SUMMARY OF IE BULLETIN 79-01 REVIEW BALANCE OF PLANT (INSIDE & OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT) AND NSSS (INSIDE CONTAINMENT) FOR CLASS IE EQUIPMENT

North Anna Power Station Units 1 & 2 Virginia Electric and Power Company



STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

8002260

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TABLE OF CONTENTS PART I QUALIFICATION BOP

	BOP	OPERATING ENVIRONMENT		ENT
DESCRIPTION		(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Air conditioning inline pumps				
HV-P-20A			x	1 b,c
HV-P-20B			x	1.b,c
HV-P-ZOC			x	l b,c
HV-P-22A			x	1,b,c
HV-P-22B			X	1,b,c
HV-P-22C			x	1 b,c
Air conditioning self-cleaning strainer				
HV-S-1A			x	2,a
HV-S-1B			x	2,a
Motor Oper Vlv Units			x	3,a
Air conditioning water chillers				
HV-E-4A			x	1,a
HV-E-4B			x	l,a
HV-E-4C			x	1,a
Cable - 5 kW Al Power (General Cable)				
NGA-3 - Triplex 1000 MCM				4,a
NGA-4 - 3/C 500 Al Armor		X		4,a
NGA-5 - 3/C 1250 MCM st. Armor				4,a
NGA-6 - 3/C 1250 MCM Al Armor				4,a
NGA-9 - 1/C 1500 MCM				4,a
NGA-10 - 1/C 2000 MCM				4,a
NGA-12 - 3/C 1000 MCM Al Armor		-		4,a
NGA-13 - 3/C #4/O Awg. NGA-14 - Triplex #4/O Awg.		-		4,a
MUN-14 - IFIDIEX #4/U AWE.		-		4,a

		(MSLB)	PAGE
Cable - 600 V Al Power (General Cable)			
NGB-5 - Triplex 500 MCM NGB-7 - Triplex 250 MCM NGB-11 - Triplex #2/0 Awg.	x x		5,a 5,a 5,a
NGB-12 - Triplex #1 Awg.	x x		5,a
Cable - 600 V - Cu Power (Okonite)			
NGA-20 - 1/C 250 MCM NGA-21 - 1/C #2/O Awg.	x x	x x	6,a 6,a
NGB-15 - Triplex #4 Awg. NGB-16 - Triplex #6 Awg.	x x	x x	6,a
NGB-17 - 3/C #8 Awg. NGB-18 - 3/C #10 Awg. NGB-19 - 3/C #12 Awg.	x x x	X X	6,a 6,a 6,a
Cable - High Temperature Cu (Cerro Wire)			-,-
NGA-15 - Triplex 250 MCM	x	x	7,a
NGA-17 - Triplex #2/0 Awg. NGA-33 - 6/C (2) #8 & (4) #12 Awg.	-	-	7,a 7,a
NGA-61 - 7/C #12 Awg. NGA-34 -4/C #16 Awg.	_	-	7,a
NGB-37 - 2/C #8 Awg.	-	_	7,a 7,a
Cable - 600 V Cu Control (Cerro Wire)			
NGA-19 - 2/C #2 Awg.	х	х	8,a
NGA-34 - 1/C #14 Awg. NGA-35 - 2/C #14 Awg.	x	X	8,a 8,a
NGA-36 - 3/C #14 Awg. NGA-37 - 5/C #14 Awg.	X X	x x	8,a
NGA-28 - 7/C #14 Awg.	x	x	8,a 8,a
NGA-39 - 9/C #14 Awg. NGA-40 - 12/C #14 Awg.	X X	x x	8,a 8,a
NGA-44 - I/C #12 Awg. NGA- 45 - 2/C #12 Awg.	x x	X X	8,a 8,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
NGA-47 - 4/C #12 Awg.	x	х	8,a
NGA-49 - 7/C #12 Awg.	x	x	8,a
NGA-57 - 4/C #10 Awg.	x	x	8,a
NGA-77 - 4/C #10 Awg.	x	x	8,a
NGB-43 - 2/C #8 Awg.	×	x	8,a
NGB-44 - 2/C #6 Awg.	x	x	8,a
NGB-45 - 4/C #6 Awg.	x	x	8,a
Cable - 300 V Cu Instrument (BIW)			
NGA-67 - 19/C #16 Awg.	x	x	9,a
NGA-68 - 12/C #16 Awg.	×	x	9,a
NGA-69 - 2/C #16 Awg.	×	x	9,a
NGA-70 - 18/C #16 Awg.	x	x	9,a
NGB-35 - 2/C #16 Awg.	x	x	9,a
NGB-39 - 3/C #16 Awg.	x	x	9,a
NGB-40 - 4/C #16 Awg.	x	x	9,a
NGB-55 - 45/C #16 Awg.	x	х	9,a
Cable - Thermocouple Extension Wire (Cerro Wire)			
NGB-68 - 1 pair #16 Cu-Const	x	x	10,a
NGB-69 - 1 pair #16 Ir-Const	x		10,a
Cable - 5KV Al Power (Okonite)			
NGA-3 - Triplex 1000 NCM			11,a
NGA-4 - 3/C 500 MCM	x		11,a
NGA-14 - Triplex 4/0			11,a
NGA-13 - 3/C #4/O Awg.	-		11,a
Cable - 600 V Al Power (Okonite)			
NGB-5 - Triplex 500 MCM	x		12,a
NGB-7 - Triplex 250 MCM	x		12,a
NGF-11 - Triplex #2/0 Awg.	x		12,a
NGB-12 - Triplex #1 Awg.	x		12,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PACE
Cable - 300 V Cu Instrument (Cerro)			
NGA-67 - 19/C #16 Awg. NGA-68 - 12/C #16 Awg. NGA-70 - 18/C #16 Awg. NGB-35 - 2/C #16 Awg. NGB-39 - 3/C #16 Awg.	x x x x	x x x x	13,a 13,a 13,a 13,a
Cable-Thermocouple (BIW)			
NGB-68 - 1 pair #16 Awg. Cu-Const	x	×	14,a
Cable - Triaxial (BIW)			
NGA-72 - Triax	x		15,a
Cable - 600 V Cu Power Cable - Heat Tracing (Okonite)			
NGB-01 - 2/C #10 Awg.	ж		16,a
Chiller Room Sump Pump Motors			
DB-P-10A		ж	17 b,c
Fan Motors and Motor-Operated Valve			
HV-F-40A, 40B HV-F-71A, 71B HV-F-24	x x	- x	18,a 18,b,c 2 b,c,
MOV-HV-115-1,2 MOV-HV-116-1,2	Ī	X X	17,a 17,a

	4	(see a)	
DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Level Transmitter			
IX-RS-151A, B	x		20,a
LT-RS-251A, B	x		20, a
Motor Control Centers			
1-EP-MC-19 (1H1-2N)	x		22,a
1-EP-MC-20 (1H1-2S)	X		22,a
1-EP-MC-21 (1J1-2N)	X		22,a
1-EP-MC-22 (1J1-2S)	x		22,a
2-EP-MC-19 (2H1-2N)	x		22,a 22,a
2-EP-MC-20 (2H1-2S)	x		22,a
2-EP-MC-21 (2J1-2N)	X X		22,8
2-EP-MC-22 (2J1-2S)			22,0
Motor Operated Valves			
MOV-QS-101A, B, C, D	x		23 b,c
MOV-RS-155A, B	X		23 b,c
MOV-156A, B	x		23 b,c
MOV-SW-103A, B, C, D	X		23,a
MOV-SW-10hA, B, C, D	x		23 a
MOV-SW-108A, B	x		23,a
MOV-SW-113A, B	X		23,a
MOV-QS-201A, B, C, D	X		23,a
MOV-RS-255A, B	X		23.b,c
MOV-RS-256A, B	X		23.b,c
MOV-SW-203A, B, C, D	X		23,a
MOV-SW-2014A, B, C, D	X		23,a
MOV-SW-208A, B	X		23,a
MOV-SW-213A, B	x		23,a
Penetrations			
Type IA-Instrument	x	x	24,a,25,a
Type IB-Control	x	X	24,a,25,a
Type IC, IIA, IIB, IIC, IID, IIE-Low Voltage Power	X	X	24,8,25,8
Type III-Triaxial	x		24,a
Type IV-Thermocouple	X		24,a
Penetration Splices	X	X	26,a,27,a
Terminal Blocks (Polysulfone)	x	X	19,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Recirculation Spray Pump Motors (Inside)			
RS-P-1A RS-P-1B	x x	x x	28,a,29,a 28,a,29,a
Recirculation Spray Pump Motors (Outside)			
RS-P-2A RS-P-2B	x x		23,d,e 23,d,e 2
Solenoid Operated Valves			
ASCO #HT8344 A71 ASCO #HT8321A5 ASCO #HT830281U ASCO #THT8320A102 ASCO #FT83201A101 ASCO #HT8349A11	x x x x	x x x x	36,a 30,a 35,a,37,a 40,a 38,a 36,a
Limit Switches For Use On:			
MODEL # EA-180	x		21,8
Switchgear - 480 V			
1-EE-SS-03 1-EE-SS-04 2-EE-SS-03 2-EE-SS-04	x x x		31,a 31,a 31,a 31,a
Switchgear Transformers - 480 V			
1-EE-ST-01 1-EE-ST-02 2-EE-ST-01 2-EE-ST-02	x x x		31,a 31,a 31,a 31,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Terminal Blocks	(2001)		
Terminal Blocks			
Connectron Type:			
NSE-3	x	x	32,a
NSS-3	x	x	32,a
PSU's	x	x	32,a
General Electric Type:			
EB5	x	x	32,8
EB25	x	x	32,a
Marathon Series:			
200	x	x	32,a
1500	x	x	32,a
Thermo-Electric			
3225's	x	x	32,a
Westinghouse Type			
TBAL	х	x	32,a
Terminating Material			
Okonite Tape - T-35	x	x	33,a
Okonite Tape - T-95	x	x	33,a
Raychem Heat Shrink			
WCSF-N	x	x	34,a
HVI T			39,a
HVMC			39,a
Radiation Monitoring Pump Motor			
1-SW-P-5 6 7 8	나보다 집 전 맛있다면 그는 그리다.		41,a
1-SW-P-5,6,7,8 2-SW-P-5,6,7,8			41,a

IE 79-01

TABLE OF CONTENTS PART II QUALIFICATION NSSS INSIDE CONTAINMENT

DESCRIPTION		OPERATING ENVIRON	IMENT
	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Steam Generator Flow Transmitters	(2001)	(1000)	1102
FT-1474, 2474	x	x	W-1,a
FT-1475, 2475	x	x	W-1,a
FT-1484, 2484	x	×	W-1,a
FT-1485, 2485	x	x	W-1,a
FT-1494, 2494	x	x	W-1,a
FT-1495, 2495	x	x	W-1,a
		_	п 1, ш
Pressurizer Level Transmitters			
LT-1459, 2459	x	x	W-2,a
LT-1460, 2460	x	×	W-2,a
LT-1461, 2461	x	x	W-2,a
Steam Generator Level Transmitters			
(Narrow Range)			
LT-1474, 2474	x	x	W-3,a
LT-1475, 2475	x	x	W-3,a
LT-1476, 2476	x	X	W-3,a
LT-1484, 2484	x	x	W-3,a
LT-1485, 2485	x	X	W-3,a
LT-1486, 2486	x	x	
LT-1494, 2494	x		W-3,a
LT-1495, 2495	×	x	W-3,a
LT-1496, 2496	×	x	W-3,a
4. 4.70, 4.70		X	W-3,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
Limit Switches for Valves			
as denoted			
HCV-1200 A,B,C	x	x	W-4,a
HCV-2200 A,B,C	x	x	W-4,a
TV- 1842, 2842	x	x	W-4,a
Position Switch for Valves			
as denoted			
HCV-1201, 2201			W-5,a
Motor Operated Valves			
MOV-1380, 2380	x	x	W-6,a
Pressurizer Pressure Transmitters			
PT- 1455, 2455	x	x	W-7.a
PT- 1456, 2456	x	x	W-7,a
PT- 1457, 2457	x	x	W-7,a
RCS Pressure Transmitters			
(wide range)			
PT-1402, 2402	x	x	W-8,a
Solenoid Operators			
HCV-1200 A.B.C	x	x	W-9,a
HCY-2200 A,B,C	х	x	W-9,a
LCV-1460 A,B	x	x	W-10,a
LCV-2460 A.B	х	x	W-10,a
TV- 1842, 2842	х	x	W-10,a
HCV-1201, 2201	x	x	W-10,a

DESCRIPTION	(LOCA)	(MSLB)	PAGE
RCS Temperature Elements (Wide Range)			
TE-1410, 2410		x	W-11,a
TE-1413, 2413		x	W-11,a
TE-1420, 2420		x	W-11,a
TE-1423, 2423		x	W-11,a
TE-1430, 2430		x	W-11,a
TE-1433, 2433		x	W-11,a
RCS Temperature Elements			
(Narrow Range)			
TE-1412 B, D		x	W-12,a
TE-1422 B, D		x	W-12,a
TE-1432 B, D		x	W-12,&
TE-2412 B, D		x	W-12,a
TE-2422 B, D		x	W-12,a
TE-2432 B, D		x	₩-12,a

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

1. Operability Requirements: Time and temperature conditions at which the equipment

may be required to function, after the initial 60 minute

transient period.

2. Operability Demonstrated: That testing done by the manufacturer for the stated time and temperature conditions, demonstrating the

adequacy of the equipment to operate during post accident conditions. The adequacy was determined based

on use of the "10 degree centigrade" rule when evaluating

the test data.

Pre-test thermal aging was not considered.

NOTES

- 1. Radiation dose is sum of 40 year dose plus 120 day LOCA.
- 2. Adequacy was determined based on use of the "10 degree centigrade" rule when evaluating the test data. Ref. IEEE Publication 117 and 275.

P.O. NA-247/1247 Control & Relay Room A/C chillers Westinghouse:

1-HV-E-4A. B. C 2-HV-E-4A. B. C

hodel #PCOSEW

Chiller room, Service building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLE in Turbine bldg.

- High ambient temperature 211°F for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes - 30 minutes.
- High ambient moisture content saturated steam 100% RH for duration of steam discharge 30 minutes.

Normal Environment

70° to 104°F Motors & pumps will keep temperature above 70°F

Area has temperature monitors.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFUED

MSLB

Normal Environment

120°F

OFERABILITY REQUIREMENT

MSLE

30 minutes - 211°F & 100% RH

Normal Environment

104°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MELLB

None

Normal Environment

15001

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

4SL5

None:

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard NEWA NG 1

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

hand.

None

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-314

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES ALD RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

Equipment not qualified for exposure to:

- 1) High ambient temperature 211°F
- 2) Saturated atmosphere, 100% R.H.

B. Solutions:

There are three possible solutions as discussed below:

- a. Include the chiller room inside
 the control room pressure boundary
 and eliminate its communication
 with the turbine building. This
 involves determining if the
 compressed air system is adequate to
 maintain pressure with the chiller
 room included. Additional ducting
 must be added to provide cooling to
 the chiller room. Structural
 modifications to block iperacys to
 turbine building and modif, door to
 be a pressure barrier.
- Replace unqualified equipment with qualified equipment.
- c. Use equipment in unaffected unit to maintain control room environment.

