TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH STAFF

ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY LEVELS

SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT
ANNUAL REPORT - 1982
TVA/POWER/RHS

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## ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY LEVELS

## SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT

ANNUAL REPORT

1982

## Introduction

The Sequoyah Nuclear Plant (SQN), operated by the Tennessee Valley Authority, is located on a site owned by TVA containing 525 acres of land in Hamilton County, Tennessee, bounded on the east by Chickamauga Reservoir (see figure 1). The site is 12 miles (19.3 kilometers) northeast of Chattanooga, Tennessee, and 11 miles (17.7 kilometers) west-northwest of Cleveland, Tennessee. The plant consists of two pressurized water reactors; each unit is rated at 3,423 MWt and 1,171 MWe. Fuel was loaded in unit 1 on March 1, 1980, and the unit achieved criticality on July 5, 1980. Fuel was loaded in unit 2 in July 1981 and the unit achieved initial criticality on November 5, 1981. This report describes the environmental radiological monitoring conducted in 1982.

The preoperational environmental monitoring program established a baseline of data on the distribution of natural and manmade radioactivity in the environment near the plant site. However, seasonal, yearly, and random variations in the data were observed. In order to determine the potential increases in environmental radioactivity levels caused by the plant, comparisons were made between data for indicator stations (those near the plant) and control stations (those remote from the plant) in conjunction with comparisons with preoperational data.

The Radiological Health Staff (Office of Power) and the Office of Natural Resources carried out the sampling program outlined in tables 1 and 27. Sampling locations are shown in figures 2, 3, 4, and 10, and table 2 describes the locations of the atmospheric and terrestrial monitoring stations. All the radiochemical and instrumental analyses were conducted in TVA's Western Area Radiological Laboratory (WARL) located at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, and Eastern Area Radiological Laboratory (EARL) at Vonore, Tennessee, with the EARL being the primary laboratory for samples from SQN. Alpha and beta analyses were performed on Beckman Low Beta II, Beckman Wide Beta II, and Tennelec LB 5100 low background proportional counters. Nuclear Data (ND) Model 100 multichannel analyzer systems employing sodium iodide, NaI(T1) detectors and ND Model 4420 Systems in conjuction with Germanium, Ge(Li) detection systems were used to analyze the samples for specific gamma-emitting radionuclides. At EARL, a ND Model 6620 system is used with both types of detectors. Samples of water, vegetation, air particulates, food crops, and charcoal (specific analysis for 1311) are routinely counted with NaI(T1) detection systems. If significant concentrations of radioisotopes are identified, or if there is a reasonable expectation of increased radioactivity levels (such as during periods of increased fallout), these samples are counted on the Ge(Li) system. Identification of gamma-emitting radionuclides in all other types of samples is routinely performed by analysis on the Ge(Li) system. TVA-fabricated and

Tennelec beta-gamma coincidence counting systems are utilized for the determination of <sup>13I</sup>I concentrations in milk. Tritium determinations are made with Beckman LS150, Beckman LS100C, and Packard Model 3250 liquid scintillation counting systems.

Data were entered in computer storage for processing specific to the analysis conducted. A computer, employing an ALPHA-M least-squares code, using multimatrix techniques was used to estimate the activities of the gamma-emitting nuclides analyzed by NaI(T1). The data obtained by Ge(Li) detectors were resolved by the appropriate analyzer software and the metric minimization routine HYPERMET.

The detection capabilities for environmental sample analysis given as the nominal lower limits of detection (LLD) are listed in table 3. Samples processed by NæI(Tl) gamma spectroscopy were analyzed for 14 specific gamma-emitting radionuclides and radionuclide combinations. For these analyses, radionuclide combinations such as \$^{103,106}Ru\$ and \$^{95}Zr\$-Nb\$ are analyzed as one radionuclide. All photopeaks found in Ge(Li) spectra were identified and quantified. Many of the isotopes identified by Ge(Li) spectral analysis are naturally occurring or naturally produced radioisotopes, such as \$^{7}Be\$, \$^{40}K\$, \$^{212}Bi\$, \$^{214}Bi\$, \$^{212}Pb\$, \$^{214}Pb\$, \$^{226}Ra\$, etc. LLDs for the analysis of the radionuclides listed below are given in table 3B. LLDs for additional radionuclides identified by Ge(Li) analysis were calculated for each analysis and nominal values are listed in the appropriate data tables. In the instance where an LLD has not been established, an LLD value of zero was assumed. A notation in a table of "values < LLD" for an isotope with no established LLD does not imply a value less than 0; rather it indicates that the isotope was not identified in that specific group of samples. For each sample type, only the radionuclides for which values greater than the LLD were reported are listed in the data tables.

