



NUREG/IA-0068  
ICSP-CO-TURFW-T

# International Agreement Report

## Assessment of the “One Feedwater Pump Trip Transient” in Cofrentes Nuclear Power Plant With TRAC-BF1

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Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, DC 20555

April 1992

Prepared as part of  
The Agreement on Research Participation and Technical Exchange  
under the International Thermal-Hydraulic Code Assessment  
and Application Program (ICAP)

Published by  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

9206080039 920430  
PDR NUREG  
IA-0068 R PDR

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## FOREWORD

This report has been prepared by Hidroelectrica Española in the framework of the ICAP-UNESA Project.

The report represents one of the assessment calculations submitted in fulfilment of the bilateral agreement for cooperation in thermal-hydraulic activities between the Consejo de Seguridad Nuclear of Spain (CSN) and the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), in the form of Spanish contribution to the International Code Assessment and Applications Program (ICAP) of the US-NRC, whose main purpose is the validation of the TRAC and RELAP system codes.

The Consejo de Seguridad Nuclear has promoted a coordinated Spanish Nuclear Industry effort (ICAP-SPAIN) aiming to satisfy the requirements of this agreement and to improve the quality of the technical support groups at the Spanish Utilities, Spanish Research Establishments, Regulatory Staff and Engineering Companies, for Safety purposes.

This ICAP-SPAIN national program includes agreements between CSN and each of the following organizations:

- Unidad Eléctrica (UNESA)
- Unión Iberoamericana de Tecnología Eléctrica (UITESA)
- Empresa Nacional del Urano (ENUSA)
- TECNATOM
- LOFT-ESPAÑA

The program is executed by 12 working groups and a generic code review group, and is coordinated by the "Comité de Coordinación". This committee has approved the distribution of this document for ICAP purposes.

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.-

This report presents the results of the assessment of TRAC-BF1 (G1-J1) code with the model of C.N. Cofrentes for simulation of the transient originated by the manual trip of one FW pump

C.N. Cofrentes is a General Electric designed BWR/6 plant, with a nominal core thermal power of 2894 Mwt, in commercial operation since 1985, owned and operated by Hidroelectrica Española S.A. The plant incorporates all the characteristics of BWR/6 reactors, with two turbine driven FW pumps

The objective of this assessment is to generate a Cofrentes model for TRAC-BF1 and compare code results with plant recorded data during the start-up test transient of "one feedwater pump trip" with the plant at nominal conditions.

The model has been developed from plant drawings and documentation, and a documented and validated RETRAN model.

Principal characteristics of the model include a 4 rings-8 levels vessel, two recirculation loops and one representative steam line; control systems and trips were also modelled.

A reference/nominal steady state situation was then adjusted by connecting submodels of portions of the system (vessel, recirculation loops, steam lines) previously tuned to the desired conditions. In the same way separated models for each of the control systems (feedwater/level, recirculation, pressure) were developed.

The point kinetic option was selected for core neutronic feedback, as considered adequate enough for this kind of mild operational transients. Reactivity coefficients were obtained from perturbations on the 3D simulator, around the initial steady state situation.

The transient selected to be reproduced with TRAC-BF1 was the "ONE FW PUMP TRIP" start-up test, performed to verify the capability of the plant to avoid reactor trip by reducing power to a level consistent with the capacity of the remaining operating pump.

Simulation of this operational transient with TRAC-BF1 will assess the performance of the code/model features related to dynamic level tracking, core neutronic feedback, recirculation and jet pumps performance in normal operating conditions, and check models generated for the control systems

A 150 seconds transient was run, this time including all the important phenomena occurring in the system.

Sensed level was the most critical plant variable to reproduce. Consideration of the water level shift between regions inside and outside the dryer skirt, due to pressure drop across the dryer, led to a good simulation of level behaviour as sensed in the plant.

Other variables measured: FW, steam, recirculation and core flow, as well as power and pressure were, accurately reproduced by the code. Some additional tuning of FW control system settings and steam lines model would probably improve results for those variables that, in the second portion of the transient, behave slightly different to measurements (FW flow and dome pressure)

As a conclusion of this assessment a model of C.N. Cofrentes has been developed for TRAC-BF1 that fairly reproduces operational transient behaviour of the plant. A special purpose code was generated to obtain reactivity coefficients, as required by TRAC-BF1, from the 3D simulator. A complete validation of this model will require additional assessment with measurements from other transients that activates other portions and features of the code/model.

## 1.- INTRODUCTION

Hidroelectrica Española (HE) joined ICAP as a member of the UNESA group in order to simulate two transients of C.N.Cofrentes with TRAC-BF1 code and compare simulation results with data recorded at the plant.

The code information package, including tape with source program of G1J1 version, was received and implemented on a SIEMENS 7590-F computer. Some adaptation was needed on the source received (CDC version) to make it compilable; test cases were run, with results slightly different to those provided as reference in some of them. Later, on August 1989, the IBM version, as converted by Pennsylvania State University, was released to HE representatives by INEL. Implementation of this version is currently in progress.

Due to the above mentioned problems, the model and cases described in this report were developed using the TRAC-BF1 G1J1 version implemented in a CONVEX computer owned by UITESA. This version has been vectorized, achieving a reduction in the CPU time consumption of about 70%. The graphics option has been implemented for this computer and an interactive graphic system has been developed as a user friendly tool to plot output data.

## 2.- PLANT DESCRIPTION

Cofrentes Nuclear Power Plant, owned and operated by Hidroeléctrica Española S.A., has a BWR/6 reactor (Mark III containment), designed by General Electric, with a rated thermal power of 2894 Mwt.

Located 50 Km from Valencia (Spain), Cofrentes commercial operation started in 1985 and is presently running its fifth cycle.

Design features of the Nuclear Supply Steam System (NSSS) include two loop recirculation system, driven by two centrifugal pumps, feeding a total of 20 jet pumps, with a flow control valve in each loop. Feed-water is supplied by two turbine-driven pumps. Four main steam lines supply the main turbine with the steam generated in the reactor, each line equipped with isolation valves (MSIV), safety/relief valves (SRV) and turbine stop and control valves (TSV and TCV). Six bypass valves blowdown steam to the condenser from a common header connected to the four steam lines, with a nominal capacity of 35% rated steam flow.

The core consists of 624 fuel elements (8x8) with an active length of 150 in. and 145 control rods. Core power is monitored by 33 vertical strings, each holding 4 Local Power Range Monitors (LPRM), arranged in a uniform pattern throughout the core. Four Average Power Range Monitors (APRM) measure bulk power, each one averaging 24 LPRM signals.

NSSS instrumentation of interest for the transients analyzed in this report and related to the Control systems and Reactor Protection System (RPS) are briefly described: Dp transducers are used to measure flow in the recirculation, steam and feedwater lines; water level in the vessel downcomer is also measured by a Dp transducer, pressure signals are available from sensors located in the steam dome and in the averaging manifold in steam lines at the entrance of TSV's

During start-up tests a special program for collecting plant signals was carried out. Prior to each significant transient test, a set of signals considered relevant for later analysis and simulation of the transient was defined. The Emergency Response and Information System (ERIS) was used as Data Acquisition System for sampling and recording selected signals.

### 3.- TEST DESCRIPTION.-

This transient, identified as Start-up test PPN-23C, was carried out on February 1985 with the plant operating at 95% thermal power and 94% core flow.

The transient was initiated by manual trip of one feed-water pump, and the objective of the test was to verify the capability of the plant to avoid scram on low water level.

When one feed-water pump is tripped, water level starts decreasing and feed-water controller speeds-up the other pump to restore downcomer inventory; however, design capacity of one pump allows a maximum flow of 85 % of rated, consequently level will keep on dropping and eventually would reach low level (L3) setpoint, in about 15 seconds, and reactor will be scrammed if no action is taken. Cofrentes incorporates an automatic action that lowers power to a level consistent with the capacity of the remaining feed-water pump, this is accomplished by reducing core flow to a new steady state along the original control rod line in the operating map.

When level passes through the low water level alarm (L4), after a single feed-water pump trip, a "Recirculation Runback" is commanded to move both Recirculation flow control valves to a pre-established position. This originates a fast core flow reduction that means an increase of voids in the core and a subsequent power decrease. A new steady state is reached 50 seconds after initiation of the transient.

Figures 3.1 to 3.7 present plots of measured variables for the 150 seconds of interest, including 10 seconds previous to the initiation of the transient.

