

Externy Operations, Inc. 6CL Sox B Resons LA 70068 To BDA AGE 3150

D. F. Packer General Menager Plant Celerations Waterbook

W3F1-92-0178 A4.05 QA

July 8, 1992

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject:

Waterford 3 SES Docket No. 50-38? License No. NPF-38

Reporting of Licensee Event Report

Gentlemen:

Attached is Licensee Event Report Number LER-92-003-01 for Waterford Steam Electric Station Unit 3. This Licensee Event Report supplement is submitted to provide additional information and clarification acquired during the investigation of the events described. This Licensee Event Report is submitted pursuant to 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv).

Very truly yours,

pys gland/tox

D.F. Packer

General Manager - Plant Operations

DFP/TJG/de Attachment

ec:

R.D. Martin, NRC Region IV

G.L. Florreich

J.T. Wheelock - INPO Records Center

R.B. McCehee N.S. Reynolds

NRC Resident Inspectors Office

Administrator - LRPD

140098

9207150068 920708 PDR ADOCK 05000382 S PDR Jess !

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

20.406(a).11(i)

20 405 (41/11) (a)

20:406(4)(1)()

20.466 ta 1(1)(tv)

20.405 (*** 116)

1 0 0

APPROVED ONE NO. 3156-0104 -EXTRES ACCORD

SETIMATED BURDEN FOR RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTAIN REQUEST 70.0 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND RECORDS MANGESTY BRANCH IP SID. U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMENSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20685, AND TO THE PAPERWOODS REDUCTION PROJECT VISIONOMY. DEPOSE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGATY WASHINGTON, DC 20690.

75.71101

Diffee B (Specify in Abdited) heroe star in Text MRC Form 366:1

	DY MANAGEMENT AND B	PID-ET MASHINGTON DC SIREO
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBE	H (2) FAGE [4]
Waterford Steem Electric Station Unit 3	0 6 0 6	0 0 3 18 1 2 1 OF 0'5
TITLE IA	Annual Control of the	
Inadvertant Control Room Emergency Filtration U	nit Start	
EVENT DATE (8) LE NUMBER (6) AEPORT DATE (7)		OLVED (#)
MONTH DAY YEAR THE SECUENTIAL MANGE MONTH DAY YEA	AR FACILITY SOMES	DOCKET NUMBER(S)
	N/A	0 5 0 0 "
0 4 2 7 9 2 9 2 7 0 0 3 7 0 1 0 7 0 8 9	2 N/A	0 5 0 0 0 1
OPERATING THIS REPORT IS \$UPP (TTED PURSUADO TO SHE RANDIRONENTS	Of 10 CER § (Check one or more of the following)	(18)
MATCHE (B)	And the same of th	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

88. 78(4112)(b)

50.73(±1(21)×ii)

80.73(4)(2)(4)

90 190(2) build

50.75(a)(2((viii))6)

50.36(6):11

50.36(e)(2)

50 75(e)(2)(i)

80.73(4)(2)(0)

50.73(\$1(2)(0))

J.G.	Hoffpa	air, Pla	nat Maint	enance S	uperintende	ent			AREA CODE	4 6 4	- 3 1 3 4
			COMPLEYE	ONE LINE FOR	EACL COMPONENT S	AULURE	DESCRIBE	D IN THIS REPORT			
CAUSE	STEWN DO	DAPONENT	MANUFAC TURER	MEPORTABLE TO NERGS		CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANUFAC- TURER	MEPORTABLE TO NPROS	
			1 1 1								

LICENSET DONTACT FOR THIS LER ISE

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT EXPECTED (14)

YES IIT VEL. (Complete EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE)

X NO

ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i.e. approximately fifteen single space (computer limit) (18)

At 0113 hours on April 27, 1992, Waterford Steam Electric Station Unit 3 was operating at 100% power when an unplanned actuation of the Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) portion of the Control Room Ventilation System occurred. The actuation was initiated by a high alarm setpoint being reached on one of the four normal Control Room Outside Air Intake (CROAI) radiation monitors, CROAI 0200.2BS, causing the Control Room Ventilation System to isolate and Control Room Emergency Filtration Unit S8-B to automatically start. All other CROAI radiation monitors were indicating normal radiation levels and subsequent air samples taken in the crea of the alarming radiation monitor showed no detectable activity. This event is reportable under 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv) as an unplanned actuation of an ESF system.

