LICENSEE: Saxton Nuclear Experimental Corporation (SNEC)

FACILITY: Saxton Nuclear Experimental Facility (SNEF)

SUBJECT: SUMMARY OF MEETING BETWEEN SNEC AND THE NRC STAFF

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The licensee stated that the environmental report and decommissioning technical specifications would be submitted to NRC on March 22, 1996.

Original signed by:

Alexander Adams Jr., Senior Project Manager Non-Power Reactors and Decommissioning Project Directorate Division of Reactor Program Management Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket No. 50-146

Enclosures: As stated

cc: w/enclosures See next page

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UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

May 2, 1996

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Non-Power Reactors and Decommissioning

Derande Dougt

Project Directorate

Division of Reactor Program Management Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket No. 50-146

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cc: w/enclosures See next page

Saxton Nuclear Experimental Corporation

cc:

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Mr. William G. Heysek Licensing Department TMI Nuclear Station P. O. Box 480 Middletown, Pennsylvania 17057

Mr. Jack Wetmore, Manager TMI REgulatory Affairs GPU Nuclear Corporation P.O. Box 480 Middletown, Pennsylvania 17057

MEETING BETWEEN THE NRC STAFF AND SAXTON

FEBRUARY 29, 1996

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MEETING BETWEEN THE NRC STAFF AND SAXTON

FEBRUARY 29, 1996

NAME

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MEETING BETWEEN THE NRC STAFF AND SAXTON

FEBRUARY 29, 1996

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SNEC Facility Decommissioning Meeting NRC-Rockville, MD February 29,1996

Dr. R. L. Long - GPU Nuclear

Today's Agenda

-Introduction

Dr. R. L. Long

-Decommissioning Organization

G. A. Kuehn

-Reactor Vessel Activation Analysis and Removal

A. H. Levin (TLG)

-Cost Estimate, Schedule and Exposure Estimate

G. Griffiths (TLG)

-Radiological Controls Program

A. F. Paynter

-Radwaste Estimates and Characterization Results

B. H. Brosey

-Support Facilities and Radwaste Processing

R. D. Holmes

-Accident Analysis

B. A. Parfitt

-Decommisioning Technical Specifications

W. G. Heysek

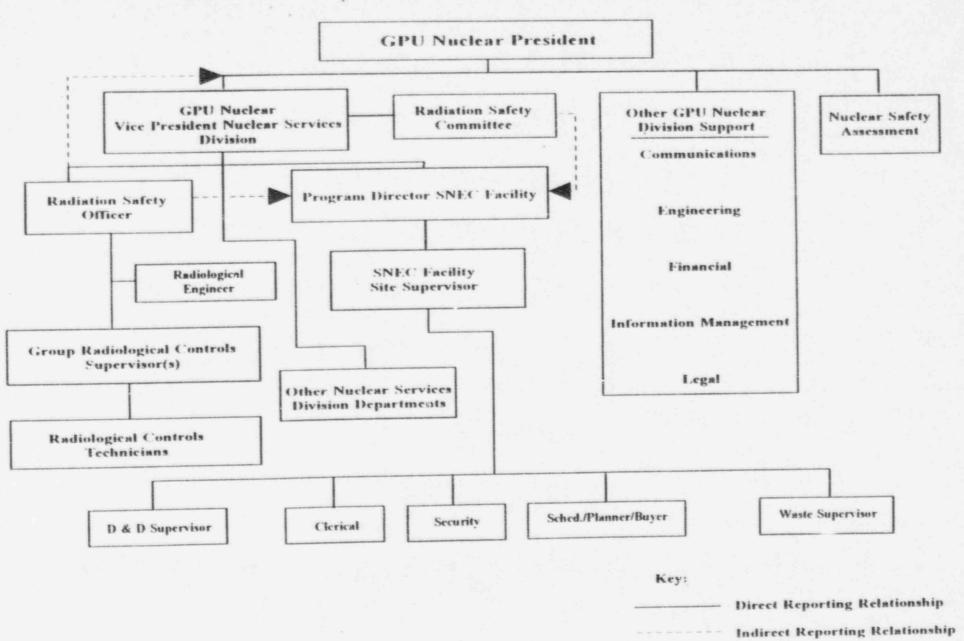
-Summary and Conclusion

G. A. Kuehn

SNEC Facility Decommissioning Organization

- GPU Nuclear will manage and oversee the project
- Strong central management
- Strong corporate level involvement
- Independent oversight and assessment
 - Nuclear Safety Assessment (NSA)
 - Radiation Safety Committee (RSC)
- Strong team with TMI-2 and/or previous SNEC facility experience

Figure 2.3-2
SAXTON ORGANIZATION - OPERATIONAL PHASE

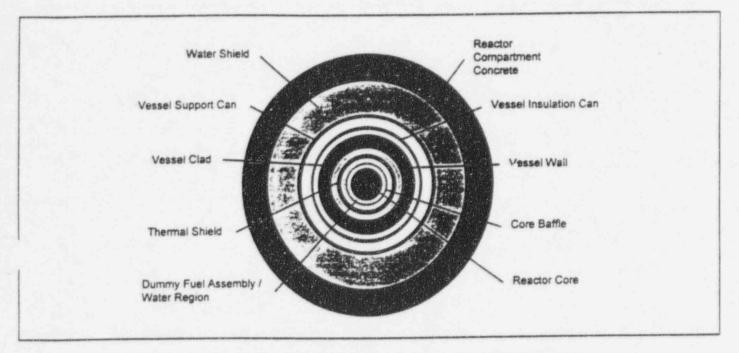


SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Models and Results

- One-Dimensional Neutronics Model Geometry (ANISN)
 - Cylindrical Source Radial Model
 - Slab Source Axial Model
- Point Neutron Activation/Depletion (ORIGEN2)
 - Actual Plant History-Three Core Designs

FIGURE 6.2

THE SAXTON FACILITY RADIAL COMPONENT ANISN MODEL GEOMETRY OVERVIEW



Component	Outer Radius, cm.	
Core Equivalent Radius, Sectors A&B	43.921	
Core Equivalent Radius, Sectors C&H	38.037	
Core Equivalent Radius, Sectors D&G	31.057	
Core Equivalent Radius, Sectors E&F	26.896	
Dummy Assembly / Water Gap	43.921	
Water Gap	44.012	
Core Baffle	44.965	
Water Gap	62.230	
Thermal Shield	69.850	
Water Gap	73.343	
Vessel Clad	73.660	
Vessel Wall	86.360	
Vessel Insulation	97.631	
Vessel Insulation Can	98.266	
Air Gap	102.870	
Vessel Support Can	104.140	
Water Shield	223.520	
Reactor Compartment Concrete Wall	269.240	

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Models and Results (continued)

- Radionuclide Inventory (1 July 1996)
 - 1452 Curies Total:
 - 811 Curies 63 Ni
 - 595 Curies 60Co
 - 37 Curies 55 Fe

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Models and Results (continued)

- Radionuclide Distribution:
 - Core Baffle (44%)
 - Lower Core Guide Blocks and Plate (28%)
 - Upper Core Plate (11%)
 - Thermal Shields (9%)
 - Balance (8%)