FIGURE 3.1.—MEASURED VESSEL LEVEL

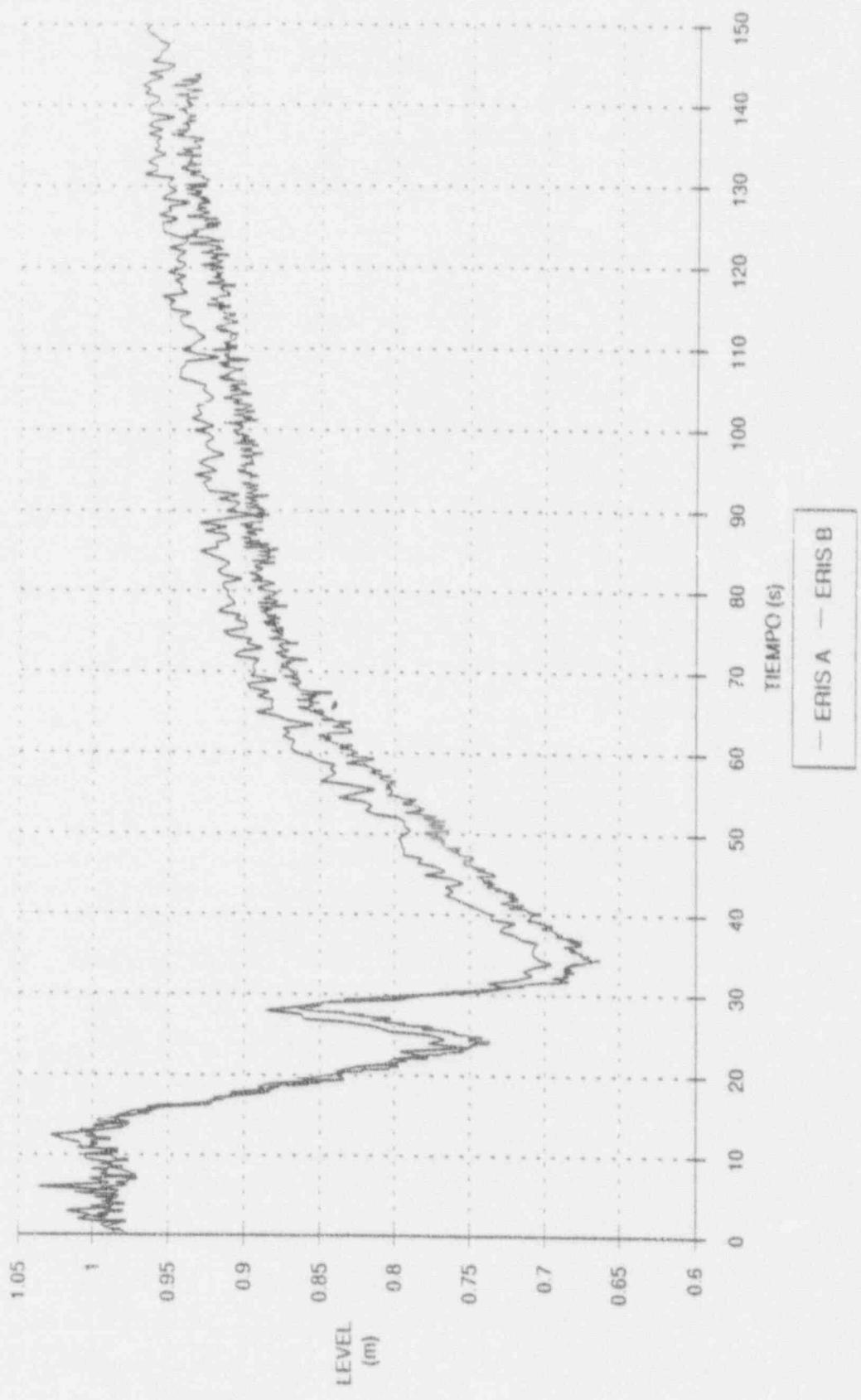


FIGURE 3.2.- MEASURED F.W. FLOW

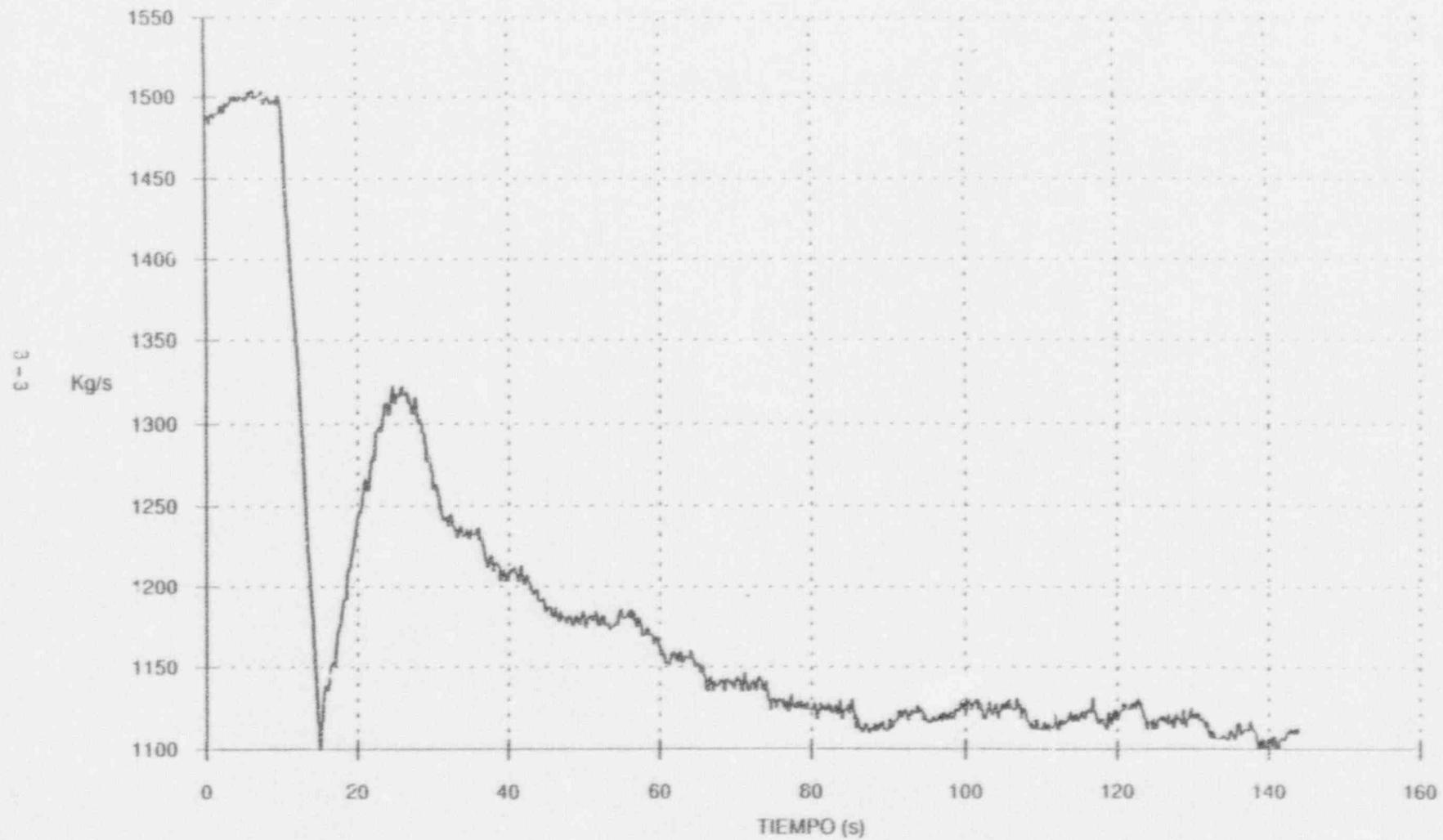


FIGURE 3.3.- MEASURED STEAM FLOW

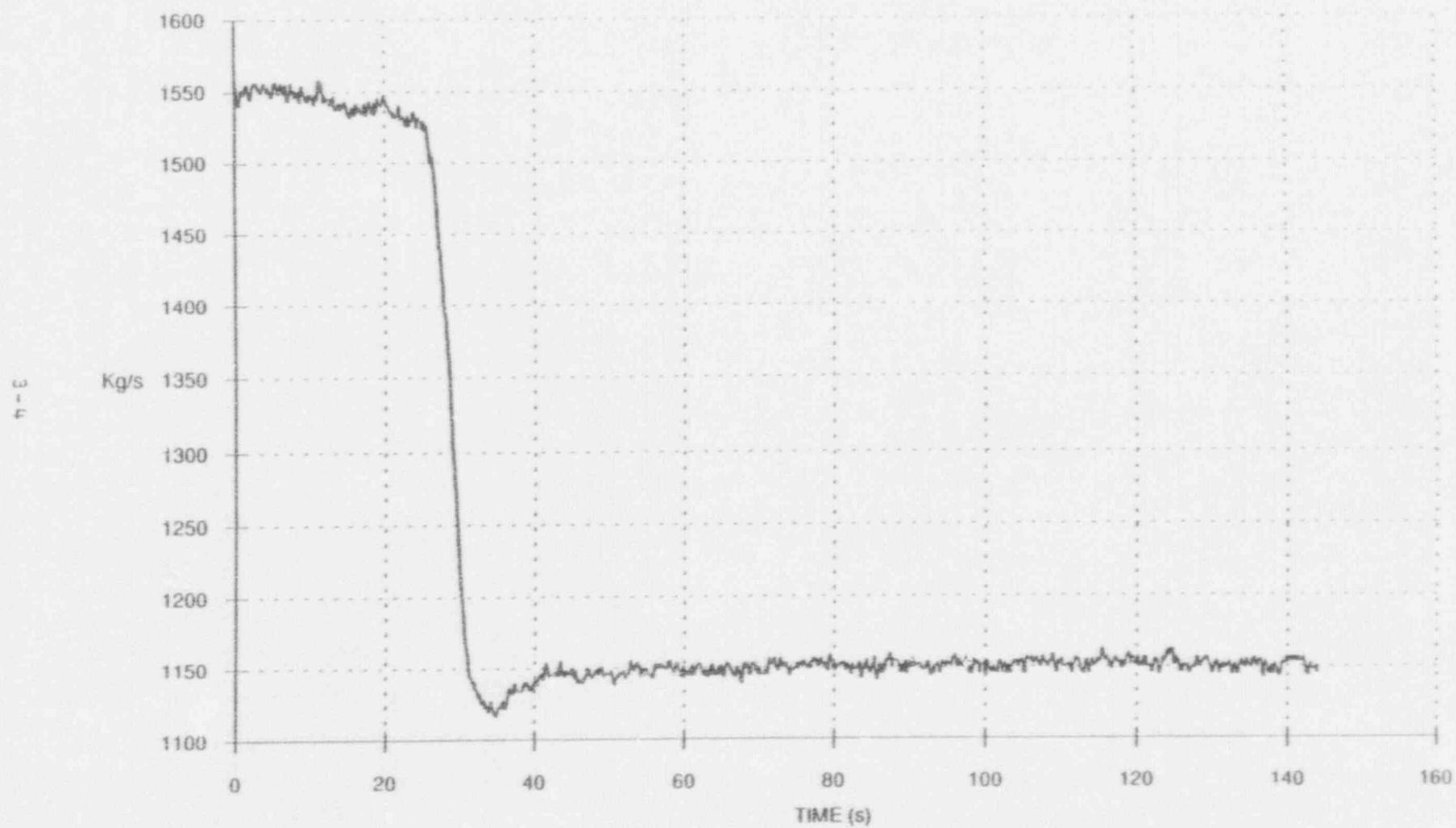


FIGURE 3-4.— MEASURED RECIRCULATION FLOW

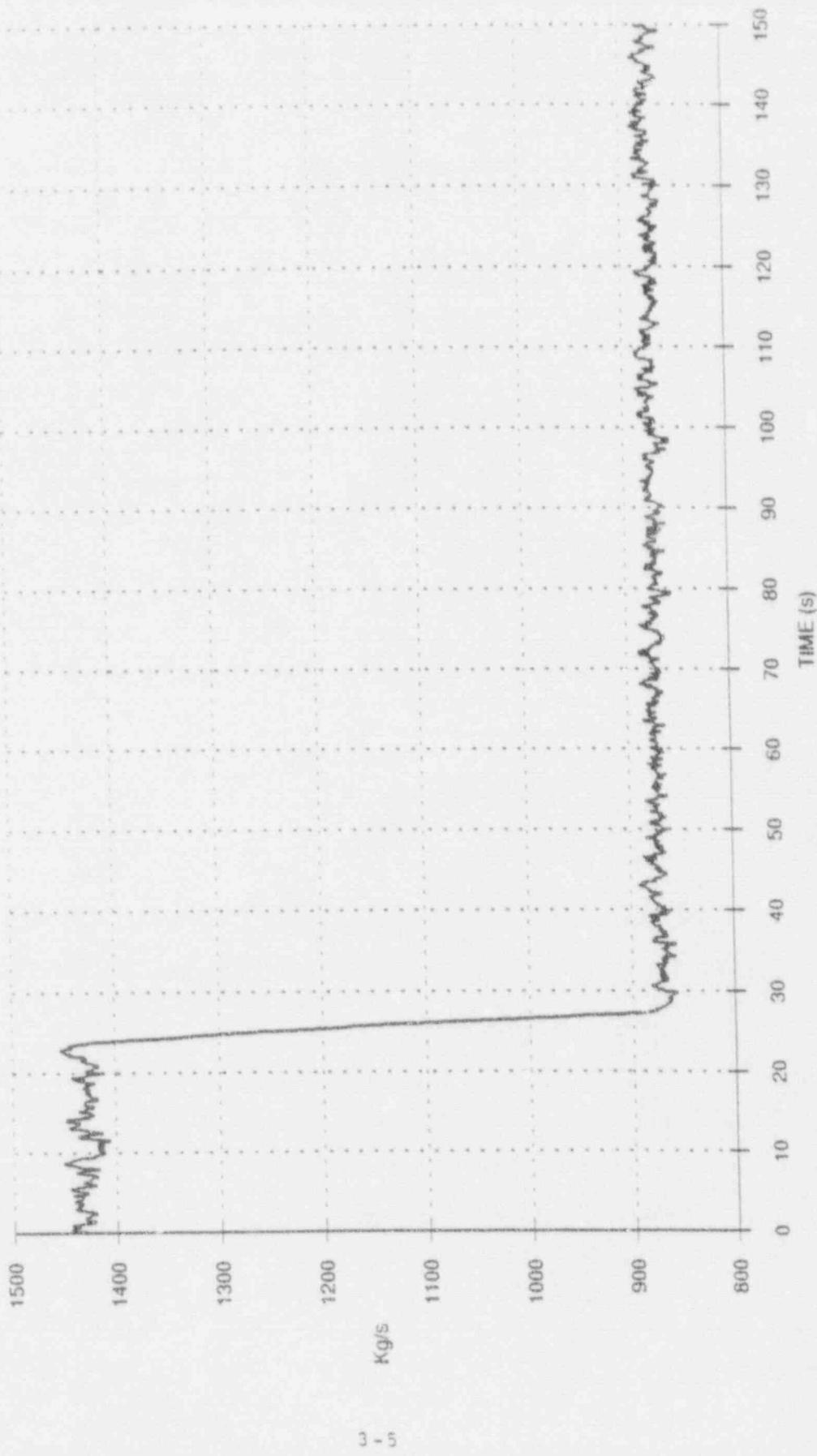


FIGURE 3.5.- MEASURED CORE FLOW/2

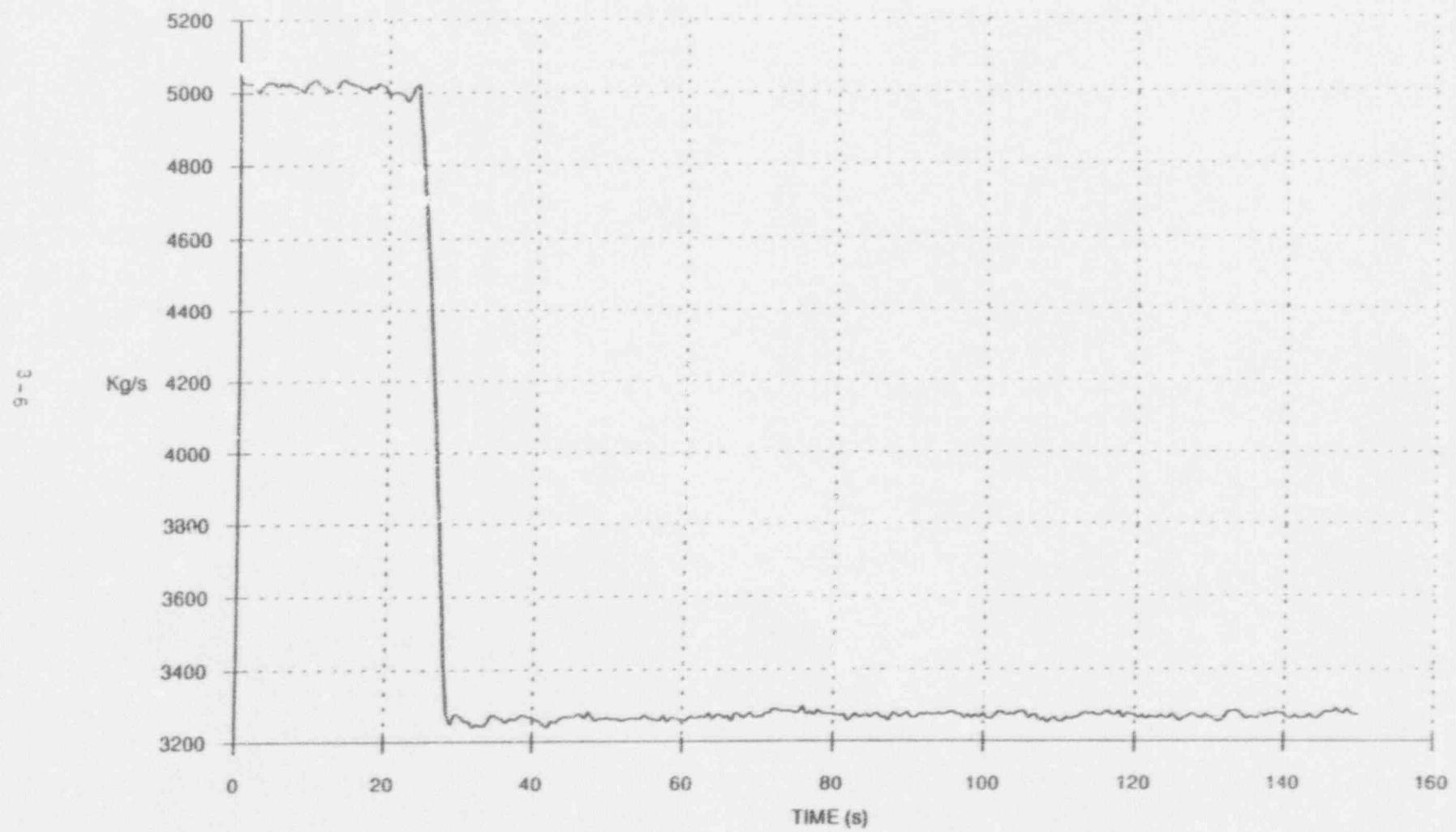


FIGURE 3.6 - MEASURED POWER (APHM)

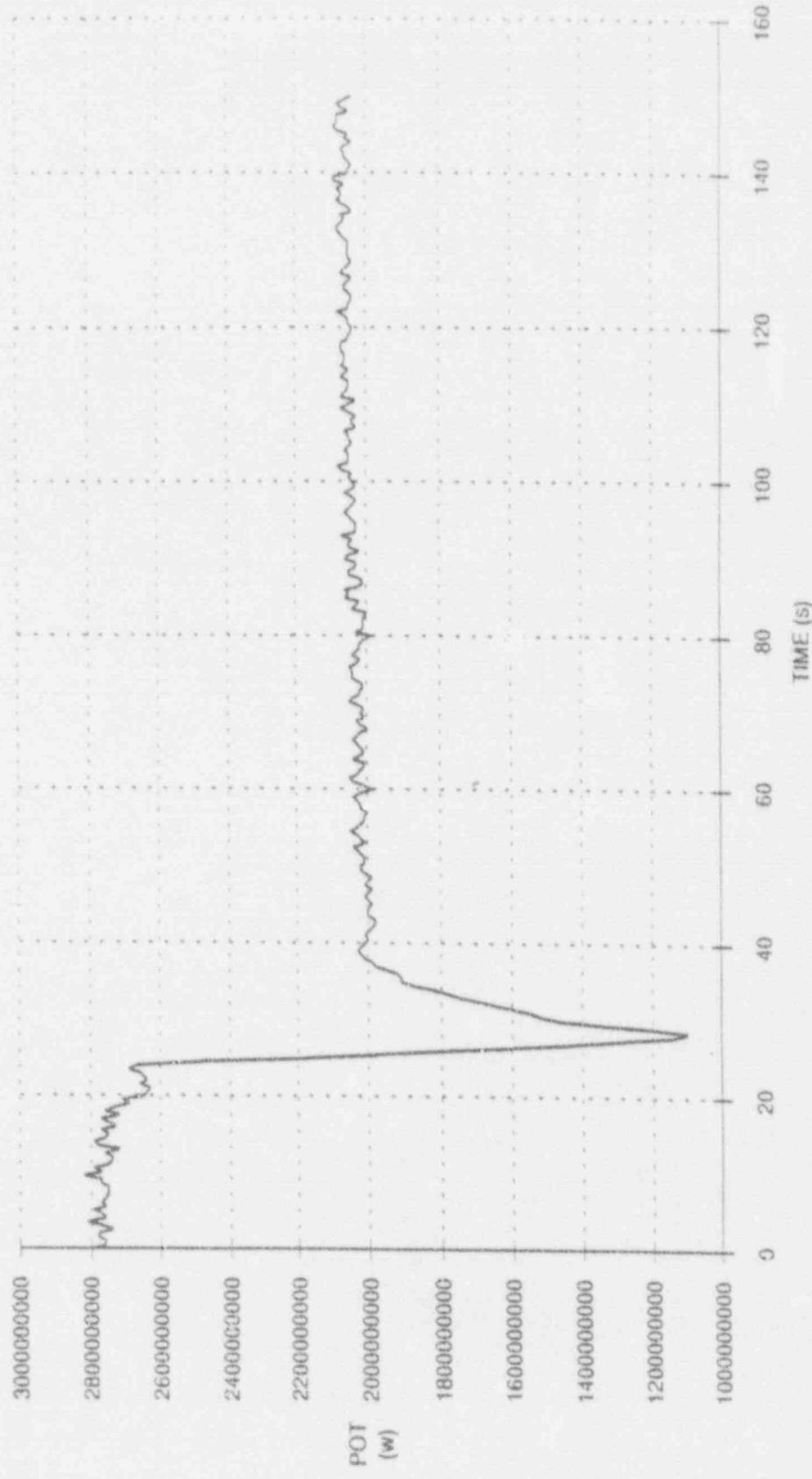
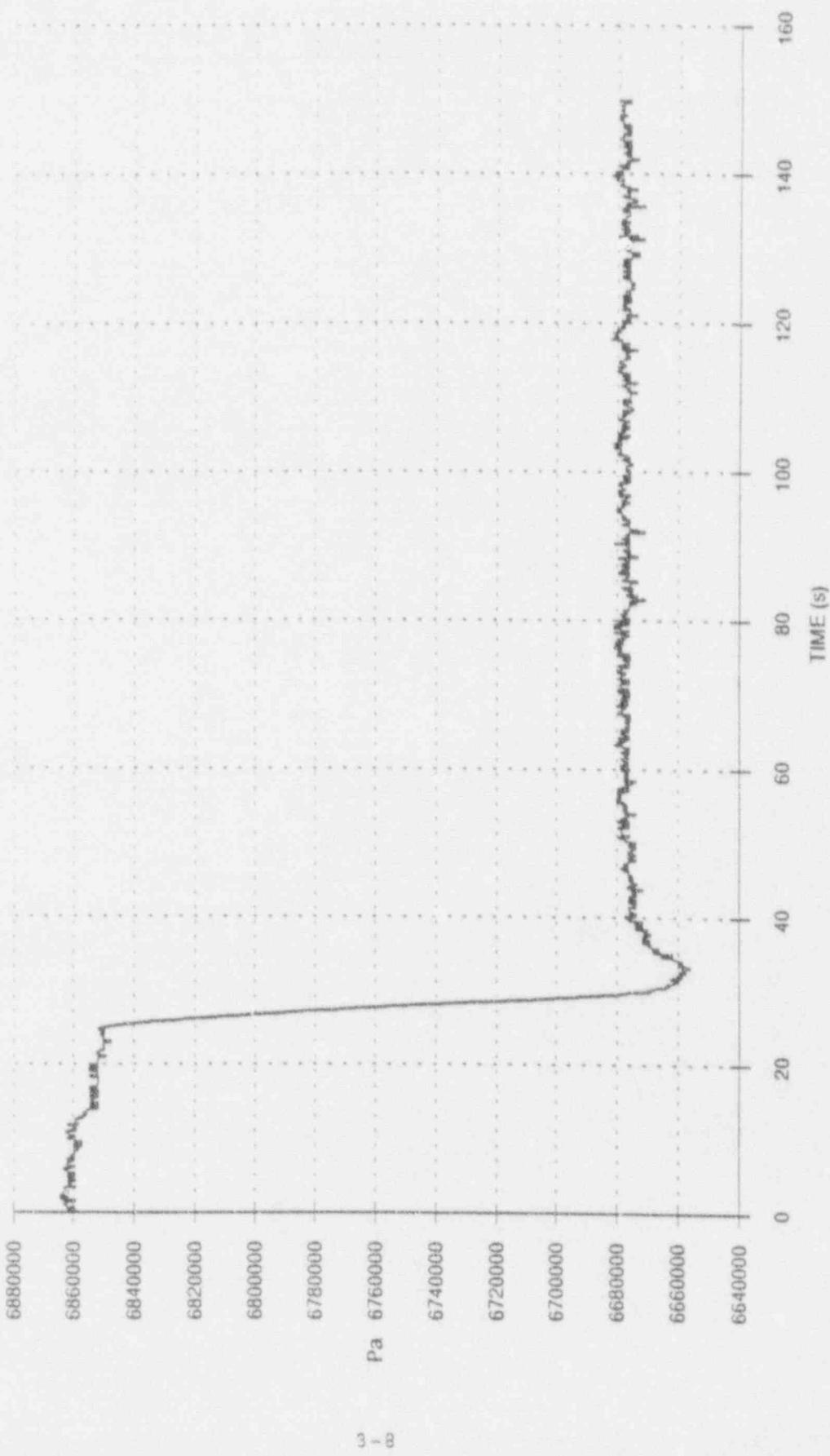


FIGURE 3.7 - MEASURED DOME PRESSURE



#### 4.- MODEL DESCRIPTION.-

Figure 4.1 shows the Cofrentes model which includes reactor vessel and core, recirculation loops, steam lines from vessel to turbine valves, and control systems. Input data were mainly obtained from a documented RETRAN model.

The main components of the model are discussed in the following sections.

##### 4.1.- VESSEL.-

Using the VESSEL component of TRAC-BF1, 4 rings and 8 axial levels were considered to model the reactor vessel. The three inner rings represent the volume inside the core shroud, with the core in levels 3 and 4, and the outer ring models the downcomer. As illustrated in Figure 4.1, levels 1 and 2 represent the core inlet plenum, with jet pumps discharge located in bottom of level 2 (ring 4); core exit plenum is represented by level 5 (rings 1,2,3).

For the type of transient being analyzed, it would be enough one single ring to model the core region, with one average bundle (CHAN component) to represent the fuel elements. However, three rings were considered to allow for future accident analysis (LOCA, ATWS), in which upper plenum 2D/3D effects, when spray is activated, are important to simulate the distribution of coolant over the fuel bundles.

The 624 fuel elements have been divided into three groups:

- high power
- average power
- low power (including peripheral elements)

connected to the lower and upper plenum in each core ring, as illustrated in Figure 4.2.

No metal structures were modeled as the time of interest in the transients to be analyzed is relatively small (150 sec. maximum), and temperature change in the vessel is not relevant.

Separators and dryer are modeled in the axial level 6 using the perfect Separator option, after some failed attempts to use the mechanistic model; stand pipes are also included in this level.

Vessel connections to other components include feedwater inlet, modelled as a fill, governed by the level control system, discharging in the downcomer via a leak path (level 5, ring 4). Steam outlet is located in level 7, ring 4. Outlets to Recirculation loops from lower downcomer are located in level 2 (ring 4). Recirculation flow mixes in the jet pump (component external to vessel) with driven flow from downcomer level 4, to discharge into lower plenum.

Channel components representing fuel bundles are connected to lower and upper plena, with leakage flow discharging to the bypass flow region (levels 3-4, rings 1-2-3)

ECCS injections have been also modelled, using the leak path feature, although they are not used in the transient.

#### 4.2.- RECIRCULATION SYSTEM,-

Both Recirculation loops have been modelled, each being divided into three components:

- PUMP 11-21, representing the suction pipe, from vessel downcomer, and centrifugal pump
- VALVE 12-22, representing the flow control valve and discharge pipe up to jet pump inlet
- JETP 15-25, modelling the 10 jet pumps connected to each loop.

Flow control valve area is defined by the Recirculation control system.

Recirculation discharge piping consists of one main riser that divides into ten branches to feed the corresponding jet pumps; these branches have been lumped into one single line, on the basis of maintaining steady state pressure drop.

The JETP component of TRAC-BF1 has been used to model the 10 jet pumps connected to each loop.

#### 4.3.- MAIN STEAM LINES.-

One single equivalent line has been used to model the four parallel steam pipes, with 5 main components:

- TEE 80, models pipes from vessel exit to MSIVs, relief valves are connected to this component although not actuated during the transient
- VALVE 81, represents MSIVs and associated pipe
- TEE 82 represents pipes from MSIVs to turbine control/stop valves, and branching to bypass valves that discharge to main condenser.
- Turbine control and stop valves, modelled by VALVE 83, with position governed by pressure control system; they discharge to BREAK 92, which represents pressure boundary condition at turbine inlet.
- Bypass valves are modelled by VALVE 70 with boundary condition represented by BREAK 73

#### 4.4.- FUEL ELEMENTS.-

The 624 fuel elements of the core have been divided into three groups (Figure 4.2), corresponding to the three inner rings of the vessel model:

80 central high power  
436 central average power  
108 peripheral low power

The CHAN component of TRAC-BF1 has been used to model the characteristics of the fuel bundles. 11 axial nodes have been selected, with active length between nodes 3 to 10, and one group to represent the 8x8 fuel rods.

Leakage flow to the bypass region surrounding fuel channels has been considered by means of a leak path from the second axial node of the channels to vessel level 3.

#### 4.5.- CORE POWER AND REACTIVITY FEEDBACK.-

Reactivity feedback has been modelled using the point kinetic option, with void and Doppler coefficients and scram curve obtained from perturbation on the 3D simulator, performed around the steady state situation of the core.

A common axial power distribution is defined for the three types of fuel channel/bundles modelled.

#### 4.6.- CONTROL SYSTEMS AND TRIPS.-

The three control systems typical of boiling water reactors are included in the model, as well as trips associated to Reactor Protection System and other automatic actions.

#### 4.6.1.- Pressure control system.-

This system governs turbine and bypass steam flow, as a function of pressure upstream turbine control valve.

Figure 4.3 illustrates the scheme of the model developed. Special attention was paid to the proper representation of turbine control valve characteristic, to reproduce actual behaviour in terms of steam flow versus position

No adjustment of the bypass portion of the system has been made for this transient.

#### 4.6.2.- Feedwater control system.-

Based on a level error signal and mismatch between steam and feedwater flows, this system controls the amount of feedwater entering the vessel.

Downcomer water level, as computed by TRAC, is corrected based on dryer pressure drop, to obtain downcomer water level as measured in the p... Sensors and controllers are modelled by available control blocks following the actual system design (Figure 4.4). A special logic was developed to reproduce coastdown of one pump and to obtain a smooth transition on total feedwater flow when the remaining available pump speeds-up in response to controller demand.

#### 4.6.3. Recirculation flow control system.-

As the plant is operated in manual mode, only the portion of the system representing this function has been considered.

The output of the system determines Recirculation control valve position, which has been translated into valve area by a separate calculation, using a specific model of the valve to reproduce the Cv versus position curve as given by the manufacturer.

One of the objectives of the test analyzed in this report was to verify the behaviour of the recirculation runback. A logic has been incorporated to the model that switches the manual valve position demand to a fixed position (26% open) corresponding to a core flow demand of 53.15% when low level alarm is detected, provided one feedwater pump is tripped (Figure 4.5).

