

PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT

Red Wing, Minnesota

UNITS 1 AND 2



ANNUAL REPORT

to the

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION Radiation Environmental Monitoring Program January 1, 1981 to December 31, 1981

MINNEAPOLIS. MINNESOTA

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NORTHERN STATES POWER COMPANY MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

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ANNUAL REPORT to the UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Radiation Environmental Monitoring Program January 1, 1981 to December 31, 1981

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Approved by:

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Director, Nuclear Sciences

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PREFACE

The staff members of the Nuclear Sciences Department of Hazleton Environmental Sciences (HES), a Division of Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc., were responsible for the acquisition of data presented in this report. Samples were collected by personnel of Northern States Power Company.

The report was prepared by C.R. Marucut, Section Supervisor. She was assisted in the report preparation L. Nicia, Group Leader, and E. Petray, Technical Writer, under the Direction of L. G. Huebner, Director, Nuclear Sciences.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes and inteprets results of the Radiation Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) conducted by Hazleton Environmental Sciences at the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant, Red Wing, Minnesota, during the period January - December, 1981. This program monitors the levels of radioactivity in the air, terrestrial, and aquatic environments in order to assess the impact of the plant on its surroundings.

Tabulation of the individual analyses made during the year are not included in this report. These data are included in a reference document (Hazleton Environmental Sciences, 1982) available at Northern States Power Company, Nuclear Support Services Department.

Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant is located on the Mississippi River in Goodhue County, Minnesota, and operated by Northern States Power Company. The plant has two 550 MWe pressurized water reactors. Unit 1 achieved initial criticality on 1 December 1973. Commercial operation at full power began on 16 December 1973. Unit 2 achieved initial criticality on 17 December 1974. Commercial operation at full power began on 21 December 1974.

2.0 SUMMARY

The Radiation Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) required by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) Technical Specifications for the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant is described. Results for 1981 are summarized and discussed.

No effect on the environment due to the operation of the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant is indicated.

Results obtained for gross beta in airborne particulates collected during the first three quarters of 1981 and presence of relatively short-lived fission products, such as noibium-95, zirconium-95, ruthenium-103, cerium-141, and cerium-144 in some of the airborne particulates, natural vegetation, and shoreline sediments samples show a moderate effect of fallout from atmospheric nuclear detonation of a 200 kiloton to 1 megaton range device on 16 October, 1980. Presence of other fission products, mostly strontium-90 and cesium-137 in some of the sampling media indicates a long range effect on the environment from fallout resulting from previous atmospheric nuclear tests.

3.0 RADIATION ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM (REMP)

3.1 Program Design and Data Interpretation

The purpose of the Radiation Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) at the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant is to assess the impact of the plant on its environment. For this purpose, samples are collected from the air, terrestrial, and aquatic environments and analyzed for radioactive content. In addition, ambient gamma radiation levels are monitored by thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD's).

Sources of environmental radiation include the following:

- natural background radiation arising from cosmic rays and primordial radionuclides;
- fallout from atmospheric nuclear detonations,
- (3) releases from nuclear power plants.

In interpreting the data, effects due to the Plant must be distinguished from those due to other sources.

A major interpretive aid in assessment of these effects is the design of the monitoring program at the Prairie Island Plant which is based on the indicator-control concept. Most types of samples are collected both at indicator locations (nearby, downwind, or downstream) and at control locations (distant, upwind, or upstream). A plant effect would be indicated if the radiation level at an indicator location was significantly larger than that at the control location. The difference would have to be greater than could be accounted for by typical fluctuations in radiation levels arising from other sources.

An additional interpretive technique involves analyses for specific radionuclides present in the environmental samples collected from the Plant site. The Plant's monitoring program includes analyses for tritium, strontium-89, strontium-90, and iodine-131. Most samples are also analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes with results for the following groups quantified: zirconium-95, cesium-137, cerium-144, beryllium-7, and potassium-40. The first three gamma-emitting isotopes were selected as radiological impact indicators because of the different characteristic proportions in which they appear in the fission product mix produced by a nuclear reactor and that produced by a nuclear detonation. Each of the three isotopes is produced in roughly equivalent amounts by a reactor: each constitutes about 10% of the total activity of fission products 10

days after reactor shutdown. On the other hand, 10 days after a nuclear explosion, the contributions of zirconium-95, cerium-144, and cesium-137 to the activity of the resulting debris are in the approximate ratio 4:1:0.03 (Eisenbud, 1963). Beryllium-7 is of cosmogenic origin and potassium-40 is a naturally-occurring isotope. They were chosen as calibration monitors and should not be considered radiological impact indicators.

The other group quantified consists of niobium-95, ruthenium-103, and -106, cesium-134, barium-lanthanum-140, and cerium-141. These isotopes are released in small quantities by nuclear power plants, but to date their major source of injection into the general environment has been atmospheric nuclear testing. Nuclides of the final group, manganese-54, cobalt-58, and -60, and zinc-65, are activation products and arise from activation of corrosion products. They are typical components of nuclear power plant's effluents, but are not produced in significant quantities by nuclear detonations.

Other means of distinguishing sources of environmental radiation can be employed in interpreting the data. Current radiation levels can be compared with previous levels, including those measured before the Plant became operational. Results of the Plant's Monitoring Program can be related to those obtained in other parts of the world. Finally, results can be related to events known to cause elevated levels of radiation in the environment, e.g., atmospheric nuclear detonations.

3.2 Program Description

The sampling and analysis schedule for the environmental radiation monitoring program at Prairie Island is summarized in Table 5.1 and briefly reviewed below. Table 5.2 defines the sampling location codes used in Table 5.1 and specifies for each location its type (indicator or control) and its distance, direction, and sector relative to the reactor site. To assure that sampling is carried out in a reproducible manner, detailed sampling procedures have been prescribed (Hazleton Environmental Sciences Corporation, 1981).

To monitor the air environment, irborne particulates are collected on membrane filters by continuous pumpled at four locations. Also, airborne iodine is collected by continuous pumpled at four locations. Also, airborne three of these locations. Filters are changed and counted weekly. Particulate filters are analyzed for gross beta activity and charcoal filters for iodine-131. A monthly composite of all particulate filters is gamma-scanned on a Ge(Li) detector. Two of the four locations are indicators, and two are controls (P-1 and P-2). One of the indicators (P-3) is located near the residence expected to be most susceptible to any atmospheric emissions from the Plant (highest X/Q residence).

Ambient gamma radiation is monitored at the same four air sampling locations using CaF_2 :Mn thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD's). The sensors are placed in pairs at each location and are collected and measured quarterly.

In addition, as a "Lessons Learned" commitment, ambient gamma radiation is monitored at thirty-two (32) special locations, using three (3) LiF₂ chips for each location: ten (10) in an inner ring in the general area of the site boundary, fifteen (15) in the outer ring within 4-5 mi radius, six (6) at special interest locations and one control location, 11.1 mi distant from the plant. They are replaced and measured quarterly. Also, a complete emergency set of TLD's for all locations, including four air sampling locations, is placed in the field at the same time as regular sets. The emergency set is returned to the HES laboratory quarterly for annealing and repackaging.

Milk samples are collected monthly from five farms (four indicator and one control). All samples are analyzed for iodine-131. In addition, samples from the control location (P-25, Kinneman Farm) and the highest X/Q location (P-14, Gustafson Farm) are analyzed for strontium-89, strontium-90, and for gamma-emitting isotopes.

For additional monitoring of the terrestrial environment, natural vegetation (such as grass) is collected semi-annually from three locations (including the highest X/Q milk location P-14 and the milk control location P-25). Samples are analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes including iodine-131. Cabbage is collected annually from a garden nearest the Plant and a control location (P-25) and analyzed for iodine-131. Corn is collected annually from the highest X/Q farm (P-14) and a control location (P-25) and analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes. Also, well water is collected quarterly and analyzed for tritium and gamma-emitting isotopes. Finally, topsoil is collected every three years and analyzed for strontium -90 and gamma-emitting isotopes. The latest collection of soil was made in 1979.

River water is collected weekly at two locations, one upstream of the Plant (P-5) and one downstream (P-6, Lock and Dam $\Delta 3$). Monthly composites are analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes. Quarterly composites are analyzed for tritium, strontium-89, and strontium-90.

Drinking water is collected weekly from the City of Red Wing well. Monthly composites are analyzed for gross beta activity and gamma-emitting isotopes. Quarterly composites are analyzed for tritium.

The aquatic environment is also monitored by semi-annual upstream and downstream collections of fish, periphyton or macroinvertebrates, aquatic vegetation, and bottom sediments. Shoreline sedment is collected semi-annually.

3.3 Program Execution

The Program was executed as described in the preceding section. There were no deviations from the program (See Table 5.3).

