

## Appendix 11A. Tables

**Table 11-1. Parameters Used in Calculating Maximum Reactor Coolant Activities**

1.	Core thermal power, Mwt	3,565
2.	Failed fuel fraction	.01
3.	Reactor coolant volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	11,293
4.	Purification flow rate (normal), gpm	75
5.	Effective cation demineralizer flow, gpm	7.5
6.	Fission product escape rate coefficients: (sec <sup>-1</sup> )	
a.	Noble gases	$6.5 \times 10^{-8}$
b.	Br, Rb, I, and Cs	$1.3 \times 10^{-8}$
c.	Mo	$2.0 \times 10^{-9}$
d.	Te	$1.0 \times 10^{-9}$
e.	Sr and Ba	$1.0 \times 10^{-11}$
f.	All others	$1.6 \times 10^{-12}$
7.	Mixed bed demineralizer decontamination factors:	
a.	Noble gases, Cs-134, 136, 137, Y-90, 91, and Mo-99	1
b.	All other isotopes	10
8.	Cation bed demineralizer decontamination factors:	
a.	Cs-134, Cs-137, Y-90, and Y-91	10
b.	All others	1
9.	Volume Control Tank stripping fractions:	
	Kr-85	$2.3 \times 10^{-5}$
	Kr-85m	$2.7 \times 10^{-1}$
	Kr-87	$6.0 \times 10^{-1}$
	Kr-88	$4.3 \times 10^{-1}$
	Xe-131m	$1.0 \times 10^{-2}$
	Xe-133	$1.6 \times 10^{-2}$
	Xe-133m	$3.7 \times 10^{-2}$
	Xe-135	$1.8 \times 10^{-1}$
	Xe-135m	$8.0 \times 10^{-1}$
	Xe-138	1.0
10.	Initial Boron Concentration	
a.	B <sub>0</sub> (initial cycle), ppm	905
b.	B <sub>0</sub> (equilibrium cycle), ppm	1100

**Table 11-2. Design Basis Reactor Coolant Radioactivity Concentrations**

<b>Isotope</b>	<b>Activity</b> $\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$	<b>Isotope</b>	<b>Activity</b> $\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$
H-3	2.5	Cs-136	5.5
Br-84	$4.5 \times 10^{-2}$	Cs-137	1.5
Rb-88	3.9	Cs-138	1.0
Rb-89	$1.1 \times 10^{-1}$	Ba-140	$4.3 \times 10^{-3}$
Sr-89	$3.3 \times 10^{-3}$	La-140	$1.5 \times 10^{-3}$
Sr-90	$1.8 \times 10^{-4}$	Ce-144	$4.5 \times 10^{-4}$
Sr-91	$2.0 \times 10^{-3}$	Pr-144	$4.5 \times 10^{-4}$
Sr-92	$7.8 \times 10^{-4}$	Kr-85	$1.0 \times 10^1$
Y-90	$2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	Kr-85m	2.2
Y-91	$6.1 \times 10^{-3}$	Kr-87	1.3
Y-92	$7.5 \times 10^{-4}$	Kr-88	3.9
Zr-95	$6.9 \times 10^{-4}$	Xe-131m	1.9
Nb-95	$7.0 \times 10^{-4}$	Xe-133	$3.0 \times 10^2$
Mo-99	5.7	Xe-133m	3.6
I-131	2.5	Xe-135	7.6
I-132	.9	Xe-135m	.9
I-133	4.2	Xe-138	.7
I-134	.5	Cr-51	$4.2 \times 10^{-3}$
I-135	2.2	Mn-54	$3.4 \times 10^{-4}$
Te-132	.26	Mn-56	$1.6 \times 10^{-2}$
Te-134	$3.1 \times 10^{-2}$	Co-58	$1.1 \times 10^{-2}$
Cs-134	2.2	Co-60	$1.2 \times 10^{-3}$

**Table 11-3. Parameters Used in Calculating Normal Primary and Secondary Coolant Activities**

1.	Core thermal power, Mwt	3,565
2.	Failed fuel fraction	.0012
3.	Reactor coolant volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	11,293
4.	Purification flow rate (normal), gpm	75
5.	Effective cation demineralizer flow, gpm	7.5
6.	Shim bleed rate (yearly average), gpm	.7
7.	Volume control tank stripping fractions: <sup>1</sup>	
	Kr-83m	0.0
	Kr-85m	.32
	Kr-85	.23
	Kr-87	.60
	Kr-88	.43
	Kr-89	0.0
	Xe-131m	.25
	Xe-133m	.26
	Xe-133	.25
	Xe-135m	.80
	Xe-135	.30
	Xe-137	0.0
	Xe-138	1.0
8.	Primary to secondary leak rate, lbs/day	100
9.	Steam flow rate, lbs/hr	$1.588 \times 10^7$
10.	Water mass in each steam generator	
	- Liquid	98,000
	- Steam	8,500
11.	Steam generator blowdown flow rate, gpm	280
12.	Flow rate thru condensate demineralizer, lbs/hr	$1.096 \times 10^7$

**Note:**

- Assumes 40% stripping efficiency

**Table 11-4. Primary and Secondary Activity During Normal Operation****HISTORICAL INFORMATION IN ITALICS BELOW NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED**

<i>Primary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$	<i>Secondary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$
<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Steam</i>
<i>H-3</i>	1.0	<i>1.0 E-3</i>	<i>1.0 E-3</i>
<i>Br-83</i>	<i>6.18E-3</i>	<i>7.69E-8</i>	<i>7.69E-11</i>
<i>Br-84</i>	<i>3.47E-3</i>	<i>2.04E-8</i>	<i>2.04E-11</i>
<i>Br-85</i>	<i>4.05E-4</i>	<i>3.06E-10</i>	<i>3.06E-13</i>
<i>Rb-86</i>	<i>8.90E-5</i>	<i>4.88E-9</i>	<i>4.88E-12</i>
<i>Rb-88</i>	<i>2.69E-1</i>	<i>1.14E-6</i>	<i>1.14E-9</i>
<i>Sr-89</i>	<i>3.62E-4</i>	<i>1.28E-8</i>	<i>1.28E-11</i>
<i>Sr-90</i>	<i>1.03E-5</i>	<i>2.55E-10</i>	<i>2.55E-13</i>
<i>Y-90</i>	<i>1.29E-6</i>	<i>5.42E-11</i>	<i>5.42E-14</i>
<i>Sr-91</i>	<i>7.69E-4</i>	<i>1.68E-8</i>	<i>1.68E-11</i>
<i>Y-91</i>	<i>6.62E-5</i>	<i>1.92E-9</i>	<i>1.92E-12</i>
<i>Y-91m</i>	<i>4.77E-4</i>	<i>1.31E-8</i>	<i>1.31E-11</i>
<i>Y-93</i>	<i>4.01E-5</i>	<i>8.30E-10</i>	<i>8.30E-13</i>
<i>Zr-95</i>	<i>6.21E-5</i>	<i>2.56E-9</i>	<i>2.56E-12</i>
<i>Nb-95</i>	<i>5.18E-5</i>	<i>2.56E-9</i>	<i>2.56E-12</i>
<i>Mo-99</i>	<i>8.99E-2</i>	<i>2.70E-6</i>	<i>2.70E-9</i>
<i>Tc-99m</i>	<i>5.86E-2</i>	<i>2.75E-6</i>	<i>2.75E-9</i>
<i>Ru-103</i>	<i>4.66E-5</i>	<i>1.28E-9</i>	<i>1.28E-12</i>
<i>Rh-103m</i>	<i>5.94E-5</i>	<i>2.58E-9</i>	<i>2.58E-12</i>
<i>Ru-106</i>	<i>1.03E-5</i>	<i>2.55E-10</i>	<i>2.55E-13</i>
<i>Te-125m</i>	<i>3.00E-5</i>	<i>6.39E-10</i>	<i>6.39E-13</i>
<i>Te-127m</i>	<i>2.90E-4</i>	<i>6.38E-9</i>	<i>6.38E-12</i>
<i>Te-127</i>	<i>1.01E-3</i>	<i>2.53E-8</i>	<i>2.53E-11</i>
<i>Te-129m</i>	<i>1.45E-3</i>	<i>3.84E-8</i>	<i>3.84E-11</i>
<i>Te-129</i>	<i>2.10E-3</i>	<i>7.53E-8</i>	<i>7.53E-11</i>
<i>I-130</i>	<i>2.47E-3</i>	<i>4.12E-8</i>	<i>4.12E-10</i>
<i>Te-131m</i>	<i>2.76E-3</i>	<i>7.18E-8</i>	<i>7.18E-11</i>
<i>Te-131</i>	<i>1.47E-3</i>	<i>2.83E-8</i>	<i>2.83E-11</i>