Normal Environment

None

P.O. NA-270/1270 In-Line Pumps - Air Conditioning - Hingham-Williamette Company:

1-HV-P-20A, E, C 1-HV-P-22A, E, C 2-HV-P-20A, E, C 2-HV-P-20A, B, C Nodel 20's #773B581347 22's #773B581331

Motor with type "B" Insulation.

Chiller room, Service building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLE in Turbine bldg.

High ambient temperature 21197 for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes 30 minutes.

high amblent moisture content saturated steam 100% RH for duration of steam discharge 30 minutes.

Normal Environment

 70° to $104\,^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ Notor and pump will keep temperature above $70^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$. Area has temperature

ENVIRONDENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

None

Normal Environment

TOP OF

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

10

30 minutes - 211°F & 100% EH

Normal Environment

A, HOT

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

Normal Environment

3040E

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MSSB

None

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard NEMA MO 1 QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB

None

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-315

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MELE

A. Deficiencies:

Equipment not qualified for exposure to:

- 1) High ambient temperature 211 F
- 2) Saturated atmosphere, 100% R.H.
- B. Solutions:

There are three possible solutions as discussed below:

- s. Include the chiller room inside
 the control room pressure boundary
 and eliminate its communication
 with the turbine building. This
 involves determining if the
 compressed air system is adequate to
 maintain pressure with the chiller
 room included. Additional ducting
 must be added to provide cooling to
 the chiller room. Structural
 modifications to block openings to
 turbine building and modify door
 to be a pressure barrier.
- Replace unqualified equipment with qualified equipment.
- Use equipment in unaffected unit to maintain control room environment.

Normal Environment

None

Air Conditioning Self-Cleaning Strainers - Elliot Company:

P.O. NA 299/1299 1-HV+S-1A & B 2-HV-S-1A & B

Model #ECA

Chiller Rm. Service Bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

- High ambient temperature 211°F for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes.
- High ambient moisture content saturated steam, 100% R for duration of steam discha

Normal Environment 70°F to 104°F Motors and pumps will keep temperature above 70°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

None

Normal Environment

104°F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

30 minutes - 211°F & 100% RH

Normal Environment

70°F - 104°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MSLB in Turbine bldg. None

Normal Environment

ACCURACY REQUIREMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

None

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards ASME - VIII ASME - IX

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

None

Normal Environment

Specification #NAS-316

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTION

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

A. Deficiencies:

- 1. High ambient temperature 211°F
- 2. Saturated atmosphere

B. Solutions:

There are three possible solutions as discussed below:

- a. Include the chiller room inside
 the control room pressure
 boundary and eliminate its
 communication with the turbine
 building. This involves
 determining if the compressed mir
 system is adequate to mmintain
 pressure with the chiller room
 included. Additional ducting
 must be added to provide cooling to
 the chiller room. Structural
 modifications to block openings to
 turbine building and modify door
 to be a pressure barrier.
- Replace unqualified equipment with qualified equipment.
- c. Use equipment in affected unit to maintain control room environment.

Normal Environment

None

Propeller Pan - Aerovent Fan Company, Incorporated

P.O. NA 241/1241 1-HV-F-24 2-HV-F-24 Model #7-216

Ins. Class F

Chiller rm, Service bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

- High ambient temperature 211°F for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes
- High ambient moisture content saturated steam, 100% RH for duration of steam discharge.

Normal Environment

70°F to 104°F Motors and pumps will keep temperature above 70°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

 High ambient temperature 211°F at saturated atmosphere

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

30 minutes - 211°F and 100% RH

Normal Environment

104°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

30 minutes - 211°F & 100% RH

Normal Environment

120°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MSLS in Turbine bldg.

Vendor's reply to TLX inquiry

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards

ANSI B10.10 ANSI B10.5 QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg. TLX-3-29-79 - W.B. Schumacher to J.E. Krechting

Normal Environment

Specification #NAS 197A

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTION

MSLB

None

Normal Environment

None

BO TENENT DESCRIPTION & WARK NO.

covernor Company - Continental Division - Field P.O. - Natkin #6514-A-2008, located in charcoal filter duct from chiller room.

MON-HA-1719-1 V 5

2 % T-9T2-AR-AON 2 % T-902-AII-AON

SHOW

Upon further investigation it was found that the electrical components of the showe valves are within the control room pressure boundary and therefore will see no changing environment due to an accident.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

No changing environment

CELLITATE ST INCHAINTS SOLHWOOD AND STATEMENT OF THE STAT

100

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

NAMES OF QUALIFICATION

P.O. NA-255/1255

5 EV alum, power cable
(General Cable)

NGA-3 Triplex 1000 NCN

NGA-4 3/c 500 NCN alum, armor

NGA-6 3/c 1250 NCN alum, armor

NGA-10 1/c 2000 NCN

NGA-12 3/c 1000 NCN alum, armor

NGA-13 3/c 4/o ANC, alum armor

NGA-14 Triplex 4/o ANG.

Jacket: Meoprene Insulation: Ethylene Propylene Rubber

Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

SIMPLEMENT ALTITIVATED

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1.04 10° rads

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10° rads (based on 120 day 100A). In addition the 40 year radiation dose of 4 x 10° rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10° rads.

Normal Environment

40 to 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

2 x 10⁸ rada

Mormal Environment

40 to 120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

40 to 120°F

Normal Environment

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

2 x 10⁸ rada

Bornal Environment

Less than or equal to 104 Pr

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard IPCEA S-19-81

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

General Cable Letter dated 12-22-71

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-108

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification Document is in letter form (i.e., no formal test report data with approved signature and date) and does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated, would commonly be 11%
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Location of test facility, even though not noted could be obtained from Vendor Records.

The letter is a summary of the nuclear incident environment tests performed on similar constructed cables, which General Cable has stated are applicable.

Normal Environment

A. Deficiencies:

Normal ambient temperature may exceed cables maximum continuous ambient temperature.

B. Solution:

- a) Maximum temperature is of short duration.
- b) Cables that are used in CAT IE circuits are not carrying full derated current continuously. Their load is in the range of 50 to 75% of derated full load current with the exception of emergency diesel generator which doesn't operate continuously during plant life.

P.O. NA-256/1256 600 V Alum. Power Cable (General Cable)

NGB-5	Triplex	500	NOM
NGB-7	Triplex	250	MCM
NGB-11	Triplex	2/0	AWG.
NGB-12	Triplex	#1	AWG.

Jacket: Neoprene

Insulation: Ethylene Propylene Rubber

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) 2800F O to 30 min Reduce from 2800F

to 1500F 30 to 60 min 1500F >60 min 45 psig 0 to 30 min Reduce from 45

to 0 psig 30 to 50 min

0 psig 7.2 x 10⁷ rads(1) >50 min

Spray: 0-4 hrs. Solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH. > 4 hrs similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

Irradiated to .55 x 10 rads
100 psig @ 3400F for 4 hrs.
62 psig @ 3100F for 1 hr.
20 psig @ 2600F for 43 hrs.
2.5 psig @ 2600F for 5 days

Spray: Throughout test cycle solution consisting of a 2000 ppm solution of boron as boric acid buffered with NaOH to a pH of 9.0

Irradiated an additional 1.45 x 10⁸ rads bringing the total exposure to 2 x 10⁸ rads

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

120 day @ 150°F

LOCA

163 br @ 260°F

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 490 days @ 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

LOCA

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

General Cable Letter dated 12-22-71

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification Document is in letter form (i.e., no formal test report with approved signature and date) does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated, would commonly be ±1%
- 2) Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Location of test facility, even though not noted could be obtained from Vendor Records.

The letter is a summary of the nuclear incident environment tests performed on cables of a similar construction, which General Cable has stated are applicable.

P.O. NA-128/1128 600 V. Cu. Power Cable Okonite

MGA-20	1/c 250 HCM
NGA-21	1/c 2/0 AWG
MGB-15	Triplex # AWG
NGB-16	Triplex #6 ANG
NGB-17	3/c #8 AWG
NGB-18	3/c #10 AWG
NGB-19	3/c #12 AWG

Jacket: Neoprene

Insulation: Ethylene Propylene Rubber

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 280°F 30 to 60 min

150°F > 60 min

45 psig 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 45 30 to 60 min

to 0 psig 0 psig 7

7.2 x 10° rads (1)

Spray: 0-4 hr Solution of boric acid (200-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH > 4 hr Similar so ution with a pH of 7 to 9.

| Main Steam Line Break (MSLB) | 4300F | 0 to 2 min | 280°F | 2 to 60 min | 150°F | 60 min | 45 psig | 0 to 30 min | 8educe from 45 to 0 psig | 30 to 60 min | 3 x 107 rads | 60 min | 3 x 107 rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

Aged 168 hr @ 121°C Irradiated to 2 x 10⁸ rads

PWR exposure:

For 4 hr
16 psig @ 3240F For 7 days

Spray: 10,000 ppm boric acid buffered with NaOH to a pH of 10.5 throughout the PWR exposure period.

Boiling Water Reactor Exposure (BWR) A series of transient cycles each consisting of a rise to a specified press and temp for a specified time and a gradual return to initial conditions. Following transient cycles 100 day exposure to live stemm 0 psig, 2120F

HWR exposure includes a transient cycle at 104 psig at 345°F for 3 hr and 20 min. MSLB Same as "Description of Environment"

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA 120 days @ 150°F MSLB 120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

LOCA

304°F - 3 hr 20 min 346°F - 4 hr 27 min 256°F - 1 day 212°F - 100 days 259°F - 10 hr 324°F - 4 hr 252°F - 7 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is greater than $2.9~{\rm years} \, \otimes \, 150^{\rm O}{\rm F}$

MSLB

See above

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MELB

LOCA

Test - Sequential

MSLB

Test - Analysis

Maximum calculated surface temperature during limiting MSLB is 335°F which does not exceed qualification temperature of 345°F given in BWR exposure portion of LOCA qualification.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Okonite's Engineering Report No. 141 dated 2/29/72

Additional Supporting Documents

Outline of Franklin Institute Research Laboratory report F-C3694

IEEE Transaction Paper T 74 044 4

MSLB

PSAR Section 3C and response to Comment 7.17 (Note to be revised to include this item).

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies: Qualification document does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility
- B. Solution:
- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Location of test facility even though not noted could be obtained from vendor's records. Additional supporting documents indicate that some tests were performed at Franklin Institute.

MSLB

Qualification based on independent test and analysis. Each of the qualification parameters (obtained from independent test and analysis) exceeds the corresponding MSLB requirements.

Amend FSAR as stated in "Qualification Document",

P.O. NA-359/1359 High Temperature Cable Cerro Wire and Cable Company

*NGA-15 Triplex #2/0 AWG
NGA-37 Triplex #2/0 AWG
NGA-33 6/c 2-48 and 4-#12 AWG
NGA-61 7/c #12 AWG
NGB-34 4/c #16 AWG
NGB-37 2/c #8 AWG

NGA 15, 17 & NGB 37 Jacket: Asbestos Braid Insulation: Silicone Rubber

NGA 33. 51 & NGB 34 Jacket: Silicone Rubber Insulation: Silicone Rubber

Inside Containment

*NGA-15 is required for the inside recirc sprsy pumps. All other items are not required for post accident operation.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280% 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 280% 30 to 60 min

150% > 60 min

45 psig 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 45

to 0 psig 30 to 60 min

7.2 x 107 rsds (1)

Spray: 0-4 hr Solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH >4 hr Similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9

RUBK

430°F 0 to 2 min
280°F 2 to 60 min
150°F > 60 min
45 pers to
0 pers 30 to 60 min
0 pers 30 to 60 min
3 x 10°F rads

CHILITYND ST JACHARINGS HOTTER OL DARAMONIAME

LOCA

Irrsdiated to 2 x 10^{8} rads, 50 psig, and 276^{9} F for 12 hr

Spray: Last 2 hr of 12 hr period with a solution of borated water containing approximately 1,720 ppm of boron as boric acid.

Reduced to 5 psig and 1640% over an unspecified time with spray continuing

1600F at 5 psig for the remainder of the 7 day period without spray

F-C2750 indicates that in an earlier test, the spray was buffered with NeOH to $pH\ of\ 9$

WT15M

Same as "Description of Environment'

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

120 days @ 150°F

WSLE

120 days 8 150°;

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

276°F for 12 hr 160°F for 7 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 55 days @ 150°F.

STATE OF

See above

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test - Sequential

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

Temperature - Analysis

Maximum calculated surface temperature during limiting MSLB is 335°F which does not exceed qualification temperature of 460°F given in Rockbestos' (formerly Cerro) letter dated 4/25/77.

Pressure and Radiation - Test

Refer to LOCA Qualification

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Franklin Institute Research Laboratory (FIRL), Report F-C2857

Cerro's Supplement to FIRL, Report F-C2B57

FIRL, Report P-C2750

Cerro's Supplement to FIRL, Report F-C2750

MSLB

FSAR Section 3C and response to Comment 7.17

Rockbestos' letter dated 4/25/77 LOCA qualification documents

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification documents do not address;

- 1) Accuracy of test data and variables
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) 2760F, 0 to 30 min vs 2800F
- 4) 1,750 ppm boron vs 2,000 ppm
- 5) Long-term post-accident operabilities not demonstrated

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument, even though not stated, would commonly be 11%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- 3) The above 276°F through first 30 min is within tolerence of the LOCA temp transient profile -FSAR Fig. 6.2-82 (Amendment No. 65)
- h) The cable jacket is of an asbestos braid which has been shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore, we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution, it should have no significant effect on the cable.
- 5) The cable (NGA-15) insulation is rated for 125°C conductor temperature at rated ampacity, it can be shown by standard industry practices that the cable is capable of operating in a 150°F ambient continuously.

MSLB

Sach of the qualification parameters (obtained from independent test and analysis) exceeds the corresponding MSLB requirements.

P.G. NA-312/13/2 600 V Control Cable Cerro Wire and Cable Company

NGA-19	2/c #2 AWG
NGA-34	1/c #14 AWG
NGA-35	2/c #14 AWG
NGA+35	3/c #14 AWG
NGA-37	5/c #14 AWG
NGA-38	7/c #14 AWG
NGA-39	9/c #14 AWG
NGA-40	12/c #14 AWG
NGA -44	1/c #12 AWG
NGA-45	2/c #12 AWO
NGA-47	4/c #12 AWG
NGA-49	7/c #12 AWG
NGA-57	4/c #10 AWG
NGA-77	4/c #10 AWG
NGB-43	2/c #8 AWG
NGB-44	2/c #6 AWG
NGB-45	4/c #6 AWG

Jacket: Neoprene

Insulation: Cross-linked Polyethylene

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F	0 to 30 min
Reduce from 280°F	30 to 60 mi
to 150°F	
150°F	> 60 min
45 psig	O to 30 min
Reduce from 45	
to 0 paig	30 to 60 mi
O paig 7	> 60 min
7.2 x 10' rads (1)	
Spray:	
0-4 hr Solution of	boric acid
(2,000-2100 ppm bor	
to a pH of 8.5 to 1	1 with NaOH

) 4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

MSLB	
0 430 F 280°7 150°F 45 psig	0 to 2 min 2 to 60 min 60 min
Reduce from	0 to 30 min
45 to 0 psig	30 to 60 min
0 psig,	> 60 min
3 x 10 rads	40 yr. dose

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Irradiated to 2 x 10⁸ rads 50 psig and 276°F for 12 hr Spray: Last 2 hr of 12 hr period with a solution of borsted water containing approximately 1,720 ppm of boron as boric acid.

