

Entergy Operations, Inc.

W. T. Cottle

July 6, 1992

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Mail Station P1-137

Washington, D.C. 20555

Attention:

Document Control Desk

SUBJECT: Grand Gulf Nuclear Station

Unit 1

Docket No. 50-416 License No. NPF-29

Reactor Scram Due To Lightning Strike

LER 92-010-00

GNRO-92/00079

Gentlemen:

Attached is Licensee Event Report (LER) 92-010 which is an interim report.

Yours truly,

Case Casa

WTC/RR/cg attachment

cc:

Mr. D. C. Hintz (w/a) Mr. J. L. Mathis (w/a) Mr. R. B. McGehee (w/a) Mr. N. S. Reynolds (w/a) Mr. H. L. Thomas (w/o)

Mr. Stewart D. Ebneter (w/a)

Regional Administrator

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Region II

101 Marietta St., N.W., Suite 2900

Atlanta, Georgia 30323

Mr. P. W. O'Connor

Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Mail Stop 13H3

Washington, D.C. 20555

July 6, 1992 GNAO-92/00079 Page 2 of 2

bcc: Mr. P. W. Alberstadt (w/a)

Mr. C. W. Angle (w/a)

Mr. C. A. Bottemiller (w/a)

Mr. R. W. Byrd (w/a)

Mr. L. F. Daughtery (w/a)

Mr. M. A. Dietrich (w/a)

Mr. J. L. Ensley (ESI) (w/a)

Mr. J. J. Fisicaro (ANO) (w/a)

Mr. J. O. Fowler (w/a)

Mr. C. R. Hutchinson (w,'a)

Mr. L. W. Laughlin (w/3) (w/a)

Ms. F. K. Mangan (w/o)

Mr. J. R. McGaha (w. a)

Mr. M. J. Meisner (w, o)

Mr. R. V. Moomaw (w/a)

Mr. D. L. Pace (w/a)

Mr. R. L. Patterson (w/a)

Mr. T. E. Reaves (w/a)

Mr. J. L. Robertson (w/a)

Mr. R. Ruffin (w/2)

Mr. M. J. Wright (w/a)

Mr. G. A. Zinke (w/a)

Required Reading Coordinator (w/a)

SRC Secretary (w/a)

File (LCTS) (w/2)

File (RPTS) (w/a)

File (NL) (w/a)

File (Central) (w/a) (6)

INPO Records Center (w/a)

Suite 1500

1100 Circle 75 Parkway

Atlanta, Georgia 30339

Mr. F. A. Spangenberg (w/a)

Illinois Power Company

Clinton Power Station

P.O. Box 678

Clinton, Illinois 61727

NRC Form 366 (6.8.1)				LEAR REGULATO	
	NSEE EVENT REP	ORT (LER)		XPIRES 6:31 BF	ю. эньсены
FACILITY NAME (1)	-		DOCKET NUMBER	2	FAGETE
Grand Gulf Nuclear St	ation		0 15 10 10 1	0 14 11 16	1 OF 0 4
Reactor Scram Due to Ligh	tning Strike				
EVENT DATE (6) LER NUMBER (6)	REPORT DATE (7)	OTHER	FACILITIES INVOL	VED (6)	
MONTH DAY YEAR YEAR SEGUENTIAL MEVISION NUMBER	MONTH DAY YEAR	EACILITY (LA)	MES	DOCKET NUMBER	(6)
				0 15 10 10	0 1
0 6 0 6 9 29 2 - 0 1 0 - 0 0	0 70 6 9 2			0 5 0 0	10111
OPERATING THIS REPORT IS BUBMITTED PURBUANT TO	THE REQUIREMENTS OF 10 (CFR & /Check one or more	of the following/ (11	the second second second	
POWER LEVEL (10) 0, 0, 5 20.306(a)(1)(ii) 20.406(a)(1)(iii) 20.406(a)(1)(iii) 20.406(a)(1)(iii) 20.406(a)(1)(iv)	20.408(e)(1) 60.38(e)(2) 50.73(e)(2)(1) 50.73(e)(2)(1) 60.73(e)(2)(1) ENSEE C. NTAGT FOR THIS L	80.73(a)(2)(v) 80.73(a)(2)(v) 80.73(a)(2)(viii) 80.73(a)(2)(viii) 80.73(a)(2)(viii) 80.73(a)(2)(viii) 80.73(a)(2)(x)	(8)		-012
Riley Ruffin/Licensing Speci	alist		AREA CODE		12,1,6,7
COMPLETE ONE LINE FUR	EACH CONFONENT FAILURE	RESCRIBED IN THIS REPO	RT (13)		
CAUSE SYSTEM COMPONENT MANUFAC REPORTABLE TO NPROS	CAUSE	SYSTEM COMPONENT	MANUFAC TURER	REPORTABLE TO MPROS	
					numi - successor - mass
		1 1 1 1 1			***
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT I	EXPECTED (14)		EXPECTS		DAY YEAR
X YES IT yes, complete EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE! ABSTRACT Lumit to 1400 spaces e approximately Sifeson single space type-	NO		DATE ()		

