

TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)

REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION TRIP SETPOINTS
NOTATION (Continued)

T	=	Average temperature, °F;
$\frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 s}$	=	Lag compensator on measured T_{avg} ;
τ_6	=	Time constant utilized in the measured T_{avg} lag compensator, $\tau_6 = 0$ s;
T'	=	$\leq 576.2^\circ\text{F}$ (Nominal T_{avg} at RATED THERMAL POWER);
K_3	=	0.00082;
P	=	Pressurizer Pressure, psig;
P'	=	2235 psig (Nominal RCS operating pressure);
S	=	Laplace transform operator, s^{-1} ;

and $f_1(\Delta I)$ is a function of the indicated difference between top and bottom detectors of the power-range nuclear ion chambers; with gains to be selected based on measured instrument response during plant startup tests such that:

- (i) For $q_t - q_b$ between -33% and +9%, $f_1(\Delta I) = 0$, where q_t and q_b are percent RATED THERMAL POWER in the top and bottom halves of the core respectively, and $q_t + q_b$ is total THERMAL POWER in percent of RATED THERMAL POWER;
- (ii) For each percent that the magnitude of $q_t - q_b$ exceeds -33%, the ΔI Trip Setpoint shall be automatically reduced by 2.52% of its value at RATED THERMAL POWER; and
- (iii) For each percent that the magnitude $q_t - q_b$ exceeds +9%, the ΔI Trip Setpoint shall be automatically reduced by 1.75% of its value at RATED THERMAL POWER.

NOTE 2: The channel's maximum Trip Setpoint shall not exceed its computed Trip Setpoint by more than 1.6% of ΔT span.

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