<i>Primary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$	<i>Secondary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$
<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Steam</i>
<i>I-131</i>	<i>2.87E-1</i>	<i>5.26E-6</i>	<i>5.26E-8</i>
<i>Te-132</i>	<i>2.88E-2</i>	<i>6.71E-7</i>	<i>6.71E-10</i>
<i>I-132</i>	<i>1.29E-1</i>	<i>2.13E-6</i>	<i>2.13E-8</i>
<i>I-133</i>	<i>4.33E-1</i>	<i>7.58E-6</i>	<i>7.58E-8</i>
<i>I-134</i>	<i>6.23E-2</i>	<i>4.88E-7</i>	<i>4.88E-9</i>
<i>Cs-134</i>	<i>2.59E-2</i>	<i>1.43E-6</i>	<i>1.43E-9</i>
<i>I-135</i>	<i>2.32E-1</i>	<i>3.66E-6</i>	<i>3.66E-8</i>
<i>Cs-136</i>	<i>1.37E-2</i>	<i>7.46E-7</i>	<i>7.46E-10</i>
<i>Cs-137</i>	<i>1.87E-2</i>	<i>1.03E-6</i>	<i>1.03E-9</i>
<i>Ba-137m</i>	<i>2.16E-2</i>	<i>1.38E-6</i>	<i>1.38E-9</i>
<i>Ba-140</i>	<i>2.29E-4</i>	<i>6.46E-9</i>	<i>6.46E-12</i>
<i>La-140</i>	<i>1.63E-4</i>	<i>4.90E-9</i>	<i>4.90E-12</i>
<i>Ce-141</i>	<i>7.26E-5</i>	<i>2.56E-9</i>	<i>2.56E-12</i>
<i>Ce-143</i>	<i>4.40E-5</i>	<i>1.42E-9</i>	<i>1.42E-12</i>
<i>Pr-143</i>	<i>5.21E-5</i>	<i>1.29E-9</i>	<i>1.29E-12</i>
<i>Ce-144</i>	<i>3.41E-5</i>	<i>1.28E-9</i>	<i>1.28E-12</i>
<i>Pr-144</i>	<i>4.43E-5</i>	<i>1.45E-10</i>	<i>1.45E-13</i>
<i>Cr-51</i>	<i>1.97E-3</i>	<i>5.77E-8</i>	<i>5.77E-11</i>
<i>Mn-54</i>	<i>3.20E-4</i>	<i>1.28E-8</i>	<i>1.28E-11</i>
<i>Fe-55</i>	<i>1.65E-3</i>	<i>5.10E-8</i>	<i>5.10E-11</i>
<i>Fe-59</i>	<i>1.04E-3</i>	<i>3.84E-8</i>	<i>3.84E-11</i>
<i>Co-58</i>	<i>1.66E-2</i>	<i>5.11E-7</i>	<i>5.11E-10</i>
<i>Co-60</i>	<i>2.07E-3</i>	<i>5.74E-8</i>	<i>5.74E-11</i>
<i>Np-239</i>	<i>1.29E-3</i>	<i>4.10E-8</i>	<i>4.10E-11</i>
<i>Kr-83m</i>	<i>2.84E-2</i>	--	<i>7.41E-9</i>
<i>Kr-85m</i>	<i>1.26E-1</i>	--	<i>3.37E-8</i>
<i>Kr-85</i>	<i>8.91E-3</i>	--	<i>2.36E-9</i>
<i>Kr-87</i>	<i>7.41E-2</i>	--	<i>1.87E-8</i>
<i>Kr-88</i>	<i>2.35E-1</i>	--	<i>6.11E-8</i>
<i>Kr-89</i>	<i>6.76E-3</i>	--	<i>1.79E-9</i>

<i>Primary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$	<i>Secondary Coolant</i>	$\left( \frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{gm}} \right)$
<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Water</i>	<i>Steam</i>
Xe-131m	1.99E-2	--	5.30E-9
Xe-133m	1.12E-1	--	2.99E-8
Xe-133	5.53	--	1.45E-6
Xe-135m	1.71E-2	--	4.48E-9
Xe-135	3.53E-1	--	9.23E-8
Xe-137	1.22E-2	--	3.19E-9
Xe-138	5.74E-2	--	1.48E-8

**Table 11-5. Tritium Source Terms***[HISTORICAL INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED]*

<i>Tritium Source</i>	<i>Expected Release to Coolant, Ci/yr</i>	
	<i>Initial Cycle</i>	<i>Equilibrium Cycle</i>
<i>Ternary fission</i>	1050	1050
<i>Burnable poison rods</i>	152	0
<i>Control rods</i>	70	70
<i>Soluble boron</i>	222	309
<i>Soluble lithium</i>	107	107
<i>Deuterium</i>	3	3
<i>Total</i>	1604	1539

**Table 11-6. Maximum Expected Daily Flows to Liquid Radwaste System**

<b>Subsystem</b>	<b>Max. Daily Flow (GPD) (2 Units)</b>	<b>% NC Activity</b>
<b>REACTOR COOLANT DRAIN TANK (per unit)</b>		
RCP Seal Leakoffs 3/unit @ 3.03gph each, 1/unit @ 0.5GPM (failed)	1876	
Valve Leakoffs 45 valves/unit @ 1GPD each	90	
Total	1966	100.
<b>WASTE DRAIN TANK</b>		
Equipment Flushes (3 x component volume)	1800	3.3
Through Line Leakage	100	1.0
Total	1900	3.2
<b>WASTE EVAPORATOR FEED TANK</b>		
Reactor Coolant Leakage in Containment	640	100.
Cold Lab Drains & Hot Lab Rinses	200	.2
Sample Sink Drains	80	100.
Equipment Drains	600	.1
Valve Leakoffs (100 valves @ 1GPD)	100	10.
Through Line Leakage	100	1.
Total	1720	42.9
<b>LAUNDRY AND HOT SHOWER TANK SUBSYSTEM</b>		
Showers and Laundry Machines	1350	
Lab Dishwasher	120	
Lavatory Sinks	100	
Total	1570	Note 1
<b>FLOOR DRAIN TANK (includes FDT Sumps A &amp; B)</b>		
50% of Aux. Bldg. Floor Drains	1000	10.
Ice Condenser Defrost	50	0.
Through Line Leakage	100	1.
Groundwater Inleakage	10	0.
Decon Sinks - Aux. Bldg. & Reactor Bldg.	200	1.
Total	1360	7.6
<b>MIXING AND SETTLING TANK</b>		