FIGURE 4.1.- C.N. COFRENTES MODEL FOR TRAC-BF1

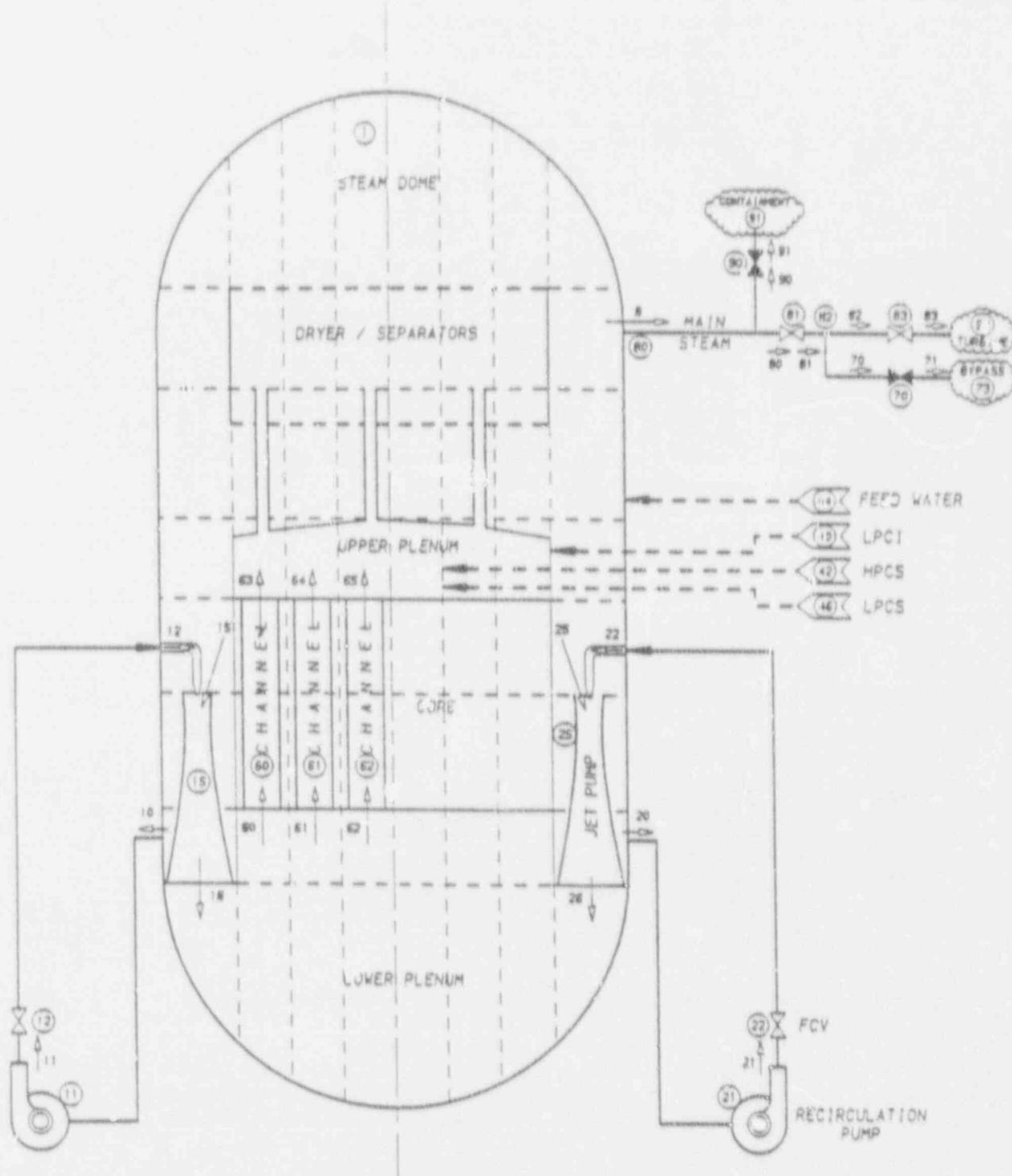


FIGURE 4.2.- CORE CHANNELS DISTRIBUTION

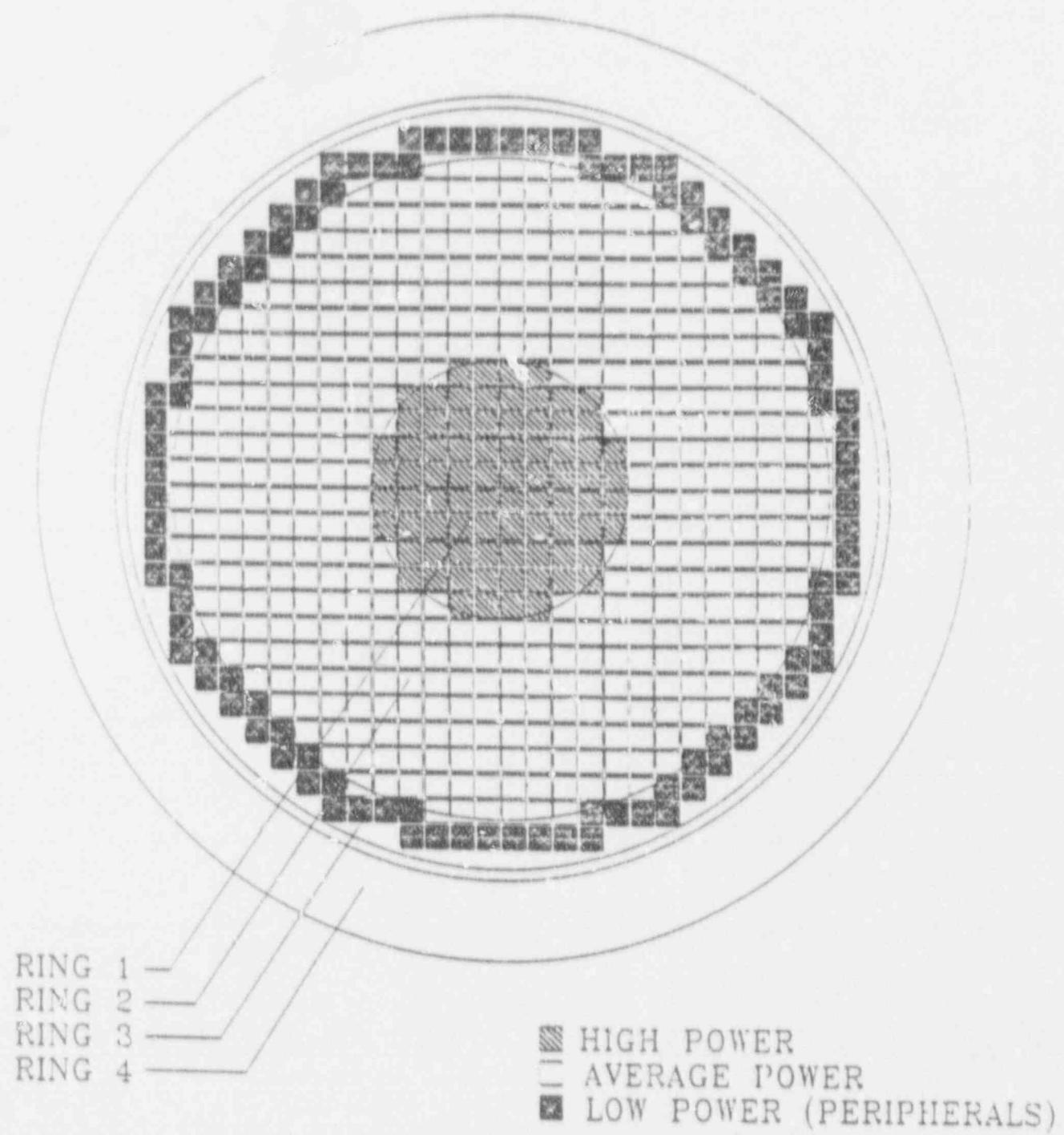


FIGURE 4.3. PRESSURE CONTROL SYSTEM

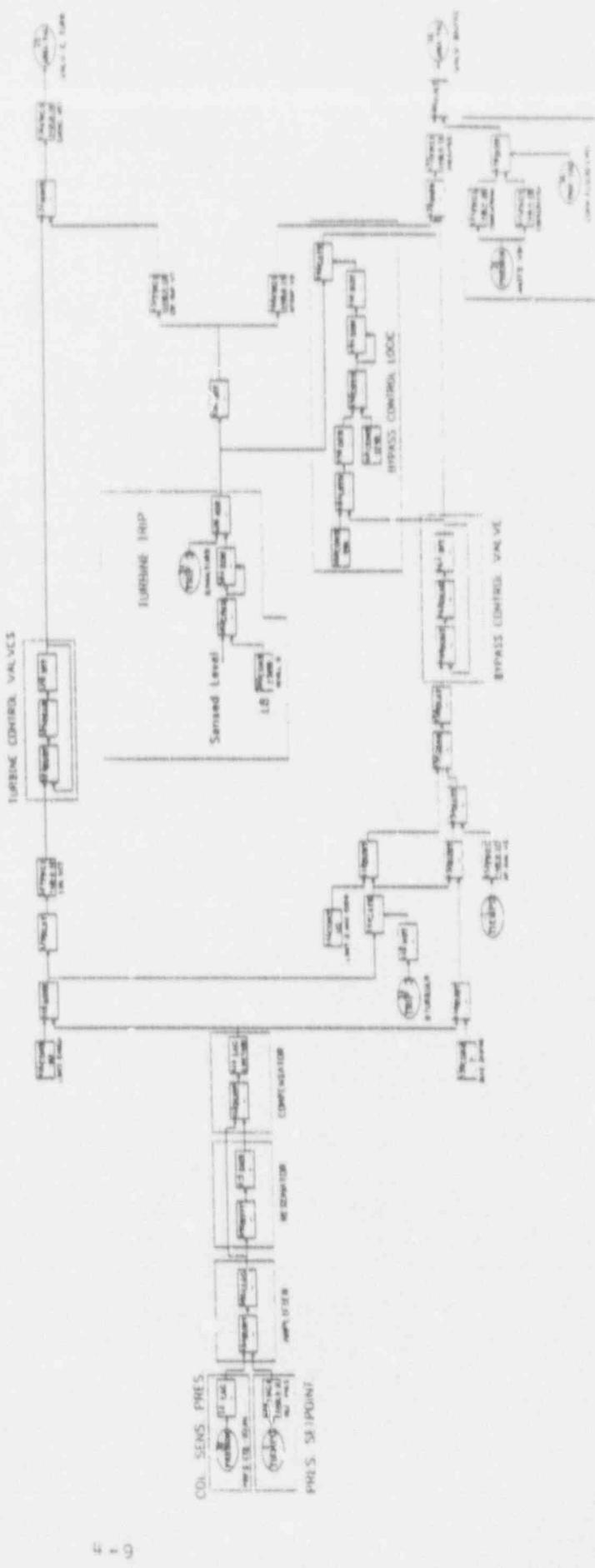


FIGURE 4-4. LEVEL/FW. CONTROL SYSTEM

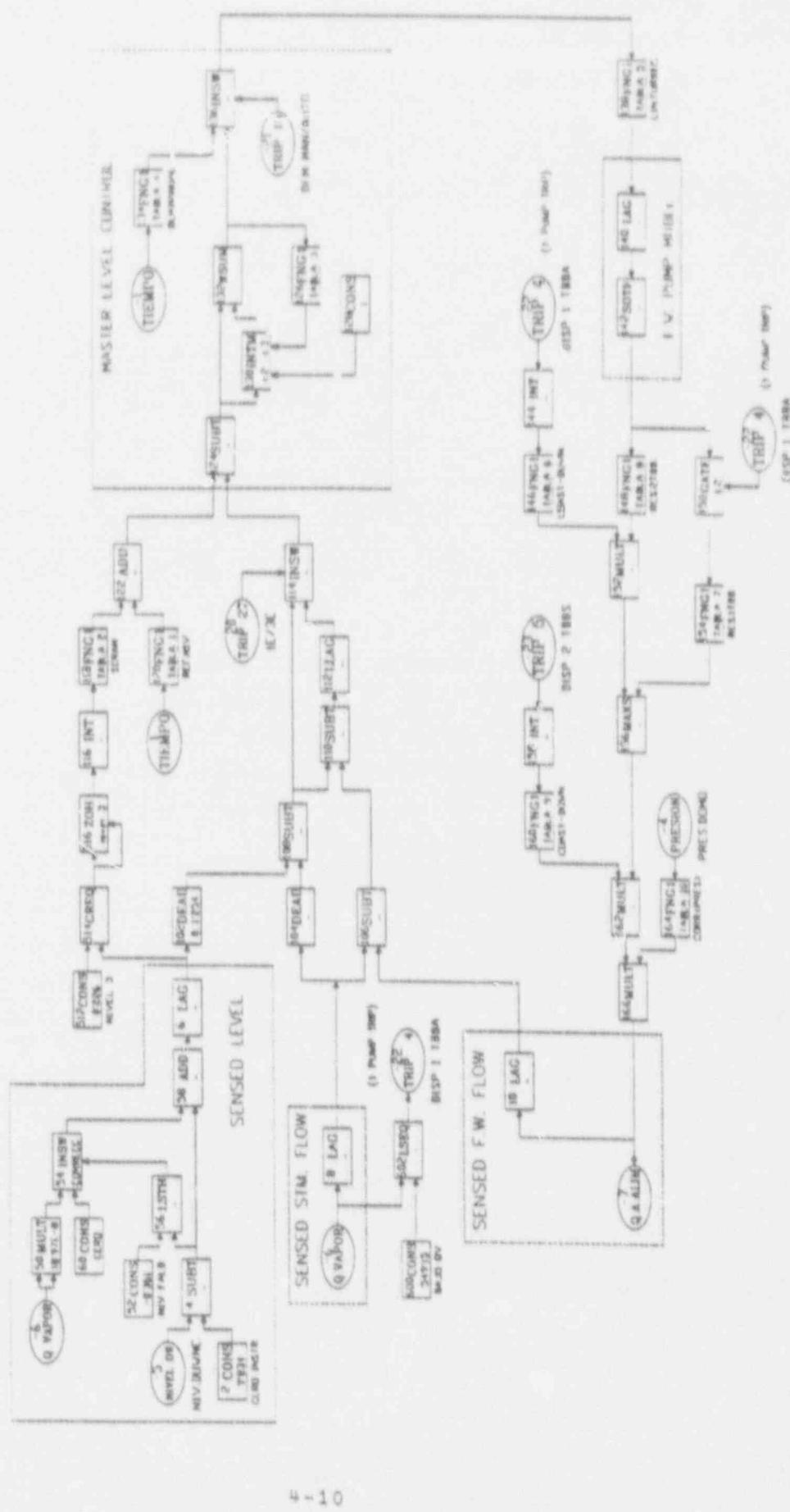
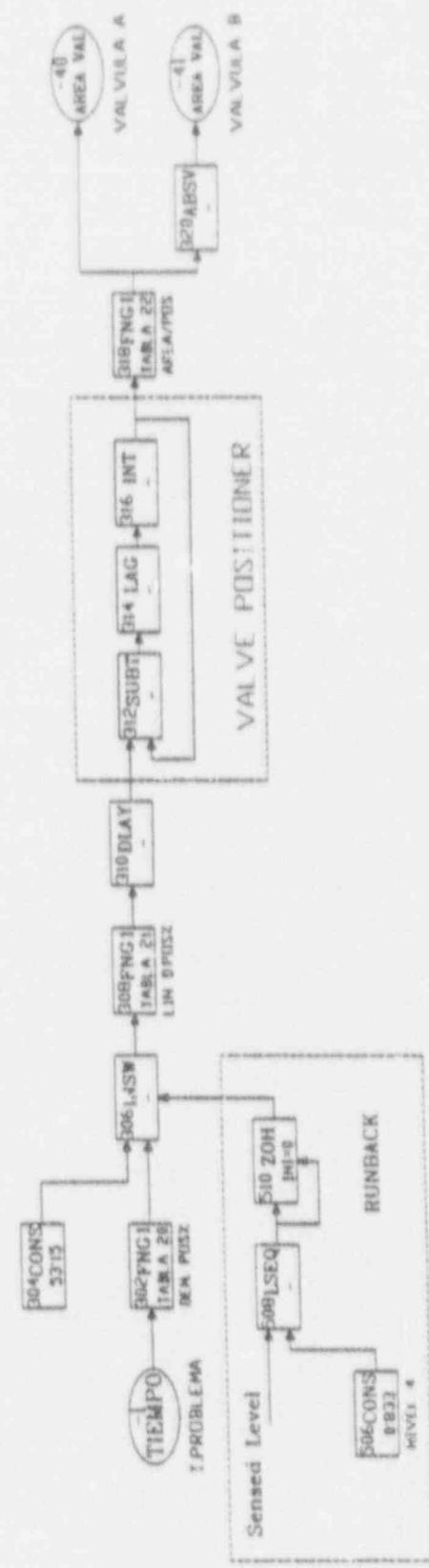


FIGURE 4.5. RECIRCULATION CONTROL SYSTEM



## 5.- STEADY STATE.-

A nominal steady state of the system (Table 5.1) was defined as a reference or base line condition

Flow split to the three modelled channels and bypass were calculated by a steady state analysis of the core with FIBWR code.

To adjust a steady state situation, with TRAC-BF1, for a model as that described for Cofrentes, is a hard task to perform if one has to deal with the whole system and too many variables and parameters to control. The approach followed was to adjust separately pieces or submodels with the proper boundary conditions, and assemble them one by one to build up the entire model.

Partial models were adjusted for channel, jet pumps, steam lines, recirculation loop, vessel and each of the control system

The final steady state reached is presented in Table 5.1 for the most significant variables, where comparison with target values is also included.

A null transient, from the steady-state reached, was run, with the reactivity feedback mechanism activated, to verify stability of steady state conditions.

Table 5.1.- Reference Steady State condition

Variable	Reference	TRAC
Core flow (Kg/s)	10646	10642
Recirculation flow, 1 loop (Kg/s)	1550	1550
Steam flow (Kg/s)	1569	1565
Feedwater flow (Kg/s)	1569	1565
Dome pressure (Pa)	7.17E6	7.17E6
Steam collector pressure (Pa)	6.765E6	6.764E6
Water level, from downc. bottom (m)	10.71	10.71
Core support plate pres. drop (Pa)	0.17E6	0.169E6
Core bypass flow (Kg/s)	1127.5	1129

## 6.- TRANSIENT RESULTS AND COMPARISON WITH PLANT MEASUREMENTS.-

The initial conditions prior to initiation fo the transient, as measured in the plant on February the 2nd, 1985, were:

Core Power	2750 Mwt.	(95%)
Core flow	10080 Kg/s	(94%)
Dome pressure	6.86 Mpa	
Vessel level	100 cm	(ref. to 0 instr.)
FW flow	1500 Kg/s	

From the reference steady state, the model was conducted to a new one corresponding to the above conditions, by adjusting the necessary control systems setpoints, and letting it run a 100 sec. null transient to verify stability.

Using the EXTRACT feature of TRAC, the model input file was updated to the test initial condition.

It was necessary to run 30 sec. of null transient previously to initiation of the event because the EXTRACT function only updates thermal hydraulic variables, but not those corresponding to control blocks. Availability of this feature to update control blocks, when a EXTRACT is performed, would be a helpful improvement to the code.

Figures 6.1 to 6.7 show plots comparison of calculated and measured values for the most relevant variables.

The most critical variable to reproduce has been the sensed level. Several runs with different approaches to model sensed level were considered unsatisfactory. It was found that a very accurate simulation of sensed level evolution was achieved by taking into account the difference in water levels inside and outside the dryer skirt, due to the pressure drop across the dryer, as a function of steam flow through dryer.

The initiating event: manual trip of 1 FW pump, was activated at  $t = 10$  sec.

FW flow quickly reduces and causes drop of downcomer water level, reaching low water level alarm ( $L_4 = 0.7823$  m.) at  $t = 22.5$  sec. (12.5 sec. after transient initiation), this activates the Recirculation runback logic that commands partial closure of flow control valves (FCVs) to 26% open position.

Partial closure of Recirculation FVCs reduces core flow to 60% in about 3 seconds (Figure 6.5), consequently void content of the core increases and, due to the negative void reactivity coefficient, fission power decreases as shown in Figure 6.6, where a very good agreement in core power response can be observed for both the initial low power spike and further evolution to a new stable power level.

Downcomer water level behaviour can be seen in Figure 6.1, where the effect of core flow reduction is well reproduced by the temporary increase before the minimum value at  $t = 30$  sec. is reached. As the level control system reacts to level drop, FW flow demand increases and the remaining operating pump accelerates to deliver its maximum capacity. Figure 6.2 shows a good agreement in FW response during coastdown of tripped pump and first portion of acceleration of the other, differences between calculated and measured responses are observed for the second portion of the transient, where FW flow accommodates to the new steady state; it is believed that these differences could be reduced with further adjustment of parameters of the level control system.

Figure 6.3 shows the evolution of steam flow which exhibits an initial bias that is maintained in the new steady state, and is attributed to the poor accuracy of the instrumentation.

Sensed dome pressure is presented in Figure 6.7, both calculated and measured traces present the same decreasing slope, consequent to

power reduction and accomodation to the new core conditions. A constant shift is observed after this reduction that could be accomodated with a better refinement of the model for steam lines, nevertheless the relative error is less than 1%.

