DUKE POWER COMPANY

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HAL B. TUCKER VICE PRESIDENT NUCLEAR PRODUCTION

February 15, 1985

TELEPHONE (704) 373-4531

Mr. Harold R. Denton, Director Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

Licensing Branch No. 4

Attention: Ms. E. G. Adensam, Chief Re: Catawba Nuclear Station, Unit 1 Docket No. 50-413

Dear Mr. Denton:

In response to the January 23, 1985 letter from Mr. Darl Hood, NRC/NRR attached is a response to each of the open items identified as being under Duke's review. Also enclosed is six copies of Revision 8 to the Catawba Inservice Testing Program. These revisions will be fully incorporated into the program by March 15, 1985.

This submittal is in regard to Catawba's Operating License No. NPF-35 License Condition (5). Accordingly, pursuant to 10 CFR 170.21 a check for \$150.00 is enclosed.

Very truly yours,

A.B. Tuchn 150

Hal B. Tucker

RWO:slb

Enclosures

(w/o enclosures) Dr. J. Nelson Grace, Regional Administrator U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region II 101 Marietta Street, NW, Suite 2900 Atlanta, Georgia 30323

Mr. P. K. Van Doorn NRC Resident Inspector Catawba Nuclear Station

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Catawba Nuclear Station IWV/IWP Program

Response to Open Items

Item C.1:	Revision 8 to the IST Submittal adds these valves as
	Category C valves. In addition, Relief Request #A03
	has been added to allow testing of these valves
	during refueling since valve/system design provides
	no indication of valve closure upon flow reversal.
	Initial testing of these valves will be performed

during the first refueling outage.

Item C.2: Revision 8 to the IST Submittal changes the limiting stroke time for these valves to < 20 seconds.

Item G.4: Revision 8 to the IST Submittal changes the frequency of testing for these valves to cold shutdown. Relief Request #EO4 is being submitted to justify this frequency.

Items I.7 Relief Reques's #HO3 and HO5 in the IST Submittal have been changed in Revision 8 to reflect implementation of a sample valve disassembly program to be performed during each refueling.

Item K.1: Relief Request #IO1 in the IST Submittal has been changed in Revision 8 to reflect implementation of a sample valve disassembly program to be performed during each refueling.

Item P.1.A:

Revision 8 to the IST Submittal adds these valves as Category C valves. In addition, Relief Request #BBl has been added to allow testing the backflow prevention function of these valves during refueling since valve/system design provides no indication of valve closure upon flow reversal. Initial testing of the backflow prevention function will be performed during the first refueling outage.

Items R.2

and R.3:

Relief Request #W01 and #W02 in the IST Submittal have been changed in Revision 8 to reflect a test method performed during cold shutdown to verify operability of the left and right starting air banks individually. Initial run of this test will be performed during the next cold shutdown of sufficient duration.

Items U.1 & U.2:

These valves control chilled water flow through the Control Room and Control Room Area air handling units. Under normal operating conditions, these valves modulate from an electro-pneumatic signal supplied by temperature controllers monitoring room temperature. In the event control air is lost, the valves continue to modulate from an electrical signal supplied by an RTD in the return air duct work. This electrical signal is supplied by Class 1E (Safety Related) power. During normal operation, any malfunctioning of these valves would be detected by an increase or decrease in room temperature. Heat loads for the areas supplied by these air handling units are essentially the same for normal operation or accident conditions. These valves are not supplied with limit switches to indicate valve position in the control room since their safety function is to continue to modulate during accident conditions. (During the accident, credit is not taken for these valves to go to a "FAIL" position).

It is felt that proper normal operation of the system (as verified by its ability to maintain the area within the Technical Specification temperature limits) is adequate to ensure the valves will perform their safety function during an accidnet. Therefore, these valves will not be included in the IST Program.