3.4 Laboratory Procedures

All strontium-89, strontium-90, and iodine-131 analyses in milk were made by using a sensitive radiochemical procedure which involves separation of the element of interest by use of an ion-exchange resin and subsequent beta counting.

All gamma-spectroscopic analyses were performed with a Ge(Li) detector. Levels of iodine-131 in cabbage and natural vegetation were determined by Ge(Li) spectrometry. Levels of airborne iodine-131 in charcoal samples were measured by Ge(Li) spectrometry.

Tritium levels were determined by liquid scintillation technique.

Analytical procedures used by the Nuclear Sciences Department of Hazleton Environmental Sciences are specified in detail elsewhere (Hazleton Environmental Sciences, 1981). Procedures are based on those prescribed by the National Center for Radiological Health of the U. S. Public Health Service (U. S. Public Health Service, 1967) and by the Health and Safety Laboratory of the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission (U. S. Atomic Energy Commission, 1972).

Hazleton Environmental Sciences has a comprehensive quality control/ quality assurance program designed to assure the reliability of data obtained. Details of Hazleton's QA Program are presented elsewhere (Hazleton Environmental Sciences, 1982). The HES QA Program includes participation in laboratory intercomparison (crosscheck) programs. Results obtained in crosscheck programs are presented in Appendix A.

3.5 Program Modifications

Beginning 1 January 1980, thirty-two (32) new TLD locations were added to the program as a "Lessons Learned" commitment. Ten (10) of these locations were selected in an inner ring in the general area of the site boundary, fifteen (15) in the outer ring within 4-5 mi radius of the plant, six (6) at special areas of interest, and one (1) at a control location, 11.1 mi distant from the plant. Three LIF₂ chips were placed at each location and were exchanged and read quarterly.

In addition, a complete emergancy set of TLDs is placed at all locations, including four air sampling locations. The TLDs are returned to the HES laboratory guarterly for annealing and repackaging.

Several additional sample collections which are not a part of the program were performed in 1981. Three (3) goat's milk samples were collected from mid September through the mid October 1981 from two farms and analyzed for iodine-131.

3.6 Census of Milch Animals

In accordance with Technical Specification 4.10, paragraph B, several surveys of milch animals were conducted in the area of the Plant during 1981. On 11 June 1981 an extensive survey was conducted within a one mile radius of the Plant (or 15 mrem/year distance). Most cattle observed were used for beef rather than milk production. No new milk producing herds were found.

On 16 June 1981 a census for milk cows within a five mile radius was completed. With the assistance of the Agricultural Agent of Goodhue and Pierce Counties, it was determined that there were no changes in the milk herds in Minnesota and only location changes on the map of milk herds in Wisconsin. Current raw milk sampling locations were not affected. No new herds were identified.

On 16 June and 19 June 1981 a census of goat herds within a 15 mile radius of the Plant was completed. After visits with three county agricultural agents, a county 4-H Agent, and several members of the Wisconsin Dairy Goat Association, it was determined that there were no reliable suppliers of goat milk in the area. Most herds in the area are kept as hobbies or as part of youth education programs conducted by 4-H organizations. Although goat milk sampling is not a part of the routine program, certain goat milk samples, when available, were collected and analyzed.

On 16 September, 17 September, and 18 September 1981 the mid-season census of milch producing animals was completed. No new herds were identified. None of the surveys resulted in changes of milk sampling locations.

4.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

All collections and analyses were made as scheduled (see Table 5.3).

All results are summarized in Table 5.4 in a format recommended by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in Regulatory Guide 4.8. For each type of analysis of each sampled medium, this table lists the mean and range for all indicator locations and for all control locations. The locations with the highest mean and range are also shown.

4.1 The Effect of Chinese Atmospheric Nuclear Detonation

There were no reported atmospheric nuclear tests in 1981. The last reported test was conducted by the People's Republic of China on 16 October 1980. The reported yield was in the 200 kiloton to 1 megaton range.

The most pronounced effect of this test was on the gross beta levels in airborne particulates. The annual mean gross beta activity was about three and one-half times higher than in 1980. The highest activity was reached in the month of May and in the second quarter and then by the end of 1981 declined steadily to the level observed in 1980. Also, the presence of fission products such as niobium-95, zirconium-95, ruthenium-103, cerium-141, cerium-144, and cesium-137 in some of the sampled media is attributable to the most recent (16 October 1980) and previous tests in the atmosphere.

4.2 Program Findings

A number of program findings reflect effects of the latest Chinese and previous worldwide atmospheric nuclear tests. The chief environmental indicators of a recent test effects were airborne particulates, and to a limited extent, natural vegetation, aquatic vegetation and shoreline sediments.

Ambient Radiation (TLD's)

At four regular air sampling locations, indicator TLD's averaged 12.9 mrem/91 days and control TLD's averaged 16.6 mrem/91 days. The doses measured by control TLD's were about 30% higher than indicator TLD's. Higher readings at control locations are due to higher readings at location P-2, which historically yielded about 40% higher readings than the second control location, P-1. The means at special locations were similar to those measured at regular air sampling locations and ranged

from 13.0 mrem/91 days at inner ring locations to 14.5 mrem/91 days at outer ring locations. The differences are not statistically significant. The dose rates measured were similar to those observed in 1978 (12.1 and 15.1 mrem/91 days, respectively; in 1979 (12.6 and 15.3 mrem/91 days, respectively), and in 1980 (11.2 and 13.5 mrem/91 days, respectively). No Plant effect on ambient gamma radiation was indicated.

Air Particulates

The average annual gross beta activity in airborne particulates was similar at both indicator locations (0.108 pCi/m^3) and control locations (0.115 pCi/m^3) and was about three and one-half times higher than in 1980 (0.032 pCi/m^3) . The increase in the activity is attributable to the fallout from the test conducted 16 October 1980. The highest averages for gross beta were for the month of May and the second quarter, then decreased gradually to the 1980 level by the end of the year.

The elevated activity in May and the second quarter was due to a spring peak, which has been observed almost annually (1976, 1979 and 1980 were exceptions) for many years (Wilson et al., 1969). The spring peak has been attributed to fallout of nuclides from the stratosphere (Gold et al., 1964). It was more pronounced in 1981 because of the addition of the radioactive debris from the latest nuclear test.

Two pieces of evidence indicate conclusively that the elevated observed activity during the second quarter was not attributable to the Plant. In the first place, elevated activity of similar size occurred simultaneously at both the indicator and control locations. Secondly, an identical pattern was observed at the Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant, about 100 miles distant from the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant (Northern States Power Company, 1982).

Trace amounts of niobium-95, zirconium-95, ruthenium-103, cerium-141, and cerium-144 were detected in some of the composite samples. Presence of these isotopes in airborne particulates is also attributable to the fallout from the recent nuclear test. Except for beryllium-7, which is produced continuously in the upper atmosphere by cosmic radiation (Arnold and Al-Salih, 1955), all other gamma-emitting isotopes were below their respective LLD levels. None of the activities detected were attributable to the Plant operation.

Airborne Iodine

Airborne iodine-131 results were below the detection limit of 0.07 pCi/m³ in all samples. Thus, there was no indication of a Plant effect.

Milk

Iodine-131 results were below the detection limit of 0.25 pCi/l in all samples.

Strontium-90 results were nearly identical at both indicator and control locations (3.6 and 3.7 pCi/l, respectively) and were in the range of 2.3-5.4 pCi/l, a range consistent with 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, and 1980 observations at Prairie Island. Strontium-90 levels in this range are attributable to worldwide fallout from previous atmospheric nuclear tests and reflect the long half-life (28.6 yrs) of this isotope.

Cesium-137 results were below the LLD level of 15 pCi/l in all samples. Cesium-137 is also a long-lived component (with a half-life of 30.24 years) of worldwide fallout and is found in the environment in trace quantities. Finally, all strontium-89 results in 1981 were <5.0 pCi/l, in agreement with 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, and 1980 measurements.

No significant changes were seen in strontium-90 levels in milk and were similar to those observed in 1980. This absence of an effect is consistent with the low initial production of this isotope in nuclear explosions (Eisenbud, 1963). Also no other gamma-emitting isotopes, except potassium -40, were detected in any of the milk samples. This is consistent with the finding of the National Center for Radiological Health that most radiocontaminants in feed do not find their way into milk due to the selective metabolism of the cow. The common exceptions are radioisotopes of potassium, cesium, strontium, barium, and iodine (National Center for Radiological Health, 1968).

In summary, the milk data for 1981 show no radiological effects of the Plant operation, but the presence of strontium-90 in milk samples does exhibit a long range residual effect of previous atmospheric nuclear tests.