TVA's Radioanalytical Laboratories participate in the Environmental Radioactivity Laboratory Intercomparison Studies Program conducted by EPA-Las Vegas. This program provides periodic cross-check samples of the type and radionuclide composition normally analyzed in an environmental monitoring program. Routine sample handling and analysis procedures were employed in the evaluation of these samples. The results received during calendar year 1982 are shown in table 4. The  $\pm 3\sigma$  limits based on one measurement were divided by the square root of 3 to correct for triplicate determinations.

The following radionuclides and radionuclide combinations are quantified by the ALPHA-M least-squares computer code: 141,144Ce: 51Cr; 131I; 103,106Ru; 134Cs; 137Cs; 95Zr-Nb; 58Co; 54Mn; 65Zn; 59Fe; 60Co; 40K; and 140Ba-La.

Table 1 ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY SAMPLING SCHEDULE

Station Location	Air Filter	Charcoal Filter		Heavy Particle Fallout	Atmospheric Moisture	Soil	Vegetation	Hilk	River	Well Water	Public Water	Aquatic Life and Sediment
Chattanooga	W	v	н	н		A					н	
Dayton	W	v	н	н	BW	A					H	
Sale Creek	W	W	н	н		A						
Daisy	W	W	н	н		A					H	
Red Bank	W	W	н	н		٨						
Volunteer Ordinance Works (Harrison)	w	w	н	н		A						
Harrison Bay	W	W	н	н		A						
Georgetown	w	W	н	н		A						
Chester Frost Park (formerly Hamilton												
County Park)	W	W	н	н		٨						
lork	W	v	н	н		۸						
Site N	W	w	н	н	BW	٨						
Site SW	W	W	н	н	BW	A						
arm L							Q	w		н		
farm J							Q	w				
farm HW							Q	W				
form H							Q	W				
form EH							н					
Farm Br							н					
Farm G							н					
Chickamauga Reservoir									н			Q/S
I. I. Dupont											н	
Cleveland, TN											H	
C. F. industries											H	
On Site Well (1)										н		
Farm Ma										н		
Farm S (Control)							н	w				
Farm B (Control)							н	w				
Farm C (Control)							н	w				

W - Weekly

BW - Biweekly M - Monthly (every 4 weeks) Q - Quarterly S - Semiannually A - Annually

Table 2
ATMOSPHERIC AND TERRESTRIAL MONITORING STATION LOCATIONS

# SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT

Sample Station		Distance and from Plant	
LM-1 SQ, Southwest	0.75 miles	(1.2 kilometers)	SW
LM-2 SQ, Northeast	0.75 miles	(1.2 kilometers)	N
PM-1 SQ, Northwoods, TN	10.5 miles	(16.9 kilometers)	WSW
PM-2 SQ, Chester Frost Park, TN (formally Hamilton County Park)	3.75 miles	(6.0 kilometers)	SW
PM-3 SQ, Daisy, TN	5.5 miles	(8.8 kilometers)	W
PM-4 SQ, Sale Creek, TN	10.5 miles	(16.9 kilometers)	N
PM-5 SQ, Georgetown, TN	9.5 miles	(14.5 kilometers)	ENE
PM-6 SQ, Work, TN	4.5 miles	(7.2 kilometers)	NNE
PM-7 SQ, Harrison Bay, TN	3.5 miles	(5.6 kilometers)	SE
PM-8 SQ, Harrison, TN	8.75 miles	(14.1 kilometers)	SSW
RM-1 SQ, Chattanooga, TN (Control)	16.75 miles	(27.0 kilometers)	SW
RM-2 SQ, Dayton, TN (Control)	17.75 miles	(28.6 kilometers)	NNE
Farm J	1.25 miles	(2.0 kilometers)	W
Farm HW	1.25 miles	(2.0 kilometers)	NW
Farm L	2.75 miles	(4.4 kilometers)	NNE
Farm M	3.5 miles	(5.6 kilometers)	NNE
Farm Ma	0.75 miles	(1.2 kilometers)	W
Farm EM	2.5 miles	(4.0 kilometers)	N
Farm Br	2.25 miles	(3.6 kilometers)	SSW
Farm G	1.5 miles	(2.4 kilometers)	NNW
Farm B (Control)	43.0 miles	(69.2 kilometers)	NE
Farm C (Control)	16.0 miles	(25.7 kilometers)	NE
Farm S (Control)	12.0 miles	(19.3 kilometers)	NNE

