taken extensive actions to assure inverters including 1) replacement inverters, 2) replacement of selec inverters, 3) detailed visual insp	the reliab t of select cted circui	ility of the ed capacitor t boards in	Unit 1 West s in all West all Westingho	inghous tinghou buse	se	

including the identification of obvious damaged components, missing and loose

components, and thermoscan evaluations, 4) functional testing of all

Westinghouse inverters, and 5) calibration of meters.

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VI.	The above corrective actions will also be implemented for the Unit 2 Westinghouse inverters during the upcoming refueling outage on Unit 2. In addition to these actions, a program for long term modifications/ improvements for both the Westinghouse and Elgar inverters is also being developed and these modifications/improvements, when implemented, will provide additional assurance of the reliability of CPSES inverters. The hydraulic and nitrogen solenoid valves were replaced on MFIV 2 and the MF was successfully tested for closure time by individually testing each train. TU Electric will evaluate the periodicity and methodology related to the testing of the MFIVs in order to assure reliability of the valves. <u>PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS</u> There have been previous similar events that resulted in an RPS actuation related to an inverter failure. However, corrective actions taken to resolve the causes of the previous events related to slow closure of MFIVs on both units. However, the previous slow closures of the valves were reviewed durin the disposition of this event; and no previous events that had the same root cause, or the same failure, or the same sequence of events were found.	IV