Drinking Water

In drinking water from the City of Red Wing well, no tritium was detected. Results ranged from <240 to <360 pCi/l. As with the other well water samples, all analyses for gamma-emitting isotopes yielded results below detection limits. Gross beta averaged 10.7 pCi/l and was similar to the levels observed in 1979 (10.5 pCi/l), and 1980 (11.8 pCi/l).

River Water

At the upstream collection site, quarterly composite tritium levels ranged from <240 to 790 pCi/l.

At the downstream site (Lock and Dam #3), quarterly composite tritium levels ranged from 200 to 660 pCi/l. The differences in levels between upstream and downstream samples were not significant.

Analyses of river water were also made for gamma-emitting isotopes, strontium-89, and strontium-90. All gamma-emitting isotopes and strontium-89 were below detection limits. Strontium-90 was detected in two upstream samples and two downstream samples. The mean activity was slightly higher in the upstream samples (1.0 pCi/l) than in downstream samples (0.8pCi/l), and was barely above the LLD level of 0.7 pCi/l. There was no indication of a plant effect.

Well Water

At the control well P-25, Kinneman Farm, tritium levels averaged 310 pCi/l, similar to the levels observed in 1979 (260 pCi/l), and 1980 (270 pCi/l). For two of the indicator wells (P-8, Kinney Store, and P-10, Lock and Dam #3) no tritium was detected above LLD level of 270 pCi/l in any of the analyses. The results ranged from <210 to <270 pCi/l and were consistent with the results obtained in 1979 and 1980. At the remaining indicator well (P-9, Plant Well #2), tritium was detected in three quarterly samples and ranged from <310 to 340 pCi/l, averaging 320 pCi/l, essentially identical to the level at the control well P-25.

Gamma-emitting isotope levels were below detection limits in all cases.

Crops

Cabbage samples were collected on 31 August 1981, and analyzed for iodine -131. Corn samples were also collected on 31 August 1981, and analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes. All results, except for potassium-40, were below detection limits. There was no indication of a Plant effect.

Natural Vegetation

Natural vegetation was collected on 7 May, 31 August, and 26 October 1981. No iodine-131 was observed in any of the samples collected.

Topsoil

Topsoil was not collected in 1981. In accordance with Technical Specifications, soil is collected every three years. The last collection was made in 1979.

Fish

Fish samples were collected in May, August, September, and October 1981. The only isotope detected was naturally-occuring potassium-40 and there was no significant difference between upstream and downstream results. There was no indication of a Plant effect.

Aquatic Insects and Periphyton

Aquatic insects (macroinvertebrates) and periphyton were collected on 22 May and 29 August 1981. The samples were analyzed for strontium-89, strontium-90 and gamma-emitting isotopes. Strontium-89 was below the limits of detection in all samples. Mean strontium-90 levels were very low and averaged 0.062 pCi/g wet weight in the upstream (control) sample and 0.042 pCi/g wet weight in the downstream sample. The difference between the downstream and upstream samples was not statistically significant since uncertainty in the measurement is about at the same magnitude as the difference. Trace amounts of niobium-95 and zirconium-95 were detected in some samples. Presence of these isotopes is attributable to the fallout from the most recent nuclear test. All other gamma-emitting isotopes, except for naturally-occuring potassium-40, were below their respective LLD's. No Plant effect was indicated.

Aquatic Vegetation

Aquatic vegetation was collected on 22 May and 28 August 1981 and analyzed for gamma-emitting isotopes. All results, except for potassium -40, were below detection limits. No Plant effect was indicated.

Bottom and Shoreline Sediments

Sediment collections were made on 22 May and 28 and 31 August 1981. The samples were analyzed for strontium-90 and gamma-emitting isotopes. Strontium-90 was below the LLD of 0.016 pCi/g dry weight in all samples. Cerium-137 was detected in one shoreline sediment sample (0.070 pCi/g dry weight).

Trace amounts of niobium-95 and ruthenium-103 were detected in two samples. Presence of trace amounts of these gamma-emitting isotopes is attributable to the recent nuclear test. The only other gamma-emitting isotope detected was naturally-occuring potassium-40. No Plant effect was indicated.

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5.0 TABLES

	Locations		Collection Type and	Analysis Type (and
Medium	No.	Codes (and Type) ^a	Frequencyb	Frequency) ^C
Ambient Radiation (TLD's)	4	P-1(C), P-2(C), P-3, P-4	C/Q	Ambient gamma
	32	P-01A - P10A P-01B - P-15B P-01S - P-06S P-01(C)	C/Q	Ambient gamma
Airborne particulates	4	P-1(C), P-2(C), P-3, P-4	C/W	GB, GS (MC of all locations)
Airborne iodine	3	P-1(C), P-3, P-4	C/W	I-131
Milk	3	P-16 to P-18	G/M	I-131
	2	P-25(C), P-14	G/M	1-131, Sr-89, Sr-90, GS
River water	2	P-5(C), P-6	G/W	GS(MC), H-3(QC) Sr-89 (QC) Sr-90 (QC)
Drinking Water	1	P-11	G/W	GB, GS(MC), H-3 (QC)
Well water	4	P-25(C), P-8 to P-10	G/Q	H-3, GS
Edible cultivated crops - green leafy vegetables	2	P-25(C), P-24	G/A	I-131

Table 5.1 Sample collection and analysis program, 1981.

Prairie Island

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Table 5.1 (continued)

Prairie Island

	Locations		Collection Type and	Analysis Type (and	
Medium	No.	Codes (and Type) ^a	Frequencyb	Frequency) ^C	
Edible cultivated crops - corn	2	P-25(C), P-14	G/A	GS	
Natural Vegetation	3	P-25(C), P-14, P-15	G/SA	I-131, GS	
Fish (two species, edible portion)	2	P-5(C), P-6	G/SA	GS	
Periphyton or Macroinvertebrates	2	P-5(C), P-6	G/SA	Sr-89, Sr-90 GS	
Aquatic Vegetation	2	P-5(C), P-6	G/SA	GS	
Bottom Sediment	2	P-5(C), P-6	G/SA	GS, Sr-90	
Shoreline Sediment	1	P-12	G/SA	GS, Sr-90	
Topsoild	9	P-1(C), P-2(C) P-3, P-4, P-19 to P-23	G/ETY	GS, Sr-90	

- ^a Location codes are defined in Table D-2. Control stations are indicated by (C). All other stations are indicators.
- ^b Collection type is coded as follows: C/ = continuous, G/ =grab. Collection frequency is coded as follows: W = weekly, M = monthly, Q = quarterly, SA = semiannually, A = annually, ETY = every three years.
- C Analysis type is coded as follows: GB = gross beta, GS = gamma spectroscopy, H-3 = tritium, Sr-89 = strontium-89, Sr-90 = strontium-90, I-131 = iodine-131. Analysis frequency is coded as follows: MC = monthly composite, QC = quarterly composite.

d Collected in 1979. Next scheduled collecction is in 1982.

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Table 5.2	Sampling	locations.	

Prairie Island

Code	Typea	Name	Location
P-1	c	Station P-1 (Control-Air)	16.5 mi @ 348°/NNW
P-2	C	Station P-2 (Control-Air)	10.9 mi @ 47°/NE
P-3	· ·	Station P-3 (X/Q res, Comm-Ain	
P-4		Station P-4 (X/Q-Air)	1.6 mi @ 129°/SE
P-5		Upstream of Plant (1000')	0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE
P-6		Lock & Dam #3	1.6 mi @ 129°/SE
P-70	С	Most Farm Well	11.4 mi @ 320°/NW
P-8	· ·	Kinney Store	2.0 mi @ 280°/W
P-9		Plant Well #2 (on-site)	0.3 mi @ 306°/NW
P-10		Lock & Dam #3 Well	1.6 mi @ 129°/SE
P-11		City of Red Wing (Drinking Wat	
P-12		Recreational Area	3.4 mi @ 116°/ESE
P-130	С	Most Farm (Prescott)	11.4 mi @ 320°/NW
P-14	· ·	Gustafson Farm (X/Q-milk)	2.2 mi @ 168°/SSE
P-15		Downwind Field	0.6 mi @ 162°/SSE
P-16		A. Dosdahl Farm	2.5 mi @ 39°/NE
P-17		Place Farm	3.5 mi @ 25°/NNE
P-18		Birk Farm	3.5 mi @ 181°/S
P-19		Commissary Point Park	1.0 mi @ 156°/SSE
P-20		Meteorology Station	0.4 mi @ 296°/WNW
P-21		Sturgeon Lake Access	0.4 mi @ 344°/NNW
P-22		Former TLD #14 Location	0.5 mi @ 230°/SW
P-23		Former TLD #15 Location	0.5 mi @ 184°/S
P-24		H. Larson Residence (Nearest Garden)	1.6 mi @ 287°/WNW
P-25C	С	Kinneman Farm (Control-Milk,	etc) 11.1 mi @ 331°/NNW
P-26d		Augustine Farm	5.7 mi @ 24°/NNE
P-27d		Murphy Farm	2.8 mi @ 42°/NE
P-01A		Property Line	North Sector. Sampler f
			on the side of the fence
			adjacent to corps of
			Engineers public access
			parking area and facing
			the plant.
P-02A		Property Line	NNE Sector. Sampler at
			corner of the property
			line fence near the
			biology station.
P-03A		Property Line	South Sector. Sampler i
			adjacent the SE end of a
			guard rail along the road
			near a power pole.