Reduce to 5 paig and 164°F over an unspecified time with spray continued.

160°F at 5 paig for the remainder of the 7 day period with no spray.

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

120 days @ 150 F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED(2)

LOCA

270°F for 12 hr 160°F for 6 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent 71 day \otimes 150 F

MSLB

242°F for 395 hr

Post MSLB thermal aging is equivalent to 2 yrs. \oplus 150°F.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

MSLB

Thermally aged for 1300 hr @ 150 $^{\circ}$ c Irradiated at a rate 0.30 x 10° rads per hr for total dose of 2.01 x 10° rad.

Spray: Solution of 6200 ppm Boron and hydrazine solution maintained at a pH value of between 8,6 and 10.0 for 399 hr

37609 @ 58 psig	0 to 13 min
3769F @ 62 psig	13 to 15 min
366°F @ 62 paig	15 to 20 min
337°F @ 60 psig	20 to 25 min
Reduce from 3370F @ 60 psig to 2420F	25 min to 3.6 hr

LOCA

Test - Sequential

MSLB

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Franklin Institute Research Laboratory Report F-C2857

Cerro's Supplement to F.I.R.L.

Report F-C2857

MSLB

Rockbestos Company Report 13-10407-E)S8-13-2 Test was performed on cable of a similar construction as that supplied in P.O. NA-312/1312

FSAR Section 3C and response to Comment 7.17 (Note to be revised to include this item).

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A, Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of test data and variables
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) 1,720 ppm boron vs 2,000-2100 ppm 4) 276°F 0 to 30 min vs 280°F

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be till
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- 3) The cable jacket is of a neoprene material which was shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the cable.
- 4) The above 276°F through first 30 min is within tolerance of the LOCA temp. transient profile - PSAR Fig. 6.2-82 (Amendment#65)

MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of test data and variables
- 2) Test Monitoring Sensors
- Qualification temp, is below propose accident temp, 430°F for 2 min vs 376°F for 13 min

. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would be +1%
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Surface temp, will reach a maximum of 355°F after 2 min @ 430°F therefore we meet the temp, requirements.

P.O.MA-265/1265 300 V Instrument Cable (Boston insulated Wire and Cable)

1071 IL 010	MCB-40	МСВ-39	SE-45K	NGA-70	NGA-69	30A-68	NGA-67	
he la	15/0	3/c	2/c	18/c	2/0	12/0	19/6	
200	NO.							
ut.	16	25	10	100	3.6	No.	16	
2003	AWG	AWG	AWG	SWA	AWU	AWG	SWG	

Jacket: Neoprene

Insulation: Cross-linked Polyethylene

Inside and Outside Containment

*Denote cables that are used inside containment on class IE circuits.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

LOCA

2800F 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 280°F 30 to 60 min

150°F > 60 min

45 paig 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 45

to 0 paig 0 to 60 min

7.2 x 10⁷ rads (1)

Spray 0-4 hrs solution of boric acid

(200-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH

of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH > 4 hrs similar

solution with a pH of 7 to 9

#SLB #SLB 0 to 2 min 2500F 2 to 60 min 1500F 2 to 60 min 1500F 30 min 60 min 60

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

irradiated to 1 x 108 rads 280% at 45 paig 60 min 205% at 0 paig 24 hrs Spray: Throughout 25 hr period with a solution of 0.20 molar boron as boric acid with the pi adjusted to 8-8.5 with a 0.019 molar solution of NaOH

COLUMN TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF

Same as "Description of Environment"

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

8

120 days 9 150°F

Target in

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

10CA 280°F for 50 min 205°F for 24 hrs

Post LOCA thermal aging is not equivalent to operating requirements

TISM

See above

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

See above

LOCA

Test - Sequential

MSLB

Temperature - Analysis
Maximum calculated surface
temperature during limiting
MSLB is 343°F which does not
exceed qualification temperature
of 460°F given in B.I.W. letter
dated 10 12-76.
Pressure and Radiation - Test
refer to LOCA qualification

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

B.I.W. Letters dated 1-17-72 12-14-71

MSLB

PSAR Section 3C and response to comment 7,17

B.I.W. letter dated 10-12-70 LOCA Qualification documents

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- 1. Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2. Test monitoring sensors
- . 3. Test facility
- 4. 8-8.5 pii vs 8.5-11 pii
- Time, temperature envelope not sufficient

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be tig.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Location of test facility, even though not noted, can be obtained from Vendor records,
- 4. The cable jacket is of a meopreme material which was shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore, we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the cable.
- This instrument cable has the same jacket & insulation as the 600v Control Cable. P.). NA 312/1312 page 8A which surpassed operability requirements. We will get further test data.

P.O. NA-252 Thermocouple Extension Wire (Cerro Wire and Cable)

WGB-68 1 pair No. 10 Copper-

Constantan

NGB-69 1 pair No. 15 Iron-

Constantan

Jacket: Neoprene

Insulation: Silicone Rubber

Inside and Outside Containment

NOTE:

Under further investigation it was found that these cable are not used in the systems that are required to mitigate a Design Basis Accident.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280 F 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 280°F

to 150°F 45 psig

30 to 60 min > 00 min 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 45 to 0 paig

30 to 50 min

0 psig 7.2 x 10⁷ rads (1) > 60 min

Spray: 0-4 hrs Solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH > 4 hrs similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Irradiated to 2 x 10 rads 50 psig at 27609 12 hrs

Spray: Last 2 hrs of 12 hr period solution of borated water containing approximately 1720 ppm of boron as boric acid.

Reduce to 5 psig and 1640F over an unspecified time with spray continued. 1500F at 5 psig for the remainder of 7 day period without spray. F-C2750 indicates that in an earlier test the spray was buffered with NaOH to a pH of 9. OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

OFERABILETY DEMONSTRATED

Not required

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test- Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Franklin Institute Research Laboratory Report F-C2857

Cerro's Supplement to F.I.R.L.

Franklin Insitute Research Laboratory Report F-C2750

Cerro's Supplement to F.I.R.L. Report F-C2750

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- 1. Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2. Test monitoring sensors
- 3. 270°F for 0 to 30 min is below environment of 280°F for 30 min
- 4. Test solution is 1750 ppm boron vs 2000-2100 ppm boron.

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be tl%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- type of application.

 3. 275°F for first 30 min is within tolerance of the LOCA temperature transient profile FSAR Fig. 6.2-82 (Amendment No. 65)
- 4. F-C2750 indicates that in an earlier test the spray was buffered with NaOH to a pH of 9
 Furthermore, cable jacket is of a neoprene material which has been shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the cable.

F.O. RA-375/1375 5 Ky Alum. Power Cable (Okonite)

M24-14 M24-14 M24-14

3/c 500 MCM Triplex 4/0 AWG Triplex 1000 MCM 3/c #4/0 AWG

Jacket: Neoprene Insulation: Cross-Linked Polyethylene

Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

 $7.2 \times 10^{4} \text{ rads (1)}$

Normal Environment

40° - 120°F Area has temperature monitors & class IE redundant ventilation

ENVISONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

system,

Loss of Coclast Accident (LOCA)

 2×10^8 rads

Normal Environment Ambient temperature less than 1040r

Loss of Coolant Accident(LOCA)

DESCRIPTION ALTHUMESTO

7.2 x 10⁷ rads

Normal Environment

Aphor.

CHINASINATE YELLIAMARINA

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

2 x 10⁸ rads

Normal Environment

JOHOT.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards, IPCEA S-19-81

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Okonite's Engineering Report

Additional Supporting Documents

Outline of Franklin Institute Research Laboratory Report F-C3094

IEEE Transaction Paper T74 044 4

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-108

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LUCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification document does not address:

- Accuracy of variables and test data;
- Test monitoring sensors, retention of records (i.e. traceability of instrumentation)
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of test data and variables even though not addressed would commonly have been made with instruments having accuracies of this.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not addressed can be assumed to be of typical types.
- Test facility could be determined from wendor records,

Normal Environment

A. Deficiencies:

Normal smblent temperature may exceed cable maximum continuous ambient temperature.

. Solution:

- a) Saximum temperature is of short duration.
- b) Cable that are used in Cat IE circuit are not carrying full rated current continuously. Their load is in the range of 50 to 75% of derated full load current with the exception of emergency diesel generator which is intermittent duty.

P.O. NA-384/1354 500 V Aluminum Power Cable

NGB-5 NGB-12 NGB-12 Triplex Triplex Triplex Triplex 500 MEM 250 MEM #2/0 ANG.

Insulation acket: Neoprene Ethylene Propylene Rubber

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

Reduce from 280°F to 150°F 0 psis 0 psis 7 7.2 x 10 rads (1) Syst Sty Reduce from 45 to 30 to 60 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min 0 to 30 min

Spray: 0-4 Solution of boric acid (2,000-2,100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with MaDH. >4 hr Similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH BOUTP, IS QUALIFIED

Aged 168 hr at 121°C irradiated to 2 x 10°B rads

FWE Exposure: 324°9 at 80 psis 0 to 4 hr 324°9 at 16 psis for 7 days 5pray: 0-4 hr Solution of boric sold with NaOH to a pH of 10.5 thoughout the PWE exposure period.

A series of transient cycles each consisting of a rise to a specified pressure and temperature for a specified time and a gradual return to inital condition. Foll ring transient cycles 100 day exposure to live steam 0 psis @ 212°9. Boiling Water Reactor Exposure:

120 diys 8 150°p

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

3 hr. 20 min 4 hr. 27 min 1 day

3460 - 4 hr. 27 2560 - 1 day 2120 - 10 hr 2590 - 10 hr 3240 - 4 hrs 2590 - 7 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is greater than $2.9 \ \mathrm{years} \approx 150^{\mathrm{OF}}$

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Okonite's Engineering Report No. 141 dated February 29, 1972

Additional supporting Documents

Outline of Franklin Institute Research Laboratory Report P-C3694

IEEE Transaction Paper T 74 044 4

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies

Qualification Document does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be tl%
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined from vendor's records. (Additional supporting document indicates that some tests were performed at Franklin Institute.)

P.O. NA-392/1392 300 V Instrument Cable (Cerro Wire and Cable)

NGA-67 NGA-70 NGA-70 NGA-35 19/6 No. 16 AND 12/6 No. 16 AND 10/6 No. 16 AND 2/6 No. 16 AND 3/6 No. 16 AND

Neoprene On: Flame Retardant Crosslinked Polyethylone

Inside and Outside Containment

RESCRIPTION DESIGNATION SO

TROOP Trom 0 psis 7.2 m 107 rads (1) 3900E Reduce from 45 to 0 psig Bred Se Spock to 1200k 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min 760 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min 760 min

Spray: 9-4 hr solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to pH of 8.5 to 11 with NsOH > 4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9

1500F 45 paig Reduce from 45 to 0 paig O paig 0 to 30 min 2 to 60 min 3 to 60 min 30 to 60 min >60 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH BUILTY CELETTAND

Aged 1300 hr 8 150°C Tradisted to 2 x 10°D rads

28007 @ 70 psig %ise to 34607 @ 113 psig Reduce to 14007 28007 @ 70 psig Rise to 34007 34607 @ 113 psig 34607 @ 93 psig 31507 @ 69 psig 25607 @ 26 psig 21207 @ 0 psig 0 to 10 sec 10 sec to 5 min 5 min to 3 hr 5 hr to 5 hr & 10 sec 5 hr + 10 sec to 5 hr + 5 min 5 hr & 5 min to 8 hr 11 hr to 15 hr 15 hr to 4 days 4 days to 30 days

Let 24 hr of 30 day period - solution of the following composition: 0.28 molar $\rm H_33O_3$

0.28 molar H₃50₃ 0.064 molar H₃5₂03 NaOH to make pH between 9-11 Following above 30 day 10CA period, period of 100 days at 2009F, an additional

Same as "Description of Environment

7//4

ALLTRANSMAC STREMENTURAL

3005I gon. 130 days

140°F for 120 days

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED(2)

212°F for 30 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 320 days @ 1500F.

See above

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test - Sequential

MSLB

Temperature Analysis
Maximum calculated surface
temperature during limiting
MSLB is 343° which does not
exceed qualification temperature of 460° given in
Rockbestos (formerly Cerro)
letter dated 4-25-77
Pressure and Radiation - Test
Refer to LOCA Qualification

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Rockbestos (formerly Cerro) Letter dated 2-21-79 and its attached report

MSLB

FSAR Section 3C and response to comment 7.17 Rockbestos letter dated 4-25-77 LOCA qualification document

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification docum nt does not address: 1. Accuracy of variables and test data

- Test monitoring sensors retention of records (traceability of instrumentation)
- 3. Test facility

NOTE: Dosimeters are addressed

B. Solution

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with industrial Standards for their type of application
- 3. Test facility could be determined from Vendor's records

MSLB

Qualification based on independent test and analysis. Each of the qualification parameters (obtained from independent test and analysis) exceeds the corresponding MSLB requirements

P O NA 408/1408 Thermocouple Extension Wire Boaton Insulated Wire & Cable

Jacket: Meoprene Insulation: Cross-linked Polyathylene

Constantan

Inside Containment.

: STYCE

Under further investigation it was found that this cable is not used in systems that are required to mitigate a Design Basis Accident.

DESCRIPTION OF MANIBONESMI

Reduce from 45 to 0 paig 0 paig 7.2 x 10 rads(1) Reduce from 28009 to 1500F 15009 30 to 60 min >60 min 30 to 60 min O to 30 min

Spray: 0-4 hrs Solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaGH > 4 hr Similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

EMPTHONNENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Irradiated to 1 x 10⁸ rada 28009 at 45 paig 20509 at 0 paig 24 nas

Solution of 0.20 molar boron as boric acid with the pH adjusted to 8-8.5 with a 0.019 molar solution of NaOH for 25 hr period.

TOCK TOCK STATISHERINASS

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS
TOCA

BHI

1,000

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION BOCUMENT

1,000

B.I.W. betters dated: 2-7-75 1-17-72 12-14-71

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES
AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

1,000

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification document does not address:

Accuracy of variables and test data Test monitoring sensors retention of records (i.e., traceability of instrumentation)

Test facility 0.2 moder boron solution vs 2000-2109 ppm

Solutions: 152 1) Accuracy of test data and variables, even though not addressed, would commonly have been made with instruments having accuracy of 11%.

2) Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.