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Models and Results (continued)

- Activation Analysis Benchmarking
 - Point Kernel Shielding Analyses Using MICROSHIELD
 - Comparisons made to field data obtained during site characterization efforts
 - TLD Measurements (in and out of Reactor Vessel)
 - External Exposure Rate Measurements
 - Ex-Reactor Vessel samples
 - Concrete Core Bores

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis <u>Waste Classification</u>

- Reactor Vessel and Internal Package overall Class
 C Low Level Radioactive Waste
 10 CFR Part 61.55
 - Only one item Greater-Than-Class C (GTCC) Waste
 - Lower Guide Blocks are GTCC (32)
 - Blend Lower Core Guide Blocks with other waste using factor of 10 rule.
 - · Blend with lower core plate
 - Blending yields Class C Waste

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis One-Piece Vessel Removal Scenario

- Reactor Vessel (RV) and Internals are the radioactive material
- RV has a dual purpose:
 - Also serves as a radioactive materials package
 - Only additional shielding required is to meet
 49 CFR 173.441 external exposure rate requirements

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis One-Piece Vessel Removal Scenario (continued)

- Radioactive material qualifies as LSA-III under 10
 CFR 71.4
 - Overall weight of RV and internals is 5.6 E^{+7} grams
 - Overall 2.6 E⁻⁵ Ci/gram Specific Activity
- Less than 1 Rem/hour at three meters from core center line
 - Largest contributor to external exposure rate is RV wall, not from Internals
- Seek Vessel Qualification as IP-II

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Benchmarking of Activation Analysis Calculations

- Comparison to In-vessel TLD String Data
 - 10 Minute TLD exposure
 - Calculated results within 5% of measured results
- Comparison to Ex-vessel TLD String Data
 - TLD Strings at four locations (roughly N,S,E and W)
 six feet from RV centerline
 - Calculated results within 40% of measured result (Calculation Conservative)

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Benchmarking of Activation Analysis Calculations (continued)

- Comparison to external exposure rate measurements
 - Survey readings located at four locations
 (roughly N,S,E and W) six feet from RV centerline.
 - Calculated results within a factor of two of measured result (Calculation Conservative)

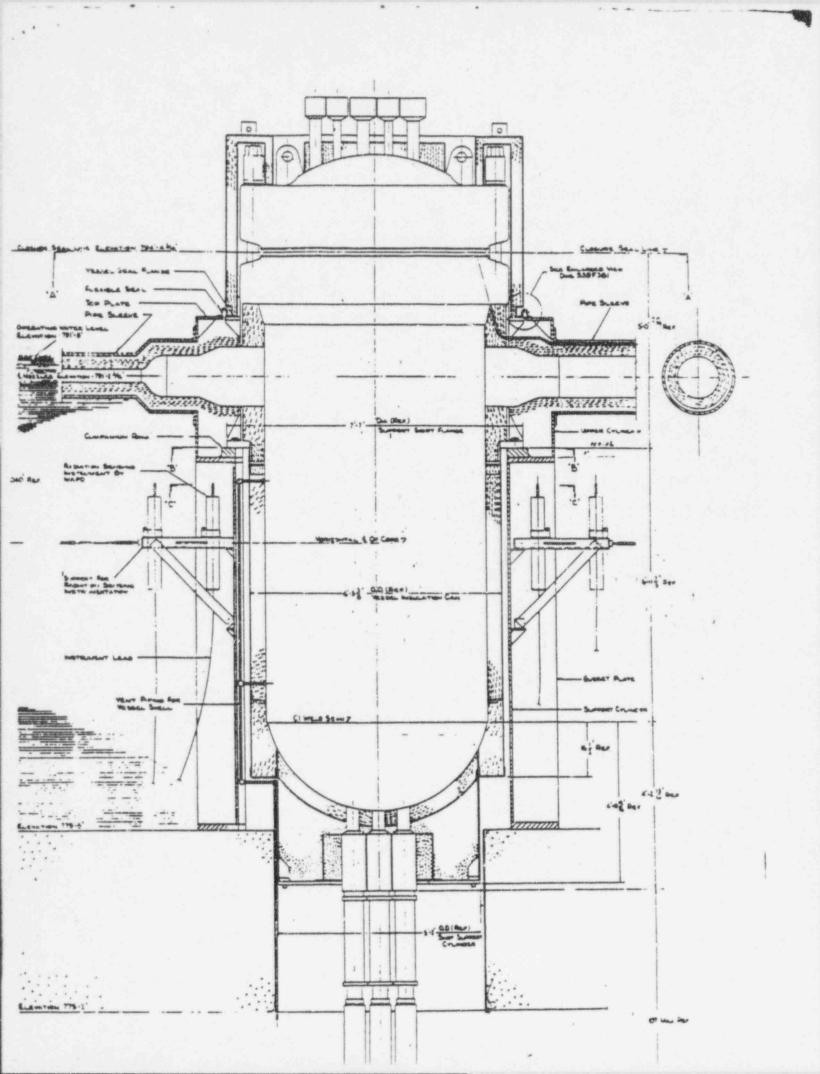
SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Benchmarking of

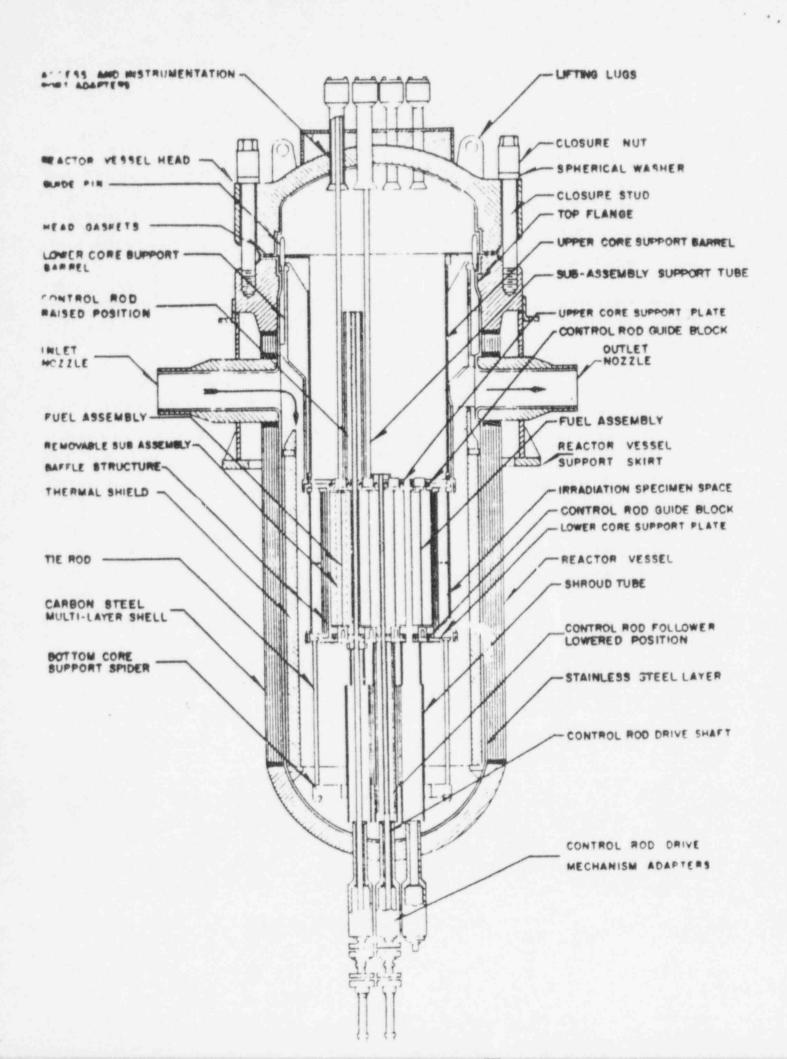
Activation Analysis Calculations (continued)

