

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS (57 FR 366 78)

(92-3)

OSIO

Washington Office 1015 15th Street, N.W., Suite 600 Washington, D.C. 20005-2605 (202) 789-2200

'92 OCT -5 P3:34

September 30, 1992

The Secretary U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

> Attention: Office of the General Counsel Docketing and Service Branch

Dear Sir or Madam:

The Contract Administration Committee of the American Sociecy of Civil Engineers (ASCE) strongly supports the application of alternative dispute resolution techniques to resolve conflicts between parties. For many years, representatives of the Society have worked with the Construction Industry Advisory Council of the American Arbitration Association to develop and assess the effectiveness of many of the ADR processes. These methods, as identified in the Administrative Disputes Resolution Act (P.L. 101-552), can assist in unraveling contractual disputes and bringing the parties to a state of agreement or accord in a timely and cost-efficient manner.

A few months ago, ASCE joined with the Business Roundtable, the American Bar Association, The American Insurance Association, the American Institute of Architects, the Associated General Contractors of America, and seven other groups to establish the construction industry Dispute Avoidance and Resolution Task Force (DART). DART's mission is to reach out to the industry-at-large not only with practical information about alternative means of dispute resolution, but with promising techniques of dispute prevention (such as risk allocation, incentives for cooperation, partnering, and dispute review boards). DART has also created a database of all known design and construction industry dispute resolution and prevention materials, which is available to all interested organ? Stions and agencies for a nominal fee.

As listed in the August 14, 1992 Federal Register notice, opportunities for the use of ADR may arise in connection with Nuclear Regulatory Commission programs involving licensing, contracts, fees, grants, inspections, enforcement, claims and

9210080094 920930 PDR PR MISC 57FR36678 PDR



Civil engineers make the difference They build the quality of life Page 2 NRC Letter

rulemaking. We urge the Commission to adopt ADR techniques to the fullest extent practicable for agency activities.

If ASCE or DART can be of service, please do not hesitate to contact me at (813) 935-2333, or cal Jeffrey Beard, ASCE's Manager of Regulatory Affairs, at (202) 789-2200.

Sincerely yours,

Robert Del Re

Robert Del Re Chair, Committee on Contract Administration

Enclosures (2):

ASCE Policy Statement 256 "Alternative Dispute Resolution" Dispute Avoidance and Resolution Task Force (DART) Brochure

cc: Richard A. Coughlin, DART Executive Director

### ASCE Policy Statement

### ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Approved by the Professional Activities Committee on January 7, 1990. Approved by the Committee on Policy Review on March 7, 1990. Adopted by the Board of Direction on April 22, 1990.

#### Policy

The resolution of disputes related to engineering and construction has become increasingly complex, and litigation has failed to resolve these issues in a timely and cost-effective way. The American Society of Civil Engineers supports alternative dispute resolution techniques to bring these issues to a timely and costeffective conclusion.

### Issue

Resolution of engineering and construction related issues through litigation is not consistent with orderly project development. Time delays and the cost of litigation are frequently disproportionate to the issue involved and the major portion of cost is usually allocated to nonproductive activity. Alternative dispute resolution techniques have gained acceptance in the industry and their use continues to grow. However, recent years have noted an increasing tendency to mirror the legal process, which they tend to supplant. There is an evolutionary need to continue development of methods which produce timely and cost-effective solutions of engineering and construction disputes.

#### Rationale

The Society has participated for many years in the Construction Industry Advisory Council of the American Arbitration Association and contributed to many of the techniques used today in alternative dispute resolution procedures. There is a need to seek out methods of resolving disputes which speak directly to the problem, and in an immediate and cost-efficient manner. The use of arbitration, mediation and, to some extent, mini-trials has achieved these objectives. The continued development of new and more effective methods is encouraged.

### DART: A New Organization Seeks a Construction Industry Revolution

Disputes in the construction industry have become epidemic. The Construction Industry Institute has concluded that the U.S. construction industry is ill," and has complained that "lifigation related to design and construction continues to increase." The Business Roundtable asserts that the U.S. construction industry is one of the country's least efficient industries, and blames much of this inefficiency on the "adversarial dance" between the parties to the construction project, which creates "a constant state of confrontation."