Subsystem	Max. Daily Flow (GPD) (2 Units)	% NC Activity
Ultrasonic Cleaner and Turbulator Drains	100	
Total	100	100.
<b>CONTAINMENT VENT. UNIT CONDENSATE DRAIN TANK</b>		
Unit 1 - Summer Operation w/Purge	16800	
Unit 2 - Normal Operation	9600	
Total	26400	.0
<b>NON-RADIATION AREA FDT SUMPS C &amp; D</b>		
All Aux. Bldg. Ventilation Unit Condensate (summer max. operation)	26450	
50% Aux. Bldg. Floor Drains	1000	
Total	27450	.0
<b>STEAM GENERATOR DRAIN TANK</b>		
Annual Flow (gallons)		
Drain Steam Generator Contents	25000	See Table 11-4
Flush Steam Generator	75000	
Total	100000	

**Note:**

1. From Table 2-20 of Nureg-0017

**Table 11-7. Makeup Demineralized Water Chemistry.** (Requirements for WL Evaporator Distillate Suitable for Recycle)

pH	6.0 - 8.0
Conductivity, mmho	0.5 max, 0.1 avg
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> ), ppm	10.0 max
Chloride, ppm	0.15 max
Fluoride, ppm	0.15 max
Iron, ppm	0.01 max
Copper, ppm	0.01 max
Silica, ppm	0.02 max, 0.01 avg
Oxygen, ppm	0.1 max
Carbon Dioxide, ppm	2.0 max
Total Solids, ppm	0.5 max

**Table 11-8. Liquid Radwaste System Component Design Parameters**

<b>Reactor Coolant Drain Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Reactor Coolant Drain Tank Heat Exchanger</b>	
Number per unit	1
Type	Horizontal Shell & U-Tube
Heat transfer rate at normal conditions, BTU/hr	$2.23 \times 10^6$
Estimated UA, BTU/hr - F	$7.0 \times 10^4$
Shell Side Data:	
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	250
Pressure loss at operating conditions, psid	15
Nozzle size, inches	4
Material of construction	Carbon Steel
Fluid circulated	Component cooling water
Fouling factor, hr-ft <sup>2</sup> - F/BTU	.0005
Flow, 1bm/hr	$1.12 \times 10^5$ (225 gpm)
Inlet temperature, °F	105
Outlet temperature, °F	125
Tube Side Data:	
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	250
Pressure loss at operating conditions, psid	10
Nozzle size, inches	3
Material of construction	Stainless Steel
Fluid circulated	Borated reactor coolant
Fouling factor, hr-ft <sup>2</sup> - F/BTU	.0003
Flow, 1bm/hr	$4.46 \times 10^4$
Inlet temperature, °F	180
Outlet temperature, °F	130
<b>Reactor Coolant Drain Tank</b>	
Number per unit	1
Internal volume, gal.	350
Design pressure, internal, psig	100

Design pressure, external, psig	15
Operating pressure range, psig	2-5
Cover gas	Hydrogen or Nitrogen
Normal operating temperature, °F	170 or less
Material of construction	Stainless Steel
Design temperature, °F	250
<b>Reactor Coolant Drain Tank Pumps</b>	
Number per unit	2
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	100
Developed head @ design flow, ft	300
<b>Incore Instrumentation Room Sump Pumps</b>	
Number	1 (per unit)
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	180
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head @ design flow, ft	63
<b>Containment Floor and Equipment Sump Pumps</b>	
Number	4 (per unit)
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	180
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head @ design flow, ft	37
<b>Waste Drain Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Waste Drain Tank</b>	

Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	5,000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Vertical with diaphragm
<b>Waste Drain Tank Pump</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
<b>Waste Evaporator Feed Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	5,000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Horizontal
<b>Waste Evaporator Feed Pump</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200

<b>Waste Evaporator Feed Filter</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled -20
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Unfouled -5
Retention, percent @ 25 micron practical size	98 (100% retention at 49 micron)
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Waste Evaporator Package</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Capacity	15 gpm
Bottoms concentration	10 - 2500 ppm B (as dilute boric acid)
Bottoms concentration	7000 - 21,000 ppm B
<b>Waste Evaporator Condensate Demineralizer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Flushable
Resin Type	ROHM & HAAS amberlite 1RN-150 or equivalent (H <sup>+</sup> , OH <sup>-</sup> form)
Design pressure; internal, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Resin volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	30
Design flow - through, gpm	35
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Waste Evaporator Reagent Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	5
Design pressure; internal, psig	150
Design pressure, external	Atmospheric
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Vertical
<b>Waste Evaporator Condensate Filter</b>	

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled - 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent @ 25 micron particle size	98 (100% retention at 49 micron)
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Recycle Monitor Tanks</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	5000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Vertical
<b>Recycle Monitor Tank Pump</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
<b>Waste Evaporator Condensate Return Unit</b>	
Number for both units	1
Receiver volume, gal.	100
Design pressure, psig	200
Design temperature, °F	350
Number of pumps	2
Design flow, gpm	25

Design head, ft	65
<b>Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump Pump</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	180
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head at design flow, ft	84
<b>Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Laundry and Hot Shower Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	10,000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Horizontal
<b>Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Pre-strainer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Duplex basket
Design pressure, psig	50
Design temperature, °F	200
Maximum flow, gpm	400
Pressure loss at maximum flow (65% plugged), psig	5
Strainer mesh number	20
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Strainer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Singlex basket
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35

Pressure loss at design flow (65% plugged), psig	5
Strainer mesh number	40
Material of construction	Stainless steel

**Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Pump**

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Centrifugal with mechanical seals
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200

**Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Primary Filters A and B**

Number	2 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled - 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent @ 25 microns particle size	98 (100% retention at 49 microns)
Material of construction	Stainless steel

**Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Secondary Filter**

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled - 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent @ 3 microns particle size	98 (100% retention at 23 microns)
Material of construction	Stainless steel

**Laundry and Hot Shower Tank Carbon Filter**

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Flushable
Design pressure; internal, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Activated carbon volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	50
Design flow-through, gpm	35
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Bed depth, ft	4

**Waste Monitor Tank Demineralizer**

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Flushable
Resin type	Duolite
	S-37
Design pressure; internal, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Resin volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	30
Design flow-through, gpm	35
Material of construction	Stainless steel

**Waste Monitor Tank Filter**

Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled - 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent @ 25 micron particle size	98 (100° retention at 49 micron)
Material of construction	Stainless steel

**Waste Monitor Tanks**

Number	2 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	5000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15

Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Horizontal
<b>Waste Monitor Tank Pumps</b>	
Number per unit	2 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
<b>Floor Drain Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Floor Drain Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	10,000
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Horizontal
<b>Floor Drain Tank Pre-strainer A</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Duplex
Design pressure, psig	50
Design temperature, °F	200
Maximum flow, gpm	400
Pressure loss at maximum flow (65% plugged), psig	5
Strainer mesh number	20
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Floor Drain Tank Pre-strainer B</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)

Type	Duplex
Design pressure, psig	50
Design temperature, °F	200
Maximum flow, gpm	50
Pressure loss at maximum flow (65% plugged), psig	1.5
Strainer mesh number	20
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Floor Drain Tank Strainer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Singlex basket
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35
Pressure loss at design flow (65% plugged), psig	5
Strainer mesh number	40
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Floor Drain Tank Pump</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
<b>Floor Drain Tank Filter</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Design flow, gpm	35