FIGURE 6.1 - SENSED WATER LEVEL

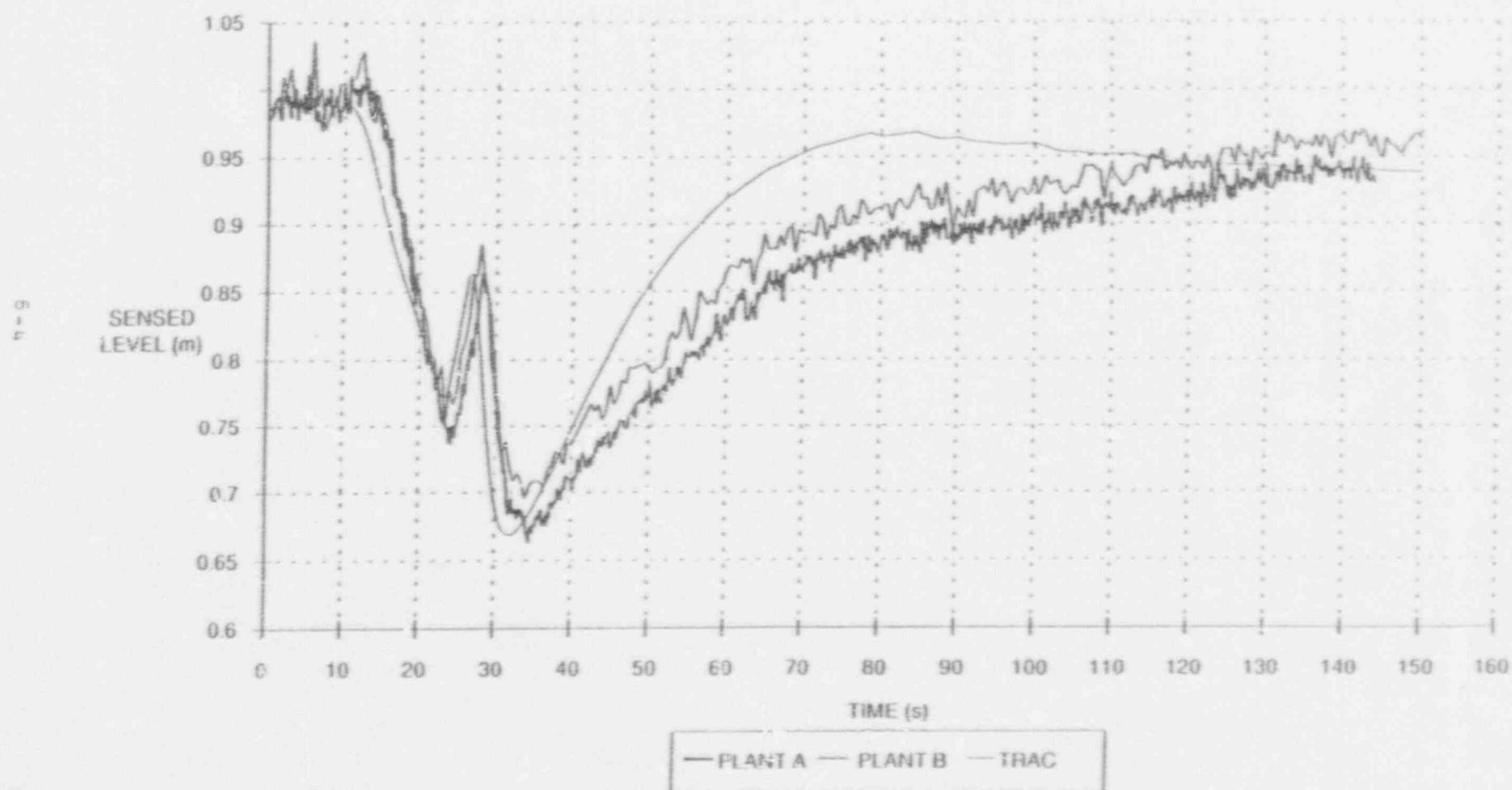


FIGURE 6.2.- TOTAL FEEDWATER FLOW

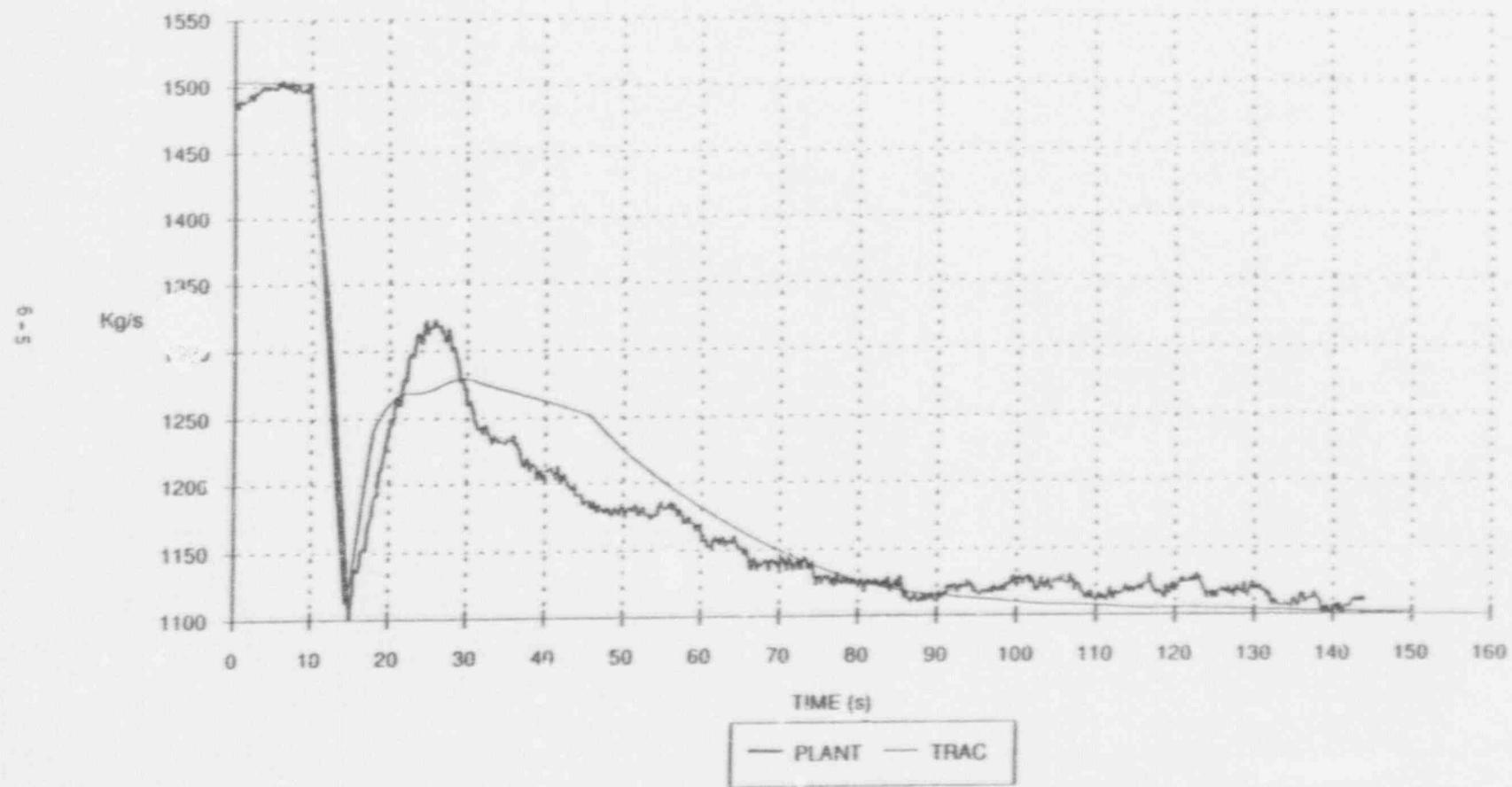


FIGURE 6.3. - STREAM FLOW

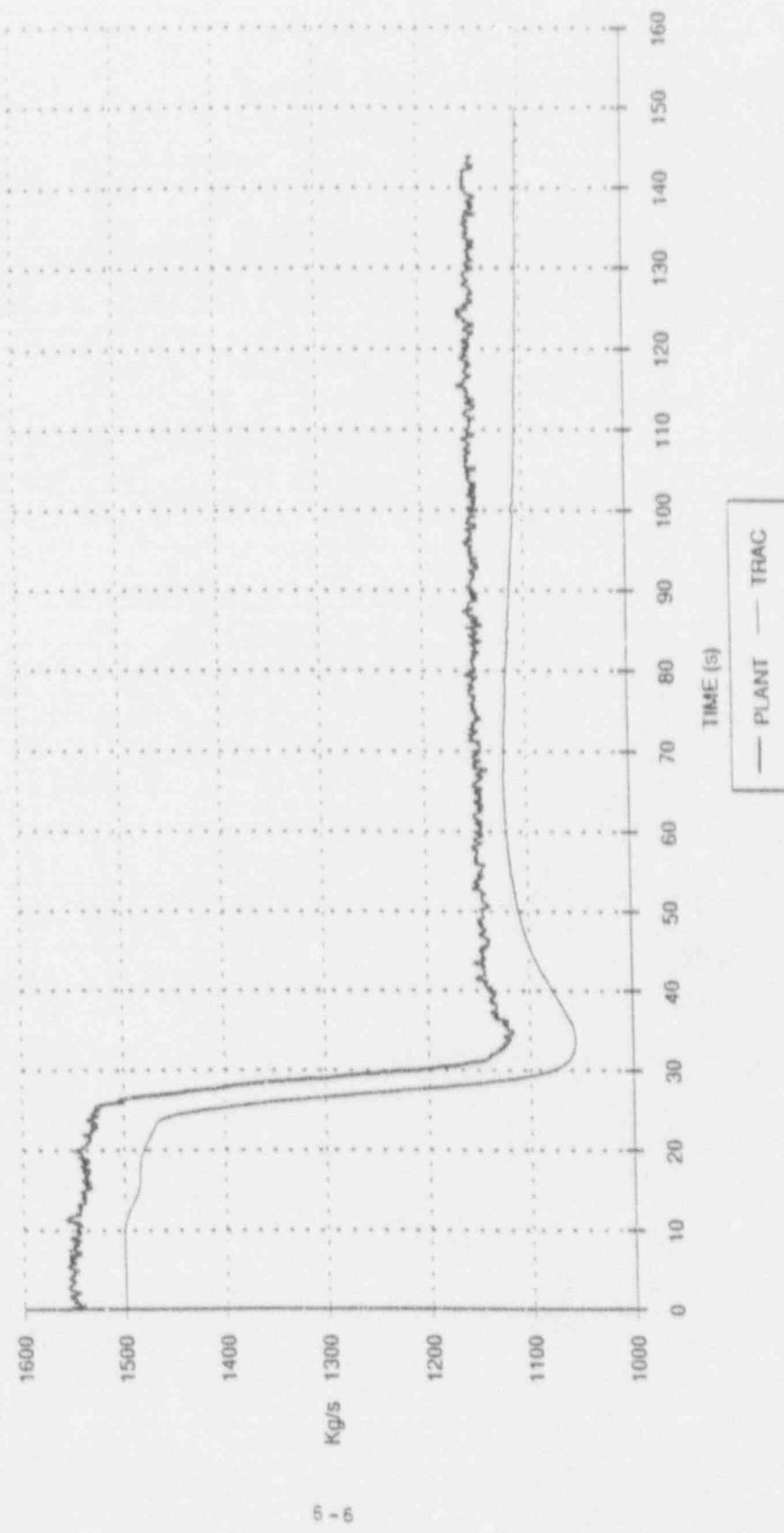


FIGURE 6.4 - RECIRCULATION FLOW (1 LOOP)

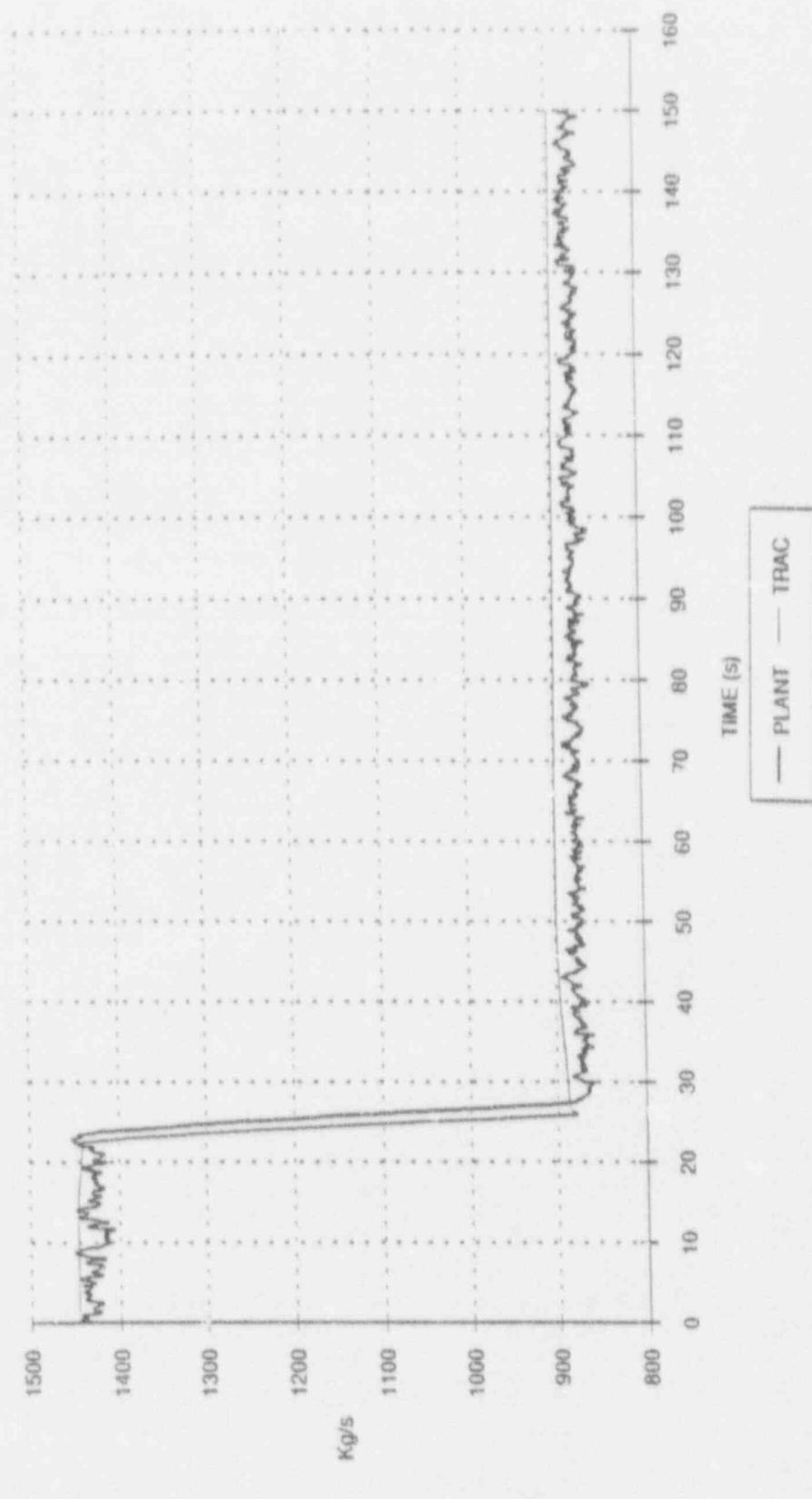


FIGURE 6 . 5 . - CORE FLOW /2

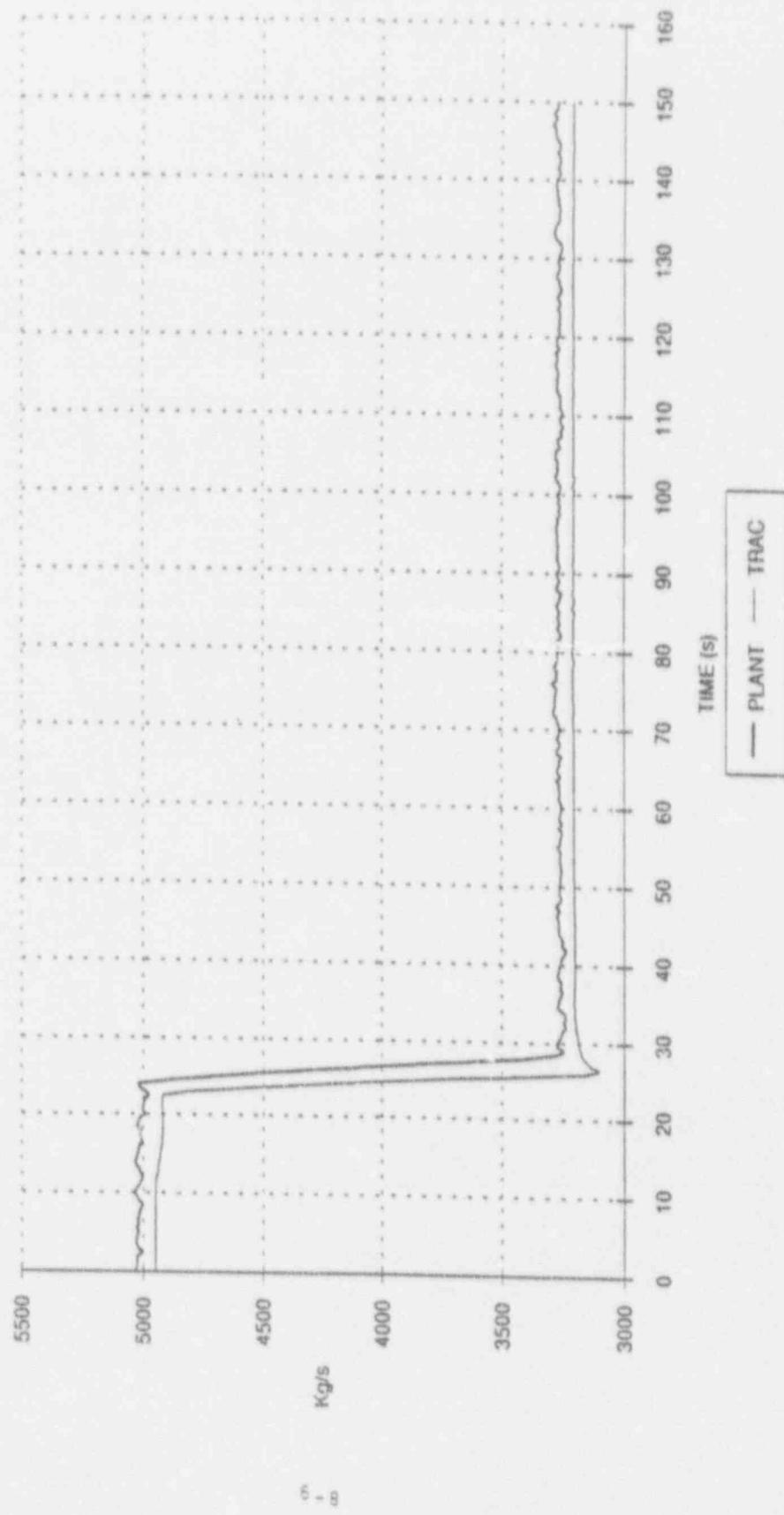


FIGURE 6.6.- CORE POWER

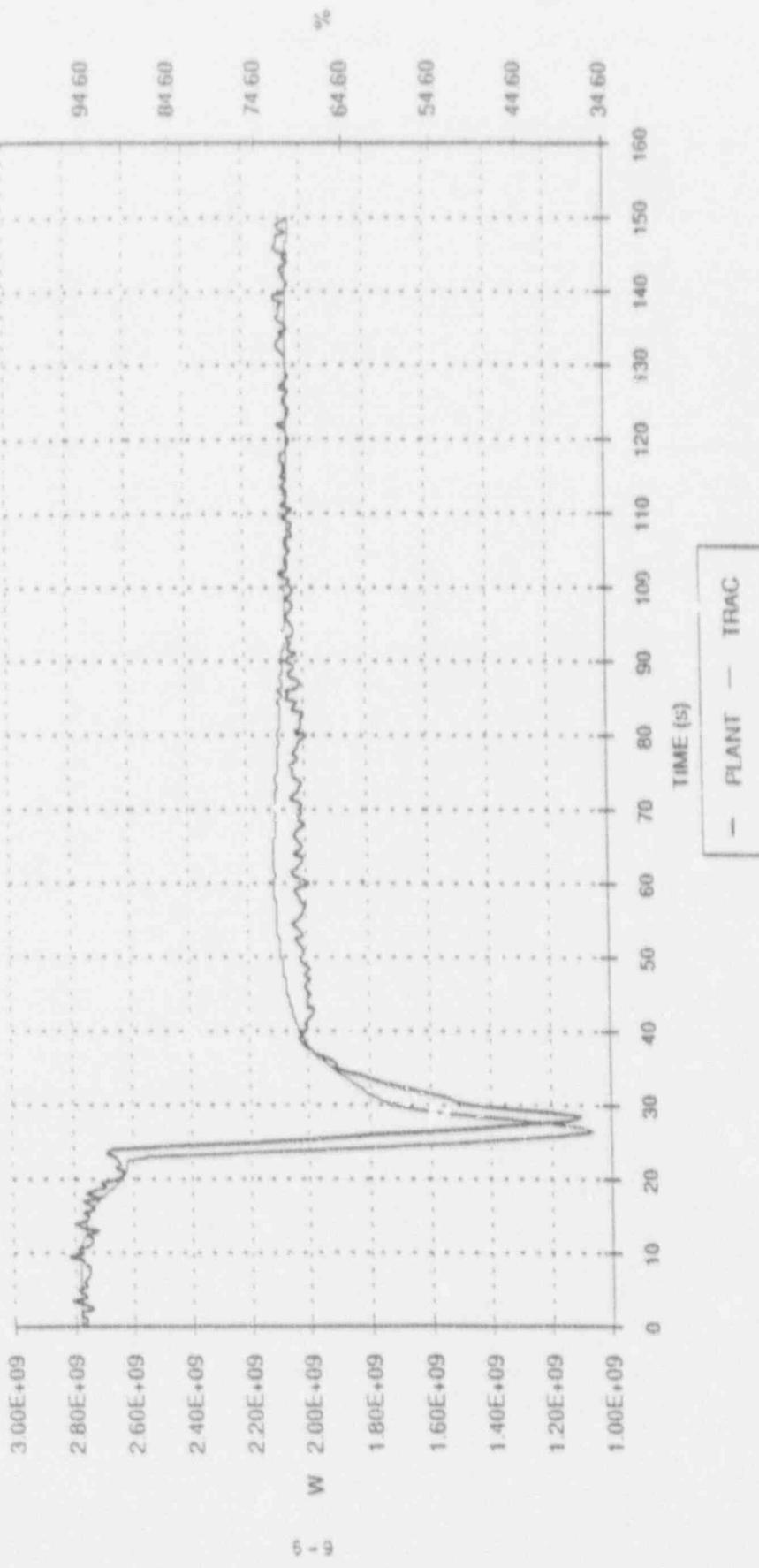
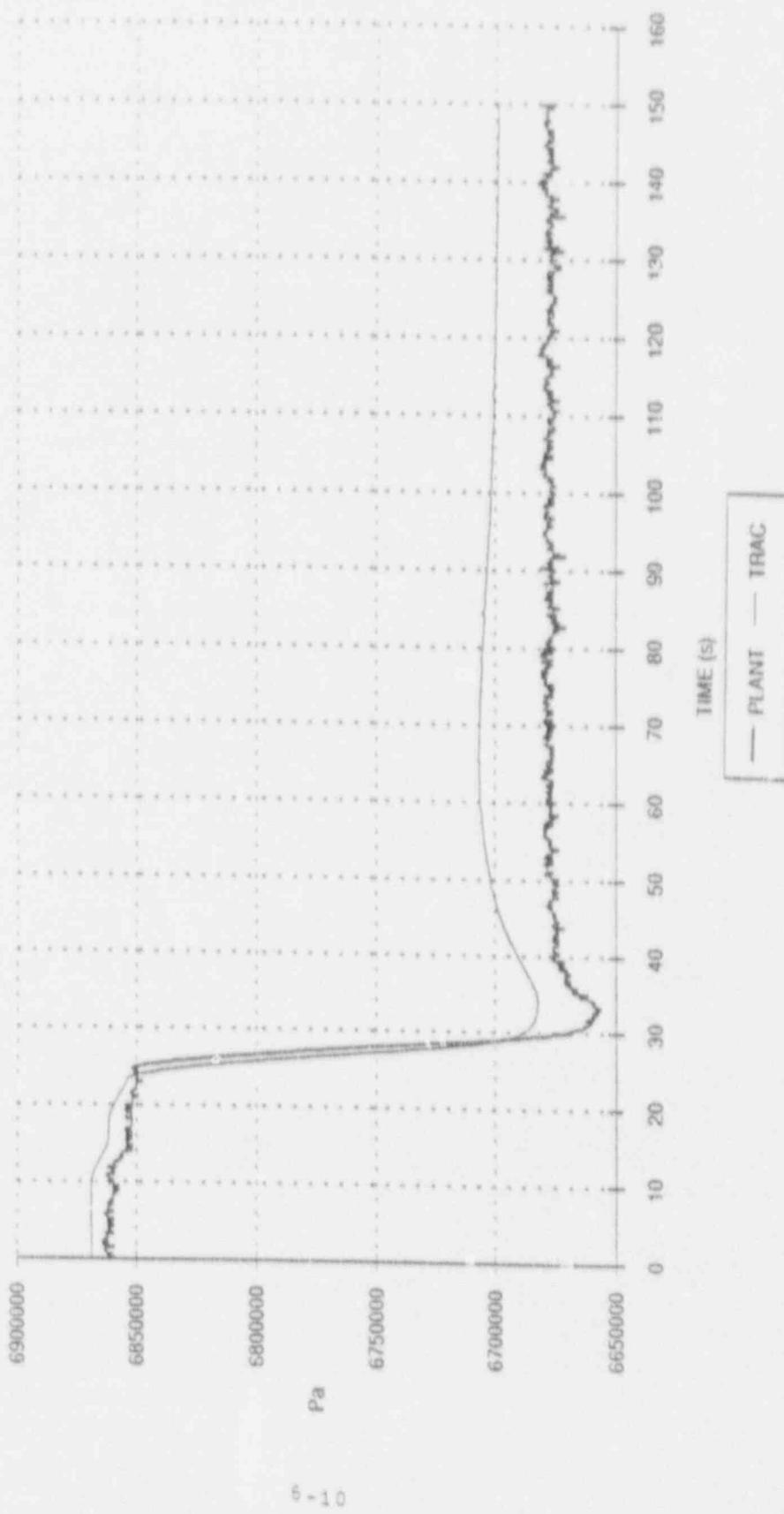


FIGURE 6-7.- DOME PRESSURE



7.- RUN STATISTICS.-

All TRAC runs were made on a CONVEX-C120 vectorial computer owned by UITESA.