It is ironic that the one industry which more than all others depends upon coordination, cooperation and teamwork among multiple participants, she the country's most adversarial industry.

In 1990 the Center for Public Resources Legal Program appointed a committee of outstanding construction law practitioners, corporate counsel, and leaders of the construction industry to take a fresh look at the special dispute prevention and resolution needs of the industry and the current state of the art in both dispute prevention and in dispute resolution.

The committee concluded that in recent years many advances in construction dispute prevention and resolution have been developed. However, the industry at large knows little about alternative methods of dispute resolution, and especially the newer and more promising techniques of dispute *prevention* (risk allocation, incentives for cooperation, partnering or team building, dispute review boards, and others). Consequently most industry participants do not use or look for contract provisions and techniques that tend to prevent disputes, or provide mechanisms for early resolution of disputes.

Seeking to reduce the impact of litigiousness on the nation's dispute-plagued construction industry, a number of high-profile organizations have formed the Construction Industry Dispute Avoidance & Resolution Task Force —  $D \land R \land T$  Public and private owners, design professionals, contractors and leading insurance and legal organizations are among its initial participants. They include the Construction Committee of The Business Roundtable, government agencies, the Construction Industry Institute, the American Institute of Architects, the American Society of

Civil Engineers. ASFE/The Association of Engineering Firms Practicing in the Geosciences, the American Consulting Engineers Council, the Associated General Contractors, the American Subcontractors Association: the American Insurance Association, the American Bar Association Construction Forum, the Associated Builders and Contractors, the Associated Specialty Contractors, and the Building Futures Council. Through these associations and societies. D A R T represents almost 90,000 firms and 224,000 individual practitioners in the construction industry.

H. B. "Bud" Scoggins. Jr., CAE, has been appointed Executive Director of the new organization, headquartered in the nation's capital in space donated by the American Arbitration Association. According to Scoggins. "The adversarial pendulum has swung too far. I believe. The level of litigiousness has risen to such a fever pitch that just about every party to a construction project adopts defensive, adversarial attitudes from the outset, and things just go downhill from there. The end result is a huge increase in the cost of construction and plummeting productivity."

"Architects, engineers, and contractors are forced to rely on defensive design and construction practices, which lengthens schedules, while increasing costs. Resolving disputes long after the job is completed also places a major burden on budgets, due to the cost of attorneys and the increased cost of insurance and bonding. It's ironic that much of what is done in the name of risk avoidance actually increases risks, and much of what is done in the name of cost savings increases costs."

James P. Groton, Esq., an attorney with the Atlanta and Washington firm of Sutherland, Asbill and Brennan, is a well known advocate of informal methods of resolving disputes and has been elected D A R T's Chairman. According to Groton. "Billions of dollars are being thrown away each year on disputes. It's terribly discouraging, especially so because we know what is causing the problem, we know how to prevent the problems, and we know how to handle most problems that do arise in a prompt, lair and effective way. As discouraging as the situation is, however, it will only get worse unless someone intervenes. In this case, that 'someone' is D A R T, and it is our objective to represent every sector of the construction industry through every significant association in the industry."

"So far, we have been extremely encouraged by the response. A group of insurance and surety organizations contributed the seed money to make D A R T a reality. Endorsing associations and societies have pledged significant financial support. Of course, this is just to get organized and cover the initial operations. We'll need far more than that to implement the programs necessary to achieve our goals."

D A R T intends to focus its energies on promoting greater awareness and use of a number of dispute prevention and alternative dispute resolution techniques that have been demonstrated to be effective on a number of projects. "Partnering and realistic risk allocation are two highly effective techniques for improving coordination, communication, and cooperation on projects," Groton said. "They help prevent delays, enhance quality, and encourage rapid resolution of problems that arise, with a *win/win* attitude." Scoggins characterized these and several other techniques as "total quality management" applied to the construction process and stated. "They're designed to prevent predictable problems, and they work."

As for alternative dispute resolution, Groton pointed to case histories that "show how multimillion dollar disputes can be resolved through mediation in days rather than years, at a fraction of the cost that otherwise would have been spent. And totally contrary to so-called conventional wisdom, it is possible for people who seem on the verge of One of D A R T's initial activities has been to build a database containing all known construction dispute prevention and resolution materials. Information is being collected documenting the successful uses of prevention and early resolution of disputes in the construction industry. D A R T will work closely with existing organizations, and especially owners of construction projects, to encourage greater use of these proven, but relatively unknown approaches to preventing and resolving disputes.