Table	5.2	(continued)	

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Prairie Island

Code	Typea	Name	Location
P-04A		Property Line	SSW Sector. Sampler is adjacent ot the NW end of a guard rail along the roadway next to a small
P-05A		Property Line	access road. SW Sector. Sampler is inside the fence area adjacent to a transmission
P-06A		Property Line	tower. WSW Sector. Sampler is inside the fenced area adjacent to a telephone junction box and south of an underground cable
P-07A		Property Line	warning sign. West Sector. Sampler is inside the fenced area about 75 feet North of the railroad entrance gate
P-08A		Property Line	adjacent to a fence sign. WNW Sector. Sampler is adjacent to the last power pole that serves the Meteorological station alo
P-09A			the property fence line. NW Sector. Sampler is in north west corner of the property fenced area, just inside the fence and facing the plant.
P-10A		Property Line	NNW Sector. Sampler is inside the fence west of the north entrance gate facing the plant adjacent to a transmission tower.
P-018		Thomas Killian Residence	North Sector. Sampler is adjacent to a power pole north of the driveway.
P-02B		Ray Kinneman Farm	NNE Sector. Sampler is south of the driveway adjacent to a telephone junction box.

Table 5.2 (continued)	Tab	le	5.2	(continued)
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Prairie Island

Code	Typea	Name	Location
P-03B		Wayne Anderson Farm	NE Sector. Sampler is in the front yard adjacent to a power pole facing toward
P-04B		Nelson Drive (Road)	the plant. ENE Sector. Sampler is adjacent to a power pole and a telephone junction box, about 15 feet south of the road.
P-05B		Country Road E near Goodwin Coulee Road	East Sector. Sampler is north of Country Road E and about 300 ft. NW of the Goodwin Coulee Road (near a power pole that has a "Danger High Voltage" sign on it and about 25 ft. NW of the Richard Enberg mail box).
P-06B		William Hauschildt Residence	ESE Sector. Sampler is between a power pole and telephone junction box on the east side of the driveway.
P-07B		Red Wing Service Center	SE Sector. (North Highway 61 on Tyler Road) Sampler is adjacent to a corner transmission pole and the Railroad right-of-way close to a chain link fence.
P-08B		David Wnuk Residence	SSE Sector. Sampler is o the west edge of property adjacent to a telephone control pole and a road sign "DO NOT PASS".
P-09B		Highway 19, South of 61	South Sector. Sampler is adjacent to a pole support- ing a telephone junction box and opposite a new bridge on the east side of highway 19.

Table 5.2 (continued)

Prairie Island

Code	Type ^a Name	Location
P-10B	Cannodale Fan (Lesson Lane-James	Byron) adjacent to a corner fence
P-118	Wallace Weber	top of the bluff). Sample
		is adjacent to a power pole and the telephone junction box facing the plant (ease of driveway).
P-12B	Ray Gergen, d	
P-13B	Thomas O'Rou	
P-148	David J. And	
P-15B	Holst Farm	NNW Sector. Sampler is east of residence near a corner post of a fenced area.
P-01S	Federal Lock	
P-025	Charles Sute	
P-03S	Carl Gustafs	

Table 5.2	(continued)
lable J.C	concinueu/

Prairie Island

Code	Typea	Name	Location
P-04S		Near Richard Burt Residence	SW Sector Sampler is next to a tree about 15 feet away from the curve in the road.
P-05S		Kenney Store - Trailer Park	West Sector. Sampler is at the north end of a redwood fence and adjacent to a telephone junction box.
P-06S		Earl Flynn Farm	WNW Sector. Sampler is on the east side of the house adjacent to a huge stump and facing the plant.
P-01C		Robert Kinneman Farm	NNW Sector. Sampler is about 250 ft. east of the residence adjacent to a corner fence post and facing the plant.

a"C" denotes control location. All other locations are indicators. bp-13 discontinued after March 1978. CP-25 added in April 1978. dp-26 and P-27 added in July 1978 (Goat's Milk).

Sample	Analysiş	Location	Coll. Date or Period	Comments	
	NO	MISSED COL	LECTIONS		

Table 5.3. Missed collections and analyses, 1981; Prairie Island NGP All required samples collected and analyzed except the following:
 Table 5.4
 Environmental Radiological Monitoring Program Summary.

 Name of facility
 Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plan?
 Docket No. 50-282, 50-306

								. 1993 (M. 1997)
Sample	Type and			Indicator Locations	Location with High Annual Mean	Control Locations	Number of	
Type (Units)	Numbe	er of	LLDD	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Results
TLD (mrem/91 days)	Gamma	16	1.0	12.9 (8/8) (11.7-14.6)	P-2, Station P-2 10.9 mi @ 47°/NE	18.6 (4/4) (15.7-20.8)	16.6 (8/8) (14.0-20.8)	0
TLD {mrem/91 days) (Inner Ring, General Area at Site Boundary)	Gamma	40	3.0	13.0 (40/40) (6.7-17.4)	P-03A, Property Line S Sector	13.6 (4/4) (11.5-17.2)	(See control below)	0
TLD (mrem/91 days {Outer ring, 4-5 miles distant}	Gamma	60	3.0	14.5 (60/60) (11.0-21.3)	P-04B Nelson Drive Road ENE Sector	15.8 (4/4) (11.9-16.2)	(See control below)	0
TLD (mrem/91 days (Specia) Interest Areas)	Gamma	24	3.0	13.4 (24/24) (9.5-19.2)	P-04S Near Richard Burt Residence SW Sector	14.7 (4/4) (12.3-19.2)	(See control below)	0
TLD (mrem/91 days) (control)	Gamma	4	3.0	None	P-OIC-R. Kinneman Farm NNW Sector	13.9 (4/4) (12.3-15.5)	13.9 (4/4) (12.3-15.5)	0
Airborne Particulates (pCi/m ³)	68	208	0.002	0.108 (104/104) (0.005-0.566)	P-1, Station P-1 (Control-Air) 16.5 mi @ 348°/NNW	0.115 (51/52) (0.007-0.367)	0.115 (102/104 (0.007-0.389)) 0
					P-4, Station P-4 (X/Q-Air) 1.6 mi @ 129°/SE	0.115 (52/52) (0.005-0.566)	None	0
	GS	12						
1911	Be-7		0.065	0.099 (8/12) (0.055-0.134)	NA	-	None	0
1. S. 1. S. 1.	Mn-54		0.0020	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>			None	0
68330	Co-58		0.0033	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	-	-	None	0
	Co-60		0.0023	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	•		None	0
	Zn-65		0.0037	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Nb-95		0.0051	0.065 (7/12) (0.030-0.105)	NA		None	0

HAZLETON ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

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Sample	Type ar	d		Indicator Locations	Location with H Annual Mean		Control Locations	Number of
Type (Units)	Number Analyse	of	LLDD	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Resultse
Airborne Particylates	Zr-95		0.0014	0.039 (6/12) (0.015-0.053)	-	·	None	0
(pCi/m ³) (Cont'd)	Ru-103		0.012	0.020 (5/12) (0.0094-0.0260)	NA	-	None	0
	Ru-106		0.028	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>- </td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
1	Cs-134		0.0019	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>- </td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Cs-137		0.014	<110		-	None	0
	Ba-140		0.013	<lld< td=""><td>1</td><td>- </td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	1	-	None	0
	La-140		0.0020	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>- </td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Ce-141		0.015	0.016 (2/12) (0.016-0.016)	NA	•	None	0
	Ce-144		0.012	0.042 (5/12) (0.029-0.064)		•	None	0
Airborne Iodine (pCi/m ³)	1-131	156	0.07	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td>•</td><td><110</td><td>0</td></lld<>	•	•	<110	0
Milk	1-131	63	0.25	<lld< td=""><td>19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-1</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-1	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1.1.1	Sr-89	24	5.0	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>- </td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Sr-90	24	2.8	3.6 (6/6) (3.2-4.3)	P-25 Kinneman Farm 11.1 mi @ 331°/NNW	3.7 (12/12) (2.3-5.4)	3.7 (12/12) (2.3-5.4)	0
	GS	24				Part and		110
11.14	K-40		100	1390 (12/12) (1250-1800)	P-14 Gustafson Farm 2.2 ml @ 168°/SSE	1390 (12/12) (1250-1800)	1330 (12/12) (1110-1570)	0
Sec. 19.	Cs-134		15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137		15	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
A	Ba-La-140		21	410		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