Pressure loss at design flow, psid	Fouled – 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent @ 25 micron particle size	98 (100% retention at 49 micron)
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Floor Drain Tank Sump Pumps 1A1, 1A2, 1B1, 1B2</b>	
Number	4 (for both units)
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head at design flow, ft	42
<b>Floor Drain Tank Sump Pumps 2C1, 2C2, 1D1, 1D2</b>	
Number	4 (for both units)
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head at design flow, ft	91
<b>Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Pit Sump Pump</b>	
Number per unit	4
Type	Vertical Sump Pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Head at design flow, ft	90
<b>Upper Head Injection Room Sump Pump</b>	
Number	1 per unit
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	50
Design temperature, °F	125

Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	25
Head at design flow, ft	18
<b>Containment Spray and Residual Heat Removal Pump Room Sump Pump</b>	
Number per unit	2
Type	Vertical sump pump
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	180
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	100
Head at design flow, ft	100
<b>Sump Pump Bearing Lube Injection Strainers</b> (for Auxiliary Fdw. Pump Pit Sump Pumps and NS & ND Pump Room Sump Pumps)	
Number per unit	6
Type	Centrifugal Separator
Design pressure, psig	100
Design temperature, °F	200
Available pressure drop - normal psig	40
Maximum psig	52
Minimum psig	20
Flow range, gpm	0.5 to 1.5 at clean water outlet
Required particle retention size, in	.003
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Vertical cylindrical with conical bottom
Capacity, gal.	800
Design pressure; internal, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Normal operating temperature, °F	65
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Accessories (list) - See Below	Electric motor mixer

	Steam panel coils
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Pump</b>	
Number per unit	1 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Sludge Pump</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Canned centrifugal with external flushing
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	Condition 1: 35 Condition 2: 100
Developed head, ft	Condition 1: 250 Condition 2: 200
Required flushing/cooling water, gpm	3 ± 1
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Reagent Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Internal volume, gal.	20
Design pressure; internal, psig	150
Design pressure, external	Atmospheric
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Metering Pump</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Positive displacement with metered capacity
Design pressure, psig	150

Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gph	3 to 30
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Condensate Strainer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Y-strainer
Design flow, gpm	10
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Pressure loss at design flow	
Strainer mesh number	40 Stainless steel
Material of construction	Stainless Steel
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Steam Panel Coil</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Embossed steam panel coil
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Heat duty required, BTU per hour	365,200
Initial temperature of tank contents, °F	70
Final temperature of tank contents, °F	180
Tank diameter, ft.	5
Steam pressure, saturated, psig	50
Method of attachment to tank	Heat transfer cement adhesive and straps
<b>Mixing and Settling Tank Mixer</b>	
Number	1 (for both units)
Type	Electric motor mixer with paddle
Flange size for mixer attachment, in.	6
Design pressure inside tank, psig	15
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	All wetted parts to be stainless steel
<b>Ventilation Unit Condensate Drain Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Ventilation Unit Condensate Drain Tank</b>	
Number	1 (for each unit)
Internal volume, each, gal.	5000

Design pressure, internal	Atmospheric
Design temperature, °F	125
Material of construction	Stainless steel
<b>Ventilation Unit Condensate Drain Tank Pumps</b>	
Number	2 (for each unit)
Type	Centrifugal - Vertical inline
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	125
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Developed head, ft	135
<b>Steam Generator Drain Tank Subsystem Parameters</b>	
<b>Steam Generator Drain Tank</b>	
Number	2 (for both units)
Internal volume, each, gal.	50,000
Design pressure, internal	Atmospheric - 2" H <sub>2</sub> O
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Type	Stainless steel lined concrete building with stainless lined roof
Accessories	Filtered air inlet on roof
<b>Steam Generator Drain Pump</b>	
Number	1 per unit
Type	Centrifugal - Vertical inline
Design pressure, psig	150
Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	200
Developed head, ft	75
<b>Steam Generator Drain Tank Pumps</b>	
Number	2 shared
Type	Centrifugal with mechanical seals
Design pressure, psig	150

Design temperature, °F	200
Material of construction	Stainless steel
Design flow, gpm	50
Developed head, ft	230

**Table 11-9. Normal Expected Daily Flows to Liquid Radwaste System (2 Units)**

<b>Subsystem</b>	<b>Normal Daily Flow (GPD) (2 Units)</b>	<b>% NC Activity</b>
<b>REACTOR COOLANT DRAIN TANK</b>		
RCP Seal Leakoffs 4/unit @ 3.03gph	582	
Valve Leakoffs 45 valves/unit @ 1GPD each	90	
Total	672	100.
<b>WASTE DRAIN TANK</b>		
Equipment Flushes (3 x component volume)	1800	3.3
Through Line Leakage	100	1.0
Total	1900	3.2
<b>WASTE EVAPORATOR FEED TANK</b>		
Reactor Coolant Leakage in Containment	40	100.
Cold Lab Drains & Hot Lab Rinses	200	.2
Sample Sink Drains	80	100.
Equipment Drains	600	1.
Valve Leakoffs (100 valves @ 1GPD)	100	10.
Through Line Leakage	100	1.
Total	1120	12.3
<b>LAUNDRY AND HOT SHOWER TANK SUBSYSTEM</b>		
Showers and Laundry Machines	1350	
Lab Dishwasher	120	
Lavatory Sinks	100	
Total	1570	.0
<b>FLOOR DRAIN TANK (includes FDT Sumps A &amp; B)</b>		
50% of Aux. Bldg. Floor Drains	400	10.
50% of Aux. Bldg. Floor Drains	600	0.
Ice Condenser Defrost	50	0.
Through Line Leakage	100	1.
Groundwater Inleakage	10	0.
Decon Sinks - Aux. Bldg. & Reactor Bldg.	200	1.
Total	1360	3.2
<b>MIXING AND SETTLING TANK</b>		

<b>Subsystem</b>	<b>Normal Daily Flow (GPD) (2 Units)</b>	<b>% NC Activity</b>
Ultrasonic Cleaner and Turbulator Drains	100	
Total	100	100.
<b>CONTAINMENT VENT. UNIT CONDENSATE DRAIN TANK</b>		
Unit 1 - Summer Operation w/Purge	16800	
Unit 2 - Normal Operation	9600	
Total	26400	.0
<b>NON-RADIATION AREA FDT SUMPS C &amp; D</b>		
All Aux. Bldg. Ventilation Unit Condensate  (summer max. operation)	26450	
50% Aux. Bldg. Floor Drains	1000	
Total	27450	.0
<b>STEAM GENERATOR DRAIN TANK</b>		
	<b>Annual Flow (gallons)</b>	
Drain Steam Generator Contents	25000	See Table 11-4
Flush Steam Generator	75000	
Total	100000	

**Table 11-10. Tanks Outside Containment Which Contain Potentially Radioactive Liquids**

Tank	System	Figure	Location (Building - Elevation, ft)	Level Indication	High Level Alarm	Overflow
Volume Control	NV	<a href="#">9-90</a>	AB-560	Yes	Yes	Input diverts to Recycle Holdup Tank on High Level
Boric Acid	NV	<a href="#">9-100</a>	AB-560	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank
Boron Recycle Holdup Tanks A & B	NB	<a href="#">9-101</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump A
Reactor Makeup Water Storage	NB	<a href="#">9-104</a>	YD	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Containment Spray and Residual Heat Removal Pump Room Sump
Laundry and Hot Shower	WL	<a href="#">11-3</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows via vent to Floor Drain Sump B
Waste Monitor Tanks A & B	WL	<a href="#">11-3</a> , <a href="#">11-4</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows via vent to Floor Drain Sump B
Floor Drain	WL	<a href="#">11-4</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump B
Mixing & Settling	WL	<a href="#">11-4</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump B
Waste Drain	WL	<a href="#">11-5</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump B
Waste Evaporator Feed	WL	<a href="#">11-5</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Floor Drain Sump A
Recycle Monitor Tanks A & B	WL	<a href="#">11-7</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump B
Ventilation Unit Condensate Drain	WL	<a href="#">11-12</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows via vent to Floor Drain Sump D