Figure 7.1 is a plot of CPU time versus transient time (RT) and Figure 7.2 plots time step size (DT) versus transient time.

Required calculation of "grind time" for this transient, with a total number of 128 cells, for the 23 components of the model, is as follows:

CPU (total execution time)	= 11401 s.
C (total number of volumes)	= 128
DT (total number of time steps)	= 5008
RT (transient time)	= 150

$$(\text{CPU} \times 10^3) / (C \times DT) = 17.79$$

FIGURE 7.1 - CPU TIME vs. TRANSIENT TIME

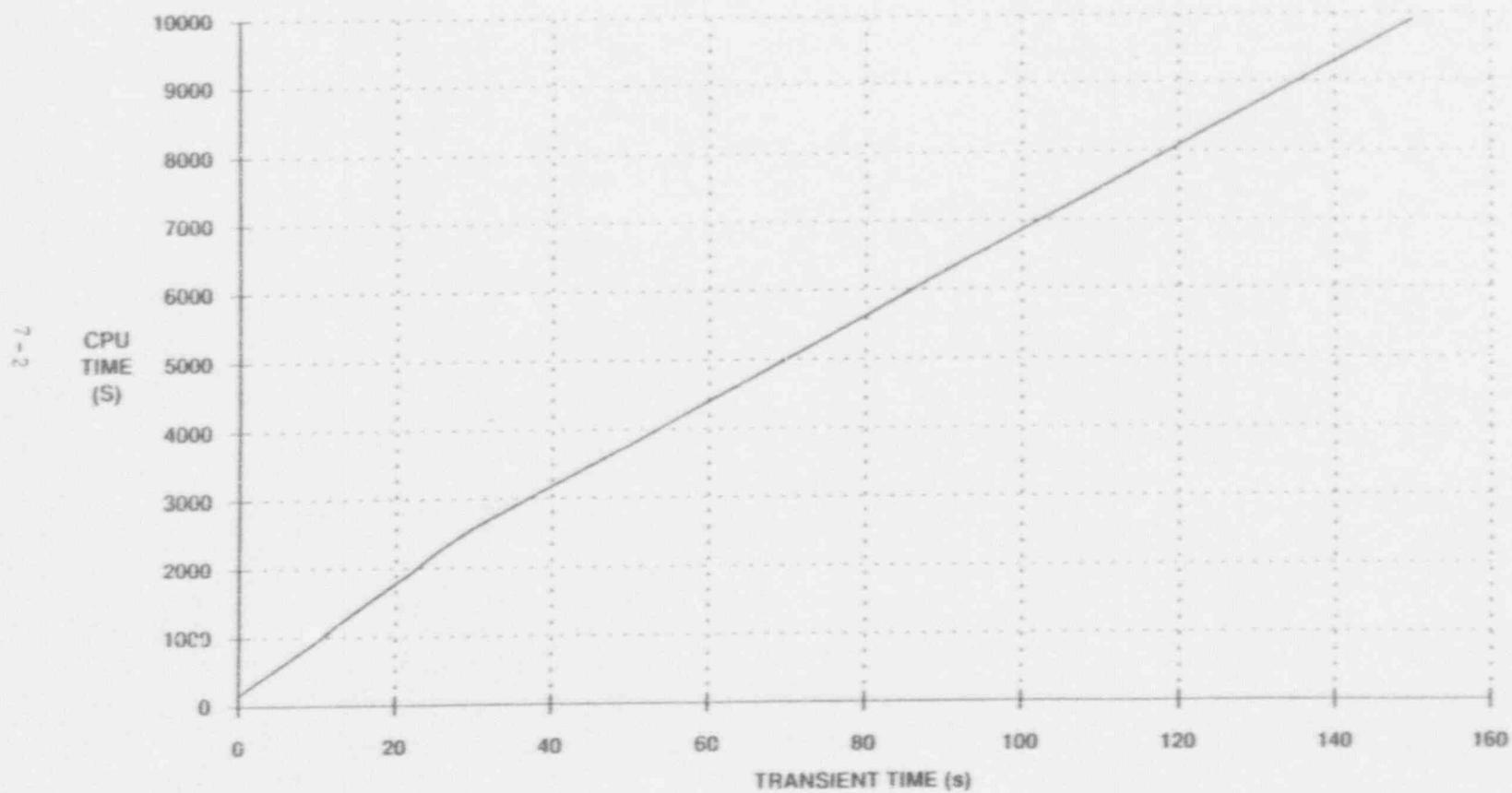
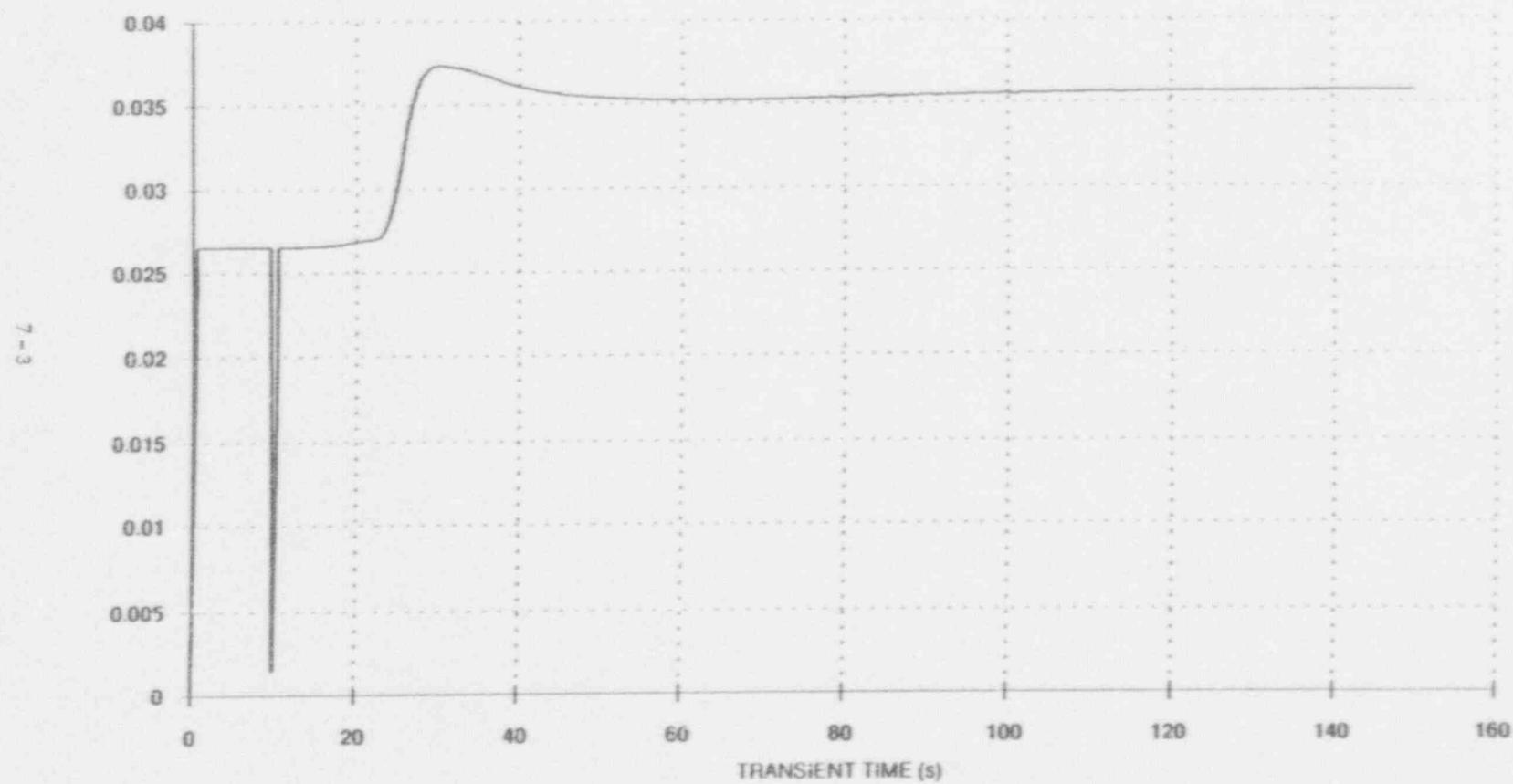


FIGURE 7.2.- TIME STEP SIZE vs. TRANSIENT TIME



8.- CONCLUSIONS.

A model of C.N. Cofrentes for TRAC-BF1 has been developed and proved to be adequate for operational transient analysis.

The start-up test of "Trip of One Feedwater Pump" has been reproduced with this model and results have been compared with plant measured data.

A good agreement between calculated results and measured test data has been achieved. Point kinetics option is fairly adequate for this type of operational transients.

Control systems models closely simulate the response of plant controllers. Further improvements/adjustments of feedwater controls could better approximate behaviour of feedwater flow.

Attempts to use the mechanistic model for the separators, have led to non satisfactory results.

The EXTRACT feature of TRAC should be improved with the capability to update variable status of control blocks.

APPENDIX I

TRAC Major Edit for the Reference Steady State

at Nominal conditions: 100% core power/ 100% ure flow

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TRAC-BF1/ ( b ) 01709/87 DEVELOPED AT INTEL BY THE THERMAL HYDRAULICS CODE DEVELOPMENT BRANCH  
EXECUTED ON : 8-NOV-89  
FOR EXPANSION OF TURBOROMBA DE ALIMENTACION

```
*-----  
* TRAC MAJOR EDIT          B  *  
* AT TIME STEP = 201 *  
*-----
```

```

TIME = 6.49375E+01 SEC., DUE TO AVERAGE TIME STEP COURANT LIMITED BY COMPONENT 62, FACE 0, TO 2.618E-02 SEC
TIME STEP SELECTION MODE = 4
TIME STEP LIMITED BY COURANT CONDITION
TIME STEP LIMITED BY COURANT CONDITION OVER THE LAST 1E TIME STEPS WAS 3.0E-01
AVERAGE OUTER ITERATION COUNT OVER THE LAST 1E TIME STEPS WAS THE LAST 10 CONVERGENCE STEPS 3.0E-01
TOTAL NUMBER OF TIMES THAT EACH COMPONENT WAS THE LAST TO CONVERGE SINCE THE LAST EDIT =
TRAC COMP SEQUENCE NUMBER 1 - 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
TRAC COMP SEQUENCE NUMBER 11 - 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
TRAC COMP SEQUENCE NUMBER 21 - 23 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
THE LAST MINIMUM NUMBER OF OUTER ITERATIONS WAS 1 AT STEP 280, LIMITED BY COMPONENT 80, WITH DELTA-APP = 4.59E-04
THE LAST MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OUTER ITERATIONS WAS 1 AT STEP 280, LIMITED BY COMPONENT 80, WITH DELTA-APP = 4.59E-04

```



... 444 - FILE NUMBER 10

NSTEP: 281 TIME: 6.49375 PREC: 2.6170E-02 \*\*\*\*

-\*\*\*- PUMP 111+BOMBA DE RECIRCULACION  
 0 JUN1 = 10 JUN2 = 11  
 TRIP OMEGA RHO VOL. FLOW

NSTEPS = 281 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-03 \*\*\*\*\*

	CELL 1	FLOW RATE IN *	1.550E+03	KG/S	MASS FLUX IN =	9.413E+03	KG/M <sup>2</sup> /S		
	CELL 4	FLOW RATE OUT *	1.550E+03	KG/S	MASS FLUX OUT =	9.413E+03	KG/M <sup>2</sup> /S		
CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	VAP DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )
1	7.177E+06	0.000000	12.42	13.43	560.709	551.038	560.709	758.1	37.55
2	7.198E+06	0.000000	12.42	13.11	560.910	551.045	560.910	758.1	37.68
3	7.218E+06	0.000000	12.42	13.12	561.096	551.052	561.096	758.1	37.79
4	9.063E+06	0.000000	12.42	12.42	577.024	551.868	577.024	759.6	43.18
5			12.39	13.14					

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE)

#### INTERBALL ADAPTATION

CELL	LIQ HTC* $\Delta$	VAPOR HTC* $\Delta$	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT.E/(+LIQ DR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFF	SLIP	REYGAS	REYLU
	(W/K)	(W/K)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/M3-S)			
1	0.7543E-07	0.3771E-07	0.	-0.4880E-12	-0.7506E-16	-0.034	24.9	1.08	0.161E-07	0.439E
2	0.1614E-07	0.8071E-08	0.	-0.1066E-12	-0.2860E-17	-0.035	4.93	1.06	0.598E-09	0.439E
3	0.5749E-09	0.2884E-09	0.	-0.3884E-14	-0.2002E-18	-0.036	4.23	1.06	0.402E-10	0.439E
4	0.1597E-10	0.7983E-11	0.	-0.2941E-15	-0.1617E-19	-0.101	0.	1.00	0.150E-11	0.440E
5							4.51	1.06		

B TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 2.5702E+03 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 3.1248E+09 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 7.9339E-10 LOST MASS= 2.0392E-08 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = 1.0123E-03

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..... VALVE 12\*\* VALVULA CONTROL RECIRCULACION  
0 JUN1 = 11 JUN2 = 12

NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*\*\*

	CELL 1	FLOW RATE IN =	1.550E+03 KG/S		MASS FLUX IN =	9.413E+03 KG/M2-S			
	CELL 4	FLOW RATE OUT =	1.550E+03 KG/S		MASS FLUX OUT =	6.244E+03 KG/M2-S			
	PRESSURE	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL	VAP VEL	T SAT	T LIQ	T VAP	LIQ DEN	VAP DEN
CELL	(PA)		(M/S)	(M/S)	(K)	(K)	(K)	(KG/M3)	(KG/M3)
1	9.061E+06	0.000000	12.39	13.14	577.003	551.665	577.003	759.6	49.16
2	8.700E+06	0.000000	28.95	29.88	574.106	551.545	574.106	759.3	46.85
3	8.643E+06	0.000000	12.40	13.28	573.635	551.526	573.635	759.2	46.49
4	8.495E+06	0.000000	12.49	13.27	572.443	551.477	572.443	759.1	45.58

5

B.L.T.

8.827

E 5.784E+05 D D D

0

## INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH,-=CONDENSE)

## INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC* (W/K)	VAPOR HTC* (W/K)	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOT.E/(+LIQ DR-VAP.E) (J/J)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI (KG/M <sup>2</sup> .S)	SLEP	REYGAS	REYLEQ
1	0.7443E-12	0.3722E-12	0.	-0.1370E-16	-0.1314E-20	-0.101	0.	1.06	0.867E-13	0.524E
2	0.9942E-13	0.4971E-13	0.	-0.1603E-17	-0.6723E-22	-0.088	4.60	1.03	0.	0.524E
3	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	-0.086	4.72	1.07	0.963E-16	0.440E
4	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	-0.081	4.13	1.07	0.179E-17	0.254E
5							7.68	1.07		

VALVE AREA = 7.050927E-02 PERCENT OPEN = 42.81073

VALVE HYDRAULIC DIAMETER = 1.961E-01

0 TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 4.2789E+03 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 5.2024E+09 J  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 3.6571E-10 LOST MASS= 1.5649E-08 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = 1.2016E-03

0XXXXXXXXX EDIT= BXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

---- TEE 15++BOMBA DE CHORRO  
 0 JUN1 = 15 JUN2 = 16 JUN3 = 12  
 0 \* THIS TEE IS A JET PUMP \*

NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61789E-02 \*\*\*\*\*

EFFECTIVE VALUES			APPLICABLE VALUES		
M RATIO	N RATIO	ETA	M RATIO	N RATIO	ETA
2.4327E+00	1.1316E-01	2.7534E-01	2.4327E+00	1.2441E-01	3.0265E-01

## PRIMARY TUBE

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	VAP DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	DELTA-P TOT	ECHOKE	ICCP
1	6.756E+06	0.000000	33.07	34.28	556.616	550.903	556.616	757.7	25.10	0.4612E+06	0.0	0.1
2	7.325E+06	0.000000	38.50	39.26	562.102	551.090	562.102	758.2	28.42	-0.5591E+06	0.0	0.0
3	7.358E+06	0.000000	7.657	8.104	562.405	551.100	562.405	758.2	28.62	-0.3248E+05	0.0	0.0
4			7.656	8.114						-0.1588E+05	0.0	0.0

## 0 INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH,-=CONDENSE)

## INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC* (W/K)	VAPOR HTC* (W/K)	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOT.E/(+LIQ DR-VAP.E) (J/J)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI (KG/M <sup>2</sup> .S)	SLEP	REYGAS	REYLEQ
1	0.1464E-02	0.7318E-08	0.	-0.5495E-13	-0.7257E-17	-0.020	40.4	1.04	0.195E-08	0.401E
2	0.6713E-08	0.3356E-08	0.	-0.1977E-13	-0.1811E-17	-0.040	113.	1.02	0.297E-09	0.440E
3	0.8788E-09	0.4394E-09	0.	-0.6599E-14	-0.2602E-18	-0.041	15.3	1.06	0.203E-10	0.202E
4							12.1	1.06		

## SIDE TUBE

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	VAP DEN (KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	DELTA-P TOT	ECHOKE	ICCP
1	8.425E+06	0.000000	-63.82	-64.87	571.830	551.453	571.830	759.1	45.12	-0.1669E+07	0.0	0.0
2	8.442E+06	0.000000	-8.226	-8.742	571.967	551.458	571.967	759.1	45.22	-0.1645E+05	0.0	0.0



INTERFACIAL PLATE TRANSFER (CONTINUED)

INTRODUCTION

TABLE III  
PERCENT OPEN = 42.0 ± 0.73

ALL USE SUBJECT TO SITE LICENSE AGREEMENT & 1.061E+01

TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 5.2024e+09 J  
TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 4.2789e+03 KG.  
TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS FROM THERMOCOUPLES = 4.2789e+03 KG.