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Table 5.4 (Continued) Name of facility Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant

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HAZLETON ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

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Sample	Type and			Indicator Locations	Location with Highes Annual Mean	it	Control Locations	Number of
Type (Units)	Number Analyse	of	LLDb	Mean(F) Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Results ^e
Drinking Water (pCi/l)	GB	12	1.0	10.7 (12/12) (7.3-16.9)	P-11 City of Red Wing 7.1 mi @ 135°/SE	10.7 (12/12) (7.3-16.9)	None	0
	H-3	4	360	<lld< td=""><td>1</td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	1	-	None	0
	Mn-54		15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Co-58		15	<lld< td=""><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	None	0
	Co-60		15	<lld< td=""><td>101 • Carlos</td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	101 • Carlos	-	None	0
	Zn-65		30	<lld< td=""><td>이 같은 것을 많이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 않는 것이 같이 많이 많이 많이 많이 없다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했</td><td>•</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	이 같은 것을 많이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 같이 않는 것이 같이 많이 많이 많이 많이 없다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했다. 말했	•	None	0
	Nb-95		20	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Zr-95		26	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>• /</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		• /	None	0
	Cs-134		15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
	Cs-137		18	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>		-	None	0
승규는 승규는 문	Ba-La-140		15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>			None	0
	Ce-144		108	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>None</td><td>0</td></lld<>	•		None	0
River Water (PC1/1)	H-3	8	340	660 (1/4)	P-5, Upstream of Plant (1000') 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE	790 (1/4)	790 (1/4)	0
1 1 A 2 2	Sr-89	8	1.9	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
~ 순 입	Sr-90	8	0.7	0.8 (2/4) (0.8-0.9)	P-5. Upstream of Plant (1000') 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE	1.0 (2/4) (0.8-1.2)	1.0 (2/4) (0.8-1.2)	0
	GS	24		100100				1.015
	Mn-54	- 18	15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58	101	17	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60		15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td>4LLD</td><td>0</td></lld<>		•	4LLD	0
	Zn-65		33	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1.1	Nb-95		31	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

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Camila	Type and			Indicator	Location with Hi Annual Mean		Control Locations	Number of
Sample Type (Units)	Number of Analyses ^a		LLDb	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Results ^e
River Water	Zr-95		30	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
(p/C1/1) (Cont'd)	Cs-134		15	4LD		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137		18	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-La-140		29	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144		130	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
Well Water (pCi/l)	H-3	16	270	320 (3/12) (310-340)	P-9 Plant Well No. 2 0.3 mi @ 306°/NW	320 (3/4) (310-340)	310 (2/4) (280-340)	0
	GS	16			12.52			
이 안 있었	Mn-54		15	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58		25	<lld< td=""><td>1</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60		15	<lld< td=""><td>12.1.4.2.1.1.1</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	12.1.4.2.1.1.1		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zn-65		30	4LD	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Nb-95		15	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zr-95		36	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134		15	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>1.1</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	1.1	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
tter de la	Cs-137		18	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>1.1.1</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	1.1.1	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-La-140		20	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144		100	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
Crops-Cabbage (pCi/g wet)	1-131	2	0.071	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

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HAZLETON ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

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Sample	Type and			Indicator Locations	Location with Hi Annual Mean		Control Locations	Number of
Type (Units)	Number	r of	LLDD	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Results ^e
Crops-Corn (pCi/g wet)	1-131	2	4.8	<lld< th=""><th></th><th>-</th><th><lld< th=""><th>0</th></lld<></th></lld<>		-	<lld< th=""><th>0</th></lld<>	0
tpc1/g wet)	GS	2			1.			
	Be-7		0.37	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	K-40		0.5	1.56 (1/1)	P-25 Kinneman Farm 11.1 mi @ 331°/NNW	1.96 (1/1)	1.96 (1/1)	0
	Mn-54		0.033	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58		0.039	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60		0.026	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zn-65		0.059	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Nb-95		0.057	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zr-95		0.028	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-103		0.074	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-106		0.22	<lld< td=""><td>1.0.0</td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1.0.0	•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134		0.022	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137		0.023	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-140		0.11	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	La-140		0.055	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-141		0.14	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144		0.22	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>•</td><td>410</td><td>0</td></lld<>	-	•	410	0
atural	1-131	6	0.093	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
Vegetation (pCi/g wet)	GS	6				10000		
Sec.	Be-7		0.57	1.95 (2/4) (0.95-2.94)	P-14, Gustafson Farm 2.2 mi @ 168°/SSE	2.94 (1/2)	2.81 (2/2) (0.88-4.74)	0
	K-40		0.5	4.5 (4/4) (3.43-5.09)	P-15, Downwind Field 0.6 mi @ 162°/SSE	4.74 (2/2) (4.69-4.78)	4.24 (2/2) (4.06-4.41)	0

	Turn and	1 1	Indicator Locations	Location with Highes Annual Mean	t	Control Locations	Number of
Sample Type (Units)	Type and Number of Analyses ^a	LLDD	Mean(F) Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Results ^e
latural	Mn-54	0.045	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
Vegetation (pCi/g wet)	Co-58	0.036	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
(Cont ^T d)	Co-80	0.040	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zn-65	0.11	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Nb-95	0.085	0.37 (3/4) (0.18-0.55)	P-15, Downwind Field 0.6 mi @ 162°/SSE	0.38 (1/2)	0.36 (2/2) (0.30-0.43)	0
	Zr-95	0.13	0.23 (3/4) (0.13-0.34)	P-25, Kinneman Farm 11.1 mi 0 331°/NNW	0.24 (1/2)	0.24 (1/2)	0
	Ru- 103	0.064	0.11 (2/4) (0.087-0.140)	P-14, Gustafson Farm 2.2 mi 0 168°/SSE	0.14 (1/2)	0.074 (1/2)	0
	Ru-106	0.40	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134	0.042	<lld< td=""><td>1. 1</td><td>10 - 10 I</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1. 1	10 - 10 I	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137	0.076	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-140	0.14	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
이는 것으로	La-140	0.053	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-141	0.12	0.17 (1/4)	P-14, Gustafson Farm 2.2 mi @ 168°/SSE	0.17 (1/4)	0.10 (1/2)	0
	Ce-144	0.51	0.48 (1/4)	P-25, Kinneman Farm 11.1 mi @ 331°/NNW	0.58 (2/2) (0.49-0.66)	0.58 (2/2) (0.49-0.66)	0
Fish-Flesh	6S 8						12.4.5
(pCi/g wet)	K-40	0.1	2.97 (4/4) (2.39-4.00)	P-5, Upstream of Plant (1000°) 0.6 mi@60°/ENE	3.04 (4/4) (2.04-3.55)	3.04 (4/4) (2.04-3.55)	0
	Mn-54	0.33	<lld< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58	0.042	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60	0.025	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zn-65	0.088	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

.

Sample	Туре			Indicator Locations	Location with Highe Annual Mean	st	Control	Number of
Type (units)	Number Analy:		LLDb	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	Locationd	Mean(F) Range	Mean(F) Range	Non-routine Resultse
Fish-Flesh (pCi/g wet)	Nb-95		0.068	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	•		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
(Cont'd)	Zr-95		0.11	<110			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134		0.025	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>· /</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		· /	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137		0.037	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-La-140)	0.070	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
Periphyton (pCi/g wet)	Sr-89	4	0.166	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Sr-90	4	0.01	0.042 (2/2) (0.011-0.073)	P-5. Upstream of Plant (1000') 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE	0.052 (2/2) (0.014-0.109)	0.062 (2/2) (0.014-0.109)	0
	65	4						
1997 B	Be-7		0.89	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	K-40		1.0	3.30 (2/2) (3.12-3.47)	P-6, Lock & Dam #3 1.6 m1 @ 129°/SE	3.30 (2/2) (3.12-3.47)	2.20 (2/2) (1.55-2.85)	0
	Mn-54		0.057	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>- </td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1.1.1.1	Co-58		0.098	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Co-60		0.054	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zn-65		0.16	4LD		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
10.00	ND-95		0.17	0.26 (1/2)	P-5, Upstream of Plant (1000') 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE	0.30 (2/2) (0.30-0.31)	0.30 (2/2) (0.30-0.31)	0
1111	Zr-95		0.18	0.33 (1/2)	P-6, Lock & Dams #3 1.6 mi @ 129°/SE	0.33 (1/2)	0.26 (1/2)	0
	Ru-103		0.15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-106		0.51	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>Sec. 3.</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		Sec. 3.	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134		0.071	<lld< td=""><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-137		0.087	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