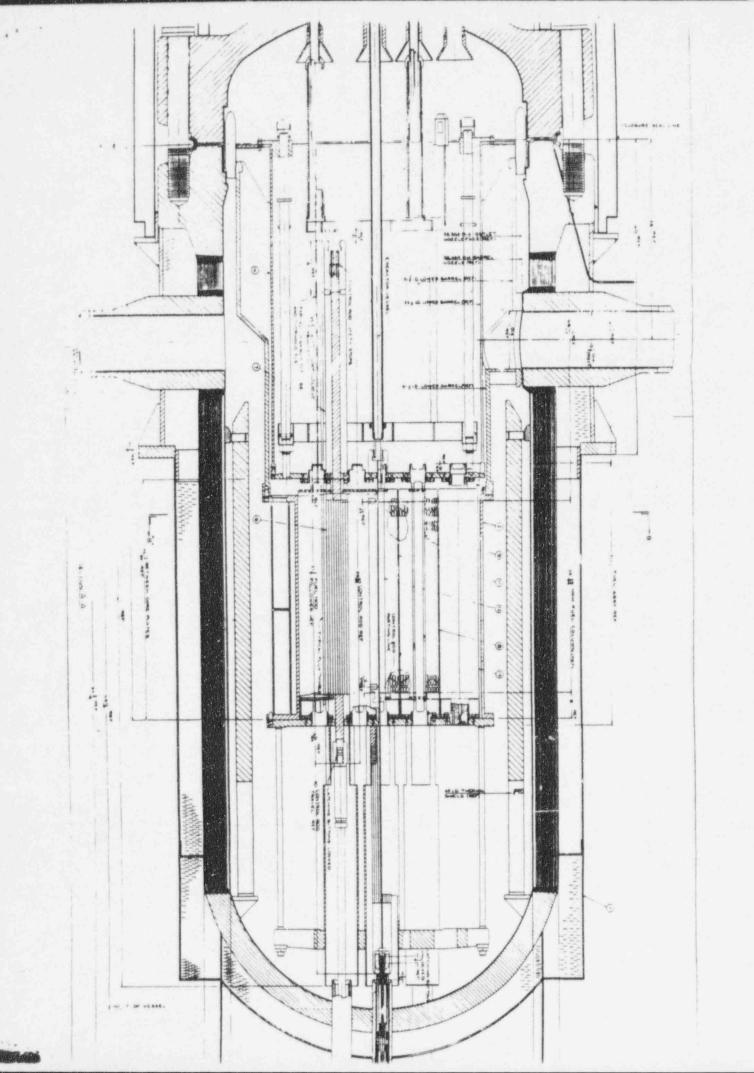
- Comparison to structural steel samples near core midplane
 - Structural stainless steel supporting Neutron
 Instrumentation, roughly 15" from RV Support Can
 - Part 61 analysis on steel compared to radionuclide distribution results from activation/depletion calcs.
 - Within
 - a factor of 2 for 60 Co
 - · a factor of 4 for 63 Ni
 - a factor of 16 for 55 Fe

SNEC Facility Activation Analysis Benchmarking of Activation Analysis Calculations (continued)

- Comparison to concrete boring samples and stainless steel samples from <u>above</u> the operating water level
 - Calculations underestimate activation by a factor of 10 to 20.
 - Likely cause Neutron Streaming in the:
 - RV Wall
 - RV Insulation Can
 - RV Support Can Annuli







SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Cost Estimate</u>

- The total estimated cost in 1995 dollars is \$22,200,000.
- Prepared in accordance with:
 - AIF/NESP-036, "Guidelines for Producing Commercial Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Cost Estimates"
 - US Department of Energy "Decommissioning Handbook"

- Provided for removal of all radiological and hazardous contaminants to levels which will allow the SNEC Facility and adjacent areas to be released for unrestricted use.
- Based upon remaining inventories of equipment, building structures and site characterization data.

- · Cost estimate is divided into 7 elements
 - Labor and related costs
 - Radwaste disposal and processing
 - Transportation
 - Specialty contractor services
 - Purchased materials and equipment
 - Installation of support facilities and systems
 - Contingency

- · Labor related costs are based on:
 - Activity dependent and period dependent events.

- Activity Dependent Labor Costs are the labor costs associated with physically decontaminating, dismantling and performing radiological surveys of systems and structures. These costs are developed from:
 - SNEC Facility systems and structure inventory
 - Actual GPU Nuclear labor costs
 - Unit cost factors (Crew composition and productivity for decommissioning activities)

- Period Dependent Labor Costs are the labor costs associated with managing and providing support to the workforce doing the physical work. These costs are developed from:
 - Schedules to complete the project
 - Types of activities occurring during "PHASES" of the project
 - Actual GPU Nuclear labor costs
 - Size of the workforce

- Radwaste Disposal and Processing Costs account for the direct costs of off-site processing of waste (ie.. volume reduction) and/or the disposal of waste in a licensed burial facility. Radwaste disposal and processing is assumed to be subcontracted to licensed vendors. These costs were developed from:
 - Inventory of contaminated systems and structures
 - Waste disposal and processing costs (vendor provided)
 - Waste characteristics (ie..curie surcharges, and etc.)

- Transportation Costs account for the direct costs associated with transporting waste to the disposal facility or the waste processing facility.
 Transportation services are assumed to be subcontracted. These costs were developed from:
 - Quantities of waste material
 - Published tariffs from a nationally recognized carrier licensed to transport radioactive material
 - Actual mileage

- Specialty Contractor Services Costs account for the direct costs associated with providing unique decommissioning services. These services are assumed to be subcontracted. These costs include and were developed from:
 - RV and Steam Generator packaging costs
 - RV and Steam Generator heavy lift costs
 - NRC Services
 - An allowance for procuring outside consulting and review services

- Installation of Support Facilities and System Costs are the direct costs of contracting facilities required to support the decommissioning project. These costs are assumed to be subcontracted. These costs include and were developed from:
 - Design and construction of a temporary support building
 - Design and construction of a RV lay down area

- Purchased Materials and Equipment are the direct costs associated with procuring materials and equipment or ancillary services necessary to support the decommissioning project. These costs are assumed to be subcontracted or outside purchases. The costs include and were developed from:
 - Equipment rental
 - Capital equipment purchases
 - Activity-dependent and period-dependent collateral costs (TLG's experience)

SNEC Facility Decommissioning Cost Estimate (continued)

- Contingency are the direct costs associated with resolving problems which may add to the costs of completing a project. These problems could include delays due to inclement weather, equipment or processing breakdown, late shipments from suppliers, or damaged equipment and/or supplies in transit to the site. Contingency values have been developed from the following source:
 - AIF/NESP-036, "Guidelines for Producing Commercial Nuclear Power Plant Decommissioning Costs Estimates"

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Schedule</u>

- The Decommissioning schedule is 100% integrated with the cost estimate. For planning purposes the project schedule is divided into four phases:
 - Preparation Phase
 - Operation Phase
 - Final Survey Phase
 - Site restoration Phase

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Schedule (continued)</u>

 Preparation Phase (1996)-Submit the decommissioning plan, receive approval to decommission SNEC Facility, procure equipment and consumables, and install temporary buildings and facilities.