On June 6, 1992 at approximately 1836 hours station licensed operators were increasing reactor thermal power following the fifth refueling outage. During the power ascension, the reactor scrammed due to an RPS actuation signal from the Average Power Range Monitoring System (APRM). In STARTUP the high neutron flux trip occurs at approximately 15 percent thermal power. Following the scram, vessel level decreased to approximately 14 inches. Level was restored by the Feedwater system and the plant was stabilized in accordance with plant procedures. Generation of a scram signal is believed to have been caused by an electrical transient in the APRM system. The transient was the result of an electrical storm in the vicinity of the plant. In a continuing effort to eliminate lightning induced transients, further studies are in progress to reduce he susceptibility of GGNS to the effects of lightning. No safety functions or components were compromised as a result of the event. A supplemental report will be submitted following the determination of the root cause. This report also serves as an update to LER 91-012.

MR.) Form 366A (9-83)	LICENSEE EVENT REPO	ORT (LER) TEXT CONTINU	ATION		EGULATORY COMMISSION ONE NO. 3160-0104 31/86
FACILITY NAME (1)	A STATE OF THE STA	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		LER NIJMBER (6)	PAGE (3)
			YEAR	SEGUENTIAL NEVIBIL	N E
Grand Gulf 1	Nuclear Station	0 5 0 0 0 4 1 6	9 2 -	- 0 1 0 - 0	0 0 2 OF 0 14

TEXT (If more apace is required, uso edditional NRC Form 396A's) (17)

A. Reportable Occurrence

On June 6, 1992 at approximately 1836 hours, an automatic Reactor Protection System (RPS) [JC] actuation occurred due to a lightning induced neutron monitoring spike. This event is being reported pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(iv).

B. Initial Conditions

The plant was in Operational Condition 2 with reactor water at approximately 538 degrees F. The plant was in startup from the fifth refueling outage. Reactor power was approximately 5 percent. An electrical storm was in the plant vicinity.

C. Description of Event

on June 6, 1992 at approximately 1836 hours station licensed operators were increasing reactor thermal power following the fifth refueling outage (RFO5). During the power ascension, the reactor scrammed due to an RPS actuation signal from the Average Power Range Monitoring (APRM) System [IG]. In Mode 2 (STARTUP) the high neutron flux trip occurs at approximately 15 percent thermal power. Based on a review of the data, it was determined that a short duration spike occurred on the APRMs that resulted in trips on channels C, D, G, and H. However, evidence did not indicate a high flux condition at the time of the scram.

High Pressure Core Spray (HPCS) [BG] low water level channels (R and C) also received a trip signal during the storm. However, HPCS did not actuate due to the short duration of the signal. This symptom has been observed during other lightning induced transients at GGNS.

Following the scram, vessel level decreased to approximately 14 inches as indicated by General Electric Transient Recorder System (GETARS). Level was restored by the Feedwater system [SJ] and the plant was stabilized in accordance with plant procedures.

