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Amended petition to intervene in regard to the extension of the construction permit (NU C DPR-154) of the NIPSCO Bailly Plant by George Schultz Ph.D.

Is there honesty behind all of the "legalese" that the intervenors, NIPSCO and the NRC have been involved in? Will the N.R.C. do anything more than give token acknowledgement to our pleadings to have an impartial, rational, sane assessment of the safety of the Bailly plant? This Amended petition is an expression of hope that the N.R.C. and NIPSCO will seriously consider the issues raised by the intervenors. The following is an Amendment to my previous petition including some new issues which have arisen since my first petition.

It seems to be a travesty of justice, and a potentially enormous waste of money and manpower for the N.R.C. not to consider several factors at the present stage of the construction permit continuance hearings rather than waiting till the operating permit stage. To me, there is a basic flaw in the N.R.C.'s logic: (in the decision Porter County Chapter V. N.R.C. 606 & 20 1363, 1370 D.C. Civ. 1979), I quote:

It is not the public but the utility that must bear the risk that safety questions it projects will be resolved in good time may eventually prove intractable and lead to the denial of the operating permit. (Italics mine)

Would the N.R.C. really deny an operating permit after over one billion dollars had been spent on the

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construction of the plant? Secondly, if the operating permit were denied would ^{not} this immense financial disaster be passed on to the utilities' customers? — More

Importantly the constitution of the United States provides that citizens have a right to life. Should some safety issues prove "intractable" will the NRC have the courage and/or power to deny the utility the operation of the nuclear plant—or will the public's right to life be compromised because of economic, utilitarian or political considerations? Will someone honestly answer that question?

It seems patently clear that there are many grave safety issues which have not even been attempted to be resolved and which are extremely likely to prove "intractable." One of these issues is the absence of any evacuation plan for this highly populated area (and more specifically in regard to my petition concerning the safety of the 1600 inmates of the maximum security prison in Michigan City and the citizens of that community's right to be protected from a disorderly evacuation of many dangerous individuals). It seems to me that the public has a right to demand a thorough explication of the evacuation plans for the populace and the prison before over a billion dollars ^{of their money} is spent to build a nuclear plant. I assert that my constitutional right to life is threatened by the nuclear plant and its lack of a properly specified evacuation plan for the communities (and the prison). I see no reason why a utility, which must serve the public trust because it owns a monopoly on electrical power, should not be held responsible for the public's safety and the public's money.

The evacuation plan must be part of the construction plans. They are not separable. Preliminary permit hearings should include an evaluation of ultimate safety problems e.g., the transportation & disposal of dangerous fuels, safety problems with regard to sabotage, enemy attack, earthquake, evacuation plans, human error problems, etc. It seems monstrous and ridiculous to allow a potentially dangerous site to be constructed without first seriously assessing the safety considerations of that site. Recent studies (e.g. the Rogovin report) demand that we re-evaluate many of our assumptions about the safety of nuclear power and the absolute & necessity of a ~~well thought out~~ and truly workable evacuation plan. The government has for years taken an active role in the control of dangerous substances e.g., drugs, firearms; the government provides for controls on these substances before they become a problem.

The Three Mile Island Accident proves that a nuclear plant is potentially an extraordinarily dangerous health risk. Problems concerning the repair of nuclear plants, fuel disposal, sabotage possibilities, evacuation plans have grown to such proportions as to make it a serious issue for citizens concerned about their right to health and life for themselves and future generations.

Will we continue to hide behind the legalize and ignore these issues? Will morality assert itself over economics, expediency and politics? Can anyone, for example, show that they have an evacuation plan which could truly evacuate the area endangered by a serious Nuclear accident including 1600 prison

inmates, school children, hospitals, nursing homes, steel workers? In a time of crisis who is going to execute this plan? Who pays for the evacuation and damage? What is our obligation to future generations? Can anyone seriously argue that our extraordinarily wasteful energy consumption necessitates our taking these dangerous risks without a thorough evaluation beforehand of the problems involved?

The Bailly plant is a technological and a moral issue. Our childlike faith in omnipotent technology has been seriously questioned by Three Mile Island's accident. The Bailly plant's construction without a serious re-evaluation of safety issues constitutes a violation of our most basic constitutional and human rights. The NRC has a moral obligation to be honest with us and to openly and seriously provide an evaluation of these risks. No possible economic benefits outweigh the moral responsibility to re-evaluate our safety before construction. Legal maneuvering and smoke-screening are simply wrong in this most serious of considerations.

Sincerely,

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^{proposed}

P.S. excuse the handwritten letter but the ^{proposed} extensions of the deadline were very confusing and I hope that all intervenors will have ample opportunities to be heard.