"Once we show people how well some of these techniques work, we can expect that lenders will begin demanding their use on the part of their customers. Insurers will be able to offer reduced rates for liability and surety coverage. That will cause some of the smaller owners and other participants to follow suit." Scoggins said.

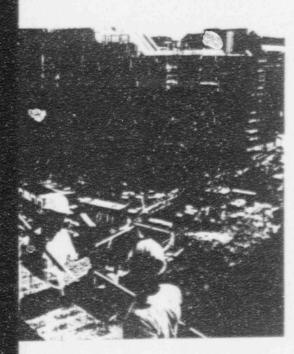
"Imagine a construction industry where all the various participants cooperate to achieve high-quality, completed structures on schedule, within budget, safely, and with no lingering disputes or animosities. It would take a revolution for that to happen, and that's what D A R T aims to achieve." Groton said. "With the organizations and people already involved, I am convinced it can happen."

A number of programs and materials are on the D A R T drawing boards at this time, and a major event is being planned for the fall, in conjunction with a new initiative the group is already planning. "I'm not at liberty to say any-thing about it at this time." Scoggins said, "but it will be significant. We anticipate participation from every element of the construction industry, and from the highest levels of government."

For more information about D.A.R.T. contact the organization at 1150 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036-4199, 202/296-5775.

To accomplish its goals, D A R T has established the following general objectives:

- Make all elements of the construction industry aware of proven techniques available for preventing and resolving disputes.
- Obtain the commitment of construction industry business and professional associations and societies to
  educate their members in the effective use of dispute prevention and resolution techniques.
- Distribute educational and training materials about dispute prevention and resolution to all elements
  of the construction industry.
- Secure the pledge of all parties in the construction process to prevent disputes, and to use early dispute resolution techniques.
- Convince members of the legal profession to become knowledgeable about techniques which help to prevent and resolve disputes and to assist their clients in implementing those techniques.
- Persuade publishers of construction contract documents and educational materials, and insurance and surety providers, to promote the use of dispute prevention and resolution techniques.
- · Stimulate research and development of improved dispute prevention and resolution techniques.
- · Develop initiatives to achieve universal use of dispute prevention and resolution techniques.
- Work with institutes of higher education (technical, law and business) to educate future members of the industry in dispute prevention and resolution techniques.



[DAR1] has been formed to promote awareness, understanding and use of private dispute prevention and resolution techniques and to encourage the use of these techniques as standard practice in the industry

DART represents all segments of the industry public and private owners, architects, engineers, contractors, subcontractors, sureties, lenders and more. All shure a common goal to declare war on unnecessary disputes and litigation. The DART logo represents this common goal and the partnership formed by owners, designers and contractors. DART has been endarsed by leading, organizations of owners, designers and contractors including.

- Construction Committee of the Business Roundtoble
- · Construction Industry Institute
- Building Futures Council
- · American Institute of Architects
- · American Society of Civil Engineers
- ASFE/The Association of Engineering Firms Practicing in the Geosciences
- American Consulting Engineers
   Council
- National Society of Professional Engineers
- Associated General Contractors
- Associated Builders and Contractors
- American Subcontractors
   Association
- Associated Specialty Contractors
- Notional Electrical Contractors Association
- American Insurance Association
- · Professional Liability Agents Network
- · a/e ProNet
- American Arbitration Association

Join your construction industry colleagues in neturning profitability to your projects. Join DART today DART

1150 Connecticut Avenue, NW

Suite 600 Washington, DC 20036-4199 (202) 296-5775 (202) 296-5795 (Eax)

James P. Groton, Esquire Chairman

H.B. Scoggins, Jr., CAE Executive Director MORE THAN \$60 BILLION IS SPENT ON LAWSUITS EACH YEAR -TOO MUCH OF IT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

DART

Exercise 24 Soften Propuls Kondarts and Receivers Took Socia - EACH \$1 BILLION SAVED CAN PUT 40,000 CONSTRUCTION PEOPLE BACK TO WORK

Excessive lawsuits are draining the financial and human resources of the construction industry, learning it a reputation as one of the most adversarial industries in the country. There are no winners in such litigation — everyone loses through reduced profitability, productivity and quality.

