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2301 MARKET STREET

P.O. BOX 8699

PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19101

(215) 841-4000

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July 10, 1985

Docket No. 50-352 0 -

Dr. Thomas E. Murley, Administrator U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region I 631 Park Avenue King of Prussia, PA 19406

SUBJECT : Special Report - Reactor Core Isolation Cooling (RCIC) System Actuations and Injections - Limerick Generating Station - Unit 1, Revision 1

REFERENCE: Technical Specifications 3.7.3.b and 6.9.2

Dear Dr. Murley:

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PDR

This revised Special Report adds a description of one additional RCIC injection which was performed under the Startup Test Program but was not identified during the review of the completed Startup Test Procedures (STPs). This injection was performed under STP 14.4-1, documented as Test Exception Report (TER) 107 by General Electric as the result of a RCIC turbine trip which occurred while performing the test, and was identified during a subsequent review. A description of this RCIC injection is included in the body of this report and is identified by a vertical bar in the margin.

The original Special Report was submitted pursuant to the requirements of Limerick Generating Station Technical Specification 3.7.3.b which states that, "In the event the RCIC system is actuated and injects water into the reactor coolant system, a Special Report shall be prepared and submitted to the Commission pursuant to Specification 6.9.2 within 90 days describing the circumstances of the actuation and the total accumulated actuation cycles to date.", and Technical Specification 6.9.2 which states that, "Special Reports shall be submitted to the Regional Administrator of the Regional Office of the NRC within the time period specified for each report."

This report concerns the occurrence of eight Reactor Core Isolation Cooling (RCIC) system actuations and injections

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into the reactor coolant system during startup testing of Unit No. 1. None of the eight RCIC vessel injections were unanticipated nor the result of safety system action from abnormal plant conditions, but were performed under the purview of the startup test program and directed by Startup Test Procedures. Since these injections were designed into the startup test program, there were no adverse effects on the reactor vessel or the RCIC system as a result of the injections. Two injections were automatic quick starts at less than 3% rated power with the dome pressure at approximately 150 psig. The six remaining injections occurred at less than 4% rated power with the dome pressure at 920 psig. Four were automatic quick starts and two were manual slow starts.

Below is a description of each of the RCIC system actuation and injection events.

On February 27, 1985, under what was originally STP 14.4-1, but was documented as TER 107, an intentional PCIC injection into the reactor vessel was performed. This injection consisted of a RCIC slow start in the manual mode, with flow step changes up to 600 gpm.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 4% of rated, reactor vessel dome pressure 920 psig, and moderator temperature 520 degrees F. RCIC pump suction was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 990 psig to achieve 600 gpm. This injection represents the first RCIC actuation cycle to-date.

On February 27, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.4-1, "RCIC Controller Optimization During RPV Injection at Rated Pressure", was performed. The test involved two intentional RCIC injections into the reactor vessel. The first injection consisted of a RCIC slow start in manual mode, with flow step changes up to 600 gpm to optimize controller settings. The second injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in automatic mode to a flowrate of 600 gpm with the same controller settings from the first injection to check control system stability.

Reactor parameters for both injections were as follows: Power level less than 4% of rated, dome pressure 920 psig, and moderator temperature 520 degrees F. RCIC pump suction for both injections was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank (CST) and pump discharge pressure was approximately 990 psig to achieve 600 qpm. These two injections represent the second and third RCIC actuation cycles to date.

On March 1, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.5-1, "Stability Check CST to RPV at 150 PSIG", was performed. The test involved one intentional RCIC injection into the reactor vessel. This injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in Dr. Thomas E. Murley

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automatic mode to a flowrate of 600 gpm. Flow step changes were performed such that PCIC flowrate varied between 535 and 610 gpm.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 3% of rated, reactor vessel dome pressure 160 psig, and moderator temperature 360 degrees F. ECIC pump suction was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 220 psig to achieve 600 gpm. This injection represents the fourth RCIC actuation cycle to date.

On April 3, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.5-2, "Stability Check CST to RPV at 150 PSIG", was performed. The test involved one intentional RCIC injection into the reactor vessel. This injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in automatic mode, to a flowrate of 600 gpm to prove the RCIC system operable following maintenance.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 3% of rated, dome pressure 150 psig, and moderator temperature 355 degrees F. PCIC pump suction was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 200 psig to achieve 600 gpm. This injection represents the fifth RCIC actuation cycle to date.

On April 6, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.6-1, "RCIC Cold Quickstart at Rated Pressure-CST to RPV", was performed. The test involved one intentional RCIC injection into the reactor vessel. This injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in automatic mode to a flowrate of 600 gpm.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 4% of rated, dome pressure approximately 920 psig, and moderator temperature 520 degrees F. RCIC pump suction was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 990 psig to achieve 600 gpm. This injection represents the sixth RCIC actuation cycle to date.

On April 9, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.6-2, "RCIC Cold Duickstart at Rated Pressure-CST to RPV", was performed. The test involved one intentional RCIC injection into the reactor vessel. This injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in automatic mode to a flowrate of 600 gpm.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 4% of rated, dome pressure approximately 920 psig, and moderator temperature degrees F. RCIC pump suction was lined up to the Condens. torage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 990 psig to achieve 600 cpm. This injection represents the seventh RCIC actuation cycle to date. Dr. Thomas E. Murley

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On April 12, 1985 Startup Test Procedure (STP) 14.6-3, "RCIC Cold Ouickstart at Rated Pressure-CST to PPV", was performed. The test involved one intentional RCIC injection into the reactor vessel. This injection consisted of a RCIC quick start in automatic mode to a flowrate of 600 gpm.

Reactor parameters for this injection were as follows: Power level less than 4% of rated, dome pressure approximately 920 psig, and moderator temperature 520 degrees F. RCIC pump suction was lined up to the Condensate Storage Tank and pump discharge pressure was approximately 990 psig to achieve 600 gpm. This injection represents the eighth RCIC actuation cycle to date.

Since these activities occurred as a result of startup testing, no corrective action is to be taken.

We regret any inconvenience that may have resulted from this omission. Should you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

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W. T. Ullrich Superintendent Nuclear Generation Division

cc: E. M. Kelly, Senior Resident Inspector See Attached Service List cc: Judge Helen F. Hoyt Judge Jerry Harbour Judge Richard F. Cole Troy B. Conner, Jr., Esq. Ann P. Hodgdon, Esq. Mr. Frank R. Romano Mr. Robert L. Anthony Ms. Phyllis Zitzer Charles W. Elliott, Esq. Zori G. Ferkin, Esq. Mr. Thomas Gerusky Director, Penna. Emergency Management Agency Angus Love, Esq. David Wersan, Esq. Robert J. Sugarman, Esq. Kathryn S. Lewis, Esq. Spence W. Perry, Esq. Jay M. Gutierrez, Esq. Atomic Safety & Licensing Appeal Board Atomic Safety & Licensing Board Panel Docket & Service Section (3 Copies) E. M. Kelly Timothy R. S. Campbell

July 3, 1985