3) Test facility could be determined from vendor records.

4) The cable Jacket is of a neogreen material which was shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant affect on the cable.

P.O. NA-422/1422 Triaxial Cable (Boston Insulated Wire & Cable)

NGA-72 Triax

Jacket: Hypalon Insulation: Cross-linked Polyethylene

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F
Reduce from 280°F
to 150°F
150°F
150°F
150°F
150°F
150°B
150

Spray: 0-4 hr. Solution of boric acid (2,000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH. > 4 hr Similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Irradiated to 2 x 10⁸ rads
300°F @ 60 paig 0 to 15 min
Reduce to 252°F
@ 16 paig 15 to 45 min
252°F @ 16 paig 45 min to 13 day

Spray: Throughout 13 day period. A solution of 2,000 ppm boric acid buffered to a pH of 8 to 8.5 with NaCH.

Following above, an additional 17 days exposure to 2000F @ 0 psig.

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Loss of Coolant (LOCA)

120 days @ 150 Y

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED(2)

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

13 days @ 252°F 17 days @ 200°F

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 2.1 years @ 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

TAXCA

Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

B.I.W.'s Engineering Comments No. 26665-EP Rev. 4 (specifically Test No. 750008)

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies

Qualification document does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility
- 4) 275°F at 30 min mark vs 280°F
- 5) 35 psig at 30 min mark vs 45 psig
- 6) pH of 8 to 8.5 vs pH of 8.5 to 11

B. Solutions

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be 11%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined Vendor's records.
- 4) 275°F at 30 min mark is within tolerance of the LOCA temperature transient profile FSAR Fig. 6.2-82 (Amendment No. 65).
- 5) 35 psig at 30 min mark is within tolerance of the LOCA pressure transient profile FSAR Fig. 6.2-63 (Amendment No. 65).
- 6) The cable jacket is of a hypalon material which was shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore, we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the cable.

F.C. NA-404/1404 COO'V. Cu. Power Cable-Heat Tracing (Okonite)

NGB-O1 2/c #10 AWG

Jacket: Hypaion Insulation: Cross-linked Polyethylene

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Cooleut Accident (LOCA)
2800% 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 2800% 30 to 60 min
1500% 30 to 60 min
45 paig 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 45
to 0 psig 30 to 60 min
7.2 x 107 rads(1)
Spray: 0-4 hr Solution of boric
acid (2,000-2100 ppm boron)
buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with
RaOH. >4 hr Similar solution with a
pH of 7 to 9.

ENVISONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

NOCK.

Aged 14 days at 250°P
Irradisated to .5 x 10°P rads and aged at
250°P/70 psig
Pise to 346°P/
113 psig
140°P/70 psig
Reduce to 140°P
250°P/70 psig
Reduce to 346°P/
250°P/70 psig
Reduce to 140°P/
250°P/70 psig
Reduce to

Spray: Continuously for 31 day period solution of 2,000 ppm borot as boric acid buffered with NaOH to a pit to 9-11. Irradiated to 1.5 x 10 rads during the 31 day period. Total 2 x 10 rads.

SINEMATI PER ALITHWISH

TWES Of Coolent Accident(LOCK)

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2

Loss of Coolant Accident [LOCA

27 days @ 212°F

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 291 days @ 150°F

LOCA

Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Franklin Institute Research Laboratory Report F-C3094

Additional Supporting Data

INNE Transaction Paper I 74 O44 O4

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiency:

Qualification document does not address:

1) Accuracy of test data and variables

B. Solution:

1) Accuracy of test data and variables, even though not addressed, would commonly have been made with instruments having accuracies of *15

6621/662-WW *0*d

Motor Operated Valves - Elisot Company:

1-MOV-RV-115-1,2 1-MOV-RV-115-1,2 2-MOV-RV-115-1,2

Model #948-25

Chiller Room, Service Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLB in Turnine Building

thigh ambient temperature 211°F for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes - 30 min

High ambient moisture content saturated steam, 100% AH for duration of steam discharge 30 min

Normal Environment

 70° to $10^{49}\mathrm{F}$ Motors and pumps will keep temperature above $70^{9}\mathrm{F}$

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

WSLB in Turbine Building

None

Normal Environment

3040E

Normal Environment

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

MELD in Turbine Building

30 min ~ 211°F and 100% SH

Hotor.

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MELB in Turbine Building

Mone

Normal Environment

HOUSE

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB) in Turbine Building

None

Normal Environment

None

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB in Turbine Building

None

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-316

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MSLB in Turbine Building

- A. Deficiencies:
 - 1) High ambient temperature 211°F
 - 2) Saturated atmosphere

B. Solution:

Substitute EPT liner to withstand 3100F

There are three possible solutions as discussed below:

- a. Include the chiller room inside the control room pressure boundary and eliminate its communication with the turbine building. This involves determining if the compressed air system is adequate to maintain pressure with the chiller room included. Additional ducting must be added to provide cooling to the chiller room. Structural modifications to block openings to turbine building and modify door to be a pressure barrier.
- Beplace unqualified equipment with qualified equipment.
- Use equipment in unaffected unit to maintain control room environment.

Normal Environment

P.O. NA-421/1421 Chiller Room Sump Pumps -Johnston Pump Company: 1-DB-P-10A 2-DB-P-10A

Model # Type RGZV

Chiller rm, Service bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

- High ambient temperature 211°F for duration of steam discharge in vicinity of chiller room air intakes 30 minutes.
- High ambient moisture content saturated steam, 100% RH for duration of steam discharge 30 minutes.

Normal Environment

 $70^{\rm O}$ to $104^{\rm O}_{\rm F}$ Motors and pumps will keep temperature above 700F.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

 High ambient temperature 211°F at saturated atmosphere

Normal Environment

104°F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB in Turbine Building

30 minutes - 2110F & 100% RH

Normal Environment

104°F

GPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MSLB in Turbine Building

None

Normal Environment

104°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

Vendor reply to TLX inquiry

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards

IEEE 112A

ANSI B3. 15 ANSI B3. 16

ASME PTC 8.2

NEMA NG1

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

TLX 3-28-79 - John Anderson to J.E. Krechting

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-427

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MSLB in Turbine bldg.

A. Deficiencies

- 1. High ambient temperature 211°F
- 2. Saturated atmosphere

B. Solutions:

Substitute EPT liner to withstand 310°F

There are three possible solutions as discussed below:

- a. Include the chiller room inside
 the control room pressure boundary
 and eliminate its communication with
 the turbine building. This involves
 determining if the compressed air
 system is adequate to maintain
 pressure with the chiller room
 included. Additional ducting must
 be added to provide cooling to the
 chiller room. Structural modifications
 to block openings to turbine building
 and modify openings to turbine building
 and modify door to be a pressure
 barrier.
- Replace unqualified equipment with qualified equipment.
- Use equipment in unaffected unit to maintain control room environment.

Normal Environment

P.O. NA-296/1296 Centrifugal Fens - Buffalo Forge Co. 1-HV-F-4QA, B 2-HV-F-4QA, B

Model 680B101G57 Auxiliary bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

LOCA

 Radiation zone IV 40 yr dose + LOCA dose = 880 + 160 = 1040 rads

Normal Environment

50°F to 120°F area has temperature monitors

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Radiation dose of 7 x 104 rads

Normal Environment 500 to 1200p

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

 1.04×10^3 rads

Normal Environment

50°F to 120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

7 x 10 rads

Normal Environment 50° to 120°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

NAMES OF QUALIFICATION

LOCA

Vendor's reply to TLX inquiry

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard NEWA MG1

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

J.E. Krechting

Normal Environment

Specification #NAS-308

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

1,000

None

Normal Environment

P.O. NA 201/1201

1-HV-F-71A, B 2-HV-F-71A, B

Axial Flow Fans- Joy Mfg. Co.

Model#600263-5533

Safeguards bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

LOCA

1. Radiation 40 yr dose - 1 x 10 rads

Normal Environment

70°F to 120°F

area has temperature monitors

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

1 x 10° rads

Normal Environment

70°F to 120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATION

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

70 F to 120°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard

NEMA MG1

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Specification #NAS-218

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

Deficiencies

Equipment not qualified for exposure to:

1. Radiation - 1 x 10⁶ rads

Solutions:

Replace drivers with qualified motors

Replace motors have been purchased capable of withstanding the radiation dose of 1 x 10° rads.

Normal Environment

ENGLIPHENT DESCRIPTION & MAKE NO

Connectron Inc. Model N553 polysulfone P.O. NA 313/1313
Reactor Containment Electrical
Penetration - CONAX
Polymulfone Terminal Elocks

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

45 psig Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 4.2 x 107 rads (1) Reduce from 2800F to 150°F 150°F 30 to 60 min 60 min C to 30 min 30 to 50 min 0 to 30 min

Spray = 0 to 4 hours solution of boric scid (2000-2100 pps boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11.0 with NaCH. Beyond 4 hours similar solution with a 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

0 psis	to 0 paig	Reduce from 45	Brad Ch	15008	2800g	430°F
40 yr dose	30 to 60 min		0 to 30 min	No min	2 to 50 min	O to 2 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

Rediation: 2.5 x 107 rade minimum

3,0162 3,0562	30005	2820F	30862	285°P	282%	2530%
0 0	a a	160	(49)	(8)	30	(8)
H7 psig	Brad 64	Syst St	57.5 pais	Bred 54	Stad 54	25 psis
10 to 15 min 15 to 30 min	0 0	NA.	27	ct	30 to 60 sec	6

HBILEE

Thermal aging 30009 for 74 hr

Solution boron 1,900 ppm Buffered to 7,7 pH at a + 1905F, 10 apm ofr 30 min. 140°F 8 psig for 240 hr

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days 150°F

120 days @ 150°F

TOCK & WELL OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

2550F - 198 hr

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 429 days @ 150°F

ACCUBACY REQUIREMENTS

Test

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Conex Corp. Test Report IPS-107

Comax letter "Qualification of Electric Penetrations" No. IPS-411, P/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325 dated 1/5/80

Letters from Union Carbide, Belgium, N. J., dated 12/19/67, New Jersey, dated 1/22/68

Test

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

Qualification document does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- Test monitoring sensors, retention of records (i.e. traceability of instrumentation)
- 3) Test facility
- 4) Test solution 1,900 ppm boron vs 2,000-2100

Solutions

- Accuracy of test data and variables even though not addressed would commonly have been made with instruments having accuracies of ±1%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not addressed can be assumed to be of typical types
- Test facility could be determined from vendor records.
- (4) The terminal block is of a polysulfone material which has been shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore, we believe that since the LOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution, it should have no significant effect on the terminal blocks.

Specification NAS-90-22 P.O. No. NA-333/1333

Level transmitters Gems #XM-29400 LT-RS151A, B LT-RS251A, B

Gems Sensor Division Delaval Turbine

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)
280°F
Reduce from 280°F
to 150°F
150°F
45 psig
Reduce from 45
to 0 psig
7.2 x 10° rads (1)

Spray - 0 to 4 hours solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8,5 to 11.0 with MaOH. Beyond 4 hours similar solution with a 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLE)
430°F 0 to 2 min
280°F 2 to 60 min
150°F > 60 min
45 psig 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 45
to 0 psig 30 to 60 min
0 psig > 60 min
3 x 10° rads +0 yr dose

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA
282:10F
280-1500F
1500F
1500F
180 min to 14 days
45 paig
45 0 paig
13.5 paig
150 min to 14 days
150 min to 14 days

Radiation Exposure 2 x 10⁸ rads

Spray - 15,000 ppm boric acid buffered to a pH of 10.5 with NaOH solution for 4 hours. Spray density = 0.15 gpm per ft².

MSLB

As above

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

120 days @ 150 F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA & MSLB

After test, transmitter functioned properly. Manufacturers normal environment is rated to 300°F.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

± 5% of range

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA & MSLB

1.3% after test

LOCA & MSLB

Test - Sequential Badiation and Environmental Exposure. Spray Exposure performed on a separate instrument.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA & MSLB

Franklin Institute Research Laboratories (FIRL) Report F-C3834 Isomedix Inc. Test Report dated Nov. 1975.

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

None

MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

Test Temperature of 282°F is below accident temperature of 430°F

B. Solution:

As measured by thermocouple on circuit board, internal components reached qualification temperature 282°F only after 27 minute exposure to 450°F. Actual reg'd exposure at 450°F is 2 minutes, therefore, qualification is satisfactory.

NAMCO Model EA - 180 Limit Switches Located on the following Control Valves

TV-ED 100B, D, F	Steam gen blowdown
TV-CC 101B	R.C.P. Therm barrier
TV-00 102B, D, F	R.C.P. Return header
TV-CC 105A, B, C	Cont. Recirc Air Coils
TV-DA 100B	React cont sump pp disch
TV-DG 100B	Pri Drn. xfer pp disch
TV-RM 1000	Limit sw on ty rm 1000
TV-VG 100B	Pri drn xfer tk vent
TV-SS 100A	Pressure liquid space
TV-SS 101A	Pressure vapor space
TV-SS 102A	Primary coolant cold leg
TV-SS 104A	Press, relief tank gas sp
TV-8S 106A	Primary coolant hot leg
TV-SS 112A	St gen surface sample
TV-50 2008, D. F	Steam gen blowdown
TV-CC 2018	R.C.P. Therm barrier
TV-CC 202B, D, F	R.C.P. Return header
TV-CC 205A, B, C	Cont. Recirc Air Coils
TV-DA 2008	React cont sump pp disch
TV-DG 200B	Pri drn. xfer pp disch
TV-RM 2000	Limit sw on tw rm 2000
TV-VG 2008	Pri drn xfer tk vent
TV-SS 200A	Pressure liquid space
TV-SS 201A	Pressure vapor space
TV-SS 202A	Primary coolant cold leg
TV-SS 204A	Press relief tank gas sp
TV-8S 206A	Primary Coolant hot Leg
TV-SS 212A	St gen surface sample

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) 2800p 0 to 30 min Reduce from 28009 to 150°F 30 to 50 min >50 min 45 paig 0 to 30 min Reduce from 45 to 0 paig 30 to 60 min 0 psig 7 7.2 x 10 rads(1) > 60 min Spray: 0-4 hrs solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered a pii of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH+4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9

Main Steam Line Break (MLB)
430°F 0 to 2 min
280°F 2 to 60 min
150°F > 60 min
45 psig 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 45
to 0 psig 30 to 60 min
0 psig > 60 min
3 x 10° rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED LOCA

Heat aging @ 200°F for 200 hrs, mechanical aging 100,000 cycles under electrical load

O to 3 hr

Heduce from 340°F
to 120°F
SEQUENCE REPEATED
250°F
250°F
3.5 to 3.0 days
70 psi
0 to 8 hrs
10 psi
8 hrs to 30 days

Radiation Exposure 2.04 x 10⁸ rads

Spray: Boric acid and water buffered to a pH of 10-11 with NaOH solution for 4 days, water spray for 25 days, spray density = .015 gpm/ft²

MSLB

Maximum surface temperature is 285°F per ESG calculation 11712-25-197-0 dated 3-16-76 and is well below qualification temperature Radiation Exposure see LOCA Test.