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THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO PLEA

EFFLUENT RATIO =  $\frac{Q_{eff}}{Q_{in}}$  =  $\frac{0.0001}{0.0002}$  = 0.5

2 -4327E+00 1 -1319E-03 2 -7634E-03 2 -4327E+00 1 -2441E-03 3 -0265E-01

WILSON 1907

LIQ VEL	VAP VEL	T SAT	T LIQ	T VAP	LIQ DEN	VAP DE
(M/S)	(M/S)	(K)	(K)	(K)	(KG/M <sup>3</sup> )	(KG/M <sup>3</sup> )
0.00000	33.07	34.28	556.616	550.903	556.036	757.7
0.00000	38.50	39.26	562.102	551.080	562.102	758.7
						36.4

60000 7.656 7.657 8.104 8.114 362.403 331.1

10

Liq HtCsA	Vapor HtCsA	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE (kg/s)	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE (kg/s)	TOT E(+LIQ OR-VAP.E)	Thermodynamic Quality	SHEAR COEFF.	REYNOLDS NUMBER
(w/e)	(w/e)						
0.1464E-07	0.7318E-08	0.	-0.5495E-13	-0.7252E-17	-0.020	1.04	0.195E-08
0.6713E-08	0.3356E-08	0.	-0.4977E-13	-0.6817E-17	-0.040	1.07	0.297E-09
0.8788E-09	0.4394E-09	0.	-0.6639E-14	-0.2602E-18	-0.041	1.01	0.408E-10

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSED)

ACID-FRCTION

TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 2.1016E+03 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 2.5551E+09 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 2.6157E-09 LOST MASS= 5.4971E-08 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -2.8932E-04

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-+--+ CHAN 60++ SCB CANALES PERIFERICOS NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*  
6 MAXIMUM SURFACE TEMPERATURE = 5.67303E+02, WHICH IS IN ROD GROUP 1, CELL 6  
0 JUN1 = 60 JUN2 = 63

CELL 1 FLOW RATE IN = 1.158E+03 KG/S MASS FLUX IN = 6.400E+03 KG/M2-S  
 CELL 11 FLOW RATE OUT = 1.099E+03 KG/S MASS FLUX OUT = 1.286E+03 KG/M2-S

CELL 2 LEAK FLOW RATE = 1.935E+01 KG/S LEAK MASS FLUX = 2.748E+03 KG/M2-S

PRESSURE VAPCR FRAC LIO VEL VAP VEL T SAT T LIQ T VAP LIO DEN TAP DEN

CELL	(PA)	(MPa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)
1	7.253E+06	0.000000	8.440	8.883	561.428	551.066	561.428	758.1	38.00	0.9907E+05	0.0	0.0	-0.2	
2	7.251E+06	0.000000	1.447	1.604	561.409	551.083	561.409	758.1	37.99	2095.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	7.247E+06	0.000000	1.373	1.490	561.372	552.863	561.372	754.6	37.96	3933.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4	7.242E+06	0.000000	1.379	1.498	561.323	555.449	561.323	749.1	37.93	5189.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5	7.237E+06	0.037132	1.369	1.900	561.274	558.323	561.274	743.0	37.90	5186.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
6	7.232E+06	0.129163	1.452	1.198	561.227	559.883	561.226	739.5	37.87	4963.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
7	7.227E+06	0.239952	1.601	1.917	561.181	560.681	561.179	737.8	37.85	4870.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
8	7.222E+06	0.330522	1.817	2.371	561.136	561.000	561.134	737.1	37.82	4773.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
9	7.218E+06	0.397737	2.039	2.728	561.092	561.098	561.099	736.9	37.79	4691.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
10	7.213E+06	0.429324	2.242	3.033	561.052	561.100	561.048	736.9	37.77	4180.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
11	7.210E+06	0.440340	2.357	3.054	561.020	561.029	561.018	737.0	37.75	3426.	0.0	0.0	0.0	
12			2.970	3.690						4982.	0.0	0.0	0.1	

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE) 0

INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC* (W/K)	VAPOR HTC* (W/K)	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOT. E/(L LIQ OR-VAP. E) (J/J)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY <sub>x</sub> (J/J)	SHEAR COEFF <sub>f</sub> (KG/M <sup>3</sup> -S)	SLIP	REVGAS	REYFLD
1	0.1664E+07	0.8321E-08	0.	-0.3158E-12	-0.2519E-16	-0.037	9.67	1.05	0.133E-09	0.111E
2	0.3052E-08	0.1526E-08	0.	-0.2115E-13	-0.5920E-17	-0.037	26.5	1.11	0.418E-11	0.143E
3	0.9302E-09	0.4651E-09	0.	-0.5349E-14	-0.4444E-18	-0.031	79.6	1.09	0.371E-12	0.140E
4	0.1126E-09	0.5631E-10	0.	-0.4438E-15	-0.3451E-19	-0.021	79.5	1.09	0.485E-13	0.141E
5	0.8365E+06	0.1927E+06	3.437	1.781	0.3540E-01	-0.009	317.	1.37	0.149E+04	0.140E
6	0.1608E+07	0.2880E+06	9.572	8.122	0.4846E-01	0.003	0.124E+04	0.825	0.521E+04	0.136E
7	0.4526E+07	0.8365E+06	14.38	12.84	0.3802E-01	0.018	0.256E+04	1.20	0.133E+05	0.133E
8	0.8976E+07	0.1766E+07	14.09	13.27	0.3090E-01	0.032	0.337E+04	1.31	0.218E+05	0.132E
9	0.1393E+08	0.2852E+07	12.09	12.14	0.2261E-01	0.044	0.352E+04	1.34	0.296E+05	0.132E
10	0.9695E+07	0.1916E+07	3.840	4.144	0.1426E-01	0.049	0.329E+04	1.35	0.338E+05	0.134E
11	0.1604E+08	0.3380E+07	0.	0.8966E-01	0.1891E-03	0.049	0.573E+04	1.30	0.383E+03	0.153E
12							0.407E+04	1.24		

6 CONVECTIVE CELL AVERAGE QUANTITIES FOR INNER CLEAN WALL USED FOR WALL ENERGY TRANSFER TO CHAN FLUID (A REFL. HTL IS 100; SEE MAND)  
 TSURF H-LIQ(CONV) H-VAP(CONV) QTOT(CONV) H-LIQ(RAD) H-VAP(RAD) QTOT(CONV+RAD) QTOT/FLUID ENER  
 CELL (K) (W/M\*\*2-K) (W/M\*\*2-K) (W) (W/M\*\*2-K) (W/M\*\*2-K) (W) (W) (J/J)

1	551.278	0.2095E+05	0.	0.3934E+05	0.	0.	0.3934E+05	0.5747E-05
2	551.904	0.1292E+05	0.	0.1058E+06	0.	0.	0.1053E+06	0.1587E-04
3	553.178	0.1287E+05	0.	0.1286E+06	0.	0.	0.1286E+06	0.7171E-05
4	555.033	0.1274E+05	0.	-0.1504E+06	0.	0.	-0.1504E+06	-0.7847E-05
5	557.031	0.1251E+05	0.	-0.4588E+06	0.	0.	-0.4588E+06	-0.2466E-04
6	558.403	0.1219E+05	0.	-0.5121E+06	0.	0.	-0.5121E+06	-0.3802E-04
7	559.294	0.1200E+05	0.	-0.4919E+06	0.	0.	-0.4919E+06	-0.3117E-04
8	559.951	0.1393E+05	0.	-0.3978E+06	0.	0.	-0.3978E+06	-0.3050E-04
9	560.246	0.1559E+05	0.	-0.3771E+06	0.	0.	-0.3771E+06	-0.3032E-04
10	560.288	0.1652E+05	0.	-0.1912E+06	0.	0.	-0.1912E+06	-0.3204E-04
11	560.319	0.1818E+05	0.	-0.2573E+06	0.	0.	-0.2573E+06	-0.2754E-04

0 WALL COARSE MESH CONDUCTION INFORMATION (MODES USE ABOVE CELL FLUID PROPERTIES EXCEPT LAST ONE; HT-COEFF. ARE AVERAGE  
 {..... INSIDE WALL CONDUCTION DATA.....} {..... OUTSIDE WALL CONDUCTION DATA.....}

MESH	MESH	H-LIQ	H-VAP	MESH	H-LIQ	H-VAP	WALL RADIAL NODE TEMPERATURES (K)
#	HT-MODE	(W/M2-K)	(W/M2-K)	#	HT-MODE	(W/M2-K)	(W/M2-K)
1	1.20	0.429E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	551.175 552.068
2	1.20	0.134E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	551.381 552.164
3	1.20	0.128E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	552.426 552.651
4	1.20	0.128E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	553.930 553.353
5	1.20	0.127E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	556.137 554.383
6	1.20	0.124E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	557.925 555.220
7	1.20	0.121E+05	0.	1.20	0.598E+04	0.	558.881 555.667
8	1.20	0.132E+05	0.	1.20	0.731E+04	0.	559.707 556.573
9	1.20	0.149E+05	0.	1.20	0.876E+04	0.	560.196 557.769
10	1.20	0.1F3E+05	0.	1.20	0.876E+04	0.	560.295 557.807
11	1.20	0.167E+05	0.	1.20	0.876E+04	0.	560.280 557.801
12	1.20	0.198E+05	0.	1.20	0.876E+04	0.	560.358 557.830

#### ROD HEAT TRANSFER FOR GROUP NUM= 1

CONVECTIVE CELL AVERAGE QUANTITIES USED FOR ROD ENERGY TRANSFER TO CHAN FLUID

CELL	TSUR-LIQ (K)	TSUR-VAP (K)	H-LIQ(CONV) (W/M**2-K)	H-VAP(CONV) (W/M**2-K)	QT01(CONV) (W)	H-LIQ(RAD) (W/M**2-K)	H-VAP(RAD) (W/M**2-K)	QTOT(CONV+RAD) (W)	QTOT/FLUID ENER (J/J)
1	558.754	558.750	0.128E+05	0.100E-09	0.763E+05	0.	0.	0.763E+05	0.425E-05
2	563.092	562.904	0.149E+05	0.100E-09	0.114E+06	0.	0.	0.114E+06	0.594E-05
3	565.684	565.654	0.199E+05	0.100E-09	0.147E+06	0.	0.	0.147E+06	0.789E-05
4	566.634	566.629	0.238E+05	0.100E-09	0.161E+06	0.	0.	0.161E+06	0.943E-05
5	567.114	567.112	0.267E+05	0.100E-09	0.172E+06	0.	0.	0.172E+06	0.109E-04
6	567.198	567.198	0.273E+05	0.100E-09	0.169E+06	0.	0.	0.169E+06	0.130E-04
7	566.509	566.500	0.258E+05	0.100E-09	0.140E+06	0.	0.	0.140E+06	0.112E-04
8	565.124	565.100	0.232E+05	0.100E-09	0.935E+05	0.	0.	0.935E+05	0.157E-04

0 ROD COARSE MESH CONDUCTION INFORMATION (MODE, TRIP AND TCHF USED ABOVE MESH FLUID PROPERTIES FOR ALL BUT TOP MESH)

MESH	MESH	CHF	H-LIQ	H-VAP	TCHF:TMIN	RADIAL NODE TEMPERATURES (K)
#	HT-MODE	TRIP	(W/M2-K)	(W/M2-K)	(K)	<CENTER
1	1.20	0	0.128E+05	0.	0.600	597.646 592.068 586.497 580.917 575.324 569.684 559.332 557.942 556.649
2	2.42	0	0.132E+05	0.	595.375	635.565 625.178 614.861 604.583 594.340 584.669 565.615 563.147 560.851
3	2.42	0	0.177E+05	0.	600.070	688.213 670.528 653.212 636.033 619.042 602.136 572.561 568.625 564.957
4	2.42	0	0.221E+05	0.	599.932	707.432 687.060 667.029 647.277 627.795 608.464 574.955 570.582 566.352
5	2.42	0	0.254E+05	0.	599.297	716.125 694.484 673.231 652.299 631.678 611.241 575.961 571.275 566.907
6	2.42	0	0.271E+05	0.	601.315	724.335 701.470 679.040 656.975 635.262 613.769 576.801 571.894 567.318
7	2.42	0	0.267E+05	0.	602.839	702.678 689.065 658.802 648.825 629.125 609.582 575.757 571.275 567.077

8	2.42	0	0.249E+05	0	604.064	676.340	311.512	640.933	626.435	612.056	597.705	572.421	569.057
					565.922								
9	2.42	0	0.226E+05	0.	604.566	325.053	616.659	603.303	599.960	591.625	583.248	568.163	566.150
					564.237								

D TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 2.9242E+03 KG TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 3.7043E+09 J  
 PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 6.1873E-06 ABS T MASS = 1.8083E-04 KG PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -2.6391E-03

\*\*\*\*\* EDIT= B \*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* CHAN 61++ 436 CANALES INTERMEDIOS NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELTA= 2.6178E-02 \*\*\*\*  
 D MAXIMUM SURFACE TEMPERATURE = 5.772382E-02, WHICH IS IN ROD GROUP 1, CELL 5  
 D JUN1 = 61 JUN2 = 64

CELL	1	FLOW RATE IN = 7.712E+03 KG/S	MASS FLUX IN = 5.912E+03 KG/M2-S								
CELL	11	FLOW RATE OUT = 7.118E+03 KG/S	MASS FLUX OUT = 2.064E+03 KG/M2-S								
CELL	2	LEAK FLOW RATE= 5.940E+02 KG/S	LEAK MASS FLUX= 6.812E+03 KG/M2-S								
CELL	1	PRESSURE VAPOR FRAC LIQ VEL VAP VEL T SAT T LIQ T VAP LIQ DEN VAP DEN DELTA-P TOT ICHOKE ECF	(PA) (M/S) (M/S) (K) (K) (K) (KG/M3) (KG/M3) (PA)								
1	7.319E+06	0.000000	7.797	0.272	562.047	551.085	562.047	758.2	38.39	0.3411E+05	0 0 0
2	7.316E+06	0.000000	2.386	2.613	562.014	551.131	562.014	756.1	36.37	3476	0 0 0
3	7.310E+06	0.000000	2.202	2.345	561.958	555.102	561.958	749.9	38.33	6014	0 0 0
4	7.303E+06	0.153312	2.226	2.166	561.895	558.735	561.895	742.2	38.29	6693	0 0 0
5	7.296E+06	0.358398	2.629	3.102	561.830	561.016	561.828	737.2	38.25	7012	0 0 0
6	7.288E+06	0.525501	3.407	4.214	561.755	561.595	561.753	719	38.21	7961	0 0 0
7	7.278E+06	0.632180	4.458	5.605	561.664	561.791	561.660	715	38.15	9710	0 0 0
8	7.267E+06	0.692971	5.523	7.275	561.554	561.931	561.547	735.1	38.08	0.1170E+05	0 0 0
9	7.254E+06	0.731772	6.367	8.803	561.432	561.892	561.421	735.2	38.01	0.1292E+05	0 0 0
10	7.240E+06	0.763037	7.034	10.15	561.307	561.764	561.281	735.5	37.93	0.1328E+05	0 0 0
11	7.228E+06	0.769752	7.858	10.36	561.186	561.331	561.164	736.4	37.85	0.1289E+05	0 0 0
12			9.972	12.81						0.2292E+05	0 0 0

0 INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH,-=CONDENSE) INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC <sup>a</sup> VAPOR HTC <sup>a</sup> WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE TOT.E(+LIQ OR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI	SLIP	REVGAS	REVLEO				
	(W/R) (W/K) (KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)	(KG/M3-S)						
1	0.2343E-06	0.1172E-06	0.	-0.1229E-11	-0.9295E-16	-0.039	9.14	1.06	0.605E-09	0.147E
2	0.5949E-07	0.2974E-07	0.	-0.4365E-12	-0.3017E-16	-0.039	22.3	1.10	0.315E-10	0.232E
3	0.3200E-07	0.1600E-07	0.	-0.1476E-12	-0.3020E-17	-0.025	80.4	1.07	0.558E-11	0.225E
4	0.9147E+07	0.1634E+07	57.36	77.92	0.9144E-01	0.001	641	1.42	0.126E+05	0.210E
5	0.7041E+08	0.1476E+08	207.0	168.4	0.8495E-01	0.031	0.377E+04	1.18	0.342E+05	0.198E
6	0.1089E+09	0.4192E+08	245.3	233.5	0.8044E-01	0.066	0.362E+04	1.24	0.673E+05	0.191E
7	0.1478E+09	0.5287E+08	255.7	268.2	0.7389E-01	0.104	0.228E+04	1.26	0.106E+06	0.188E
8	0.3448E+09	0.4461E+08	155.1	242.1	0.6621E-01	0.138	0.157E+04	1.32	0.145E+06	0.187E
9	0.4249E+09	0.4299E+08	82.24	213.0	0.5305E-01	0.168	0.136E+04	1.38	0.180E+06	0.184E
10	0.1947E+09	0.2017E+08	15.36	74.62	0.3559E-01	0.188	0.114E+04	1.44	0.203E+06	0.181E
11	0.9361E+08	0.3130E+08	0.1889E-01	8.678	0.2585E-02	0.183	0.178E+07	1.32	0.231E+06	0.210E
12							0.504E+07	1.28		

0 CONVECTIVE CELL AVERAGE QUANTITIES FOR INNER CHAN WALL USED FOR WALL ENERGY TRANSFER TO CHAN FLUID (A NEG. HTC IS OK; SEE MANU TSURF H-LIQ(CONV) H-VAP(CONV) QTOT(CONV) H-LIQ(RAD) H-VAP(RAD) QTOT(CONV+RAD) QTOT/FLUID ENERGY

CELL	(K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W)	(J/J)
1	551.203	0.2594E-05	0.	0.1097E+06	0.	0.	0.1097E+06	0.3968E-05
2	552.567	0.1877E+05	0.	0.1101E+07	0.	0.	0.1101E+07	0.5123E-04
3	555.169	0.2025E+05	0.	0.1468E+06	0.	0.	0.1468E+06	0.2021E-05
4	557.754	0.1584E+05	0.	-0.1708E+07	0.	0.	-0.1708E+07	-0.2547E-04
5	559.880	0.1789E+05	0.	-0.2329E+07	0.	0.	-0.2329E+07	-0.4395E-04
6	560.864	0.2384E+05	0.	-0.1996E+07	0.	0.	-0.1996E+07	-0.4827E-04
7	561.340	0.2885E+05	0.	-0.1553E+07	0.	0.	-0.1553E+07	-0.4399E-04

MESH		H-LIQ		H-VAP		H-LIQ		H-VAP		WALL CONDUCTION DATA		OUTSIDE WALL CONDUCTION DATA		WALL FLUID PROPERTIES EXCEPT LAST ONE: HI-COFF ARE AVERAGE			
#	MESH	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)	H1-MODE	(W/M2-K)		
8	561.667	0.3448E+05	0.	-0.9975E+06	0.	0.	0.9975E+06	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
9	561.744	0.3983E+05	0.	-0.6738E+06	0.	0.	-0.6738E+06	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
10	561.667	0.4260E+05	0.	-0.4825E+06	0.	0.	-0.4825E+06	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
11	561.334	-0.6166E+05	0.	-0.1500E+05	0.	0.	-0.1500E+05	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.		
0	WALL COARSE MESH CONDUCTION INFORMATION		IMODE USE ABOVE CELL FLUID PROPERTIES EXCEPT LAST ONE: HI-COFF ARE AVERAGE		WALL RADIAL NODE TEMPERATURES (K)		<INSIDE>		<INSIDE>		<INSIDE>		<INSIDE>		<INSIDE>		
1	1.20	0.377E+05	0.	1.20	0.-300E+04	0.	1.20	0.-300E+04	0.	1.20	0.-300E+04	0.	1.20	0.-300E+04	0.	1.20	0.-300E+04
2	1.20	0.200E+05	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04
3	1.20	0.187E+05	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04
4	1.20	0.175E+05	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04
5	1.20	0.179E+05	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04	0.	1.20	0.300E+04
6	0.20	0.217E+05	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04
7	0.20	0.224E+05	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04	0.	0.20	0.300E+04
8	1.20	0.331E+05	0.	1.20	0.553E+04	0.	1.20	0.553E+04	0.	1.20	0.553E+04	0.	1.20	0.553E+04	0.	1.20	0.553E+04
9	1.20	0.377E+05	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04
10	1.20	0.414E+05	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04
11	2.42	0.425E+05	0.	2.42	0.828E+04	0.	2.42	0.828E+04	0.	2.42	0.828E+04	0.	2.42	0.828E+04	0.	2.42	0.828E+04
12	1.20	0.507E+05	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04	0.	1.20	0.828E+04

ROD HEAT TRANSFER FOR GROUP NUM = 1  
CONVECTIVE CELL AVERAGE QUANTITIES USED FOR ROD ENERGY TRANSFER TO CHAN FLUID

TSUR-LIQ		TSUR-VAP		H-LIQ(ICONV)		H-VAP(ICONV)		QTOT(ICONV)		H-LIQ(RAD)		H-VAP(RAD)		QTOT(ICONV+RAD)		QTOT(FLUID ENERGY)	
CELL	(K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W)	(W)	(W/M**2-K)	(W/M**2-K)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)	(W)
1	561.200	5.67E+000	0.239E+005	0.100E+009	0.289E+006	0.0	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	572.414	5.72E+021	0.341E+005	0.100E+009	0.467E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
3	575.780	5.75E+070	0.419E+005	0.100E+009	0.619E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
4	577.056	5.77E+002	0.438E+005	0.100E+009	0.675E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
5	577.217	5.77E+018	0.461E+005	0.100E+009	0.712E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
6	576.381	5.76E+002	0.481E+005	0.100E+009	0.695E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
7	573.793	5.73E+024	0.484E+005	0.100E+009	0.576E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	570.932	5.70E+030	0.474E+005	0.100E+009	0.392E+006	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0	ROD COARSE MESH CONDUCTION INFORMATION		TRIP AND TCHF USED ABOVE MESH FLUID PROPERTIES FOR ALL BUT 30P MESH		RADIAL NODE TEMPERATURES (K)		<CENTER>		<CENTER>		<CENTER>		<CENTER>		<CENTER>		
1	2.02	0.221E+005	0.	600.490	747.680	720.653	693.241	668.359	642.991	617.979	575.266	549.566	525.099	505.099	485.099	465.099	445.099
2	2.42	0.289E+005	0.	601.713	924.438	668.061	814.153	762.485	712.976	665.275	589.134	579.099	569.099	559.099	549.099	539.099	529.099
3	2.42	0.391E+005	0.	602.332	1209.050	1098.562	995.730	899.956	810.893	727.706	605.682	589.756	579.756	569.756	559.756	549.756	539.756
4	2.42	0.425E+005	0.	605.048	1323.297	1189.466	1065.902	951.878	846.911	749.916	611.663	593.682	573.682	553.682	533.682	513.682	493.682
5	2.42	0.445E+005	0.	605.923	1376.454	1231.451	1097.989	975.321	862.898	759.510	613.945	595.039	575.039	555.039	535.039	515.039	495.039
6	2.42	0.473E+005	0.	605.165	1427.599	1271.633	1128.470	997.362	877.707	768.165	615.632	595.844	575.844	555.844	535.844	515.844	495.844
7	2.42	0.484E+005	0.	603.728	1330.773	1195.135	1069.977	954.571	848.420	750.417	610.858	592.696	572.696	552.696	532.696	512.696	492.696
8	2.42	0.487E+005	0.	601.909	1091.643	1004.148	921.912	844.496	721.682	702.860	598.543	584.870	574.870	564.870	554.870	544.870	534.870
9	2.42	0.473E+005	0.	602.892	848.425	805.195	763.485	723.148	684.130	646.176	583.936	573.707	563.707	553.707	543.707	533.707	523.707

0 TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 8.1061E+03 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 1.061BE+10 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 2.5254E-05. LOST MASS = 2.0471E-03 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THURTUR OVER = -7.6417E-04

DATA EDIT:

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (\* = FLASH - CONDENSE)

TOE - E / ( + 200 )

TRANSFER RATE TRANSFER RATE OR-VAP-E

$\ln K$	$\ln K_{\text{ref}}$	$\ln K_{\text{ref}} - \ln K$	$\ln K_{\text{ref}} - \ln K$
0.46875	-0.7	0.733298	-0.7
0.46875	-0.7	0.733298	-0.7
0.46875	-0.7	0.733298	-0.7
0.46875	-0.7	0.733298	-0.7