Changes and problems are inherent the construction process. But prevent

g such problems from becaming disput is when possible and using early resolution techniques when problems arise can significantly improve the can struction process and improve everyane's bottom line

The Construction Industry's Dispute Avoidonce and Resolution Task Force d early resolution are numerous. publication for property of the public sectors of rout sportest detroffering advected group. Then pro-The banefits of dispute prevention cooperation, partnering or leave risk on projects; providing incents rendoes require to observe capor can be naity resolution of disputes. These ists, negoticity, and medication somewhere you see build and the provention indonomous task force. DART offe to the process. As an independent Opply beasers or more of construcis disputes occur betweens porte

**WUNNUM** hely and accelerated payment, all of careadouctions in closers time, uncreasing sich lead to incrossed profits for ofersteonal satisfaction improved reased productively improved speak

\$50,000 to \$500,000 or more. Media ave can entail up to 30 depositions st \$10,000, a more fraction of the a other pretrick, trial and apprict langination of a typical construction ty. Attorney fees can easily run from of http://www. generally costs between \$3,000

sessioner and contractor to achieve mutual Justity Management [TOM] parallels the arolits for all. The recent move among all and trenshicial goals ing a relationship between the owner, second transformer print models and approximate hips at every level within the industry and inclors of the construction industry to Total ent. An integral pair of TCAM is instabilish unitrias throug fundiquasity to anstructed we these and address to provide the grassic DART's programs amplication that

# CASE STUDY

on its next project, award the time on \$60 million contract lad the owner to non-competitively duced its legal expenses from 130 per but developed positive relationships that by implementing dispute avoidance and than 10 percer in less than two years cant of division operating profits to less A major national construction firm react the firm hat only avoided litigation, esolution techniques. On a major pro-Carl State R

1

# CASE STUDY

the specific dispute prevent set objectives. They jointly developed ish the parameters of the project and subcontractors and suppliers porticipat The U. S. Army Corps of Engineers is ed in a partmening workshop to estabkives. The project designers, engineers, at Bonneville Dcm on the Columbia one of the greatest advocates of partshuction from to build disphragm walls use portnering involved a \$34 million nonogers, attorneys, superintendents, ontract with a Portland. Oregun contering. One of the first lorge projects to anter anter all

Indicate the state of the second state of the a There was no littlgation and outstanding at the conclusion of the proof the pro-

poperwork were reduced by 66 percent compared to similar projects

ject. Correspondence and case-building

to core than \$1.8 million on the \$34 million project. Auncuus (Buives Buineeufbue million,

hypical major construction project. 10 percent cost growth over the life of 3 3 percent compared with an average Control able cost growth was held to

has used partnering. The concept is now standard policy on the 19 projects on which the Corps To dote there has been no litigation

## CASE STUDY

Transportation used private dispute resthe loid was reduced by nearly 10 peer million compared to the estimate of \$79 63 feet in diameter. The bid was \$38.3 struct the longest diameter soft-sorth The Washington State Department of in the contract. million. The contractor estimated that olution techniques on a project to conesolution provisions would b - included ant due to the knowledge that dispute unnel in the world: 1,332 feet long and

The three year project was complet Dispute Review Board. In each Instance. three major disputes were submitted to a During the course of the project.

「「「「「「「「」」」 Age than 3 percent of the local project cast \$36.1 million was alignet 6 percents, below the bid. The cost of the Dispute Review Board was \$98,000, of test bit

# BENEFITS OF MEASBERSHIP

astrive to retorn profitability to you your opportunity to do something tion? Restore communication, construction. DART membership iordination and cooperation in service in the second second second second

applications. Subscriptions to the Diswww.e.contenses.com.e.com.e.com will gain access to leaders in the field construction inclusity. DART members erss investment for only sector of the vie Resolution Digest and abstracts of esearch, training programs, successly on developments --- seminars. ublications contain the latest informa in on dispute avaidance and resoluon for meetings and conterences. Its luded in the membership yor presentations on the subject are A DART membership is a sound b

ship provides an appointinity to make grams are developed by consultation your voice heard on industry issues all elements of the industry DARE's pro Pulpasadas sucuroziundilo ana que leading committee appointed by the very sector of the industry. Member sociations and societies that represe DART policy is established by a