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Schedule (continued)</u>

• Operations Phase (1997 through the middle of the 3rd quarter of 1998)-Perform decontamination, dismantlement and waste management activities to remove all hazardous and radiological contaminants.

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Schedule</u> (continued)

• Final Survey Phase (through the end of 1998)- Perform detailed, comprehensive and formal radiological surveys of the containment vessel and surrounding areas to verify the facility meets unrestricted release criteria.

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Schedule</u> (continued)

• Site Restoration Phase (First half of 1999)Includes the NRC review and approval (independent verification) of site unrestricted release status and the completion of site restoration activities, such as demolition of clean structures and filing below grade voids.

SNEC Facility Decommissioning Occupational Exposure Estimate

- The total estimate to complete the work is 31.8 Person-Rem.
- This is based on:
 - Actual characterization survey data results
 - Crew size, composition and types of activities
 - Applying ALARA Principles (dose reduction activities)
 - Support staff exposure
 - TLG's recent decommissioning experience

- Radiological Controls personnel will be trained similar to those personnel routinely supporting other GPU Nuclear Sites.
 - NRC approved training
 - Will meet or exceed qualification as outlined in ANSI N18.1 (1971) for their respective duties
 - Site specific training will be given as appropriate
 - Documented training records

- SNEC Facility will receive GPU Nuclear Radiological Controls Organization support:
 - Dosimetry
 - Calibrate and Maintain Radiological Instrumentation
 - Administer Bioassay Program
 - Perform audits
 - Additional technical support on an as needed basis

- All SNEC Facility Radiological Controls personnel have "Stop work" authority.
- Many Radiological Controls personnel have extensive TMI-2 Clean-up experience.
- All SNEC Facility Work Instructions (SWIs) will be reviewed by radiological controls personnel
- The Radiation Safety Officer concurrence is required on all SWI's

- The parent document for the Radiological Control Program is the SNEC Radiation Protection Plan
 - Rad Con activities are governed by implementing procedures
- · Radiological work is controlled by:
 - General or routine Radiation Work Permits (RWPs)
 - Job Specific RWPs
 - Formal ALARA Reviews

- Written Radiation Work Permits (RWPs) will set the radiological safety requirements for the work force.
- They are required in:
 - Radiation Areas
 - High Radiation Areas
 - Contaminated Areas
 - Airborne Radioactivity Areas
 - Per Radiological controls personnel

- General or routine RWPs are written for tasks that are routine in nature ie.. Management inspection, routine tours simple periodic surveillances and routine radiological surveys
- Job Specific RWPs are written when more specific guidance is needed.

- · ALARA Review criteria:
 - Any Task anticipated to accumulate
 1Person-Rem (TEDE) total dose or
 500 mrem to an individual
 - Any task which the dose to the skin, eyes extremities or other organs may be limiting without special controls
 - Any tasks in which the airborne concentration is expected to exceed a DAC-fraction of 50.
 - Any tasks that could cause an unmonitored radioactive release directly to the environment

- ALARA Review criteria: (continued)
 - Any task inside highly contaminated systems or components as defined by the RSO.
 - Any tasks for which the internal dose (CEDE) is expected to exceeded 500 mrem.
 - Per SNEC RSO

SNEC Facility Site Characterization "Estimating Waste Volumes"

Key Waste Volume Subject Areas

- Components
- System Piping
- **■** Concrete
- **■** TBD,s

S/G Waste Stream/Source Term Information

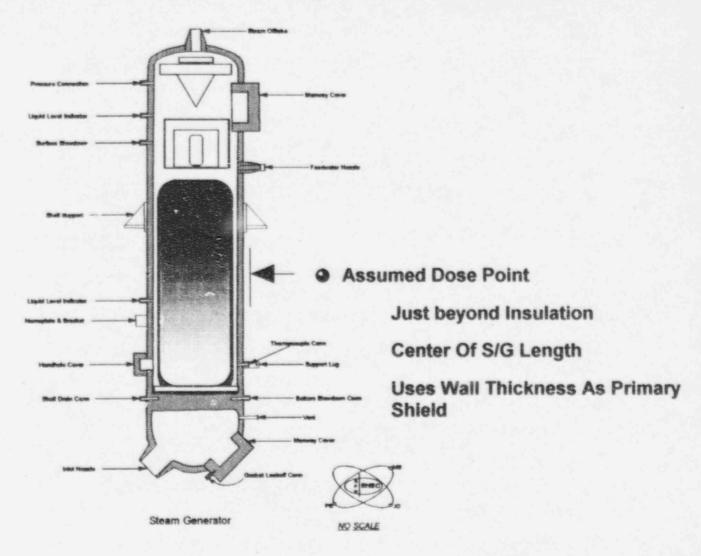
Three Waste Streams Were Used To Represent Source Term

> Material Collected From Outlet Side Of Steam Generator-Inside Lower Manway

Material Collected From SI System-Similar To RV Internals

Secondary Side Material

Steam Generator Shielding Code Modeling



S/G MS4.1 SHIELDING CODE INPUT VALUES

- Uses Average Exposure Rate Values Obtained From Survey Information
- Incorporates The Average Insulation Thickness
- Assumes A Homogeneous Internal Volume Density
- Assumes Wall Thickness Is Primary Shield

Estimate Of S/G Internal Activity

Additional Assumptions:

Insulation Is Assumed to Be Al At 0.6g/cc

Impact Of Background Radiation is Negliable

Activity Is Evenly
Distributed Within S/G

Piping/Component Radiation Surveys

Piping Measurements-Performed At 1 Foot Intervals For Selected Sections

> **Top & Bottom Of Horizontal Piping**

Two Opposing Sides Of Vertical Pipe Sections

Components - 1 Foot Intervals

Four Measurement Regions-90 Degrees Apart

SNEC Facility Piping

~7,200 Linear Feet Of Piping

~260 Cubic Feet

~15 to 17 Tons

~4.5E5 Square Inches Of Internal Piping System Surface Area

~27% Is Insulated (by footage)