Table 3

DETECTION CAPABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS

## A. Specific Analyses

# NOMINAL LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD)\*

	Air Particulates pCi/m <sup>3</sup>	Charcoal pCi/m³	Fallout mC1/km <sup>2</sup>	Water pCi/l	Vegetation and grain pCi/g, dry	Soil and Sediment pCi/g, dry	Fish, clam flesh, plankton, pCi/g, dry	Clam shells pCi/g, dry	Foods, meat, poultry, pCi/kg, wet	Milk pCi/l
Total α Gross α Gross β	0.005 0.01		0.05	0.4 2.0 2.4 330	0.01 0.05 0.20	0.35 0.70	0.1	0.7	1.5	0.5
9H 131I 89Sr 90Sr	0.005	0.02		10 2	0.25 0.05	1.5	0.5	5.0 1.0	40 8	10 2

<sup>\*</sup>All LLD values for isotopic separations are calculated by the method developed by Pasternack and Harley as described in HASL-300. Factors such as sample size, decay time, chemical yield, and counting efficiency may vary for a given sample; these variations may change the LLD value for the given sample. The assumption is made that all samples are analyzed within one week of the collection date. Conversion factors: 1 pCi = 3.7 x 10<sup>-2</sup> Bq; 1 mCi = 3.7 x 10<sup>7</sup> Bq.

Table 3

DETECTION CAPABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS

#### B. Gamma Analyses

## NOMINAL LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD)

	part	ir iculates i/m³	and	ter milk i/1 Ge(Li)	and g	ation rain , dry Ge(Li)	sedi pCi/g	and ment (, dry Ge(Li)		sh (, dry Ge(Li)	Clam flesh and plankton pCi/g, dry NaI Ge(Li)	pC1/g	shells , dry Ge(Li)	potato	(tomatoes es, etc.) g. wet Ge(Li)	pCi/	at and ultry kg, wet Ge(Li)	
	Nai*	Ge(Li)**	Mal	GE (LI)			101	THE STATE	1000	THE STATE OF				38		90		
1+1,1**Ce 1**Ce	0.03	0.02	38	33	0.55	0.22	0.35	0.06	0.35	0.06	0.35	0.35	0.06	60	33 44	200	4C 90	
51Cr 1317	0.07	0.03	60 15	8	1.10	0.47	0.60		0.60	0.10	0.56	0.20	0.02	15	8	50 150	90	
103,106Ru 106Ru	0.04	0.03	40	40	0.65	0.51	0.45	0.11	0.45	0.11	0.74	0.12	0.11	10	40 26	40	90 50 15	
13°Cs 137Cs	0.01	0.02	10	26 5	0.20	0.33	0.12 0.12 0.12	The second of th	0.12		0.08	0.12	0.02	10 10	5	40		
95Zr-No 95Zr	0.01	0.01	10	10	0.20	0.11	0.12	0.03	0.11	0.03	0.15	2.31	0.03		10		20 15 15 15	
5 Co	0.02	0.01	15	5	0.23	0.05	0.20	0.01	0.20		0.07	0.20	0.01	15	5	55 40	15	
65Zn	0.02	0.01	10 15 10	9	0.25	0.11	0.23	0.02	0.23	0.02	0.17	0.23	0.02	15	5	70 30 400	20 15	
*°Co	0.01		150		2.50	1,31	0.90		0.90			0.90	0.07	150	25	50	50	
1 * 0 Ba-La 1 * 0 Ba 1 * 0 La	0.02	0.02	ii	25		0.34		0.07		0.07	0.30		0.07		7		15	
		U. UA																

