PORC	YES
SQR	YES
NQA	NO
50.59	YES
RESP.MGk.	YES

LIMERICK GENERATING STATION

UNITS 1 AND 2

OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL
Revision 17

PECO ENERGY COMPANY

DOCKET NOS. 50-352 AND 50-353

Approval:

Plant Manager

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PURPOSE

The purpose of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual is to establish methodologies and procedures for calculating doses to individuals in areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY due to radioactive effluents from Limerick Generating Station.

PART I

RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT CONTROLS

1.0 DEFINITIONS

The following terms are taken from LGS Unit 1, Unit 2 Tech Specs.

1.1 ACTION

ACTION shall be that part of a specification which prescribes remedial measures required under designated conditions.

1.2 CHANNEL CALIBRATION

A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds with the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter which the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass the entire channel including the sensor and alarm and/or trip functions, and shall include the CHANNEL FUNCTION TEST. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel steps such that the entire channel is calibrated.

1.3 CHANNEL CHECK

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel behavior during operation by observation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and/or status with other indications and/or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.

1.4 CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST

A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be:

- a. Analog channels the injection of a simulated signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY including alarm and/or trip functions and channel failure trips.
- b. Bistable channels the injection of a simulated signal into the sensor to verify OPERABILITY including alarm and/or trip functions.

The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel steps such that the entire channel is tested.

1.5 CONTINUOUS SAMPLING

Per ASTM Standard (1987) Section II (Water and Environmental Technology), Volume 11.03, Article D1356; is defined as "sampling without interruptions throughout an operation or for a predetermined time." A CONTINUOUS SAMPLE is the opposite of a GRAB SAMPLE. The time period involved to secure (shutdown) ventilation or re-establish sampling of the release pathway shall meet the intent of CONTINUOUS SAMPLING. Consistent with industry standards, the time allowance shall not exceed 8 hours.

1.6 DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131, microcuries per gram, which alone would produce the same thyroid dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134 and I-135 actually present. The thyroid dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in Table III of TID-14844, "Calculation of Distance Factors for Power and Test Reactor Sites."

1.7 FREQUENCY NOTATION

The FREQUENCY NOTATION specified for the performance of Surveillance Requirements shall correspond to the intervals defined in Table I1.1.

1.8 MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC

MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC shall include all persons who are not occupationally associated with the plant. This category does not include employees of the utility, its contractors, or vendors. Also excluded from this category are persons who enter the site to service equipment or to make deliveries. This category does include persons who use portions of the site for recreational, occupational or other purposes not associated with the plant.

1.9 OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

The OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring Alarm/Trip Setpoints, and in the conduct of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. The ODCM shall also contain (1) the Radioactive Effluents Controls and Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs required by Technical Specification 6.8.4 and (2) descriptions of the

information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating and Annual Radiological Effluent Release Reports required by Technical Specifications 6.9.1.7 and 6.9.1.8. (3) description of meteorological monitoring controls.

1.10 OPERABLE - OPERABILITY

A system, subsystem, train, component or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified functions(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, electrical power, cooling or seal water, lubrication or other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component or device to perform its function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

1.11 OPERATIONAL CONDITION - CONDITION

An OPERATIONAL CONDITION, i.e., CONDITION, shall be any one inclusive combination of mode switch position and average reactor coolant temperature as defined in the Technical Specifications.

1.12 PURGE - PURGING

PURGE or PURGING shall be the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is required to purify the confinement.

1.13 RATED THERMAL POWER

See current LGS Tech Spec definition.

1.14 REPORTABLE EVENT

A REPORTABLE EVENT shall be any of those conditions specified in Section 50.73 of 10 CFR Part 50.

1.15 SITE BOUNDARY

The SITE BOUNDARY shall be that line as defined in Figure I2.2-1a.

1.16 SOURCE CHECK

A SOURCE CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel response when the channel sensor is exposed to a radioactive source.

1.17 THERMAL POWER

THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.

1.18 UNRESTRICTED AREA

An UNRESTRICTED AREA shall be any area at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY access to which is not controlled by the licensee for purposes of protection of individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, or any are within the SITE BOUNDARY used for residential quarters or for industrial, commercial, institutional, and/or recreational purposes.

1.19 VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM

A VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be any system designed and installed to reduce gaseous radioiodine or radioactive material in particulate form in effluents by passing ventilation or vent exhaust gases through charcoal absorbers and/or HEPA filters for the purpose of removing iodines or particulates from the gaseous exhaust stream prior to the release to the environment (such a system is not considered to have any effect on noble gas effluents). Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) atmospheric cleanup systems are not considered to be VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM components.

1.20 VENTING

VENTING shall be the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is not provided or required during VENTING. Vent, used in system names, does not imply a VENTING process.

TABLE 11.1 SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY NOTATION

NOTATION	FREQUENCY
S (Shift)	At least once per 12 hours.
D (Daily)	At least once per 24 hours.
W (Weekly)	At least once per 7 days.
M (Monthly)	At least once per 31 days.
Q (Quarterly)	At least once per 92 days.
SA (Semi-annual)	At least once per 184 days.
A (Annual)	At least once per 366 days.
E	At least once per 18 months (550 days).
R	At least once per 24 months (731 days).
S/U	Prior to each reactor startup.
P	Prior to each radioactive release.
N.A.	Not applicable.

2.0 BASIS FOR EFFLUENT MONITORING CONTROLS

2.1 METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the meteorological monitoring instrumentation ensures that sufficient meteorological data is available for estimating potential radiation doses to the public as a result of routine or accidental release of radioactive materials to the atmosphere. This capability is required to evaluate the need for initiating measures to protect the health and safety of the public. This instrumentation is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.23 "Onsite Meteorological Programs," February, 1972.

Site data compiled since January 1972 provide correlation between Elevation 1 (Tower 1) and Elevation 1 (Tower 2), and between Elevation 2 (Tower 1) and Elevation 2 (Tower 2). This correlation serves as justification for the use of the appropriate Tower 2 instrument as a back-up to the Tower 1 instrument as shown in Table I3.1-1 and Table I3.1-3.

2.2 MAPS DEFINING UNRESTRICTED AREAS AND SITE BOUNDARY FOR RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS AND LIQUID EFFLUENTS

Information regarding radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, which will allow identification of structures and release points as well as definition of UNRESTRICTED AREAS within the SITE BOUNDARY that are accessible to MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC, shall be shown in Technical Specifications Figures 5.1.3-1a and 5.1.3-1b.

The exclusion area and low population zone shall be as shown in Figures I2.2-1a and I2.2-1b.

2.3 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive liquid effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM part II to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63, and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

FIGURE 12.2-1a
EXCLUSION ZONE



FIGURE 12.2-1b

LOW POPULATION ZONE



2.3.1 CONCENTRATION

This control is provided to ensure that the concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid waste effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS will be less than the concentration levels specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. This limitation provides additional assurance that the levels of radioactive materials in bodies of water in UNRESTRICTED AREAS will result in exposures within (1) the Section II.A design objectives of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC, and (2) the limits of 10 CFR 20.1301(e) to the population. The concentration limits for dissolved or entrained noble gases are based upon the assumption that Xe-135 is the controlling radioisotope and its MPC in air was converted to an equivalent concentration in water using the methods described in the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) Publication 2.

The required detection capabilities for radioactive materials in liquid waste samples are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits can be found in HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300 (revised annually), Currie, L.A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry," Anal. Chem. 40, 586-93 (1968), and Hartwell, J.K., "Detection Limits for Radioanalytical Counting Techniques," Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company Report ARH-SA-215 (June, 1975).

2.3.2 DOSE

This Control is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.A, III.A, and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Control implements the guides set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as reasonably achievable". Also, for fresh water sites with drinking water supplies which can be potentially affected by plant operations, there is reasonable assurance that the operation of the facility will not result in radionuclide concentrations in the finished drinking water that are in excess of the requirements of 40 CFR Part 141. The dose calculation methodology and parameters in the ODCM implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data, such that the actual exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The equations specified in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive materials in liquid effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October, 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.113, "Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the Purpose of Implementing Appendix I," April, 1977.

2.3.3 LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

The requirement that the appropriate portions of this system be used when specified provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as reasonably achievable". This specification implements the requirements of 10 CFR 50.35a, General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50 and the design objective given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for liquid effluents.

2.4 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive gaseous effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents during actual or potential releases of gaseous effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63, and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

2.4.1 DOSE RATE

This control is provided to ensure that the dose at any time at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY from gaseous effluents from the site will be within the annual dose limits of 10 CFR Part 20 to UNRESTRICTED AREAS. The annual dose limits are the dose associated with the concentrations of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column I. These limits provide reasonable assurance that radioactive material discharged in gaseous effluents will not result in the exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC in an UNRESTRICTED AREA, either within or outside the SITE BOUNDARY, to annual average concentrations exceeding the limits specified in Appendix B, Table II of 10 CFR Part 20 (10 CFR 20.106(b)(1)). For MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC who may at times be within the SITE BOUNDARY, the occupancy factor for that MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC will usually be sufficiently low to compensate for any increase in the atmospheric diffusion factor for above that for the SITE BOUNDARY. Examples of calculations for such MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC, with the appropriate occupancy factors, are given in the ODCM. The specified release rate limits restrict, at all times, the corresponding gamma and beta dose rates above background to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY to less than or equal to 500 mrems/year to the total

body or to low equal to 3000 mrems/year to the skin. These release rate also restrict, at all times, the corresponding thyroid does rate above background to a child via the inhalation parkway to be a than or equal to 1500 mrems/year.

This Control applies to the release of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents from all reactors at the site.

The required detection capability for radioactive materials in gaseous waste samples are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits can be found in HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300 (revised annually), Currie, L.A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry," Anal. Chem. 40, 586-93 (1986), and Hartwell, J.K., "Detection Limits for Radioanalytical Counting Techniques." Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company Report ARH-SA-215 (June 1975).

2.4.2 DOSE - NOBLE GASES

This control is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.B, III.A, and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The control implements the guides set forth in Section II.B of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as reasonably achievable". The Surveillance Requirements implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on appropriate pathways in unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The dose calculation established in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision I, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routing Releases from Light-Water Cooled Reactors," Revision 1, July 1977 with site specific dispersion curves and deposition methodology. The ODCM equations provided for determining the air doses at an beyond the SITE BOUNDARY are based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions.

2.4.3 DOSE - IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM

This control is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.C, III.A, and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The controls are the guides set forth in Section II.C of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The ODCM calculational methods specified in the Surveillance Requirements implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data, such that the actual exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The ODCM calculational methods for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of the subject materials are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, " Revision I, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors, " Revision 1, July 1977 with site specific dispersion curves and deposition methodology. These equations also provide for determining the actual doses based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions. The release rate specifications for iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days are dependent on the existing radionuclides pathways to man in areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY. The pathways which were examined in the development of these calculations were: (1) individual inhalation of airborne radionuclides, (2) deposition of radionuclides onto green leafy vegetation with subsequent consumption by man, (3) deposition onto grassy areas where milk animals and meat-producing animals graze with consumption of the milk and meat by man, and (4) deposition on the ground with subsequent exposure of man.

2.4.4 <u>VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM</u>

The requirement that the appropriate portions of this system be used, when specified, provides reasonable assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." This control implements the requirements of 10 CFR 50.36a, General Design Criteria 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50, and the design objectives given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use

of appropriate portions of the systems were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Section II.B and II.C of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for gaseous effluents.

2.4.5 VENTING OR PURGING

This control provides reasonable assurance that releases from drywell purging operations will not exceed the annual dose limits of 10 CFR Part 20 for UNRESTRICTED AREAS.

2.4.6 TOTAL DOSE

This control is provided to meet the gose limitations of 40 CFR Part 190 that have been incorporated into 10 CFR Part 20 by 46 CFR 18525. The control requires the preparation and submittal of a Special Report whenever the calculated doses from plant radioactive effluents exceed twice the design objective doses of Appendix I. For sites containing up to four reactors, it is highly unlikely that the resultant dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC will exceed the dose limits of 40 CFR 190 if the individual reactors remain within the reporting requirement level.

The Special Report will describe a course of action that should result in the limitation of the annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC to within the 40 CFR Part 190 limits. For the purposes of the Special Report, it may be assumed that the dose commitment to the MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from other uranium fuel cycle sources is negligible, with the exception that dose contributions from other nuclear fuel cycle facilities at the same site or within a radius of 5 miles must be considered. If the dose to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is estimated to exceed the requirements of 40 CFR Part 190, the Special Report with a request for a variance (provided the release condition resulting in violation of 40 CFR Part 190 have not already been corrected), in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 190.11 and 10 CFR 20.405c, is considered to be a timely request and fulfills the requirements of 40 CFR Part 90 until NRC staff action is completed. An individual is not considered a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC during any period in which he/she is engaged in carrying out any operation that is part of the nuclear fuel cycle.

2.5 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) required by this control provides representative measurements of radiation and of radioactive materials in those exposure pathways and for those radionuclides that lead to the highest potential radiation exposures of MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC resulting from the station operation. This monitoring program implements Section IV.B.2 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 and thereby supplements the radiological effluent monitoring program by verifying that the measurable concentrations of radioactive materials and levels of radiation are not higher than expected

on the basis of the effluent measurements and modeling of the environmental exposure pathways.

The required detection capabilities for environmental sample analyses are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). The LLDs required by Table I3.4-3 are considered optimum for routine environmental measurements in industrial laboratories. It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not an after the fact limit for a particular measurement.

Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits, can be found in HASL Procedures Manual, <u>HASL-300</u> (revised annually); Currie L.A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry," Anal. Chem. 40, 586-93 (1968), and Hartwell, J.K., "Detection Limits for Radioanalytical Counting Techniques," Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company Report ARH-SA-215 (June, 1975).

2.5.1 LAND USE CENSUS

This control is provided to ensure that changes in the use of areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY are identified and that modifications to the monitoring program are made if required by the results of the census. The best information from the doorto-door survey, aerial survey or consulting with local agricultural authorities or any combination of these methods shall be used. This census satisfies the requirements of Section IV.B.3 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. Restricting the census to gardens of greater than 500 square feet provides assurance that significant exposure pathways via leafy vegetables will be identified and monitored since a garden of this size is the minimum required to produce the quantity (26 Kg/year) of leafy vegetables assumed in Regulatory Guide 1.109 for consumption by a child. To determine this minimum garden size, the following assumptions were used: (1) that 20% of the garden was used for growing broad leafy vegetation (i.e. similar to lettuce and cabbage), and (2) a vegetation yield of 2 kg/Square meter.

2.5.2 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

The requirement for participation in an Interlaboratory Comparison Program ensures that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive material in environmental sample matrices are performed as part of the quality assurance program for environmental monitoring in order to demonstrate that the results are reasonably valid for the purpose of Section IV.B.2 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50.

2.6 APPLICABILITY

2.6.1 Compliance with the controls contained in the succeeding controls section is required during the OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS

or other conditions specified therein; except that upon failure to meet the controls, the associated ACTION requirements shall be met.

- 2.6.2 Non compliance with a control shall exist when the requirements of the control and associated ACTION requirements are not performed within the specified time intervals. If the control is restored prior to expiration of the specified time intervals, completion of the ACTION requirements is not required.
- 2.6.3 There are no actions in the ODCM which would require an operational condition change.
- 2.6.4 There are no restrictions on changing operating conditions in any of the controls on the ODCM.
- 2.6.5 Surveillance Requirements shall be met during the OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS or other conditions specified for individual controls unless otherwise stated in an individual Surveillance Requirement.
- 2.6.6 Each Surveillance Requirement shall be performed within the specified interval with a maximum allowable extension not to exceed 25% of the surveillance interval.
- 2.6.7 Failure to perform a Surveillance Requirement within the allowed surveillance interval defined by control 2.6.6, shall constitute noncompliance with the OPERABILITY requirements for a control. The time limits of the ACTION requirements are applicable at the time it is identified that a Surveillance Requirement has not been performed. The ACTION requirements may be delayed for up to 24 hours to permit the completion of the surveillance when the allowable outage time limits of the ACTION requirements are less than 24 hours. Surveillance requirements do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment.
- # The associated bases from the LGS Technical Specifications applies to this section.

3.0 METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

CONTROLS

3.1 The metecrological monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table I3.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With less than the minimum required instrumentation channels operable for more than 7 days, prepare and submit a Special Report to the Commission pursuant to LGS Technical Specification 6.9.2 within the next 10 days outlining the cause of the malfunction and the plans for restoring the instrumentation to OPERABLE status.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.1-1 Each of the above required meteorological monitoring instrumentation channels shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by the performance of the CHANNEL CHECK and CHANNEL CALTERATION operations at the frequencies shown in Table I3.1-2.

TABLE 13.1-1 METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

INST	RUMENT		Tower 1 (Primary)	Tower 2 (Backup)	MINIMUM INSTRUMENT OPERABLE
1.	Wind	Speed			
	a.	Elevation 1			1
	b.	Elevation 2	175 feet	304 feet	1
2.	Wind	Direction			
	a.	Elevation 1			1
	b.	Elevation 2	175 feet	304 feet	1
3.	Air T	emperature Diffe	erence (AT)		
	a.	Elevations		300 feet-	
			26 feet	26 feet	1

TABLE 13.1-2

METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

INSTRUMENT	Channel Check	Channel CALIBRATION
1. Wind Speed		
a. Elevation 1 (Tower 1 and Tower 2) b. Elevation 2 (Tower 1 and Tower 2)	D D	SA SA
2. Wind Direction		
a. Elevation 1 (Tower 1 and Tower 2) b. Elevation 2 (Tower 1 and Tower 2)	D D	SA SA
3. Air Temperature Difference (△T)		
a. Elevations 266 - 26 ft (Tower 1 b. Elevations 300 - 26 ft (Tower 2)) D	SA SA

NOTE:

The meteorological towers shall be located as shown on Figure I3.1-1. For backup sources of data retrieval, refer to Table I3.1-3.

TABLE 13.1-3

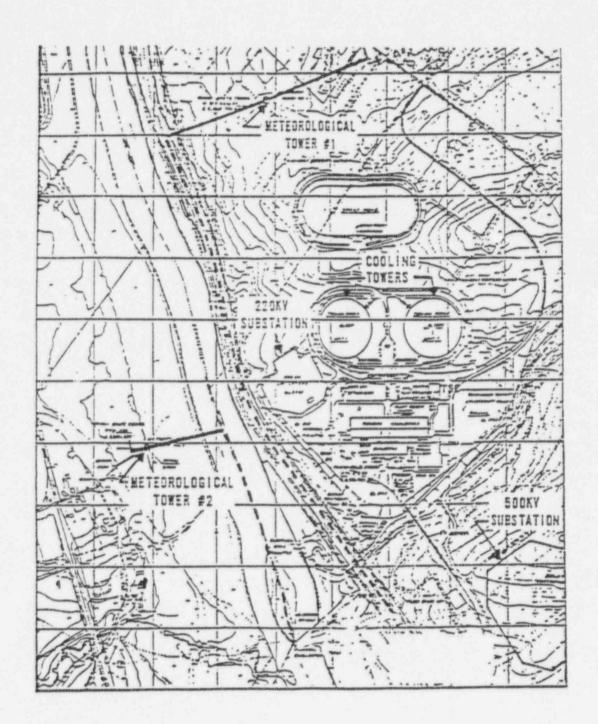
METEOROLOGICAL TOWER DATA RETRIEVAL

INSTRUMENT	TOWER 1	TOWER 2		DATA LOGGER
DATA			RM-21A	Channel #
Wind Speed a. Elev. 1	Strip Chart	Strip Chart	RM-21A	1 (TWR1) 14 (TWR2)
Wind Speed b. Elev. 2	Strip Chart	Strip Chart	RM-21A	5 (TWR1) 21 (TWR2)
Wind Dir. a. Elev. 1	Strip Chart	Strip Chart	RM-21A	0 (TWR1) 13 (TWR2)
Wind Dir. b. Elev. 2	Strip Chart	Strip Chart	RM-21A	4 (TWR1) ∠0 (TWR2)
DELTA T	Multi-pt Rec	Multi-pt Rec	RM-21A	7 (TWR1) 23 (TWR2)

PRIMARY OPTION:

- A) IF DATA IS UNAVAILABLE FOR TOWER 1
 THEN verify corresponding data available for Tower 2
- DATA IS AVAILABLE FROM RM-21, DATA LOGGER OR STRIP CHARTS. THE SOURCES OF DATA IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE ARE THE RM-21, DATA LOGGER OR STRIP CHARTS. DATA LOGGER AND STRIP CHARTS ARE LOCATED IN THE CONTROL ROOM.

Figure I3.1-1
Meteorological Tower Location



3.2 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

CONTROLS

3.2.1 The radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table I3.2-1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that Control I3.2.2 is not exceeded. The alarm/setpoints* of these channels shall be determined and adjusted in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM - Part II, Section 1.2.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above control, immediately suspend the release of radioactive liquid effluents monitored by the affected channel, and declare the channel inoperable.
- b. With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table I3.2-1. Restore the inoperable instrumentation to OPERABLE status within the time specified in the ACTION or explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why this inoperability was not corrected within the time specified.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.2.1-1 Each radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST performance at the frequencies shown in Table 13.2-2.

^{*} Excluding the flow rate measuring devices which are not determined and adjusted in accordance with the ODCM.

TABLE 13.2-1

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

	INSTRUMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	ACTION
1.	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line b. A/B RHR Service Water Effluent Line	1 1/loop	100
2.	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Not Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Service Water Effluent Line	1	101
3.	Flow Rate Measurement Devices a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line b. Discharge Line	1	102

ACTION STATEMENTS

Action 100-

With less than the Minimum Required Channels operable, effluent releases may continue for up to 14 days provided that prior to initiating a release:

a. At least two independent samples are analyzed in

accordance with Table I3.2-3, and

b. At least two technically qualified members of the facility staff independently verify the release rate calculations and discharge line valving; Otherwise, suspend release of radioactive effluents via this pathway.

Action 101-

With less than the Minimum Required Channels operable, effluent releases via this pathway may continue for up to 30 days provided that, at least once per 8 hours, grab samples are collected and analyzed for radioactivity by gamma isotopic analysis (Principal Gamma Emitters, I-131, and Dissolved/ Entrained Gases) as a Lower Limit of Detection as specified in Table I3.2-3 or gross radioactivity (beta and gamma). Gross Beta is analyzed at an LLD of at least 1N7 μ Ci/ml. Gross Gamma is analyzed at an LLD of at least 5N7 μ Ci/ml.

If the A or B RHRSW Process Rad Monitor should become inoperable, sampling is required at least once every eight (8) hours at a sample point common with the inoperable A and/or B RHRSW Process Rad Monitor(s) whether or not the respective 1C/2C and/or 1D/2D RHRSW Process Rad Monitors are operable. However, there are no additional sampling requirements when the 1C/2C and/or 1D/2D RHRSW Process Rad Monitors are inoperable since monitoring requirements are satisfied through the operable A and/or B RHRSW Process Rad Monitors or the inop sampling of those points.

If a monitor is inoperable but will still continuously sample and annunciate on high activity, i.e. rad monitor bypass switch placed in "Bypass", Chemistry sampling is not required as the continuous monitor sampling complies with the periodic sampling requirement.

Action 102-

With less than the Minimum Required Channels operable, effluent releases via this pathway may continue for up to 30 days provided the flow rate is estimated at least once per 4 hours during actual releases. Pump curves generated in situation may be used to estimate flow.

TABLE 13.2-2

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

INSTRUMENT	CHECK	SOURCE	CALIBRATION	FUNCTIONAL
Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release				
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line b. RHR Service Water System Effluent Line	D*	D* M	R(3) R(3)	Q(1) Q(1)
a. Service Water System Effluent Line	D	М	R(3)	Q(2)
Flow Rate Measurement Devices				
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line b. Discharge Line	D(4) D(4)	N.A. N.A.	R R	Q Q
	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line b. RHR Service Water System Effluent Line Gross Radioactivity Monitored Not Provide Automatic Termination of Release a. Service Water System Effluent Line Flow Rate Measurement Devices a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D* b. RHR Service Water System Effluent Line D Gross Radioactivity Monitored Not Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Service Water System Effluent Line D Flow Rate Measurement Devices a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D(4)	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D* D* b. RHR Service Water System Effluent Line D M Gross Radioactivity Monitored Not Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Service Water System Effluent Line D M Flow Rate Measurement Devices a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D(4) N.A.	Gross Radioactivity Monitors Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D* D* R(3) b. RHR Service Water System Effluent Line D M R(3) Gross Radioactivity Monitored Not Providing Automatic Termination of Release a. Service Water System Effluent Line D M R(3) Flow Rate Measurement Devices a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line D(4) N.A. R

^{*} Daily when in use

TABLE I3.2-2 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- (1) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that automatic isolation of this pathway and control room alarm annunciation will occur if any of the following conditions exists:
 - Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm/trip setpoint.
 - 2. Circuit failure.
 - 3. Instrument indicates a downscale failure.
- (2) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exists:
 - Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm setpoint.
 - 2. Circuit failure.
 - 3. Instrument indicates a downscale failure.
- (3) The initial CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be performed using reference standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) obtained from suppliers that participate in measurement assurance activities with NIST. These standards shall permit calibrating the system over its intended range of energy and measurements range. For subsequent CHANNEL CALIBRATION, sources that have been related to the initial calibration shall be used.
- (4) CHANNEL CHECK shall consist of verifying indication of flow during periods of release. CHANNEL CHECK shall be made at least once per 24 hours on days on which batch releases are made.

CONCENTRATION

CONTROLS

3.2.2 The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS (see Figure I2.2-1a,b) shall be limited to the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained nobles gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2E-4 microcuries/ml total activity.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With the concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS exceeding the above limits, immediately restore the concentration to within the above limits or terminate the release.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.2.2-1 Radioactive liquid wastes shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis program of Table I3.2-3.
- 3.2.2-2 The results of the radioactivity analyses shall be used in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II. Section 1.3 to assure that the concentrations at the point of release are maintained within the limits of Control I3.2.2.

TABLE 13.2-3

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Liquid Release Type			oling quency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of of Activity	wer Limit Detection (LLD)* (uCi/Ml)
Α.	Batch Waste Release Tanks ^b	P Each Batch		P Each Bat	Principal Gamma ch Emitters°	5E-7
					I-131	1E-6
1.	Floor or Equip. Drain Sample Tanks	One	P Batch/M	М	Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma Emitters)°	1E-5
2.	Laundry Drain Sample Tank	Each	P Batch	M Composite ^d	H-3	1E-5
					Gross Alpha	1E-7
		Eacl	P n Batch	Q Composite ^d	Sr-89, Sr-90	5E-8
					Fe-55	1E-6
В.	Continuous Release	Grab	W Sample	W	Principal Gamma Emitters ^c	5E-7
		ry de la la Talantesana			I-131	1E-6
1.	RHR Service Water System Effluent Line	Grab	W Sample	W	Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma Emitters)	1E-5
2.	Service Water System	Grab	W Sample	M Composite ^d	H-3	1E-5
	Effluent Line ^f				Gross Alpha	1E-7
		Grab	W Sample	Q Composite ^d	Sr-89. Sr-90	5E-8
					Fe-55	1E-6

TABLE I3.2-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

a. The LLD is defined as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

LLD =
$$\frac{(2.71 + 4.66s_{g}) (1-exp(-\lambda\Delta t_{2}))}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22E6 \cdot Y \cdot [exp(-\lambda\Delta t_{1})] (\lambda\Delta t_{2})}$$

LLD (Grab Samples) =
$$\frac{(2.71 + 4.66 \text{ s}_g)}{\text{E} \cdot \text{V} \cdot 2.22E6 \cdot \text{Y} (exp - \lambda \Delta t_1)}$$

Where:

LLD is the <u>a priori</u> lower limit of detection as defined above (as microcuries per unit mass or volume),

 s_8 is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency, as counts per disintegration.

V is the sample size, in units of mass or volume,

2.22E6 is the number of disintegrations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

 λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

 Δt_1 for the plant effluents is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the time of counting.

 Δt_2 for the plant effluents is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the start of sample collection.

Typical values of E, V, Y, Δt_1 and Δt_2 should be used in calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an <u>a priori</u> (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an after the fact limit for a particular measurement.

TABLE I3.2-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- b. A batch release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a discrete volume. Prior to sampling for analyses, each batch shall be isolated, and then thoroughly mixed to assure representative sampling.
- The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies include the following radionuclides: Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141 and Ce-144. The dissolved and entrained noble gases (gamma emitters) for which the LLD specification applies include the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, Xe-135m, Xe138. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other gamma peaks that are identifiable, together with those of the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Semiannual Radioactive Effluent Release Report pursuant to Control 3.6.
- d. The term "Composite Sample" means a combination of individual samples obtained at regular intervals over a time period. Either the volume of each individual sample is proportional to discharge flow rates, or the sampling interval (for constant volume samples) is proportional to flow rates over the time period used to produce the composite.
- e. A continuous release is the discharge of liquid wastes of nondiscrete volume, from a Volume of a system that has an input flow during the continuous release.
- f. Whenever effluent releases are in excess of the monitor's setpoint.

DOSE

CONTROLS

- 3.2.3 The dose or dose commitment to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from the site to UNRESTRICTED AREAS (See Figure I2.2-la) shall be limited:
 - a. During any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 3 mrems to the total body and to less than or equal to 10 mrems to any organ, and
 - b. During any calendar year to less than or equal to 6 mrems to the total body and to less than or equal to 20 mrems to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With the calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid effluents exceeding any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions that have been taken to reduce the releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits. This Special Report shall also include the radiological impact on finished drinking water supplies at the nearest downstream drinking water source.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.2.3-1 Cumulative dose contributions from liquid effluents for the current calendar quarter and the current calendar year shall be determined using ST-0-104-878-0 at least once per 31 days.

LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

CONTROLS

3.2.4 The liquid radwaste treatment system shall be IN SERVICE and appropriate portions of the system shall be used to reduce the radioactive materials in liquid waste prior to their discharge when the projected doses due to the liquid effluent, from the site, to UNRESTRICTED AREAS (See Figure I2.2-1a) would exceed 0.06 mrem to the total body or 0.2 mrem to any organ in a 31-day period.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With radioactive liquid waste being discharged without treatment or in excess of the above limits, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, prepare a Special Report which includes the following information:
 - Explanation of what liquid radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of any inoperable equipment or subsystems, and the reason for the inoperability.
 - Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
 - Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.
- b. Submit report to Commission within 30 days.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.2.4-1 Dose due to liquid releases from the site to UNRESTRICTED AREAS shall be projected at least once per 31 days using ST-0-104-878-0.

3.3 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

CONTROLS

3.3.1 The radioactive gaseous effluents monitoring instrumentation channels in Table I3.3-1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of ODCM Control Part I Section 3.3.2 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip setpoints of the applicable channels shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II, Section 2.2.

APPLICABILITY: As shown in Table 13.3-1.

ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoints less conservative than required by Part II Section 2.2, immediately suspend the release of radioactive gaseous effluents monitored by the affected channel or declare the channel inoperable.
- b. With less than the minimum number of radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table I3.3-1. Restore the inoperable instrumentation to OPERABLE status within the time specified in the ACTION. If the inoperable instrumentation is not restored within the time specified in the ACTION statement: create an AR in PIMS to ensure an explanation is written by the responsible System Engineer and is included in AERR by the Effluent Physicist.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.3.1-1 Each radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION AND CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 13.3-2.

TABLE 13.3-1

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

	NIMUM CHANNEL OPERABLE	S APPLICABILITY	ACTION
INSTRUMENT	OPERABLE	APPLICABILITI	ACTION
SOUTH STACK EFFLUENT MONITORING SYSTEM			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor	1	*	111
b. Iodine Sampler	1	*	112
c. Particulate Sampler	1	*	112
d. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor	1	*	113
e. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	1	*	113
NORTH STACK EFFLUENT MONITORING SYSTEM #			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor	1	*	114
b. Iodine Sampler	1	*	112
c. Particulate Sampler	1	*	112
d. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor	1	*	113
e. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	1	*	113
HOT MAINTENANCE SHOP VENTILATION EXHAUST RADIAT	ION MONITOR		
a. Iodine Sampler	1	**	112
b. Particulate Sampler	1	**	112
c. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor	1	**	113
d. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	1	**	113

The (A or B) North Stack Normal Range Radiation Monitors OR the Wide Range Accident Monitor (Low Range) may be used to satisfy requirements for the North Stack Effluent Monitoring System.

NOTE: With regard to Actions 111, 112, 113, and 114; with less than the minimum Required Channels operable for greater than 30 days prepare and submit a Special Report to the Effluent Physicist within the next 10 days outlining the cause of the malfunction and the plans for restoring the instruments to OPERABLE Status. Sampling shall continue until the minimum channel operability requirement is met.

- * At all times.
- ** During operation of the hot maintenance shop ventilation system.

TABLE I3.3-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

ACTION STATEMENTS

ACTION 111 - (SS Noble Gas)

With less than the minimum Required Channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue for up to 30 days provided grab samples are taken per ST-5-026-580-* at least once per 8 hours and these samples are analyzed for gross activity within 24 hours.

ACTION 112* - (Iodine & Part.)

With less than the minimum Required Channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue for up to 30 days provided samples are continuously collected with auxiliary sampling equipment per St-5-076-815-*, ST-5-076-820-* as required in Table I3.3-3.

IF the Sample Pump is operable, a particulate and iodine sample can be obtained;

IF the Sample Pump is operable, a particulate and iodine sample can be obtained;

AND the Minimum Channels Operable requirements are satisfied.