~13.4 Curies

TABLE JJ-2

	TABLE .	3-2			
COMPONENT	AVERAGE ACTIVITY CONCENTRATION (uCi/cc)	AVERAGE uCi's PER 100 cm^2 FOR SCO	ESTIMATED CURIES		WASTE CLASSIFICATION
AREA 1					
SHUT DOWN COOLING HEAT EXCHANGER	4.26E+00	N/A	9.00E-01	0.21	TBD
SHUT DOWN COOLING PMPS	5.93E-01	N/A	2.52E-01	0.42	Class C
CONDENSATE RETURN PUMP	3.00E-03	N/A	1.00E-04	0.03	Class A
CONDENSATE RETURN TANK	1.13E-03	N/A	1.00E-04	0.09	Class A
DISCHARGE TANK	1.35E-01	N/A	6.27E-01	4.63	Class A
DISCHARGE TANK PMPS	4.36E-02	N/A	9.00E-03	0.21	Class A
SUMP PUMPS	2.68E-01	N/A	6.70E-03	0.03	Class A
STORAGE WELL DEMIN. SUCTION FILTER	3.82E-02	N/A	3.26E-03	0.09	Class A
PURIFICATION FILTER	2.21E-01	N/A	1.00E-03	0.005	Class A
STORAGE WELL DEMIN. DISCHARGE FILTER	8.06E-02	N/A	2.54E-04	0.003	Class A
CCW PUMP FILTER	1.40E-01	N/A	3.00E-03	0.02	Class C
ROD ROOM AIR HANDLEH	N/A	2.3E-02	1.50E-03	2.48	Class A
ROD ROOM VENT FAN	N/A	2.1E-02	TBD	0.03	Class A
CONTROL ROD DRIVES	N/A	1.2E-01	TBD	0.05	Class A
INSTRUMENT RACK 1	2.65E-02	N/A	3.59E-02	1.35	Class A
INSTRUMENT RACK 2	5.71E-03	N/A	7.00E-03	1.23	Class A
NEW FUEL STORAGE RACKS	N/A	3.7E-02	TBD	5.05	Class A
REACTOR HEAD INSULATION RING	N/A	3.6E-01	TBD	5.45	Class A
PUMP LEAKOFF DRAIN TANK	2.78E-02	N/A	6.60E-03	0.24	Class A
CONTAINMENT VESSEL SUMP VOLUME	7.38E-02	N/A	3.90E-02	0.53	Class A
AREA 2		, ,			
STEAM GENERATOR	6.04E+00	N/A	4.30E+01	7.12	Class C
PRESSURIZER	3.86E+00	N/A	2.47E+01	6.41	Class C
MAIN COOLANT PUMP	9.44E-02	N/A	5.00E-02	0.53	Class A
REGEN HEAT EXCHANGER	3.83E+00	N/A	3.10E+00	0.81	TBD
NON-REGEN HEAT EXCHANGER	2.15E-01	N/A	5.00E-02	0.23	Class C
INSTRUMENT RACK	4.71E-03	N/A	1.09E-02	2.32	Class A
AIR HANDLER IN OVERHEAD (see Primary)	N/A	1.1E+00	TBD	0.68	Class A
PRIMARY AIR HANDLER	N/A	1.1E+00	TBD	3.60	Class A

TBD - To Be Determined At A Later Time.

SCO - Surface Contaminated Object.

TABLE J.J-2

COMPONENT	AVERAGE ACTIVITY CONCENTRATION (uCi/cc)	AVERAGE uCi's PER 100 cm^2 (SCO)	ESTIMATED CURIES	CUBIC METERS	WASTE CLASSIFICATION
AREA 3	The second second second			0.40	Člass A
STORAGE WELL HEAT EXCHANGER	3.98E-02	N/A	4.00E-03		
STORAGE WELL PUMPS	4.01E-03	N/A	2.00E-03	0.50	Class A
COMPONENT COOLING HEAT EXCHANGER	9.48E-03	N/A	9.50E-03	1.00	Class A
COMPONENT COOLING HEAT EXCHANGE	1.32E-02	N/A	1.30E-03	0.10	Class A
COMPONENT COOLING STORAGE TANK	8.71E-03	N/A	3.70E-03	0.42	Class A
COMPONENT COOLING PUMPS		1.8E-01	TBD	0.93	Class A
INCORE INSTRUMENT DRIVES	N/A			0.74	Class A
AUXILIARY AIR HANDLER	N/A	3.6E-01	TBD		Class A
OPERATING FLOOR AIR HANDLER	N/A	6.3E-01	TBD	5.62	CIASS A

AVERAGE	AVERAGE	
ACTIVITY	uCi's PER	
CONCENTRATION	100 cm ^ 2	ESTIMATED

WASTE

COMPONENT	(uCi/cc)	(SCO)	CURIES	CUBIC METERS	CLASSIFICATION
AREA 4		1		140.00	Cl A
POLAR CRANE	N/A	8.7E-02	and the second section of the second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the section of	113.27	Class A
REFUELING BRIDGE	N/A	2.4E-02	TBD	0.68	Class A
SMALL CONTAMINATED PUMP	2.56E - 03	N/A	1.00E-04	0.04	Class A
LARGE CONTAMINATED PUMPS	6.23E-04	N/A	2.00E-04	0.32	Class A
ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION BOX	N/A	1.6E-02	TBD	0.91	Class A
	N/A	4.2E-02		4.58	Class A
EQUIPMENT HATCH TROLLEY	N/A	8.4E-02		0.19	Class A
TOOL RACK	N/A	8.4E-02		0.10	Class A
FUEL HANDLING TOOLS		1.5E-03		4.25	
TELEFLEX SHIELD (Steel Section)	N/A		The second secon	2.98	
FUEL TRANSFER CASK SKID	N/A	1.8E-03			
HEAD STAND	N/A	1.8E-02		1.16	
LIGHTS	N/A	8.7E-02	Annual Control of the	0.70	
AIR CIRCULATING FAN	N/A	5.0E-01	TBD	0.51	Class A

TBD - To Be Determined At A Later Time.

SCO - Surface Contaminated Object.