\*The NaI(Tl) LLD values are calculated by the method developed by Pasternack and Harley as described in HASL-300 and Nucl. Instr. Methods 91, 533-40 (1971). These LLD values are expected to vary depending on the activities of the components in the samples. These figures do not represent the LLD values achievable on a given sample. Water is counted in a 3.5-L Marinelli beaker. Vegetation, fish, soil, and sediment are counted in a 1-pint container as dry weight. The average dry weight is 120 grams for vegetation and 400-500 grams for soil sediment and are counted in a 1-pint container as dry weight, then corrected to wet weight using an average moisture content of fish. Meat and poultry are counted in a 1-pint container as dry weight, then corrected to wet weight using an average moisture content of 10%. Average dry weight is 250 grams. Air particulates are counted in a well crystal. The counting system consists of a multichannel analyzer and either a 4" x 4" solid or 4" x 5" well NaI(Tl) crystal. The counting time is 4000 seconds. All calculations are performed by the least-squares computer program ALPHA-M. The assumption is made that all samples are analyzed within one week of the collection date.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Ge(Li) LLD values are calculated by the method developed by Pasternack and Harley as described in HASL-300. These LLD values are expected to vary depending on the activities of the components in the samples. These figures do not represent the LLD values achievable on given samples. Water is counted in either a 0.5-L or 3.5-L Marinelli beaker. Solid samples such as soil, sediment, and clam shells are counted in a 0.5-L Marinelli beaker as dry weight. The average dry weight is 400-500 grams. Air filters and very small volume samples are counted in petric dishes centered on the detector endcap. The counting system consists of a ND-4420 multichannel analyzer and either a 25%, 14%, 16%, or 29% Ge(Li) dishes centered on the detector endcap. The counting system consists is performed using the software provided with the ND-4420. The detector. The counting time is normally 8 hours. All spectral analysis is performed using the software provided with the ND-4420. The assumption is made that all samples are analyzed within one week of the collection date.

Conversion factor: 1 pCi = 3.7 x 10<sup>-2</sup> Bq.

Table 4
Results Obtained in Interlaboratory Comparison Program

# A. Air Filter (pCi/filter)

	Gross	s Alph	a	Gros	s Beta	1	Stront	ium-90		Cesium-	137	
Date	EPA value (±3σ)		AVG. b	EPA value (±3σ)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3σ)	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3 $\sigma$ )	-	EARL
3/82	27±12	23	28	55±9	63	56	16±2.6	16	15	23±9	24	24
9/82	32±14	28	28	67±9	57 <sup>C</sup>	52°	20±2.6	17 <sup>d</sup>	,g <sub>14</sub> g	27±9	22	22

# B. Tritium in Urine (pCi/L)

Date	EPA Value (±3σ)	TVA A	AVERAGE	
		WARL	EARL	
5/82	1300±575	1793	1650 <sup>e</sup>	
12/82	3830±641	3510	4023	

Table 4 (Continued)
Results Obtained in Interlaboratory Comparison Program

C. Radiochemical Analysis of Water (pCi/L)

	Gros	s Alph	a	Gros	s Beta	1	Stront	lum - 8	39	Stronti	um - 9	00	Triti	um		Iodine	-131	
Date	EPA value (±3σ)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3a)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value	TVA	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL
1/82 2/82	24±10	20	19	32±9	33	28	21:9	20	22	12:2.6	13	12	1820±592	2007	1793	8.4±2.6 h	8.7	7.3
3/82 4/82	19±9	19	20	19±9	19	20			22			8 <sup>g</sup>	2860±624	2907	2923	62±11	61	61
5/82 6/82	27.5±12	27	38.3	29±9	26	33	22±9	24	22	13±2.6	11	8	1830±589	1620	1810	4.4±1.2 h	5.3	3.6
7/82 8/82	16:9	13	32 <sup>t</sup>	23±9	20	21							2890±624	2903	2793			
9/82	29±13	26	f	40±9	38	f	24.5±9	30	21	14.5±2.6	13.8	14.8	2560±606	2690	2510	87±15	93	79
10/82 11/82	19±9	19	15 <sup>f</sup>	24±9	22	23							1990±598	1943	1993	37±10	37	39
12/82														1.73		31-10	3,	39

## D. Gamma-Spectral Analysis of Water (pCi/L)

	Chrom	ium - 51		Coba	lt - 6	0	Zinc	- 65		Rutheni	Lum - 1	06	Cesiu	m - 13	4	Cesiu	m - 137	
Date	EPA value (±3σ)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA	EARL	(±30)	TVA		EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3\sigma)	WARL	EARL
2/82 6/82 10/82	0 23±9 51±9	<44 <44 55		20±9 29±9 20±9	21 32 18 <sup>d</sup>	22 34 21	15±9 26±9 24±9	16 29 25d	16 26 25	20±9 0 30±9	<40 <40 39d	<30 <30 <36	22±9 35±9 19±9	21 31 19d	19 32 17	23±9 25±9 20±9	24 24 20d	22 27 22