ACTION 113* - (Eff. & Smpl. Flow Rate)

With less than the minimum Required Channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via NS, SS or HMS may continue for up to 30 days provided the flow rate is estimated by adding the nominal flow rates indicated in P&ID M-26 for each in-service fan. This shall be documented in the MCR operations Shift Log at least once per 4 hours.

ACTION 114 - (NS Noble Gas)

With less than the minimum Required Channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue for up to 30 days provided grab samples are taken per ST-5-026-580-0 at least once per 8 hours and these samples are analyzed for gross activity within 24 hours. The Mechanical Vacuum Pumps may not be operated during this LCO.

If release point is the Hot Maintenance Shop, Then secure ventilation because no means exist to alternately sample the ventilation.

TABLE 13.3-2

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	INSTRUMENT	CHANNEL		CHANNEL CALIBR.	CHANNEL FUNCT. TEST	MODES IN WHICH SURVEILLANCE IS REQUIRED
1.	SOUTH STACK EFFLUENT MONITORING SYST	EM				
	a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor	D	М	R(2)	Q(1)	*
	b. Iodine Sampler	W(3)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	*
	c. Particulate Sampler	W(3)	N.A.		N.A.	*
	d. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor		N.A.	R	Q	*
	e. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	D	N.A.	R	Q	*
2.	NORTH STACK EFFLUENT MONITORING SYST	EM #				
-	a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)	*
	b. Iodine Sampler	W(3)	N.A.	N.A.		*
	c. Particulate Sampler	W(3)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	*
	d. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor		N.A.	R	Q	*
	e. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	D	N.A.	R	Q	*
3.	HOT MAINTENANCE SHOP VENTILATION EXH	AUST RAD	IATION N	MONITOR		
	a. Iodine Sampler	W(3)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	**
	b. Particulate Sampler	W(3)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	**
	c. Effluent System Flow Rate Monitor		N.A.	R	Q	**
	d. Sampler Flow Rate Monitor	D	N.A.	R	Q	**

[#] Wide Range Accident Monitor (WRAM) surveillance is specified in Technical Specification 3.3.7.5.

^{*} At all times.

^{**} During operation of the hot maintenance shop ventilation exhaust system.

TABLE 13.3-2 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- (1) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exists:
 - 1. Instruments indicate measured levels above the alarm/trip setpoint.

2. Circuit failure.

- 3. Instrument indicates a downscale failure.
- 4. Instrument controls not set in operate mode.
- The initial CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be performed using one or more of the reference standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Testing (NIST) or using standards that have been obtained from suppliers that participate in measurement assurance activities with NIST. These standards shall permit calibrating the system over its intended range of energy and measurement range. For subsequent CHANNEL CALIBRATION, sources that are traceable to the initial calibration shall be used.
- (3) The iodine cartridges and particulate filters will be changed and analyzed at least once per 7 days.

GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

CONTROLS

- 3.3.2 The dose rate due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY (See Figure I2.2-la) shall be limited to:
 - a. For noble gases: less than or equal to 500 mrems/yr to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrems/yr to the skin, and
 - b. For iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days: less than or equal to 1500 mrems/yr to any organ. (Inhalation pathways only.)

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With the dose rate(s) exceeding the above limits, immediately restore the release rate to within the above limits.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.3.2-1 The dose rate due to noble gases in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits using ST-0-104-879-0.
- 3.3.2-2 The dose rate due to iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits using ST-0-104-879-0 by obtaining representative samples and performing analyses in accordance with the sampling and analysis program specified in Table I3.3-3.

TABLE 13.3-3

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Gaseous Release	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)* (uCi/Ml)
A. North Stack/ South Stack	Continuous	Q Comp. Part. Sample	Gross Alpha Sr-89, Sr-90	1E-11 1E-11
	Mp			
	Grab Smpl.	Mb	Noble Gas H-3	1E-4 1E-6
	Continuousd	Wc		
		Char. Smpl.	I-131 I-133	1E-12 1E-10
		Part. Smpl.	Principal Gamma Emitters	1E-11
	Continuousd	Continuous Noble Gas Monitor	Noble Gas Beta or Gamma	1E-6 (Based or Xe-133)
B. Hot Mainten.	Continuous	Q Comp. Part. Smpl.	Gross Alpha Sr-89, Sr-90	1E-11 1E-11
	Continuousd			
		Char. Smpl.	I-131	1E-12
		Part. Smpl.	I-133 Principal Gamma	1.E-10
		and the same of	Emitters	1E-11

TABLE 13.3-3 (Continued) TABLE NOTATIONS

a. The LLD is defined, as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal. It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an after the fact limit for a particular measurement.

For a particular measurement system, (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{(2.71 + 4.66s_g) (1-exp(-\lambda\Delta t_2))}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22E6 \cdot Y \cdot [exp(-\lambda\Delta t_1)] (\lambda\Delta t_2)}$$

$$LLD (Grab Samples) = \frac{(2.71 + 4.66 s_g)}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22E6 \cdot Y (exp - \lambda\Delta t_1)}$$

Where:

LLD is the <u>a priori</u> lower limit of detection as defined above (uCi/cc or uCi/mL),

 s_8 is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of blank sample as appropriate (as cpm), shall be based on the actual observed variance of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of the blank samples (as appropriate) rather than on an unverified theoretically predicted variance.

E is the counting efficiency, as cpdis,

V is the sample size, in units of cc or ml,

2.22E6 is the number of dpm/uCi

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

 λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

 Δt_1 for the plant effluents is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the time of counting.

 Δt_2 for the plant effluents is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the start of sample collection.

Typical values of E, V, Y Δt_1 and Δt_2 should be used in calculation.

TABLE 13.3-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- b. Sampling and analyses shall also be performed following shutdown, startup, or a THERMAL POWER change exceeding 15% of the RATED THERMAL POWER within a 1-hour period using RT-5-000-876-*. This requirement does not apply if (1) analysis show that the DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 concentration in the primary coolant has not increased more than a factor of 3; and (2) the main condenser offgas pre-treatment radioactivity monitor shows that effluent activity has not increased more than a factor of 3.
- Samples shall be changed at least once per 7 days and analyses shall be completed within 48 hours after changing, or after removal from sampler. Sampling shall also be performed at least once per 24 hours for at least 7 days following each shutdown, startup or THERMAL POWER change exceeding 15% of RATED THERMAL POWER in 1 hour and analyses completed within 48 hours of changing. When samples collected for 24 hours are analyzed, the corresponding LLDs may be increased by a factor of 10. This requirement does not apply if (1) analysis shows that the DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 concentration in the primary coolant has not increased more than a factor of 3; and (2) the noble gas monitor shows that effluent activity has not increased more than a factor of 3.
- d. The ratio of the sample flow rate to the sampled stream flow rate shall be known for the time period covered by each dose or dose rate calculation made in accordance with Controls 3.3.2, 3.3.3, and 3.3.4.
- e. The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies include the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, Xe-135m and Xe-138 for gaseous emissions and Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, I-131, Cs-124, Cs-137, Ce-141 and Ce-144 for particulate emissions. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other gamma peaks which are identifiable, together with the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report, pursuant to Control 3.6
- f. Under the provisions of footnote e. above, only noble gases need to be considered.
- g. Required for the hot maintenance shop ventilation exhaust only during operation of the hot maintenance shop ventilation exhaust system.

DOSE - NOBLE GASES

CONTROLS

- 3.3.3 The air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents, from the site to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY (See Figure I2.2-la) shall be limited to the following:
 - a. During any calendar quarter: less than or equal to 10 mrads for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mrads for beta radiation, and
 - b. During any calendar year: less than or equal to 20 mrads for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 40 mrads for beta radiation.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

a. With the calculated air dose from radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions that have been taken to reduce the releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.3.3-1 Cumulative dose contributions for the current quarter and current calendar year for noble gases shall be determined using ST-0-104-879-0 and ST-0-104-883-0 every 31 days.

DOSE - IODINE - 133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM CONTROLS

- 3.3.4 The dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents released from the site to areas at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY (See Figure I2.2-1a) shall be limited to the following:
 - a. During any calendar quarter: less than or equal to 15 mrems to any organ and,
 - b. During any calendar year: less than or equal to 30 mrems to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

a. With the calculated dose from the release of iodine131, iodine-133, tritium and all radionuclides in
particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days
in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above
limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30
days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a
Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for
exceeding the limit and defines the corrective actions
that have been taken to reduce the releases and the
proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that
subsequent releases will be in compliance with the
above limits.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.3.4-1 Cumulative dose contributions for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year for iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium and radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days shall be determined using ST-0-104-879-0 once per 31 days.

VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM

CONTROLS

3.3.5 The VE: TLATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be IN SERVICE and appropriate portions of the system shall be used to reduce radioactive material in gaseous waste prior to their discharge when the projected doses due to gaseous effluent releases, from the site to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY (See Figure I2.2-la) when averaged over 31 days would exceed 0.6 mrem to any organ in a 31-day period.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With gaseous waste being discharged without treatment, or in excess of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report which includes the following information:
 - Explanation of why gaseous radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of any inoperable equipment or subsystems, and the reason for the inoperability.
 - Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
 - Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.3.5-1 Doses due to gaseous releases from the site to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY shall be projected at least once per 31 days using ST-0-104-879-0.

VENTING OR PURGING

CONTROLS

3.3.6 The VENTING or PURGING of the Mark II containment shall be through the standby gas treatment system.

APPLICABILITY: Whenever the containment is vented or purged.*

ACTION:

a. With the requirements of the above specification not satisfied, suspend all VENTING and PURGING of the containment.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.3.6-1 The containment shall be determined to be aligned for VENTING or PURGING through the standby gas treatment system within 4 hours prior to start of and at least once per 12 hours during VENTING or PURGING of the containment.
- 3.3.6-2 Prior to use of the purge system through the standby gas treatment system assure that:
 - a. Both standby gas treatment system trains are OPERABLE whenever the purge system is in use, and
 - b. Whenever the purge system is in use during OPERATIONAL CONDITION 1 or 2 or 3, only one of the standby gas treatment system trains shall be used to prevent damage to both trains should a LOCA occur (LCO 3.6.5.3 ACTION a applies during this configuration).
- * Except after Containment is deinerted and purged while the reactor is in OPCON 4 or 5

 OR for the one inch/two inch vent valves to the Reactor Enclosure Equipment Compartment Exhaust Filters when used for containment pressure control and nitrogen make-up operations.

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS TOTAL DOSE CONTROLS

3.3.7 The annual (calendar year) dose or dose commitment to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC, due to releases of radioactivity and radiation, from uranium fuel cycle sources shall be limited to less than or equal to 25 mrems to the total body or any organ, except the thyroid, which shall be limited to less than or equal to 75 mrems.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

a. With the calculated doses from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceeding twice the limits of ODCM Controls I3.2.3.a, I3.2.3.b, I3.3.3.a, I3.3.3.b, I3.3.4.a or I3.3.4.b, calculations shall be made including direct radiation contributions from the reactor units and from outside storage tanks to determine whether the above limits of ODCM Control 3.3.7 have been exceeded. If such is the case, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that defines the corrective action to be taken to reduce subsequent releases to prevent recurrence of exceeding the above limits and includes the schedule for achieving conformance with the above limits. This Special Report, as defined in 10 CFR 20.2203, shall include an analysis that estimates the radiation exposure (dose) to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from the uranium fuel cycle sources, including all effluent pathways and direct radiation, for the calendar year that includes the release(s) covered by this report. It shall also describe levels of radiation and concentration of radioactive material involved, and the cause of the exposure levels or concentrations. If the estimated dose(s) exceeds the above limits, and if the release condition resulting in violation 40 CFR Part 190 has not already been corrected, the Special Report shall include a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 190. Submittal of the report is considered a timely request, and a variance is granted until staff action on the request is complete.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.3.7-1 Cumulative dose contributions from liquid and gaseous effluents shall be determined using ST-0-104-878-0, ST-0-104-879-0.
- 3.3.7-2 If the cumulative dose contributions exceed the limits defined in 3.3.7a, Cumulative dose contribution from direct radiation from unit operation shall be determined using ST-0-104-878-0, ST-0-104-879-0.

3.4 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM (REMP)

CONTROLS

3.4.1 The monitoring program shall be conducted as specified in Table I3.4-1.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With the radiological environmental monitoring program not being conducted as specified in Table I3.4-1, prepare and submit to the Commission, in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report per ODCM Control 3.5, a description of the reasons for not conducting the program as required and the plans for preventing a recurrence.
- b. With the level of radioactivity as the result of plant effluents in an environmental sampling medium at a specified location exceeding the reporting levels of Table I3.4-2 when averaged over any calendar quarter, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions to be taken to reduce radioactive effluents so that the potential annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is less than the calendar year limits of ODCM Controls I3.2.3, I3.3.3 and I3.3.4. When more than one of the radionuclides in Table I3.4-2 are detected in the sampling medium, this report shall be submitted if:

concentration (1) . concentration (2) reporting level (1) reporting level (2)

When radionuclides other than those in Table I3.4-2 are detected and are the result of plant effluents, this report shall be submitted if the potential annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is equal to or greater than the calendar year limits of ODCM Controls I3.2.3, I3.3.3 and I3.3.4. This report is not required if the measured level of radioactivity was not the result of plant effluents; however; in such an event, the condition shall be reported and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (Continued)

With milk or fresh leafy vegetable samples unavailable from one or more of the sample locations required by Table I3.4-1, identify locations for obtaining replacement samples and add them to the radiological environmental monitoring program within 30 days. The specific locations from which samples were unavailable may then be deleted from the monitoring program. Pursuant to Technical Specification 6.14, submit as a part of or concurrent with the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report, a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM, including a revised figure(s) and table for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s).

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.4.1-1 The radiological environmental monitoring samples shall be collected (using ST-0-104-800-0) pursuant to Table I3.4-1 from the specific locations given in the table and figure(s) in the ODCM and shall be analyzed pursuant to the requirements of Table I3,4-1, the detection capabilities required by the Table I3.4-3.

TABLE 13.4-1

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE

NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATION(a)

1 or 2 areas to serve as control

stations.

SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQ.

TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

1. DIRECT RADIATION(b)

40 routine monitoring stations At least Quarterly either with two or more dosimeters or with one instrument for measuring and recording dose rate continuously placed as follows: (1) An inner ring of stations, one in each meteorological sector, in the general area of the SITE BOUNDARY: (2) An outer ring of stations, one in each meteorological sector, in the 3-9 mile range from the site; (3) The balance of the stations placed in special interest areas such as population centers, nearby residences, schools and in

Gamma dose at least quarterly.

TABLE 13.4-1 (Continued)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATION(a)

SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQ.

TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

- 2.AIRBORNE Radioiodine and Particulates
- Samples from 5 locations:
 a.3 samples from close to the
 3 SITE BOUNDARY locations (in
 different sectors) of the
 highest calculated annual
 average ground level x/Q.
- b.1 sample from the vicinity community having one of the highest calculated annual ground level x/Q. 1 sample from a control location, as for example 15-30 km distant and in the least prevalent wind direction.

Continuous sampler operation with sample collection weekly, or more frequently if required by dust loading^c.

Radioiodine canisters: I-131 analysis weekly.

Particulate Sampler: Gross beta radio activity analysis following filter

change: d
Gamma isotopic
analysis of
composite (by
location) at least
quarterly

TABLE I3.4-1 (Continued)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE	NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATION ^(a)	SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQ.	TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS
3.WATERBOPNE a.Surface	1 sample upstream 1 sample downstream	Composite sample over 1-month period ⁹ .	Gamma isotopic analysis monthly. Composite for tritium analysis quarterly.
b.Ground	Samples from 1 or 2 sources only if likely to be affected	Quarterly.	
c.Drinking	1 sample of each on 1 to 3 of of the nearest water supplies that could be affected by its discharge.	Monthly. (Composite)	I-131 analysis on each composite when the dose calculated for the consumption of the water is greater than 1 mrem per
	1 sample from a control location		year. 1 Composite for gross beta and gamma isotopic analysis monthly. Comp- osite for tritium analysis quarterly.
d. Sediment from shoreline	1 sample from downstream area with existing or potential	Semiannually.	Gamma isotopic analysis ^e semiannually.

TABLE 13.4-1 (Continued)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXFOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE	NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATION(a)	SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQ.	TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS
4.INGESTION			
a. Milk	Samples from milking animals in 3 locations within 5 km distance having the highest dose potential. If there are none, then 1 sample from milking animals in each of 3 areas between 5 to 8 km distance where dose are calculated to be greater than 1 mrem per year. It is sample from milking animals at a control location (15-30 km distance) and in the least wind direction.	Semimonthly when animals are on pasture, monthly at other times.	Gamma isotopic and I-131 analysis semimonthly when animals are on pasture (April 1 - Oct. 1): monthly at other times.
b. Fish and Invertebrates	1 sample of two recreationally important species in vicinity of plant discharge area. 1 sample of same species in area not influenced by plant discharge	or semiannually if they are not seasonal.	Gamma isotopic ^e analysis on edible portions.

TABLE 13.4-1 (Continuec)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITOFING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE

NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATION(a)

SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQ. TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

4. INGESTION (Continued)

c. Food Products Samples of 3 different kinds of broad leaf vegetation grown nearest each of 2 different offsite locations of highest predicted annual average ground level D/Q if milk sampling is not preformed.

Monthly when available, if milk sampling is not preformed.

Gamma isotopice and I-131 analysis.

1 sample of each of the similar Monthly when availbroad leaf vegetation grown 15-30 km distance in the least prevalent wind direction if milk sampling is not performed.

able, if milk sampling I-131 analysis. is not performed.

Gamma isotopic and

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

TABLE I3.4-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- Specific parameters of distance and direction sector form the a. centerline of the two reactors and additional description where pertinent, shall be provided for each and every sample location in Table I3.4-1 in a table and figure(s) in the ODCM. Deviations are permitted from the required sampling schedule if specimens are unobtainable due to hazardous conditions, seasonal unavailability, malfunction of automatic sampling equipment and other legitimate reasons. If specimens are unobtainable due to sampling equipment malfunction, every effort shall be made to complete corrective action prior to the end of the next sampling period. All deviations from the sampling schedule shall be documented in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5. It is recognized that, at times, it may not be possible or practicable to continue to obtain samples of the media of choice at the most desired location or time. In these instances suitable alternative media and locations may be chosen for the particular pathway in question and appropriate substitutions made within 30 days in the radiological environmental monitoring program. Pursuant to Technical Specification 6.14, submit as a part of or concurrent with the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report a complete legible copy of the ODCM including a revised figure(s) and table for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s).
- b. One or more instruments, such as a pressurized ion chamber, for measuring and recoding dose rate continuously may be used in place of, or in addition to, integrating dosimeters. For the purpose of this table, a thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) is considered to be one phosphor; two or more phosphors in a packet are considered as two or more dosimeters. Film badges shall not be used as dosimeters for measuring direct radiation.
- c. Methodology for recovery of radioiodine shall be described in the ODCM.
- d. Airborne particulate sample filters shall be analyzed for gross beta radioactivity 24 hours or more after sampling to allow for radon and thoron daughter decay. If gross beta activity is air particulate samples is greater that 10 times the yearly mean of control samples, gamma isotopic analysis shall be performed on the individual samples.
- e. Gamma isotopic analysis means the identification and quantification of gamma-emitting radionuclides that may be attributable to the effluents from the facility.

- f. The "upstream sample" shall be taken at a distance beyond significant influence of the discharge. The "downstream sample" shall be taken in an area beyond but near the mixing zone.
- g. A composite sample is one in which the quantity (aliquot) of liquid sampled is proportional to the quantity of flowing liquid and in which the method of sampling employed results in a specimen that is representative of the liquid flow. In this program composite sample aliquots shall be collected at time intervals that are very short (e.g., hourly) relative to the compositing period (e.g., monthly) in order to assure obtaining a representative sample.
- h. Groundwater samples shall be taken when this source is tapped for drinking or irrigation purposes in areas where the hydraulic gradient or recharge properties are suitable for contamination.
- i. The dose shall be calculated for the maximum organ and age group, using ST-0-104-878-0.

TABLE 13.4-2

REPORTING LEVELS FOR RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES

Reporting Levels

	WATER	AIRBORNE PARTICULATE or	FISH	MILK	FOOD PRODUCTS
ANALYSIS	(pCi/L)	GASES (pCi/m³)	(pCi/kg, wet)	(pCi/L)	(pCi/kg, wet)
H-3	20,000*			CONTROL DE LA CO	
Mn-54	1,000		30,000		
Fe-59	400		10,000		
Co-58	1,000		30,000		
Co-60	300		10,000		
Zn-65	300		20,000		
Zr-Nb-95	400**				
I-131	2	0.9		3	100
Cs-134	30	10	1,000	60	1,000
Cs-137	50	20	2,000	70	2,000
Ba-La-140	200**			300	

^{*} For drinking water samples. This is 40 CFR Part 141 value. If no drinking pathway exists, a value of 30,000 pCi/L may be used.

^{**}Total for parent and daughter.

TABLE 13.4-3

DETECTION CAPABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS (a)

Lower limit of Detection (LLD) (b) (c)

	WATER	AIRBORNE PARTICULATE or		MILK (pCi/L)	FOOD PRODUCTS (pCi/kg, wet)	SEDIMENTS (pCi/kg, dry)
ANALYSIS	(pCi/L)	GASES (pCi/m³)				
Gross Bet	a 4	0.01				
H-3	2,000					
Mn-54	15		130			
Fe-59	30		260			
Co-58,60	15		130			
Zn-65	30		260			
Zr-95	30					
Nb-95	15					
I-131	1 (d)	0.07		1	60	
Cs-134	15	0.05	130	15	60	150
Cs-137	18	0.06	150	18	80	180
Ba-140	60			60		
La-140	15			15		

TABLE I3.4-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

- (a) This list dose not mean that only these nuclides are to considered. Other peaks that are identifiable at 95% confidence level, together with those of the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5.
- (b) Required detection capabilities for thermoluminescent dosimeters used for environmental measurements are given in Regulatory Guide 4.13.
- (c) The LLD is defined, for purposes of these controls, as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count (above system background) that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

4.66s_s

 $E \cdot V \cdot 2.22 \cdot Y \cdot \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)$

Where:

LLD is the <u>a priori</u> lower limit of detection as defined above (as picocuries per unit mass or volume),

 s_s is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency (as counts per disintegration),

V is the sample size (in units of mass or volume),

2.22 is the number of disintegrations per minute per picocurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable),

 λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

At for the environmental samples is the elapsed time between sample collection (or end of the sample collection period) and time of counting.

Typical values of E, V, Y, and At should be used in calculation.

TABLE I3.4-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an after the fact limit for a particular measurement. Analyses shall be performed in such a manner that the stated LLDs will be achieved under routine conditions. Occasionally background fluctuations, unavoidably small sample sizes, the presence of interfering nuclides, or other uncontrollable circumstances may render these LLDs unachievable. In such cases, the contributing factors shall be identified and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5.

(d) LLD for drinking water samples.

RADICLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

LAND USE CENSUS

CONTROL

3.4.2 A land use census shall be conducted and shall identify within a distance of 8 km (5 miles) the location (in each of the 16 meteorological sectors) of the nearest garden* of greater than 50 m² (500 ft²) producing broad leaf or vegetables.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With a land use census identifying a location(s) which yields a calculation dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in ODCM Control 3.3.4.1, identify the new location(s) in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report, pursuant to ODCM Control 3.6.
- b. With a land use census identifying a location(s) that yields a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20% greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained in accordance with ODCM Control 3.4.1, add the new location(s) to the radiological environmental monitoring program within 30 days. The sampling location(s), excluding the control station location, having the lowest calculated dose or dose commitment(s) (via the same exposure pathway) may be deleted from this monitoring program after October 31 of the year in which this land use census was conducted. Pursuant to Technical Specification 6.14, submit as a part of or concurrent within the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM including a revised figure(s) and table(s) for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s).

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.4.2-1 The land use census shall be conducted during the growing season at least once per 12 months using that information that will provide the best results, such as by a door-to-door survey, aerial survey, or by consulting local agriculture authorities. The results of the land use census are documented in ST-0-107-991-0 and are included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5.
- * Broad leaf vegetation sampling of at least 3 different kinds of vegetation may be performed at the SITE BOUNDARY in each of 2 different direction sectors with the highest predicted D/Qs in lieu of the garden census. ODCM Controls for broad leaf vegetation sampling in Table I3.4-1 item 4.c. shall be followed, including analysis of control samples.

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

CONTROL

3.4.3 In accordance with LGS Technical Specification 3.12.3, analyses shall be performed on radioactive materials supplied as part of an Interlaboratory Comparison Program which has been approved by the Commission.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With analyses not being performed as required above, report the corrective actions taken to prevent a recurrence to the Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3.4.3-1 The Interlaboratory Comparison Program shall be documented in ST-0-104-990-0 and described in the ODCM part II, section 4.2. A summary of the results shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM Control 3.5.

ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING REPORT*

3.5 Routine Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of Unit 1 and Unit 2 during the previous calendar year shall be submitted prior to May 1 for each year. The initial report was submitted prior to May 1 of the year following initial criticality (1984). A single report is submitted for a multiple unit station. The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include summaries, interpretations, and an analysis of trends of the results report period, including a comparison (as appropriate), with preoperational studies, operational controls and previous environmental surveillance reports and an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment. The reports shall also include the results of land use census required by ODCM Control 3.4.2. The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include the results of all radiological environmental samples and of all environmental radiation measurements taken during the report period pursuant to the locations specified in the tables and figures in the OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL, as well as summarized and tabulated results of these analyses and measurements in the format of the table in the Radiological Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979. In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report. The report shall also include the following: a summary description of the radiological environmental monitoring program and at least two legible maps. One map shall cover stations near the SITE BOUNDARY; a second shall include the more detailed distant stations. Covering all sampling locations keyed to a table giving distances and directions from the centerline of the reactor plant; the results of licensee participation in the Interlaboratory Comparison Program, required by ODCM Control I3.4.3 discussion of all deviations from the Sampling Schedule of Table I3.4-1; and discussion of all analyses in which the LLD required by Table I3.4-3 was not achievable.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

3.6 ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

A Routine Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of Unit 1 and Unit 2 during the previous 12 months of operation shall be submitted within 60 days after January 1 of each year. The period of the first report shall begin with the date of initial criticality. A recurring action request shall be used to generate the report. A single unit submittal is made for the 2 unit station. The submittal combines those sections that are common to all units at the station. The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the facility as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluation, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, " Revision 1, June 1974, with data summarized on a quarterly basis following the format of Appendix B thereof.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report to be submitted 60 days after January 1 of each year shall include an annual summary of hourly meteorological data collected over the previous year. This annual summary may be either in the form of an hour-by-hour listing on magnetic tape of wind speed, wind direction and atmospheric stability, and precipitation (if measured), or in the form of joint frequency distributions of wind speed, wind direction, atmospheric stability. The licensee has the option of retaining this summary of required meteorological data on site in a file that shall be provided to the NRC upon request. This same report shall include an assessment of the radiation doses due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from both units during the previous calendar year. This same report shall also include an assessment of the radiation doses from radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents to MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY (Figures I2.2-1a and I2.2-1b) during the report period. All assumptions used in making these assessments shall be included in these reports. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with the methodology and parameters of the OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM).

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report to be submitted 60 days after January 1 of each year shall also include an assessment of radiation doses to the hypothetically highest exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from reactor releases and other nearby uranium fuel cycle sources (including doses from primary effluent pathways and direct radiation) for the previous calendar year to show conformance with 40 CFR Part 160, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operation. Dose contribution from liquid and gaseous effluents is calculated based on Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev 1, October 1977.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports includes the following information for each type of solid waste (as defined in 10 CFR Part 61) shipped offsite during the report period:

- Total volume, activity and estimated total % error for each waste type:
 - Spent resins filter sludges, evaporator bottoms, etc.
 - Dry compressible waste, contaminated equipment, etc.
 - c. Irradiated components, control rods, etc.
 - d. Others (describe).
- Activity and percentage of each principle radionuclide (>1%), for each individual waste type as defined in 1. (a-d) above.
- 3. The disposition of solid waste shipments (identify the number of shipments, the mode of transport, and the destination).
- 4. The disposition of irradiated fuel shipments (identify the number of shipments, the mode of transport, and the destination.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report includes a list and description of unplanned releases from the site to UNRESTRICTED AREAS of radioactive material in gaseous and liquid effluents made during the reporting period.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports includes any changes made during the reporting period to procedure RW-C-100 (formerly the PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM) and to the ODCM, as well as a listing of new locations for dose calculations and/or environmental monitoring identified by the land use census pursuant to ODCM Control 3.4.2.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports includes an explanation as to why the inoperability of liquid or gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation was not corrected within the time specified in ODCM Controls 3.2.1 or 3.3.1, respectively; and description of the events leading to liquid holdup tanks or gas storage tanks exceeding the Control limits.

3.7 MAJOR CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

Licensee-initiated major changes to the radioactive waste systems (liquid, gaseous, and solid):

- a. Shall be reported to the Commission in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period in which the change was made effective. The discussion of each change shall contain:
 - A summary of the evaluation that led to the determination that the change could be made in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59;
 - Sufficient detailed information to totally support the reason for the change without benefit of additional or supplemental information;
 - A detailed description of the equipment, components, and processes involved and the interface with other plant systems;
 - 4. An evaluation of the change which shows the predicted releases of radioactive materials in liquid and gaseous effluents and/or quantity of solid waste that differ from those previously predicted in the license application and amendments thereto;
 - 5. An evaluation of the change which shows the expected maximum exposures to individual in the UNRESTRICTED AREA and to the general population that differ from those previously estimated in the license application and amendments thereto;
 - 6. A comparison of the predicted releases of radioactive materials, in liquid and gaseous effluents and in solid waste, to the actual releases for the period prior to when the changes are to be made;
 - 7. An estimate of the exposure to plant operating personnel as a result of the change; and
 - 8. Documentation of the fact that the change was reviewed and found acceptable by the PORC.
- b. Shall be reviewed and accepted by the PORC prior to implementation.
- c. Shall be documented by a recurring action request.

PART II CALCULATION METHODOLOGIES

1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

1.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

The liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation and controls at Limerick for controlling and monitoring normal radioactive material releases in accordance with the Limerick Technical Specifications are summarized as follows:

- Liquid Radwaste System: The liquid radwaste discharge monitor (RISH63-0K604) provides an alarm and automatic termination of radioactive material releases from the liquid radwaste system as required by Technical Specification 6.8.4.d.1. Additional design features of the liquid radwaste system which prevent inadvertent releases to the environment include 1) redundant discharge valves, 2) single discharge line with loop seal and siphon breaker to eliminate probability of inadvertent discharges, 3) Low Cooling Tower Blowdown flow interlock which isolates the radwaste discharge line.
- 2) Service Water System: The Service Water discharge monitor (RISH10-1K605 AND RISH10-2K605) provides an alarm upon indication of activity in the service water system as required by Technical Specification 6.8.4.d.1. While the service water system is not a normal release pathway, the monitor provides an indication of potential problems due to excessive leakage of the heat exchangers. In addition, the service water side of the fuel pool heat exchangers is kept at a higher pressure than the shell side to prevent potential radioactive contamination of the service water.
- RHR Service Water System: The RHR Service Water Radiation (RHRSW) Monitors (RISH12-0K619A, RISH12-0K619B, RISH12-1K619C, RISH12-1K619D, RISH12-2K619C AND RISH12-2K619D) provide alarm and automatic termination of radioactive material release from the RHRSW system, as required by Technical Specification 6.8.4.d.1. While the RHRSW system is not a normal release pathway, the monitors provide indication of potential problems due to excessive leakage of the heat exchangers.

1.2 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITOR SETPOINT DETERMINATION

Per the requirements of Technical Specification 6.8.4.d.1, alarm setpoints shall be established for the liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation to ensure that the release concentration limits of Specification 6.8.4.d.2 and 6.8.4.d.3 are met (i.e., the concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS shall be limited to the concentrations specified in 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, for radionuclides and 2.0E-04 $\mu \text{Ci/ml}$ for dissolved or entrained noble gases).

1.2.1 Radwaste Discharge Monitor and Discharge Flow Rate - RISH63-0K604

The a tpoint for the liquid radwaste discharge monitor and flow rate element are determined by the following equations. The radwaste discharge monitor high-high alarm/isolation setpoint is evaluated at least monthly based on isotopes detected in the liquid radwaste sample tanks released during the previous month or on any specific sample tank being released (ECigamma), the required minimum cooling tower blowdown flow at time of discharge (CTBD), and average liquid radwaste discharge flow (RR). The flow rate determination is calculated for each release and the MPC fraction calculated includes, in the concentration mix, the most recent results from 1) the quarterly composite for SR-89, SR-90 and Fe-55, and 2) the monthly composite for H-3, and 3) the sample(s) for dissolved and entrained noble gases.

If the calculated setpoint is less than the existing setpoint, the setpoint will be reduced to the next value. If the calculated setpoint is greater than the existing setpoint, the setpoint may remain at the lower value or increased to the calculated value.

The actual setpoint may be reduced to a value less than the calculated setpoint at the discretion of Supervision.

If there were no sample tanks released or no activity detected during the previous month, then the calculation is performed using release data from the most recent month during which isotopes were detected. In addition, if there were no sample tanks released during the previous month, chemistry supervision may substitute more restrictive values (e.g., tritium) based on the plant sampling data.