adang, and jobarte dispute resolution contraction, bottmaring or jection seaton Burgstord typeland we was early resolution of dispres. These Pultrosogo Apadová upvípur tantos young the lectroques for prevention to the provers. As an and a automotions task force, CART offe and Kingh n disputes occur between partie

auto/us Buty and accelerated payment, all al high lead to increased profets for or reduction in down time, increased shorecents are unserviced from p desaward watshaction, reproved recased peoplectivity, improved quick The benefits of dispute prevention

wasten autorap Burphyne sambing

urds, negotiation and electronian

(2)

\$0,000 to \$500,000 of more, Media nd \$10,000, a mere hadron of the se con enail up to 30 depositions Langement of a hypical construction other previal, sial and appeal inoutrost por . Attorney less can easily run from even Ty costs between \$3,000

Quality Management (TQM) parallels the and benefic of goold being nets sailed combraction to an hierowe multiing a valationahip between the owner. wohis for all. The recent move among all ent An integral point of TOM is establish shows breakly and used reaching anone ctors of the construction industry to Total unital though Buickydeap in analysich ps of every level within the industry and w those partnerships itomicite to greate DART's program and werecompleted and

## CASE STUDY

led the owner to non-competitively award the firm on \$80 million contract on its next project. duced its legal corpenses from 130 perbut developed positive relationships that ect the firm out only avaided litigation, than 10 percent in less than two years A major national construction firm reby implementing dispute avoidance and esolution techniques. On a major procent of division operating profits to less Cipi Fale

# CASE STUDY

will the specific dispute prevent The U. S. Acmy Corps of Engineers is set objectives. They jointly developed lish the parameters of the project and ed in a partnering workshop to estabkiver. The project designers, engineers, subcontractors and suppliers participatat Bonneville Dans on the Columbia struction from to build diaphrogen wolls one of the greatest advocates of partcontract with a Portland, Oragon conmonogers, adorneys, superintendents, use partnering involved a \$34 million vering. One of the first lorge projects to 「夜田湯 and a settle

Index sectors and an and a sector and a sect outstanding of the conjunction of the pro-Prid Tark

poperwork were reduced by 56 percent compored to similar projects

> to more than \$1 8 million on the \$3.4 million project. manufacture renging. ADS BUIL igs amounte

10 percent cost growth over the life of 3 3 parcent compared with an average ypical major construction project, Controllable cost growth was held to

has used parmering. on the 19 projects on which the Corps Now soundard policy To dote there has been no litigation The concept is

### CASE STUDY

Transpontation used powele dispute re-63 feet in diameter. The bid was \$38.3 the bid was reduced by nearly 10 pee million compared to the estimate of \$79 struct the longest diameter soft-earth olution techniques on a project to con-The Washington State Department of in the contract. million. The contractor satimated that unnel in the world 1,332 feet long and esolution provisions would be included ent due to the knowledge that dispute

The Bourd's recommendation was accepted. No disputes were litigated accepted. No disputes were litigated and ahead of schedule. The trianglet Dispute Review Board. In each instance three major disputes were submitted to a During the course of the project.

ed ahead of schedule. The final cost of \$36.1 million was almost 6 percent below the bid. The cost of the Disputs Review Board was \$98.000, or test to

which than 3 percent of the logal protect cash

and and

# BERIEFETS OF MEMBERSHIP

gentlement of or vinution approximation DANSON ICI CONSIGN NORT RESTORE CORD ad enough controversy and http: construction. DART membership coordination and cooperation a prohiobility to your

applications. Subscriptions to the Disress investment for any sector of the whites bores contains the istest informaanothe disjoute preventions and resoluute Resolution Digest and abstracts of on for mettings and conferences. Its construction industry. DART members vill grain access to leaders in the field nearch, saining programs, successfu on an drapute avoidance and resolu in developments --- semicropia, ajor presentations on the subject ore A DART membership is a sound b churched in the membership

ship provides on opportunity to make every sector of the industry. Member prants are developed by consultation our yours heard on Ovinesandar substruction and up il elements of the industry DART's pro associations and socialist that includes eering committee oppointed by the DART policy is established by a statisticy sites and