#### Table 4 (Continued)

#### Results Obtained in Interlaboratory Comparison Program

## E. Milk (pCi/L)

	Stront	ium - 89	Stront	ium - 90	Iodine	- 131	Cesiu	m - 137	Barium	- 140	Potassiumj	Cobalt	- 60
Date	EPA value	TVA AVG.	EPA value TVA AVG.	EPA value	TVA AVG.								
Date	(230)	MAKL EARL	(±30)	WARL EAKL	(:30)	WARL EARL	(±30)	WAKL EARL	(±30)	WARL EARL	(±3σ) WARL EARL	(:30)	WAKL EARL
4/82 7/82					5.4±1.4h	6.7 5.1					1500±130 1590 1413		32 29
10/82	0	<10 <10	18.6±2.6	19.5 12.8	42±10	43 42	34±9	34 35	0	<25 <20	1560±135 1563 1639		

#### F. Foods (pCi/kg, Wet Weight)

	Stronti	um - 89		Stron	ntium -	90	Iodine	- 131		Cesiu	ım 137		Barium	- 140		Potass	ium
Date	EPA value (±3σ)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±30)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3c)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value (±3¢)	TVA WARL	AVG. EARL	EPA value	TVA	AVG.	EPA value	TVA AVG. WARL EARL
7/82 11/82	26±9 0	30 <10	28 <40 d	20±2.6 27.8±2.6	26 <sup>g</sup> ,	k 27k 24 d, k	94±15 25±10	98 20	98 29	20±9 27±9		26 27		<25 <25	<14 <14		2810 <sup>9</sup> 2733 <sup>9</sup> 2670 2903

a Western Area Radiological Laboratory, Muscle Shoals, Alabama

Eastern Area Radiological Laboratory, Vonore, Tennessee

No known explanation. Investigation underway.

d Analysis completed after report date

e Equipment malfunction, analysis completed after report date

f Poor analysis. Equipment taken out of service for recalibration. Further results satisfactory.

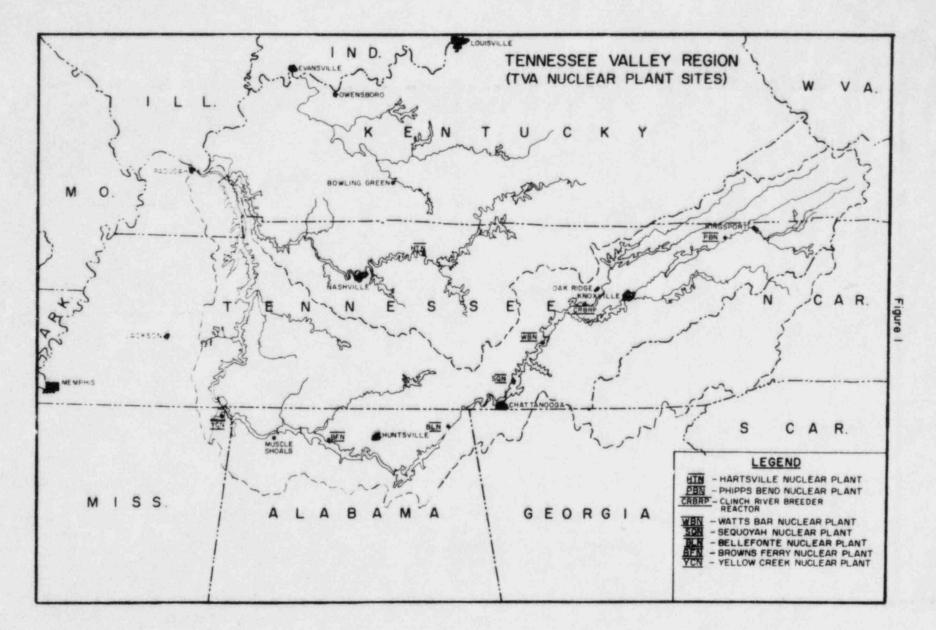
<sup>8</sup> Previous and Subsequent results satisfactory. No known explanation.

h NRC/EPA Low-level 131 I study

Experimental detection limit is eing reviewed.

Potassium values are mg/1 or mg/kg.

Review of procedure is in progress.



## Atmospheric Monitoring

The atmospheric monitoring network is divided into three subgroups. Two local air monitors are located within the plant boundary. Eight perimeter air monitors are located at distances out to 10.5 miles (16.9 kilometers) from the plant in the towns of Sale Creek, Daisy, Red Bank (Northwoods), Harrison, and four other populated areas. The remote air monitors used as control or baseline stations are located at distances out to 17.75 miles (28.6 kilometers) from the plant in the town of Dayton and the city of Chattanooga. See figures 2, 3, 4, and 5.