Sample	Type and		Indicator Locations	Location with H Annual Mea	In	Control Locations Mean(F) Range	Number of
Type (Units)	Number of Analyses ^a	LLDD	Mean(F) ^C Range ^C	. Location ^d	Mean(F) Range		Non-routine Results ^e
Periphyton	Ba-140	0.19	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
(pCi/g wet) (Cont'd)	La-140	0.076	<lld< td=""><td>1.2</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1.2	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-141	0.23	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144	1.01	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	•	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
quatic	6S 4						
Vegetation (pCi/g wet)	Be-7	0.79	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>1990 - P. S.</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		1990 - P. S.	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	K-40	0.5	1.69 (2/2) (0.56-2.82)	P-6, Lock & Dam #3 1.6 mi @ 129°/SE	1.69 (2/2) (0.56-2.82)	0.98 (2/2) (0.98-0.99)	0
	Mn-54	0.056	<1LD			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58	0.074	<lld< td=""><td>6.644 (1964)</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	6.644 (1964)		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60	0.053	<lld< td=""><td>성학 유수 이 가지?</td><td>a</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	성학 유수 이 가지?	a	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1. C. I	Zn-65	0.13	410	100.00	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
, 영화, 영화,	Nb-95	0.14	<110		1.1.1.1.1.1.1	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
14.804	Zr-95	0.15	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-103	0.091	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>2.104.27</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	2.104.27	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-106	0.54	410		1990 - 191	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134	0.056	<lld< td=""><td>1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1</td><td>1. S S. S.</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1. S S. S.	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1.5	Cs-137	0.084	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>1.1.1</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		1.1.1	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ba-La-140	0.12	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>1. A. M.</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		1. A. M.	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1923	Ce-141	0.20	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td>10 m + 400</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	•	10 m + 400	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144	0.51	<lld< td=""><td>19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 -</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 -		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

Sample	Type and		Indicator Locations Mean(F) Range ^C	Location with Hig Annual Mean		Control Locations Mean(F) Range	Number of
Type (Units)	Number of Analyses ^a	LLDb		Locationd	Mean(F) Range		Non-routine Results ^e
Bottom and Shoreline Sediments	Sr-90 6 GS 6	0.016	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
(pCi/g dry)	Be-7	0.74	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	к-40	1.0	13.54 (4/4) (12.35-14.48)	P-12, Recreational Area 3.4 mi @ 116°/ESE	13.42 (2/2) (12.35-14.48)	11.91 (2/2) (10.61-13.21)	0
	Mn-54	0.062	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td>•</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	•	•	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-58	0.054	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Co-60	0.050	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
101612j	Zn-65	0.15	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	ND-95	0.084	0.182 (1/4)	P-6. Lock & Dam No. 3 1.6 mi @ 129°/SE	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Zr-95	0.13	<lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>			<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ru-103	0.067	<lld< td=""><td>P-5, Upstream of Plant 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE</td><td>0.19 (1/2)</td><td>0.19 (1/2)</td><td>0</td></lld<>	P-5, Upstream of Plant 0.6 mi @ 60°/ENE	0.19 (1/2)	0.19 (1/2)	0
	Ru-106	0.32	<110	-	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Cs-134	0.031	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1144	Cs-137	0.057	0.070 (1/4)	P-12, Recreational Area 3.4 mi 0 116°/ESE	1.1	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1 Sal	Ba-140	0.19	<lld< td=""><td>•</td><td>·</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	•	·	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	La-140	0.042	<lld< td=""><td>1</td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	1	-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
1.1.1	Ce-141	0.13	<lld< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>	-		<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0
	Ce-144	0.28	<lld< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td><lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<></td></lld<>		-	<lld< td=""><td>0</td></lld<>	0

Table 5.4 (Continued)

30

Name of facility Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant

^aGB = gross beta; BS = gamma scan.

^bLLD = nominal lower limit of detection based on 3 sigma error for background sample.

^CMean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F). ^dLocations are specified (1) by name and code (Table 2) and (2) distance, direction, and sector relative to reactor site.

^aLocations are specified (1) by name and code (Table 2) and (2) distance, direction, and sector relative to reactor site. ^eNonroutine results are those which exceed ten times the control station value. If no control station value is available, the result is considered nonroutine if it exceeds ten times the preoperational value for the location.

fMonthly composites from all locations were gamma scanned together. Thus the location with the highest annual mean cannot be identified.

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Appendix A

Crosscheck Program Results

Appendix A

Crosscheck Program Results

The Nuclear Sciences Department of Hazleton Environmental Sciences has participated in interlaboratory comparison (crosscheck) programs since the formulation of its quality control program in December 1971. These programs are operated by agencies which supply environmental-type samples (e.g., milk or water) containing concentrations of radionuclides known to the issuing agency but not to participant laboratories. The purpose of such a program is to provide an independent check on the laboratory's analytical procedures and to alert it to any possible problems.

Participant laboratories measure the concentrations of specified radionuclides and report them to the issuing agency. Several months later, the agency reports the known values to the participant laboratories and specifies control limits. Results consistently higher or lower than the known values or outside the control limits indicate a need to check the instruments or procedures used.

The results in Table A-1 were obtained through participation in the environmental sample crosscheck program for milk and water samples during the period 1975 through 1981. This program has been conducted by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Intercomparison and Calibration Section, Quality Assurance Branch, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Las Vegas, Nevada.

The results in Table A-2 were obtained for thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD's) during the period 1976, 1977, 1979, 1980, and 1981 through participation in the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth International Intercomparison of Environmental Dosimeters under the sponsorships listed in Table A-2.

Lab Code	Sample Type	Dat Col		Analysis	Concentra HES Resul ±2 σ C	tion in pCi/1 ¹ t EPA Result ±3σ, n=1 ^d
STM-40	Milk	Jan.	1975	Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Cs-137 Ba-140 K(mg/1)	<2 73±2.5 99±4.2 76±0.0 <3.7 1470±5.6	0±15 75±11.4 101±15.3 75±15 0±15.0 1510±228
STW-45	Water	Apr.	1975	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<14 421±6 487±6 505±16 385±3 468±3	0 425±63.9 497±74.7 497±74.7 400±60.0 450±67.5
STW-47	Water	Jun.	1975	H-3	1459±144	1499±1002
STW-48	Water	Jun.	1975	H-3	2404±34	2204±1044
STW-49	Water	Jun.	1975	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<14 344±1 330±5 315±7 291±1 387±2	0 350±53 327±49 325±49 304±46 378±57
STW-53	Water	Aug.	1975	H-3	3317±64	3200±1083
STW-54	Water	Aug.	1975	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	223±11 305±1 289±3 346±5 238±1 292±2	225±38 307±46 281±42 279±57 256±38 307±46
STW-58	Water	Oct.	1975	H-3	1283±80	1203±988
STM-61	Milk	Nov.	1975	Sr-90 I-131 Cs-137 Ba-140 K(Mg/1)	68.9±2.1 64.6±3.8 75.6±20 <3.7 1435±57	74.6±11.2 75±15 75±15 0 1549±233

Table A-1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's crosscheck program, comparison of EPA and Hazleton ES results for milk and water samples, 1975 through 1981^a.

A-3

Table A-1. (continued)

*

Lab Code	Sample Type	Date Coll.	Analysis	HES Result	ion in pCi/lb EPA Result ±3σ, n=1 ^d
STW-63	Water	Dec. 1975	H-3	1034±39	1002±972
STW-64	Water	Dec. 1975	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<14 221±1 215±6 171±9 198±2 152±4	0 203±30.5 201±30.2 181±27.2 202±30.3 151±22.7
STW-68	Water	Feb. 1976	H-3	1124±31	1080±978
STW-78	Water	Jun. 1976	H-3	2500±44	2502±1056
STW-84	Water	Aug. 1976	H-3	3097±21	3100±1080
STM-86	Milk	Sep. 1975	Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Ba-140 Cs-137 K(mg/1)	29±2.0 30±1.0 100±8.6 50±10.1 17±1.5	45±15 30±4.5 120±18 85±15 20±15 1540±231
STM-91	Milk	Nov. 1976	I-131 Ba-140 Cs-137 K(mg/1)	83±0.6 <4 12±1.7 1443±31	85±15 0 11±15 1510±228
STW-93	Water	Dec. 1976	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	105±15 <4 97±4 87±3 85±4 103±4	104±15 0 102±15 99±15 93±15 101±15
STW-94	Water	Dec. 1976	H-3	2537±15	2300±1049
STM-97	Milk	Mar. 1977	I-131 Ba-140 Cs-137 K(mg/1)	55±2.5 <6 34±1 1520±35	51±15 0 29±15 1550±233
STW-101	Water	Apr: 1977	H-3	1690±62	1760±1023