COMPONENT	AVERAGE ACTIVITY CONCENTRATION (uCi/cc)	AVERAGE uCi's PER 100 cm ^ 2 (SCO)	ESTIMATED CURIES	CUBIC METERS	WASTE CLASSIFICATION
AREA 6			(Car. 1286)		
REACTOR VESSEL	1.13E+02	N/A	1.45E+03	12.85	Class C
REACTOR VESSEL INSULATION CAN	1.21E-01	N/A	1.08E+00	8.95	Class A
REACTOR VESSEL SUPPORT CAN	1.66E-01	N/A	3.03E+00	18.26	Class A
SPENT FUEL RACK	6.22E-04	6.0E-01	7.00E-03	11.25	Class A
BORIC ACID DEMINERALIZER VESSEL	4.15E+01	N/A	1.74E+01	0.42	TBD
STORAGE WELL DEMINERALIZER VESSEL	6.20E+00	N/A	9.70E-01	0.16	TBD
PURIFICATION DEMINERALIZER VESSEL	1.15E+00	N/A	4.80E-01	0.42	TBD
SPENT FUEL POOL ELEVATOR	N/A	6.8E-01	TBD	2.72	Class A
SUPPORT STAND	N/A	6.8E-01	TBD	0.45	Class A
INTERNALS RIGGING FIXTURE	N/A	6.8E-01	TBD	0.51	Class A
REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIGGING	N/A	6.8E-01	TBD	0.51	Class A
SUPER HEATED TEST EQUIPMENT TANK	2.05E-02	N/A	7.28E-03	0.36	Class A
GRATING (all areas)				0.004	
(Steel Only)			edest. Austra	M^3/ft^2	
15 4 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15		2.9E-01	1.46E-02	5.74	Class A
		Average	Total	Total M ^ 3	
GRATING (Rx Compartment)				0.004	
(Aluminum Only)		•		M^3/ft^2	HE DEST
		8.5E-01	1.16E-02	1 56	Class A
		Average	Total	Total M ^ 3	
STEP GRATING (all areas)				0.002	
(Steel Only)				M^3/11^2	
		2.9E-01	7.99E-04	0.27	Class A
		Average	Total	Total M ^ 3	
SITE CONCRETE	1.21E-03		3.70E-01	307.0	Class A
SITE PIPING	1.92E+00		1.34E+01	7.0	Class A & C
INSULATION	TBD		TBD	17.2	Class A
PROCESS WASTE GENERATED	TBD		Included	TBD	TBD
RV INTERNAL SURFACE CONTAMINATION	N/A		1.18E+01	N/A	Included With RV
TOTALS		100	1569	579	

TBD - To Be Determined At A Later Time.

SCO - Surface Contaminated Object.

Note: The Volume Estimate Takes No Credit For Decontamination, Volume Reduction Or Packaging Arrangements.

Concrete Volume Estimate

Includes Surface Areas From

Floors

Walls

Ceilings

CV Exterior Walls

Septic Systems

Tunnel Surfaces

Concrete Core Bore Samples

Core Bore Samples Were Taken From:

Off-site

Used As Representative Backgrounds

On-site

Outside Of CV Used As Site Backgrounds

Internal To CV

Core Bore Samples

Number Taken:

11 Taken Offsite

10 From Onsite-Near CV

46 Taken From Inside CV

SNEC Concrete Waste Materials-Initial Estimate

Concrete Waste Materials:

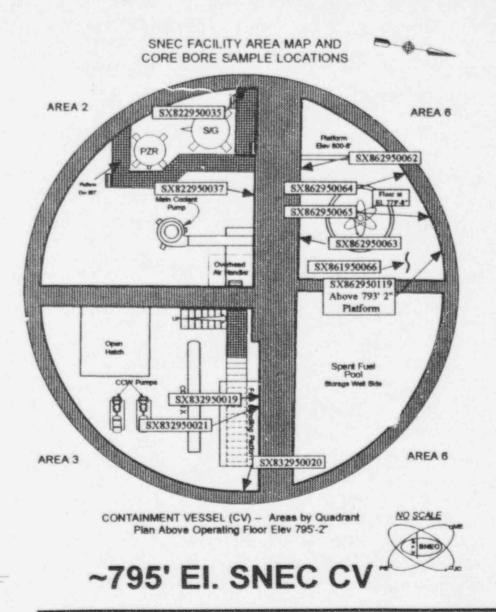
~307 Cubic Meters

~770 Tons

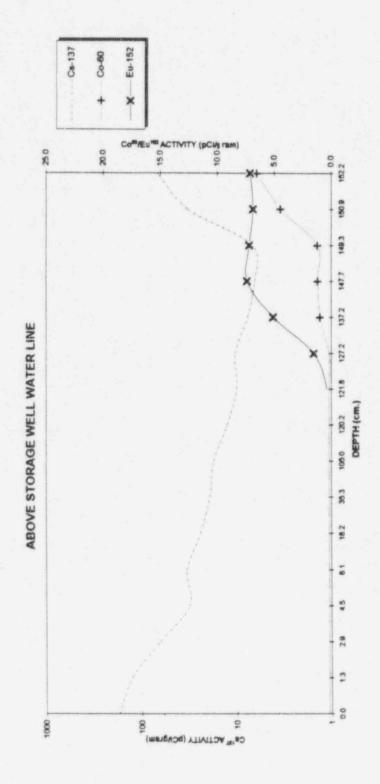
45% Is From the 5' Thick Wall Between Reactor & Primary Compartments

Initial Criteria Established By Use Of "USDOE Guidelines For Residual Radioactive Material", RESRAD

SNEC Concrete Core Bore Location Map

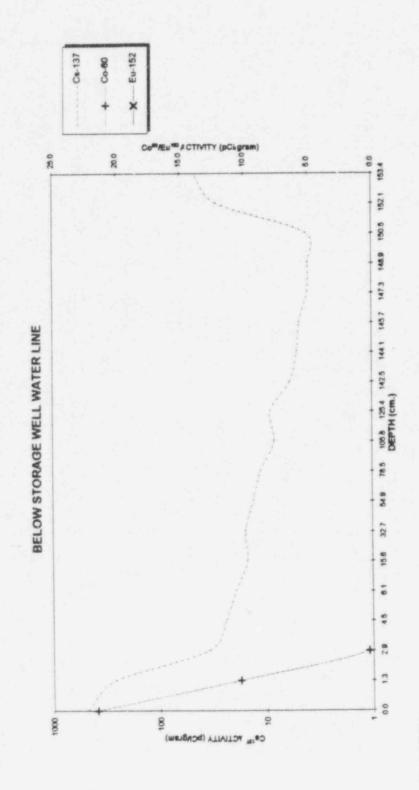


Core Bore Data



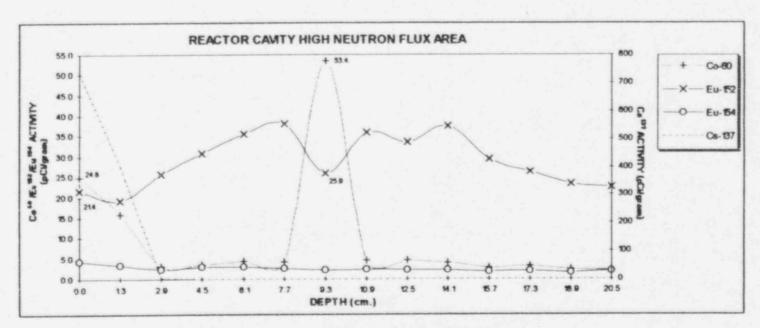
Above Storage Well Water Line

Core Bore Data



Below Storage Well Water Line

Concrete Core In High Flux Area



North East Of Reactor Vessel Above Water Line

SNEC FACILITY CONCRETE WASTE VOLUMES AREAS 1-8, SNEC Site CV And Surrounding Facility 11/8/95