1.2.1-1 Setpoint Determination - RISH63-0K604 The setpoint for the liquid radwaste discharge monitor is determined by the following equation:

 $CPM_{(-RD)} \leq$

$$\left[1 - \frac{(S) (RR) \left[\Sigma \left(C_{ibeta}\right) / MPC_{ibeta}\right)}{(RR + CTBD)}\right] \left[\frac{\left(\Sigma C_{igamma}\right) \left(RR + \left(TBD\right)}{(S) \left(E\right) \left(RR\right) \left[\Sigma C_{igamma}\right]} + BKG_{(LRD)}\right] + BKG_{(LRD)}\right] + BKG_{(LRD)}$$

where:

CPM (LRD)

= Calculated liquid radwaste discharge monitor (RISH63-0K604) count rate attributable to the gamma emitting radionuclide, cpm

 ΣC_{igamma}

the sum of the concentration of the identified gamma emitting nuclides (μCi/ml),

CTBD

= the required minimum cooling tower blowdown rate at time of discharge (gpm),

RR

= average liquid radwaste discharge flow
(gpm),

BKG (LRD)

= backgrou'd count rate of liquid radwaste
discharge monitor (CPM),

E

the gross detection efficiency of the liquid radwaste discharge monitor (μCi/ml/cpm), and

S

= 2; margin of safety factor to assure that the release is terminated prior to 10 CFR 20 limits being exceeded. Included in this factor are errors associated with monitor uncertainty, sampling uncertainty, flow rate uncertainty, and the contribution of other release paths (Service Wate; and RHRSW) which are not normally contaminated.

 $\Sigma (C_{igamma}/MPC_{igamma})$

= the effective gamma MPC ratio for the mixture of radionuclides in the liquid radwaste discharge line (unitless). where:

Cigamma

= the concentration of each identified gamma emitting radionuclide i in the liquid effluent (undiluted) (μCi/ml)

MPCigamma

the MPC value corresponding to
radionuclide i from 10 CFR 20 Appendix
B, Table II, Column 2 (dissolved and
entrained ncble gases MPC = 2.0E
'\(\mu \text{Ci/ml} \)) (\(\mu \text{Ci/ml} \)).

Σ (Ci_{ibeta}/MPC_{ibeta})

= the effective nongamma MPC ratio for the mixture of radionuclides in the liquid radwaste discharge line (unitless)

where:

Cibeta

= the concentration of each identified nongamma radionuclide i in the liquid effluent (undiluted) (μCi/ml)*

 MPC_{ibeta}

= The MPC value corresponding to radionuclide i form 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 (dissolved and entrained noble gases MPC = 2E⁻⁴ μCi/ml) (μCi/ml)

* NOTE: The concentration mix must include the most recent sample data for H-3, Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55 and gross alpha.

1.2.1-2 Flow Rate Determination

*NOTE: IF the effective MPC ratio for the mixture of radionuclides {\(\Sigma(C_i/MPC_iY)\)}\) is \$\(\sigma1.0\), \(\frac{THEN}{THEN}\) a flow rate setpoint determination is not required, \(\frac{AND}{AND}\) there is no limit on discharge flow rate.

IF a flow rate determination is required,
\(\frac{THEN}{THEN}\) the setpoint for the liquid radwaste flow rate is determined for each release by the following equation:

$$FLOW_{(LRD)} \le \frac{CTBD}{(SF) [\Sigma (C_i/MPC_i) -1]}$$
 (1-2)

where:

 $FLOW_{(LRD)}$ = flow limit for radwaste discharge line (gpm).

CTBD = required minimum cooling tower blowdown flow for time of release (gpm).

SF = 2; margin of safety factor to assure that the release does not exceed 10 CFR 20 limits.

Σ(C₁/MPC₁) = the effective MPC ratio for the mixture of radionuclides in the liquid radwaste discharge line (unitless)

where:

C_i = the concentration of each identified radionuclide i in the liquid effluent (undiluted) (μCi/ml)*

*NOTE: The concentration mix must include the most recent sample data for H-3, Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55 and dissolved and entrained noble gases.

1.2.2 <u>Service Water Radiation Monitor - RISH10-1K605, - 2K605</u>

The Service Water Radiation Monitor maximum highhigh setpoint is determined by the following equation. The setpoint is evaluated every 24 months to assure that a high background count rate does not prevent adequate monitor sensitivity in order to meet the requirements of Technical Specifications 6.8.4.d.2 and 6.7.4.d.3.

1.2.2-1 Setpoint Determination
The maximum setpoint for the Service
Water Radiation Monitor is determined by
the following equation:

 $CPM_{sw} = 0.5 (2.0E-05\mu Ci/ml) (CF)$

where:

CPM_{sw} = Calculated Maximum Service
 Water Radiation Monitor (RISH12-1K605, 2K605) count rate, CPM.

2.0E-05 μ Ci/ml = MPC limit for Cs-137

 $CF = Monitor calibration factor - in cpm/<math>\mu$ Ci/ml

0.5 = Safety Factor

1.2.3 RHR Service Water Monitor -RISH12-0K619A, -0K619B, -1K619C, -1K619D, -2K619C, -2K619D

The RHR Service Water Radiation Monitor maximum high-high setpoint is determined by the following equation. The setpoint is evaluated every 24 months to assure that a high background count does not prevent adequate monitor sensitivity in order to meet the Technical Specifications 6.8.4.d.2 and 6.7.4.d.3.

1.2.3-1 Setpoint Determination
The setpoint for the RHR Service Water
Radiation Monitor is determined by the
following equation:

 $CPM_{RHRSW} = 0.5(2.0E-05\mu Ci/ml)$ (CF)

where:

CPM_{RHRSW} = Calculated maximumRHR Service Water Radiation Monitor (RISH12-0K619A, -0K619B, -1K619C, -1K619D, -2K619C, -2K619D) count rate, CPM.

 $2.0E-5\mu Ci/ml = MPC limit for Cs-137$

CF = Monitor calibration factor in cpm/μCi/ml.

0.5 = Safety Factor

4

1.3 Liquid Effluent Dose Calculation - 10 CFR 50

1.3.1 Members of the Public Dose

ODCM I3.2.3 limits the dose or dose commitment to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents from Limerick Generating Station to:

- during any calendar quarter, ≤ 3 mrem to total body ≤10 mrem to any organ
- during any calendar year.

 ≤ 6 mrem to total body

 ≤20 mrem to total organ.

Per ODCM I3.2.3.1 the cumulative dose contribution from liquid effluents for the current calendar quarter year shall be determined at least once per 31 days in accordance with the following calculation methods. These equations are for the three aquatic environment exposure pathways (potable water, fish, shoreline exposure) in the Limerick aquatic environment. Only real pathways are addressed for each receptor. The receptors and associated pathways are listed below. Doses from each real pathway are summed to give dose at the receptor. The monthly results are accumulated to give the quarterly doses and the quarterly results are accumulated to give the annual doses.

Receptor	Dist.	Pathways							
Location	(mi)	Potable Water	Fish	Shoreline					
LGS Outfall Citizen's Utility Phoenixville Water Phil. Sub. Water Crew Course	0 2.5 9.0 13.6 37.8	X X X	X X X	X X X X	*				

1.3.1-1 Potable Water Pathway

$$R_{apj} = 1100 \frac{U_{ap}}{M_p F} \sum_{i} Q_i D_{aipj} \exp(-\lambda i^{(12)})$$
 (1-6)

1.3.1-2 Fish (Aquatic Food) Pathway

$$R_{apj} = 1100 \frac{U_{ap}}{M_p F} \sum_{i} Q_i B_{ip} D_{aipj} \exp(-\lambda i^{(24)})$$
 (1-6)

1.3.1-3 Shoreline Deposition Pathway

$$K_{apj} = 110,000 \frac{U_{ap}}{M_{p}F} \sum_{i} Q_{i} T_{i} D_{aipj} \exp(-\lambda i^{t}p) \left[1 - \exp(-\lambda i^{(1.752E+5)})\right]$$
 (1-7)

where:

B_{ip} = equilibrium bioaccumulation factor for nuclide i in pathway p, expressed as the ratio of the concentration in biota, in pCi/kg, to the radionuclide concentration in water, in pCi/liter (liters/kg)

BIOACCUMULATION FACTORS (pci/kg/pci/liter)

H 9.0E-1 9.0E-1 C 4.6E 3 1.8E 3 Na 1.0E 2 6.7E-2 P 3.0E 3 2.9E 4 Cr 2.0E 2 4.0E 2 Mn 4.0E.2 5.5E 2 Fe 1.0E 2 3.0E 3	ELEMENT	
Na 1.0E 2 6.7E-2 P 3.0E 3 2.9E 4 Cr 2.0E 2 4.0E 2 Mn 4.0E.2 5.5E 2		
Na 1.0E 2 6.7E-2 P 3.0E 3 2.9E 4 Cr 2.0E 2 4.0E 2 Mn 4.0E.2 5.5E 2		
P 3.0E 3 2.9E 4 Cr 2.0E 2 4.0E 2 Mn 4.0E.2 5.5E 2		
Cr 2.0E 2 4.0E 2 Mn 4.0E 2 5.5E 2		
Mn 4.0E.2 5.5E 2		
2.00		
Co 5.0E 1 1.0E 2		
Ni 1.0E 2 1.0E 2		
Cu 5.0E 1 6.7E 2		
Zn 2.0E 3 2.0E 3		
Br 4.23 2 1.5E-2		
Rb 2.0E 3 8.3E 0		
Sr 3.0E 1 2.0E 0		
Y 2.5E 1 2.5E 1		
Zr 3.3E 0 2.0E 2		
Nb 3.0E 4 3.0E 4		
Mo 1.0E 1 1.0E 1		
Tc 1.5E 1 1.0E 1		
Ru 1 0E 1 3.0E 0		
Rh 1.0E 1 1.0E 1		
Te 4.0E 2 1.0E 1		
1 1.5E 1 1.0E 1		
Cs 2.0E 3 4.0E 1		
Ba 4.0E 0 1.0E 1		
LA 2.5E 1 2.5E 1		
Ce 1.0E 0 1.0E 1		
Pr 2.5E 1 2.5E 1		
Nd 2.5E 1 2.5E 1		
W 1.2E 3 3.0E 1		
Np 1.0E 1 1.0E 1		

Ref: 1) U.S.N.R.C Reg. Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, Table A-1
2) Letter LTR 881209L001, from R.J. Clark, U.S N.R.C., to
G.A. Hunger, Philadelphia Electric Co., December 9, 1988,
transmitting evaluation of Limerick ODCM.

- D_{aipj} = dose factor specific to a given age group a, radionuclide i, pathway p, and organ j which can be used to calculate radiation dose (1) from an intake of a radionuclide, in mrem/pCi, or (2) from exposure to a given concentration of a radionuclide in sediment, in mrem/hr per pCi/m². Values are listed by age group in Table 1-1.
- F = waste dilution flow rate of liquid effluent dilution flow/number of batches (ft³/sec).
- M_p = dilution factor at point of exposure or at point of withdrawal of drinking water (dimensionless). Values are graphically listed by receptor location in Figures 1.3.1-1 to 1.3.1-5. Value will be based on average monthly river flow.
- Q: = total release of nuclide 'i' for time period (Ci).
- R_{apj} = total dose for calculation time period to organ j of individuals of age group a from all nuclides i in pathway b (mrem).
- T_i = radioactive half-life of nuclide i (days).
- U_{ap} = usage factor specifying exposure time or intake rate for an individual of age group a associated with pathway p (hr/yr, liters/yr, or kg/yr).

Pathway	Infant	Child	Teen	Adult	
Fish Potable Water		6.9ª	16ª	21*	
(1/yr) Shoreline	330ª	510*	510ª	730ª	
Recreation (hr/yr) Shoreline	**	14*	67ª	12*	
Recreation (hr/yr)		90 ^b	600b	600b	

Ref: * Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev 1, Table E-5

b EROL Table 5.2.A-3

W	=	shoreline width factor (dimensionless) = 0.2.
		Ref: Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1.
1.752E+5	=	time period during which sediment is exposed to contaminated water
		(hrs) (midpoint of plant life = 20 yrs)
λ	-	radioactive decay constant of nuclide 'i' (hr-1)

12 = delay time for potable water pathway in hours to allow for nuclide decay during transport through the water purification plant and the water distribution system, Ref: Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, App. A.

24 = delay time for potable fish pathway in hours to allow for nuclide decay during transport through the food chain, as well as during food preparation. Ref: Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, App. A.

= factor to convert from Ci/yr per ft3/sec to pCi/liter.

110,000 = factor to convert from Ci/yr per ft3/sec to pCi/liter and to account for proportionately constant (100) used in sediment radioactivity model.

1100

1.4 Liquid Effluent Dose Projections

ODCM I3.2.4 requires that the liquid radwaste treatment system shall be operable and appropriate portions of the systems used to reduce the radioactive materials in liquid waste prior to their discharge when the projected doses due to the liquid effluent to UNRESTRICTED AREAS would exceed:

- 0.06 mrem/31 days to the total body

or

- 0.2 mrem/31 days to any organ.

The applicable liquid radwaste treatment processing equipment for maintaining radioactive materials releases ALARA are delineated in Figure 1.4-6.

Dose projections are made at least once per 31-days by the following equations:

 $D_{tbp} = (D_{tb}/d) * 31 days$ (1-8) $D_{maxp} = (D_{max}/d) * 31 days$ (1-9)

where:

 D_{tbp} = the total body dose projection for the current 31-day period (mrem).

D_{tb} = the total body dose projection for the current calendar quarter as determined by equation 1-5,, 1-6, and 1-7 (mrem).

D_{maxp} = the maximum organ dose projection for the current 31-day period (mrem).

 D_{max} = the maximum organ dose to date for the current calendar quarter as determined by equations 1-5, 1-6, and 1-7 (mrem).

d = the actual number of days in the current calendar quarter at the end of the release (days). The minimum time elapsed is seven (7) days.

31 days = the number of days of concern

2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

2.1 Radiation monitoring instrumentation and Controls

The gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation and controls at Limerick for controlling monitoring radioactive material releases in accordance with the ODCM Part 1 are summarized as follows:

- North Vent (Common): The plant gaseous discharges via this vent are monitored by two Particulate, Iodine and Gas (PIG) monitors (RY26-075A and RY26-075B) in parallel and by the Wide Range Accident Monitor (WRAM) (FIX26-076). The PIGS have separate Particulate, Iodine, and Gas sampling and monitoring channels but the Station ODCM Controls require only particulate and iodine sampling and noble gas monitoring. The WRAM has extended range (via three channels) noble gas monitoring and particulate and iodine sampling capability. In addition, the WRAM provides an isolation (Group A) of the large Drywell Purge and Vent valves.
- South Vent (one per unit): The plant gaseous discharges via each South Vent are monitored by two redundant PIG monitors (RY26-285A,B). As is the case of the North Vent, each PIG has separate particulate, iodine, and gas sampling and monitoring channels but the Station ODCM Part I requires only particulate and iodine sampling with gas monitoring.
- Hot Maintenance Shop (Common): Due to the composition of the radioactive materials in the effluent steam (i.e., very low potential for noble gas), this release point is sampled for particulate and iodine (P&I) monitors (RY26-025). The P&I monitor has a separate particulate and iodine sampling and monitoring channels but Station ODCM Part I requires only particulate and iodine sampling.
- Auxiliary Boilers (Common): Waste oil with some amount of radioactive particulate content may be burned in the site auxiliary boilers, as allowed by 10CFR20.2004. In this case, the exhaust stack of the affected auxiliary boiler will be a release point for radioactive effluents. Doses calculated will be based on the radioactive content of the oil sampled prior to incineration. The radioactive effluent will be determined by performance of ST-0-104-882-0, summed with other effluents from the site and reported to the commission in the annual effluent report.

2.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITOR SETPOINT DETERMINATION

ODCM I3.3.1 requires that an alarm setpoint be established for the noble gas effluent monitoring channels (RY26-075A,B,; RY26-185A,B,; RY26-285A,B,; and RIX26-076) to ensure that the release rate of radioactive materials does not exceed the limits of ODCM 13.3.2.a, which corresponds to a dose rate at the SITE BOUNDARY of 500mrem/yr to the total body or 3000 mrem/yr to the skin. This specification also states that the dose rates from I-131, I-133, Tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days, shall be limited to a maximum of 1500 mrem/yr to any organ (inhalation pathway only).

ODCM Part I limits are expressed in terms of dose rate, while the instruments which monitor effluents produce data in units of concentration or release rate. It is therefore necessary to identify the isotopes and calculate the corresponding release rate which will result in the dose rate limit being reached at the site boundary. This calculation is made more complex by the use of multiple release points at LGS.

Calculation Bases

The alarm setpoint calculation is performed monthly and is based on analytical results of grab samples from the appropriate release point. The concentration of each identified radionuclide in the grab samples is determined, and the data are used to perform a setpoint calculation for that nuclide mix and release point.

The highest calculated annual average concentration (X/Q) for an area at or beyond the site boundary $(1.1E-05sec/M^3, NE sector)$ is used in the setpoint calculation.

Maximum flow rates through the North and South vents are used in alarm setpoint calculations. This is necessary since flow can vary. By using maximum values, any flow less than the maximum will assure that the monitor will alarm before release rate limits are exceeded.

For each release point the noble gas release which would cause a SITE BOUNDARY total body dose rate of 500 mrem/yr and a skin dose of 3000 mrem/yr is determined.

The fractional contribution of noble gas is calculated for each release point. The fractional contribution to the whole body and skin dose rates due to noble gases is calculated by taking the product of this fraction and the limiting release rate. A comparison of this release rate for whole body and skin dose rates due to noble gas release is made to determine if the whole body or skin dose limit will be most restrictive. It is expected that the whole body limit will always be most restrictive, but the comparison is necessary to assure compliance with ODCM I. The sum of the contributions from each release point, independently calculated for iodines and noble gases, will equal the maximum instantaneous release rate allowed from the site.

The purpose of calculating the release rate which corresponds to the site boundary dose limit is <u>not</u> to determine an acceptable release rate, but to determine the <u>maximum</u> release rate which may be exceeded. It is <u>not</u> intended that releases will be maintained at or near this limit, and in fact, requirements to maintain offsite doses As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) are specified in ODCM I3.3.3 and ODCM I3.3.4.

2.2.1 North Vent Noble Gas Effluent Monitors - RY26-075A-3, PY26-075B-3, AND RIX26-076-2

The North Vent Noble Gas Effluent monitor high-high setpoint is calculated monthly based on the grab sample results performed in accordance with ODCM Table 13.3-3. Due to the incorporation of the ALARA philosophy in the design and operation of the Limerick effluent systems, release point grab samples may not identify any radionuclides. In this situation, chemistry may use the results of the last grab sample which identified radionuclides or use the default setpoint which is based on expected concentration ratios as reported in the UFSAR. If any calculated alarm setpoint is less than the existing monitor setpoint, the setpoint will be reduced to the new value. If the calculated setpoint value is greater than the existing value, the setpoint may remain at the lower value or increased to the new value.

2.2.1-1 Setpoint Determination

The High-High setpoint is calculated per equation (2-1a). The basis for the High-High setpoint is the Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Padary Dose Rate of 0.114 mrem/hr. The High soint for the North Vent Noble gas Effluent Monitor is set at or below the lesser of the NVSP_{NGWB} OR NVSP_{NGSK} value. (per equations 2-1 or 2-2)

$$NVSP_{NGWB} \leq \frac{\left[VF_{NVNG}\right]\left[500\right]\left[\Sigma C_{iNV}\right]}{\left[3.4475E9\right]\Sigma\left[\left(C_{iNV}\right)\left(K_{i}\right)\right]} \tag{2-1}$$

$$NVSP(Hi-Hi)_{NGWB} \leq \frac{[500] \left[\sum C_{iNV}\right]}{\left[3.4475E9\right] \sum \left[\left\langle C_{iNV}\right\rangle \left\langle K_{i}\right\rangle \right]} \left[2\right] \qquad (2-1a)$$

$$NVSP_{NGSK} \le \frac{[VF_{NVNG}][3000][\Sigma C_{iNV}]}{[3.4475E9]\Sigma[(C_{iNV})(L_i+1.11M_i)]}$$
 (2-2)

where:

 $NVSP_{LGWB}$ = North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body $(\mu Ci/cc)$

 $NVSP_{NGSK}$ = North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin (μ Ci/cc)

NVSP $(Hi-Hi)_{NGWB}$ = North Vent High-High Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body $(\mu Ci/cc)$.

VF_{NVNC} = Fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas dose rate from the North Vent as calculated in equation 2-7. (unitless).

500 = Total body dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

3000 = Skin Dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

 ΣC_{iNV} = Total noble gas activity from North Vent grab sample $(\mu Ci/cc)$

= Multiplication Factor to correspond to Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate Value of 0.114 mrem/hr. (Unitless)

3.4475E9 = Conversion factor

 $\left[\frac{(pCi)(cc)}{m^3)(\mu Ci)} \right]$

= $(1.1E-5 \text{ sec/m}^3)$ (1E6 pCi/µCi) (664,000 cfm) (1/60 min/sec) $(2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3)$

(2-3)

where:

1.1E-5 sec/m^3 = highest annual average X/C_0 (NE Sector)

 $1E6 pCi/\mu Ci = units conversion$

664,000 cfm = maximum North Vent flow rate for two unit operation

1/60 min/sec = units conversion

 $2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 = \text{units conversion}$

 C_{inv} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i as determined by radioanalysis of North Vent grab sample ($\mu\text{Ci/cc}$)

K_i = Total body dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³, from Table 2-1).

= Beta skin dose conversion factor noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCim³, per Table 2-1).

= Gamma air dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrad/yr per pCi/m³, per Table 2-1).

2.2.2 South Vent Noble Gas Effluent Monitors -RY26-185A-3, RY26185B-3, RY26-285A-3, AND RY26-285B-3

Each unit's South Vent Noble Gas Effluent monitor High setpoint is calculated monthly based on the grab sample results performed in accordance with ODCM I3.3-3. Due to the incorporation of the ALARA philosophy in the design and operation of the Limerick effluent systems, release point grab samples may not identify any radionuclides. With this situation, chemistry may use the results of the grab sample which identified radionuclide or use the default setpoint which is based on expected concentration ratios as reported in the UFSAR. If any calculated alarm setpoint is less than the existing monitor setpoint, the setpoint will be reduced to the new value. If the calculated setpoint value is greater than the existing value, the setpoint may remain at the lower value, or increased to the new value.

2.2.2-1 Setpoint determination

M.

The High setpoint for the South Vent Noble Gas Effluent Monitor is set at the lesser of the $SVSP_{NGWB}$ and $SVSP_{NGSK}$ value. $SVSP_{NGWB}$ and $SVSP_{NGSK}$ are calculated for each unit's South Vent.

The High-High setpoint is calculated per equation (2-4a).

The basis for the High-High setpoint is the Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate of 0.114 mrem/hr.

$$SVSP_{NGWB} \leq \frac{\left[VF_{SVNG}\right]\left[500\right]\left[\Sigma C_{isv}\right]}{\left[1.2149E9\right]\Sigma\left[\left(C_{isv}\right)\left(K_{.}\right)\right]} \tag{2-4}$$

$$SVSP(\textit{Hi-Hi})_{NGWB} \leq \frac{[500] \left[\sum C_{iSV} \right]}{\left[1.2149E9 \right] \sum \left[\left(C_{iSV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right]} \left[2 \right] \qquad (2-4a)$$

$$SVSP_{NGSK} \le \frac{[VF_{SVNG}][3000][\Sigma C_{isv}]}{[1.2149E9]\Sigma[(C_{isv})(L_i+1.11M_i)]}$$
 (2-5)

where:

SVSP_{NGWB} = South Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body $(\mu \text{Ci/cc})$

SVSP_{NGSK} = South Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin (µCi/cc)

VF_{SVNG} = Fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas dose rate from the Unit's South Vent as calculated in equation 2-8 or 2-8a (unitless)

500 = Total body dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

3000 = Skin dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

 ΣC_{isv} = Total noble gas activity from each unit South Vent grab sample ($\mu Ci/cc$).

Multiplication Factor to correspond to Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate Value of 0.114 mrem/hr. (Unitless)

1.2149E9 = Conversion factor

 $\left[\frac{(pCi) (cc)}{(m^3) (\mu Ci)} \right]$

= $(1.1E-5 \text{ sec/}m^3)$ $(1.E6pCi/\mu Ci)$ (234,000 cfm) (1/60 min/sec) $(2.83E+4 \text{ cc/ft}^3)$ (2-6)

where:

 $1.1E-5 \text{ sec/m}^3$ = highest annual average X/Q (NE Sector)

1E6 pCi/ μ Ci = units conversion

234,000 cfm = maximum South Vent flow rate

1/60 min/sec = units conversion

 $2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 = \text{units conversion}$

 C_{isv} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i determined by radioanalysis of South Vent grab sample (μ Ci/cc)

K_i = Total body dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³, from Table 2-1). L_i

Beta skin dose conversion factor noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³, per Table 2-1).

 M_{i}

Gamma air dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrad/yr per pCi/m³, per Table 2-1).

2.2.3 Noble Gas Effluent Fractional Contribution

The noble gas effluent fractional contribution is calculated monthly if activity in all 3 stacks is identified using results of the grab samples performed in accordance with ODCM I3.3-3. The results of this calculation are used in equations 2-1, 2-2, 2-4, and 2-5. This methodology assumes that the total body dose is limiting for noble gas releases. If equations 2-1, 2-2, 2-4, and 2-5 show that the skin dose is limiting, fractional skin dose should be substituted for the whole body values used in equations 2-7, 2-8, and 2-8a.

2.2.3-1 Calculation of VF_{NVNG} , VF_{1SVNG} , and VF_{2SVNG}

$$VF_{MVNG} = \frac{\Sigma \left[C_{iNV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right]}{\sum \left[\left(C_{iNV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right] + \sum \left[\left(C_{iSV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right] + \sum \left[\left(C_{iSV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right]}$$
(2-7)

$$VF_{1SVNG} = \frac{\sum \left[C_{i1SV} \left(K_i \right) \right]}{\sum \left[\left(C_{iNV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right] + \sum \left[\left(C_{i2SV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right] + \sum \left[\left(C_{i2SV} \right) \left(K_i \right) \right]}$$
(2-8)

$$VF_{2SVNG} = \frac{\sum \left[\left. C_{i2SV} \right) \left. \left(K_i \right) \right. \right]}{\sum \left[\left. \left(C_{iNV} \right) \left. \left(K_i \right) \right. \right] + \sum \left[\left. \left(C_{i2SV} \right) \left. \left(K_i \right) \right. \right] + \sum \left[\left. \left(C_{i2SV} \right) \left. \left(K_i \right) \right. \right]}$$
(2-8a)

where:

VF_{NVNG} = fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas total body dose rate from the North Vent (unitless).

 VF_{1SVNG} = fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas total body dose rate from the Unit 1 South Vent (unitless).

VF_{2SVNG} = fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas total body dose rate from the Unit 2 South Vent (unitless).

 C_{iNV} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i as determined by radioanalysis of North Vent grab sample ($\mu Ci/cc$)

K_i = total body dose conversion factor for noble gas radionuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³)

C_{i1SV} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i as determined by radioanalysis of Unit 1 South Vent grab sample (μCi/cc)

 C_{i2SV} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i as determined by radioanalysis of Unit 2 South Vent grab sample (μ Ci/cc)

2.2.4 Noble Gas Effluent Default Setpoint

This methodology may be used when grab sample results from either the North Vent or the South Vent do not identify any radionuclides. This methodology is based on expected release concentration ratios as outlined in section 11.3 of the Limerick UFSAR.

2.2.4-1 North Vent Noble Gas Monitors (RY26-075A-3 and RY26-075B-3). The default High setpoint for the North Vent noble gas effluent monitor is set at or below the NVSP $_{\text{NGD}}$ value. (per equation 2-9).

 $NVSP_{NGD} \le \frac{[8.90E-1][500][1.15E-6]}{[3.4475E9][4.30E-9]}$ (2-9)

 $NVSP_{NGD} \leq 3.45E-5 \mu Ci/cc$

The Default High-High setpoint for the North Vent Gas Effluent Monitor is calculated per equation (2-9a).

The basis for the Default High-High setpoint is the Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate of 0.114 mrem/hr.

$$NVSP(Hi-Hi)_{MGD} \le \frac{[500][1.15E-6]}{[3.4475E9][4.30E-9]}[2]$$
 (2-9a)

NVSP $(Hi-Hi)_{NGD} \leq 27.76 E-5 \mu Ci/cc$

where:

 $NVSP_{NGD}$ = Default North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas ($\mu Ci/cc$)

 $NVSP(Hi-Hi)_{NGD}$ = Default North Vent High-High Setpoint - Noble Gas (μ Ci/cc)

8.90E-1 = Default fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas total body dose rate from the North Vent (unitless)

$$= \frac{4.30E-9}{(4.30E-9)+(5.31E-10)}$$

4.30E-9 = Summation of the North Vent concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$$

5.31E-10 = Summation of the South Vent (Unit 1 & 2) concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$$

Ref: a) Based on expected annual release from UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

3) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm and South Vent flow of 234,000 cfm for Unit 1 and Unit 2 vents.

c) ODCM II Table 2-1.

500 = Total body dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

1.15E-6 = Total noble gas concentration from North Vent $(\mu \text{Ci/cc})$

Ref: a) Based UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

b) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm

2 = Multiplication Factor to correspond to Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate Value of 0.114 mrem/hr. (Unitless)

3.4475E9 = Conversion factor

$$\left[\frac{(pCi)(cc)}{(m^3)(\mu Ci)}\right]$$

4.30E-9 = Summation of the North Vent concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$$

Ref: a) Based UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

b) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm.

c) ODCM II Table 2-1.

2.2.4-2 South Vent Noble Gas Monitors (RY26-185A-3, RY26-285A-3, RY26-185B-3, and RY26-285B-3). The default High setpoint for each Unit's South Vent noble gas effluent monitor is set at or below the SVSP_{NGD} value. (per equation 2-10)

 $SVSP_{MGD} \le \frac{[5.49E-2][500][7.14E-8]}{[1.2149E9][2.65E-10]}$ (2-10)

SVSP_{NGD} ≤ 6.09E-6 µCi/cc

The default High-High setpoint for each units South Vent Noble Gas Effluent Monitor is calculated per equation (2-10a).

The basis for the default High-High setpoint is the Unusual Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary Dose Rate of 0.114 mrem/hr.

 $SVSP_{MGD} \le \frac{[500][7.14E-8]}{[1.2149E9][2.65E-10]}[2]$ (2-10a)

SVSPNGD ≤ 2.22E-4µCi/cc

where:

 $SVSP_{NGD}$ = Default South Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas ($\mu CI/cc$)

 $SVSP(Hi-Hi)_{NGD}$ = Default South Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas ($\mu CI/cc$)

5.49E-2 = Default fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas total body dose rate from the South Vent (unitless)

$$= \frac{2.65E-10}{(4.30E-9)+(5.31E-10)}$$

where:

2.65E-10 = Summation of the Unit's South Vent concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$$

4.30E-9 = Summation of the North Vent concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$

5.31E-10 = Summation of the South Vent (Unit 1 & 2) concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(\mu Ci) (mrem) (m^3)}{(cc) (yr) (pCi)}$$

Ref: a) Based on expected annual release from UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

b) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm and South Vent flow of 234,000 cfm for Unit 1 and Unit 2 vents.

c) ODCM II Table 2-1.

500 = Total body dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

7.14E-8 = Total noble gas concentration from North Vent $(\mu \text{Ci/cc})$

Ref: a) Based UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

b) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm.

1.2149E9 = Conversion factor

$$\frac{(pCi)(cc)}{(m^3)(\mu Ci)}$$

Ref: a) ODCM II equation 2-3

2.65E-9 = Summation of the North Vent concentration of noble gas nuclide i multiplied by the corresponding whole body dose factor.

$$\frac{(pCi)(cc)}{(m^3)(\mu Ci)}$$

Multiplication factor to correspond to Unusual
Event Emergency Action Level Site Boundary
Dose Rate. (Unitless)

Ref: a) Based UFSAR Table 11.3-1.

b) Based on maximum North Vent flow of 664,000 cfm.

c) ODCM II Table 2-1.

2.2.5 <u>Wide Range Accident Monitor Noble Gas Effluent</u> Monitor (RIX-26-076-4)

The Wide Range Accident Monitor (WRAM) noble gas total effluent channel displays the North Vent noble gas release rate. This monitor has Main Control Room Annunciation as well as a group 6A isolation function on the primary containment purge and vent valves. The isolation setpoint value of ≤2.1 μCi/cc specified in Technical Specification 3.3.2-2 is based on the accident dose limits for containment purge during an accident (Ref: UFSAR Section 1.13). For routine operations the total effluent alert and high setpoints are based upon the methodology of Sections 2.2.5-1 and 2.2.5-2. The setpoint units are in microcuries per second using the two unit maximum North Vent flow rate of 664,000 scfm. The total effluent channel High-High setpoint is set at a value less than or equal to ten times the High setpoint (not to exceed the 2.1 µCi/cc equivalent using the two-unit maximum North Vent flow rate). These values are always more conservative than the Technical Specification Table 3.3.2-2 required value of s 2.1\mu Ci/cc.

If the calculated setpoint value is less than the existing monitor setpoint, the setpoint will be reduced to the new value. If the calculated setpoint is greater than the existing value, the setpoint may remain at the lower value, or increased to the new value.

2.2.5-1

Routine Operations High Setpoint

Determination

For routine operations, the High setpoint for the WRAM Noble Gas total effluent channel is set at or below the lesser of the NVSP_{NGWB} OR NVSP_{NGSK} value.

 $NVSP_{NGWE} \le \frac{[VF_{NVNG}][500][\Sigma C_{iNV}]}{[3.4475E9]\Sigma[(C_{iNV})(K_i)]}$ (2-11)

 $NVSP_{NGSK} \le \frac{[VF_{NVNG}][3000][\Sigma C_{iNV}]}{[3.4475E9]\Sigma[(C_{iNV})(L_i + 1.11M_i)]}$ (2-12)

where:

 $NVSP_{NGWB}$ = North Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body (μ Ci/cc)

 $NVSP_{NGSK}$ = North Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin (μ Ci/cc)

VF_{NVNG} = Fractional contribution to site boundary noble gas dose rate from the North Vent as calculated in equation 2-7. (unitless).