Table A-1. (continued)

Lab Code	Sample		te			HES Resul	
code	Туре	10	11.		Analysis	±2 oc	±3 σ, n=1 ^d
STM-130	Milk ·	May	1977		Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Ba-140 Cs-137 K(mg/1)	38±2.6 12±2.1 59±2.1 53±4.4 14±1.2 1533±21	44±15 10±4.5 50±15 72±15 10±15 1560±234
STW-105	Water	Jún.	1977	•	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<14 29±1 74±7 64±8 41±1 35±3	0 29±15 74±15 62±15 44±15 35±15
STW-107	Water	Jun.	1977		Ra-226	4.7±0.3	5.1±2.42
STW-113	Water	Aug.	1977		Sr-89 Sr-90	13±0 ^e 10±2 ^e	14±15 10±4.5
STW-116	Water	Sep.	1977		Gross Alpha Gross Beta	12±5 32±6	10±15 30±15
STW-118	Water	Oct.	1977		H-3	1475±29	1650±1017
STW-119	Water	Oct.	1977		Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	132±14 39±2 51±5 63±6 30±3 26±1	153±24 38±15 53±15 74±15 30±15 25±15
STW-136	Water	Feb.	1978		H-3	1690±270	1680±1020
STW-137	Water	Feb.	1978		Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<27 36±2 32±4 41±2 47±2 <2	0 34±15 29±15 36±15 52±15 0

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Table A-1. (continued)

Lab Code	Sample Type	Date Coll.	Analysis	Concentrat HES Result ±2 σ C	ion in pCi/lb EPA Result ±30 , n=1d
STW-138g	Water	Mar. 1978	Ra-226 Ra-228	5.4±0.1	5.5±0.6 16.7±2.5
STW-150	Water	Apr. 1978	H-3	1250±220	2220±1047
STW-151	Water	Apr. 1978	Gross Alpha Gross Beta Sr-89 Sr-90 Ra-226 Ra-228 H-3 Co-60 Cs-134 Cs-137	20±1 56±4 19±2 8±1 NAf NAf 112±12 19±3 16±1 <2	20±15 59±15 21±15 10±4.5 - 0 20±15 15±15 0
STM-152	Milk	Apr.1978	Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Cs-137 Ba-140 K(mg/1)	85±4 8±1 78±1 29±3 <11 1503±90	101±15 9±4.5 82±15 23±15 0 1500±225
STW-154g	Water	May 1978	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	12±1 21±4	13±15 18±15
STW-157g	Water	Jun. 1978	Ra-226 Ra-228	4.0±1.0 NA ^f	3.7±0.6 5.6±0.8
STW-159g	Water	Jul. 1978	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	19±3 28±3	22±6 30±5
STW-162	Water	Aug. 1978	H-3	1167±38	1230±990
STW-165g	Water	Sep. 1978	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	4±1 13±1	5±5 10±5

Table A-1. (continued)

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Lab Code	Sample Type	Dat		Analysis	HES Result	on in pCi/1 ^b EPA Result ±3σ, n=1 ^d
STW-167	Water	Oct.	1978	Gross Alpha Gross Beta Sr-89 Sr-90 Ra-226 Ra-228 Cs-134 Cs-137	19±2 36±2 9±1 4±0 5.5±0.3 NA ^f 10±1 15±1	$19\pm15 34\pm15 10\pm15 5\pm2.4 5.0\pm2.4 5.4\pm2.4 10\pm15 13\pm15$
STW-170	Water	Dec.	1978	Ra-226 Ra-228	11.5±0.6 NAlefld	9.2±1.4 8.9±4.5
STW-172	Water	Jan.	1979	Sr-89 Sr-90	11±2 5±2	14±15 6±4.5
STW-175	Water	Feb.	1979	H-3	1344±115	1280±993
STW-176	Water	Feb.	1979	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Rn-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	<22 10±2 26±5 <16 8±2 15±2	0 9±15 21±15 0 6±15 12±15
STW-178	Water	Mar.	1979	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	6.3±3 15±4	10±15 16±15
STW-195g	Water	Aug.	1979	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	6.3±1.2 42.7±7.0	5±5 40±4
STW-193	Water	Sep.	1979	Sr-89 Sr-90	5.0±1.2 25.0±2.7	3.0±1.5 28.0±4.5
STW-196	Water	Oct.	1979	Cr-51 Co-60 Cs-134 Cs-137	135±5.0 7.0±1.0 7.3±0.6 12.7±1.2	113±18 6±5 7±15 11±15
STW-198	Water	Oct.	1979	H-3	1710±140	1560±1111

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Table 5.3. (continued)

Lab Code	Sample Type	Date Coll.	Analysis	HES Result ±2 σ C	ion in pCi/lb EPA Result ±3σ, n=l ^d
STW-199	Water	Oct. 1979	Gross Alpha Gross Beta Sr-89 Sr-90 Ra-226 Ra-228 Co-60 Cs-134 Cs-137	16.0±3.6 36.3±1.2 10.7±0.6 5.7±0.6 11.1±0.3 1.6±0.7 35.0±1.0 50.7±2.3 <3	21±15 49±15 12±15 7±15 11±5 0 33±15 56±15 0
STW-206	Water	Jan. 1980	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	19.0±2.0 48.0±2.0	30.0±8.0 45.0±5.0
STW-208	Water	Jan. 1980	Sr-89 Sr-90	6.1±1.2 23.9±1.1	10.0±0.5 25.5±1.5
STW-209	Water	Feb. 1980	Cr-51 Co-60 Zn-65 Ru-106 Cs-134 Cs-137	112±14 12.7±2.3 29.7±2.3 71.7±1.5 12.0±2.0 30.0±2.7	101±5.0 11±5.0 25±5.0 51±5 10±5.0 30±5.0
STW-210	Water	Feb. 1980	H-3	1800±120	1750±340
STW-211	Water	March 1980	Ra-226 Ra-228	15.7±0.2 3.5±0.3	16.0±2.4 2.6±0.4
STW-215	Water	April 1980	Gross Alpha Gross Beta Sr-89 Sr-90 Ra-226 Ra-228 Co-60 Cs-134 Cs-137	NAf NAf 3.7±0.6 <1.0 NAf NAf 10.0±1.0 14.0±1.0 21.7±1.5	98.0±24.5 100.0±5.0 4±5.0 0.001±0.1 16.0±2.4 21.3±3.2 6±5 8±5 18±5
STM-217	Milk	May 1980	Sr-89 Sr-90	4.4±2.69 10.0±1.0	5±5 12±1.5
STW-221	Water	June 1980	Ra-226 Ra-228	2.0±0.0 1.6±0.1	1.7±0.8 1.7±0.8

8-A

Iddie H-T. (concinded)	Tab	le /	4-1. ((continued))
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Lab Code	Sample Type	Date Coll.	Analysis	HES Result	EPA Result ±30, n=1
STW-223	Water	July 1980	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	31±3.0 44±4	38±5.0 35±5.0
STW-224	Water	July 1980	Cs-137 Ba-140 K-40 I-131	33.9±0.4 <12 1350±60 <5.0	35±5.0 0 1550±78 0
STW-225	Water	Aug. 1980	H-3	1280±50	1210±329
STW-226	Water	Sept. 1980	Sr-89 Sr-90	22±1.2 12±0.6	24±8.6 15±2.6
STW-228	Water	Sept. 1980	Gross Alpha Gross Beta	NAf 22.5±0.0	32.0±8.0 21.0±5.0
STW-231	Water	Oct. 1980	Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Cs-137 Ba-140 K-40	17.0±1.7 1.67±0.6 26±1.0 <39 1310±100	23±8.6 18±8.6 21±8.6 0 1700±85
STW-235	Water	Dec. 1980	H-3	2420±30	2240±604
STW-237	Water	Jan. 1981	Sr-89 Sr-90	13.0±1.0 24.0±0.6	16±8.7 34±2.9
STM-239	Milk	Jan. 1981	Sr-89 Sr-90 I-131 Cs-137 Ba-140 K-40	<210 15.7±2.6 30.9±4.8 46.9±2.9 <21 1330±53	0 20±3.0 26±10.0 43±9.0 0 1550±134
STW-240	Water	Jan. 1981	Gross alpha Gross beta	7.3±2.0 41.0±3.1	9±5.0 44±5.0
STW-243	Water	Mar. 1981	Ra-226 Ra-228	3.5±0.06 6.5±2.3	3.4±0.5 7.3±1.1

Table A-1. (continued)

Lab Code	Sample Type	Date Coll.	Analysis		EPA Result
STW-245	Water	Apr. 1981	H-3	3210±115	2710±355
STW-249	Water	May 1981	Sr-89 Sr-90	51±3.6 22.7±0.6	36±8.7 22±2.6
STW-251	Water	May 1981	Gross alpha Gross beta	24.0±5.29 16.1±1.9	21±5.25 14±5.0
STW-252	Water	Jun. 1981	H-3	2140±95	1950±596
STW-255	Water	Jul. 1981	Gross alpha Gross beta	20±1.5 13.0±2.0	22±9.5 15±8.7
STW-259	Water	Sep. 1981	Sr-89 Sr-90	16.1±1.0 10.3±0.9	23±5 11±1.5
STW-265	Water	Oct. 1981	Gross alpha Gross beta Sr-89 Sr-90 Ra-226	$71.2\pm19.1123.3\pm16.614.9\pm2.013.1\pm1.713.0\pm2.0$	80±20 111±5.6 21±5 14.4±1.5 12.7±1.9
STW-267	Water	Nov. 1981	Gross alpha Gross beta	15.7±4.3 7.3±0.9	
STW-269	Water	Dec. 1981	н-з	2516±181	2700±355

^aResults obtained by the Nuclear Sciences Department of Hazleton Environmental Sciences as a participant in the environmental sample crosscheck program operated by the Intercomparison and Calibration Section, Quality Assurance Branch, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, (EPA), Las Vegas, Nevada.