Tank	System	Figure	Location (Building - Elevation, ft)	Level Indication	High Level Alarm	Overflow
BFT's 2A & 2B	NV	<a href="#">9-268</a>	UH2-550	Yes	Yes	Overflows to opposite BFT
Steam Generator Drain Tanks A & B	WL	<a href="#">11-17</a>	YD	Yes	Yes	Overflows via vent header to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank
Spent Resin Storage Tanks A & B	WS	<a href="#">11-30</a>	AB-543	Yes	Yes	Overflows vent relief valve to Floor Drain Sump B
Chemical Drain	WS	<a href="#">11-32</a>	AB-537	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank Sump B
Radwaste Batching	WS	<a href="#">11-33</a>	AB-577	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Mixing and Settling Tank (WL System)
Evaporator Concentrates Holdup	WS	<a href="#">11-33</a>	AB-577	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank (WL System)
Evaporator Concentrates Batch	WS	<a href="#">11-35</a>	AB-577	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank (WL System)
Refueling Water Storage	FW	<a href="#">9-62</a>	YD	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Waste Evaporator Feed Tank
Steam Generator Blowdown	BB	<a href="#">10-29</a>	YD	Yes	Yes	Influent control valves fail closed on high level precluding overflow
Auxiliary Monitor Tanks A, B, C	WL	<a href="#">11-38</a>	MTB-594	Yes	Yes	Overflows to Monitor Tank Building Sump

**Table 11-11. Catawba Nuclear Station Estimated Radioactive Releases in Liquid Effluents (curies/year/unit)****HISTORICAL INFORMATION IN ITALICS BELOW NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED**

<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Boron Recycle System</i>	<i>Liquid Radwaste System</i>	<i>Turbine Building Drains</i>	<i>Steam Generator Drain Tank<sup>1</sup></i>	<i>Laundry Waste</i>	<i>Total<sup>2</sup></i>
<i>Cr-51</i>	<i>1.5E-5</i>	<i>8.9E-7</i>	<i>5.7E-7</i>	<i>1.1E-5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>4.0E-4</i>
<i>Mn-54</i>	<i>3.1E-6</i>	<i>1.5E-7</i>	<i>1.3E-7</i>	<i>2.4E-6</i>	<i>5.0E-8</i>	<i>8.1E-5</i>
<i>Fe-55</i>	<i>1.6E-5</i>	<i>7.7E-7</i>	<i>5.1E-7</i>	<i>9.6E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>4.2E-4</i>
<i>Fe-59</i>	<i>8.9E-6</i>	<i>4.7E-7</i>	<i>3.8E-7</i>	<i>7.3E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>2.3E-4</i>
<i>Co-58</i>	<i>1.5E-4</i>	<i>7.6E-6</i>	<i>5.1E-6</i>	<i>9.7E-5</i>	<i>2.0E-7</i>	<i>3.9E-3</i>
<i>Co-60</i>	<i>2.1E-5</i>	<i>9.6E-7</i>	<i>5.7E-7</i>	<i>1.1E-5</i>	<i>4.3E-7</i>	<i>5.2E-4</i>
<i>Zr-95</i>	<i>5.6E-7</i>	<i>2.8E-8</i>	<i>2.5E-8</i>	<i>4.8E-7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>1.5E-5</i>
<i>Nb-95</i>	<i>5.3E-7</i>	<i>2.4E-8</i>	<i>2.6E-8</i>	<i>4.8E-7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>1.4E-5</i>
<i>Np-239</i>	<i>1.7E-6</i>	<i>4.1E-6</i>	<i>3.8E-7</i>	<i>7.8E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>6.4E-5</i>
<i>Br-83</i>	<i>4.4E-11</i>	<i>7.3E-7</i>	<i>1.4E-6</i>	<i>1.5E-5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>6.3E-5</i>
<i>Rb-86</i>	<i>1.6E-6</i>	<i>3.9E-8</i>	<i>4.8E-8</i>	<i>9.2E-7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>4.0E-5</i>
<i>Sr-89</i>	<i>3.2E-5</i>	<i>1.7E-7</i>	<i>1.3E-7</i>	<i>2.4E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>8.2E-5</i>
<i>Y-91</i>	<i>6.4E-7</i>	<i>3.2E-8</i>	<i>1.9E-8</i>	<i>3.6E-7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>1.6E-5</i>
<i>Mo-99</i>	<i>1.4E-4</i>	<i>3.0E-5</i>	<i>2.5E-5</i>	<i>5.1E-4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>5.1E-3</i>
<i>Tc-99m</i>	<i>1.4E-4</i>	<i>2.8E-5</i>	<i>2.5E-5</i>	<i>5.2E-4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>4.9E-3</i>
<i>I- 134</i>	<i>1.7E-16</i>	<i>7.0E-7</i>	<i>4.3E-7</i>	<i>9.2E-5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>1.2E-4</i>
<i>Te-127m</i>	<i>2.7E-6</i>	<i>1.3E-7</i>	<i>6.3E-8</i>	<i>1.2E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>6.8E-5</i>
<i>Te-127</i>	<i>2.7E-6</i>	<i>1.9E-7</i>	<i>1.8E-7</i>	<i>4.8E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>7.6E-5</i>
<i>Te-129m</i>	<i>1.2E-5</i>	<i>6.6E-7</i>	<i>3.8E-7</i>	<i>7.3E-6</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>3.0E-4</i>
<i>Te-129</i>	<i>7.6E-5</i>	<i>4.3E-7</i>	<i>2.6E-7</i>	<i>1.4E-5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>2.0E-4</i>

<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Boron Recycle System</i>	<i>Liquid Radwaste System</i>	<i>Turbine Building Drains</i>	<i>Steam Generator Drain Tank<sup>1</sup></i>	<i>Laundry Waste</i>	<i>Total<sup>2</sup></i>
<i>I-130</i>	5.5E-8	2.9E-6	2.9E-6	7.8E-6	0.0	1.4E-4
<i>Te-131m</i>	1.4E-6	6.5E-7	6.2E-7	1.4E-5	0.0	7.5E-5
<i>Te-131</i>	2.6E-7	1.2E-7	1.1E-7	5.4E-6	0.0	1.7E-5
<i>I-131</i>	3.4E-4	1.2E-3	5.1E-4	1.0E-3	3.1E-9	4.8E-2
<i>Te-132</i>	5.5E-5	1.0E-5	6.3E-6	1.3E-4	0.0	1.8E-3
<i>I-132</i>	5.7E-5	5.8E-5	4.0E-5	4.0E-4	0.0	4.0E-3
<i>I-133</i>	3.1E-5	8.0E-3	6.2E-4	1.4E-3	0.0	3.5E-2
<i>Cs-134</i>	7.4E-4	1.2E-5	1.4E-5	2.7E-4	6.5E-7	1.8E-2
<i>I-135</i>	7.5E-7	1.3E-4	2.0E-4	6.9E-4	0.0	8.3E-3
<i>Cs-136</i>	2.1E-4	5.9E-6	7.3E-6	1.4E-4	0.0	5.2E-3
<i>Cs-137</i>	5.4E-4	8.7E-6	1.0E-5	2.0E-4	1.2E-6	1.3E-2
<i>Ba-137m</i>	5.0E-4	8.1E-6	9.6E-6	2.6E-4	0.0	1.2E-2
<i>Ba-140</i>	1.4E-6	9.9E-8	6.3E-8	1.2E-6	0.0	3.6E-5
<i>La-140</i>	1.6E-6	8.6E-8	5.0E-8	9.3E-7	0.0	4.0E-5
<i>Ce-141</i>	5.8E-7	3.3E-8	2.5E-8	4.8E-7	0.0	1.5E-5
<i>Others</i>	2.6E-6	2.6E-7	2.75E-7	2.3E-4	0.0	2.3E-4
<i>Total</i>	3.01E-3	2.3E-3	1.5E-3	6.1E-3	3.1E-6	1.6E-1