NGC Form 3954 (9-63)	LICENSEE EVENT REPO	ORT (LER) TEXT CONTINU		APPROVED O	LEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION LEPROVED DIVE NO. 3:50-0104 XMRES: 8/31/86			
FACILITY NAME (1)		DOCKEY NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)		PAGE (3)			
			YEAR SEQUENTIA	REVISION KUMBER				
Grand Gulf	Nuclear Station	0 5 0 0 0 4 1 6	9 2 - 0 1 0	-010	0 13 OF 0 14			

TEXT IN more space is required, use additional NRC Form 3664's) (17)

D. Apparent Cause

Generation of a scram signal is believed to have been caused by an electrical transient in the APRM system. The transient was the result of an electrical storm in the vicinity of the plant.

The root cause of GGNS susceptibility to lightning induced transients has not been determined at this time.

As reported in LER 91-012, a task force is actively evaluating methods to reduce the susceptibility of GGNS to lightning induced transients.

E. Corrective Actions

A task force was assembled following the Scram, which occurred November 19, 1991, consisting of Plant Engineering, General Electric (GE) Consultant Engineers and a Noise Reduction Consultant Engineer. This task force provided the following recommendations that have been implemented or are in the process of being implemented.

- o Several ventilation radiation monitors that provide input to instrumentation within the neutron monitoring control panels were found not insulated from their respective ducts. This could be a potential path for noise to enter the neutron monitoring panels and therefore these monitors were insulated from the duct.
- o Ferrite Beads were installed on the Local Power Range Monitors (LPRM) [IG] cable to suppress high-frequency common mode noise on LPRM signal cables.
- o Magnetic shielding foil was installed around the splices of the LPRM signal cables (coaxial cable) to the containment penetration feed-through conductors at both the inboard and outboard side of the penetrations. This magnetic foil should reduce magnetic coupling of noise in the LPRM signal cables at the containment penetrations.
- o A short time delay was installed on the power supply monitoring card to allow small noise transients that may filter through the APRM power supply time to dissipate before tripping the power supply.

NS		St. east	1995	960	
g race	901	F-1055	950	ann	200
224.4					

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED DMB NO 3150-0104 EXPIRES BUSINE

		processing and a second	
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)
		YEAR REQUESTIAL REVISION NUMBER	
Grand Gulf Nuclear Station	0 5 0 0 0 4 1 6	912 - 01110 - 010 0	14 OF 0 14

TEXT Iff more space is required; use additional NRC Form 306.4 (17)

- The panel chassis ground busses within each of the neutron monitoring control panel were strapped to the instrument ground bus (IGB). This should provide an environment which exhibits less noise in the neutron monitoring instrumentation within these control panels.
- The neutrals of the Class IE inverters that provide power to the neutron monitoring system were tied to the IGB. Existing GE specifications recommended the neutral of the neutron monitoring system power source be tied to the IGB.
- o Filter chokes were installed on the APRM reference to ground circuitry to suppress low frequency noise which may be induced in the LPRM cabling. However, slight oscillations were observed on the output side of the filter chokes and they were remove from service until troubleshooting could be completed and the problem resolved. Upon completion of the investigation and testing, the filter chokes will be returned to service.

In a continuing effort to 'liminate lightning induced transients, further studies are in progress to reduce the susceptibility of GGNS to the effects of lightning. A supplemental report will be submitted following the determination of the root cause.

F. Safety Assessment

Based on a review of data, it was determined that all safety systems behaved as expected. Vessel water level decreased to a minimum of 14 inches, as indicated by GETARS, which was approximately 180 inches above the top of active fuel. No safety functions or components were compromised as a result of the event.

G. Additional Information

Subsequent to commercial operations, GGNS has experienced six scrams due to lightning strikes. The previous events were reported in LERs 88-012, 89-010, 89-016, 91-010, and 91-012. This report will also serve as an update report to LER 91-012 which was submitted December 18, 1991.

Energy Industry Identification System (EIIS) codes are identified in the text within brackets [].