The root cause of the event was indeterminate. The most probable cause of this event was an electrical spike. New Resistor-Capacitor (RC) filters have been installed in the CROAI circuitry. The Control Room Emergency Filtration System functioned as designed and there was no actual release of radioactive material; therefore, this event did not result in an increased risk to the health and safety of the public or plant personnel.

NRC FORM 366A (6-89)

U.E. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

APPROVED DMB NO. 3180-0104 EXPIRES 4/30/92

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS NEGRMATION COLLECTION REQUEST 600 HMS. FORWARD COMMENTS RECARDING BURDE, LEST-MATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (PASC.), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION. (ASHINGTON, DC 20668, PAD TO 1141 PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0108), LFFICE DE MANAGEMENT AND RUDGET WASHINGTON DC 2060.

FACILITY FAME (1)	DIFCKET WIANER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)			
Waterford Steam Electric Station Upit 3		YEAR BEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER				
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	00000385	9 2 - 0 0 3 - 0 1	0 2 0 0 5			

TEXT IN more space is required, use explicinal NRC Form 366A's) (17)

REPURTABLE OCCURRENCE

On April 27, 1992, Waterford Steam Electric Station Unit 3 was operating at 100% power when an unplanned actuation of the Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) portion of the Control Room Ventilation System (EIIS Identifier VI) occurred. The actuation was initiated by a high alarm setpoint being reached on ARM-IRE-0200.2BS, one of the room roomal Control Room Outside Air Intake (CROAI) radiation monitors (EIIS Identifier IL-MON). This alarm caused the Control Room Ventilation System to isolate and Control Room Emergency Filtration Unit (EIIS Identifier JE) S8-B to automatically start. All other CROAI radiation monitors were indicating normal radiation levels and subsequent air samples taken in the area of the alarming radiation monitor showed no detectable activity. This event is reportable under 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv) as an unplanned actuation of an ESF system.

INITIAL CONDITIONS

Mode 1, 100% power.

EVENT SEQUENCE

The Control Room Outside Air Intake (CROA: radiation monitors measure airborne activity levels in the control room outside air intakes. In the event high airborne activity is detected, a signal is generated to isolate the normal outside air intakes, place the Control Room Ventilation System in recirculation mode, and start the Control Room Emergency Ventilation system. The detectors (model number RD-25-04) are scintillation detectors (EIIS Identifier DET) mounted in the duct, with the detector windows exposed to the duct interior. Each of the two normal outside air ducts, one on the northeast side of the Reactor Auxiliary Building (RAB) (EIIS Identifier NF) and one on the southwest side, have two detectors each, for a total of 4.

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES A/30/90

ESTIMATED BUILDEN PET RESPONSE TO INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST IS COMMENTS REGARE NO BURDEN ESTIMAT AF > REPORTS MANAGEMENT BRANCH IS

LICENSEE	EVENT REPORT	(LER)
TEXT	CONTINUATION	

ACILITY NAME (1)	DOC	KET	NUS	MREN	(2)			-	LER NUMBER (6)							PAGE (S)					
									YA	AR	I	F	NU.	NTIA		THE V	EION BER	TE	T		estation.
Waterford Steam									100		1	-1:			7	1			н		
Electric Station Unit 3	0	5	0	0	0	3	8	2	9	2	-	- 0)	0 3	-	0	1	0 3	OF	0	1

TEXT Iff more apace is required, use additional NRC Form 365A v./ (17)

CHRONOLOGY OF MAJOR EVENTS:

At 0113 hours on April 27, 1992, CROAI 0200,2BS spiked causing Control Room Emergency Filtration Unit S8-B to start. Operating Procedure (OP)-901-017. Off-Normal Procedure-High Airborne Activity in Control Room, was entered.