0 -1.975E-07 0 -5.875E-08 0 -

$\sigma = 0.92518 \times 10^{-4}$

0.1470E+08 0.3112E+07 39.46 32.24

0.33056 + 0.0 - 0.95966 + 0.7 - 4.6 - 3.6 - 5.0 - 2.0 0.74308 - 0.1

0	-3.673E-01
1	-1.472E-01
2	-4.150E-01
3	-1.070E+00
4	-1.740E+00
5	-2.410E+00
6	-3.080E+00
7	-3.750E+00
8	-4.420E+00
9	-5.090E+00
10	-5.760E+00
11	-6.430E+00
12	-7.100E+00
13	-7.770E+00
14	-8.440E+00
15	-9.110E+00
16	-9.780E+00
17	-1.045E+01
18	-1.112E+01
19	-1.179E+01
20	-1.246E+01
21	-1.313E+01
22	-1.380E+01
23	-1.447E+01
24	-1.514E+01
25	-1.581E+01
26	-1.648E+01
27	-1.715E+01
28	-1.782E+01
29	-1.849E+01
30	-1.916E+01
31	-1.983E+01
32	-2.050E+01
33	-2.117E+01
34	-2.184E+01
35	-2.251E+01
36	-2.318E+01
37	-2.385E+01
38	-2.452E+01
39	-2.519E+01
40	-2.586E+01
41	-2.653E+01
42	-2.720E+01
43	-2.787E+01
44	-2.854E+01
45	-2.921E+01
46	-2.988E+01
47	-3.055E+01
48	-3.122E+01
49	-3.189E+01
50	-3.256E+01
51	-3.323E+01
52	-3.390E+01
53	-3.457E+01
54	-3.524E+01
55	-3.591E+01
56	-3.658E+01
57	-3.725E+01
58	-3.792E+01
59	-3.859E+01
60	-3.926E+01
61	-3.993E+01
62	-4.060E+01
63	-4.127E+01
64	-4.194E+01
65	-4.261E+01
66	-4.328E+01
67	-4.395E+01
68	-4.462E+01
69	-4.529E+01
70	-4.596E+01
71	-4.663E+01
72	-4.730E+01
73	-4.797E+01
74	-4.864E+01
75	-4.931E+01
76	-5.000E+01
77	-5.069E+01
78	-5.138E+01
79	-5.207E+01
80	-5.276E+01
81	-5.345E+01
82	-5.414E+01
83	-5.483E+01
84	-5.552E+01
85	-5.621E+01
86	-5.689E+01
87	-5.758E+01
88	-5.827E+01
89	-5.896E+01
90	-5.965E+01
91	-6.034E+01
92	-6.103E+01
93	-6.172E+01
94	-6.241E+01
95	-6.310E+01
96	-6.379E+01
97	-6.448E+01
98	-6.517E+01
99	-6.586E+01
100	-6.655E+01
101	-6.724E+01
102	-6.793E+01
103	-6.862E+01
104	-6.931E+01
105	-7.000E+01
106	-7.069E+01
107	-7.138E+01
108	-7.207E+01
109	-7.276E+01
110	-7.345E+01
111	-7.414E+01
112	-7.483E+01
113	-7.552E+01
114	-7.621E+01
115	-7.689E+01
116	-7.758E+01
117	-7.827E+01
118	-7.896E+01
119	-7.965E+01
120	-8.034E+01
121	-8.103E+01
122	-8.172E+01
123	-8.241E+01
124	-8.310E+01
125	-8.379E+01
126	-8.448E+01
127	-8.517E+01
128	-8.586E+01
129	-8.655E+01
130	-8.724E+01
131	-8.793E+01
132	-8.862E+01
133	-8.931E+01
134	-9.000E+01
135	-9.069E+01
136	-9.138E+01
137	-9.207E+01
138	-9.276E+01
139	-9.345E+01
140	-9.414E+01
141	-9.483E+01
142	-9.552E+01
143	-9.621E+01
144	-9.689E+01
145	-9.758E+01
146	-9.827E+01
147	-9.896E+01
148	-9.965E+01
149	-1.000E+02
150	-1.000E+02

0-0003  
1-0003  
0-0002  
1-0002  
0-0002

CONVECTIVE CELL AVERAGE QUANTITIES FOR INNER CHANNEL WALL USED FOR WALL EQUATIONS

100% [www.100percent.com](http://www.100percent.com)

55.1 259 0.2591E+05 0. 0.2941E+05 0.

U 23132-00  
50000

0. -0.3477E+06

卷之三

$\text{O}_2$  -0.3618E+06  
0.0

卷之三

561.563 0.43126\*05 0 -0- 1018E+06 0-

INSIDE WALL CONDUCTION DATA -> -> -> OUTSIDE WALL CONDUCTION DATA

0.447E+0.4

$\text{E} = \text{E}_0 \exp(-\frac{\hbar \omega}{k_B T})$

NO HEAT TRANSFER FOR GROUP NUCLEI

TSURU-110 T-SUP-VAPD H-LIQ(1CONV) Q101010 CONV(1CONV) H-VAP(1CONV) Q101010 CONV(1CONV)

	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$	$\delta$	$\epsilon$	$\zeta$	$\eta$	$\theta$	$\varphi$	$\psi$	$\omega$	
1	5.76	-0.46	0.4246	+0.05	0.1002	-0.09	0.6337	+0.06	0.6927	+0.06	0.9308	-0.04
2	5.77	-2.77	0.4428	+0.05	0.1000	-0.09	0.6928	+0.06	0.7297	+0.06	0.1458	-0.03
3	5.76	-0.46	0.4246	+0.05	0.1002	-0.09	0.6337	+0.06	0.6927	+0.06	0.9308	-0.04
4	5.77	-2.77	0.4428	+0.05	0.1000	-0.09	0.6928	+0.06	0.7297	+0.06	0.1458	-0.03

ROD COARSE MESH CONDUCTION INFORMATION (MODE, TIME, THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY, RADIAL NODE TEMPERATURES (K))

	HT MODE TRIP	(W/M2-K)	(W/M2-K)	(K)	CENTER
2.02	0	0.723E+05	0.	600.778	752.913
					697.906

2.42 0 0.293E+05 0. 601.566 934.972 876.726 821.097 767.843 716.878 637.837 589.836 579.560

2.42 0 0.396E+05 0 602.468 1229.338 1114.740 1008.249 907.242 817.342 711.000 600.000 500.000

2.42	0	0.442857000	0.	605.899	1402.865	1252.272
3.42	0	0.450000000	0.	605.899	1402.865	1113.860

2.42	0	0.478E+05	0	605,004	1455,940	1293,919	1145,391	1009,675	885,989	773,075	616,822	596,559
				377,501	577,464							

2.42	0	0.489e+05	0.	602.614	1355.555	1214.721	1.844.963	985.538
				575.874	777.000	603.000	862.000	685.918
					100.000	90.000	120.000	73.000
						377.000	682.000	706.730
							649.370	685.369
							611.903	593.370

2.42 0 0.492±0.02 0.02±0.00 572.231  
2.42 0 0.492±0.02 0.02±0.00 572.231

TOTAL COMPONENT MASS = 2.7036E-05 LOST MASS = 3.9549E-04 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU( TURNOVER) = 4.3996E-02

EQUILIBRIUM OF A POLYMER 245

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      STEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 *****

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Cell 1 FLOW RATE IN = 1.565E+03 KG/S MASS FLUX IN = 1.565E+02 KG/M2-S  
MASS FLOW OUT = 1.660E+03 KG/M2-S

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M3)	VAP DEN (KG/M3)	DELTA-P TOT (PA)	CHOKER	ICF
1	7.132E+06	0.999998	5.044	4.166	560.283	560.283	559.767	738.5	37.41	0.3688E+05	0.0	0.0
2	7.010E+06	0.999971	43.67	43.38	559.108	559.108	557.788	740.9	36.87	0.1224E+06	0.0	0.0
3	6.998E+06	0.999965	44.79	45.01	558.987	558.988	557.606	741.1	36.81	0.1246E+05	0.0	0.0
4	6.993E+06	0.999956	44.88	45.08	558.942	558.943	557.573	741.2	36.78	4650.	0.0	0.0
5	6.991E+06	0.999949	44.93	45.11	558.926	558.926	557.586	741.3	36.76	1695.	0.0	0.0
6	6.326E+06	0.899924	178.9	180.2	552.232	552.484	545.521	753.8	33.93	0.6649E+06	0.0	0.0
7			49.93	48.85						-0.5697E+06	0.0	0.0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE)

INTERFACIAL FRICTION

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=PLASTIC -=CONVECTIVE)										
CELL	L10 HTC*x	VAPOR HTC*x	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT_E/(+L10 OR_VAP_E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI	SLIP	REVGAS	REVELQ
	(W/mK)	(W/mK)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/m3.S-1)			
1	0.2459E+05	0.7023E+05	0.	-0.2418E-01	-0.2409	0.998	1.32	0.826	0.261E+08	184
2	0.1936E+06	0.9681E+06	0.	-0.8491	-0.1688	0.995	33.1	1.02	0.476E+08	0.548E
3	0.4453E+05	0.2226E+06	0.	-0.2041	-0.1510	0.995	0.941	1.00	0.479E+08	0.680E
4	0.5702E+05	0.2851E+06	0.	-0.2591	-0.1203	0.995	0.710	1.00	0.479E+08	0.839E
5	0.5049E+05	0.2525E+06	0.	-0.2245	-0.9868E-01	0.995	0.462	1.00	0.898E+08	0.183E
6	0.1230E+05	0.2532E+06	0.	-1.077	-1.648	0.978	759	1.01	0.874E+08	0.276E
7							1C7	0.978		

SIDE TUBE

CELL 1 FLOW RATE OUT = -9.920E-07 KG/S

MASS FUX OUT = -3.481E-06 KG/M2-S

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M3)	VAP DEN (KG/M3)	DELTA-P TOT (PA)	ICHOLE	ICOF
1	6.993E+06	1.000000	-1.305	-0.1564E-05	558.938	558.938	558.562	741.2	36.56	431.2	0.0	0.0
			-1.991	-0.7009E-07						414.6	0.0	0.0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE)

INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC*(A)	VAPOR HTC*(A)	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT.E/(+LIQ OR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALIT/	SHEAR COEFF/	SLIP	REVGAS	REYLIG
	(W/K)	(W/K)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/M3-S)			
1	4738.	23.	0.	-0.5285E-05	-0.1770E-03	0.526	0.144	0.120E-05	0.237	0.426E

B TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 6.0102E+02 KG. TOTAL COM- VENT WATER ENERGY = 1.5483E+09 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = -6.7263E-03 LOST MASS = -4.225E-02 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -5.1781E-03

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-44- VALVE B14+ VALV. AISLAMIENTO VAPOR PRINCIPAL NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*\*\*

CELL 1		FLOW RATE IN = 1.565E+03 KG/S		MASS FLUX IN = 1.660E+03 KG/M2-S		CELL 3		FLOW RATE OUT = 1.565E+03 KG/S		MASS FLUX OUT = 1.660E+03 KG/M2-S	
PRESSURE	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL	VAP VEL	T SAT	T LIQ	T VAP	LIQ DEN	VAP DEN	DELTA-P TOT	ECHOKE	ECDF
CELL 1	6.896E+06	0.999891	49.93	48.85	557.999	557.574	556.519	744.0	36.23	0	0 0
2	6.856E+06	0.999861	46.13	45.73	557.605	557.601	555.981	743.9	36.03	0.4012E+05	0 0
3	6.810E+06	0.999827	46.10	45.96	557.152	557.196	555.372	744.7	35.79	0.4594E+05	0 0
			46.15	46.23					8970.	0 0	0 0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (EXPLANATION - CONDENSE)

CELL	LIQ HTC* (W/K)	VAPOR HTC* (W/K)	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE (KG/S)	TOI.E/(+LIQ OR-VAP.E) (%)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI (KG/M <sup>2</sup> .S)	SLIP	REYGAS	REVLUG
1	0.1608E+06	0.8042E+06	0.	-0.8317	-0.5563E-01	0.993	0	0.976	0.497E+08	0.224E
2	0.1765E+06	0.8623E+06	0.	-0.9458	-0.5348E-01	0.992	5.94	0.991	0.480E+08	0.273E
3	0.2035E+06	0.9671E+06	0.	-1.128	-0.5112E-01	0.991	0.331	0.997	0.480E+08	0.341E
4							0.733E-01	1.00		

VALVE AREA = 9.425000E-03 PERCENT OPEN = 100.00000

TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 5.8900E+02 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 3.5157E+09 J  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 1.5947E-05 LOST MASS= 9.3928E-05 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -2.5541E-04

DE \*\*\*\*\* EDIT= B \*\*\*\*\*

-\*\*\*- TEE 82++ MSIV-TURBINA/BYPASS NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.6178E-02 \*\*\*-

D JUN1 = 81 JUN2 = 82 JUN3 = 70

PRIMARY TUBE

CELL 1 FLOW RATE IN = 1.565E+03 KG/S MASS FLUX IN = 1.560E+03 KG/M<sup>2</sup>-S  
 CELL 9 FLOW RATE OUT = 1.565E+03 KG/S MASS FLUX OUT = 1.235E+03 KG/M<sup>2</sup>-S

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	Liq VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	Liq Den (KG/M3)	Vap Den (KG/M3)	Delta-P Tot (PA)	Ichoke	ICCF
1	6.801E+06	0.999764	46.15	46.23	557.063	557.071	555.609	744.9	35.67	0.	0.0	0.0
2	6.795E+06	0.999739	46.20	46.33	557.004	557.014	555.687	745.1	35.61	6011.	0.0	0.0
3	6.794E+06	0.999695	41.30	40.79	556.989	556.991	555.947	745.1	35.54	1485.	0.0	0.0
4	6.768E+06	0.999680	41.17	40.83	556.931	556.947	555.936	745.2	35.50	5784.	0.0	0.0
5	6.776E+06	0.999628	41.12	40.86	556.813	556.822	556.047	745.4	35.38	0.1195E+05	0.0	0.0
6	6.763E+06	0.999614	40.94	40.96	556.687	556.723	555.890	745.6	35.31	0.1273E+05	0.0	0.0
7	6.759E+06	0.999598	40.69	41.03	556.641	556.649	555.991	745.8	35.25	4561.	0.0	0.0
8	6.764E+06	0.999589	35.45	34.75	556.695	556.678	556.119	745.7	35.27	-5427.	0.0	0.0
9	6.763E+06	0.999582	35.08	34.73	556.685	556.683	556.146	745.7	35.26	995.3	0.0	0.0
10			35.04	34.74						665.3	0.0	0.0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSER)

INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	L10	HTC*A	VAPOR	HTC*A	WALL	MASS	TOTAL	MASS	TOT.E/(+L10)	THERMODYNAMIC	SHEAR	SLIP	REVGAS	REVFLD
	(W/K)				TRANSFER	RATE	TRANSFER	RATE	DR-VAP.E	QUALITY	COEFF.J	(KG/M3-S)		
					(KG/S)		(KG/S)		(J/J)					
1	0.4231E+06		0.2111E+07		0.		-2.019		-0.4088E-01	0.990	0	1.00	0.480E+08	0.464E
2	0.2195E+06		0.1094E+07		0.		-0.9468		-0.3699E-01	0.990	0.412	1.00	0.451E+08	0.486E
3	0.4219E+06		0.2109E+07		0.		-1.445		-0.2931E-01	0.990	14.5	0.988	0.421E+08	0.537E
4	0.1450E+06		0.7205E+06		0.		-0.4707		-0.2795E-01	0.990	5.20	0.99	0.421E+08	0.561E
5	0.7520E+06		0.3283E+07		0.		-1.649		-0.1882E-01	0.990	2.28	0.994	0.420E+08	0.650E
6	0.1636E+06		0.7135E+06		0.		-0.3697		-0.2006E-01	0.989	0.985E-03	1.00	0.420E+08	0.671E
7	0.5810E+06		0.2164E+07		0.		-0.9214		-0.1362E-01	0.989	6.08	1.01	0.418E+08	0.704E
8	0.1165E+06		0.3798E+06		0.		-0.1451		-0.1067E-01	0.99	15.2	0.980	0.412E+08	0.715E
9	0.2118E+06		0.6384E+06		0.		-0.2265		-0.9165E-02	0.989	2.03	0.990	0.411E+08	0.724E
10											1.23	0.992		

SIDE TUBE

CELL 2 FLOW RATE OUT = -3.649E-05 KG/S MASS FLUX OUT = -7.297E-05 KG/M2-S

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN KG/M3	VAP DEN KG/M3	DELTA-P TOT (PA)	ICHOKE	ICCF
1	6.762E+06	1.000000	-1.906	-0.1107E-04	556.680	556.680	555.960	745.7	35.29	69.13	0.0	0.0

```

6.761E+06  1.000000 -2.265      -0.1225E-04 556.668      556.668      555.971      745.7      35.28      1143      0.0      0.0
          -0.5695E-02 -0.1423E-05

```

D TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 1.9423E+03 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 4.9970E+09 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = -7.9458E-07 LOST MASS = -1.5477E-05 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -2.4951E-05

-\*\*\*- VALVE 83++ VALV. CONTROL DE TURBINA NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*\*\*  
0 JUN1 = 82 JUN2 = 83

	CELL 1	FLOW RATE IN *	1.565E+03 KG/S	MASS FLUX IN *	1.235E+03 KG/M2-S						
	CELL 2	FLOW RATE OUT *	1.565E+03 KG/S	MASS FLUX OUT *	1.235E+03 KG/M2-S						
PRESSURE	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL	VAP VEL	T SAT	T LIQ	T VAP	LIQ DEN	VAP DEN	DELTA-P TOT	ICHOKE	ICCF
CELL	(PA)	(M/S)	(M/S)	(K)	(K)	(K)	(KG/M3)	(KG/M3)	(PA)		
1	6.762E+06	0.999577	35.04	34.74	556.673	556.680	556.155	745.7	35.25	0.	0 0
2	6.762E+06	0.999577	35.04	34.89	556.679	556.679	556.175	745.7	35.24	6.222	0 0
3			35.11	34.75						7304.	0 0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE)							INTERFACIAL FRICTION			
0	LIQ HTC <sup>A</sup>	VAPOR HTC <sup>A</sup>	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT.E/(+LIQ OR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI	SLIP	REVGAS	REVLTG
CELL	(W/K)	(W/K)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/M <sup>3</sup> -S)			
1	0.1072E+06	0.3115E+06	0.	-0.1070	-0.8559E-02	0.989	0.	0.992	0.411E+08	0.730E
2	0.1072E+06	0.2976E+06	0.	-0.9847E-01	-0.7868E-02	0.989	0.160	0.996	0.411E+08	0.731E
							2.30	0.990		

VALVE AREA = 1.261706E+00 PERCENT OPEN = 99.58214

VALVE HYDRAULIC DIAMETER = 6.324E-01

0 TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 9.0077E+01 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 2.3153E+08 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = -1.9886E-07 LOST MASS= -1.7732E-07 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = 7.1146E-04

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VALVE VALV. ALIVIO-SEGURIDAD NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.493 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*\*\*  
0 JUN1 = 50 JUF2 = 91

CELL	FLOW RATE IN	MASS FLUX IN										
3	-9.920E-07 KG/S	-3.481E-06 KG/M2-S										
5	7.758E-08 KG/S	2.722E-07 KG/M2-S										
PRESSURE	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL	VAP VEL	T SAT	T LIQ	T VAP	LIQ DEN	VAP DEN	DELTA-P TOT	ICHOKE	ICCF	
CELL (PA)		(M/S)	(M/S)	(K)	(K)	(K)	(KG/M3)	(KG/M3)	(PA)			
1	6.992E+06	1.000000	-1.991	-0.7009E-07	558.934	558.934	741.2	36.55	0.	0.0	0.0	
2	1.853E+05	1.000000	0.1000E-09	0.1000E-09	390.369	390.369	390.198	941.5	1.029	0.6807E+07	0.2	0.0
3	1.853E+05	1.000000	1.935	9.2343E-06	390.371	390.371	390.223	941.5	1.029	-10.55	0.1	0.0

4	1.153E+05	1.000000	1.911	0.5985E-06	390.377	390.377	397.934	941.5	1.008	37.77	0.1	0.0
5	1.154E+05	1.000000	3.031	0.3510E-06	390.389	390.389	395.407	941.5	1.015	70.51	0.1	0.0
6			3.039	-0.1200E-09						87.60	0.9	0.0

INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE)							INTERFACIAL FRICTION					
CELL	LIQ HTC*A	VAPOR HTC*A	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT.E/(+LIQ DR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI	SLEP	REYGAS	REYLIQ		
	(W/K)	(W/K)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/M3-S)					
1	212.7	1.113	0.	-0.2519E-06	-0.5896	0.735	0.	0.352E-07	0.508E-02	0.365E		
2	974.7	0.4844	0.	-0.3738E-07	-0.2261	0.647	0.	1.90	0.718E-03	0.201E		
3	1684.	0.8729	0.	-0.5819E-07	-0.1041	0.605	0.193	0.121E-06	0.510E-02	0.171E		
4	0.2267E-01	0.11934E-01	0.	0.3866E-07	0.6148E-09	0.688	0.290	0.206E-06	0.556E-02	0.136E		
5	0.4375E-01	0.2187E-01	0.	0.4953E-07	0.4896E-09	0.398	0.302	0.116E-06	0.209E-02	0.165E		
6							0.303	-0.395E-10				

VALVE AREA = 0.000000E+00 PERCENT OPEN = 0.00000

VALVE HYDRAULIC DIAMETER = 1.000E-05

0 TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 5.7281E+00 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 1.4570E+07 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 2.7311E-07 LOST MASS= 1.5648E-08 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = 2.2093E-05

0\*\*\*\*\* EDIT= B\*\*\*\*\*

-\*\*\* VALVE 70\*\* VALVULA BYPASS TURBINA  
0 JUNT = 70 JUN2 = 71

CELL 1	FLOW RATE IN = -3.649E-05 KG/S	MASS FLUX IN = -7.297E-05 KG/M2-S
CELL 2	FLOW RATE OUT = 2.586E-04 KG/S	MASS FLUX OUT = 5.172E-04 KG/M2-S

CELL	PRESSURE (PA)	VAPOR FRAC	LIQ VEL (M/S)	VAP VEL (M/S)	T SAT (K)	T LIQ (K)	T VAP (K)	LIQ DEN (KG/M3)	VAP DEN (KG/M3)	DELTA-P TOT (PA)	ECHORE	ICCF
1	6.761E+06	0.999995	-0.5695E-02	-0.1423E-05	556.668	556.668	555.975	745.7	35.28	0.	0.0	0.0
2	6.600E+06	0.999991	0.1000E-09	0.1000E-09	555.050	555.050	553.164	748.9	34.59	0.1613E+06	0.0	0.0
3			0.8557E-02	0.1325E-04						-0.3476E-04	0.0	0.0

