TITLE (4)		PALISA	nes pt				LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)														
EVENT DATE		BUIDA	PACILITY NAME (1) PALISADES PLANT																		
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be imposed to prevent further correlation errors.

An evaluation of this occurrence determined the resultant errors to be within the assumptions of the safety analysis. Therefore, no additional risk

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resulted from this event.

## NRC Form 366A U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

APPROVED DM8 NO 3150-0104 EXPIRES 8/31/86

FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)									Т	LER NUMBER					A 18	6			PAGE (3)			
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At 1042 on September 14, 1985, with the Plant in hot standby (greater than 525 degrees, less than 2 percent of rated power), a calibration check determined seven pressurizer pressure transmitters [AB;PT] to be outside of the required calibration range. Therefore, the transmitters and the respective four Reactor Protection System high pressurizer pressure actuation channels [JC] were considered inoperable. Subsequently, the pressure transmitters were satisfactorily calibrated, and, at 1348 on September 14, the transmitters and the high pressure actuation channels of the Reactor Protection System were declared operable.

Evaluation of this occurrence determined that an error had occurred during a prior calibration of these instruments on August 27, 1985. The error resulted from a miscommunication of the equivalent pressure for certain weights utilized in a dead weight tester. The calibration error affected the following instruments:

Instrument	Function
PT-0101A and B	<ol> <li>Alarm and indication</li> <li>Pressurizer pressure control</li> </ol>
PT-0102A, E, C and D	<ol> <li>Alarm and indication</li> <li>Safety Injection actuation</li> <li>Reactor Protection System actuation</li> </ol>
PT-0103	1) Indication

The following pressurizer pressure transmitters were not affected:

Instrument	Function
PT-0104 [BP;PT]	<ol> <li>Indication</li> <li>Shutdown Cooling valve interlock</li> </ol>
PT-0105A and B	Low Temperature Overpressure     Protection alarm and actuation
	2) Subcooled Margin Monitor

The dead weight tester provides an accurate pressure output for calibration purposes based on a specific weight input. In addition, the tester provides a multiplication factor based on the relative area of an internal piston. The weights may be brass or aluminum. The multiplication factor may also vary for different testers.

During the calibration of the pressure transmitters, the aluminum weights were required to provide a higher resolution in the pressure output. A table of weights and resultant pressures was available for the brass weights. No table had been provided for the aluminum weights.

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## LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

US NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED OMB NO 3150-0104

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To determine the equivalent pressures, the technician contacted a Consumers Power department responsible for control and calibration of test equipment. An equivalent pressure was provided for a one to ten ratio dead weight tester. The Plant uses a one to one hundred ratio tester.

This occurrence was attributed to a personnel error in that the variation in dead weight tester characteristics was not properly considered during the request for equivalent dead weight pressures. This practice of correlating the equivalent pressures resulting from the dead weight tester to a particular dead weight will be reviewed. Adequate controls will be provided to prevent any further correlation errors.

The miscommunication of the equivalent pressure resulted in an approximate 36 pound error for the transmitters. This error was determined to be within the assumptions of the transient analysis for the high pressurizer pressure trip. The high pressure trip is provided in conjunction with the primary and secondary safety valves to prevent primary system overpressure. For a Loss of Coolant Accident, low pressure actuation of various safety systems will result. The error in the transmitter calibration resulted in a more conservative setpoint for these systems. Therefore, no additional risk resulted from this occurrence.



General Offices: 1945 West Parnall Road, Jackson, MI 49201 • (517) 788-0550

October 15, 1985

US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

DOCKET 50-255 - LICENSE DPR-20 - PALISADES PLANT - LICENSEE EVENT REPORT 85-018 (RPS PRESSURE TRANSMITTER CALIBRATION ERROR)

Licensee Event Report (LER) 85-018 (RPS Pressure Trnasmitter Calibration Error) is attached. This event is reportable to the NRC per 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(ii) and 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(vii).

Brian D Johnson Staff Licensing Engineer

CC Administrator, Region III, USNRC NRC Resident Inspector - Palisades

Attachment

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