Depth Of NOTE: Volumes are based on the best currently available information. Concrete To Weight Be Removed Volume In Weight Number of (Inches) Cubic Feet (lbs) (tons) Square Feet ITEM DESCRIPTION AREA 6.8 399.5 56862 28.4 705 1 765' 8" El. Floor 5397 2.7 1.3 37.9 768' 8" El. Ledge 350 1 64.9 2543 4.3 911.2 129700 765' 8" El. Walls 1 2174 0.25 15.3 1.1 733 775' 2" El. Ceiling* 1 14.4 28734 5 1 201 9 779' 8" El. Floor 475 2 344.0 5' Thick Primary Compartment Wall (See Note 1) 968 59.9 4833 9 688029 2 Primary Compartment Walls, Other Than 5' Section 117845 58.9 5.3 827.9 1875 2 0.7 99 1409 475 0.25 814' 6" El. Concrete Ceiling* 2 38.5 Auxiliary Compartment Walls (All) 2405 2.7 541.1 77020 3 0.6 810' El. Ceiling* 381 0.25 7.9 1130 3 4761 2.4 0.6 669 33.4 818' El Operating Floor 4 812' El Operating Floor, Includes Top Of Shid Plugs 25663 12.8 1202 1.8 180.3 4 2427 1.2 812' El Operating Flr., Interior Walls 341 0.6 17.1 4 4.8 67.1 9555 CV Tunnel Walls, Below Grade 2014 6.4 5 0 0.0 0 0.0 CV Tunnel Ceiling, Below Grade 953 5 1.8 20347 10.2 CV Tunnel Floor, Below Grade (Assume 812' Ops. Floor Depth) 953 143.0 5 3.4 953 0.6 47.7 6782 CV Tunnel Ceiling, Exterior (Grade level) 5 483.0 68747 34.4 765' 8" Storage Well Floor 1035 5.6 6 Storage Well Walls - SW Side 2465 2.8 575.1 81855 40.9 6 3.7 Rx Cavity Side Walls, < Operating Level Water Line (NO 5' WALL) 1.6 51.5 7337 387 6 Rx Cavity Side Walls, > Operating Level Water Line (NO 5' WALL) 18 116358 58.2 545 817.5 6 Rx Cavity Side Ledge At 779' 8" El 1.9 17.9 2547 1.3 113 6 807' Fl. Ceiling Of Storage Well (Shield Blocks etc.) 12.8 612.3 87146 43.6 574 6 Concrete Walls And Pads Outside Of CV 0.6 500 0.2 8.3 1186 7 Sanitary Sewage Treatment Facilities, Weir, Tanks etc. 993 0 0.0 0.0 0 8 TOTALS ==> 24606 N/A 10841 1543009 772

Note 1: The 5' thick wall between the Rx and Primary Compartments may not be completely contaminated. However, lower sections are contaminated to a depth which may require complete removal of this wall.

^{*} Volume Based On A Minimium Removal Depth Of 0.25 Inches.

TBD's - To Be Determined

Special Case Items Requiring More Detailed Work

Shut Down Cooling Heat Exchanger

Regenerative Heat Exchanger

BA, SW & Purification Demins

Process Waste

Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing Decommissioning Support Complex

- Decommissioning Support Building (DSB)
 - 40' x 60' "Butler" type building
 - Main facility for processing and packaging solid components and waste
 - Provides for loading of vehicles and storage of equipment

Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing <u>Decommissioning Support Complex</u>

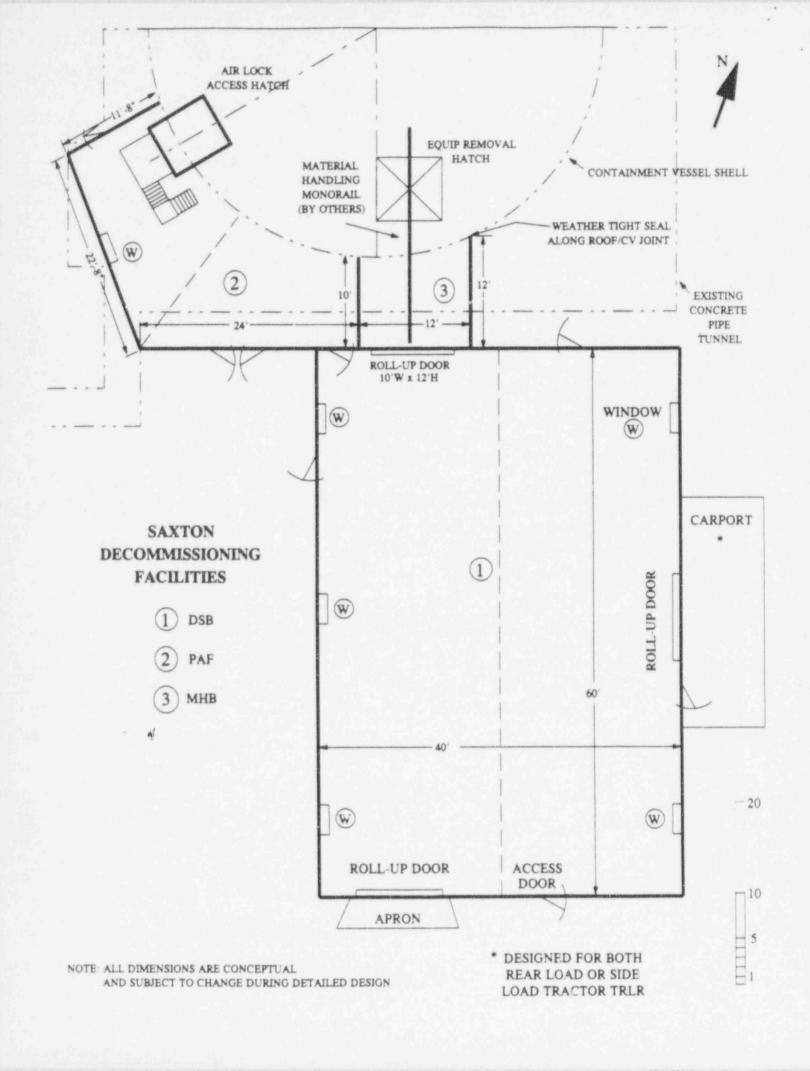
- Material Handling Bay (MHB)
 - Large components and waste containers staged here
 - Rigging to accommodate ten (10) ton load
 - Covers the containment Vessel opening

Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing Decommissioning Support Complex

- Personnel Access Facility (PAF)
 - Major personnel ingress and egress point
 - Serves as the personnel dress-out area
 - Laundry storage and personnel frisking
- Design and specification underway
 - construction second quarter 1996

SAXTON SITE LAYOUT EGEND TO RIVER 10 15METERS FENCE PROPERTY LINES CONCRETE DFFICE TRAILER WEIR CHLORI NATO WESTINGHOUSE AREA FENCE SEPTI CZ TANKS GATES-GATE REACTOR FENCE CONTAI NMEN VESSEL CONCRETE GATE -TUNNEL TRAILER GATE GATE FENCE

Figure 1.1-1



Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing Rad Waste Processing

- · Disposal at two principle facilities
 - Envirocare (Limited Class A)
 - Barnwell (Class A, B, and C)

Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing Rad Waste Processing

- Very Limited On-Site Processing
 - Only that required to efficiently package for shipment
 - Off-Site vendors will perform decontamination of components, sorting and volume reduction
 - Limited On-Site processing of decon water
 - On-site decontamination of fixed structural components and tools / equipment for re-use.
- No gaseous waste present