**Notes:**

1. One Steam Generator Drain Tank Volume (50,000 gallons at secondary coolant concentration) is assumed to be released per year with no processing.
2. Total is adjusted to include 0.15 curies attributable to operational occurrences that result in unplanned releases.
3. Tritium Release is 710 curies/yr/unit

**Table 11-12. Estimated Doses from Radioactive Liquid Effluents Released from the Station****HISTORICAL INFORMATION IN ITALICS BELOW NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED**

	<i>Dose</i>	<i>Design Objectives</i>	
		<i>Annex to Appendix I</i>	<i>Appendix I</i>
<i>Maximum total body dose from all pathways of exposure (mrem)</i>	2.6 (adult)	5	6
<i>Maximum organ dose from all pathways of exposure (mrem)</i>	3.4 (adult-liver)	5	20
<i>Total curies</i>	0.3	10	----
<i>Population Dose (man-rem)</i>	4.3	--	----

**Table 11-13. Waste Gas System Component Data**

<b>Waste Gas Compressors</b>	
Quantity (per plant)	2
Design temperature, °F	180
Design pressure, psig	150
Operating suction pressure, psig	0.5
Design flow (N <sub>2</sub> at 140°F and 110 psi discharge), scfm	40
Material	SS
Operating temperature, °F	70-130
Operating pressure, psig	25-100
<b>Catalytic Hydrogen Recombiner</b>	
Quantity (per plant)	2
Design temperature, °F	Note 1
Design pressure, psig	150
Design flow, scfm	50
Catalyst bed design life, yrs	1
Material	SS
<b>Operating Conditions, Inlet</b>	
Temperature, °F	70-140
Pressure, psig	25-100
<b>Operating Conditions, Outlet</b>	
Temperature, °F	70-140
Pressure, psig	20
<b>Waste Gas Decay Tanks</b>	
(Normal Power Service Tanks)	
Quantity	6
Type	Vertical cylindrical
Design temperature, °F	180
Design pressure, psig	150
Volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	600
Material	CS
<b>Shutdown/Startup Tanks</b>	
Quantity	2

Type	Vertical cylindrical
Design temperature, °F	180
Design pressure, psig	150
Volume, ft <sup>3</sup>	600
Material	CS

**Note:**

1. Varies by component, but exceeds component operating temperature by 100°F.

**Table 11-14. Estimated Annual Airborne Effluent Releases. (curies/yr/unit)****HISTORICAL INFORMATION IN ITALICS BELOW NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED**

<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Waste Gas Decay Tanks</i>	<i>Reactor Building Purge</i>	<i>Auxiliary Building Ventilation</i>	<i>Turbine Building Steam Leaks</i>	<i>Air Ejector</i>	<i>Total</i>
Kr-83m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kr-85m	0.0	1.8	2.7	0.0	1.7	6.2
Kr-85	<i>2.7E+2</i>	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>2.8E+2</i>
Kr-87	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.6
Kr-88	0.0	2.2	5.0	0.0	3.1	<i>1.0E+1</i>
Kr-89	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Xe-131m	3.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>1.0E+1</i>
Xe-133m	0.0	<i>1.6E+1</i>	2.4	0.0	1.5	<i>1.9E+1</i>
Xe-133	1.3	<i>1.4E+3</i>	<i>1.2E+2</i>	0.0	<i>7.3E+1</i>	<i>1.5E+3</i>
Xe-135m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Xe-135	0.0	<i>1.0E+1</i>	7.5	0.0	4.7	<i>2.3E+1</i>
Xe-137	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Xe-138	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2
I-131	0.0	<i>7.3E-3</i>	<i>4.5E-3</i>	0.0	<i>2.8E-3</i>	<i>1.5E-2</i>
I-133	0.0	<i>2.3E-3</i>	<i>6.8E-3</i>	0.0	<i>4.3E-3</i>	<i>1.4E-2</i>
Mn-54	<i>4.5E-3</i>	<i>1.8E-4</i>	<i>1.8E-4</i>	-	-	<i>4.9E-3</i>
Fe-59	<i>1.5E-3</i>	<i>6.3E-5</i>	<i>6.0E-5</i>	-	-	<i>1.6E-3</i>
Co-58	<i>1.5E-3</i>	<i>6.3E-4</i>	<i>6.0E-4</i>	-	-	<i>1.6E-2</i>
Co-60	<i>7.0E-3</i>	<i>2.8E-4</i>	<i>2.7E-4</i>	-	-	<i>7.6E-3</i>

<i>Isotope</i>	<i>Waste Gas Decay Tanks</i>	<i>Reactor Building Purge</i>	<i>Auxiliary Building Ventilation</i>	<i>Turbine Building Steam Leaks</i>	<i>Air Ejector</i>	<i>Total</i>
Sr-89	3.3E-4	1.4E-5	1.3E-5	-	-	3.6E-4
Sr-90	6.0E-5	2.5E-6	2.4E-6	-	-	6.5E-5
Cs-134	4.5E-3	1.8E-4	1.8E-4	-	-	4.9E-3
Cs-137	7.5E-3	3.2E-4	3.0E-4	-	-	8.1E-3
C-14	-	-	-	-	-	>8.0
Ar-41	-	-	-	-	-	>2.5E+1
H-3	-	-	-	-	-	>7.1E+2

**Note:**

1. 0.0 Appearing in the table indicates release is less than 1.0 Ci/yr for noble gas, and 0.0001 Ci/yr for iodine.

**Table 11-15. Estimated Doses from Gaseous Effluent Releases from the Station****HISTORICAL INFORMATION IN ITALICS BELOW NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED**

<i>Dose from Estimated Releases</i>	<i>Dose Objectives</i>	
	<i>Annex to Appendix I</i>	<i>Appendix I</i>
<i>Maximum Beta air dose (mrad/yr)</i>	5.2E-2	20
<i>Maximum Gamma air dose (mrad/yr)</i>	2.2E-2	10
<i>Maximum Skin dose (mrem/yr) to an individual</i>	4.0E-2	15
<i>Maximum Whole Body dose (mrem/yr) to an individual</i>	1.4E-2	5
<i>Maximum Organ dose (mrem/yr) to an individual (infant thyroid)</i>	4.3E-1	15
<i>Dose to Population within 50 miles (man-rem)</i>	4.0	----

**Table 11-16. Estimated Maximum Specific Activities Input to Nuclear Solid Waste Disposal System  
[HISTORICAL INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED TO BE REVISED]**