= Total body dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

3000 = Skin Dose rate limit (mrem/yr)

 ΣC_{iNV} = Total noble gas activity from North Vent grab sample ($\mu Ci/cc$)

3.4475E9 = Conversion factor]

 $\left[\frac{(pCi)(cc)}{(m^3)(\mu Ci)}\right]$

= $(1.1E-5 \text{ sec/}m^3) (1E6pCi/\mu Ci) (664,000 cfm) (1/60 min/sec) (2.832E4 cc/ft^3) (2-3)$

where:

 $1.1E-5 \text{ sec/m}^3 = \text{highest annual average X/Q (NE Sector)}$

 $1E6 pCi/\mu Ci = units conversion$

664,000 cfm = maximum North Vent flow rate for two unit operation

1/60 min/sec = units conversion

$2.832E4 cc/ft^3 =$	units	conversion
-----------------------	-------	------------

C _{inv} =	=	concentration of noble gas nuclide i as determined by radioanalysis of North
		Vent grab sample (µCi/cc)

K_i = Total body dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³, from Table 2-1).

L_i = Beta skin dose conversion factor noble gas nuclide i (mrem/yr per pCi/m³, per Table 2-1).

M_i = Gamma air dose conversion factor for noble gas nuclide i (mrad/yr per pCi/m³, per Table 2-1).

The setpoint values are converted from $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ to $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$ using the maximum two-unit North Vent flow rate:

 $NVSP_{TEWB} = [NVSP_{NGWB}] [3.134E8]$ (2-14)

 $NVSP_{TESK} = [NVSP_{NGSK}] [3.134E8]$ (2-15)

where:

NVSPTEWB	=						th Vent
		Setpoi	.nt -	Nobl	e Gas	Whole	Body

 ${
m NVSP_{TESK}}$ = WRAM total effluent channel North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin ($\mu{
m Ci/sec}$).

 $NVSP_{NGWB}$ = North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body (μ Ci/cc).

 $NVSP_{NGSK}$ = North Vent High Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin ($\mu Ci/cc$).

3.134E8 = Conversion factor (cc/sec). = (664,000 scfm)(1/60 min/sec) $(2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3)$

(2-16)

2.2 5-2 Routine Operations High-High Setpoint: Determination

For routine operations, the High-High setpoint for the WRAM Noble Gas total effluent channel is set at or below ten times the lesser of the routine operations NVSP_{TEWB} or NVSP_{TESK} value.

 $NVHP_{TEMB} = [NVSP_{NGWE}] [10]$ (2-17)

 $NVHP_{TESK} = [NVSP_{NGSK}] [10]$ (2-18)

where:

 $NVHP_{TEWB}$ = WRAM total effluent channel North Vent High-High Setpoint Noble Gas Whole Body ($\mu Ci/sec$).

NVHP_{TESK} = WRAM total effluent channel North Vent High-High Setpoint Noble Gas Skin (µCi/sec).

NVSP $_{\text{NGWB}}$ = WRAM total effluent channel North Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Whole Body (μ Ci/sec).

 $NVSP_{NGSK}$ = WRAM total effluent channel North Vent Setpoint - Noble Gas Skin (μ Ci/sec).

= multiplication factor to calculate High value (unitless)

2.3 Gaseous Effluent Dose Evaluation

The Annual gaseous effluent dose evaluations are performed using the computer based RM-21A report processor. Instantaneous Offsite Dose Calculations are performed with the MesoRem Jr Common Dose Model computer program. The following sections describe the computational models, assumptions and bases. Emergency dose calculations are performed using the MesoRem Jr Common Dose Model computer program.

Monthly dose calculations are performed based on limiting sector average annual meteorological dispersion parameters. For the noble gas monthly dose calculation, effluent release data are based on the latest grab sample analysis for radionuclide composition and the hourly average effluent monitor response for total release activity. For the iodine and particulate monthly dose calculations, the effluent release radionuclide composition and release activity are based on the continuous composite samples for the time period of the dose calculation.

The quarterly dose calculations are a summation of the applicable monthly dose results.

The annual dose calculations are based on the actual meteorological conditions concurrent with the effluent releases. Wind direction, temperature lapse rate, ambient temperature, ground level windspeed, and release elevation windspeed are provided for each hour of the year. The meteorological dispersion values (X/Q), depleted X/Q, and D/Q) are calculated for each hour and linked with the corresponding release data. The effluent release radionuclide composition and activity are based on the same parameters as the monthly dose analyses.

2.3.1 Site Boundary Dose Rate - Noble Gases

ODCM I3.3.2.a limits the dose rate at the SITE BOUNDARY due to noble gas releases to ≤500 mrem/yr total body and ≤3000 mrem/yr skin. Radiation monitor alarm setpoints are established to ensure that these release limits are not exceeded.

Simultaneous releases from the North and South Vents are considered in evaluating compliance with the release rate limits of ODCM I3.3.2.a following any releases exceeding the alarm setpoints. Monitor indications (readings) are averaged over time periods not to exceed 15 minutes when determining noble gas release rate based on correlation of the monitor reading and monitor sensitivity. The 15-min averaging allows for reasonable monitor response to potentially changing radioactive material concentrations and to exclude potential electronic spikes in monitor readings that may be unrelated to radioactive material releases. When identified, electronic spiking monitor responses are being excluded from the dose calculation.

NOTE: For administrative purposes, more conservative alarm setpoints than those required to meet 10 CFR 20 Dose Rate limits are imposed. However, conditions exceeding these more limiting alarm setpoints do not necessarily indicate radioactive material release rates exceeding the dose limits of ODCM I3.3.2.a. Provided actual releases do not result in radiation monitor indications exceeding values based on the dose rate limits of ODCM I3.3.2.a, no further analysis are required for demonstrating compliance with the limits of ODCM I3.3.2.a.

In the event of a noble gas effluent release exceeding the setpoint value specified in ODCM II sections 2.2.1 or 2.2.2, the site boundary dose rate from the release is calculated using the methodology stated below. This methodology is based on worst sector (NE) annual average meteorological dispersion but, if further refinement is required to meet the requirements of ODCM I3.3.2.a, actual meteorological data from the time period of concern may be used to calculate actual meteorological dispersion.

$$D_{\tau PTB} = (53.882) (X/Q) \begin{bmatrix} 17[[(F_{NV}) (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2}SV) (Q_{i2SV})]K_i] \end{bmatrix}$$
(2-22)

$$D_{PSK} = (53.882) \; (X/Q) \begin{bmatrix} \sum\limits_{i=3}^{17} \left[\; \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1}SV) \; (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2}SV) \; (Q_{i2SV}) \; \right] L_{i} \right] \; + \\ \\ (SF) \begin{bmatrix} \sum\limits_{i=3}^{17} \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1}SV) \; (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) \; (Q_{i2SV}) \; \right] M_{i} \; (1.11) \end{bmatrix}$$

(2-23)

where:

D,PTB = Total Body Plume Dose Rate (rem/hr)

D_{PSK} = Skin Plume Dose Rate (rem/hr)

53.882 = Units conversion factor

$$\begin{bmatrix} rem-m^3-pCi-yr-min-cc \\ \mu Ci-hr-mrem-m^3-sec-ft^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

X/Q = 1.1E-05 highest annual average relative concentration (NE Sector) (sec/m₃)

 F_{NV} = North Vent Flow Rate (cfm)

 Q_{inv} = concentration of noble gas nuclide i during period of release from North Vent (μ Ci/cc)

 F_{1SV} = Unit 1 South Vent Flow Rate (cfm)

 Q_{iisv} = Concentration of noble gas nuclide i during period of release from Unit 1 South Vent $(\mu Ci/cc)$.

 F_{2SV} = Unit 2 South Vent Flow Rate (cfm)

Q_{i2SV} = Concentration of noble gas nuclide i during period of release from Unit 2 South Vent

(µCi/cc).

K_i = Total body dose factor for noble gas nuclide i. Values are listed in Table 2-1.

 $\left[\frac{mrem-m^3}{pCi-yr}\right]$

L_i = Skin dose factor for the beta contribution for noble gas nuclide i. Values are listed in Table 2-1.

 $\left[\frac{mrem-m^3}{pC^2-yr}\right]$

- 1.11 = the average ratio of tissue to air energy absorption coefficients (mrem/mrad) (Ref: Regulatory Guide 1.109 Section 2.2)
- SF = 0.7 is the attenuation factor that accounts for the dose reduction due to shielding provided by residential structure (dimensionless) (Ref: Regulatory Guide 1.109 Table E-15).
- M_i = Gamma air dose factor for noble gas nuclide i. Values are listed in Table 2-1.

mrad-m³
pCi-yi

2.3.2 Site Boundary Dose Rate Radioiodine and Particulates
ODCM I3.3.2.d limits this dose rate to ≤1500 mrem/yr to
any organ (inhalation pathways only) for I-131, I-133,
Tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with
half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents.
Compliance with ODCM I3.3.2.d is determined monthly by
performance of ODCM II Section 2.3.4.

Simultaneous releases from the North and South Vents are considered in evaluating compliance with the release rate limits of ODCM I3.3.2.b. Release activity is based upon the results of the continuous composite sampler analysis performed in accordance with ODCM Table I3.3-3.

This methodology is based on the worst sector (NE) annual average meteorological dispersion but, if further refinement is required to meet the limits of ODCM I3.3.2.b, actual meteorological data from the time period of concern may be used to calculate actual meteorological dispersion.

2.3.3 Noble Gas Air Doses

ODCM I3.3.3 limits the air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents (from both reactor units) to areas at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY to:

s 10 mrad gamma for any quarter
s 20 mrad beta for any quarter

≤ 20 mrad gamma during any calendar year

s 40 mrad beta during any calendar year As required by ODCM 13.3.3.1 Surveillance Requirement, these doses are calculated at least once per 31 days using the results of the most recent grab samples for isotopic composition performed in accordance with ODCM Table 13.3-3 when release point grab samples do not identify any radionuclides. Total release activity is based upon the hourly average effluent monitor response. As identified, electronic spiking monitor responses are excluded from the release activity analyses. The monthly dose calculation is performed using the most limiting average annual meteorological dispersion values. The quarterly doses are based on the summation of the applicable monthly results. The annual dose calculations are based upon actual release meteorological conditions as described in Section 2.3.5. The monthly dose calculations are performed in accordance with the methodology below.

 $D_{\tau}AIR = (0.114) \; (1.11E-5) \; (472) \sum_{i} \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (C_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) \; (C_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) \; (C_{i2SV}) \; \right] M_{i} \; \; (2-24)$

 $D_{\beta}AIR = (0.114) \; (1.11E-5) \; (472) \sum_{i} \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (C_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) \; (C_{iISV}) + (F_{2SV}) \; (C_{i2SV}) \; \right] N_{i} \; (2-25) \; (2$

where:

 D_{TAIR} = Gamma air dose from noble gas releases (rad/hr)

D_{SAIR} = Beta air dose from noble gas release (rad/hr)

0.114 = Unit conversion

 $\begin{bmatrix} rad-pCi-yr \\ \mu Ci-hr-mrad \end{bmatrix}$

1.1E-5 = Highest average annual relative concentration (NE Sector) (sec/m²)

472 = Inits conversion

$\frac{\min/\sec}{\sec-ft^3}$

F_{NV} = Average North Vent Flow rate for period of release (cfm)

 C_{iNV} = Concentration of noble gas nuclide i from North Vent effluent (μ Ci/cc)

F_{isv} = Average Unit 1 South Vent flow rate for period of release (cfm)

 C_{i1SV} = Concentration of noble gas nuclide i from Unit 1 South Vent effluent (μ Ci/cc)

F_{2SV} = Average Unit 2 South Vent flow rate for period of release (cfm)

 C_{i2SV} = Concentration of noble gas nuclide i from Unit 2 South Vent effluent ($\mu Ci/cc$)

M_i = Gamma air dose factor for noble gas nuclide i. Values are listed in Table 2-1.

 $\left[\frac{mrad-m^3}{pCi-yr}\right]$

 N_i = Beta air dose factor for noble gas nuclide i. values are listed in Table 2-1.

 $\frac{mrad-m^3}{pCi-yr}$

2.3.4 Radiciodine and Particulate Dose Calculations

ODCM I3.3.4 limits the dose (from both reactor units) to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from I-131, I-133, Tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents released to areas at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY to:

 \leq 15 mrem to any organ during any calendar quarter

≤ 30 mrem to any organ during any calendar year

As required by ODCM I3.3.4.1 Surveillance Requirement, these doses are calculated at least once per 31 days using the results of the continuous composite sample analysis performed in accordance with ODCM Table I3.3-3. Due to the incorporation of the ALARA philosophy in the design and operation of the Limerick effluent

systems, these composite samples may not identify any radionuclides. Total release activity is based upon detectable concentration of the continuous composite samples and average appropriate vent flow during the sampling period. The monthly dose calculation is performed using the most limiting average annual meteorological dispersion values. The quarterly doses are based on the summation of the applicable monthly results. The annual dose calculations are based upon actual release meteorology as described in Section 2.3.5. The monthly dose calculations are performed in accordance with the methodology below. Total organ dose is obtained by the summation of the organ dose from each pathway for each receptor.

2.3.4-1 <u>Ground Pathway</u> $D_{GPAR} = (3.6E-6)(472)(1.82E-9)\Sigma_{t}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} {}_{25}^{35} \\ {}_{2i=18}^{5} \left[\; \left(F_{NV} \right) \; \left(\mathcal{Q}_{iNV} \right) + \left(F_{1SV} \right) \; \left(\mathcal{Q}_{i1SV} \right) + \left(F_{2SV} \right) \; \left(\mathcal{Q}_{i2SV} \right) + \left(F_{HMS} \right) \; \left(\mathcal{Q}_{iHMS} \right) \; \right] DF_{I,\;K,\;L,\;N} \right] \; \left(T_{t} \right) \\ \end{array} \right. \tag{2-26}$$

2.3.4-2 Vege ation, Meat, Cow Milk, and Goa: Milk Pathway

$$D_{VPAR} = (3.6E-6) (472) \sum_{t} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{2} \left[(F_{NV}) (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) (Q_{i,SV}) + (F_{HMS}) (Q_{iHMS}) \right] (1.1E-5) DF_{I,K,L,N} \right] + \left[\sum_{i=18}^{35} (F_{NV}) (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) (Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS}) (Q_{iHMS}) \right] (1.82E-9) DF_{I,K,L,N} \right]$$

(2-27)

2.3.4-3 Inhalation Pathway

$$D_{IPAR} = (3.6E-6)(472)\sum_{t} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{2} \left[(F_{NV})(Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV})(Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV})(Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS})(Q_{iHMS}) \right] (1.1E-5)DF_{K,L,N} \right] + \left[\sum_{i=18}^{35} \left[(F_{NV})(Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV})(Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV})(Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS})(Q_{iHMS}) \right] (1.0E-5)DF_{K,L,N} \right]$$

(2-28)

where:

D_{GPAR} = dose from ground pathway due to release of particulates and iodines (rem).

D_{VPAR} = dose from vegetation, meat, cow milk, and goat milk, pathways due to releases of particulates, iodines, and tritium (rem)

D_{IPAR} = dose from inhalation pathway due to release of particulates, iodines, and tritium (rem)

3.6E-6 = units conversion factor

$$\frac{rem-Ci-sec}{hr-mrem-\mu Ci}$$

472 = units conversion factor

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{i \ln - cc}{\sec - ft} \end{bmatrix}$$

1.82E-9 = highest average annual deposition (ESE Sector)

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{m^2} \end{array}\right]$$

Σ = summation for each release time period t (unitless).

 F_{NV} = average North Vent flow rate during release (cfm).

 Q_{iNV} = concentration of muclide I from North Vent effluent ($\mu Ci/cc$).

 F_{1SV} = average Unit 1 South Vent flow rate during

release (cfm).

 Q_{i1SV} = concentration of nuclide i from Unit 1 South Vent effluent (μ Ci/cc).

F_{2SV} = average Unit 2 South Vent flow rate during release (cfm).

 Q_{i2SV} = concentration of nuclide i from Unit 2 South Vent effluent $(\mu Ci/cc)$.

 F_{HMS} = average Hot Maintenance Shop flow rate during release (cfm).

 Q_{iHMS} = concentration of nuclide i from Hot Maintenance effluent ($\mu Ci/cc$).

DF_{i,K,L,N} = dose factor for organ type k, age group 1, pathway number n; dose factors are based on a computer program which is similar to the NRC program GASPAR results from this program provide input data in the form of a lookup table - values of DF_{kln} are provided in Table 2-2.

i = isotope number (1 through 35)(3 through 17 are noble gases).

GI tract = 2, bone = 3, liver = 4, kidney = 5,
thyroid = 6, lung = 7, skin = 8).

= age group (1 through 4, where adult = 1, teen = 2, child = 3, infant = 4).

N = pathway number (1 through 7).

 T_t = time duration of release (hrs).

1.1E-5 = highest average annual X/Q (NE Sector) (sec/m³).

1.0E-5 = highest average annual depleted X/Q (NE Sector) (sec/m²).

2.3.5 Annual Dose Evaluation

ODCM I3.6 requires an Annual Dose evaluation be performed and reported in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.21 in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report submitted 60 days after the first of each year. This dose evaluation is processed by the RM-21A. In the event that this computer model is unavailable, this analysis can be performed using the same methodology. The liquid portion of this annual dose calculation is described in Section 1.3 of ODCM II. The annual gaseous dose calculation uses the same methodology described in Section 2.3.1, 2.3.3, and 2.3.4 with the exception of meteorology; which is based upon

actual sector average atmospheric dispersion values using the guidance of Regulatory Guide 1.111 (Section C.1c). Finalized hourly values of wind direction, ground level and release elevation wind speed, ambient temperature, and temperature lapse rate (for P-G stability class) are provided annually using the instrumentation specified in ODCM I3.1-1. These values are calculated for each hour and linked to the corresponding hourly averaged effluent release rate. Doses are then calculated for each hour at the various receptors of interest (depending upon release direction). Radioactive material release rate is calculated as described in Sections 2.3.3 and 2.3.4. Dose at each receptor is accumulated for the year and the maximum dose for plume, inhalation, and ingestion pathways are reported. The gaseous effluent dose receptors are listed in Table 2-4 and the dose is calculated using the methodology below.

2.3.5-1 Plume Pathway

$$D_{PLNGA} = (3.6E-6) (472) \sum_{t} (X/Q) \sum_{t1=3}^{17} [(F_{NV}) (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) (Q_{i2SV})]$$

$$[e^{(-\lambda i) (dt)/u} t] (DF_{iKLN}) T_{t}) \qquad (2-29)$$

2.3.5-2 Ground Pathway

$$D_{GPARA} = (3.6E-6) (472 \cdot \sum_{t} (X/Q) \sum_{t1=3}^{17} \left[(F_{NV}) (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1}SV) (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{iKLN}) (T_{t}) (T_{t}) (F_{2SV}) (Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS}) (Q_{iHMS}) \right] (DF_{iKLN}) (T_{t})$$

2.3.5-3 <u>Vegetation, Meat, Cow Milk, Goat Milk</u> Pathway

$$D_{VPARA} = (3.6E-6)(472)\sum_{t} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{2} \left[(F_{NV})(Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV})(Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV})(Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS})(Q_{iHMS}) \right] \left[(X/Q_{t}) \right](DF_{i,K,L,N}) \right] + \left[\sum_{i=18}^{35} \left[(F_{NV})(Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV})(Q_{i1SV})(F_{2SV})(Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS})(Q_{iHMS}) \right] \left[D/Q \right]_{t}(DF_{i,K,L,N}) \right] (2-31)$$

2.3.5-4 <u>Vegetation, Meat, Cow Milk, Goat Milk</u> <u>Pathway</u>

$$D_{IPARA} = (3.6E-6)(472)\Sigma$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sum\limits_{i=1}^{2} \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) \; (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) \; (Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS}) \; (Q_{iHMS}) \; \right] \; \left[\; (X/Q_t) \; \right] \; (DF_{i,K,L,N}) \\ \sum\limits_{i=18}^{35} \left[\; (F_{NV}) \; (Q_{iNV}) + (F_{1SV}) \; (Q_{i1SV}) + (F_{2SV}) \; (Q_{i2SV}) + (F_{HMS}) \; (Q_{iHMS}) \; \right] \; [D/Q_{depl}] \; (DF_{i,K,L,N}) \end{bmatrix}$$

where:

(2-32)

L_{PLNGA} = annual dose from plume pathway (rem)

D_{GPARA} = annual dose from ground pathway (rem)

D_{VPARA} = annual dose from vegetation, meat, cow milk, and goat milk pathways (rem)

D_{IPARA} = annual dose from inhalation pathway (rem)

3.6E-6 = units conversion factor

rem-Ci-sec hr-mrem-µCi

472 = units conversion factor

 $\frac{\min - cc}{\sec - ft}$

Σ = summation for each release time period t (unitless).

 $(X/Q)_t$ = relative concentration for time period "t" (\sec/m^3) .

 F_{MV} = average North Vent flow rate during release (cfm).

 Q_{iNV} = concentration of nuclide i from North Vent effluent (μ Ci/cc).

F_{1SV} = average Unit 1 South Vent flow rate during release (cfm).

 Q_{i1SV} = concentration of nuclide i from Unit 1 South Vent effluent ($\mu Ci/cc$).

F_{2SV} = average Unit 2 South Vent flow rate during release (cfm).

-1654		Vent effluent (µCi/cc).
λi	=	decay constant of nuclide i (sec-1).
dr	=	distance to receptor "r".
u _t		average windspeed for time period "t" (m/sec).
DF _{1,K,L,N}		dose factor for organ type k, age group 1, pathway number n; dose factors are based on results of a computer program that is based on and is similar to the NRC program GASPAR; results from this program provide input data in the form of a lookup table - values of DF _{KLN} are provided in Table 2-2.
i	=	isotope number (1 through 35)(3 through 17 are noble gases).
K	=	organ type (1 through 8, where total : body = 1, GI tract = 2, bone = 3, liver = 4, kidney = 5, thyroid = 6, lung = 7, skin = 8).
L	=	age group (1 through 4, where adult = 1, teen = 2, child = 3, infant = 4).
N	=	pathway number (1 through 7).
Tt	322	time duration of release (hrs).

= concentration of nuclide i from Unit 2 South

 Q_{iHMS} = concentration of nuclide i from Hot Maintenance Shop effluent ($\mu\text{Ci/cc}$).

during release (cfm).

 $(D/Q)_t$ = deposition concentration for time period "t" $(1/m^2)$.

average Hot Maintenance Shop flow rate

 (X/Q_{depl}) = relative depleted concentration for time period "t" (sec/m³).

2.4 Gaseous Effluent Dose Projection

Qizsv

FHMS

ODCM I3.3.5 requires the VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM be used to reduce radioactive material levels prior to discharge when projected doses from both units to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY would exceed 0.6 mrem to any organ in a 31 day period.

The applicable gaseous processing systems for maintaining radioactive material releases ALARA are the Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System and Exhaust Treatment System in Figures 2-1 and 2-2.

A dose projection is performed at least once per 31-days by the following equation:

Dmaxp = (Dmax/d) = 31d

(2-33)

where:

Dmaxp = maximum organ dose projection for current 31-day period (mrem)

Dmax = maximum organ dose to date for current calendar quarter as determined by equation (2-26)(2-27) or (2-28) (mrem).

d = number of days remaining in current calendar quarter. The minimum time elapsed is seven (7) days.

31d = the number of days of concern.

3.0 Special Dose Analysis

3.1 Total Dose to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

ODCM I3.3.7 requires that the annual dose or dose commitment to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC, due to releases of radioactivity and radiation, from the uranium fuel cycle shall be limited to:

≤ 2; mrem whole body or any organ except thyroid ≤ 75 mrem thyroid

ODCM I3.3.7.2 Surveillance Requirement requires that cumulative dose contributions from direct radiation from ' operations be evaluated when the calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceed twice the limits of ODCM 13.2.3.a, 3.2.3.b, 3.3.3.a, 3.3.3.b, 3.3.4.a, or 3.3.4.b. The direct radiation contribution shall be determined by the methodology described below. This methodology calculates the direct radiation contribution which then must be added to the dose or dose commitment determined in accordance with sections ODCM II1.3.1, 2.3.3, and 2.3.4 to determine total dose from all pathways. This evaluation of direct radiation contribution is in accordance with ANSI/ANS 6.6.1-1979 Section 7. The error using this method is estimated to be approximately 8%. The following evaluation is performed for each receptor of concern.

 $D_{DR1} = D_{TTLD1} - D_{X BKG} - D_{1EFFL}$

where:

 D_{DR1} = cumulative dose contribution from direct radiation at receptor 1 (mrem).

NOTE: Due to the statistics of radiation measurements and to the conservation of effluent calculations it is plausible the D_{DR1} may yield a negative value. In this situation the value for D_{DR1} shall be reported as zero(0).

D_{TTLD} = total dose at receptor of interest (as evaluated by TLD measurement) (mrem).

NOTE: If there is not a TLD location at the actual receptor location, a more conservative location will be used to evaluate Total Dose.

D_{XBKG} = mean of the background dose as evaluated by TLDs at background sites (mrem).

 $D_{\text{IEFFL}} = \text{effluent contribution to dose (as evaluated in sections 2.3.3 and 2.3.4.1)}$.

3.2 Doses Due to Activities Inside the SITE BOUNDARY

In accordance with ODCM I3.6, the Annual Radioactive effluent Release Report submitted within 60 days after January 1 of each year shall include an assessment of radiation dose from radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY.

There are three locations within the SITE BOUNDARY that are accessible to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC for activities unrelated to the operation of Limerick Station. These locations are: 1) the railroad tracks which run along the river within the SITE BOUNDARY; 2) the Limerick Atomic Information Center, on Longview Road next to the 500kv substation; and 3) Fricks Lock environmental laboratory, operated by RMC Environmental Services, Inc. Of these three locations, the railroad tracks are the closest to the plant confines. The highest annual dose for the three locations should be determined by calculating dose at the railroad track location.

The following methodology is used to evaluate dose at the railroad tracks, Information Center, and Fricks Lock locations. This dose assessment is based on the results of the annual dose evaluation outlined in ODCM Section 2.3.5. The maximum dose calculated will be reported.

$$D_{PSBX} = D_{SBX} * \frac{X/QRIF}{X/Q_{SBX}} = 0.25 \qquad (3-2)$$

where:

D _{PSBX}	200	Dose to	MEMI	BERS	OF	THE	PUBLIC	within	the	SITE
		BOUNDAR								

D_{SBX} = Dose at SITE BOUNDARY in Sector "X" (mrem).

 X/Q_{SBX} = Relative average annual atmospheric dispersion for year of interest at SITE BOUNDARY in Sector "X" (sec/m³).

X/Q_{RIF} = Relative average annual atmospheric dispersion for year of interest at railroad, Information Center or Fricks Lock for distances listed below in Sector "X" (sec/m³)

	Sector	Distance to Location (m)
Rai	lroad Tracks:	
	S	300
	SSW	225
	SW	225
	WSW	225
	W	225
	WNW	
		345
	NM	450
Inf	ormation Center:	
	ESE	884
Fri	cks Lock:	
	WSW	450

0.25 = maximum occupancy factor for railroad tracks, Limerick Atomic Information Center or Fricks Lock Environmental Laboratory (unitless).

4.0 Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program

4.1 Sampling Program

The operational phase of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) is conducted in accordance with the requirements of ODCM I3.4-3. The objectives of the program are:

- To provide data on measurable levels of radiation and radioactive materials in the site environs.
- To evaluate the relationship between quantities of radioactive materials released from LGS and resultant radiation doses to individuals from principal pathways of exposure.

The sampling requirements (type of samples, collection frequency, and analysis) and sample locations are presented in Appendix B.

4.2 Interlaboratory Comparison Program

Technical Specification 6.8.4.e.3 requires analyses be performed on radioactive material supplied as part of an Interlaboratory Comparison.

Participation in an approved Interlaboratory Comparison Program provides a check on the preciseness of measurements of radioactive material in environmental samples. A summary of the Interlaboratory Comparison Program results is provided in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to ODCM I3 5.

TABLES

TABLE 1-1 INGESTION INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS (Daipj) For liquid effluents

Units For All Ingestion Pathways are: mrem/pCi

Table 1-1

Liquid Dose Factors From Table E-1; or Reg. Guide 1.109 Ingestion Dose Factors For Adult:

Inges	BONE	Factors For	T.BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
нз	0.000E+00	1.050E-07	1.050E-07	1.050E-07	1.050E-07	1.050E-07	1.050E-07
C14	2.840E-06	5.680E-07	5.680E-07	5.680E-07	5.680E-07	5.680E-07	5.680E-07
Na24	1.700E-06	1.700E-06	1.700E-06	1.700E-06	1.700E-06	1.700E-06	1.700E-06
P32	1.930E-04	1.200E-05	7.460E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.170E-05
Cr51	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.660E-09	1.590E-09	5.860E-10	3.530E-09	6.690E-07
Mn54	0.000E+00	4.570E-06	8.720E-07	0.000E+00	1.360E-06	0.000E+00	1.400E-05
Mn56	0.000E+00	1.150E-07	2.040E-08	0.000E+00	1.460E-07	0.000E+00	3.670E-06
Fe55	2.750E-06	1.900E-06	4.430E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.060E-06	1.090E-06
Fe59	4.340E-06	1.020E-05	3.910E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.850E-06	3.400E-05
Co58	0.000E+00	7.450E-07	1.670E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.510E-05
C060	0.000E+00	2.140E-06	4.720E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.020E-05
Ni63	1.300E-04	9.010E-06	4.360E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.880E-06
Ni65	5.280E-07	6.860E-08	3.130E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.740E-06
Cu64	0.000E+00	8.330E-08	3.910E-08	0.000E+00	2.100E-07	0.000E+00	7.100E-06
Zn65	4.840E-06	1.540E-05	6.960E-06	0.000E+00	1.030E-05	0.000E+00	9.700E-06
Zn69	1.030E-08	1.970E-08	1.370E-09	0.000E+00	1.280E-08	0.000E+00	2.960E-09
Br83	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.020E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	5.790E-08
Br84	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	5.210E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
Br85	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.140E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
Rb86	0.000E+00	2.110E-05	9.830E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+0C	0.000E+00	4.160E-06
Rb88	0.000E+00	6.050E-08	3.210E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	8.360E-19
Rb89	0.000E+00	4.010E-08	2.820E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00		2.330E-21
Sr89	3.080E-04	0.000E+00	8.840E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.940E-05
Sr90	7.580E-03	0.000E+00	1.860E-03	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.190E-04
Sr91	5.670E-06	0.000E+00	2.290E-07	0.000E+00	U.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.700E-05
Sr92	2.150E-06	0.000E+00	9.300E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.260E-05
Y90	9.620E-09	0.000E+00	2.580E-10	0.000E+00	0.000E+00		1.020E-04
Y91m	9.090E-11	0.000E+00	3.520E-12	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.670E-10
Y91	1.410E-07	0.000E+00	3.770E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	7.670E-05
Y92	8.450E-10	0.000E+00	2.470E-11	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.480E-05
Y93	2.680E-09	0.000E+00	7.400E-11	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	8.500E-05
Zr95	3.040E-08	9.750E-09	6.600E-09	0.000E+00	1.530E-08	0.000E+00	3.090E-05
Zr97	1.680E-09	3.390E-10	1.550E-10	0.000E+00	5.120E-10	0.000E+00	1.050E-04
Nb95	6.220E-09	The state of the s			3.420E-09	0.000E+00	2.100E-05
M099	0.000E-00	4.310E-06	8.200E-07	0.000E+00	9.760E-06	0.000E+00	9.990E-06
Tc99m	2.470E-10	6.980E-10	8.890E-09	0.000E+00	1.060E-08	3.420E-10	4.130E-07
Tc101	2.540E-10	3.660E-10	3.590E-09	0.000E+00	6.590E-06	1.870E-10	1.100E-21
Ru103	1.850E-07	0.000E+00	7.970E-08	0.000E+00	7.060E-07	0.000E+00	2.160E-05
Ru105	1.540E-08	0.000E+00	6.080E-09	0.000E+00	1.990E-07	0.000E+00	9.420E-06
Ru106	2.750E-06	0.000E+00	3.480E-07	0.000E+00	5.310E-06	0.000E+00	1.780E-04
Ag110m	1.600E-07	1.480E-07	8.790E-08	0.000E+00	2.910E-07	0.000E+00	6.040E-05
Te125m	2.860E-06	9.170E-07	3.590E-07	8.060E-07	1.090E-05	0.000E+00	1.070E-05
Tel27m	6.770E-06	2.420E-06	8.250E-07	1.730E-06	2.750E-05	0.000E+00	2.270E-05
Te127	1.100E-07	3.950E-08	2.380E-08	8.150E-08	4.480E-07	0.000E+00	8.680E-06
Te129m	1.150E-05	4.290E-06	1.820E-06	3.950E-06	4 800E-05	0.000E+00	5.790E-05
Te129	3.140E-08						

Table 1-1 (Continued)

Liquid Dose Factors
From Table E-11 or Reg. Guide 1.109
Ingestion Dose Factors For Adult:

Inges	BONE BONE	Factors For LIVER	T.BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
Te131m	1.730E-06	8.460E-07	7.050E-07	1.340E-06	8.570E-06	0.000E+00	8.400E-05
Te131	1.970E-08	8.230E-09	6.220E-09	1.620E-08	8.630E-08	0.000E+00	2.790E-09
Te132	2.520E-06	1.630E-06	1.530E-06	1.800E-06	1.570E-05	0.000E+00	7.710E-05
I130	7.560E-07	2.230E-06	8.800E-07	1.890E-04	3.480E-06	0.000E+00	1.920E-06
I131	4.160E-06	5.950E-06	3.410E-06	1.950E-03	1.020E-05	0.000E-00	1.570E-06
1132	2.030E-07	5.430E-07	1.900E-07	1.900E-05	8.650E-07	0.000E+00	1.020E-07
I133	1.420E-06	2.470E-06	7.530E-07	3.630E-04	4.310E-06	0.000E+00	2.220E-06
1134	1.060E-07	2.880E-07	1.030E-07	4.990E-06	4.580E-07	0.000E+00	2.510E-10
I135	4.430E-07	1.160E-06	4.280E-07	7.650E-05	1.860E-06	0.000E+00	1.310E-06
Cs134	6.220E-05	1.480E-04	1.210E-04	0.000E+00	4.790E-05	1.590E-05	2.590E-06
Cs136	6.510E-06	2.570E-05	1.850E-05	0.000E+00	1.430E-05	1.960E-06	2.920E-06
Cs137	7.970E-05		7.140E-05	0.000E+00	3.700E-05	1.230E-05	2.110E-06
Cs138	5.520E-08	1.090E-07	5.400E-08	0.000E+00	8.010E-08	7.910E-08	4.650E-13
Ba139	9.700E-08	6.910E-11	2.840E-09	0.000E+00	6.460E-11	3.920E-11	1.720E-07
Ba140	2.030E-05		1.330E-06	0.0C0E+00	8.670E-09	1.460E-08	4.180E-05
Ba141	4.710E-08		1.590E-09	0.000E+00	3.310E-11	2.020E-11	2.220E-17
Ba142	2.130E-08		1.340E-09	0.000E+00	1.850E-11	1.240E-11	3.000E-26
La140	2.500E-09	1.260E-09	3.330E-10	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	9.250E-05
La142	1.280E-10	The second second second		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.250E-07
Ce141	9.360E-09			0.000E+00	2.940E-09	0.000E+00	2.420E-05
Ce143	1.650E-09	1.220E-06	1.350E-10	0.000E+00	5.370E-10	0.000E+00	4.560E-05
Ce144	4.880E-07	2.040E-07	2.620E-08	0.000E+00	1.210E-07	0.000E+00	1.650E-04
Pr143	9.200E-09	3.690E-09		0.000E+00	2.130E-09		4.030E-05
Pr144	3.010E-11	1.250E-11	1.530E-12	0.000E+00	7.050E-12	0.000E+00	4.330E-18
Nd147	6.290E-09	7.270E-09		0.000E+00		0.000E+00	3.490E-05
W187	1.030E-07	8.610E-08		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.820E-05
Np239	1.190E-09	1.170E-10	6.450E-11	0.000E+00	3.650E-10	0.000E+00	2.400E-05

Table 1-1 (Continued)

From	d Dose Fac Table E-12 Stion Dose	or Reg. G Factors Fo	r Teen:				
	BONE	LIVER	T.BODY	THYROID	FIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
НЗ	0.000E+00	1.060E-07	1.060E-07	1.060E-07	1.060E-07	1.060E-07	1.060E-07
C14	4.060E-06	8.120E-07	8.120E-07	8.120E-07	8.120E-07		
Na24	2.300E-06	2.300E-06	2.300E-06	2.300E-06	2.300E-06	2.300E-06	2.300E-06
P32	2.760E-04	1.710E-05	1.070E-05			0.000E+00	2.320E-05
Cr51			3.600E-09	The state of the s		5.140E-09	6.050E-07
Mn54			1.170E-06		1.760E-06	0.000E+00	1.210E-05
Mn56	0.00CE+00	1.580E-07	2.810E-08	0.000E+00		0.000E+00	1.040E-05
Fe55	3.780E-06	2.680E-06	6.250E-07	0.000E+00		1.700E-05	1.160E-06
Fe59	5.870E-06	1.370E-05	5.290E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.320E-06	3.240E-05
Co58	0.000E+00		2.240E-06			0.000E+00	1.340E-05
Ni63	0.000E+00 1.770E-04		6.330E-06		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	3.660E-05
Ni65			6.000E-06		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.990E-06
Cu64	0.000E+00	9.570E-08	4.360E-08	0.000E+00		0.000E+00	5.190E-06
Zn65	5.760E-06		5.410E-08		2.910E-07	0.000E+00	8.920E-06
Zn69	1.470E-08	The second secon	9.330E-06		1.280E-05	0.000E+00	8.470E-06
Br83	0.000E+00	The state of the s	1.960E-09 5.740E-08		1.830E-08	0.000E+00	5.160E-08
Br84	0.000E+00		7.220E-08		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
Br85			3.050E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
Rb86	0.000E+00	2 9805-05	1.400E-05	0.000E+00		0.000E+00	0.000E+00
Rb88	0.000E+00	The same of the sa	4.540E-08			0.000E+00	4.410E-06
Rb89	0.000E+00		3.890E-08		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	7.300E-15
Sr89	4.400E-04		1.260E-05		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	8.430E-17
Sr90			2.050E-03		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	5.240E-05
Sr91	8.070E-06		3.210E-07		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.330E-04
Sr92			1.300E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	3.660E-05
Y90	1.370E-08		3.690E-10	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	7.770E-05
Y91m	1.290E-10	The second secon	4.930E-12	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00 0.000E+00	1.130E-04
Y91		0.000E+00		0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	6.090E-09
Y92	1.210E-09		3.500E-11	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	8.240E-05
Y93	3.830E-09		1.050E-10		0.000E+00		3.320E-05 1.170E-04
Zr95	4.120E-08	1.300E-08		0.000E+00			
Zr9"			2.160E-10	0.000E+00	1.910E-08	0.000E+00	3.000E-05
Nb95	8.220E-09	4.560E-09	2.510E-09	0.000E+00	4.420E-09	0.00000	1.270E-04
Mo99	0.000E+00	6.030E-06	1.150E-06	0.000E+00	1.380E-05	0.000E+00	1.950E-05
Tc99m	3.320E-10	9.260E-10	1.200E-08	0.000E+00	1.380E-08	5 140F-10	6 000E-05
Tc101	3.600E-10	5.120E-10	5.030k-09	0.000E+00	9.260E-09	3 1205-10	0.000E-07
Ru103	2.550E-07	0.000E+00	1.090E-07	0.000E+00	8.990E-07	0 0005+00	0.750E-17
Ru105	2.180E-08	0.000E+00	8.460E-09	0.000E+00	2.750E-07	0.000E+00	1 760F-05
Ru106	3.920E-06	0.000E+00	4.940E-07	0.000E+00	7.560E-06	0.000E+00	1 880E-05
Ag110m	2.050E-07	1.940E-07	1.180E-07	0.000E+00	3.700E-07	0.000E+00	5 450F-05
Te125m	3.830E-06	1.380E-06	5.120E-07	1.070E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1 130E-05
Tel27m	9.670E-06	3.430E-06	1.150E-06	2.300E-06	3.920E-05	0.000E+00	2.410E-05
Te127	1.580E-07	5.600E-08	3.400E-08	1.090E-07	6.400E-07	0.000E+00	1.220E-05
Te129m	1.630E-05	6.050E-06	2.580E-06	5.260E-06	6.820E-05	0.000E+00	6.120E-05
Te129	4.480E-08	1 670E-08	1.090E-08	3.200E-08	1.880E 07	0.000E+00	2.450E-07
Tel31m	2.440E-06	1.170E-06	9.760E-07	1.760E-06	1.220E-03	0.000E+00	9.390E-05
Te131	2.790E-08	1.150E-08	8.720E-09	2.150E-08	1.220E-0	0.000E+00	2.290E-09
Te132	3.490E-06	2.210E-06	2.080E-06	2.330E-06	2.120E-05	0.000E+00	7.000E-05

Table 1-1 (Continued)

Liquid Dose Factors From Table E-12 or Reg. Guide 1.109

Ingestion Dose Factors For Teen: BONE LIVER T. BODY THYROID KIDNEY LUNG GI-LLI 1130 1.030E-06 2.980E-06 1.190E-06 2.430E-04 4.590E-06 0.000E+00 2.290E-06 I131 5.850E-06 8.190E-06 4.400E-06 2.390E-03 1.410E-05 0.000E+00 1.620E-06 I132 2.790E-07 7.300E-07 2.620E-07 2.460E-05 1.150E-06 0.000E+00 3.180E-07 2.010E-06 3.410E-06 1.040E-06 4.760E-04 5.980E-06 0.000E+00 2.580E-06 I133 **I134** 1.460E-07 3.870E-07 1.390E-07 6.450E-06 6.100E-07 0.000E+00 5.100E-09 I135 6.100E-07 1.570E-06 5.820E-07 1.010E-04 2.480E-06 0.000E+00 1.740E-06 8.370E-05 1.970E-04 9.140E-05 0.000E+00 6.260E-05 2.390E-05 2.450E-06 Cs134 8.590E-06 3.380E-05 2.270E-05 0.000E+00 1.840E-05 2.900E-06 2.720E-06 Cs136 1.120E-04 1.490E-04 5.190E-05 0.000E+00 5.070E-05 1.970E-05 2.120E-06 Cs137 Cs138 7.760E-08 1.490E-07 7.450E-08 0.000E+00 1.100E-07 1.280E-08 6.760E-11 Ba139 1.390E-07 9.780E-11 4.050E-09 0.000E+00 9.220E-11 6.740E-11 1.240E-06 2.840E-05 3.480E-08 1.830E-06 0.000E+00 1.180E-08 2.340E-08 4.380E-05 Ba140 6.710E-08 5.010E-11 2.240E-09 0.000E+00 4.650E-11 3.430E-11 1.430E-13 Ba141 2.990E-08 2.990E-11 1.840E-09 0.000E+00 2.530E-11 1.990E-11 9.180E-20 Ba142 La140 3.480E-09 1.710E-09 4.550E-10 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 9.820E-05 1.790E-10 7.950E-11 1.980E-11 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 2.420E-06 La142 1.330E-08 S.880E-09 1.020E-09 U.000E+00 4.160E-09 U.000E+00 2.540E-05 Ce141 2.350E-09 1.710E-06 1.910E-10 0.000E+00 7.670E-10 0.000E+00 5.140E-05 Ce143 Ce144 6.960E-07 2.880E-07 3.740E-08 0.000E+00 1.720E-07 0.000E+00 1.750E-04 Pr143 1.310E-08 5.230E-09 6.520E-10 0.000E+00 3.040E-09 0.000E+00 4.310E-05 Pr144 4.300E-11 1.760E-11 2.180E-12 0.000E+0C 1.010E-11 0.000E+00 4.740E-14 Nd147 9.380E-09 1.020E-08 6.110E-10 0.000E+00 5.990E-09 0.000E+00 3.680E-05 W187 1.460E-07 1.190E-07 4.170E-08 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 3.220E-05 Np239 1.760E-09 1.660E-10 9.220E-11 0.000E+00 5.210E-10 0.000E+00 2.670E-05

Table 1-1 (Continued)

Liquid Dose Factors
From Table E-13 or Reg. Guide 1.109
Ingestion Dose Factors For Child:

			THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
	2.030E-07	2.030E-07	2.030E-07		2.030E-07	2.030E-07
1.210E-05	2.420E-06	2.420E-06			2.420E-06	2.420E-06
					5.800E-06	5.800E-06
						2.280E-05
						4.720E-07
						8.980E-06
					0.000E+00	4.840E-05
					3.450E-06	1.130E-06
					0.000E+00	1.050E-05
					0.000E+00	2.930E-05
					0.000E+00	1.940E-06
					0.000E+00	2.560E-05
0.000E+00	2.450E-07	1.480E-07	0.000E+00	5.920E-07	0.000E+00	1.150E-05
1.370E05	3.650E-05	2.270E-05	0.000E+00	2.300E-05	0.000E+00	6.410E-06
0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.710E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.980E-07	0.000E+00	O. CCCE+OO	0.00CE+00	0.00CE+C0
0.000E+00	0.000E+00	9.120E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
0.000E+00	6.700E-05	4.120E-05	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.310E-06
0.000E+00	1.900E-07	1.320E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	9.320E-09
0.000E+00	1.170E-07	1.040E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.020E-09
1.320E-03	0.000E+00	3.770E-05	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	5.110E-05
1.700E-02	0.000E+00	4.310E-03	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.290E-04
2.400E-05	0.000E+00	9.060E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	5.300E-05
9.030E-06	0.000E+00	3.620E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.710E-04
4.110E-08	0.000E+00	1.100E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00		1.170E-04
3.820E-10	0.000E+00	1.390E-11	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	7.480E-07
6.020E-07	0.000E+00	1.610E-08	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	8.020E-05
3.600E-09	0.000E+00	1.030E-10	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.040F-04
1.140E-08	0.000E+00	3.130E-10	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.700E-04
1.160E-07	2.550E-08	2.270E-08	0.000E+00	3.650E-08	0.000E+00	2.660E-05
6.990E-09	1.010E-09	5.960E-10	0.000E+00	1.450E-09	0.000E+00	1.530E-04
2.250E-08	8.760E-09	6.260E-09	0.000E+00	8.230E-09	0.000E+00	1.620E-05
0.000E+00	1.330E-05	3.290E-06	0.000E+00	2.840E-05	0.000E+00	1.100E-05
1.07CE-09	1.120E-09	1.420E-08	0.000E+00	1.910E-08	5.920E-10	3.560E-09
	8.800E-06 8.250E-04 0.000E+00	5.800E-06 5.800E-06 6.250E-04 3.860E-05 0.000E+00 0.000E	5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 3.180E-05 6.250E-04 3.860E-05 3.180E-05 6.000E+00 0.000E+00 8.900E-09 6.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 6.000E+00 3.340E-07 7.540E-08 6.150E-05 6.100E-06 1.890E-06 6.650E-05 2.670E-05 1.330E-05 6.000E+00 5.290E-06 1.560E-05 6.380E-04 2.880E-05 1.830E-05 6.220E-06 2.090E-07 1.220E-07 6.330E-08 6.330E-08 5.850E-05 6.330E-08 6.330E-08 5.850E-09 6.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.710E-07 6.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.710E-07 6.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.320E-05 6.000E+00 1.170E-07 1.040E-05 6.000E+00 1.170E-07 1.040E-07 6.000E+00 1.170E-07 1.040E-09 6.000E+00 1.310E-05 6.000E+00 1.610E-08 6.000E+00 1.610E-08 <td>5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 8.250E-04 3.860E-05 3.180E-05 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.800E-06 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.800E-06 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E</td> <td>8.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 1.350E-09 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 4.040E-07 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E</td> <td>5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-09 0.000E+00 0.000E</td>	5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 8.250E-04 3.860E-05 3.180E-05 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.800E-06 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.800E-06 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E	8.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 5.800E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 1.350E-09 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 2.850E-06 0.000E+00 4.040E-07 0.000E+00 1.070E-05 1.890E-06 0.000E+00 0.000E	5.800E-06 5.800E-09 0.000E+00 0.000E

Liquid Dose Factors
From Table E-13 or Reg. Guide 1.109
Ingestion Dose Factors For Child:

Inge	stion Dose BONE	Factors For LIVER	T.BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
I130	2.920E-06	5.900E-06	3.040E-06	6.500E-04	8.820E-06	0.000E+00	2.760E-06
I131	1.720E-05	1.730E-05	9.830E-06	5.720E-03	2.840E-05	0.000E+00	1.540E-06
I132	8.000E-07	1.470E-06	6.760E-07	6.820E-05	2.250E-06	0.000E+00	1.730E-06
I133	5.920E-06	7.320E-06	2.770E-06	1.360E-03	1.220E-05	0.000E+00	2.950E-06
I134	4.190E-07	7.780E-07	3.580E-07	1.790E-05	1.190E-06	0.000E+00	5.160E-07
I135	1.750E-06	3.150E-06	1.490E-06	2.790E-04	4.830E-06	0.000E+00	2.400E-06
Cs134	2.340E-04	3.840E-04	8.100E-05	0.000E+00	1.190E-04	4.270E-05	2.070E-06
CS136	2.350E-05	6.460E-05	4.180E-05	0.000E+00		5 130E-06	2.270E-06
Cs137	3.270E-04	3.130E-04	4.620E-05	0.000E+00	1.020E-04		1.960E-06
Cs138	2.280E-07	3.170E-07	2.010E-07	0.000E+00		2.400E-08	1.460E-07
Ba139	4.140E-07	2.210E-10	1.200E-08	0.000E+00	1.930E-10	1.300E-10	2.390E-05
Ba140		7.280E-08	4.850E-06	0.000E+00	2.370E-08	4.340E-08	4.210E-05
Ba141	2.000E-07	1.120E-10	6.510E-09	0.000E+00	9.690E-11	6.580E-10	1.140E-07
Ba142		6.290E-11	4.880E-09	0.000E+00	5.090E-11	3.700E-11	1.140E-09
La140	1.010E-08	3.530E-09	1.190E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	9.840E-05
La142	5.240E-10	1.670E-10	5.230E-11	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	3.310E-05
Ce141	3.970E-08	1.980E-08	2.940E-09	0.000E+00	8.680E-09	0.000E+00	2.470E-05
Ce143	6.990E-09	3.790E-06	5.490E-10	0.000E+00	1.590E-09	0.000E+00	5.550E-05
Ce144	2.080E-06	6.520E-07	1.110E-07	0.000E+00	3.610E-07	0.000E+00	1.700E-04
Pr143	3.930E-08	1.180E-08	1.950E-09	0.000E+00	6.390E-09	0.000E+00	4.240E-05
Pr144	1.290E-10		6.490E-12	0.000E+00	2.110E-11	0.000E+00	8.590E-08
Nd147	2.790E-08			0.000E+00	1.240E-08	0.000E+00	3.580E-05
W187	4.290E-07	2.540E-07	1.140E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	3.570E-05
Np239	5.250E-09	3.770E-10	2.650E-10	0.000E+00	1.090E-09	0.000E+00	2.790E-05

Table 1-1 (Continued)

Liquid Dose Factors From Table E-14 or Reg. Guide 1.109 Ingestion Dose Factors For Infant:

Inges	BONE BONE	Factors Fo: LIVER	T.BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
НЗ	0.000E+00		3.080E-07			3.0807-07	3.080E-07
C14	2.370E-05		5.060E-06	5.060E-06	5.060E-06	5.060E-06	5.060E-06
Na24	1.010E-05	The second secon	1.010E-05	1.010E-05		1.010E-05	1.010E-05
P32	1.700E-03	1.000E-04			0.000E+00	0.000E+00	2.300E-05
Cr51	0.000E+00			9.200E-09		1.790E-08	4.110E-07
Mn54	0.000E+00	1.990E-05	4.510E-06	0.000E+00	4.410E-06	0.000E+00	7.310E-06
Mn56	0.000E+00		1.410E-07	0.000E+00	7.030E-07		
Fe55	1.390E-05			0.000E+00			
Fe59	3.080E-05	5.380E-05		0.000E+00			2.570E-05
Co58	0.000E+00	3.600E-06				0.000E+00	
2060	0.000E+00	1.080E-05		0.000E+00		0.000E+00	
Ni63	6.340E-04	3.920E-05			0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
Ni65	4.700E-06	5.320E-07		0.000E+00		0.000E+00	
Cu64	0.000E+00			0.000E+00		0.000E+00	1.250F-05
Zn65	1.840E-05			0.000E+00	3.060E-05		
Zn69	9.330E-08	1.680E-07	1.250E-08	0.000E+00	6.980E-08		
Br83	0.000E+00	The second secon			0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
Br84	0.000E+00				0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
Br85	0.000E+00	The second secon			0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
Rb86	0.000E+00			0.000E+00			4.350E-06
Rb88	0.000E+00	The second secon		0.000E+00			4.850E-07
Rb89	0.000E+00		1.970E-07			0.000E+00	
Sr89	2.510E-03	0.000E+00		0.000E+00			5.160E-05
Sr90	1.850E-02		4.710E-03			0.000E+00	CODE OF SHIP AND STREET, SHIP AND SHIP
Sr91	5.000E-05	0.000E+00		0.000E+00			5.920E-05
Sr92	1.920E-05			0.000E+00		0.000E+00	
Y90	8.690E-08	Section of the second section of the second		0.000E+00			1.200E-04
Y91m	8.100E-10		2.760E-11			0.000E+00	2.700E-06
Y91		0.000E+00					8.100E-05
Y92	7.650E-09			0.000E+00	The state of the s		1.460E-04
Y93 Zr95	2.430E-08		6.620E-10				1.920E-04
Zr97	1.480E-08	5.020E-08			5.410E-08	0.000E+00	
Nb95			1.160E-09		2.560E-09	0.000E+00	1.620E-04
M099		1.730E-06			1.240E-08	0.000E+00	1.460E-05
Tc99m	1 9205 00	3.400E-05	5.63UE-U6	0.000E+00	5.080E-05	0.00CE+00	1.120E-05
Tc101	2 2705-09	3.960E-09	5.100E-08	0.000E+00	4.260E-08	2.070E-09	1.150E-06
Ru103	1 4905.06	2.860E-09	4 050E-08	0.000E+00	3.400E-08	1.560E-09	4.860E-07
Ru105	1 3600 00	0.000E+00	4.9505-07	0.000E+00	3.080E-06	0.000E+00	1.800E-05
Ru106	2 4100-05	0.000E+00	4.580E-08	0.000E+00	1.000E-06	0.000E+00	5.410E-05
Ag110m	0 0605-07	0.000E+00	3.010E-06	0.000E+00	2.850E-05	0.000E+00	1.830E-04
Te125m	3.3000-07	7.270E-07	4.810E-07	0.000E+00	1.040E-06	0.000E+00	3.770E-05
Te127m	5 850E-05	7.790E-06	3.150E-06	1.640E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.110E-05
Te127m	1.000E-05	1.940E-05	2 1505 07	9 140E 07	1.440E-04	0.000E+00	2.360E-05
Te129m	1 000E-06	3.350E-07	1 540P-05	3 940E-07	2 -44UE-U6	0.000E+00	Z.100E-05
Te129	2 840F-07	3.430E-05	E 630E-05	2 3000 07	Z.500E-04	0.000E+00	5.970E-05
Tel31m	1 5208-05	9.790E-08	5 050E-08	1 3400 05	4 230E 07	0.000E+00	2.270E-05
Te131	1.760E-03	6.120E-06	4 9408-00	1 E70E 07	4 . ZIUE-US	0.000E+00	1.030E-04
Te132	2 080E-05	6.500E-08	9 6105-06	1 520E-07	6 440E-07	0.000E+00	7.110E-06
10132	2.000E-05	1.030E-05	J. DIUE-U6	1.520E-05	6.44UE-U5	0.000E+00	3.810E-05

Table 1-1 (Continued)

Liquid Dose Factors
From Table E-14 or Reg. Guide 1.109
Ingestion Dose Factors For Infant:

Inges	BONE BONE	Factors For	T.BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
I130	6.000E-06	1.320E-05	5.300E-06	1.480E-03	1.450E-05	0.000E+00	2.830E-06
I131	3.590E-05	4.230E-05	1.860E-05	1.390E-02	4.940E-05	0.000E+00	1.510E-06
I132	1.660E-06	3.370E-06	1.200E-06	1.580E-04	3.760E-06	0.000E+C0	2.730E-06
I133	1.250E-05	1.820E-05	5.330E-06	3.310E-03	2.140E-05	0.000E+00	3.080E-06
I134	8.690E-07	1.780E-06	6.330E-07	4.150E-05	1.990E-06	0.000E+00	1.840E-06
I135	3.640E-06	7.240E-06	2.640E-06	6.490E-04	8.070E-06	0.000E+00	2.620E-06
Cs134	3.770E-04	7.030E-04	7.100E-05	0.000E+00	1.810E-04	7.420E-05	1.910E-06
Cs136	4.590E-05	1.350E-04	5.040E-05	0.000E+00	5.380E-05	1.100E-05	2.050E-06
Cs137	5.220E-04	6.110E-04	4.330E-05	0.000E+00	1.640E-04	6.640E-05	1.910E-06
Cs138	4.810E-07	7.820E-07	3.790E-07	0.000E+00	3.900E-07	6.090E-08	1.250E-06
Ba139	8.810E-07	5.840E-10	2.550E-08	0.000E+00	3.510E-10	3.540E-10	5.580E-05
Ba140	1.710E-04	1.710E-07	8.810E-06	0.000E+00	4.060E-08	1.050E-C7	4.200E-05
Ba141	4.250E-07	2.910E-10	1.340E-08	0.000E+00	1.750E-10	1.770E-10	5.190E-06
Ba142	1.840E-07	1.530E-10	9.060E-09	0.000E+00	8.810E-11	9.260E-11	7.590E-07
Lal40	2.110E-08	8.320E-09	2.140E-09	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	9.770E-05
La142	1.100E-09	4.040E-10	9.670E-11	0.000E-00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	6.860E-05
Ce141	7.870E-08	4.800E-08	5.650E-09	0.000E+00	1.480E-08	0.000E+00	2.480E-05
Ce143	1.480E-08	9.820E-06	1.120E-09	0.000E+00	2.860E-09	0.000E+00	5.730E-05
Ce144	2.980E-06	1.220E-06	1.670E-07	0.000E+00	4.930E-07	0.000E+00	1.710E-04
Pr143	8.130E-08	3.040E-08	4.030E-09	0.000E+00	1.130E-08	0.000E+00	4.290E-05
Pr144	2.740E-10	1.060E-10	1.380E-11	0.000E+00	3.840E-11	0.000E+00	4.930E-06
Nd147	5.530E-08	THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	3.480E-09	0.000E+00	2.190E-08	0.000E+00	3.600E-05
W187	9.030E-07	6.280E-07	2.170E-07	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	3.690E-05
Np239	1.110E-08	9.930E-10	5.610E-10	0.000E+00	1.980E-09	0.000E+00	2.870E-05

Table 1-2

Assumptions used in Limerick Liquid
Effluent Dose Evaluation

In	dex Description	Value
	Fraction of produce from local garden	7.600E-01
2	Fraction of leafy veg from local garden	1.000E+00
- 75	Call amains in the contract of	
4	Fraction of activity retained on enraved vegetation	2.400E+02
5	Shielding factor for residential structures	Z.500E-31
6	Period of buildup of activity in soil (br)	7.000E-01
7	Period of pasture grass exposure to activity (hm)	1.752E+05
8	Period of crop exposure to activity (hr)	7.200E+02
9	Shielding factor for residential structures Period of buildup of activity in soil (hr) Period of pasture grass exposure to activity (hr) Period of crop exposure to activity (hr) Holding time in animal drinking water pond(hr) Delay time for ingestion of grass by animals (hr) Delay time for ingestion of stored fee by animals (hr) Delay time for ingestion of leaf veg by man (hr) Delay time for ingestion of other veg by man (hr) Transport time milk-man (hr)	1.440E+03
10	Delay time for ingestion of grace by enimals (but	0.000E+00
11	Delay time for ingestion of stared for he aringle (he)	0.000E+00
12	Delay time for ingestion of loof was by animals (hr)	2.160E+03
13	Delay time for ingestion of leaf veg by man (hr)	2.400E+01
1.4	Transport time milk-man (hr)	1.440E+03
15	Time between almost an and annumbing a	4.800E+01
15	Time between slaughter and consumption of meat animal (hr)	
17	Grass yield, wet wt (kg/m**2)	7.000E-01
10	Other vegetation yield, wet wt (kg/m**2)	2.000E+00
10	Weathering rate constant for activity on vegetation (1/hr)	2.100E-03
73	Milk cow feed consumption rate (kg/day wet) Goat feed consumption rate (kg/day wet) Beef Cattle feed consumption rate (kg/day wet) Milk cow water consumption rate (1/day)	5.000E+01
20	Goat feed consumption rate (kg/day wet)	6.000E+00
21	Beel Cattle feed consumption rate (kg/day wet)	5.000E+01
22	Milk cow water consumption rate (1/day) Goat water consumption rate (1/day)	6.000E+01
23	Goar water consumption rate (1/day)	8.000E+00
24	Beef cattle water consumption rate (1/day) Envtl transit time for water ingestion (hr) Envtl transit time for fish ingestion (hr) Envtl transit time for invertebrate ingestion (hr)	5.000E+01
25	Envtl transit time for water ingestion (hr)	1.200E+01
26	Envil transit time for fish ingestion (hr)	2.400E+01
27	Envtl transit time for invertebrate ingestion (hr)	2.400E+01
20	Envel clausic cime for shore exposure (nr)	0.000E+00
	water ingestion (1/yr) adult	7.300E+02
	Water ingestion (1/yr) teen	5.100E+02
	Water ingestion (1/yr) child	5.100E+02
32	Water ingestion (1/yr) infant	3.300E+02
	Shore emposure (hr/yr) adult	1.200E+01
	Shore exposure (hr/yr) teen	6.700E+01
	Shore exposure (hr/yr) child	1.400E+01
	Shore exposure (hr/yr) infant	0.000E+00
37	Fresh water sport fish ingestion (kg/yr) adult	2.100E+01
38	Fresh water sport fish ingestion (kg/yr) teen	1.600E+01
39	Fresh water sport fish ingestion (kg/yr) child	6.900E+00
40	Fresh water sport fish ingestion (kg/yr) infant	0.000E+00
41	Fresh water commercial fish ingestion (kg/yr) adult	2.100E+01
42	Fresh water commercial fish ingestion (kg/yr) teen	1.600E+01
43	Fresh water commercial fish ingestion (kg/yr) child	6.900E+00
44	Fresh water commercial fish ingestion (kg/yr) infant	0.000E+00
45	Fresh water invertebrate ingestion (kg/yr) adult	5.000E+00
	Fresh water invertebrate ingestion (kg/yr) teen	
46	riesh water invertebrate ingestion (kg/yr) teen	3.800E+00
46	Fresh water invertebrate ingestion (kg/yr) teen Fresh water invertebrate ingestion (kg/yr) child	3.800E+00 1.700E+00

Table 1-2
Assumptions used in Limerick Liquid
Effluent Dose Evaluation

Ind	ex Description	Value
49	Salt Water Sport Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	2.100E+01
50	Salt Water Sport Fish Incestion (kg/yr) Teen	1.600E+01
51	Salt Water Sport Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Child	6.900E+00
52	Salt Water Sport Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
53	Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	2.100E+01
54	Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	
55	Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	1.600E+01
56	Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	6.900E+00
57	Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (kg/yr) Inlant	0.000E+00
58	Salt Water Invertebrate Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	5.000E+00
59	Salt Water Invertebrate Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	3.800E+00
	Salt Water Invertebrate Ingestion (kg/yr) Child	1.700E+00
60	Salt Water Invertebrate Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
61	Irrigated Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	6.400E+01
62	Irrigated Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	4.200E+01
63	Irrigated Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Child	2.600E+01
64	Irrigated Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
65	Irrigated Other Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	5.200E+02
66	Irrigated Other Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	6.300E+02
67	Irrigated Other Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Child	5.200E+02
68	Irrigated Other Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
69	Irrigated Root Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Adult	5.200E+02
70	Irrigated Root Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Teen	6.30CE+02
71	Irrigated Root Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Child	5.200E+02
72	Irrigated Root Vegetable Ingestion (kg/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
73	Irrigated Cow Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Adult	3.100E+02
74	Irrigated Cow Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Teen	4.000E+02
75	Irrigated Cow Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Child	3.300E+02
76	Irrigated Cow Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Infant	3.300E+02
77	Irrigated Goat Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Adult	3.100E+02
78	Irrigated Goat Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Teen	4.000E+02
79	Irrigated Goat Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Child	3.300E+02
80	Irrigated Goat Milk Ingestion (1/yr) Infant	3.300E+02
81	Irrigated Beef Ingestion (1/yr) Adult	1.100E+02
82	Irrigated Beef Ingestion (1/vr) Teen	6.500E+01
83	Irrigated Beef Ingestion (1/yr) Child	4.100E+01
84	Irrigated Beef Ingestion (1/yr) Infant	0.000E+00
	[2] [2] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4	

Table 2-1

Dose Factors for Noble Gas

Index	Radionuclide	Total Body Dose Factor Ki (mrem/yr per pCi/m³)	Beta Skin Dose Factor Li (mrem/yr per pCi/m³)	Gamma Air Dose Factor Mi (mrad.yr per pCi/m³)	Beta Air Dose Factor Ni (mrad/yr per pCi/m³)	
3	Ar-41	8.84E-03	2.69E-03	9.30E-03	3.28E-03	
4	Kr-83m	7.56E-08		1.93E-05	2.88E-04	
5	Kr-85m	1.17E-03	1.46E-03	1.23E-03	1.97E-03	
6	Kr-85	1.61E-05	1.34E-03	1.72E-05	1.95£-03	
7	Kr-87	5.92E-03	9.73E-03	6.17E-03	1.03E-02	
8	Kr-88	1.47E-02	2.37E-03	1.52E-02	2.93E-03	
9	Kr-89	1.66E-02	1.01E-02	1.73E-02	1.06E-02	
10	Kr-90	1.56E-02	7.29E-03	1.63E-02	7.83E-03	
11	λe-131m	9.15E-05	4.76E-04	1.56E-04	1.11E-03	
12	Xe-133m	2.51E-04	9.94E-04	3.27E-04	1.48E-03	
13	Xe-133	2.94E-04	3.06E-04	3.53E-04	1.05E-03	
14	Xe-135m	3.12E-03	7.11E-04	3.36E-03	7.39E-04	
15	Xe-135	1.81E-03	1.86E-03	1.92E-03	2.46E-03	
16	Xe-137	1.42E-03	1.22E-02	1.51E-03	1.27E-02	
17	Xe-138	8.83E-03	4.13E-03	9.21E-03	4.75E-03	

TABLE 2-2

INGESTION INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS ($DF_{K,L,N}$) For Gaseous Effluents