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

Valve to close within 60 seconds of isolation signal; switches shall not fail so as to reopen valves.

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA & MSLE
Limit switches shown to operate
after sequential testing.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS Not required

LOCA

Sequential Test

MSLB

Calculation

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Report Entitled:

"Qualification of NA-CO controls limit switch Mode EA-130 to IEEE Standards 344 ('75) 323 ('74) and 382 ('72)" dated 3-3-78 and revised 4-7-78

MSLB

ESG Calculation 11712-ES-197-0 dated 3-16-78

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application
- Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined from vendor's records.

P.O. NA-176/1176
Notor control Centers
(Klockner Noeller)
MCC-2H1-2N
MCC-2H1-2N
MCC-2H1-2N
MCC-2H1-2N
MCC-1H1-2N
MCC-1H1-2N
MCC-1H1-2N

Auxilary Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10° rads (based on 120 day

LOCA). In addition, the 400 year

rads must be considered for a total

possible radiation dose of 1.04 x

10° rads.

Mornal Environment

system.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALLETED

70° - 120°F Area has temperature munitors & class IE redundant ventilation

Minimum total integrated dose of 1.4 x 10° rads of gamma source radiation.

Normal Environment

Equipment rating 32 - 104°F

Loss of Coolent Accident (LOCA)

OPENABILITY HEX ULINEMENTS

1.04 x 100 rads

Normal Environment

76° to 120°E

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) OPERABILITY DESCRIPTION

1,4 x 10° rads

Normal Environment

30+10408

SINGNOSTUÇBE KOMUNDON

Test

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards NEMA ICS(1974) Sect. 1-108.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Klockner-Moeller Letter dated 3/16/79

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-213

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification document is in letter form (i.e. no formal test report with approved signature and date) and does not address:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instruments even though not stated would commonly be fly.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- 3) The letter is a summary of the radiation exposure test successfully completed on sample electrical components used in the listed MCC's. Certified data is available from Klockner-Moeller Corp. Fairfield, NJ.

Normal Environment

A. Deficiencies:

Normal abmient temperature may exceed MCC maximum operational temperature.

B. Solution:

Area is equipped with an ambient temperature monitor that will signal at $101^{\rm OF}$ and alarm at $104^{\rm OF}$.

Motor Operated Valves Limitorque Corp P.O. No. 194/1194 Flanged a Wafer Type Butterfly Valves

MOV-SW-108A, B MOV-SW-208A, B MOV-SW-113A, B (Component Cooling Heat Exchanger Iso.) Model SMB-0015

MOV-SW-213A, B (Fuel Pool Cooler Isolation) Model SMB-000-2 Auxiliary Eldg.

MOV-SW-103A,B,C,D MOV-SW-203A,B,C,D MOV-SW-104A,B,C,D MOV-SW-204A,B,C,D (Recirc. Spray Heat Exch. ISO)

Q.S.P.H

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

 5.4×10^{6} rads (based on 120 day LOCA) including the 40 yr dose.

Normal Environment

500 to 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

40 yr integrated - 2 x 10 rads

Normal Environment

120°F continuous

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

5.4 x 10⁶ rads

Formal Environment

L20°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

 2×10^8 rads

Normal Environment

120°F continuous

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

 2.0×10^8 rads gamma radiation at Isomedix, Inc. Parsippany, NJ.

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard USAS

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Limitorque Report No. B0003

Normal Environment

Limitorque VLVCO Nuclear Qualification for Safety Related Services NQDS 11/1/79 QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

P.O. No. 242/1242, S.S. Valves 2 1/2" and larger, Limitorque Corp. MOV-QS-101A, B, C, D MOV-QS-201A, B, C, D (Contsinment Iso.)

MOV-RS-155A, B MOV-RS-255A, B (Containment Iso, Suction) Model SMB-0-7-1/2"

MOV-RS-156A, B MOV-RS-256A, B (Containment Iso, Suction)

Model SMB-0-40 Safeguards Building

DESCRIPTION OF ERVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) LOCA

1 x 100 rads (based on 120 days LOCA). In addition, the 40 year radiation dose of 4 x 10⁴ rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 100 rads.

Normal Environment

70° to 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

40 yr integrated - 2 x 108 rads

Normal Environment

120°F continuous

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

1.04 x 100 rads

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

2 x 10⁸ reds

Normal Environment

120°F continuous

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

2.0 x 10⁸ rads gamma radiation at Isomedix, Inc. Parsippany, NJ.

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard USAS

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Limitorque Report No. B0003

Normal Environment

Limitorque VLVCO Nuclear Qualification for Safety Related Services NQDS 11/1/79 QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Pump Motors

F.C. No. 127/1127, Recirculation Spray Pumps, General Electric

1-RS-P-2A, B 2-RS-P-2A, B

Model 5K6328XC264A Safeguards Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10⁶ rads (based on 120 days LOCA). In addition, the 40 year radiation dose of 4 x 10⁴ rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.0⁴ x 10⁵ rads.

Normal Environment

70° to 120°F

Class IE redundant ventilation system

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

1 x 10⁸ rads

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

1.04 x 106 rads

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

1 x 10⁸ rads

Normal Environment

120°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Unknown

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards

NEMA MG1 & IEEE 112A

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Letter from Vendor C. Bell (GE) March 10, 1979

Specification NAS#44

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-44

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification document is in letter form (i.e. no formal test report with approved signature and date) and does not address:

- 1. Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2. Test monitoring sensors
- 3. Test facility
- B. Solutions:
- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ti%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined from Vendor's record;

Normal Environment

ON MANY WILLIAMSCALL LABORATE TO

Conax Corp. Penetrations + P.O. MA-313/1313 Reactor Containment Electrical

Pentration Assemblies

Type IA - Instrumentation
IB - Control
IC, IIA, IIE, IIC, IID and
IIB - Low Voltage Power
III - Triaxal
IV - Thermocouples

Inside & Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF SAVINGBRID

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 25009 to 15009 15009 Syst Ch 7 50 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min

0 psis 4,2 % 107 rads (1) Heduce from 45 to

0-4 hrs solution of boric acid (2,000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11.0 with NeOH beyond 4 hrs similar solution with a pH of 7 to 30 to 60 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

Pressure and Temperature

Pressure 45 psig 8 280°F Decrease from 45 psig to 0 psig and 280°F to 2450F 150°F + 20°F @ 0 psig 0 to 30 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min 1 hr to 10

hadistion Fied 0 & Aoh - AoDST

 1×10^3 rada games radiation minimum

Chemical Spray:
From 0-30 min. No chemical spray was introduced from 30 min to 10 days assembly was subjected to spray solution: Boron content was .23 molar as hypog NaOH = 5.0 to 8.0

STATEMENT

TOCK S STATE OCT

OFEMABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

TOCA.

5.4.=,/c/I 25509-190 hrs

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 429 days \otimes 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Penetration assemblies were tested by using a prototype with characteristics pertinent to each individual type. This was first exposed to radiation then pressure and temperature and finally chemical apray.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Conex report "Maximum Emergency Environmental Test Report for Electrical Penetration Assemblies" No. IPS-73.4 dated 5/13/75

Radiation Test almaraz service test comax report TPS-137.

Comex letter "Qualification of Electric Penetrations" No. 2 PS-511, P/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325 dated 1/5/80

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- pB of chemical spray was 5 to 8 for duration, not 8.5 to 11.0 for first 4 hr or 7.0 to 9.0 for remainder
- 2) Temperature range was 146° to 170° from 1 hr to end not 150°
- No calibration information or instrument error range was given.

B. Solutions:

- 1) The electrical penetration assemblies are fabricated from the following non-metallic materials; polyimides and polysulfone. These materials have been shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore we believe that since the LOCA sprey is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the penetration assemblies.
- Very short duration of temp, below 1500 when compared to total test duration makes this item acceptable.
- Typical instrument accuracy can be expected to be ±1%, tolerance on the pressure and temperature curves used will allow for this accuracy.

P.O Ma-313/1313

Resctor Containment Electrical

Penetrations

Comax Corp.

Item 1 of 2

Penetration Assembles

Type IA - Instrumentation

Type IB - Control

Type IC, IIB, IIB, IIC, IID and

IIF - Low Voltage Fower

Inside and Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Hain Steam Line Break (NSLE)
430°P 0 to 2 min
280°P 2 to 60 min
150°P > 60 min
45 paig 0 to 30 min
8 educe from 45
50 paig 30 to 60 min
0 paig > 60 min
40 price 45

PRATHOMOGRAL TO MHICH BOTTE, IS GOVERNED

87.8

280°9 0 to 30 min

Sange 292°9 30 to 50 min

Range 245°F 50 to 1306 ir

Range 57 to 0 to 30 min

55 paig 7 to 0 to 30 min

2.3 x 107 rade gamma radiation minimum

NOTE 1 - Temperature qualification by analysis per qualification Document #2.

OPERABILITY ESQUINDENTS

RUSM

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

100

5.4.P./c/I

Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 429 days 8 150°F

STARBISHTING TO

MELB

Penetration assemblies were tested by using a prototype with characteristics pertinent to each individual type. This was first exposed to radiation then pressure and temperature.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB

- CONAX Report "Maximum Emergency Environmental Test Report for Electrical Penetration Assemblies," No. IPS-73.4 dated May 13, 1975.
- FSAR Appendix 3 C "Safety Related Equipment Temperature Transients During the Limited Main Steam Line Break" and NHC Comment 7.17 of the same subject.

Comax letter "Qualification of Electric Penetrations" No. IPS-411, P/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325 dated 1/580

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MSLI

- A. Deficiencies:
- 1) Pressure excursion was maintained for 30 min duration not 50 min.
- During the text is QualificationDocument #1, no accuracy was stated for the instruments used.
- B. Solutions:
- Pressure should have no significant effect on the splicing material.
- Typical instrument accuracy can be expected to be tig, tolerances on the pressure and temperature curves used will allow for this accuracy.

Item 2 of 2 P.O. No. NA-313/1313 Splices (Field and Factory)

Conex Corp (Supplier)
Kapton Insulation
Inside & Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F 0 to 30 min Reduce from 2800F to 150°F 30 to 50 min s 60 min 150°F 0 to 30 min 45 paig Reduce from 45 to 30 to 60 min O psig 0 psig > 50 min 4.2 x 107 rads (1) Spray: O to 4 hrs solution of poric scid (2,000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11.0 with NaOH beyond 4 hrs similar solution with a pil of 7 to 9.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA
Spray - From O+ -240 hr spray continuously
with a solution of the following contents:
Boron content = .23 molar (1,900 PPM)
NaOH content = 10°4 to 4 x 10°2 MOLA1
pi = 7.7 to 7.8

10 x 107 rads garma radiation, minimum

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED(2)

Loss of Coolent Accident (LOCA)

10 days @ 146 F

Post LOCA operations do not meet operability requirements.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Splices were made using various representative cable types and sizes which had been attached to a prototype penetration assembly. The prototype was first subjected to radiation exposure, then temperature, pressure and chemical spray concurrently.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Conax Report "Test Procedure and Report on Electrical Terminations Subjected to Design Basis Accident Environment" No. IPS-107 dated

Radiaction: Almaraz Service Test Conax Report 1 137

Consx letter "Qualification of Electric Penetrations" No. IPS-411, P/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325 dated 1/5/80

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- Chemical spray solution had pil of 7.7 to 7.8 not 8.5 to 11.0 for first 4 hr.
- 2) Temperature below 150° to 140°, on various occasions during test
- The instruments and/or monitors used were not identified, also accuracy or error range was not stated.
- 4) Time, temperature envelope not adequate

B. Solutions:

- 1) The Penetration splicing material is a polyolefin material which has been shown to be resistant to all diluted alkaline solutions. Therefore we believe that since the IOCA spray is in the range of a diluted alkaline solution it should have no significant effect on the splice material.
- Overall temp was within test tolerances.
- Typical instrument accuracy can be expected to be tig, tolerance on the pressure and temp, curves will allow for this accuracy.
- h) The splices are qualified for 120 days @ 150°F per Comex letter "Qualification of Electrical Penetratices," No. IPS-411, F/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325, dated 1/5/80.

Edulation & Mask NO

P.O. NA-313/1313 Beactor Containment Electrical Penetrations - CCNAX Item 2 of 2 Optioes (field and factory)

Conex Corp. (Supplier)
Kapton Insulation
Inside & Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

- Salah - Berrina	(2) 60 Hz (10) (10)	Main Steam Line Break
30 to 60 min >60 min 40 yr dose	0 to 2 min 2 to 00 min > 60 min 0 to 30 min	

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

0 to 24 paig 45+ paig 0 paig 2.5 x 107 rads	19092 of 19095	to 294°F	800	.9
gazza g				A01-170
0 to 24 paig 0 to 30 min 45+ paig 1 to 30 min 0 paig 30 min to 240 hr 2.5 x 10 ⁷ rads gamma radiation minimum	>60 min to 340 nr	30 to 60 min	1 to 2 min 2 to 30 min	0 to 30 sec

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days @ 150 F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

L.V.P./c/I 255°F- 190 hrs Post 1684 thermal aging is equivalent to 429 days 8 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB

Splices were made on various representative cable types and sizes which had been attached to a prototype penotration assembly. The prototype was first subjected to radiation exposure, then temperature and pressure, concurrently.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB

- CONAX Report "Test Procedure and Report on Electrical Terminations Subjected to Design Basis Accident Environment" No. IPS-107 dated October 5, 1973.
- FSAR Appendix 3C "Safety Related Equipment Temperature Transients During the Limited Main Steam Line Break" And NRC Comment 7.17 of the same subject.

Commax letter "Qualification of Electric Penetrations: No.IPS-411, p/N 7280-10001-01, IPS-369, IPS-325 dated 1/5/80.

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENCED SOLUTIONS

MSL

A. Deficiencies :

- Pressure excursion was maintained for 30 min duration not 60 min
- The instruments and/or schitors used were not identified in Qualification Document #1, also accuracy or error range was not stated.

A. Solutions:

- During the LOCA test the pressure was held for the required time period.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application. Typical instrument accuracy can be expected to be 11%. Tolerances on the pressure and temperature curves used will allow for this accuracy.

P.O. NA-355/1355

Inside Recirc. Spray Pump Motor General Electric - 300 hp. 460 v. 1.15 S.P., Class H insulation, Model: 5K6319XJIB

1-RS-P-1A, B 1-RS-P-1A, B

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F
Reduce from 280°F
150°F
30 to 30 min
150°F
30 to 60 min
60 min
0 to 30 min
0 to 30 min
0 paig
0 paig
7,2 x 10° rad (1)

Spray: 0 to 4 hr solution of boric acid (2000-2100 pps borom) buffered to a pH of θ ,5 to 11.0 with NaOH, Beyond 4 hrs similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9,

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

Pressure and Temperature - 45 paig at 275-2800F from 0-30 min. Pressure was reduced to 0° psig at 100°F within next 30 min. During this 60 min. steam exposure motor was sprayed with chemical solution at 20 gpm. Motor was at full load throughout. Four cycles were run as described above, stopping motor between each cycle to take readings. At the fifth cycle till end of 7 days, temp. reduced to 150°F at 0 psig and spayed continuously with chemical solution.