	<i>Evaporator Concentrates Arriving at Storage Tank (<math>\mu</math> Ci/cc)</i>	<i>Spent Resins Arriving at Storage Tank (<math>\mu</math> Ci/cc)</i>
<i>Br84</i>	$<1.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.7 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Rb88</i>	$<1.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$1.1 \times 10^1$
<i>Rb89</i>	$<1.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$2.9 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Sr89</i>	$1.3 \times 10^{-2}$	$6.8 \times 10^1$
<i>Sr90</i>	$7.5 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.8 \times 10^1$
<i>Sr91</i>	$9.9 \times 10^{-4}$	$3.3 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Sr92</i>	$1.5 \times 10^{-6}$	$3.6 \times 10^{-2}$
<i>Y90</i>	$8.7 \times 10^{-4}$	$2.4 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Y91</i>	$2.5 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.4 \times 10^2$
<i>Y92</i>	$3.2 \times 10^{-5}$	$4.5 \times 10^{-2}$
<i>Zr95</i>	$2.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.8 \times 10^1$
<i>Nb95</i>	$2.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.0 \times 10^1$
<i>Mo99</i>	$1.7 \times 10^{-1}$	$6.5 \times 10^3$
<i>I131</i>	$9.4 \times 10^0$	$7.5 \times 10^3$
<i>I132</i>	$8.6 \times 10^{-1}$	$3.2 \times 10^1$
<i>I133</i>	$6.5 \times 10^0$	$1.3 \times 10^3$
<i>I134</i>	$1.6 \times 10^{-10}$	$6.9 \times 10^0$
<i>I135</i>	$4.1 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.3 \times 10^1$
<i>Tel32</i>	$8.3 \times 10^{-1}$	$3.4 \times 10^2$
<i>Tel34</i>	$<1.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.7 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Cs134</i>	$9.2 \times 10^0$	$1.1 \times 10^5$
<i>Cs136</i>	$2.1 \times 10^{+1}$	$1.7 \times 10^4$
<i>Cs137</i>	$6.3 \times 10^0$	$9.2 \times 10^4$
<i>Cs138</i>	$<1.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$5.6 \times 10^0$
<i>Ba140</i>	$1.6 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.2 \times 10^1$
<i>La140</i>	$1.0 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.0 \times 10^0$
<i>Ce144</i>	$1.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$3.1 \times 10^1$
<i>Pr144</i>	$1.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.2 \times 10^{-3}$
<i>Cr51</i>	$1.7 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.7 \times 10^1$
<i>Mn54</i>	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.4 \times 10^1$

	<i>Evaporator Concentrates Arriving at Storage Tank (<math>\mu</math> Ci/cc)</i>	<i>Spent Resins Arriving at Storage Tank (<math>\mu</math> Ci/cc)</i>
<i>Mn56</i>	$2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	$7.1 \times 10^{-1}$
<i>Co58</i>	$4.5 \times 10^{-2}$	$3.1 \times 10^2$
<i>Co60</i>	$5.0 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.1 \times 10^2$
<i>Fe59</i>	$1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	$7.3 \times 10^0$

**Table 11-17. Solid Radwaste System Component Data**

<b>1. Spent Resin Storage Tanks</b>	
Quantity	2
Tank Volume, Gal.	5000
Resin Storage Volume, Gal.	3800
Design Pressure, PSIG	100
Design Temperature, °F	200
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>2. Chemical Drain Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Tank Volume, Gal.	600
Holdup Volume, Gal.	600
Design Pressure, PSIG	Atmospheric
Design Temperature, °F	200
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>3. Evaporator Concentrates Holdup Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Tank Volume, Gal.	3000
Holdup Volume, Gal.	3000
Design Pressure, PSIG	Atmospheric
Design Temperature, °F	200
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>4. Evaporator Concentrates Batch Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Tank Volume, Gal.	2000
Storage Volume, Gal.	2000
Design Pressure, PSIG	Atmospheric
Design Temperature, °F	200
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>5. Radwaste Batching Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Tank Volume, Gal.	880
Batch Volume, Gal.	730

Design Pressure, PSIG	Atmospheric
Design Temperature, °F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>6. Binder Storage Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Tank Volume, Gal.	6000
Useable Volume, Gal.	6000
Design Pressure, PSID	0.1 (internal), 0.2 (external)
Design Temperature, °F	120
Material	Carbon Steel, internally coated with Wisconsin Plastite 3066
<b>7. Disposable Containers (Liners for Low Activity Waste)</b>	
Quantity	As Required
Container size	Various as allowed by the applicable disposal site criteria
Container Volume, Ft <sup>3</sup> /Gal.	Various – Typical 120.3/899.9 to 205.8/1539.5
Useable Volume, Ft <sup>3</sup> /Gal.	Various – Typical 91/680.7 to 178/1331.5
Weight Full, LBS.	Various as allowed by liner and based on waste density
<b>8. Spent Resin Sluice Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Canned Horizontal Centrifugal
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, °F	200
Design Flow, GPM	140
Total Head at Design Flow, Ft	250
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>9. Chemical Drain Tank Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Canned Horizontal Centrifugal
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, °F	200
Design Flow, GPM	35/100

Total Head at Design Flow, FT	250/200
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>10. Radwaste Transfer Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Progressing Cavity Positive Displacement
Capacity, GPM	Variable 2 to 16
Total Head, FT	250
Material	Stainless Steel rotor, Buna-N stator
<b>11. Binder Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Progressing Cavity Positive Displacement
Design Pressure, PSIG	210
Design Temperature, °F	120
Design Flow, GPM	50 gpm
Total Head at Design Flow, FT	160
Material	Stainless Steel rotor, Viton stator
<b>12. Liner Vault Sump Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Air-driven, vertical sump pump
Design Pressure, PSIG	50
Design Temperature, °F	200
Design Flow, GPH	50 gpm
Total Head at Design Flow, FT	50
Material	Stainless Steel
<b>13. Dewatering Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Type	Single Stage Turbine Pump
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, °F	200
Design Flow, GPM	18
Total Head at Design Flow, FT	300
Material	Stainless Steel

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**14. Spent Resin Sluice Filter**

Quantity	1
Type	Disposable Cartridge
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, °F	200
Design Flow, GPM	150
Pressure Loss at Design Flow, PSID	Fouled - 20 Unfouled - 5
Retention, percent, @ 25 micron particle size Material	98 Stainless Steel

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**15. Resin Batching Tank Mixer**

Quantity	1
Type	Top Entering, Vertically Mounted
Motor, HP	5
Material	Stainless Steel

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**Table 11-18. Deleted Per 1997 Update**

Table 11-19. Liquid Process Radiation Monitoring Equipment

<b>Monitor Identification</b>	<b>Detector Type</b>	<b>Sensitivity<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Max. Detectable Concentration</b>	<b>Range Counts/Mi n</b>	<b>Typical Setpoint</b>	<b>Design Service</b>
Turbine Building sump monitor (EMF31)	Nal Scintillator	3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml I-31 2X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml I-131 1X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.1)	Normal operation gross gamma
Deleted Per 2006 Update						
Nuclear service water monitor (EMF45)	Nal Scintillator GM Tube	3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml I-131 2X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	1X10 <sup>3</sup> µCi/ml I-131 8X10 <sup>1</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6(2)</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.4	Normal and Post LOCA gross gamma
Component cooling water monitor (EMF46)	Nal Scintillator	3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml I-131 2X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml I-131 1X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.5	Normal operation gross gamma
Boron recycle evaporator condensate monitor (EMF47)	Nal Scintillator	3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml I-131 2X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml I-131 1X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.6	Normal operation gross gamma
Waste liquid discharge monitor (EMF49)	Nal Scintillator GM Tube	5X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml I-131 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 6X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	1X10 <sup>3</sup> µCi/ml I-131 8X10 <sup>1</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6(2)</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.8)	Normal Operation Gross Gamma
Clean area floor drains discharge monitor (EMF52)	Nal Scintillator	3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml I-131 2X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml I-131 1X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 2X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.9)	Normal operation gross gamma