0 INTERFACIAL HEAT TRANSFER (+=FLASH, -=CONDENSE) INTERFACIAL FRICTION

CELL	LIQ HTC*A	VAPOR HTC*A	WALL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOTAL MASS TRANSFER RATE	TOT.E/(+LIQ DR-VAP.E)	THERMODYNAMIC QUALITY	SHEAR COEFFI	SLEP	REYGAS	REYLIQ	
	(W/K)	(W/K)	(KG/S)	(KG/S)	(J/J)		(KG/M3-S)				
1	6936.	63.26	0.	-0.2884E-04	-0.4608E-03	0.686	0.	0.250E-03	0.264	0.236E	
2	0.1886E+05	209.7	0.	-0.2581E-03	-0.2431E-02	0.881	0.	1.00	2.44	0.607E	
3							0.417E-02	0.155E-02			

VALVE AREA = 0.000000E+00 PERCENT OPEN = 0.00000

VALVE HYDRAULIC DIAMETER = 1.000E-05

0 TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 3.4937E+01 G. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 9.0134E+07 J.  
PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = -4.6750E-01 LOST MASS= -1.6334E-05 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = 5.5065E-03

0\*\*\*\*\* EDIT= B\*\*\*\*\*

-\*\*\* BREAK 92\*\* TURBINA  
0 JUNT = 83

NSTEP= 281 TIME= 6.49375 DELT= 2.61780E-02 \*\*\*\*\*



LEVEL = 2 NSTEP = 261 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02  
 CELL(RING, THETA) 1.( 1, 1) 2.( 2, 1) 3.( 3, 1) 4.( 4, 1)

```
PRESS(PA) 7.353975E+06 7.353359E+06 7.352436E+06 7.250770E+06
VOID FRAC 6.66208E-15 5.66712E-15 4.66708E-15 7.051088E-15
VV-Z(M/S) 9.875813E+00 9.84639E+00 1.031026E+01 6.425197E-01
VL-Z(M/S) 9.349855E+00 9.32117E+00 9.452899E+00 -6.837287E-01
VV-R(M/S) -6.868105E-02 -2.72714E-01 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
VL-R(M/S) -5.240330E-02 -2.08807E-01 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
MV-Z(XG/S) 1.563014E-14 8.020707E-14 8.263401E-15 -9.749249E-13
ML-(XG/S) 4.54245E+01 2.608235E+02 6.185907E+01 -3.10543E+03
MV-R(XG/S) -5.471588E-14 -1.753776E-13 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ML-R(XG/S) -1.448653E+02 -1.085859E+03 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
DZLEV 0 0 0 0
VLEV 1.570000E+00 1.570000E+00 1.570000E+00 1.570000E+00
ALPP 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ALPM 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ICCFN 0 0 0 0
ICCFI 0 0 0 0
TV(N) 5.623707E+02 5.623649E+02 5.623563E+02 5.614041E+02
TLK 5.510931E+02 5.510932E+02 5.510928E+02 5.510611E+02
TSAT 5.623707E+02 5.623649E+02 5.623563E+02 5.614041E+02
```

LEVEL = 3 NSTEP = 261 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02  
 CELL(RING, THETA) 1.( 1, 1) 2.( 2, 1) 3.( 3, 1) 4.( 4, 1)

```
PRESS(PA) 7.230550E+06 7.230414E+06 7.229981E+06 7.234221E+06
VOID FRAC 5.611056E-15 4.291324E-15 4.856424E-15 5.105938E-15
VV-Z(M/S) 4.608124E-01 2.298802E-01 1.216493E+00 1.436267E+00
VL-Z(M/S) 3.191535E-01 2.30552E-01 8.182597E-01 -9.686332E-01
VV-R(M/S) 8.348061E-02 2.27772E-01 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
VL-R(M/S) 6.234895E-02 5.77072E-14 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
MV-Z(XG/S) 6.966242E+01 2.098582E+02 8.516107E+02 -3.105201E+03
ML-(XG/S) 3.223989E-14 2.106209E-13 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
MV-R(XG/S) 8.545357E+01 7.304018E+02 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ML-R(XG/S) 0 0 0 0
DZLEV 2.389000E+00 2.890000E+00 2.890000E+00 2.890000E+00
VLEV 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ALPP 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ALPM 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00 0.000000E+00
ICCFN 0 0 0 0
ICCFI 0 0 0 0
TV(N) 5.512135E+02 5.612122E+02 5.612081E+02 5.612481E+02
TLK 5.530568E+02 5.527368E+02 5.527333E+02 5.510560E+02
TSAT 5.612135E+02 5.612122E+02 5.612081E+02 5.612481E+02
```

LEVEL = 4 NSTEP = 261 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02  
 CELL(RING, THETA) 1.( 1, 1) 2.( 2, 1) 3.( 3, 1) 4.( 4, 1)

```
PRESS(PA) 7.213795E+05 7.213823E+05 7.213328E+05 7.217235E+06
VOID FRAC 1.298211E-01 1.425195E-01 4.766574E-02 4.792230E-16
```

```

1. 1. (1, 1)
0. -2. 410259E-01 -3. 219684E-01 2. 053243E+00 -2. 1106717E+00
0. 1. 526688E-01 -9. 646110E-01 1. 392686E+00 -1. 793171E+00
V-V-R (M/5) 1. 128802E-01 6. 127336E-01 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
V-L-Z (M/5) -1. 646087E-01 3. 996480E-01 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
MV-Z (M/5) -1. 719173E+00 -1. 143789E+01 5. 098185E+00 -1. 939185E-13
ML-Z (KG/5) -3. 723373E+01 -1. 905905E+02 1. 367081E+03 -1. 064227E+04
MV-R (KG/5) 5. 639017E-01 7. 8855403E+00 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ML-R (KG/5) 1. 080521E+02 5. 127117E+02 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ILEV 1. 350771E+00 1. 3888887E+00 1. 620000E+00 1. 620000E+00
O2LEV -4. 246391E-06 -4. 338587E-06 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
VLEV -7. 810300E-01 9. 990000E-01 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ALPP 5. 611056E-15 4. 291324E-15 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ALPM 0. 0. 0. 0.
ICCFIN 5. 610579C+02 5. 610587E+02 5. 610507E+02 5. 610877E+02
ICCFIL 5. 598052E+02 5. 600795E+02 5. 563150E+02 5. 510554E+02
VWIK 5. 610552E+02 5. 610554E+02 5. 610507E+02 5. 610877E+02
ISAT 0. 0. 0. 0.

```

```
LEVEL 5 NSTEP= 261 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02
```

```
CELL(RING, THETA) 1,( 1, 1) 2,( 2, 1) 3,( 3, 1) 4,( 4, 1)
```

```

PRESS(PA) 7. 204698E+06 7. 204680E+06 7. 205068E+06 7. 203609E+06
VOID_FRAc 7. 810300E-01 7. 784695E-01 6. 926191E-01 3. 118068E-16
VV-Z (M/5) 1. 108326E+01 1. 227507E+01 1. 359314E+01 -2. 722293E+00
VL-Z (M/5) 1. 1622690E+01 1. 135123E+01 -2. 412613E+00
VV-R (M/5) 3. 439465E-01 5. 348611E-01 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
VL-R (M/5) 1. 731032E-01 1. 382998E-01 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
MV-Z (KG/5) 1. 398864E+02 9. 811666E+02 4. 396027E+02 0. 000000E+00
MV-R (KG/5) 7. 283184E+02 5. 168869E+03 3. 164717E+03 -9. 077346E+03
ILEV 5. 314844E-31 6. 7766908E-01 7. 561484E-01 2. 100000E+00
VLEV 1. 285019E+00 4. 848796E-01 5. 791157E-01 0. 000000E+00
ALPP 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ALPM 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00 0. 000000E+00
ICCFIN 0. 0. 0. 0.
ICCFIL 5. 609653E+02 5. 609650E+02 5. 609725E+02 5. 609588E+02
VWIK 5. 609841E+02 5. 606855E+02 5. 609022E+02 5. 510544E+02
VLIK 5. 609691E+02 5. 609689E+02 5. 609726E+02 5. 609588E+02
ISAT 0. 0. 0. 0.

```

```
LEVEL 6 NSTEP= 281 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02
```

```
CELL(RING, THETA) 1,( 1, 1) 2,( 2, 1) 3,( 3, 1) 4,( 4, 1)
```

```

PRESS(PA) 7. 202306E+06 7. 202284E+06 7. 201286E+06 7. 183611E+06
VOID_FRAc 0. 356493E-01 0. 445914E-01 0. 555840E-01 9. 92340E-02
VV-Z (M/5) 1. 1239065E+01 5. 208316E+01 7. 769949E+00 6. 797820E-03
VL-Z (M/5) 6. 329845E-17 4. 917519E-17 4. 282698E-17 -7. 697294E+00
VV-R (K/5) -6. 302680E-02 -7. 495605E-02 1. 811211E-14 0. 000070E+00
VL-R (K/5) 4. 421229E-01 1. 495919E+00 7. 075879E+00 0. 000000E+00
MV-Z (KG/5) 1. 671232E+02 1. 047465E+03 3. 464822E+02 3. 821206E+00
ML-Z (KG/5) 2. 558848E-15 1. 533790E-14 1. 736070E-15 -7. 911312E-02
MV-R (KG/5) -2. 728285E+01 9. 295743E+01 2. 557133E-11 0. 000000E+00
ML-R (KG/5) 7. 282359E+02 5. 896491E+03 9. 681435E+03 0. 000000E+00

```

LEVEL	STEP	TIME	DELT
1LEV	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
DLEV	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
VLEV	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
ALPP	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
ALPM	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
ICCFLN	0	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
ICCFL	5.609467E+02	5.609458E+02	5.609353E+02
TV(K)	5.609471E+02	5.609471E+02	5.609347E+02
TL(K)	5.609465E+02	5.609463E+02	5.609368E+02
TSAT	5.609465E+02	5.609463E+02	5.609368E+02

LEVEL 7 NSTEP= 281 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02  
 CELLING, THETA( 1, 1, 1 ) 2, ( 2, 1 ) 3, ( 3, 1 ) 4, ( 4, 1 )

PRESS(PA)	7.169987E+06	7.169985E+06	7.169981E+06	7.169313E+06
VOID_FRC	9.095982E-1	9.095979E-01	9.099973E-01	9.999992E-01
VV-Z(M/S)	5.471788E+00	5.348667E+00	5.379885E+00	5.362656E+00
VL-Z(M/S)	5.0/9.244E+00	4.902537E+00	4.937579E+00	4.915908E+00
VV-R(M/S)	-3.343605E-01	5.852537E-03	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
VL-R(M/S)	7.337599E-03	2.802054E-02	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
MV-Z(MG/S)	1.914724E+02	1.012432E+03	1.572151E+02	1.561086E+03
ML-Z(MG/S)	6.217365E-03	3.802056E-02	1.762800E+02	1.789857E+02
MV-R(MG/S)	-2.424633E+01	1.074719E+01	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ML-R(MG/S)	1.876976E-04	2.236218E-03	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
1LEV	-1	-1	-1	-1
DLEV	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
VLEV	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ALPP	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ALPM	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ICCFLN	0	0	0	0
ICCFL	5.604008E+02	5.604011E+02	5.604097E+02	5.60413E+02
TV(K)	5.606400E+02	5.606400E+02	5.606399E+02	5.606341E+02
TL(K)	5.606400E+02	5.606400E+02	5.606399E+02	5.606341E+02
TSAT	5.606400E+02	5.606400E+02	5.606399E+02	5.606341E+02

LEVEL 8 NSTEP= 281 TIME = 6.49375 DELT = 2.61780E-02  
 CELLING, THETA( 1, 1, 1 ) 2, ( 2, 1 ) 3, ( 3, 1 ) 4, ( 4, 1 )

PRESS(PA)	7.168631E+06	7.168625E+06	7.168547E+06	7.168367E+06
VOID_FRC	9.999860E-01	9.999958E-01	9.999959E-01	9.999971E-01
VV-Z(M/S)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
VL-Z(M/S)	3.991362E-01	1.785578E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
VV-R(M/S)	8.203761E-02	5.238453E+01	1.3095231E+00	0.000000E+00
VL-R(M/S)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
MV-Z(MG/S)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ML-Z(MG/S)	1.914680E+02	1.203879E+03	1.561089E+03	0.000000E+00
MV-R(MG/S)	1.081827E-02	7.1566847E-02	9.540109E-02	0.000000E+00
ML-R(MG/S)	-1	-1	-1	-1
1LEV	0.000000E+00	0.000010E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
DLEV	0.000000E+00	0.0001540E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
VLEV	0.000000E+00	0.000050E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ALPP	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ALPM	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
ICCFLN	0	0	0	0
ICCFL	5.603844E+02	5.603839E+02	5.603842E+02	5.603815E+02
TV(K)				

TLIK = 5.606271E+02 5.606270E+02 5.606263E+02 5.606241E+02  
 TSAT = 5.606271E+02 5.606270E+02 5.606263E+02 5.606240E+02  
 D TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 1.69404E+05 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 2.211678E+11 J  
 PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 1.300510E-08 LOST KILOGRAMS = 2.202968E-05 PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -8.189923E  
 LOWER PLENUM LIQUID VOLUME = 8.481867E+01 LOWER PLENUM LIQUID MASS = 6.431200E+04  
 DOWNCOMER LIQUID LEVELS (BY THETA ZONE) = 1.07111E+01  
 D TOTAL COMPONENT WATER MASS = 1.6941E+05 KG. TOTAL COMPONENT WATER ENERGY = 2.2117E+11 J  
 PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = 1.3005E-08 LOST MASS = 2.2030E-05 KG. PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -8.1899E-03  
 TOTAL SYSTEM WATER MASS = 2.030640E+05 TOTAL SYSTEM WATER ENERGY = 2.675709E+11  
 TOTAL MASS DISCHARGED AT BREAKS = 1.016236E+04  
 TOTAL MASS INJECTED AT FILLS = 1.017619E+04  
 COMPUTED SYSTEM INITIAL MASS = 2.030501E+05  
 D SYSTEM PERCENT MASS CONTINUITY ERROR = -1.857522E-05 LOST MASS = -3.771700E-02 KG PERCENT MASS FLOW THRU(TURNOVER) = -6.8289  
 D MAXIMUM CORE SURFACE TEMPERATURE = 5.775008E+02, WHICH IS IN CHAN 62, ROD GROUP 1, CELL 5  
 OSTEADY STATE - TOTAL SYSTEM NET RATE OF MASS CHANGE = -1.564934E+03 KG/SEC  
 OSTEADY STATE - TOTAL SYSTEM NET RATE OF ENERGY CHANGE = 1.966636E+07 J/SEC  
 OSTEADY STATE TIME STEP NO. 181 CONVERGED IN 1 ITERATIONS. TIME = 6.493749E+00 DELT = 2.617799E-02  

VARIABLE	MAX. CHANGE RATE	MAX. CHANGE RATE (%)	COMPONENT	LEVEL/GROUP/CELL
PRESSURE	1.109500E+01	1.753757E-04	TEE	80
VOID FRACTION	-1.403680E-05	-5.849840E-03	CHAN	60
LIQUID VELOCITY	-1.080196E-04	1.692486E-04	TEE	15
VAPOR VELOCITY	8.713309E-03	2.497451E-02	VALVE	83
LIQUID TEMP	4.105500E-03	7.450250E-04	VESSEL	1
VAPOR TEMP	4.708060E-03	8.511152E-04	VALVE	70
SYSTEM METAL TEMP	2.694699E-07	4.881098E-08	CHAN	60
ROD TEMP	-1.853502E-07	-3.304606E-08	CHAN	60

#### CONTROL SYSTEM EDIT

TIME = 6.49375E+00 CONTROL SYSTEM TIME STEP SIZE = 2.61780E-02 CONTROL SYSTEM TIME STEP NUMBER = 280

#### CONTROL SYSTEM TIMESTEP SIZE LIMITED BY CONTROL BLOCK NUMBER 8

SEQ	BLK	BLK	BLOCK	BLOCK	BLOCK	BLOCK	GAIN	UPPER	LOWER	INITIAL	BLOCK	BLOCK
NO.	NO.	TYPE	INPUT 1	INPUT 2	INPUT 3	CONST 1	CONST 2	FACTOR	LIMIT	OUTPUT VALUE	OUTPUT	FLAG NAME
20	2	CONS	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	9.83E+00	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	9.8300E+00	9.8300E+00	NR NIVEL 0
21	4	SUBT	1.0712E+01	9.8300E+00	0.0000E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	8.800E-01	8.8175E-01	UL NIV_REL
1	6	LAG	8.8175E-01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.50E-01	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	8.800E-01	8.8174E-01	GO NIV_MED
2	8	LAG	1.5649E+03	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.00E-01	0.00E+00	0.06	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	9.999E+01	9.9639E+01	GO STM_FLOW
3	10	LAG	1.5648E+03	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	2.50E-01	0.00E+00	0.06	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	9.999E+01	9.9629E+01	GO FW_FLOW
4	14	LAG	6.7631E+06	0.0000E+03	0.0000E+00	1.00E-01	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E-50 -1.00E+50	6.765E+06	6.7631E+06	GO PRES_COL
22	102	DEAD	8.8174E-01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00	1.52E+00 0.00E+00	8.800E-01	8.8174E-01	NL LIMITADR
23	104	DEAD	9.9639E+01	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	1.09E+02	2.00E+02	0.00	0.00E+00 -1.27E-01	-2.550E-05	-8.3335E-04	NL PROG_LVL
24	106	SUBT	9.9639E+01	9.9639E+01	0.0000E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.01	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	0.0000E+00	-2.0774E-07	NL VAP_AA
25	108	SUBT	8.8174E-01	-8.3335E-04	0.0000E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	8.800E-01	8.8258E-01	D NIV_ERRO
26	110	SUBT	8.8258E-01	-2.0774E-07	0.0000E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	8.800E-01	8.8222E-01	GO CDMP
5	112	LLAG	8.8258E-01	8.8213E-01	8.800E-01	1.50E+00	7.50E+00	1.00	1.00E+50 -1.00E+50	8.800E-01	8.8222E-01	GO CDMP



	ROUTINE	CPU TIME (SEC)	PERCENT	NO. OF CALLS	
1	MAIN	-4.41E+01	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
2	DISPLAY	0.100E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
3	SUB1	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
4	SUB2	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
5	INIT	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
6	450	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
7	455	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
8	460	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
9	465	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
10	470	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
11	474	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
12	FNG1	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
13	FNG2	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
14	MULT	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
15	WAXS	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
16	WNG1	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
17	WNG2	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
18	LSTM	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
19	AND	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
20	CONS	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
21	GREQ	8.8174E-01	1.3208E+00	0.000E+00	1.000E+00
22	2DH	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
23	OHS	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
24	LSQ	8.8174E-01	8.3300E-01	0.000E+00	1.000E+00
25	ZOH	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
26	WNS	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
27	EDIT	151.803	19.95	1	1
28	INIT	0.667	0.09	1	1
29	TRANS	0.031	0.09	9	9
30	DSPIT	1.248	0.16	2	2
31	EDT	16.883	2.22	6	6
32	PREP	5.037	0.66	281	281
33	PRPLD	0.841	0.11	5339	5339
34	VSL1	17.212	2.26	281	281
35	MPRD	22.705	2.98	843	843
36	HICDR	47.921	6.28	42993	42993
37	OUTER	1.744	0.16	303	303
38	INNER	3.237	0.43	11514	11514
39	TFIDS	61.502	6.66	17271	17271
40	TFIE	30.688	4.03	5339	5339
41	TFIL	33.475	0.46	5757	5757
42	FFID	32.594	4.28	5757	5757
43	HEAT1	32.822	0.16	34001	34001
44	FRIC1	36.146	4.31	37935	37935
45	FCW	14.811	1.95	399621	399621
46	CHOME	0.578	0.13	726	726
47	VSL2	11.744	1.54	606	606
48	FF3D	10.872	1.43	2248	2248
49	FROM	40.594	5.34	843	843
50	FRCP	10.964	1.46	7612	7612
51	J10	14.529	1.91	65175	65175
52	MFC1	2.105	0.28	843	843
53	SCE	40.775	5.36	54097	54097
54	THEAR	23.87	3.14	14779	14779
55	CONTROL	6.7	0.89	281	281
56	THE DUMP FILE HAS BEEN CLOSED IN S. R. CLEAN				

TIMING EDIT TOTAL TIME \* 760.759 SEC

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET

(See instructions on the reverse)

2. TITLE AND SUBTITLE

Assessment of the "One Feedwater Pump Trip Transient" in  
Cofrentes Nuclear Power Plant With TRAC-BF1

1. REPORT NUMBER  
(Assigned by NRC, Add Vol., Supp., Rev.  
and Addendum Numbers, if any.)  
NUREG/IA-0068  
ICSP-CO-TURFW-T

5. AUTHOR(S)

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A. G. Navarro, I. Gallego, Union Iberoamericana De Tecnologia

3. DATE REPORT PUBLISHED  
MONTH                   YEAR  
April                   1992

4. FIN OR GRANT NUMBER  
A4682

6. TYPE OF REPORT  
Technica<sup>r</sup>

7. PERIOD COVERED, (Inclusive Dates)

8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION - NAME AND ADDRESS (If NRC, provide Division, Office or Region, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and mailing address; if contractor, provide name and mailing address.)

Hidroelectrica Espanola  
Hermosilla, 3  
28001-Madrid  
Spain

9. SPONSORING ORGANIZATION - NAME AND ADDRESS (If NRC, type "Same as above"; if contractor, provide NRC Division, Office or Region, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and mailing address.)

Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, DC 20555

10. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

11. ABSTRACT (200 words or less)

This report presents the results of the assessment of TRAC-BF1 (G1J1) code with the model of the C. N. Cofrentes for simulation of the transient originated by the manual trip of one pump.

12. KEY WORDS/DESCRIPTORS (List words or phrases that will assist researchers in locating the report.)

Cofrentes, TRAC-BF1, Plant Transient

13. AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Unlimited

14. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION

(This Page)

Unclassified

(This Report)

Unclassified

15. NUMBER OF PAGES

16. PRICE

THIS DOCUMENT WAS PRINTED USING RECYCLED PAPER

UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555

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TPS-PDR-NUREG  
P-211  
WASHINGTON DC 20555