Radiation - Motor was exposed to an equivalent dose of $2 \times 10^{\circ}$ rads at a dose rate of $4 \times 10^{\circ}$ rads of

Chemical Spray - Spray continuously 0-7 days with a water solution of boric acid, lithium hydroxide, and solium hydroxide with the following concentrations:

Boron - 0.23 molar (as boric acid) Lithium hydroxide - 1.0 x 10⁻³ molal Sodium hydroxide - 1.0 x 10³ molal

The above will result in a pil of 5.5 to 6.5

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 da; s @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

130°F - 750 days

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Motor was tested sequentially by first subjecting it to the cumulative radiation dose and then the steam/chemical spray with elevated temperature and pressure.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Topical Report on G.E. Vertical Induction Motors Inside Containment Recirculation Spray Pump Motors - Surry Power Station - Second Addendum to Cover Heat Aging, Radiation Exposure, Vibration, Steam/Chemical Spray Exposure Qualification Tests - Docket Number 50-280 and 50-281 by M.W. Sheets, Vertical Motor Products Section General Electric Company, Sal. Jose, California June 12, 1973 (pages 36 to 64)

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies

- Accuracy not stated in test report for pressure and flow.
- No accuracy given for any data gathering instruments used.
- Test report is not dated on signature page.
- Chemical spray pii levels in test do not agree with design levels.
- 5. Temperature varied from 275-2800F.

B. Solutions:

- The actual max pressure taken from the LOCA pressure transient profile (PSAR Fig. 2.4-1) is 36 psig. 45 psig is a conservative value and the test pressure accuracy is considered to be within ±9 psig.
- Accuracy of instruments, even though not stated, would commonly be ±1%.
- Test report, even though not dated on signature page, is dated on cover sheet.
- 4. Lower pH levels (5.5 to 6.5) maintained during motor test have been reviewed with regard to motor materials and it has been determined that the higher design pH levels would not have any additional effect.
- 280°F falls within the tolerance (265-280°F) of the LOCA temperature transient profile (FSAR Fig. 2,4-2).

P.O. NA-355/1355

Inside Recirc, Spray Pump Motor General Electric - 300 hp, 460 v. 1.15 S.F., Class H insulation, Model: 5K6319XJ1B 1-RS-P-lA.B 2-RS-F-1A.B

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

430°F O to 2 min 280°F 2 to 60 min 150°F PoD min 0 to 30 min 45 paig Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30 to 60 min 0 psig 3 x 107 rads > 50 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

40 yr. dose

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

Temperature - Motor was qualified to the design environment by analysis.

Pressure - See LOCA qualification for this motor.

Radiation - Motor was exposed to an equivalent dose of 2×10^{9} rads at a dose rate of 4 0.5 x 106 rad/hr.

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days @ 1500F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

130°F - 750 days

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MSLB

The motor was qualified by utilizing the LOCA qualification test results i.e., radiation exposure, temperature, pressure. A heat transfer calculation was performed (Ref. FSAR. Section 3C) to obtain the maximum surface temperature that will be experienced during a MSLB. This walue (271°F) was then compared to the value (280°F) that the motor was tested for. Since the motor was qualified for the LOCA at a temperature of 280°F, the lower surface temperature of 271°F proved the acceptable operation of the motor during a MSLB.

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB

- Final Safety Analysis Report -Section 3C, (pages 1 to 21)
- 2. Topical Report on GE Vertical
 Induction Motors Inside Containment Recirculation Spray Pump
 Motors Surry Power Station Second Addendum to Cover Heat
 Aging, Radiation Exposure, Vibration, and Steam/Chemical Spray
 Exposure Qualification Test Docket Number 50-280 and 50-281
 by M.W. Sheets,
 Vertical Motor Products Section,
 General Electric Company
 San Jose, California
 June 12, 1973
 (pages 36 to 64)

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MESTAR

A. Deficiencies:

- Accuracy not stated in test report for pressure.
- Test report is not dated on signature page.
- Pressure was maintained at 40 psig for 30 min and not 60 min.

B. Solutions:

- The actual max, design pressure is 40 psig. These motors were tested for 45 psig (ref. LOCA qualification for these motors). 40 psig is a conservative value and test pressure accuracy within 15 psig from 45 psig tested would be reasonable to assume.
- Test report even though not dated on the signature page is dated on the cover sheet.
- In the G.E. LOCA test, the motor was tested for five cycles at Appeig for a period of 30 min per cycle. Therefore, the 60 min MSLB requirement at 40 psig was exceeded.

Solenoid Operated Valves Automatic Switch Co., Model #NT8321A5

SOV-BD-100A,C,E Steam Generator Blowdown 150 Isol Vlv SOV-CO-100A,C,E Containment Recirc Air Clr Outlet - Outside Cont RCP Therm Barrier Return Hor SOV-00-100A SOV-CC-102A.C.E RCP Coolers Return Hor SOV-00-103A,B RHR Heat Exchange Return SOV-00-104A-1,2 RCP Coolers Inlet - Outside Cont A RCP Coolers Inlet - Outside Cont B SOV-CC-1048-1,2 90V-00-104C-1,2 RCP Coolers Inlet - Outside Cont C SOV-CV-150A,B,C,B Containment Vac Pump Suction SOV-DG-100A Pri Drn Kfer Fp SOV-3M-100A Radiation Monitor Nitrogen Supply Line SOV-SI-100A,B SOV-SI-101A,B Nitrogen Supply Line SOV-VG-100A Pri Drn Xfer Tk Vent SOV-BD-200A,C,E Steam Generator Blowdown Isol Vlv SOV-00-200A, B, C Containment Recirc Air Clr Outlet - Outside Cont RCP Therm Barriers Return Hdr BOV-CD-201A SOV-00-202A,C,E RCP Coolers Return Hdr SOV-00-203A.B RHR Heat Exchanger Return RCP Coolers Inlet - Outside Containment SOV-00-204A-1,2 SOV-00-2048-1,2 RCP Coolers Inlet - Outside Containment 807-00-2040-1,2 RCF Coolers Inlet - Outside Containment SOV-CV-250A, B, C, D Containment Vac Pump Suction SOV-DA-200A RC Sump Pump Disch Pri Brain Xfer Pump Disch SOV-DG-200A SOV-786-200A Radiation Monitor SOV-SI-200A.B Nitrogen Supply Line SOV-SI-201A.B Witrogen Supply Line SOV-W-200A Pri Drn Xfer Tk Vent

Auxiliary Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10° rads (based on LOCA). In addition, the 40 yr radiation dose of 4 x 10^{4} rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10° rads.

Normal Environment

500 to 1200F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Valves not specifically tested to 1.6×10^{5} rad integrated dose. When exposed to 5×10^{7} rad, leakage developed which exhausted the pressure vessel. Solenoid valves will have achieved their safety-related function within 60 sec of an initiation signal. The long-term failure mode will not reintroduce sir to a control valve, therefore, the valve will maintain its fail-safe position.

Normal Environment

320 to 1760F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

SOV will perform its function of closing the isolation valve within 60 sec of receiving signal.

Normal Environment

1200F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

SOV performed required safety function after receiving radiation dose.

Normal Environment

176°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

MANNER OF QUALIFICATION LOCA Test

Wormel Environment

Underwriter's Laboratory

QUALIFICATION INCURRENT Franklin Institute Research Laborstories (FIRL) Fest Heport F-C4539, Cetalog #30, Kestinghouse letter

Sormal Environment

ASCO. Catalog #30 page 9

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMPENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Failed during radiation exposure.

Solutions: 3*

When exposed to a radiation dose of 5 x 10^7 rads, some plastic inards of the SOV did disintegrate causing the valve to leak, However, the valve was able to exhaust its accumulated pressure and perform its safety function. (W Letter NS-SS77060)

Normal Environment

None

8 5	\$0-32-33	-SE-SS-03	25-25	TD-45-85-	- B-88-88-	ED-28-83	Mingray A	No. NA
(1771)	(E)	(101)	(2111)	(182)	(2,11,1)	(281)	TERRET	-pol/go-

Not Deposited Costs. Auxiliary Bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10° rads (based on 120 days
10CA). In addition, the 40 year
radiation dose of 4 x 10° rads
must be considered for a total
possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10° rads.

North and particularity

70 to 120°F Area has temperature monitors & class IE redundant ventilation system.

EMATEORNERAL TO RETURE BROTTLE TREMPORTALE

Loss of Coglant Accident

reter

Bornal Stylroment

-5500 or 1040A

10021-500

1.04 % 106 rads

OPENABILITY SEQUENCEMENT (LOCA)

Wormen Environment

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED
LOSS of Coolast Accident (LOCA)

Transfer and April 1905

-550 to 1040F

ACCERACY REQUIREMENTS

Loss of Coolant Accident

Tested

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard ANSI C37.20 Sec 3.1 QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident

Leter

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-34

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

Later

Normal Environment

A. Deficiencies:

Normal ambient temperature may exceed switchgear's maximum operational temperature,

E. Solution:

Area is equipped with an ambient temperature monitor that will signal at $101^{\circ}F$ and alarm at $104^{\circ}F$.

Marathon Series 200 and 1500 Terminal Blocks (Phenolic)

Connectron Type MSE-1, NSS-3, and PSU's Termical Blocks (Mylon)

Thermo-electric Terminal Block No. 3225 (Thermosetting Phenolic)

GE Terminal Blocks EB5 and EB25 (Phenolic)

Westinghouse Type T.AL Terminal Blocks (Nylon)

Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10° rads (based on 120 days 10CA) In addition, the 40 yr radiation dose of 4 x 10° rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10° rads.

Exceptions:

- a) Auxiliary Building Pipe Tunnel El 244'-6" maximum radiation dose 7 x 100 rads (1)
- Safeguards Building maximum radiation dose 5 x 10⁶ rads (1)

Mormal Environment

Most severe temperature will occur, for Cat 1E systems in Main Stream Valve House 40-12007

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Unfilled phenolic can withstand a gamma exposure dose of over 10⁸ rads and show minimal effects due to radiation.

Nylon can withstand a gamma exposure dose of over 10° rads

Normal Environment

This temperature range is well within the normal continuous service temperature.

OFERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

1.04 x 10⁶ rada

Normal Environment

400F-1200F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

Phenolic 1 x 10⁸ rads Nylon 1 x 10⁶ rads

Normal Environment

1200F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Terminal Block material was compared with identical material for the effects high level radiation.

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards Underwriter's Leb

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

REIC Report No. 21 Radiation Effect Information Center, Columbus, Ohio. Buchanan Product Manual Insert 2.1 Rev. 8/23/76

Normal Environment

UNDERWRITERS LAB

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

SOC

- A. Deficiencies:
 - Exact spec, of material is not available from most mfr.
 - Nylon terminal blocks, which are located in the auxiliary building pipe tunnel & sefeguards building, may not withstand the radiation level above 1 x 10^o rads.

B. Solutions:

- The general makeup by phenolic or nylon will not vary enough to effect the test results.
- Nylon terminal blocks will be replaced with phenolic or polysulfone in the pipe tunnel and safeguards building.

Okonite Termination Tape Field Purchased

T-95 Insulating Tape T-35 Jacketing Tape

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 280°F 30 to 60 min

150°F > 60 min

45 paig 0 to 30 min

Reduce from 45

Heduce from 45
to 0 paig
0 paig
7.2 x 10 rads (1)
5pray: 0-4 hr solution of boric acid
(2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a ph
of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH+ 4 hr Similar
solution with a ph of 7 to 9

Main Steam Line Break (MSLD)

150°F 0 to 2 min
280°F 2 to 60 min
150°F > 60 min
45 paig 7 60 min
Reduce from 45 0 to 30 min
to 0 paig 30 to 50 min
3 x 107 redx

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

FOC4

aged 168 hr at 121°C₃ Irradiated to 2 x 10°3 rada

FWH Exposure:

80 paig @ 3249 for 4 hours
15 paig @ 2529 for 7 days
Spray 10,000 ppm boric acid buffered
with NaCH to a pH of 10.5 throughout
the PME exposure period.

A series of transient cycles each consisting of a rise to a specified press, and temp, for a specified time and a gradual return to initial conditions, Following transient cycles 100 day exposure to live steam 0 paig, 212°F

WH Exposure:

Same as "Description of Environment"

OPENABILITY HEQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSILB

120 days 8 150°F

OPERABILITY DEWOSS MATED (2)

LOCA & MELE

212°F for 100 days Post LOCA thermal aging is equivalent to 2.9 years 8 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test - Sequential

MELE

Temperature - Analysis

Maximum calculated surface tempersture during limiting NSLB is 270°F which does not exceed qualification temperature of 32½°F given in Okonite Engineering Report No. 141.

Pressure and Radiation - Test

Refer to LOCA qualification

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Okonite's Engineering Report No. 141 dated February 29, 1972

MSLB

S&W Calculation ES-189
"Equipment Temperature Transient for Okonite Tape Splices" QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

DOCA.

A. Deficiencies:

Qualification document does not address

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

E. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.

 Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined Vendor's records.

MSLB

Same as above

Raychem heat shrinkable field splicing material WCSF type costed with Type-N adhesive

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F 0 to 30 min Reduce from 280°F 30 to 60 min to 150°F

150°F 260 min 45 psig 0 to 30 min Reduce from 45 30 to 50 min to 0 psig > 60 min 0 psig 7 7 2 x 10 7 rads (1)

Spray: 0-4 hrs solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOHO4 hr similar solution with a pli of 7 to 9

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

430°F 0 to 2 min 280°F 2 to 50 min - 60 min 0 to 30 min 45 psig

Reduce from 45

to 0 psig 30 to 60 min > 60 min O psig

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA & MSLB

Irradiated by cobsit-to gamma source at 0,27 Mrads/hr to total dose of 200 Mrads.

350°F @ 70 psig 5 hr 320°F @ 70 psig o hr 250°F @ 21 paig 24 hrs

and 0.2% Boric scid spray buffered to a Pi of to 2212 2212 22 25 paig 100 days

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days @ 150 F

MSLB

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED(2)

LOCA

212°F for 100 days

Post LOCA thermal aging is greater than 2.9 years @ 1500F

MSLE

See above

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

DOCA & MEUB

Combined thermal and radiation aging period followed by a simultaneous exposure to steem, chemical spray and gamme radiation

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

DOCK & NELE

Raychem Technical Report F-C4033

QUALIFICATION DEFICEBUCIES AND RECOMMENDED SCLUTIONS

None

BAULTHEAU DESCRIPTION & MARK NO.