Support Facilities and Rad Waste Processing Rad Waste Processing

- Limited liquid wastes present, will minimize generation during decommissioning
 - treated using temporary systems
 - any discharges IAW Radioactive Effluent controls
 Program
- Mixed wastes disposal
 - Lead decon/ macro-encapsulation
 - PCB oil < L.L.D.
- Transportation issues

SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS SUIDANCE UTILIZED

ANALYSIS PERFORMED USING GUIDELINES OF NUREG/CR-0130 (REFERENCE PWR)

- BROADEST RANGE OF ACCIDENTS ANALYZED
- SAME BASIC ASSUMPTIONS AS NUREG/CR-1756 (RESEARCH/TEST REACTOR)
- REFERENCED IN NUREG/CR-0130 SAXTON PLANT IS SPECIFICALLY
- OTHER DECOMMISSIONING PLANS ALSO **USED FOR GUIDANCE**

SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS MERAL ASSUMPTIC

ACCIDENT ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION DEVELOPED USING REG. GUIDE 1.145

- SITE BOUNDARY ASSUMED TO BE 200 M
- WIND SPEED 1 METER/SEC
- PASQUILL STABILITY CLASS G
- VERY CONSERVATIVE DISPERSION X/Q = 4.14E-3 SEC/CUBIC METER

SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS ACCIDENTS SPECIFICALLY ANALYZED

ACCIDENT	MAXIMUM OFFSITE DOSE (mrem)
MATERIALS HANDLING ACCIDENT	1.46
DROPPED RESIN VESSEL	
SEGMENTATION OF COMPONENTS	1.43
WITHOUT ENGINEERING CONTROLS	
MATERIALS HANDLING ACCIDENT	1.19
DROPPED STEAM GENERATOR	
LIQUID PROPANE GAS EXPLOSION	0.36
COMBUSTIBLE WASTE FIRE	0.25
IN STORAGE YARD	
VACUUM FILTER-BAG RUPTURE	0.09
OXYACETYLENE EXPLOSION	0.04

OTHER POTENTIAL ACCIDENTS SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

ACCIDENT

BOUNDED BY

IN SITU DECONTAMINATION

SEGMENTATION

LOSS OF OFFSITE POWER

MATERIALS HANDLING ACCIDENT

EARTHQUAKE

MATERIALS HANDLING ACCIDENT

FLOOD

LOSS OF OFFSITE POWER

OTHER POTENTIAL ACCIDENTS SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

ACCIDENT

BOUNDED BY

TORNADO

COMBUSTIBLE WASTE FIRE

COHINE

LOSS OF OFFSITE POWER

COMBUSTIBLE WASTE FIRE

NTRUDER

LOSS OF OFFSITE POWER

FOREST FIRE

Z

LOSS OF COOLING WATER

LOSS OF COMPRESSED AIR

3

MATERIALS HANDLING ACCIDENT SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

STEEL VESSEL USED TO HOLD RESINS IS DROPPED OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT

- NO CREDIT TAKEN FOR HEPA FILTRATION
- NO CREDIT TAKEN FOR PLATEOUT OF ACTIVITY ISOTOPIC DISTRIBUTION AND ACTIVITY OBTAINED FROM RADIOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION
- TOTAL OF 17 CURIES OF ACTIVITY
- CO-60 (5%), PU-238/239 (4%), AM-241 (4%), PU-241 (44%), NI-63 (30%), CS-137 (10%), AND SR-90 (2%)

MEDITODE BUILDING STORE SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

ASSUMES VESSEL IS DROPPED AND SPI.ITS OPEN WITH A RELEASE FRACTION OF 1.7E-6

- RELEASE FRACTION BASED ON RESIN FIRE/EXPLOSION SPECIFIED IN NUREG/CR-0130
- DROPPED VESSEL PROVIDES LESS MOTIVE FORCE THAN EXPLOSION
- VESSEL TO BE FILLED WITH GROUT PRIOR TO MOVEMENT
- RELEASE FRACTION CONSIDERED CONSERVATIVE

29 uCi RELEASED TO THE ENVIRONMENT DURING TWO HOUR PERIOD

BOUNDARY FOR THE DURATION OF THE ACCIDENT CALCULATED DOSE TO INDIVIDUAL AT THE SITE **IS 1.46 MREM**

MALS HANDLING ACCIDEN SINEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

ISOTOPIC DISTRIBUTION AND ACTIVITY OBTAINED FROM ANALYSIS ALSO PERFORMED FOR STEAM GENERATOR DROPPED OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT RADIOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION

TOTAL OF 31 CURIES OF ACTIVITY

PU-241 (14%), NI-63 (34%), CS-137 (16%), CO-60 (16%), PU-238/239 (2%), AM-241 (2%), AND SR-90 (3%)

SAME RELEASE FRACTION AND OTHER ASSUMPTIONS AS USED IN DROPPED RESIN VESSEL

52 uCi RELEASED TO THE ENVIRONMENT DURING TWO HOUR PERIOD

MAXIMUM OFFSITE DOSE IS 1.19 MREM

SNEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS LOSS OF ENGINEERING CONTROLS

ASSUMES LOCAL ENGINEERING CONTROLS ARE LOST OR NOT USED DURING SEGMENTATION OF RCS PIPING WITH AN ARC SAW

ASSUMPTIONS USED SPECIFIED BY NUREG/CR-0130

- PIPE DIAMETER 78.7 CM
- KERF WIDTH OF CUT 0.95 CM

ASSUMES THAT ENTIRE PIPE IS SEGMENTED PRIOR TO RECOGNIZING THE PROBLEM - NO CREDIT TAKEN FOR LOCAL AIR MONITOR ALARMS

ASSUMES THAT CONTAINMENT BUILDING VENTILATION IS OPERATING AND EXHAUSTED AIR IS CLEANED BY HEPA FILTRATION PRIOR TO RELEASE TO THE ATMOSPHERE

HEPA IS 99.95% EFFICIENT PER NUREG/CR-0130

FENGIN ERING CONTROL SINEC ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

ISOTOPIC DISTRIBUTION AND ACTIVITY OBTAINED FROM RADIOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION

- INCLUDES BOTH SURFACE AND ACTIVATION ACTIVITY N THE PIPE
- ASSUMES THAT ALL METAL ALONG THE CUT IS VAPORIZED AND RELEASED TO THE BUILDING
- A TOTAL OF 62,000 uCi RELEASED INTO BUILDING
- PU-241 (28%), NI-63 (44%), CO-60 (17%), PU-238/239 (4%), AND AM-241 (4%)

BOUNDARY FOR THE DURATION OF THE ACCIDENT CALCULATED DOSE TO INDIVIDUAL AT THE SITE 31 uCi RELEASED TO THE ENVIRONMENT IS 1.43 MREM

SNEC Facility Decommissioning <u>Licensing Activities</u>

- Decommissioning Technical Specification
 Submittal
 - Significant changes from existing Tech Spec
 - Allows performance of decommissioning activities
 - Includes specific decommission activities controls
 - 50.59 Authorization
 - Extended Exclusion Area controls
 - Establishes new Tech Spec requirements for:
 - Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program
 - Radioactive Effluent Control Program
 - Process Control Program
 - Submittal date: March 22,1996