UNITS FOR AIRBORNE PATHWAYS (Pathway Numbers 1 and 7) are:

mrem-m3/Ci-sec

UNITS FOR DEPOSITION PATHWAYS (Pathway Numbers 2-6) are:

mren-m2/Ci

Pathway No.	Pathway
1 2	Plume Ground
3	Vegetable
4	Meat Cow Milk
6	Goat Milk
7	Inhalation

Table 2-2

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTORE: H3

		Annual Control of the			The state of the s	- the last of the	the training of the same of th	
For Path	hway: Plur	ma						
101 1001	T. BODY		BONE	LIVER	IZ T DAYESZ	MILLEROTE		
Ad .lt:	0.00E+00	The same of the sa	0.00E+00		KIDNEY		LUNG	
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00			0OE+00	
Child:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
				0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+60	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pati	nway: Grou							
	A. BODY	and the second s	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
For Path	nway: Vege	etable						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	6.53E+01	6.53E+01		6.53E+01			6.53E+01	
Teen:	7.75E+01	7.75E+01		7.75E+01		7.75E+01	7.75E+01	
Child:	1.21E+02	1.21E+02		1.21E+02		1.21E+02	1.21E+02	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00				0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
					0.002,00	0.000100	0.002+00	0.002+00
For Path	hway: Meat	t .						
	T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		7.98E+00				7.98E+00	7.98E+00	
Teen:	4.75E+00	4.76E+00		4.76E+00		4.76E+00	4.76E+00	
Child:		5.75E+00			5.75E+00	5.75E+00	5.75E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00			0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
			0.002100	0.000	U. UULITUI	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00
For Path	hway: Cow	Milk						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	1.88E+01	1.88E+01	0.00E+00		1.88E+01	1.88E+01	1.88E+01	
Teen:	2.45E+01	2.45E+01	0.00E+00	2.45E+01	2.45E+01	2.45E+01	2.45E+01	
Child:		3.87E+01	0.00E+00	3.87E+01	3.87E+01	3.87E+01	3.87E+01	
Infant:		5.87E+01	0.00E+00	5.37E+01	5.87E+01	5.87E+01		0.00E+00
	3.075.01	5.071401	0.00E+00	5.3/E+UI	5.67E+UI	D.8/E+UI	5.87E+01	0.00E+00
For Path	hway: Goat	- Mille						
	T RODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	T TYPP	KIDMEN	TUVDOTO	TIBLO	CUTN
Adult.	3 83E+01	3.88E+01	O DOP OO	TIATE	VIDNEI	IMIROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen:	4 99F+01	A 00E-01	0.00E+00	3.03E+01	3.83E+U1	3.83E+UI	3.83E+U1	0.00E+00
Child.	7 000.01	4.99E+01	0.00E+00	4.99E+U1	4.99E+01.	4.99E+01	4.99E+01	0.00E+00
Infant.	1 205.02	7.89E+01	0.00E+00	7.895+01	7.89E+01	7.89E+01	7.89E+01	0.00E+00
Till dire:	1.205+02	1.20E+02	0.00E+00	1.20E+02	1.20E+02	1.20E+02	1.20R+02	0.00E+00
For Pati	hway: Inha	alation						
			DOM	T TIPPE	TET TONING	minimo o res		
Adult.	4 015.01	GI-TRACT	DONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Toon:	4 025 01	4.01E+01	0.00E+00	4.01E+01	4.01E+01	4.01E+01	4.01E+01	0.00E+00
Chill.	3 E7E.01	4.03E+01	0.00E+00	4.03E+01	4.03E+01	4.03E+01	4.03E+01	0.00E+00
Infant	3.5/E+01	3.57E+01	0.00E+00	3.57E+01	3.57E+01	3.57E+01	3.57E+01	0.00E+00
Intant:	2.055+01	2.05E+01	0.00E+00	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: C14

```
For Pathway: Plume
        T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                  LIVER
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen:
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 (4.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child:
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Ground
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Adult:
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Vegetable
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
       5.22E+03 5.22E+03 2.61E+04 5.22E+03 5.22E+03 5.22E+03 5.22E+03 0.00E+00
Adult:
       8.79E+03 8.79E+03 4.39E+04 8.79E+03 8.79E+03 8.79E+03 8.79E+03 0.00E+00
Teen:
Child: 2.14E+04 2.14E+04 1.07E+05 2.14E+04 2.14E+04 2.14E+04 2.14E+04 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For F. hway: Meat
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
Adult:
       1.64E+03 1.64E+03 8.22E+03 1.64E+03 1.64E+03 1.64E+03 1.64E+03 0.00E+00
       1.39E+03 1.39E+03 6.94E+03 1.39E+03 1.39E+03 1.39E+03 1.39E+03 0.00E+00
Teen:
Child:
       3.61E+03 2.61E+03 1.31E+04 2.61E+03 2.61E+03 2.61E+03 2.61E+03 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk
        T.BODY CI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                  LIVER
                                                             LUNG
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
       1.79E+03 1.79E+03 8.97E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 0.00E+00
Teen: 3.31E+03 3.31E-03 1.65E+04 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 0.00E+00
Child: 8.13E+03 8.13E-03 4.07E+04 8.13E+03 3.13E+03 8.13E+03 8.13E+03 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 7.97E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                 LIVER
                                                             LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
Adult:
       1.79E+03 1.79E+03 8.97E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 1.79E+03 0.00E+00
Teen:
       3.31E+03 3.31E+03 1.65E+04 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 3.31E+03 0.00E+00
Child: 8.13E+05 8.13E+03 4.07E+04 8.13E+03 8.13E+03 8.13E+03 8.13E+03 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 7.97E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 1.70E+04 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inhalation
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY
                                                  THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
       1.08E+02 1.08E+02 5.76E+02 1.08E+02 1.08E+02 1.08E+02 1.08E+02 0.00E+00
Adult:
Teen: 1.54E+02 1.54E+02 8.24E+02 1.54E+02 1.54E+02 1.54E+02 1.54E+02 0.00E+00
Child: 2.13E+02 2.13E+02 1.14E+03 2.13E+02 2.13E+02 2.13E+02 2.13E+02 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.68E+02 1.68E+02 8.39E+02 1.68E+02 1.68E+02 1.68E+02 1.68E+02 0.00E+00
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Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Ar41

For Path	way: Flun	ne						
			BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	1.96E+02		1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02
Teen:	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02
Child:	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02
	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.9€E+02	1.96E+02
					h in a series as			
For Path	way: Grou	ind						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.05-+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	nway: Vege	etable						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	nway: Meat							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pati	hway: Cow							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.001.+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Goa							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
		0.00E+00						
		0.00E+00						
		0.00E+00						
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	hway: Inh							
22.21	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
		0.00E+00						
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
iniant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
								A

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Cr51

		And the second s	The second secon	The same of the sa	TOTAL TOTALET.		
For Pati	hway: Plum	ne					
	T.BODY		BONE	TTUED	PIDNEY MUNDOID	7.1770	
Adult:		0.COE+00				LUNG	SKIN
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.000+00	0.000+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.005+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00		
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1111 WIIC .	U.UUETUU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pati	hway: Gro	and					
	T. BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:					1.43E+05 1.43E+05	1 42.2.05	1 600.00
Teen:		1.43E+05		1.43E+05	1.43E+05 1.43E+05	1 43 5405	1.695+05
Child:		1.03E+05	1.43E+05	1.43E+05	1.43E+05 1.43E+05	1 435+05	1 600.05
Infant:			1.43E+05	1.43E+05	1.43E+05 1.43E+05	1 43E+05	1.695+05
						1.455+05	#.09E+05
For Pati	hway: Veg						
			Committee of the Commit			LUNG	
Adult:		2.66E+05		0.00E+00	2.33E+02 6.31E+02	1.40E+03	0.00E+00
Teen:		2.61E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.40E+02 8.61E+02	2.21E+03	0.00E+00
Child:	3.05E+03	1.62E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.63E+02 1.70E+03	3. OE+03	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
D D							
For Pat.	hway: Mea						
7.2.74	T. BODY		BONE			LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		The second second second	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.83E+01 7.68E+01	1.71E+02	0.00E+00
Teen: Child:		1.73E+04		0.00E+00		1.47E+02	0.00E+00
	1.605+02	8.50E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.43E+01 8.90E+01	1.62E+02	0.00E+00
intant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Cow	Milk					
	T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:					1.15E+02 3.11E+02	E OIF OO	0.00E+00
Teen:	9.09E+02	1.53E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.99E+02 5.05E+02	0.915+02	0.00E+00
Child:				The second secon	2.81E+02 1.03E+03		
					4.19E+02 1.92E+03	3.73E+03	
					*.120102 1.220103	3.73E+03	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Goa	t Milk					
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	6.24E+01	1.57E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.38E+01 3.73E+01	8.29E+01	0.00E+00
Teen:	1.09E+02	1.83E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.39E+01 6.06E+01	1.56E+02	0.00E+00
Child:	2.22E+02	1.18E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.37E+01 1.23E+02	2.25E+02	0.00E-00
Infant:	3.52E+02	1.03E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.02E+01 2.30E+02	4.47E+02	0.00E+00
	hway: Inh						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.17E+00	1.05E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.23E-01 1.89E+00	4.56E+02	0.00E+00
Teen:	4.29E+00	9.51E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.74E-01 2.38E+00	6.64E+02	0.00E+00
Child:	4.89E+00	3.44E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.71E-01 2.71E+00	5.38E+02	0.00E+00
Infant:	2.84E+00	1.13E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.19E-01 1.82E+00	4.07E+02	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Mn54

For Pathway: Plum	ne						
	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	0.00E+00					0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00			0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
11114110. 0.0021400	0.002700	O.OOE+OO	U. UUE FUU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Grou	ind						
	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 4.23E+07	4.23E+07	4.23E+07	4.23E+07	4.23E+07		4.23E+07	4.96E+07
Teen: 4.23E+07			4.23E+07			4.23E+07	
Child: 4.23E+07			4.23E+07	4.23E+07		4.23E+07	4.96E+07
Infant: 4.23E+07			4.23E+07	4.23E+07		4.23E+07	4.96E+07
							4.502.07
For Pathway: Vege							
	GI-TRACT				THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 1.61E+06				2.51E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	2.61E+07			3.80E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	1.59E+07			5.30E+06		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	C.00E+00
For Fathway: Meat							
	GI-TRACT				THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 3.21E+04			1.68E+05			0.00E+00	
Teen: 2.55E+04			1.28E+05	3.83E+44		0.00E+00	
Child: 3.91E+04			1.47E+05	4.12E+04		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow	Mille						
	GI-TRACT	DOME	T TITED	II T DATES!	MINER OF B		
Adult: 2.94E+04		BONE		KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen: 5.10E+04		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	1.54E+05	4.59E+04		0.00E+00	
Child: 1.02E+05		0.00E+00	2.57E+05	7.67E+04		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 1.62E+05		0.00E+00	3.85E+05	1.08E+05		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Intant: 1.62E+05	2.635+05	0.00E+00	7.15E+05	1.59E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat	Milk						
	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 3.53E+03				5 51 F+03	0 000-00	0 000.00	DVIN
Teen: 6.12E+03	6 33E+04	0.00E+00	3 00E+04	9 205 03	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 1.23E+04	3 87E+04	0.00E+00	4 62E+04	1 200,00	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 1.95E+04	3.15E+04	0.00E+00	8 58E+04	1 275+04	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	J. 135104	0.001100	O.JOETU4	1.30E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inha	alation						
T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 2.00E+02	2.45E+03	0.00E+00	1.26E+03	3.12E+02	0.00E+00	4.44E+04	0.00E+00
Teen: 2.66E+02	2.12E+03	0.00E+00	1.62E+03	4.03E+02	0.00E+00	6.29E+04	0.00E+00
Child: 3.01E+02	7.26E+02	0.00E+00	1.36E+03	3.18E+02	0.00E+00	5.00E+04	0.00E+00
Infant: 1.58E+02	2.24E+02	0.00E+00	8.03E+02	1.58E+02	0.00E+00	3.17E+04	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Co58

For Pathy			BONE	LIVER	VIDATELL	MILLIO CTD		
Adult: (0.00E+00		0.00E+00		THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
			0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
		The second secon	0.00E+00		0.001+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
		0.002100	0.002+00	0.001100	0.00.7400	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathy								
		GI-TRACT				THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
		1.16E+07				1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07
		1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07
		1.16E+07				1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07
Infant:	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+07	1.16E+77	1.16E+07	1.16E+07
For Pathy	way. Vege	tahle						
TOL TUCIN		GI-TRACT	RONE	T.TVPD	KIDMEN	THYROID	TIMO	SKIN
Adult:	1.76E+06	1.59E+07	0 00E+00	7 85E+05	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
		1.63E+07					0.00E+00	
		1.04E+07		1.77E+06	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00					0.00E+00	
				0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00
For Path								
		GI-TRACT			KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	7.30E+05		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		3.46E+06		2.51E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
		1.71E+06		2.93E+05	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E-00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dath	way: Cow	Milk						
TOT FACIL	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	1 HYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	1.89E+05	1.71E+06	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
	3.27E+05	1.95E+06	0.00E+00	1.42E+05	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
The second secon	6.63E+05	1.26E+06	0.00E+00	2.17E+05	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
		1.08E+06					0.00E+00	
					0.002.00	0.002100	0.002100	0.001
	way: Goat							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	2.26E+04	2.05E+05	0.00E+00	1.01E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	3.92E+04	2.35E+05	0.00E+00	1.70E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	7.96E+04	1.52E+05	0.00E+00	2.60E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
iniant:	1.30E+05	1.30E+05	0.00E+00	5.20E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	way: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LING	SKIN
Adult:								0.00E+00
								0.00E+00
Child:	1.00E+02	1.09E+03	0.00E+00	5.62E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.51E+04	0.00E+00
Infant:	5.77E+01	3.53E+02	0.00E+00	3.87E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.46E+04	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Fe59

For Path	nway: Plum						
			BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG SKIN	
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0 00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.0CE+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Gro						
			BONE				
		8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06 8.34E+06	8.34E+06 9.80E+06	
		8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06 8.34E+06	8.34E+06 9.80E+06	
Child:	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06 8.34E+06	8.34E+06 9.80E+06	
Infant:	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06	8.34E+06 8.34E+06	8.34E+06 9.80E+05	
For Dati	nway: Vege	atable					
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	TIRG OUT	
		2.43E+07			KIDNEY THYROID 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	LUNG SKIN	
		2.62E+07	4 75E+06	1 1 2 07	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	2.04E+06 0.00E+00	
Child:		1.32E+07	1 000.07	1 7 5 07	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	3.50E+06 0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00	0.000+07	0 000-00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	5.06E+06 0.00E+00	
	0.002+00	0.0011100	0.006+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Meat						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG SKIN	
		3.73E+07	4.76E+06		0.00E+00 0.00E+00		
Teen:	3.43E+06	2.10E+07	8.87E+06	8.87E+06	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	2.80E+06 0.00E+00	
Child:	5.43E+06	1.14E+07	6.74E+06	1.09E+07	0.00E+00 0.00E-00	3.16E+06 0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.C0E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Des Detl		No. 24					
	nway: Cow						
		GI-TRACT	BONE		KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG SKIN	
		4.17E+06	5.32E+05	1.25E+06	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	3.49E+05 0.00E+00	
Child:	1 745.06	5.12E+06	9.28E+05	2.17E+06	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	6.83E+05 0.00E+00	
		3.63E+06		3.48E+05	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	1.01E+06 0.00E+00	
THE OHE.	2.7/2+00	3.356+06	4.UZE+U6	7.02E+06	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	2.07E+06 0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Goat	Milk					
			BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LING SKIN	
Adult:	6.23E+03	5.42E+04	6.91E+03	1.63E+04	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	4 54F+03 0 00F+00	
Teen:	1.09E+04	6.66E+04	1.21E+04	2 82E+04	0 005+00 0 005+00	8 885-03 0 005-00	
Child:	2.26E+04	4.71E+04	2.80E+04	4.53E+04	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	1.31E+04 0.00E+00	
Infant:	3.60E+04	4.36E+04	5.22E+04	9.12E+04	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	2.70E+04 0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Inha						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY THYROID	LUNG SKIN	
Adult:	3.35E+02	5.96E+03	3.73E+02	8.80E+02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	3.22E+04 0.00E+00	
Teen:	4.54E+02	5.66E+03	5.05E+02	1.17E+03	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	4.84E+04 0.00E+00	
Child:	5.29E+02	2.24E+03	6.56E+02	1.06E+03	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	4.02E+04 0.00E+00	
infant:	3.00E+02	7.86E+02	4.30E+02	7.46E+02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	3.22E+04 0.00E+00	· K

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Co60

For Dati	hway: Plur							
FOI FAL		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	MINDOID	TIBIO	CUTH
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.003+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Intant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Gro							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+118	8.34E+08
Teen:	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	8.34E+08
Child:	7.0911+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+09	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	8.34E+08
Infant:	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	7.09E+03	7.09E+08	7.09E+08	8.34E+08
For Pat	hway: Vege	etable						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	1.02E+07	8.68E+07	0.00E+00	4.62E+06	0.00E+00).00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	1.61E+07	9.29E+07	0.00E+00	7.13E+06	0.00E+00	U.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	3.24E+07	6.08E+07	0.00E+00	1.10E+07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
4.9						(
For Pat	hway: Mea							
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.11E+06	2.65E+07	0.00E+00	1.41E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	2.46E+06	1.42E+07	0.00E+00	1.09E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	3.83E+06	7.19E+06	0.00E+00	1.30E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Cow	Milk						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	6.78E+05	5.77E+06	0.00E+00	3.07E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	1.17E+06	6.78E+06	0.00E+00	5.21E+05	0.00E+00	0.00F.300	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	2.38E+06	4.48E+06	0.00E+00	8.09E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	3.90E+06	3.93E+06	0.00E+00	1.65E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Goa	t Milk						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROTO	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	8.13E+04							
	1.41E+05							
	2.86E+05							
	4.68E+05							
THE WIFE !	4.002+05	4.712703	0.005+00	1.905+05	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Inh							
		GI-TRACT						
	4.69E+02							
Teen:	6.29E+02	8.22E+03	0.00E+00	4.79E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.76E+05	0.0018+00
Child:	7.18E+02	3.05E+03	0.00E+00	4.16E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.24E+05	0.00E+00
Infant:	3.73E+02	1.01E+03	0.00E+00	2.54E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.43E+05	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSF FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Zn65

For Path	nway: Plum	ne							
4	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00		
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00				0.00E+00		
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Infant:							0.00E+00		
Inlant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Grou								
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07		2.63E+07	
Teen:	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07		2.63E+07	
Child:		2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07		2.63E+07	
	2.29E+07		2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	The same of the sa		
	2.222.07	2.222107	2.225107	E.EJETUI	2.235407	2.236+07	Z.23E+U/	2.03E+U/	
For Path	nway: Vege	atahla							
TOT TACE		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	TO T TABLETIA	MILLEDOTO	T 17010	CHTT	
A -3 - 3 + .					KIDNEY		LUNG		
Adult:		2.20E+07	1.10E+07	3.50E+07	2.34E+07		0.00E+00		
Teen:		2.25E+07		5.32E+07			0.00E+00		
Child:		1.39E+07	2.98E+07	7.93E+07	The second secon	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	C.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Meat								
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	1.08E+07	1.50E -07	7.50E+06	2.39E+07	1.60E+07		0.00E+00		
Teen:		7.75E+06		1.33E+07	1.17E+07		0.00E+00		
Child:		3.70E+06	7.91E+06		1.33E+07		0.00E+00		
Infant:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00					
THE BUILT.	0.001100	O.OULTOO	0.005+00	0.00E+00	U.UUE+UU	0.002+00	0.002+00	0.005+00	
For Pati	nway: Cow	Milk							
ror raci		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	VIDNEY	MINIDATO	7.170.0	OWTH	
7-37-					KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN	
	4.15E+07		2.89E+07		6.15E+07		0.00E+00		
Teen:		6.63E+07	4.44E+07	1.54E+08	9.86E+07		0.00E+00		
Child:		4.07E+07	8.71E+07	2.32E+08	1.46E+08		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	1.85E+08	3.39E+08	1.17E+08	4.01E+08	1.95E+08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	hway: Goat								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	4.99E+06	6.95E+06	3.47E+06	1.10E+07	7.38E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
		7.83E+06							
Child:	1.73E+07	4.89E+06	1.05E+07	2.78E+07	1.75E+07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	2.22E+07	4.07E+07	1 40E+07	4 81 1407	2 33F+07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.005+00	
		2.0/2/0/	2.202107	4.04:1107	2.222701	0.002+00	0.005700	U. UULTUU	
For Pati	hway: Inha	alation							
1011		GI-TRACT	DONE	TTTTT	VIINEY	THYPOTO	TITALC	CVIN	
181174									
Mault:	1.435+08	1.69E+03	1.035+03	3.2/E+03	2.19E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
reen:	1.53E+08	1.48E+03 5.17E+02	1.22E+03	4.24E+03	2.74E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	2.23E+03	5.17E+02	1.35E+03	3.59E+03	2.26E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Intant:	9.85E+02	1.63E+03	6.12E+02	1.98E+03	1.03E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr83m For Pathway: Plume T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG

Adult: 1.68E-03 1.68E-03 1.68E-03 1.68E-03 1.68E-03 1.68E-03 9.39E-02 4.75E-01 Teen: 1.68E-03 1.68E-03

For Pathway: Ground

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

For Pathway: Vegetable

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

For Pathway: Meat

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN

Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+

For Pathway: Cow Milk

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN

Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+

For Pathway: Goat Mile

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN

Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+

For Pathway: Inhalation

T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN

Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr85

For Path	hway: Plus								
3.224		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:		3.57E-01	3.57E-01		3.57E-01	3.57E-01	9.50E-01		
Teen: Child:		3.57E-01 3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01			4.29E+01	
Infant:		3.57E-01 3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	9.50E-01		
Intuit.	3.375-01	3.5/E-01	3.5/E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	3.57E-01	9.50E-01	4.29E+01	
For Path	nway: Gro	und							
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	0.00E+00	The second of the second secon	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	The contract of the contract o	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	The same of the sa	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pach	nway: Vege	etable							
	T. BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+C0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Path	nway: Meat								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	TUVDOID	TIMO	CHTM	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	THYROID 0.00E+00	LUNG 0.00E+00	SKIN	
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Dath	andari. Con	M (7.1-							
FOI Pati	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	DONE	TYTEM	**********				
Adult:	0.00E+00		BONE 0.00E+00	LIVER 0.00E+00	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Teen:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00F+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Path	way Goat		DOM						
Adult:		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
				0.000	0.000	U.UUE+UU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Path	way: Inha								
* 4 . 1 .	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0 00E+00	
Child.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant .	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	.,002100	0.002100	U. UUE 700	U.UUE+UU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr85m

For Pathway: Plume	distribution of the state of	Sales and the same the sales and the same to	****	AS CHANGE OF	J 444 4 44 V 444 4	- ION	TOOTOLD.	AL ODIII		
Adult: 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 7.66E+01	For Path									
Teen: 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.66E+01 7.66E+01										
Child: 2.60E+01										
Infant: 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 2.60E+01 7.66E+01										
For Pathway: Ground T. BODY GI-TRACT										
T.BODY GI - TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN CONCERNO CONCE	Infant:	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	2.66E+01	7.66E+01	
T.BODY GI - TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN CONCERNO CONCE	For Path	nway: Grou	ind							
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E				BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	Adult:									
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E										
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.										
T.BODY GI-TRACT										
T.BODY GI-TRACT	For Path	nway. Veg	atable							
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E	ror raci			RONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOID	LIING	CKIN	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	Adult.									
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E										
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00										
For Pathway: Meat T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E										
T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN	THE GILL.	0.005400	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E	For Path	hway: Meat								
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.70E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+		T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E	Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Cow Milk T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0	Child:					0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	For Pat	hway: Cow	Milk							
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E				BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROTD	LING	SKIN	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	Adult:									
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E										
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Goat Milk										
For Pathway: Goat Milk T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00										
T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Inhalation T.BODY GI-TRACT CONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00					0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002100	0.002.00	
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.0)E+00 0.0(E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	For Pat	45								
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+										
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E										
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00										
For Pathway: Inhalation T.BODY GI-TRACT CONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00										
T.BODY GI-TRACT CONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E	For Pat	hway: Inh	alation							
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E		T.BODY	GI-TRACT	LONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+	Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	U.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr87

Des Dubbana Di							
For Pathway: Pl		Down					
T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	2 1.31E+02		1.31E+02	1.31E+02		1.35E+02	The second second second second
Teen: 1.31E+0			1.31E+02	1.31E+02		1.35E+02	4.60E+02
Child: 1.31E+0	2 1.31E+02		1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.35E+02	4.60E+02
Infant: 1.31E+0	2 1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.31E+02	1.35E+02	4.60E+02
For Pathway: Gr	round						
T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E-0	0 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+0	0 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E-00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+0	0 0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
For Pathway: Vegetable							
T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Teen: 0.00E+0	0 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