Solemoid Operated Valves Automatic Switch Co., Model #8003025111

SOV-Birloof, Dar Stan Gent Blowdown Isol VIV
SOV-CO-1011B SHE SHEET BRITTER BR

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Cociant Accident (LOCA)

2850F 0 to 30 min

150°F > 60 min 45 psig 0 to 30 min Resource from 45 to 0 paig 30 to 60 min

0 paig >60 min 7.2 x 10 rade (1)

Sprage

0-4 hr - Schution of borio acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH >4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

45 psig 0 to 30 min
Rehner from 45 to 0 psig 30 to 60 min
0 psig >60 min
3 x 10 reds

CANTHONISM TO WHICH BUILT IS QUALIFIED

SENSE

13.5 psis

13.5 psis

13.5 psis

13.5 psis

13.5 psis

Radiation exposure 5 x 107 rads

F156

Encompassed by above LOCA test

PERMET ITY REQUIREMENTS

FISH & YOUR

30V will perform its function of closing isolation valve within cO sec of receiving signal. Failure of 30V will not cause valve to reopen.

CHERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

FISH & YOUR

Functioned properly for 14 Mays at 1500% after 50 Hrad radiation exposure.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

Sequential Test

Radiation followed by Environmental Exposure

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA & MSLB

Pranklin Institute Research Laboratories (FIRL) Test Report F-Ch939

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA & MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Valves were not subjected to a chemical spray
- Radiation exposure during test is below accident dose of 4.2 x 10⁷ rads plus 10 yr dose of 3 x 10⁷ rads.

B. Solutions:

- Valves not subject to spray since valves will have performed their intended function prior to initiation of spray.
- 2) Replace valves inside the crame wall prior to 10,67 yr exposure. Take radiation reading for rate of dose during plant operation. These measurements will provide a more accurate exposure rate and, thereby, increase or decrease the period of replacement.

Soleroid Operated Valves, Automatic Switch Co.

Model #178344A71

BOW-MS-111A, B, Aux. Feed Pump Turb Drive

Model ###8349411

SOV-MS-211A,B, Aux. Feed Pump Turb Drive

Main Steam Valve Building

INTERNITATION OF ENVIRONMENT

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

See Deficiencies and Solutions

Normal Environment

Area has temperature monitors.

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH BUILF. IN GUALIFIED

FISH

See Deficiencies and Solutions

Wormed Environment

Type HT suitable for smilest temperature as high as 1760F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

RIEM

SOV will perform its function of closing isolation valve within 50 sec of receiving signal.

Normal Environment

ROOF

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

MSLB

- a) SOV will have performed its function prior to failure.
- b) Pailure of SOV will not cause valve to reopen,

Mormal Environment

17602

ACCURACY ENQUIREMENTS

MSLB

Normal Environment

Underwriters Laboratories

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSLB

Normal Environment

ASCO Cetalog #30, Page 8

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

WELLB

A. Deficiencies:

SOV's will not withstend the Mile temperature. Solution:

*

SOV's will have completed their operation before temperature causes it to full.

Solenoid Operated Valves Automatic Switch Co., Model #HT830281U

SOV-DA-100A SOV-SS-100B SOV-SS-102B SOV-SS-104A, B SOV-SS-106B	R.C. Sump Pp Disch Pressure Liquid Space Isol Vlv PRI Coolant Cold Leg Sample Isol Vlv Press Relief TK Gas Space Sample Isol Vlv PRI Coolant Hot Leg Sample Isol Vlv
SOV-SS-112B	Steam Generator Sample Isol Vlv
SOV-SS-200B	Pressure Liquid Space Isol Vlv
30V-SS-202B	PRI Coolant Cold Leg Sample Isol Viv
SOV-SS-204A, B	Press Relief TK Gas Space Sample Isol VI
SOV-SS-206B	PRI Coolant Hot Leg Sample Isol Vlv
SOV-SS-212B	Steam Generator Sample Isol Vlv

Auxiliary Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10⁶ rads (based on 120 day 10CA). In addition, the 40 yr radiation dose of 4 x 10⁴ rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10⁶ rads.

Normal Environment

500 to 1200F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Radiation exposure 5 x 107 rads

Normal Environment

Type HT suitable for ambient temperature as high as $176^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

SOV will perform its function of closing isolation valve within 60 sec of receiving signal.

Hormal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

Functioned properly for 14 days at 1500F after 50 Mrad radiation exposure and will not misoperate if 80V fails due to radiation.

Normal Environment

176°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard Underwriter's Laboratory QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Franklin Institute Research Laboratories (FIRL) Test Report F-C4539

Normal Environment

ASCO. Cetalog #30 , page 8

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS LOCA None

Normal Environment

None

Solenoid Operated Valve Automatic Switch Co.

Model #FT83201A101

SOV-SS-103A,B SOV-SS-203A,B RHR Outboard Isol Vlv

Auxiliary Building

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10⁶ rads (based on 120 day LOCA). In addition, the 40 yr radiation dose of 4 x 10⁴ rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10⁶ rads.

Normal Environment

50° to 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

Normal Environment

Type FT is suitable for ambient temperature as high as 140°F.

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

SOV will perform its function of closing isolation valve within 60 sec of receiving signal.

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

140°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENT

LOCA

Bone

Normal Environment Industrial Standard Underwriter's Laboratory

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Normal Environment

ASCO Catalog #30, Page 8

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES
AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS
LOCA

SOW will perform its function of closing isolation valve within to sec, of receiving signal, Failure of of SOV will not reopen walve.

Kormsl Snvironment

Some

Raychem high voltage terminations

Haychem nigh voltage motor connectors

Sayonem Inc.

Outside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

LOCA

LOCA

1.04 x 10⁵ rads

OPERABILITY HEQUINEMENTS

I x 10^6 rads (based on 120 day LOCA). In addition, the 40 year radiation dose of 4 x 10^4 rads must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04×10^6 rads.

Normal Environment

40 - 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

F0C4

Terminations & Commectors

Irradiation of the materials in a cobalt ~
(O gamma source at 0,50 Mrads per hour to a
total dose of 2 x 10° rads.

Normal Environment

Terminations & Connectors Continuous operation -60 to 125°

40-120 F

Morsal Environment

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

2 x 10^B rads

Wormel Environment

-00-125°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

Test: Thermal aging followed by irradiation for HVT and HVMC

Normal Environment

Industrial Standards ASTM D476 TEER 48

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Reychem Report #71100 Revision 1

Letter from Raychem dated 4/24/79 and EPSERT FRO Raychem Report RT1508/1

Normal Environment

Raychem HVT catalog U-012 dated June 1976

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

- A. Deficiencies:
- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility
- E. Solutions:
- 1) Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be tip
- 2) Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application
- 3) Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined from Vendor's records.

Normal Environment

None

Soleniod Operated Valves Automatic Switch Co. Model THT8320A102

SOV-LMIOOM Cont. Press Taps

SOV-LM200H Cont Press Pags

Auxiliary Bldg.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

1 x 10⁵ rads (base on 120 day LOCA). In addition, the 40 yr, radiation dose of 4 x 10⁵ rads, must be considered for a total possible radiation dose of 1.04 x 10⁵ rads.

Normal Environment

50° to 120°F

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA Hone Horsel Hawironment

Type THT suitable for ambient temperature as high as 17.0F

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

SOV will perform its function of closing isolation valve within cO sec. of receiving signal.

Normal Environment

120°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

171 OF

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

· 随风景在西西西西西西西西沙中省市

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard Underwriter's Laboratory QUALIFICATION DOCULENT

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

ASCO catalog #30, page 8

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

SOV will perform its function of closing isolation valve within OG sec of receiving signal. Failure of SOV will not reopen valve.

Normal Environment

None

P.O. MA-83/1083

Rediation Monitoring Pump Motor Marathon Electric Class A Insulation

Hodel #305/21705184-W

1-St-P-5,6,7,8 2-St-P-5,6,7,8

Main Steam Valve House

DESMONTANT SO NOT LATED STATE

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

5,4 x 10° (1)

Normal Environment

40000

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

1003

1000

Normal Savironment

Zotot

OPERABIL DIY FEGULERANG

LOCA

5.4 x 306

Normal Environment

Agole

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA

None

Hormal Environment

KohoT

ACCURACY HAQUINAMENTS

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Industrial Standard NEMA-MG1

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

None

Normal Environment

Specification NAS-184

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

No nuclear qualification

- B. Solutions:
 - 1) Replace movor 2) Shield motor

Normal Environment

A. Deficiencies:

Righ ambient temperature

- B. Solutions:
 - 1) Replace motor
 - Provide area with ambient temperature monitor that will signal at 101°F and slar at 101°F.

P.O. NA 10/1010 Nuclear Steam Supply System Westinghouse Electric Comp.

Steam Generator Flow Transmitters

PT-1474, 2874 PT-1475, 2475 PT-1494, 2484 PT-1495, 2485 PT-1494, 2494 PT-1495, 2495

Rosemount Model 1152DPtA

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

LOCA 2800y 0 to 30 mir. Reduce from 280°F 30 to 00 min to 150°F 2 60 min 1500F 0 to 30 min 45 psig Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30 to to min O paig > 50 min 4.2 x 107 rads

Spray: 0-4 hrs solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH > 4 hrs similiar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

MSLB 4300F 0 to 2 min 2500F 2 to 60 min 1500F > 60 min 45 psig 0 to 30 min Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30 to 60 min 0 psig 3 x 107 rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

350°F O to 10 min 10 min to 1 hr 3100p 1 hr - 8 hr 303°F 230°F 8 hr - 50 hr ck paig 0 - 10 min 10 min - 7 hr 70 psig 1 hr - 8 hr 55.4 psig 8 hr - 50 hr 6 psig 5 x 10° rads

Spray: Hone

MSLB

See above

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

124 days @ 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

± .5%

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

± . 25%

LOCA & MSLB

Test

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

TOCA

Rosemount Test Report #117415

MSLB

Rosemount Test Report #117415

FSAR Section 3C and response to comment 7.17

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOC

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Radiation level

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%.
- 2) Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- Transmitters are good for 40 yr. radiation dose plus 200 hrs. into a LOCA. Optimum solution is still being investigated.

MSLB

- A. Deficiencies:
 - 1) See items 1 & 2 for LOCA.
 - 2) Temperature envelope

B. Solutions:

- 1) See items 1 & 2 for LOCA
- 2) Qualification test of 350°F for ten minutes, 316°F for one hour whereas the environment is 430°F for two minutes, then dropping to 280°F after two minutes. The temperature environment does not exceed qualified limits due to thermal inertia and internal temperature. See calculation # £5-169

BUILDMENT DESCRIPTION & MARK NO.

P.O. NA-10/1010

Nuclear Steam Supply System

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Pressurizer Level Transmitter

13-1459

12-1460

18-1461

12-2459

TIT-2460 13-2461

Barton 386/752*

Inside Contairment

*386/752 is prototype of 764. Lot I testing is applicable to prototype.

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

2800F 0-30 min Reduce from 2500F to 1500F 30-60 min ≥60 min 1500F 0-30 min 45 psig 30-60 min Reduce from 45 to 0 paig >60 min O psig

7.2 x 107 rads (1)

Spray: 0.4 hr solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH >4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

4300F 0 to 2 min 2800F 2 to 60 min >60 min 1500F 0 to 30 min 45 psig 30 to 60 min Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 260 min O psig

3 x 107 rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

0-3 sec 0 to 2800F 3-1200 sec 260°F @ 75 psig 20 min to 24 hr 2800F-2200F 2200F 1 to 15 days

Radiation: 5 x 107 rads

Spray: 1.14 wt % boric acid and 0.17 wt % NaOH

dissolved in water for 24 hr

MSLB

3800F @ 75 paig 100% RH

Radiation: 1.13 x 105 rads

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA

120 days @ 1500F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

LOCA

212 days 8 150 r

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

110% for 5 5 min

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

0 to 5 min < 5% Max. error 5 min. to 4 months 17%

LOC

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

West inghouse Electric Corp.

NS-TMA-1950

Anderson to Stolz

NS-TMA-2120

Anderson to Stolz

Test

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Radiation level to which equipment was qualified is below that of 40 yr plus LOCA dose.

B. Solutions:

LOCA equipment was qualified for a level of 5×10^7 rads. This means that equipment will be able to withstand the LOCA dose of 4.2×10^7 rads with a 8×10^6 rads level for normal life. Therefore, since the 40 yr life is 3×10^7 rads and this is a fairly constant rate, the equipment is qualified for greater than 10 yr. We will either obtain further qualification data or replace equipment before the 10th yr.

MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

Qualified to 3000F MSLB, peak temperature is 4300F.

B. Solutions:

Temperature qualification is acceptable since temp reduced to 280°F after 2 min, due to thermal inertia, internal temperature rise stays within qualified limits. See Temperature Calculation #KS- 169

E UTPMENT DESCRIPTION & MARK NO.

P.O. NA 10/1010 Nuclear Steam Supply System Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Steam Generator Level (Narrow Hange) transmitter

LT-1474, 2474 LT-1475, 2475 LT-1476, 2476 LT-1484, 2486 LT-1485, 2486 LT-1496, 2496 LT-1497, 2498 LT-1496, 2496 LT-1496, 2496

Rosemount #115DP4A

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Spray: 0-4 hrs solution of boric acid (2000-3100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH > 4 hrs similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

MSLE 4300F 0 to 2 min 280°F 2 to 60 min 150°F > 60 min 0 to 30 min Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30 to 60 min 50 psig 50 min

0 psig, 3 x 10 rada

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

LOCA
350°F
316°F
316°F
303°F
10 min to 1 hr
1 hr to 8 hrs
230°F
8 hr to 50 hrs
50 psig
10 min to 7 hrs
55, h psig
5 psig
8 hr to 50 hr

5 x 10° rads

Spray: None

MSLE

See above

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

124 days @ 150°F

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

± .5%

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

± , 25%

LOCA & MELE

Test

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

ACION

Rosemount Report # 117415

MSLB

Rosemount Report # 117415

FSAR section 3C and response to comment 7.17 QUALIFICATION DEFIFIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Radiation level

B. Solutions:

- Accuracy of instrument even though not stated would commonly be ±1%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with Industrial Standards for their type of application.
- 3a) Transmitters were operational at 5 x 10° rads, need further testing to assure compliance to the 7.2 x 10° rads. The results of the existing testing indicate that radiation does not adversely effect the transmitter.
- 3b) Replace with qualified transmitters.

MSLE

- t. Deficiencies:
 - 1) See items 1 & 2 for LOCA.
 - 2) Temperature envelope

Solutions:

- 1) See items 1 & 2 for LOCA
- 2) Qualification test of 350°F for ten minutes, 310°F for one hour whereas the environment is \$30°F for two minutes, then dropping to 280°F after two minutes. The temperature environment does not exceed qualified limits due to thermal inertia and internal temperature. Calculation #SS-1.9

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION & WARK NO.