At 0118 hours, CROAI ARM-IRE-0200, ZBS cleared.

At 0120 hours, a Health Physics (HP) technician was directed to take local airborne activity samples near the affected CROAL.

At 0243 hours, sirburne samples taken in the area of CROAI 0200.2BS indicated no detectable activity.

At 0246 hours, Control Coom Ventilation was restored to norm 1 and OP-901-017 was exited.

Work Authorization (WA) 01092995 was generated to evaluate the affected CROAI for the carge of the spike. Experience has shown that the only two spiking mechanisms known for the detectors are electronic noise and light penetrating the mylar window. Following the event, Instrumentation and Control (1&C) technicians applied an external light source to the detector to determine if the mylar detector cover was damaged causing the spike. No upscale reading was detected, the mylar had not been damaged.

On May 1, 1992, WA 01092995 was returned to the supervisor to plan further actions. The most likely cause of the electrical spike was due to the Resistor-Capacitor (RC) (EIIS Identifier CAP) filters in the CROAI circuitry not performing their function. An RC filter is a monolithic capacitor and resistor assembly that removes stray electronic signals that may be induced by outside interferences or traveling directly on the 120 volts alternating current power line.

MRC FORM SHEA

U.S. NUCLEAR REDULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 4/3/3/83

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO CLAMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST SOD HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANACEMENT BRANCH (PS3D). U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON DE 20056. AND TO THE PAPERNORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3120-0104). DEFICE LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON

FACILITY NAME (1) DOCKET NUMBER (2) LES NUMBER IS PAGE 130 SEQUENTIAL NUMBER YEAR Waterford Steam Electric Station Unit 3 0 5 0 0 0 3 8 2 9 2 -003-0104

YEXT IN more assect is required, use additional NRC Form 366.4 (17)

On May 7, 1992, parts were obtained from the warehouse for the RC filter replacement,

On May 8, 1992, new RC filters were installed into ARM-IRE-0200.2BS; the monitor was to be trended for 24 hours to gather data.

On May 10, 1992, 48 hours of trending was completed (the data was trended for an additional 24 hours); no spiking observed.

At 2041 hours on May 10, 1992, the CROAI radiation monitor ARM-IRE-0200,285 was declared operable.

CAUSAL FACTORS

Root cause:

1. The root cause of this event is indeterminate. The most probable cause of this event was an electrical spike since a light check verified that the mylar detector covering was intact.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

Root cause:

Installed new RC filters.

Action:

Maintenance

Due:

Complete

SAFETY SIGNIFICANCE

During this event the Control Room Emergency Filtration System functioned as designed and there was no actual release of radioactive material. This event did not result in an increased rist to the health and safety of the public or plant personnel.

NRC FORM BEEA

U.S. MUCLEAR REQULATORY COMMISSION

APPPOVED ONE NO > 50-0104 EXPINES 4/30/92

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION ESTIMATED BURDEN PER REGIONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST RDD HRE FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING SURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANAGEMENT BRANCH IP-53D. U.S. NUCLEAR REJULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 2086S, AND TO THE FARERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND RUDGET WASHINGTON, DC 20802.

PAGE 130	Mark Control
E OF	
1	OF (

EKT (If make space is required, use additional NRC Form 3664's) (17)

SIMILAR EVENTS

Design Change (DC) 3078 which changed the aluminum foil beta window light shield with a more durable mylar window was implemented in September 1990. The following LER's had similar problems prior to DC-3078 due to electrical spiking, beta window light shield perforations, and incorrect high alarm setpoints. LER's 90-015, 90-014, 88-003, 87-022, 87-015, 86-029, 86-022, 86-020, 86-003, 85-048, 85-043, 85-039, 85-036, 85-030, 85-005, 85-002, and 84-001.

LER 91-002, Spurious Control Room Emergency Filtration Unit Actuation caused by a pinhole in the mylar window is an event independent of the corrective actions of DC-3078.

This event discussed herein appears to be an isolated incident independent of any previously identified corrective action.