	0 0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		The second secon
	0 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
						0.002.00	0.002.00
For Pathway: Meat							
T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	0 0.00E+00		0.00E+00			0.00E+00	
	0 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0 0.00E+00		0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00
				S. S. Marian			
For Pathway: Cow Milk							
	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Teen: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
Child: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
Infant: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			0.00E+00	
							0.002.00
For Pathway: Go	oat Milk						
T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROII	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+0			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+0	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
					0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002.00
For Pathway: Inhalation							
	Y GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+0							
Teen: 0.00E;							
Child: 0.00E	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.0CE+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0 - 00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
					0.000.00	0.000.00	0.000000

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr88

For Pathway: Plume						
T.BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 3.26E+02 3.26E+02	The second secon	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.27E+02	4.50E+02
Teen: 3.26E+02 3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.27E+02	4.50E+02
Child: 3.26E+02 3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.27E+02	4.50E+02
Infant: 3.26E+02 3.26E+02		3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.26E+02	3.27E+02	4.50E+02
	5.2011402	3.205702	3.201402	3.205+02	3.2/6+02	4.50E+02
For Pathway: Ground						
T.BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN CO	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	The second secon
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Vegetable						
T.BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	And the state of t	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+J0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Meat						
T.BODY GI-TRACT		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	The state of the s		0.00E+00	0.0)E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+C0 0.00E+00		The second secon	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk						
T. BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	T TSIDD	TET CATELY	MINDOTO	7.777.0	
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		LIVER 0.00E+00	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	The second secon		0.09E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00		The second secon	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1111 MILE . 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk						
T.BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00				0.00E+00	0 005+00	0.005+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00%+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0 00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
				0.002.00	0.002100	0.005700
For Pathway: Inhalation						
T.BODY GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E-00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+0C	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr89

For Path	hway: Plum	me						
	T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.72E+02	7.46E+02
Teen:	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02		7.46E+02
Child:	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.72E+02	7.46E+02
Infant:	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02	3.68E+02		7.46E+02
For Path	hway: Gro		DOME	T TITE				
Adult:		0.00E+00	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen:			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	The same and the same of the same of
Child:		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
IIII ant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	hway: Vege							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00F+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
m 1								
For Pati	nway: Meat							
	T.BODY	The second secon	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	nway: Cow	Milk						
	T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		0.002.00	0.002100	0.001100	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	hway: Goat							
	T.BODY	GI-THACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+0C	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	nway: Inha	alation						
		GI-TRACT	RONE	T.TT/PP	KIDNEY	TUVDATA	T TTNIC	CVTN
Adult.	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0 005+00	U UUE+UU	O OOF OO	O COE OC	DONG	DVIN
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.000	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.005400	0.00E+00
Child.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.005,00	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.002+00	0.001400
		0.002100	0.000	0.005700	U. UUL+UU	U. UUL+UU	U. UUE+UU	0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Sr89

For Path	nway: Plur	ne _GI-TRACT	BOND	TTVDD	KIDMEN	THYROID	LITMO	SKIN
Adult.		0.00E+00					0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00					0.00E+00	The state of the s
Child:	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
Infant:							0.00E+00	
iniant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.005+00	0.008+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Path	hway: Grou							
		GI-TRACT		LIVER		THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
		6.62E+02					6.62E+02	7.68E+02
		6.62E+02					6.62E+02	7.68E+02
		6.62E+02					6.62E+02	7.68E+02
Infant:	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	6.62E+02	7.68E+02
For Pati	hway: Vege	etable						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		4.14E+07		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Teen:		5.00E+07					0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		3.953+07						
Infant:		0.00E+00						
For Pat	hway: Mea							
			BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOTO	LUNG	CVIN
Adult:		9.41E+05					0.00E+00	
		5.90E+05						
Child:	2 600.05	3.63E+05	9.335+06	0.00E+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
						0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002+00
For Pat	hway: Cow							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER			LUNG	
Adult:		4.52E+06			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		0.00E+00	
Teen:		6.19E+06					0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		4.98E+06						0.00E+00
Infant:	7.02E+06	5.03E+06	2.45E+08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	hway: Goa							
	T'. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	1.70E+06	9.50E+06	5.92E+07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		1.30E+07						
		1.05E+07						
		1.06E+07						
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	2.76E+02	1.11E+04	9.64E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4 44E+04	0 00E+00
		1.18E+04						
Child:	5 47E+02	5.30E+03	1 90E+04	0.005+00	0.000	0.005+00	6 84F+04	0.005+00
Infant.	3 628+02	2.03E+03	1 26F+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6 445+04	0.000
MARKET S	31022102	a.024103	* . * O E T O S	0.0000	0.005+00	V. VUE+00	0.445+04	0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Kr90

For Pat	hway: Plu	me						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.46E+02	3.46E+02	3.46E+02	3.46E+02			3.49E+02	6.33E+02
Teen:	3.46E+02	3.46E+02	3.46E+02		3.46E+02		3.49E+02	6.33E+02
Child:	3.46E+02	3.46E+02	3.46E+02		3.46E+02		3.49E+02	6.33E+02
Infant:	3.46E+02	3.46E+02	3.46E+02		3.46E+02		3.49E+02	6.33E+02
					4		3.432.02	0.555702
For Pat	hway: Gro	und			·			
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
				- 1 12 27 7 20 1 1 2 2			0.002100	0.005+00
For Pat	hway: Vege	etable						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+10	0.00E+00
Infant:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
							0.002.00	0.002.00
For Pat	hway: Meat	t						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Cow	Milk						
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Goat							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Inha							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E-00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Sr90

For Pathway: Plum	e					
T. BODY		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
TILL O. O. OOE+OO	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Grou	nd					
	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	The second secon	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	0.002.00	0.001100	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	U.UUE+00
For Pathway: Vege	table					
T.BODY	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 1.38E+10		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 1.79E+10			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 3.09E+10	1.54E+09 1.22E+10		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
						0.002.00
For Pathway: Meat						
	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 4.45E+08		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 2.90E+08	3.29E+07 1.17E+09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 3.84E+08	2.04E+07 1.52E+09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow						
		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 1.67E+09	The state of the control of the state of the		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 2.38E+09			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 4.13E+09			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 4.51E+09	2.21E+08 1.77E+10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dathway Cont	M (7 1-					
For Pathway: Goat		T TIPED	TAT TO STORE	MILLIO TO		
		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Madric: 5.51E+09	4.14E+08 1.43E+10	0.00.3+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child. 0 678.00	5.68E+08 2.02E+10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Thent 0 47E-00	4.61E+08 3.42E+10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 9.4/E+09	4.65E.08 3.72E+10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inha	lation					
		TIMED	LITERIES	MILLEROTE	TITALO	CHETA
Adult. 1 93P+05	GI-TRACT BONE	O OOE OO	NIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Teen: 2 120.05	2.28E+04 3.14E+06	0.008+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 2 04F+05	2.42E+04 3.42E+06 1.09E+04 3.20E+06	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant . 8 21F-04	4.15E+03 1.30E+06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
TILDIO, O.ZIDTON	T.100+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Zr95

For Pathway: Plu	me					
	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	.0.00E+00 0 00E+			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+	00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		00 0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Gro	und					
T.BODY	GI-TRACI BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 7.48E+06	7.48E+06 7.48E+	06 7.48E+06		7.48E+06		8.675+06
Teen: 7.48E+06	7.48E+06 7.48E+			7.48E+06		8.67E+06
Child: 7.48E+06	7.48E+06 7.48E+			7.48E+06	7.48E+06	8.67E+06
Infant: 7.48E+06	7.48E+06 7.48E+			7.48E+06	7.48E+05	
For Pathway: Veg	etable					
T.BODY	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 6.46E+03	3.03E+07 2.98E+	04 9.55E+03	1.50E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 1.01E+04	3.37E+07 4.63E+	04 1.46E+04	2.15E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 2.07E+04	2.43E+07 1.06E+	05 2.33E+04	3.33E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Mea	t					
T.BODY	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 7.26E+03	3.40E+07 3.34E+	04 1.07E+04	1.68E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 5.81E+03	1.95E+07 2.68E+	04 8.45E+03	1.24E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 9.30E+03	1.09E+07 4.75E+	04 1.05E+04	1.50E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+	00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow						
	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	1.71E+04 1.68E+	01 5.40E+00	8.47E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 6.39E+00	2.14E+04 2.94E+	01 9.29E+00	1.36E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 1.34E+01	1.57E+04 6.84E+	01 1.50E+01	2.15E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 2.10E+01	1.47E+04 1.21E+	02 2.96E+01	3.19E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goa						
T.BODY	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 4.39E-01	2.05E+03 2.02E+	00 6.48E-01	1.022+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 7.66E-01	2.57E+03 3.53E+	00 1.11E+00	1.64E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 1.61E+00	1.88E+03 8.20E+	00 1.80E+00	2.58E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 2.52E+00						
For Pathway: Inh	alation					
	GI-TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 7.38E+02						
Teen: 9.99E+02						
Child: 1.17E+03	1.94E+03 6.02E+	03 1.33E+03	1.893+03	0.00E+00	7.07E+04	0.00E+00
Infant: 6.44E+02						

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Sb124

For Pat	hway: Plum	ne						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
				-1-1-1-1			0.000.00	0.002100
For Pat	hway: Grow	und						
	T'. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dat	hway: Vege	nt nhl n						
roi rat.	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	VIDNEY	MILVEOTE	TIME	OVIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	KIDNEY 0.00E+00	THYROID 0.00E+00	LUNG	SKIN
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00
	0.002.00	0.001100	0.001	0.005+00	U.UUE+UU	0.00E+00	U.UUE+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Meat	t						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Cow	Milk						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adu.t:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
							0,002.00	0.002.00
For Pat	hway: Goa							
* 33+		GI-TRACT					LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Inlant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR CASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: 1131

For Path	hway: Plum								
		GI-TRACT			and the same of th	THYROID		SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			(. 00E+00		
For Path	hway: Gro								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
	2.63E+05		2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05		2.63E+05		
Teen:	2.63E+05	2.63E+05		2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	3.19E+05	
Child:	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	3.19E+05	
Infant:	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	2.63E+05	3 19E+05	
							2.002.00	5.122103	
For Path	nway: Vege	etable							
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adu t:	4.43E+05	2.04E+05		7.74E+05					
Teen:	4.02E+05	1.48E+05		7.48E+05					
Child:	5.83E+05			1.03E+06					
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
						0.002.00	0.002100	0.002100	
For Path	nway: Meat	b							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	8.70E+04			1.52E+05			0.00E+00		
		2.44E+04	8.82E+04	1 24E+05	2.13E+05	3 60E+07	0.00E+00	0.002+00	
Child:	9.35E+04	1.46E+04	1.64E+05	1.65E+05	2 70E+05	5 44E+07		0.00E+00	
		0.00E+00						0.00E+00	
						0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002100	
For Path	nway: Cow	Milk							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	2.39E+06	1.10E+06	2.92E+06	4.17E+06			0.00E+00		
Teen:	3.98E+06	1.47E+06		7.42E+06					
Child:		1.15E+06	1.28E+07	1.29E+07	2.12E+07	4.27E+09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:		1.13E+06		3.16E+07			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
		4.2			2.022.01	1.012110	O. OODTOO	0.002+00	
For Path	nway: Goat	Milk							
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	2.87E+05	1.32E+06	3.50E+06	5.01E+06	8.59E+06	1.64E+09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	4.78E+06	1.76E+06	6.36E+06	8 90E+06	1 53F+07	2 605+09	0 008+00	0 008.00	
Child:	8.81E+06	1.38E+06	1.54E+07	1.55E+07	2.55E+07	5.13E+09	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	1.67E+07	1.35E+06	3.22E+07	3.79E+07	4.43E+07	1.25E+10	0.008+00	0.008+00	
							0.000100	0.00.3100	
For Path	nway: Inha	alation							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	6.49E+02	1.99E+02	7.99E+02	1.13E+03	1.94E+03	3.78E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	8.37E+02	2.06E+02	1.12E+03	1.56E+03	2.66E+03	4.64E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	8.64E+02	9.01E+01	1.52E+03	1.52E+03	2.50E+03	5 15E+05	0.005+00	0.005+00	
Infant:	6.21E+02	3.36E+01	1.20E+03	1.41E+03	1.64E+03	4.70E+04	0 00E+00	0.00E+00	
							0.0000	O. OULTOO	

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xel31m For Pathway: Plume T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.38E+00 1.89E+01 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.38E+00 1.89E+01 Teen: Child: 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.38E+00 1.89E+01 Infant: 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.03E+00 2.38E+00 1.89E+01 For Pathway: Ground T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Vegetable T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Meat T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 0.00E+00 Teen: Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00F+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Cow Milk T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Goat Milk T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Inhalation T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: 1133

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For Pathway: Plume
        T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                    SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Ground
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                           BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
      3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 4.56E+04
Adult:
Teen:
       3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 4.56E+04
Child: 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 4.56E+04
Infant: 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 3.75E+04 4.56E+04
For Pathway: Vegetable
        T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                    SKIN
Adult: 7.07E+03 2.08E+04 1.33E+04 2.32E+04 4.05E+04 3.41E+06 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 6.41E+03 1.59E+04 1.24E+04 2.10E+04 3.69E+04 2.93E+06 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
      1.06E+04 1.13E+04 2.26E+04 2.79E+04 4.65E+04 5.19E+06 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Meat
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                           BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
Adult:
       2.01E-03 5.93E-03 3.79E-03 6.60E-03 1.15E-02 9.70E-01 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
       1.64E-03 4.07E-03 3.17E-03 5.38E-03 9.44E-03 7.52E-01 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 2.76E-03 2.94E-03 5.90E-03 7.29E-03 1.22E-02 1.35E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                           BONE
                                  LIVER
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
                                                           LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
Adult:
       2.07E+04 6.12E+04 3.91E+04 6.81E+04 1.19E+05 1.00E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen:
       3.70E+04 9.17E+04 7.15E+04 1.21E+05 2.13E+05 1.69E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 8.12E+04 8.65E+04 1.74E+05 2.15E+05 3.58E+05 3.99E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 2.56E+05 9.03E+04 3.67E+05 5.34E+05 6.28E+05 9.71E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                  LIVER
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
       2.49E+04 7.34E+04 4.69E+04 8.17E+04 1.42E+05 1.20E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Adult:
       4.44E+04 1.10E+05 8.57E+04 1.45E+05 2.55E+05 2.03E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen:
Child: 9.75E+04 1.04E+05 2.08E+05 2.58E+05 4.29E+05 4.79E+07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.88E+05 1.08E+05 4.40E+05 6.41E+05 7.53E+05 1.16E+08 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inhalation
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                  LIVER
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                     SKIN
Adult: 1.43E+02 2.81E+02 2.74E+02 4.69E+02 8.19E+02 6.82E+04 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 1.97E+02 3.27E+02 3.85E+02 6.49E+02 1.14E+03 9.26E+04 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 2.44E+02 1.74E+02 5.25E+02 6.44E+02 1.07E+03 1.22E+05 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.78E+02 6.83E+01 4.20E+02 6.08E+02 7.10E+02 1.13E+05 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
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INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xel33

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For Pathway: Plume
       T. BODY GI-TRACT
                         BONE
                                LIVER
                                        KIDNEY THYROID
                                                          LUNG
                                                                SKIN
       6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.86E+00 1.84E+01
      6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.86E+00 1.84E+01
Teen:
Child: 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.86E+00 1.84E+01
Infant: 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.52E+00 6.86E+00 1.84E+01
For Pathway: Ground
       T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                        KIDNEY THYROID
                               LIVER
                                                         LUNG
                                                                 SKIN
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Adult:
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00L+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Vegetable
       T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                               LIVER
                                       KIDNEY THYROID
                                                         LUNG
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 C.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 C.00E+00
Adult:
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen:
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Meat
       T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                LIVER
                                        KIDNEY THYROID
                                                        LUNG
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Adult:
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen:
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk
       T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                               LIVER
                                       KIDNEY THYROID
                                                         LUNG
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                               LIVER
                                        KIDNEY THYROID
                                                         LUNG
Adult:
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inhalation
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                         BONE
                               LIVER
                                       KIDNEY THYROID
                                                          LUNG
Adult:
       0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
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Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xe133m

For Pathway: Plume			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY		THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 5.57E+00 5.57E+00 5.57E		5.57E+00 6.03E+00	
Teen: 5.57E+00 5.57E+00 5.57E Child: 5.57E+00 5.57E+00 5.57E		5.57E+00 6.03E+00	
Child: 5.57E+00 5.57E+00 5.57E Infant: 5.57E+00 5.57E+00 5.57E		5.57E+00 6.03E+00 5.57E+00 6.03E+00	
111.dic. 5.5/2+00 5.5/2	00+4000,000+4000	5.57E+00 6.03E+00	3.96E+01
For Pathway: Ground			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY		THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.0CE+00	The state of the s
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	[18] [18] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Intaine: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00F	3+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Vegetable			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY		THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00F	G+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Meat			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY		THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00F	C+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY	E LIVER KIDNEY	THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	[10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E		0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	and the property of the control of t	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	C+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY		THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	0+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	0+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inhalation			
T.BODY GI-TRACT BOY	E LIVER KIDNEY	THYROID LUNG	SKIN
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	C+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00F	+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E	5+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Cs134

Miles and the American Marketine		And the second second second second second		- 11. A 10.			Cor had adv my Ta	
For Pati	nway: Plum	ne						
ror rac.	T. BODY		DONE	LIVER	VIDATEV	MILVEOTE	TIBLO	TUTAT
Adult:	The state of the s	The second secon		0.00E+00		THYROID		SKIN
Teen:		0.00E+00					0.00E+00	
Child:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00			0.00E+00	
			0.00E+00	The second second second	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Don Dati								
FOI Pati	hway: Gro		DOME	TTTTTT				
7 -3 - 7 + -	T.BODY	GI-TRACT		LIVER		THYROID		SKIN
Adult:	2.11E+08	The second secon		2.11E+08			2.11E+08	The second secon
Teen:	2.11E+08	2.11E+08		2.11E+08		2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.46E+08
Child:	2.11E+08		2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.46E+08
Infant:	2.11E+03	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.11E+08	2.46E+08
Dan Dan								
For Pat	hway: Vege							
			BONE			THYROID		SKIN
Adult:		5.34E+06					3.28E+07	
Teen:				4.77E+08		0.00E+00	5.79E+07	
Child:		4.10E+06				0.00E+00		0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Mea							
	T.BODY			LIVER		THYROID		SKIN
Adult:				2.91E+07		0.00E+00	3.13E+06	
Teen:		2.35E+05				0.00E+00	2.78E+06	0.00E+00
Child:		1.52E+05				0.00E+00	3.13E+06	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat.	hway: Cow							
	T. BODY	The state of the s	BONE	LIVER		THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	2.05E+08	4.38E+06		2.50E+08	8.11E+07	0.00E+00	2.69E+07	0.00E+00
Teen:	2.00E+08	5.35E+06	1.83E+08	4.30E+08	1.37E+08	0.00E+00	5.22E+07	0.00E+00
Child:	1.46E+08	3.73E+06	4.22E+08	6.92E+08	2.14E+08	0.00E+00	7.69E+07	0.00E+00
Infant:	1.28E+08	3.44E+06	6.79E+08	1.27E+09	3.26E+08	0.00E+00	1.34E+08	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Goa							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		1.32E+07						
Teen:	5.99E+08	1.61E+07	5.48E+08	1.29E+09	4.10E+08	0.00E+00	1.57E+08	0.00E+00
Child:	4.38E+08	1.12E+07	1.26E+09	2.08E+09	6.43E+08	0.00E+00	2.31E+08	0.00E+00
Infant:	3.84E+08	1.03E+07	2.04E+09	3.80E+09	9.78E+08	0.00E+00	4.01E+08	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	2.31E+04	3.30E+02	1.18E+04	2.69E+04	9.10E+03	0.00E+00	3 09E+03	0.005+00
Teen:	1.74E+04	3.09E+02	1.59E+04	3.58E+04	1.19E+04	0.00E+00	4 64E+03	0.00E+00
Child:	7.12E+03	1.22E+02	2.06E+04	3.21E+04	1 05E+04	0 005+00	3 84E+03	0 005+00
Infant:	2.36E+03	4.23E+01	1.26E+04	2.23E+04	6 04E+03	0.005+00	2 53E+03	0.005+00
				D. EJET04	0.041103	U. UULTUU	2,000+00	O. OUE+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xe135m

For Path	nway: Plur				A A				
	T.BOLY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KI, NEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.95E+01	1.05E+02	
	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01	6.92E+01		6.95E+01		
Child:	6.92E+01	6.92E+01		6.92E+01			6.95E+01		
	6.92E+01			6.92E+01	The contract of the contract o		6.95E+01		
	0.000000	0.522101	0.522701	0.525+01	0.525701	0.525401	0.35E+01	1.056+92	
For Path	nway: Grou	ind							
TOT THE			BONE	LIVER	W.T.DATES	MITATOATO	* ****	CUTY	
70117+	0.00E+00						LUNG		
				0.00E+00			0.00E+00		
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	è
Child:	0.00E+00							0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E-00	
For Path	hway: Vege							à la company de	
			BONE			THYROID		SKIN	
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00			0.00E-00		
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infart:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Fatl	hway: Meat								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID:	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E-00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0 00E+00	0.00E+00	0.0012+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
					0.002.00	0,002,00	0.002100	0.000100	
For Path	hway: Cow	Milk							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:		0.00E+00					0.00E+00		
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00			0.00E+00		
Child:							0.00E+00		
Infant:	0.005+00	0.005+00	0.002+00	0.005.00	0.005+00	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	0.001100	O.OOETOO	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pati	hway: Goat	+ Milk							
101 100		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	TIME	SKIN	
Adult.							0.00E+00		
Toon.	0.005+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	C.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
iniant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pati	hway: Inh	alation							
FOI Pat			DOM	T TITTE	T. T. DATES	minimo v v	*****		
Activa Table	O OOT OO	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	TAYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Mulit:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Chila	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00	
iniant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xe135 For Pathway: Plume T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.09E+01 1.06E+02 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.09E+01 1.06E+02 Teen: Child: 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.09E+01 1.06E+02 Infant: 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.02E+01 4.09E+01 1.06E+02 For Pathway: Ground T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Vegetable T. BODY GI-TRACT HONE LUNG LIVER KIDNEY THYROID SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.003+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Meat T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: Ch 1d: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Cow Milk T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Goat Milk T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Inhalation T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Cs136