<b>Monitor Identification</b>	<b>Detector Type</b>	<b>Sensitivity<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Max. Detectable Concentration</b>	<b>Range Counts/Mi n</b>	<b>Typical Setpoint</b>	<b>Design Service</b>
Waste monitor tank building liquid discharge monitor (EMF57)	Nal Scintillator	3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml I-131 2X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml I-131 6X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.10 )	Normal operation gross gamma
Auxiliary Building Cooling Water Monitor (EMF89)	Nal Scintillator	5X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 8X10 <sup>-8</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	4X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 7X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.1.11 )	Normal operation gross gamma

**Notes:**

1. The sensitivity is for the single radionuclide listed; in the event mixtures of radionuclides are present, the sensitivity will vary. Sensitivity will also vary with background radiation and contamination buildup
2. High range (shielded)

**Table 11-20. Airborne Process Radiation Monitoring Equipment**

<b>Monitor Identification</b>	<b>Detector Type</b>	<b>Sensitivity<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Max. Detectable Concentration</b>	<b>Range Counts/Min</b>	<b>Typical Setpoint</b>	<b>Design Service</b>
Unit vent particulate monitor (EMF35)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	9X10 <sup>-11</sup> µCi/ml Sr-90 <sup>(2)</sup> 2X10 <sup>-10</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 4X10 <sup>-10</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	8X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 <sup>(2)</sup> 7X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6(4)</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.1	Normal operation beta-gamma
Unit vent gas monitor (EMF36)	Plastic Beta Scintillator - GM Tube	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	4X10 <sup>3</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6(4)</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.1	Normal operation beta-gamma
Deleted Per 2007 Update						
Unit vent high high range monitor (EMF54)	Ion Chamber	3X10 <sup>0</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 <sup>(5)</sup>	5X10 <sup>7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>0</sup> - 10 <sup>8</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.1	Post LOCA gross gamma
Containment air particulate monitor (EMF38)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	2X10 <sup>-10</sup> µCi/ml Sr-90 <sup>(2)</sup> 2X10 <sup>-10</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 7X10 <sup>-10</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	8X10 <sup>-2</sup> µCi/ml Co-60 <sup>(2)</sup> 7X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Cs-137	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.2	Normal operation beta-gamma
Containment gas monitor (EMF39)	Plastic Beta Scintillator - GM Tube	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	4X10 <sup>3</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6(4)</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.2	Normal operation beta-gamma
Deleted Per 2007 Update						
Auxiliary Building ventilation monitor (EMF41)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.3	Normal operation beta
Fuel Building ventilation monitor (EMF42)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.4	Normal operation beta
Control Room Air intake monitor (EMF43)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup> µCi/ml	Normal operation beta

<b>Monitor Identification</b>	<b>Detector Type</b>	<b>Sensitivity<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Max. Detectable Concentration</b>	<b>Range Counts/Min</b>	<b>Typical Setpoint</b>	<b>Design Service</b>
Waste gas discharge monitor (EMF50)	Plastic Beta Scintillator - GM Tube	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	4X10 <sup>3</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>6</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.6)	Normal operation beta-gamma
condenser air ejector exhaust monitor (EMF33)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	1X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 3X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.7)	Normal operation beta
Containment high range monitor (EMF53)	Ion Chamber	2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 <sup>(5)</sup>	5X10 <sup>7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>0</sup> - 10 <sup>8</sup> R/hr	10 <sup>2</sup> R/hr	Post LOCA gross gamma
Technical Support Center air intake monitor (EMF55)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	2X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 2X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	1X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85 2X10 <sup>-1</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup> µCi/ml	Normal operation beta
Waste monitor tank building ventilation monitor (EMF58)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	5X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 2X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml KR-85	5X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.10)	Normal operation beta
Annulus monitor (EMF60)	Plastic Beta Scintillator	5X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 2X10 <sup>-7</sup> µCi/ml KR-85	5X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Xe-133 2X10 <sup>2</sup> µCi/ml Kr-85	10 <sup>1</sup> - 10 <sup>7</sup>	(Refer to Section 11.5.1.2.2.11)	Normal operation beta

**Notes:**

1. The sensitivity is for the single radionuclide listed; in the event mixtures of radionuclides are present, the sensitivity will vary. Sensitivity will also vary with background radiation and contamination buildup.
2. Based on 15 minute buildup on filter.
3. Based on 1 hour buildup on charcoal cartridge.
4. High range (shielded)
5. Sensitivity value corresponds to typical setpoint listed.

**Table 11-21. System Component Design Parameters**

<b>TANKS</b>	
<b>Auxiliary Monitor Tanks</b>	
Quantity	3
Total Volume, GAL.	20,000
Design Pressure, internal, PSIG	-0.1
Design Pressure, external, PSID	0.1
Design Temperature, F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
Geometry	Right Cylinder 15'dia. 16' high
<b>Powdex Storage Tank</b>	
Quantity	1
Total Volume, GAL.	30,000
Design Pressure, internal, PSIG	-0.1
Design Pressure, external, PSID	0.1
Design Temperature, F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
Geometry	Right Cylinder Conical Bottom 18' dia 19' high
<b>PUMPS</b>	
<b>Monitor Tank Pumps</b>	
Quantity	3
Design Flow, GPM	200
Total Head, FT	250
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
Type	Horizontal Centrifugal
<b>Powdex Dewatering Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Design Flow, GPM	60
Total Head, FT	70
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, F	150

Material	Stainless Steel
Type	Horizontal Centrifugal
<b>Powdex Transfer Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Design Flow, GPM	75
Total Head, FT	160
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
Type	Positive Displacement
<b>Monitor Tank Building Sump Pump</b>	
Quantity	2
Design Flow, GPM	50
Total Head, FT	50
Design Pressure, PSIG	150
Design Temperature, F	150
Material	Stainless Steel
Type	Vertical Centrifugal
<b>Truck Bay Sump Pump</b>	
Quantity	1
Design Flow, GPM	20
Total Head, FT	25
Design Pressure, PSIG	15
Design Temperature, F	100
Material	Cast Iron
Type	Submersible

**Table 11-22. Adjacent-to-Line Radiation Monitoring System**

<b>Detector Number</b>	<b>Identification</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>Range</b>
1EMF48	Reactor Coolant	EL 543 EE, 54	120 $\frac{\text{counts / min}}{\text{mR / hr}}$	$10^{-1}$ - $10^4$ mR/hr
1EMF71	Steam Generator 1A Leakage	EL 594, TB1 1M, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
1EMF72	Steam Generator 1B Leakage	EL 594, TB1 1E, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
1EMF73	Steam Generator 1C Leakage	EL 594, TB1 1E, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
1EMF74	Steam Generator 1D Leakage	EL 594, TB1 1M, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
2EMF48	Reactor Coolant	EL 543 EE, 61	120 $\frac{\text{counts / min}}{\text{mR / hr}}$	$10^{-1}$ - $10^4$ mR/hr
2EMF71	Steam Generator 2A Leakage	EL 594, TB2 2M, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
2EMF72	Steam Generator 2B Leakage	EL 594, TB2 2E, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
2EMF73	Steam Generator 2C Leakage	EL 594, TB2 2E, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD
2EMF74	Steam Generator 2D Leakage	EL 594, TB2 2M, 34	Undetermined	$10^0$ - $10^5$ GPD