DAll results are in pCi/l, except for elemental potassium (K) data which are in mg/l.

^CUnless otherwise indicated, the HES results given as the mean ±2 standard deviations for three determinations.

dUSEPA results are presented as the known values ± control limits of 3 for n=1.

eMean ± 2 standard deviations of two determinations.

fNA = Not analyzed.

9Analyzed but not reported to the EPA.

				mR	
Lab TLD Code Type 2nd International Interna	Measurement	Hazleton Result ±2 σ a	Known Value	Average ±2 σ ^d (all participants)	
2nd Inter	national Int	ercomparison ^b			
115-2 ^b		Gamma-Field	17.0±1.9	17.1¢	16.4±7.7
1.1	DUID	Gamma-Lab	20.8±4.1	21.3 ^c	18.8±7.6
3rd Inter	national Inte	ercomparison ^e			
115-3e	CaF2:Mn	Gamma-Field	30.7±3.2	34.9±4.8f	31.5±3.0
	Bulb	Gamma-Lab	89.6±6.4	91.7±14.6 ^f	86.2±24.0
4th Inter	national Inte	ercomparison9			
115-49	CaF2:Mn	Gamma-Field	14.1±1.1	14.1±1.4f	16.09.0
	Bulb	Gamma-Lab (Low)	9.3±1.3	12.2±2.4f	12.0±7.6
		Gamma-Lab (High)	40.4±1.4	45.8±9.2f	43.9±13.2
5th Inter	national Inte	ercomparison ^h			
115-5Ah	CaF2:Mn	Gamma-Field	31.4±1.8	30.0±6.0 ¹	30.2±14.6
	Bulb	Gamma-Lab at beginning	77.4±5.8	75.2±7.6 ¹	75.8±40.4
		Gamma-Lab at the end	96.6±5.8	88.4±8.8 ¹	90.7±31.2

Table A-2. Crosscheck program results, thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD's).

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Table A-2. (Continued)

				mR	
Lab Code	TLD Type	Measurement	Hazleton Result ±20ª	Known Value	Average ± 2σd (all participants)
115-58 ^h	LiF-100	Gamma-Field	30.3±4.8	30.0±6 ¹	30.2±14.6
12	Chips	Gamma-Lab at beginning	81.1±7.4	75.2±7.6 ¹	75.8±40.4
		Gamma-Lab at the end	85.4±11.7	88.4±8.8 ¹	90.7±131.2

aLab result given is the mean ± 2 standard deviations of three determinations.

DSecond International Intercomparison of Environmental Dosimeters conducted in April of 1976 by the Health and Safety Laboratory (GASL), New York, New York, and the School of Public Health of the University of Texas, Houston, Texas.

^CValue determined by sponsor of the intercomparison using continuously operated pressurized ion chamber. ^dMean ± 2 standard deviations of results obtained by all laboratories participating in the program. ^eThird International Intercomparison of Environmental Dosimeters conducted in summer of 1977 by Oak Ridge

National Laboratory and the School of Public Health of the University of Texas, Houston, Texas.

[†]Value ± 2 standard deviations as determined by sponsor of the intercomparison using continuously operated pressurized ion chamber.

9Fourth International Intercomparison of Environmental Dosimeters conducted in summer of 1979 by the School of Public Health of the University of Texas, Houston, Texas.

^hFifth International Intercomparison of Environmental Dosimeter conducted in fall of 1980 at Idaho Falls, Idaho and sponsored by the School of Public Health of the University of Texas, Houston, Texas and Environmental Measurements Laboratory, New York, New York, U.S. Department of Energy.

¹Value determined by sponsor of the intercomparison using continuously operated pressurized ion chamber.

Appendix B

Data Reporting Conventions

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Data Reporting Conventions

- 1. All activities are corrected to collection time.
- 2. Single Measuements

Each single measurement is reported as follows:

X±S

where x = value of the measurement;

s = 2 o counting uncertainty (corresponding to the 95% confidence level).

In cases where the activity is found to be below the lower limit of detection L it is reported as

<. .

Detection limits are based on 4.66 background counting uncertainties.

3. Duplicate measurements, the average result is reported as follows:

a. Individual results: $x_1 \pm s_1$ $x_2 \pm s_2$ Reported result: $x \pm s$ where $x = (1/2) (x_1 \pm x_2)$ $s = (1/2) \sqrt{s_1^2 \pm s_2^2}$ b. Individual Results: $\langle L_1$ $\langle L_2$

Reported result: <L

where L = 1 ower of L_1 and L_2

c. Individual results: x + s

<L.

<u>Reported result:</u> x + s if $x \leq L$;

<L otherwise

- 4. Unless otherwide indicated, the "cumulative average" for a location is the average of all measurements from the beginning of the current year through the date of the last entered result. "Less-than" values are ignored in the computation of the average. If all results are less-than values, the highest value is reported.
- Unless otherwise indicated, the "previous average" for a location is the average obtained during the previous year.
- 6. In rounding off, the following rules are followed:
 - a. If the figure following those to be retained is less than 5, the figure is dropped, and the retained figures are kept unchanged. As an example, 11.443 is rounded off to 11.44.
 - b. If the figure following those to be retained is greater than 5, the figure is dropped, and the last retained figure is raised by 1. As an example, 11.446 is rounded off to 11.45.
 - c. If the figure following those to be retained is 5, and if there are no figures other than zeros beyond the five, the figure 5 is dropped, and the last-place figure retained is increased by one of it is an odd number or it is kept unchanged if an even number. As an example, 11.435 is rounded off to 11.44, while 11.425 is rounded off to 11.42.

APPENDIX C

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS OF RADIOACTIVITY IN AIR AND WATER ABOVE NATURAL BACKGROUND IN UNRESTRICTED AREAS

Ai	r		Water		
Gross alpha	3	pCi/m ³	Strontium-89	3,000	pCi/1
Gross beta	100	pCi/m ³	Strontium-90	300	pCi/1
Iodine-131 ^b	0.1	4 pCi/m ³	Cesium-137	20,000	pCi/l
			Barium-140	20,000	pCi/1
			Iodine-131	300	pCi/l
			Potassium-40 ^C	3,000	pCi/1
			Gross alpha	30	pCi/1
			Gross beta	100	pCi/1
			Tritium	3×10^{6}	pCi/1

Table C-1. Maximum permissible concentrations of radioactivity in air and water above natural background in unrestricted areas.^a

^aTaken from Code of Federal Regulations Title 10, Part 20, Table II and appropriate footnotes. Concentrations may be averaged over a period not

bgreater than one year. bFrom 10 CFR 20 but adjusted by a factor of 700 to reduce the dose resulting cfrom the air-grass-cow-milk-child pathway. A natural radionuclide.



Northern States Power Company

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March 29, 1982

Regional Administrator Region III U S Nuclear Regulatory Commission 799 Roosevelt Road Glen Ellyn, IL 60137

> PRAIRIE ISLAND NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT License DPR-42 Docket No. 50-282 DPR-60 50-306

Annual Radiological Environmental Monitoring report 1981

In accordance with the Prairie Island Technical Specifications, Appendix A to the Operating License DPR-42 and DPR-60, we are submitting the Annual Radiological Environmental Monitoring Report Covering the period January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1981.

Yours very truly,

Z.O. maye

L O Mayer, PE Manager of Nuclear Support Services

LOM/bd

cc: Document Control Desk, NRC (18) Resident Inspector G Charnoff MPCA Attn: J W Ferman

Attachment

Cortified By fir w meinte DESIGNATID CRIGINAL