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For Pathway: Plume
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                    SKIN
       0.0012+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Adult:
Teen:
      0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Child: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Ground
        T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG SKIN
Adult:
       4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 5.21E+06
Teen: 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 5.21E+06
Child: 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 5.21E+06
Infant: 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 4.60E+06 5.21E+06
For Pathway: Vegetable
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID LUNG
                                                                  CKIN
Adult: 1.99E+05 3.15E+05 7.01E+05 2.77E+06 1.54E+06 0.00E+00 2.11E+05 0.00E+00
Teen: 2.14E+06 2.57E+05 8.10E+05 3.19E+06 1.74E+06 0.00E+00 2.74E+05 0.00E+00
      2.88E+06 1.57E+05 1.62E+06 4.46E+06 2.37E+06 0.00E+00 3.54E+05 0.00E+00
Child:
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Meat
        T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                           LUNG SKIN
Adult:
       6 53E+05 1.03E+05 2.30E+05 9.08E+05 5.05 a+05 0.00E+00 6.92E+04 0.00E+00
Teen: 4.74E+05 5.68E+04 1.79E+05 7.05E+05 3.84 2+05 0.00E+00 6.05E+04 0.00E+00
Child: 5.50E+05 2.99E+04 3. E+05 8.50E+05 4.53E+05 0.00E+00 6.75E+04 0.00E+00
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 ().00E+00 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Cow Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                  LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                  SKIN
Adult: 1.43E+07 2.26E+06 5.03E+06 1.99E+07 1.10E+07 0.00E+00 1.51E+06 0.00E+00
Teen:
       2.26E+07 2.71E+06 8.56E+06 3.37E+07 1.83E+07 0.00E+00 2.89E+06 0.00E+00
Child: 3.44E+07 1.87E+06 1.93E+07 5.31E+07 2.83E+07 0.00E+00 4.22E+06 0.00E+00
Infant: 4.14E+07 1.69E+06 3.77E+07 1.11E+08 4.42E+07 0.00E+00 9.05E+06 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Goat Milk
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                 LIVER
                                          KIDNEY THYROID
                                                             LUNG
                                                                   SKIN
       4.29E+07 6.77E+06 1.51E+07 5.96E+07 3.31E+07 0.00E+00 4.54E+06 0.00E+00
Adult:
Teen:
       6.79E+07 8.13E+06 2.57E+07 1.01E+08 5.50E+07 0.00E+00 8.67E+06 0.00E+00
      1.03E+08 5.60E+06 5.80E+07 1.59E+08 8.49E+07 0.00E+00 1.27E+07 0.00E+00
Child:
Infant: 1.24E+08 5.06E+06 1.13E+08 3.33E+08 1.33E+08 0.00E+00 2.71E+07 0.00E+00
For Pathway: Inhalation
        T.BODY GI-TRACT
                          BONE
                                 LIVER
                                           KIDNEY THYROID
                                                            LUNG
                                                                   SKIN
Adult: 3.50E+03 3.70E+02 1.24E+03 4.64E+03 2.71E+03 0.00E+00 3.80E+02 0.00E+00
Teen: 4.34E+03 3.45E+02 1.63E+03 6.14E+03 3.50E+03 0.00E+00 5.63E+02 0.00E+00
Child: 3.68E+03 1.33E+02 2.06E+03 5.42E+03 3.03E+03 0.00E+00 4.61E+02 0.00E+00
Infant: 1.68E+03 4.53E+01 1.53E+06 4.26E+03 1.79E+03 0.00E+00 3.73E+02 0.00E+00
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Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFICIENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: For Pathway: Plume BONE ' T.BODY GI-TRACT LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 Adult: Teen: 0.00E+00 Child: Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Ground T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 4.64E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 4.64E+08 Teen: Child: 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 4.64E+08 Infant: 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 3.98E+08 4.64E+08 For Pathway: Vegetable T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 1.88E+08 5.56E+06 2.10E+08 2.87E+08 9.75E+07 0.00E+00 3.24E+07 0.00E+00 Teen: 1.61E+08 6.57E+06 3.47E+08 4.62E+08 1.57E+08 0.00E+00 6.11E+07 0.00E+00 Child: 1.17E+08 4.97E+06 8.29E+08 7.94E+08 2.59E+08 0.00E+00 9.31E+07 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Meat T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN 1.63E+07 4.80E+05 1.81E+07 2.48E+07 8.42E+06 0.U3E+00 2.80E+06 0.00E+00 Teen: 6.98E+06 2.85E+05 1.51E+07 2.00E+07 6.82E+06 0.00E+00 2.65E+06 0.00E+00 Child: 3.92E+06 1.66E+05 2.77E+07 2.66E+07 8.65E+06 0.00E+00 3.11E+06 0.00E+00 Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Cow Milk BONE T.BODY GI-TRACT LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 1.38E+08 4.07E+06 1.54E+08 2.10E+08 7.13E+07 0.00E+00 2.37E+07 0.00E+00 Teen: 1.29E+08 5.27E+06 2.78E+08 3.70E+08 1.26E+08 0.00E+00 4.90E+07 0.00E+00 Child: 9.48E+07 4.02E+06 6.71E+08 6.42E+08 2.09E+08 0.00E+00 7.53E+07 0.00E+00 Infant: 8.88E+07 3.92E+06 1.07E+09 1.25E+09 3.36E+08 0.00E+00 1.36E+08 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Goat Milk T. BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG SKIN Adult: 4.13E+08 1.22E+07 4.61E+08 6.30E+08 2.14E+08 0.00E+00 7.11E+07 0.00E+00 3.87E+08 1.58E+07 8.35E+08 1.11E+09 3.78E+08 0.00E+00 1.47E+08 0.00E+00 Teen: Child: 2.84E+08 1.21E+07 2.01E+09 1.93E+09 6.28E+08 0.00E+00 2.26E+08 0.00E+00 Infant: 2.66E+08 1.18E+07 3.21E+09 3.76E+09 1.01E+09 0.00E+00 4.09E+08 0.00E+00 For Pathway: Inhalation T.BODY GI-TRACT BONE LIVER KIDNEY THYROID LUNG Adult: 1.36E+04 2.66E+02 1.52E+04 1.97E+04 7.05E+03 0.00E+00 2.38E+03 0.00E+00 Teen: 9.87E+03 2.69E+02 2.13E+04 2.69E+04 9.64E+03 0.00E+00 3.83E+03 0.00E+00

Child: 4.07E+03 1.15E+02 2.87E+04 2.62E+04 8.95E+03 0.00E+00 3.30E+03 0.00E+00 Infant: 1.44E+03 4.23E+01 1.74E+04 1.94E+04 5.46E+03 0.00E+00 2.26E+03 0.00E+00

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xe137

For Pati	hway: Plur	ne						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.54E+01	4.24E+02
Teen:	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.54E+01	4.24E+02
Child:	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.151+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.54E+01	4.24E+02
Infant:	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	3.54E+01	4.24E+02
For Pati	hway: Gro	und						
	T. BUDY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Veg							
	T.BODY		BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+0U	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat.	hway: Mea							
	T.BODY	The state of the s		LIVER	KIDNEX	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		0.00E+00				0.00E+00		0.00E+00
Teen:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dot	h	M 2 2 1-						
For Pat	hway: Cow		D C 170					
20.24	T.BODY	GI-TRACT		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult		0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dat	hway: Goa	+ Mills						
ror rac	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	T TTRICE	CUTN
Adult.	0 00000	0.00E+00	O OOF OO	TIVEK	KIDNEI	THIROID	LUNG	SKIN
Toon:	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.008+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child.	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.005.00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Intant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT	PONE	TTVPD	VIDATEV	TUVDATA	YITATO	CVIN
Adult.	0.00001	0.00E+00	O OOP.OO	O OOE.OO	VIDNEI	O OOD OO	LONG	DVIN
Teen.	10 00E+00	0.000	0.005+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child.	0.002+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant.	0.005+00	0.00E+00	0.000+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.002+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
THE GALL	U. UUETUU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	U. UUE+UU	U.UUE+00	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Xe138

For Path	nway: Plur	ne						
			BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		1.96E+02		1.96E+02				3.58E+02
Teen:		1.96E+02			1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.98E+02	The state of the s
Child:								3.58E+02
		1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.98E+02	3.58E+02
Infant:	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	1.98E+02	3.58E+02
For Path	nway: Grou	ınd						
ror raci	T.BODY		DOME	LIVER	TAT TANTESA	MINDOID	TIMIO	OTCTAT
20.74	0.00E+00				The second secon	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
				0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	The state of the s
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dati	nway: Vege	atable.						
FUL Faci		GI-TRACT	DONTE	7 77777	TEN DATES	MINDOTO	T.T.D. C.	OWTA
N. A 7				LIVER		THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
	0.00E+00		100 00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.0CE+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dati	hway: Mea							
roi Pati			DOM					
22.74		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER		THYROID		SKIN
	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	The state of the s		0.00E+00	
	0.00E+00			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00L+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
For Dot		M4 11-						
For Pati	hway: Cow							Luci
		GI-TRAC1	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKI
	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Teen:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.JOE+00
Por Dati	human Con	- Mills						
FOI Pat	hway: Goa		DOM		**********			
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	U.00E+00	0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
East Date	harman Tools	-1-bi						
FOI Pat	hway: Inh		Dave	* ***				
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
								0.00E+00
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+30	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+0)	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Child:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Bal40

					The state of the s	The state of the s	Secretaria de Constitución	
For Path	hway: Plu	me						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOID	LUNG	CVIN
Adult:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00			0.00E+00	
Teen:		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Child:		0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00		0.00E+00	
Imfant:		0.00E+00			0.00E+00			
	0.0011+00	0.001100	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	U.UUE+00	5.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.008+00
For Parl	hway: Gro	und						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOTO	LUNG	CVIN
Adult:		6.27E+05	6.27E+05				6.27E+05	
Teen:		6.27E+05	6.27E+05	6.27E+05		6.27E+05		7.16E+05
Child:		6.27E+05		6.27E+05	The state of the s	5.27E+05		7.16E+05
		6.27E+05				6.27E+05		
	0.2/2+05	0.2/1100	0.2/5+05	0.2/6+05	0.2/6+05	6.2/2+05	6.2/E+U5	7.16E-05
For Path	hway: Veg	etable						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROTO	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:		4.29E+06		2.62E+03			1.50E+03	
Teen:		3.88E+06		3.09E+03	1.05E+03		2.07E+03	
Child:		2.72E+06		4.69E+03			2.80E+03	
		0.00E+00						
	0.002100	0.002+00	0.002+00	O.OOETOO	U.UUE+UU	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.005+00
For Pati	hway: Mea	t						
		GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYPOID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:			5.50E+05				3.96E+02	
	2.93E+04	The state of the s	4.55E+05		1.89E+02		3.75E+02	
Child:	4.90E+04		8.4CE+05		2.40E+02		4.39E+03	
Infant:		0.00E+00					0.000-00	0.000+00
			0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002.00	O. OOLTON	0.001100	0.002400
For Pati	hway: Cow	Milk						
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	3.37E+04	1.06E+06	5.15E+05				3.70E+02	
Teen:		1.4.E+06	9.29E+05	1.14E+03	3.86E+02		7.66E+02	
Child:	1.31E+05			1.97E+03			1.17E+03	
infant:	2.38E+05	1.13E+06				0.00E+00	2.83E+03	0.00E+00
						0.002100	2.002.00	0.002100
	hway: Goa							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	4.05E+03	1.27E+05	6.18E+04	7.76E+01	2.64E+01	0.00E+00	4.44E+01	0.00E+00
Tean:	7.18E+03	1.72E+05	1.12E+05	1.37E+02	4.63E+01	0.00E+00	9.19E+01	0.00E+00
Child:	1.57E+04	1.36E+05	2.69E+02	2.36E+02	7.68E+01	0.00E+00	1.41E+02	0.00E+00
Infant:	2.85E+04	1.36E+05	5.54E+05	5.54E+02	1.32E+02	0.00E+00	3 40E+02	0.00E+00
						0.001100	5.402.01	0.002100
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation						
		GI-TRACT		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
Adult:	8.14E+01	6.92E+03	1.24E+03	1.55E+00	5.30E-01	0.00E+00	4.03E+04	0.00E+00
Tean:	1.12E+02	7.25E+03	1.73E+03	2.13E+00	7.23E-01	0.00E+00	6.44E+04	0.00E+00
Child:	1.37E+02	3.23E+03	2.35E+03	2.05E+00	6.70E-01	0.00E+00	5.52E+04	0.00E+00
Infant:	9.19E+01	1.22E+03	1.78E+03	1.78E+00	4.26E-01	0.00E+00	5.06E+04	0.00E+00
							2.002.04	

Table 2-2 (Continued)

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Ce141

							TOTAL CANDON MANAGEMENT AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P		
	nway: Plum								
	T. BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG		
Adult:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.09E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:		0.00E+00					0.00E+00		
Infant:		0.00E+00					0.002+00	0.000+00	
	0.002.00	0.000.00	0.002100	0.001100	0.001	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Dath	nway: Grou	ind							
			DOME	T TITED	TAT DATES	million of the			
3.334	1.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY		LUNG		
Adult:	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.70E+05	
Teen:	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.70E+05	
Child:	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.70E+05	
Infant:	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.17E+05	4.70E+05	
	nway: Vege								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY		LUNG		
		1.20E+07					0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Teen:	5.57E+02	1.39E+07	7.26E+03	4.35E+03	2.28E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child:	1.29E+02	1.08E+07	1.74E+04	8.67E+03	3.80E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0 00E+00	
								0.002.00	
For Path	hway: Meat	t .							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN .	
Adult:	1.95E+01	6.56E+05	2.54E+02	1.72E+02	7.97E+01		0.00E+00		
		4.07E+05					0.00E+00		
Child:	2.97E+01	2.50E+05	4.01E+02	2 00E+02	8 77F+01		0.00E+00		
	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			0.00E+00		
		0.002.00	0.002.00	0.002+00	0.005+00	O.OOE+OO	0.002+00	0.00E+00	
For Pati	hway: Cow								
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	6.71E+00	2.26E+05	8.75E+01	5.92E+01	2.75E+01		0.00E+00		
		3.06E+05					0.00E+00		
		2.46E+05					0 00E+00		
The second secon		2.47E+05			1 470.01	0.000	0 005+00	0.005+00	
	5.025+01	2.4/15	1.035402	4.705+02	1.4/5+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.006+00	
For Pati	hway: Goat	t Milk							
	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult:	8.06E-01	2.72E+04	1.05E+01	7.10E+00	3.30E+00	0 00E+00	0 008+00	0 005+00	
Teen:	1.48E+00	3.68E+04	1 93E+01	1 29F+01	6 05F+00	0.002+00	0.000,00	0.00E+00	
Child.	3 51F+00	2 95F+04	4 74F+01	2 270.01	1 04E 01	0.005+00	0.005+00	0.00E+00	
Infant.	5.51E+00	2.955+04	4./4E+UI	Z.3/E+01	1.04E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Intant:	6.75E+00	2.965+05	9.40E+01	5.75E+01	1.77E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pat	hway: Inh	alation							
		GI-TRACT	BONE	TITUED	KIDMEN	TUVPOTO	TIME	CVIN	
Adul+.	4 84E+01	3 605.03	6 31E 00	4 20E.03	T COT OF	0.000.00	LUNG	SVIK	
Teen.	6 07F.01	4 01E-03	0.315+02	4.29E+U2	1.99E+02	0.00E+00	2.46E+05	0.00E+00	
Child.	0.072+01	4.U1E+U3	9.00E+02	6.01E+02	2.81E+02	0.00E+00	4.24E+05	0.00E+00	
Child:	9.13E+01	1.79E+03	1.24E+03	6.19E+02	2.71E+02	0.00E+00	3.79E+05	0.00E+00	
iniant:	6.30E+01	6.83E+02	8.79E+02	5.28E+02	1.66E+02	0.00E+00	3.12E+05	0.00E+00	

INDIVIDUAL DOSE FACTORS FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS -- FOR ISOTOPE: Ce144

For Pathway: Plume							
T.BODY GI-7	TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult: 0.00E+00 0.00					0.00E+00		
Teen: 0.00E+00 0.00					0.00E+00		
	DE+00 0.00E+00						
					0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00	DE+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Ground							
T.BODY GI-7	TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROTO	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult: 2.12E+06 2.12	F+06 2 12F+06	2.12E+06	2.12E+06		2.12E+06		
Teen: 2.12E+06 2.12		2.12E+06	2.12E+06		2.12E+06	The second second second	
Child: 2.12E+06 2.12		2.12E+06	2.12E+06		2.12E+06	2.45E+06	
Infant: 2.12E+06 2.12	2E+06 2.12E+06	2.12E+06	2.12E+06	2.12E+06	2.12E+06	2.45E+06	
For Pathway: Vegetabl	le						
	TRACT BONE	LT /FR	KIDNEY	THYPOID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult: 4.63E+04 2.91					0.00E+00		
Teen: 7.73E+04 3.62		5.95E+05			0.00E+00		
Child: 1.87E+05 2.87		1.10E+06			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00	E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Meat							
	TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
Adult: 1.41E+03 8.90					0.00E+00		
Teen: 1.19E+03 5.58		9.18E+03	5.43E+03		0.00E+00		
	2E+06 4.18E+04				0.00E+00		
Infant: 0.00E+00 0.00	DE+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Cow Mill	<						
		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN	
	BE+06 6.46E+03		1.60E+03		0.00E+00		
		4.92E+03	2.94E+03		0.00E+00		
	DE+06 2.93E+04		5.09E+03		0.00E+00		
Infant: 2.35E+03 2.41	1E+06 4.20E+04	1.72E+04	6.95E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Goat Mil	lk						
T.BODY GI-7		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LIING	SKIN	
Adult: 4.16E+01 2.62							
Teen: 7.67E+01 3.59	9E+05 1.43E+03	5.90E+02	3.53E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Child: 1.88E+02 2.88	BE+05 3.52E+03	1.10E+03	6.11E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Infant: 2.82E+02 2.8	9E+05 5.04E+03	2.06E+03	8.34E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
For Pathway: Inhalat:	ion						
	TRACT BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	TEING	SKIN	
Adult: 5.83E+03 2.59							
Teen: 8.32E+03 2.74	E+04 1.55E+05	6.42E+04	3.835+04	0.00E+00	4/24E+05	0.00E+00	
Child: 1.15E+04 1.23							
Infant: 5.59E+03 4.70	DE+03 1.01E+05	3.84E+04	1.70E+04	0.00E+00	3.12E+05	0.00E+00	

TABLE 2-3

Assumptions Used in Limerick Gaseous Effluent Dose Evaluation

Inc	dex Description	Value
1	Fraction of produce from local garden	0.76
2	Fraction of leafy vegetable from local garden	0.76
3	Soil density in plow layer (kg/m**2)	240.0
4	Fraction of deposited particulates retained on vegetation	0.20
5	Fraction of deposited iodines retained on vegetation	1.0
6	Shielding factor of residential structures	0.7
7	Period of buildup of activity in soil (hr)	175200.0
8	Period of pasture grass exposure to activity (hr)	720.0
9	Period of crop exposure to activity (hr)	1440.0
10	Transport time milkman (hr)	48.0
11	Delay time for ingestion of grass by animals (hr)	0.0
12	Delay time for ingestion of stored feed by animals (hr)	2160.0
13	Delay time for ingestion of leafy vegetable by man (hr)	24.0
14	Delay time for ingestion of other vegetable by man (hr)	1440.0
15	Time between slaughter and consumption of meat animal (hr)	480.0
16	Grass yield, wet wt (kg/m**2)	0.7
17	Other vegetation yield, wet wt (kg/m**2)	2.0
18	Weathering rate constant for activity on veg (1./hr)	0.002
19	Milk cow feed consumption rate (kg/day wet)	50.0
21	Beef cattle consumption rate (kg/day wet)	50.0
22	Goat feed consumption rate (kg/day wet) Plume exposure adult (hr/yr)	6.0
23	Plume exposure teen (hr/yr)	8760.0
24	Plume exposure child (hr/yr)	8760.0
25	Plume exposure infant (hr/yr)	8760.0
26	Ground exposure adult (hr/yr)	8760.0 8760.0
27	Ground exposure teen (hr/yr)	8760.0
28	Ground exposure child (hr/yr)	8760.0
29	Ground exposure infant (hr/yr)	8760.0
30	Inhalation exposure adult (m**3/yr)	8000.0
31	Inhalation exposure teen (m**3/yr)	8000.0
32	Inhalation exposure child (m**3/yr)	3700.0
33	Inhalation exposure infant (m**3/yr)	1400.0
34	Leafy veg exposure adult (kg/yr)	64.0
35	Leafy veg exposure teen (kg/yr)	42.0
361	Leafy veg exposure child (kg/yr)	26.0
37	Leafy veg exposure infant (kg/yr)	0.0
38	Non-leafy veg exposure adult (kg/yr)	520.0
39	Non-leafy veg exposure teen (kg/yr)	630.0
40	Non-leafy veg exposure child (kg/yr)	520.0
41	Non-leafy veg exposure infant (kg/yr)	0.0
42	Root veg consumption rate adult (kg/yr)	0.0
43	Root veg consumption rate teen (kg/yr)	0.0
44	Root veg consumption rate child (kg/yr)	0.0

TABLE 2-3 (Continued)

Assumptions Used in Limerick Gaseous Effluent Dose Evaluation

Index	Description	Value
45	Root veg consumption rate infant (kg/yr)	0.0
46	Cow milk consumption rate adult (1/yr)	310.0
47	Cow milk consumption rate teen (1/yr)	400.0
48	Cow milk consumption rate child (1/yr)	330.0
49	Cow milk consumption rate infant (1/yr)	330.0
50	Goat milk consumption rate adult (1/yr)	23.0
51	Goat milk consumption rate teen (1/yr)	29.0
52	Goat milk consumption rate child (1/yr)	0.0
53	Goat milk consumption rate infant (1/yr)	0.0
54	Meat consumption rate adult (kg/yr)	110.0
55	Meat consumption rate teen (kg/yr)	65.0
56	Meat consumption rate child (kg/yr)	41.0
57	Meat consumption rate infant (kg/yr)	0.0
58	Fraction of year imals on pasture	0.75
59	Fraction of feed from pasture when on pasture	0.39
60	Fraction of year leafy veg grown	0.42
61	Atmosphere hydrogen concentration (gm/m**3)	8.0

TABLE 2-4
Nearest Gaseous Effluent Dose Receptor Distances (Meters)

Direction	Plume Ground Inhalation Pathways	Vegetation Pathway	Meat Pathway	Cow Pathway	Goat Pathway
N	965	2574	3414	7562	0
NNE	805	805	1585	0	0
NE	1287	2414	1097	0	0
ENE	965	2896	3871	0	0
E	965	1770	1890	0	0
ESE	805	1931	4511	1770	1770
SE	1609	1770	7241	0	0
SSE	1609	1931	7224	7562	0
S	1287	1931	3018	3701	0
SSW	1609	2253	1433	2896	0
SW	965	965	2835	4827	0
WSW	1287	1287	2134	4505	0
W	965	3540	4084	0	0
WNW	1126	1126	0	0	0
NW	2092	2574	6660	0	0
NNW	1448	1931	6325	0	0

APPENDIX A

TABLE A-1
Technical Specification/ODCM Matrix

Technical Specification*	ODCM Section I Requirement	ODCM Equation Section II
3.3.7.11	3.2.1	1-1 1-2 1-3 1-4
3.3.7.12	3.3.1	2-1 (or 2-9) 2-2 (or 2-9) 2-4 (or 2-10) 2-5 (or 2-10)
3.11.1.1	3.2.2	1-1 1-2 1-3 1-4
3.11.1.2	3.2.3	1-5 1-6 1-7
3.11.1.3	3.2.4	1-8 1-9
3.11.2.1	3.3.2	2-2? 2-23
3.11.2.3	3.3.4	2-26 2-27 2-28
3.11.2.2	3.3.3	2-24 2-25
3.11.2.4	3.3.5	2-33
3.11.2.7	3.3.6	2-4 2-5

^{*}Transferred to ODCM via T.S. amendment # 48 for Unit 1 and 11 for Unit 2.

TABLE A-1
Technical Specification/ODCM Matrix

Technical Specification*	ODCM Section I Requirement	ODCM Equation Section II
5.9.1.8	3.6	1-5 1-6 1-7 2-24 2-25 2-26 2-27 2-28
3.11.4	3.3.7	3-1
3.12.1	3.4.1	Section II App. B
5.9.1.7	3.5	1-5
3.12.3	3,4.3	1-6 1-7 2-29 12-30 2-31 2-32 3-2

^{*}Transferred to ODCM via T.S. amendment # 48 for Unit 1 and 11 for Unit 2.

APPENDIX B

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM - SAMPLE TYPE, LOCATION, AND ANALYSIS

TABLE B-1

Page 1 of 4

ODCM -	Limerick	Gener	ating	Stati	on
Radiological	Environm	ental	Monit	oring	Program

Pathway	Station Code	Location	Collection Method	Analyses
I. <u>Direct</u> Site Bour	5S1 7S1 10S3 11S1	3,183 feet N of site 2,301 feet NNE of site 2,350 feet NE of site 3,099 feet ENE of site 2,648 feet E of site 2,017 feet ESE of site	1 set of four (4) TLDs from each location at least quarterly	Gamma dose quarterly
	13S2 14S1 18S2 21S2 23S2 25S2 26S3 29S1 31S1 34S2	2,149 feet SE of site 3,319 feet SSE of site 1,390 feet S of site 977 feet SSW of site 2,793 feet SW of site 2,445 feet WSW of site 2,088 feet W of site 2,886 feet WNW of site 1,395 feet NW of site 3,071 feet NNW of site		
Intermed	liate 36D1	18,527 feet N of site 25,112 feet NNE of site 25,221 feet NE of site 22,489 feet ENE of site 20,826 feet E of site 29,442 feet ESE of site 22,772 feet SE of site 26,608 feet SSE of site 18,439 feet S of site 27,648 feet SSW of site 20,972 feet SW of site 21,044 feet WSW of site 20,231 feet W of site 26,110 feet WNW of site 20,446 feet NW of site		

TABLE B-1

Page 2 of 4

Pathway	Station Code	Location	Collection Method	Analyses
Distant	34E1 5H1 C	24,243 feet NNW of site 130,742 feet NE of site		
and Special Interest	9C1 13C1 15D1 17B1 20D1 31D1	11,305 feet NE of site 11,377 feet E of site 14,980 feet SE of site 16,877 feet SE of site 8,462 feet S of site 16,157 feet SSW of site 15,853 feet WNW of site		
I. <u>Airborne</u>				
Particula	10S3 11S1 14S1 13C1 22G1 C	2,648 feet E of site 2,017 feet ESE of site 3,319 feet SSE of site 14,980 feet SE of site 93,619 feet SW of site	Approximately 1 cfm continuous flow through glass fiber filter which is collected weekly.	Gross beta analysis on each weekly sample. Gamma spectrometry shall be done when gross beta exceeds ten times the yearly mean of controstation value.
				Gross beta analysis done ≥24 hr after sampling to allow for Radon and Thoron daughter decay.
				Gamma Spec on quarter composite.

TABLE B-1

Page 3 of 4

Path	nway	Station Code	e L	ocation	Collection Method	Analyses
	Iodine	10S3 11S1 14S1 13C1 22G1	2,017 3,319 14,980	feet E of site feet ESE of site feet SSE of site feet SE of site feet SW of site	A TEDA impregnated flow-through cartridge is connected to air sampler and is collected weekly at site filter change.	Iodine 131
III.	Water					
	Surface	24S1 (13B1		feet SSW of site feet ESE of site	Sample collected from a continuous water sampler, monthly. In event sampler is inoperable, weekly grab samples will be collected until sampler returned to service.	Gamma isotopic analysis monthly: H-3 on quarterly composite
	Sediment	16C4	11,510	feet ESE of site	A sediment sample is taken down stream of discharge semi-annually	Gamma isotopic analysis each sample
IV.	Ingestion					
	Milk	10B1 19B1 21B1 22F1	10,317 9,263	feet ESE of site feet SSW of site feet SSW of site feet SW of site	Sample of fresh milk is collected from each farm biweekly when cows are on pasture (April through October), monthly at other times.	Gamma isotopic and I-131 analyses on each sample

- 4

TABLE B-1

Page 4 of 4

Pathway	Station Code	Location	Collection Method	Analyses
Drinking	15F4 45,53 16C2 14,03	00 feet SSE of site 4 feet SE of site 4 feet SSE of site 11 feet WNW of site	Sample collected from a continuous water sampler monthly. In event sampler in inoperable, weekly grab samples will be collected until sampler returned to service.	Gross beta and gamma isotopic monthly, H-3 on quarterly composite
Fish		of feet SSE of site to feet WNW of site	Two species of recreationally important fish (Predator and bottom feeder) sampled in season or semiannually if not seasonal.	Gamma isotopic analyses on edible portions.
Food Products	Two offsite locations of highest predicted annual average ground level D/Q and one location (15-30 km distance) in the least prevalent wind direction as determined using the results of the most recent annual Landuse Survey.		Samples of three (3) different kinds of broad leaf vegetation monthly when available if milk samplings is not performed.	Gamma isotopic analysis

C = Control Location

APPENDIX C

-

ODCM Revision Process

I. REVISION PROCESS

- a. The preparer shall ensure the ODCM contains program elements described in Technical Specifications 6.8.4.d,e and f.
- b. All pages affected by the change shall contain revision bars in the margin indicating the area of the page changes and the date (month and year) of the change. Revision bars from previous revisions shall be removed.
- c. The preparer of the proposed change shall assemble an ODCM revision package. This package should contain:
 - Proposed page changes.
 - Sufficient information, appropriate analysis or evaluation to support the change.
 - 3. A determination that the changes will maintain the level of effluent control required by 10CFR20.1301, 10CFR20.1302, 40 CFR Part 190, 10CFR50.36a and Appendix I to 10CFR Part 50.
 - 4. A 10CFR50.59 review prepared in accordance with administrative procedures.
 - Other documentation as required by administrative procedures.

II. REVIEW PROCESS

- a. The preparer shall obtain review of the ODCM revision package utilizing the SQR process in accordance with administrative procedures. This review should include:
 - 1. Technical Support Health Physics Supervisor.
 - Cross-disciplinary review (i.e. Chem, R/W, Nuclear Eng. Div. Programs Branch, EP), if required, and
 - 3. Review by the Superintendent Services Division (responsible Superintendent).
- b. Upon satisfactory completion of the SQR and responsible Superintendent reviews, the preparer shall obtain PORC approval of the ODCM revision package.

III. APPROVAL

a. Upon satisfactory completion of PORC review and appropriate review/approval forms, the revised ODCM shall be forwarded to the Plant Manager for approval signature on the ODCM cover sheet.

IV. ISSUANCE

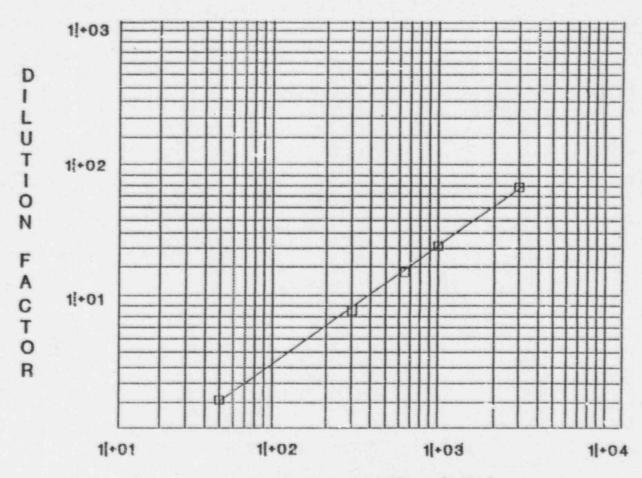
- a. The ODCM shall be issued as a complete document. Issuing page changes is not permitted.
- b. The ODCM shall contain a cover sheet indicating the ODCM revision number and a Table of Contents. All pages of the ODCM shall be marked with the revision number and date.
- c. The preparer shall forward the following to the Document Control Center:
 - 1. Original ODCM for issuance.
 - 2. The ODCM revision package.
 - 10 CFR50.59 reviews.
 - 4. All appropriate review/approval forms.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

- a. Changes to the ODCM shall become effective upon approval of the Plant Manager.
- b. The Effluent Physicist shall ensure that a copy of the complete ODCM is submitted to the NRC with the Annual Radioactive Release Report for the period of the report in which the change to the ODCM was made.

FIGURES

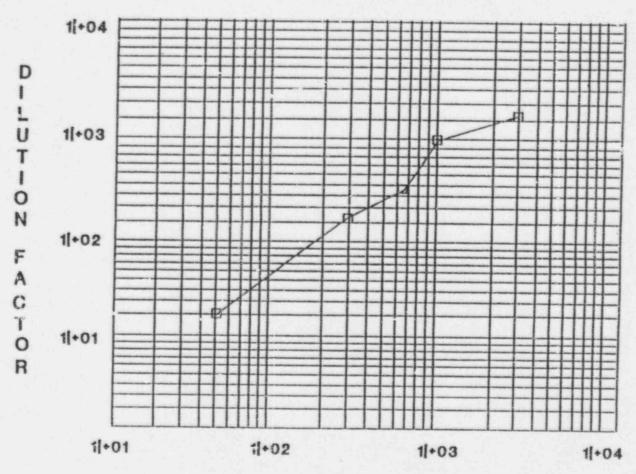
LGS DILUTION VS RIVER FLOW STATION (OUTFALL)



FLOW AT POTTSTOWN (CFS)

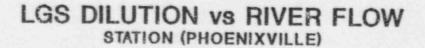
Figure 1.3.1-1

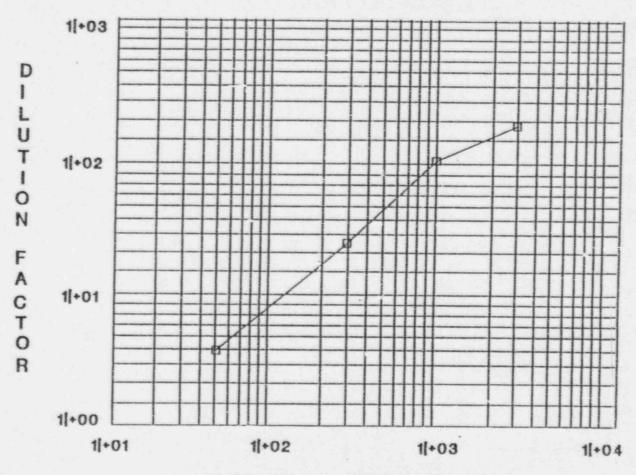
LGS DILUTION VS RIVER FLOW STATION (CITIZEN'S UTILITY)



FLOW AT POTTSTOWN (CFS)

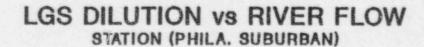
Figure 1.3.1-2

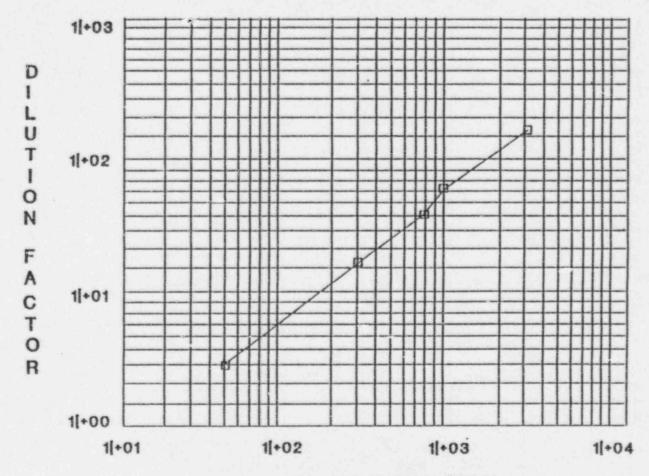




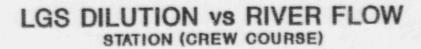
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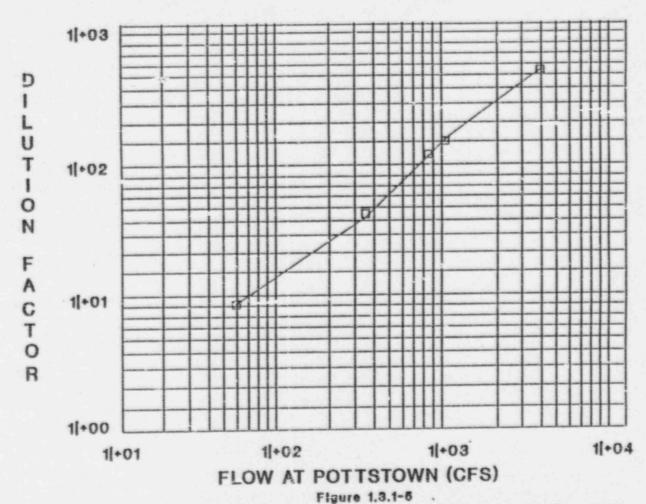
Figure 1.3.1-3



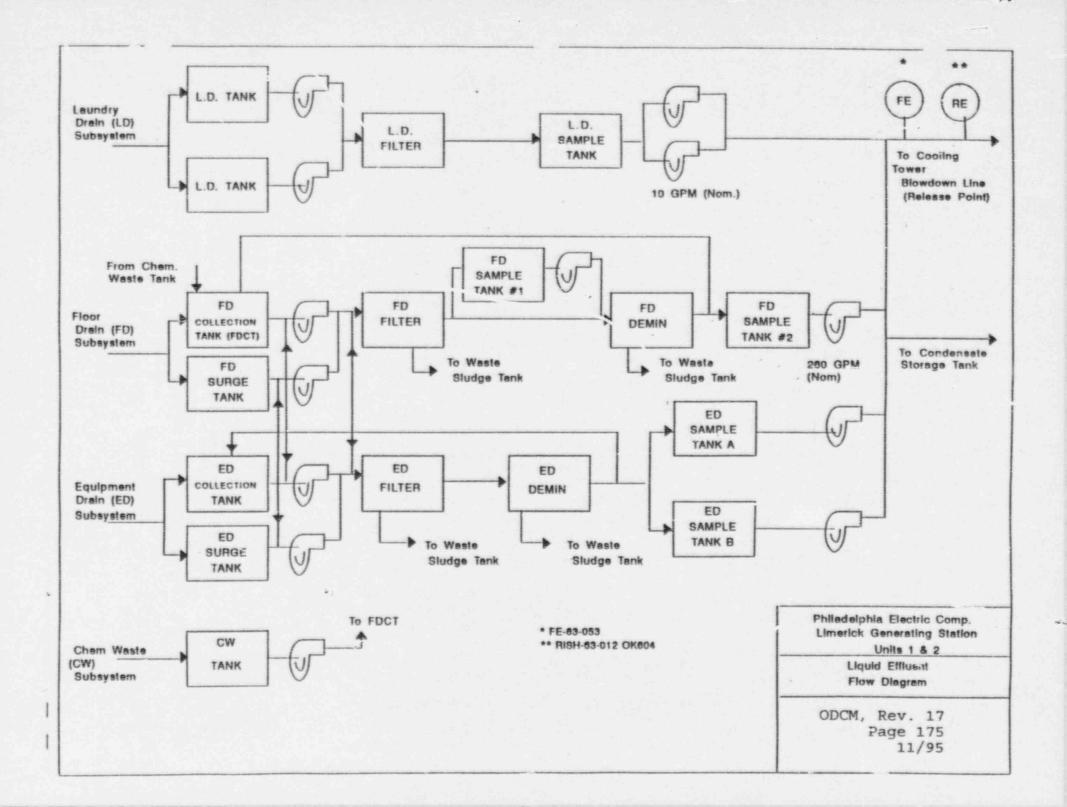


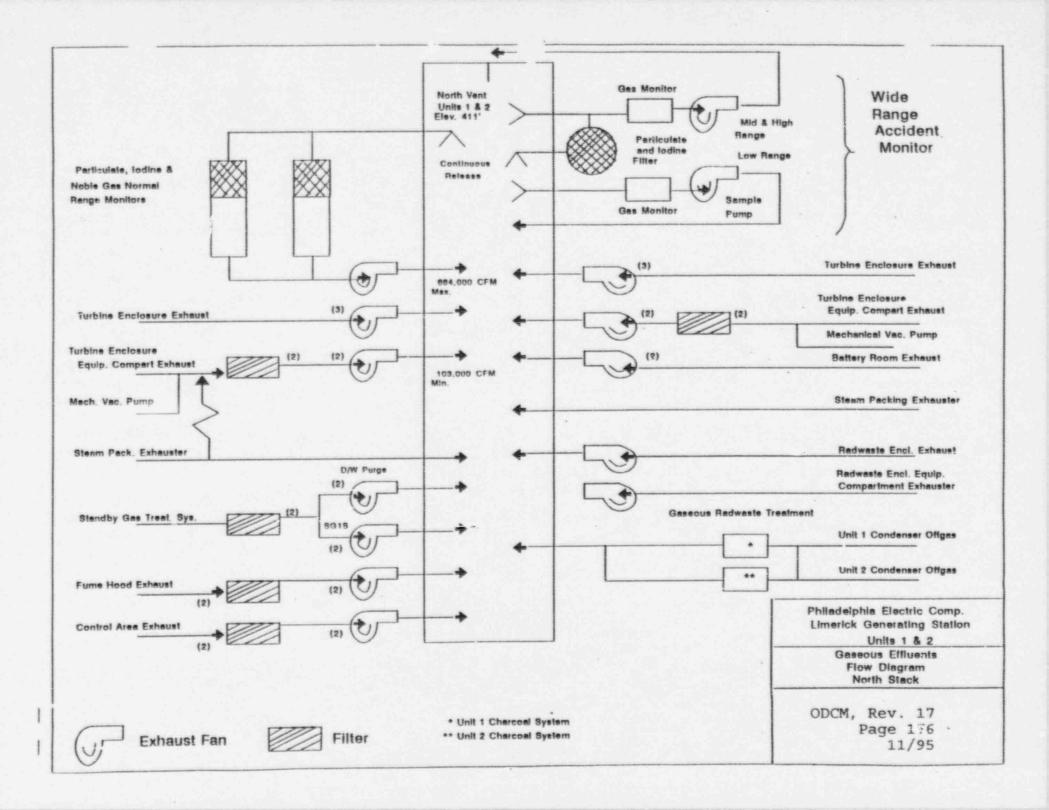
FLOW AT POTTSTOWN (CFS)

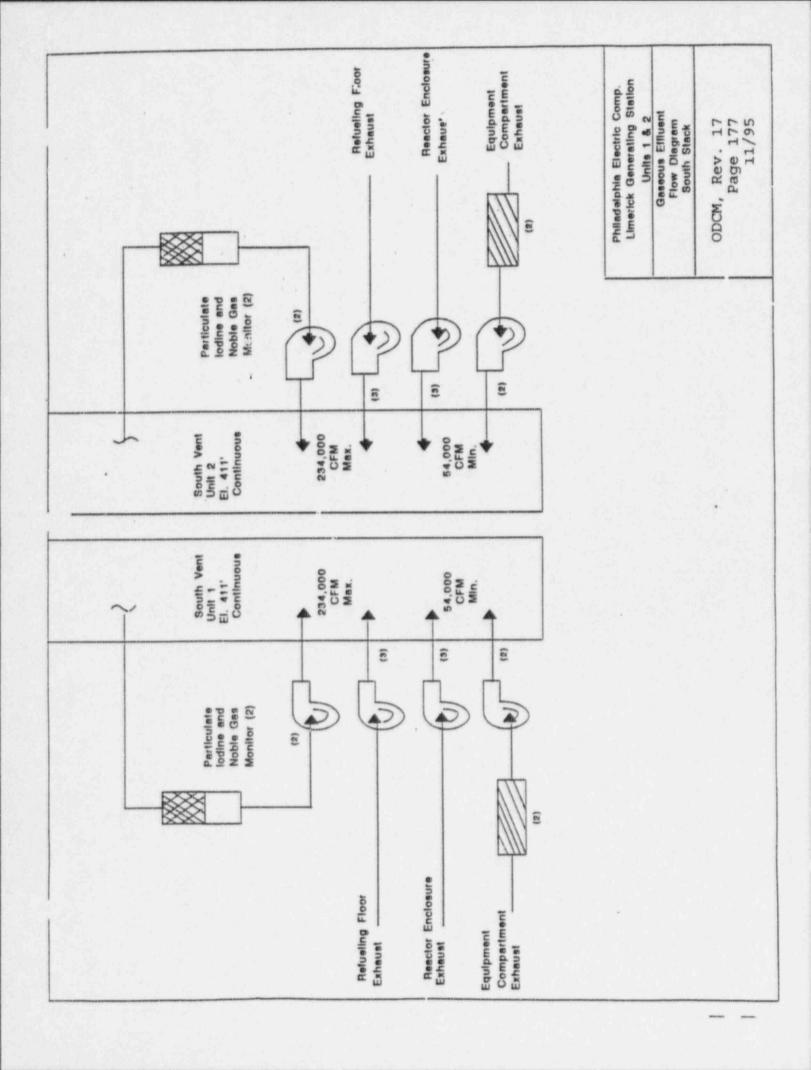


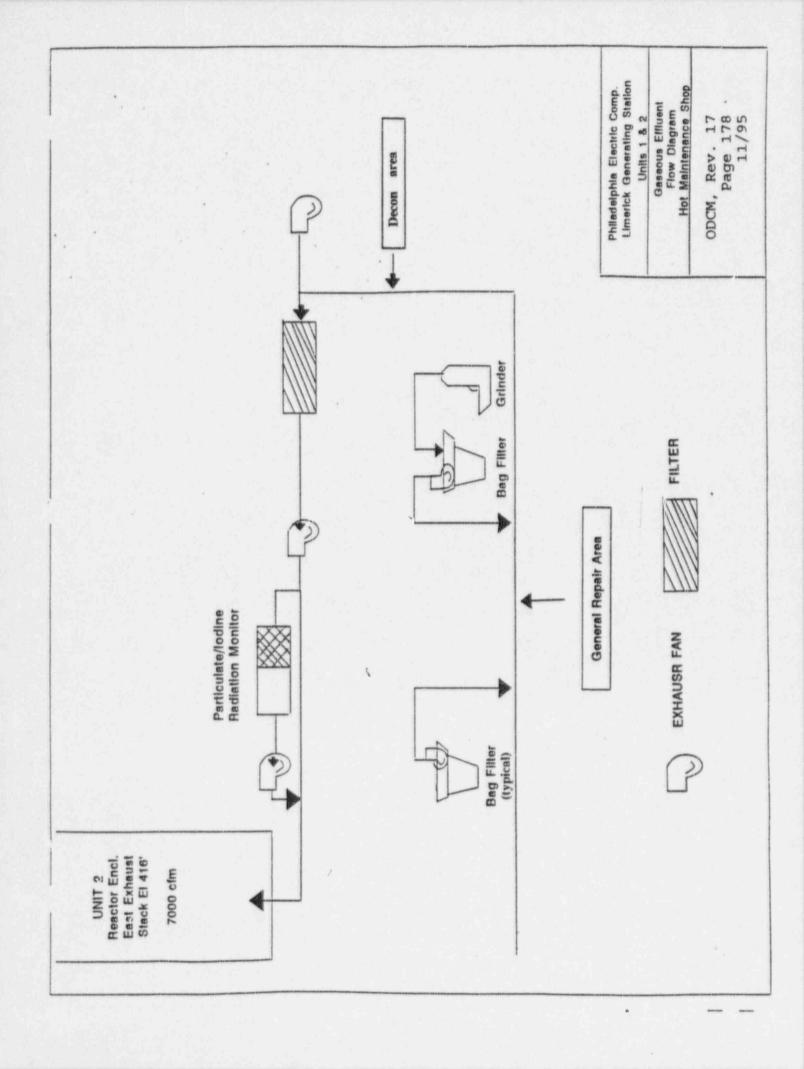


•NOTE: Dilution factors are reduced by a factor of 50 to secount for site specific usage.









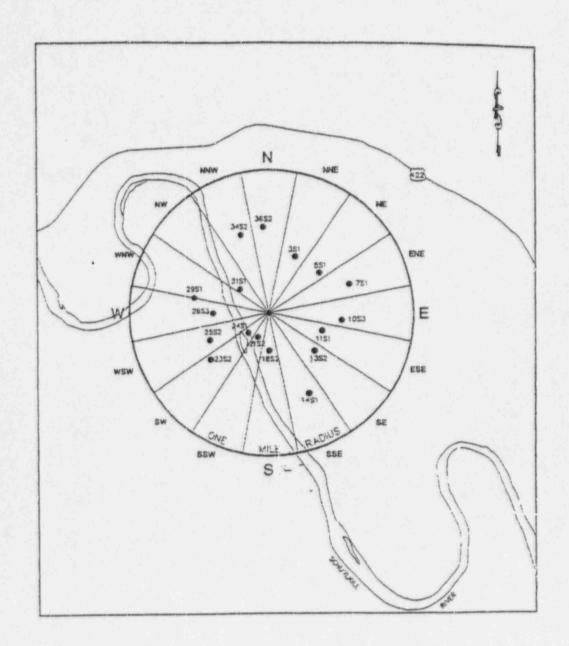


Figure B-1
Environmental Sampling Locations On Site or Near the Limerick Generating Station

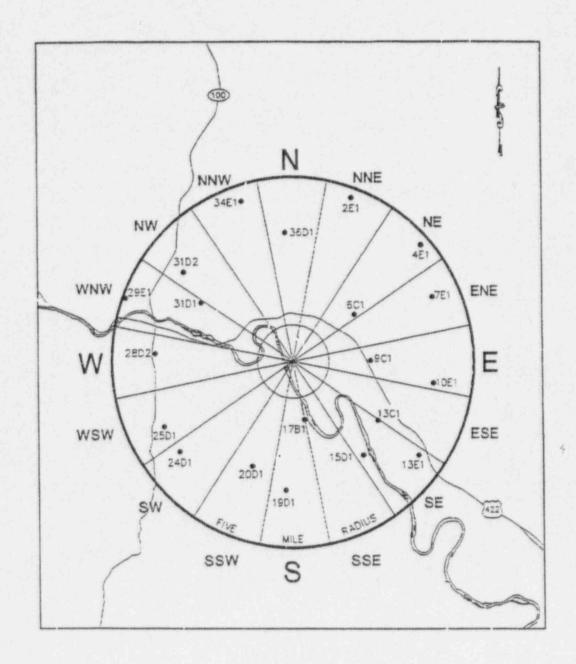


Figure B-2
Airborne and TLD Environmental Sampling Locations at
Intermediate Distances from the Limerick Generating Station

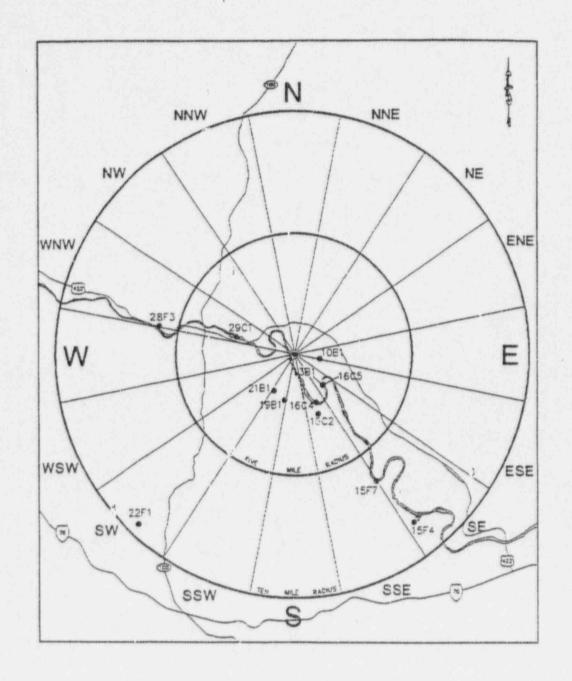


Figure B-3
Aquatic and Milk Environmental Sampling Locations at
Intermediate Distances from the Limerick Generating Station

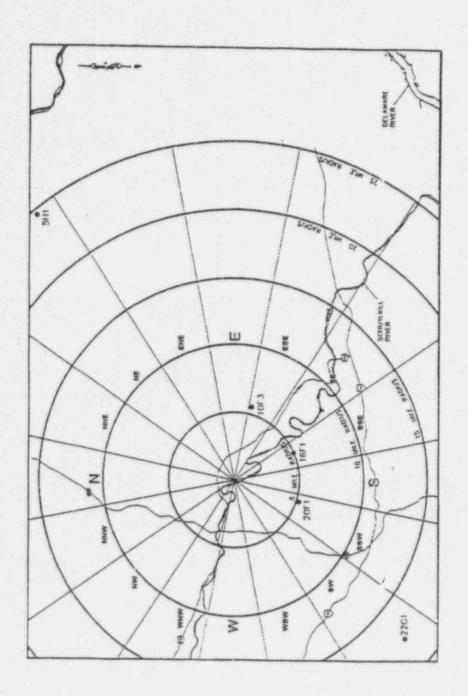


Figure B-4
Environmental Sampling Locations at Remote Distances from the Limerick Generating Station

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- Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors," Revision 1, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, July 1977.
- 3. Regulatory Guide 1.112, "Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials in Gaseous and Liquid Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Power Reactors," U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, April 1976.
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- 24. Tech. Spec. Section 6.8.4d, e and f.
- 25. Tech. Spec. Section 6.9.1.8/ODCM Control I.3.6.
- 26. Tech. Spec. Section 6.10.3m and n.
- 27. UFSAR, Section 11.5.6.

