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April 18, 1985 OFFICE OF SECRETARY DOCKETING & SERVICE BRANCH

Nunzio J. Palladino, Chairman Thomas M. Roberts, Commissioner James K. Asselstine, Commissioner Frederick M. Bernthal, Commissioner Lando W. Zech, Commissioner U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

Gentlemen:

We were astonished to hear Mr. Clark of GPU Nuclear assert this morning, not once but repeatedly, that the changes to the TMI-1 steam generator tube rupture procedures and safety limits discussed today were not driven by the degraded condition of the tubes.

We are enclosing for your attention the cover sheet sheet and two pages of the GPU Technical Data Report prepared to support the new procedures. Please note that the section entitled "Introduction and Background" states as follows:

> Since extensive circumferential cracking was discovered in approximately 1200 of the 31,000 tubes, it became clear that a revised set of procedures for dealing with both single and multiple SGTRs [steam generator tube ruptures] should be dc.eloped.

TDR 406, Rev. 3, p. 14

The following page lists among the activities involved:

Define allowable steam generator stresses during cooldown (either as cooldown rate or as tube/shell delta T).

Revise minimum allowable subcooling margin.

Waive fuel in compression limits

Develop emergency RCP NPSH [net positive suction head] limits.

Id., p. 15

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Please also note that Mr. Clark and Mr. Wilson are on the distribution list for this document, which goes on to discuss the need for revising the safety limits in greater detail.

Thank you again for the opportunity to address you today.

Very truly yours,

Ellyn R. Weiss General Counsel

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Enclosure: As stated. cc: TMI-1 Service List

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TECHNICAL DATA REPORT			BUDGET 128006 PAGE 1 OF 81 ACTIVITY NO. Safety Anal/Plant Cont		
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1.0 IN TRODUCTION AND BACK GROUND

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In November 1931, primary to secondary side leaks were discovered in the tubes of both of the TMI-1 Once Through Steam Generators (OTSG). There are 15,531 tubes in each OTSG. The plant design basis for a steam generator tube cupture (SGTR) accident is the double ended offset severence of a single tube. Since extensive clrcumferential cracking was discovered in approximately 1200 of the 31,000 tubes, it became clear that a revised set of procedures for dealing with both single and multiple SGTRs should be developed.

This report describes a program which has been formulated to improve existing procedures and operator training by providing improved operator guidelines for dealing with tube leakage and tube tupture events. The guidelines development program will be described in detail, and the major revisions to the existing procedures which have been identified as part of the program will be discussed. The proposed guidelines will then be presented in terms of their overall scope, with a step by step discussion of required operator actions. The analytical evaluations which are the basis for the recommendations, consist of a series of simulations which are ongoing and will be documented in detail in a subsequent report. The guidelines in this TDR were tested at the BaW simulator training cycle beginning in January, 1983. The results of this training experience are discussed. Finally, the overall conclusions and major recommendations of the guidelines development program are documented.

+ Rev. 1
* Rev. 2
* Rev. 3

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2.0 TE CH FUN CT LONS S GTR QUIDEL LNES DE VELO PMENT PRO GRAM

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figure 1 shows the execution of the steam generator tube rupture guideline development program. The plan has three main paths: Path 1 is the development of design basis tube rupture guidelines. Path 2 is the development of multiple tube rupture guidelines; and, Path 3, is a benchmark effort to compare the RETRAN and RELAP 5 computer codes. This last effort also includes an evaluation of the B&W ATOG analysis of a single tube rupture using MINIFRAP. The purpose of this TDR is to explain paths 1 & 2. The benchmarking and comparison efforts are discussed in a separate DDR describing all of the tube rupture analysis work. None of the computer analysis of Path 3 has been used to justify the recommendations of this report. The analyses were an aid in conceptualizing the physical processes during a tube rupture.

2.1 Development of Dasign Basis Suidelines (Path 1)

The major activities involved in developing this part of the guideline were to:

- Search existing industry events and procedures for lessons to be learned about handling tube ruptures.
- Define allowable steam generator stresses during cooldown (either as cooldown rate or as tube/shell delta T).
- Determine when OTSG's should be isolated and when they should be steamed.
- 4. Revise the minimum allowable subcooling margin.
- 5. Waive fuel in compression limits.
- 6. Develop emergency RCP NPSH limits.
- 7. Redefine entry point conditions.
- Factor in experience from use of the guidelines on the B&W simulator.

Each of these items are discussed in detail in the following sections.

2.1.1 Literature Search

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Several tube rupture leaks have occurred at various operating reactors within the last four years. The experience gained from these events has offered us an opportunity to improve tube rupture guidelines. The major lessons learned from these events have been

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