

Wayne H. Jens
Vice President
Nuclear Operations

**Detroit
Edison**

Fermi-2
6400 North Dixie Highway
Newport, Michigan 48166
(313) 586-4150

March 6, 1985
NE-85-0344

Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
Attention: Mr. B. J. Youngblood, Chief
Licensing Branch No. 1
Division of Licensing
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20555

Dear Mr. Youngblood:

- References:
- 1) Fermi 2
NRC Docket No. 50-341
 - 2) Detroit Edison letter to NRC,
"Purge Valves - Additional Information",
EF2-72041, dated January 10, 1985.
 - 3) NRC to Detroit Edison letter, "Fermi-2
Containment Purge and Vent Valve
Operability", dated March 1, 1985.
 - 4) Detroit Edison letter to NRC,
"Purge Valve Operability",
EF2-72272, dated October 11, 1984.

Subject: Purge Valves - Followup Information

Subsequent to NRC review of Reference 2, Mr. R. Wright (NRR-EQB) requested additional information on the containment purge and vent valves. The request was documented in Reference 3. The discussion below addresses the specific requests of Reference 3.

The bracket material for the 10-inch Jamesbury valves is ductile iron, Grade 604010. The bracket material for the 24-inch Jamesbury valves is carbon steel, SA-36.

Based on review of Attachment 2 (Table 2) of Reference 4, the existing bolts for the 10-inch Jamesbury valves are not overstressed. An allowable shear stress of 42,000 psi for bolts made of SA-193 B7 envelopes the maximum calculated stress values for the subject 10-inch valve bolts. In addition, based on the removal of an overconservatism in the analysis in the same Attachment 2, the existing bolts for the 24-inch Jamesbury valves are not overstressed.

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The maximum total shear stress for the 24-inch valve bracket bolts was previously calculated to be 44,000 psi (refer to Table 2 of Attachment 2). This value was calculated by adding the maximum shear stress for seismic to the maximum shear stress for torque and multiplying this sum by 2.06, the stress amplification factor.

Referring to page 4 of 27 of Supplemental Calculation No. 1 to Attachment 2, the previous calculation was:

$$\begin{aligned}\tau_{\max} \text{ (seismic)} &= 15,120 \text{ psi} \\ \tau_{\max} \text{ (torque)} &= \frac{6,270}{21,390} \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

$$\tau_{\max} \text{ (total)} = 21,390 \text{ psi} \times 2.06 \approx 44,000 \text{ psi.}$$

The latter value (44,000 psi) was the calculated overstressed condition in consideration of an allowable design stress of 42,000 psi (105,000 psi x 0.4) for the SA-193 B7 bolts.

As explained on pages 5 and 6 of Attachment 2, the stress amplification factor (2.06) applies to dynamic torque, not the seismic stress. Therefore, the more correct application of the 2.06 value is:

$$\tau_{\max} \text{ (torque)} = 6,270 \text{ psi}$$

$$6,270 \text{ psi} \times 2.06 \approx 12,900 \text{ psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tau_{\max} \text{ (torque)} \times 2.06 &\approx 12,900 \text{ psi} \\ \tau_{\max} \text{ (seismic)} &= 15,120 \text{ psi} \\ \tau_{\max} \text{ (total)} &= \frac{28,020}{28,020} \text{ psi}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, by comparison to 42,000 psi, the existing bracket bolts for the 24-inch valves are acceptable.

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Please direct any questions to Mr. O. K. Earle at (313)
586-4211.

Sincerely,



cc: Mr. P. M. Byron
Mr. M. D. Lynch
Mr. R. J. Wright
USNRC Document Control Desk
Washington, D.C. 20555