OTOT/01-48 '0'4

Nuclear Steam Supply System

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Limit Switches for Valves

HCV-1200A,B,C - Regen E Outlet HCV-2200A,B,C - Regen H Outlet TV-1842 - Containment Isolation TV-2842 - Containment Isolation

DET-TH CONTRE

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLESSEE

Loss of Cholant (NOCA)

26098 0-30 min

Reduce from 26092 to 1509P 30-60 min
15092 +60 min
45 pais
Reduce from 45 to 0 pais
30-60 min
760 min
760 min

7.2 x 10 rads (1)

Spray:

O-4 hr solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with MaKH >4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

43099 0 to 2 min
28099 2 to 60 min
15099 >60 min
45 pais 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 45 to 0 pais 30 to 60 min
0 pais >60 min

 3×10^7 rada

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH SQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

1000

Heat aging 8 2009 for 200 hr, mechanical aging 100,000 cycles under electrical load

340°F 0 to 3 hr Reduce from 340°F to 120°F 3 to 5 hr

SEQUENCE REFEATED

25,00% to 3.5 days
25,00% 3.5 to 30 days
70 psi 0 to 8 hr
10 psi 8 hr to 30 days

Radiation Exposure 2.04 x 100 rada

Spray: Boric sold and water buffered to a pH of 10-11 with NacH solution for 4 days, water spray for 26 days, spray density = .015 $\rm Epm/ft^2$

100 E

Maximum surface temperature is $20.9^{\circ}7$ per 150 calculation 11712 - 35 - 197 - 0, dated 3/16/76, and is well below qualification temperature.

Radiation Exposure - See LOCA test

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

TOCK & WELD

Valve to close within 60 sec of isolation signal. Switches shall not fall so as to reopen valves.

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

FISH & NOTE

Limit switches shown to operate after sequential testing.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

W-14

LOCA

Sequential Test

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA

Report entitled:

"Qualification of NAMOO controls limit switch Mode RA-180 to IEEE Standards 344 ('75), 323 ('74), and 382 ('72)," dated 3/3/78 and revised 4/7/78

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Accuracy of variables and test data
- 2) Test monitoring sensors
- 3) Test facility

B. Solutions:

- accuracy of instrument, even though not stated, would commonly be ±1%.
- Test monitoring sensors, even though not identified, are assumed to comply with industrial standards for their type of application.
- Test facility, even though not identified, could be determined from vendor's records.

P.O. NA 10/1010

Municar Steam Supply System

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Valve Position Switch

HCV-1201 Ex Letdown

NAMOD IN SHOOK

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENTROPHIC

Loss of Cocient Accident (LOCA)

260°9° 0-30 min
Reduce from 280°9° to 150°8° 30-60 min
150°9° >60 min
45 paig 0-30 min
Reduce from 45 to 0 paig >60 min

7.2 x 107 rads (1)

0-4 hr solution of boric sold (2000-21000 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaCH >4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

4300F 0 to 2 min 2800F 2 to 60 min 1500F 760 min 45 paig 0 to 30 min 8 paig 30 to 60 min 9 paig 50 paig 50 min 50 min 60 min 60

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH BUILD, IS QUALIFIED

3 x 107 rads

TOCA

Not qualified

WSLLB

Not qualified

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

120 days 8 150°F

OPERABILEY DENDESTRATED

TOCA & WELLS

Not qualified

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

LOCA & MELB

None

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

None

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA & MSLB

A. Deficiencies

 NAMOD D-0400X not qualified for accident environment.

B. Solutions:

Limit switches provided for indication only and _ do not perform a safety function. Thus no requirements to be qualified for accident environment.

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION & WARE NO

P.O. No. MA 10/1010 Nuclear Steam Supply System Westinghouse Electric Corp.

BCP Sealwater Seturn

MOA-1380 Prescondin

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF MANUFACTURE OF THE PROPERTY.

Reduce from 280°7 to 150°7 ty paig Beduce from 45 to 0 paig 0 paig 7.2 x 10° rads (1) 2000A 30 to 50 min 30 to 00 min 0 to 30 min

Sprey: 0-4 nrs solution of boric acid (2000-2100) pps boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with MaOH > 4 brs similiar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

130°F 150°F 150°F 150°F 150°F 150°F 150°F 150°F (rads) O to 2 min 2 to 60 min > 60 min 0 to 60 min > 100 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

Peak temp. 340°F

2 × 108 Sisq 68

2500 ppm boric sold buffered with .24% NaOH.

TT356

as above

120 days 8 150°F OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

20c days @ 150°F OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

ACCURACY HEQUIREMENTS

Not required.

LOCA & MELE

Test

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

NCAP-7744

NS-CE-692

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES & RECORDENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

None

MST.B

A. Deficiencies:

Temperature envelope

B. Solutions

In accordance with 79-01B "Guidelines for Evaluating Environment Qualification" page7, paragraph 4.2.1, "Equipment qualified for a LOCA environment is qualified for a MSLB environment....".

DIOI NOTOL - NO. E EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION & MARK NO. Nuclear Steam Supply Pressuriner Pressure Transmitters Westinghouse Electric Corp. System

25.85 th 25.

Barton 763 (Lot 1) Inside Containment

> Loss of Coclant Accident (LOCA) DESCRIPTION OF EAVIDORSEE

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

Reduce from 200°F to 150°F 390°E 3 sied 0 Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 9-30 min 30-60 min 160 min 90-60 min 30-60 min

7.2 x 107 rads (1)

Spray: 0.4 hr solution of boric soid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with HsOH $\times 4$ hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

3000F 45 psig Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 0 psig 0 to 2 min 2 to 60 min 360 min 0 to 30 min 36 to 60 min >60 min

3 x 107 rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, DE STATTING ST

10052 01 20095 3184 64, 8 20095 20052 01 0 0-3 sec 3-1200 sec 20 min - 24 hr 1 to 15 days

Redistion: 5 x 107 rads - Games

Spray: 1.14 wt % boric soid and 0.17 wt % NaCH dissolved water for 24 nr

380°7 9 75 paig

Hadistion: 1.13 x 105 rads - Geneva

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

212 days @ 150°p

LOCA & CHA

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

110% for 55 min 5 min to 4 months 125%

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

19% for 5 min max. Error 5 min to 4 months

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

NS-TMA-1950

Anderson to Stolz

NS-TMA-2120

Anderson to Stolz

(Test)

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Radiation level to which equipment was qualified is below that of 40 yr plus LOCA dose.

B. Solutions:

LOCA equipment was qualified for a level of 5×10^7 rads. This means that equipment will be able to withstand the LOCA dose of 4.2×10^7 rads with a 8×10^7 rads level for normal life. Therefore, since the 40 yr life is 3×10^7 rads and this is a fairly constant rate, the equipment is qualified for greater than 10 yr. We will either obtain further qualification data or replace equipment before the 10th yr.

MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

Qualified to 380°F MSLB, peak temperature is 430°F.

B. Solutions:

Temperature qualification is acceptable since temp reduced to 200°F after 2 min, due to thermal inertia, internal temperature rise stays within qualified limits. See Temperature Calculation #85-169

EQUIPMENT DESCR. OTTON & MARK NO

P 0 NA-10'1010 Nuclear Steam Supply System Westinghouse Electric Corp RCS Wide Bange Pressure Transmitters PT-1402 PT-2402

wrtan 393 (Prototype of 7:3)

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

Reduce from 280°F to 150°F 150°F 45 paig Reduce from 45 to 0 paig 0 paig 7 2 x 10° rads (1) 30 to :0 min 30 to 00 min 0 to 30 min

solution with a pH of 7 to 9. Spray: 0 4 hr solution of soric ecid (2000-2100 ppm toron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH>4 hr similiar

Main Steam Line Break (MSLE)

430°F 280°F 150°F 45 paig Reduce from 45 0 psig 3 x 107 rads 0 to 2 min 2 to (0 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 10 min

ENVIRONABBIT TO WHICH EQUIP IS QUALIFIED

LOCA O to 280°F 280°F @ 75 psig 280°F to 220°F 220°F 0 to 3 sec 3 to 1200 sec 20 min to 24 hrs 1 to 15 days

Badistlon: 5 x 107 rads - Gamma

Spray: 1 14 wt % boric acid and 0.17 wt % NaOH dissolved water for 24 hr.

350°F @ 75 psig 100% NH

Radiation: 1.13 x 10 rads - Camma

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & NELLE

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED (2)

LOCA & MSLE

212 days @ 150°F

tion for 5 min 5 min to 4 months ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

5% for 5 min max. Error 5 min to 4 months

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

NS-T-A-1950

Anderson to Stolz

NS-TMA-2120

Anderson to Stolz

(Test)

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA

A. Deficiencies:

Radiation level to which equipment was qualified is below that of 40 yr plus LOCA dose.

B. Solutions;

LOCA equipment was qualified for a level of 5 x 10⁷ rads. This means that equipment will be able to withstand the LOCA dose of 4.2 x 10⁷ rads with a 3 x 10⁷ rads level for normal life. Therefore since the 40 yr life is 3 x 10⁷ rads and this is a fairly constant rate, the equipment is qualified for greater than 10 yr. We will either obtain further qualification data or replace equipment before the 10th yr.

MSLE

A. Deficiencies:

Qualified to $380^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ MSLB, peak temperature is $430^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$.

B. Solutions:

Temperature qualification is acceptable since temp. reduced to 280°T after 2 min, due to thermal inertia, internal temperature rise stay within qualified limits. See Temperature Calculation #ES-169.

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION & MARK NO.

P.O. NA-10/1010

Nuclear Steam Supply

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Solenoid Operator Regen Hx Outlet

HCV-1200A HCV-1200B HCV-2200A HCV-2200B HCV-2200B

ASCO #HTB300B64RU

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA)

280°F 0-30 min
Reduce from 280°F to 150°F 30-60 min
150°F >60 min
45 psig 0-30 min
Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30-60 min
0 psig >60 min

7.2 x 107 rads (1)

Spray:

0-4 hr solution of boric acid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with HaOH >4 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

430°F 0 to 2 min
280°F 2 to 60 min
150°F >60 min
45 psig 0 to 30 min
Reduce from 45 to 0 psig 30 to 60 min
0 psig >60 min

3 x 107 rads

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

LOCA

14500F 0 to 2 min Reduce from 460°F to 340°F 2 to 8 min 8 to 35 min Reduce from 340°F to 240°F 52 min to 14 days 1500F O to 2 min 129 psis 2 to 32 min 118 psia 32 to 34 min Reduce from 118 to 25 psia 52 min to 14 days 13.5 psia

Radiation Exposure 5 x 107 rads

MSLI

Encompassed by above LOCA test

OPERABILITY REQUIREMENTS

LOCA & MSLS

120 days @ 150°F

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

LOCA & MSLB

Functioned properly for 14 days at 150°F after 50 Mrad radiation exposure.

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

LOCA & MSLB

Sequential Test

QUALIFICATION LOCUMENTS

LOCA & MSLB

Franklin Institute Research Laboratories (FIRE), Test Report F-C4539

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

LOCA & MSLB

A. Deficiencies:

- 1) Valves were not subjected to a chemical spray
- 2) Radiation exposure during test is below accident dose of 4.2 x 107 rads plus 40 yr dose of 3 x 107 rads.
- 3) Time, temperature envelope is not adequate.

B. Solutions:

- Valves not subject to spray since valves will have performed their intended function prior to initiation of spray.
- Replace valves inside the crane wall prior to 10.67 yr exposure. Take radiation reading for rate of dose during plant operation. These measurements will provide a more accurate exposure rate.
- SOV will perform its function within 60 sec of receiving signal and will not misoperate if SOV fails due to temperature.

M-TOW

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION & MARK NO.

DIOI/01-NR .0.4

Nuclear Steam Supply System

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Solemoid Operated Valves

LCV-2460A,B - Letdown Line Loop 1 & 2

TV-1842 - Containment Isolation TV-2842 - Containment Isolation

HWC-1201- Excessive Letdown Hx Outlet

4500 HT-831654

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Loss of Coolant Accident (10CA)

2500°F 0-30 min Reduce from 250°F to 150°F 30-50 min 150°F >60 min 45 psig 0-30 min Reduce from 45 to 0 psig >60 min

7.2 x 10⁷ rads (1)

Spray: 0.4 hr solution of boric soid (2000-2100 ppm boron) buffered to a pH of 8.5 to 11 with NaOH 24 hr similar solution with a pH of 7 to 9.

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

1500F 2 min 2800F 2 to (0 min 1500F 2600F 260 min 2500F 260 min 2500 min 2500F 260 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH BOUTP. IS QUALIFIED

TOCK & MSITE

None

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

120 days @ 150°F

SEMESMENT PART ALL'ILLEVERACO

Bone

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

Not required

NAMES OF QUALIFICATION

LOCA & SELE

None

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

LOCA & MELB

None

QUALIFICACION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMPRIDED SOLUTIONS

LOCK & ASLE

A. Deficiencies . No qualification

B. Solutions:

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

Refer to MS-CR-755, dated August 15, 1975 "Fail Mode Analysis for Safety-welated Solenoid Valves in an Accident Environment" submitted to NRC.

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Nuclear Steam Supply System Westingbouse Electric Corp

HOS Temp Wide Range KTD

Bosemourt 17.KS

Inside Containment

DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

Main Steam Line Break (MSLB)

130°S 280°F 150°F 15 paig Heduce from 45 to 0 paig 0 paig

3 x 107 rada

0 to 2 min 2 to 60 min >60 min 0 to 30 min >60 min

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP, IS QUALIFIED

978d 99 8 8,002Ee Radiation 1 x 10⁸ rada

OPERABILITY DEMONSTRATED

Two weeks post MSLB CHEMINITY REQUIREMENTS

TISH ISDE SHEEK OV

ACCURACY REQUIREMENTS

to.24

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

10,26

MSLB

Comparison to Rosemount 176KF QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MELB

WCAP-9157

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MSLB

- A. Deficiencies
 - Qualified to > 320°F peak Temperature is 430°F

B. Solutions:

1) In accordance with 79-01B
"Guidelines for Evaluating
Environmental Qualification",
page 7, paragraph 4.2.1
"Equipment qualified for a LOCA
environment is qualified for a
#SLB environment."

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103	(LB)	1	
100			
Phone and			

4300F 1500F 1500F 45 pais Retuce from 45 to 0 pais 0 pais

 3×10^7 rads

Nuclear Steam Supply System

Westinghouse Electric Corp.

0 to 2 min 2 to (0 min >60 min 0 to 30 min 30 to 60 min >(0 min

OPENABILITY REQUIREMENS

30 sec Post MSLB

OPENABILITY DEMONSTRATED

30 sec Post MSLB

ENVIRONMENT TO WHICH EQUIP. IS QUALIFIED

Bosesount 17/35

805 Semp TE- 1412 S. D. TE- 1422 S. D. TE- 2412 S. D. TE- 2422 S. D. TE- 2432 S. D.

Sind on a Apoct

Againtion: 1 x 100 rads

Inside Containment

ACCUBACY REQUIREMENTS

=0.2%

ACCURACY DEMONSTRATED

\$ 0.2%

Test - Sequential

QUALIFICATION DOCUMENT

MSTB

RCAP-9157

QUALIFICATION DEFICIENCIES AND RECOMMENDED SOLUTIONS

MELB

A. Deficiencies.

Qualified to Work, peak temperature is 4300g

B. Solutions:

In accordance with 79-012 "Guidelines for Evaluating Environmental Qualification", 1982 7, paragraph 4.2.1, "Equipment qualified for a GOCA environment is qualified for a MCLE environment."