At each monitor, air is continuously pulled through a Hollingsworth and Voss LB 5211 glass fiber filter at a flow of 3 ft<sup>3</sup>/min (0.085 m<sup>3</sup>/min). In series with, but downstream of the particulate filter, is a charcoal filter used to collect iodine. Each monitor has a collection tray and storage container to collect rainwater on a continuous basis, and a horizontal platform covered with gummed acetate to catch and hold heavy particle fallout. Moisture is collected from the atmosphere at each local monitor and at one remote monitor and analyzed for tritium.

Each of the local and perimeter air monitors is fitted with a GM tube that continuously scans the particulate filter. The disintegration rate of the atmospheric radioactivity is continuously recorded at each station. The data from the two local monitors and the four perimeter monitors located within approximately five miles of the plant are radiotelemetered into the plant control room.

Air filters are collected weekly and analyzed for gross beta activity. During this reporting period ten samples were not obtained because of equipment malfunction. No analyses are performed until three days after sample collection. The samples are composited monthly for analysis of specific gamma-emitting radio-nuclides and quarterly for  $^{89}\mathrm{Sr}$  and  $^{90}\mathrm{Sr}$  analysis. Five samples were lost during the strontium analysis. The results are presented in table 6.

The annual averages of the gross beta activity in the air particulate filters at the indicator stations (local and perimeter monitors) and at the control stations (remote monitors) for the years 1971-1982 are presented in figure 6. Increased levels due to fallout from atmospheric nuclear weapons testing are evident, especially in 1971, 1977, 1978, and 1981. These fluctuations are consistent with data from monitoring programs conducted by TVA at nonoperating nuclear power plant construction sites.

Table 5 presents the maximum permissible concentrations (MPC) specified in 10 CFR 20 for nonoccupational exposure.

Rainwater is collected and analyzed for gross beta activity, specific gamma-emitting isotopes, and strontium. During this period one sample was not available for any analyses, and four samples were lost or destroyed during strontium analyses. For the gross beta analysis, a maximum of 500 ml of the sample is boiled to dryness and counted. A gamma scan is performed on a 3.5-liter monthly sample. The strontium isotopes are separated chemically and counted in a low background system. The results are shown in table 7.

The gummed acetate that is used to collect heavy particle fallout is changed monthly. The samples are ashed and counted for gross beta activity. The results are given in table 8. During this reporting period one sample was lost during analysis.

Charcoal filters are collected and analyzed for radioiodine. During this period nine samples were not obtained because of equipment malfunction. The filter is counted in a single channel analyzer system. The data are shown in table 9.

An atmospheric moisture collection device containing molecular sieve is located at each local monitor and at one remote monitor. Samples are taken every other week, the moisture driven off the molecular sieve, collected in a cold trap, distilled, and counted for tritium content. The results are shown in table 10.

Table 5

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS

FOR NONOCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE

	1	MPC
	In Water pCi/1*	In Air pCi/m³ *
Alpha	30	
Nonvolatile beta	3,000	100
Tritium	3,000,000	200,000
137Cs	20,000	500
163 • 106 Ru	10,000	200
144Ce	10,000	200
<sup>95</sup> Zr- <sup>95</sup> Nb	60,000	1,000
140Ba-140La	20,000	1,000
131 <sub>I</sub>	300	100
<sup>6 5</sup> Zn	100,000	2,000
5 4 Mn	100,000	1,000
<sup>60</sup> Co	30,000	300
<sup>89</sup> Sr	3,000	300
<sup>90</sup> Sr	300	30
<sup>51</sup> Cr	2,000,000	80,000
134Cs	9,000	400
<sup>5 8</sup> Co	90,000	2,000

<sup>\*1</sup> pCi =  $3.7 \times 10^{-2}$  Bq.

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN AIR FILTER

#### PCI/M(3) - 0.037 BQ/M(3)

		ILITY_SEQUOYAH		DOCKET	NO. 50-327.328	
LOCA	TION OF FACIL	ITY HAMILTON	TENNESSEE	REPORT	ING PERIOD 1982	
OF ANALYSIS DETECTION & MEAN (E)		a INDICATOR LOCATIONS	LOCATION WITH HIGH	MEAN (F)D	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE	NUMBER OF MONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS BETA	0.010	0.02( 488/ 510)	SALE CREEK + TN	0.021 50/ 52)	0.02( 99/ 104)	
614		0.01- 0.04	10.5 MILES N	0.01- 0.04	0.01- 0.03	
GAMMA (GELI)						
156	NOT ESTAB	0.02( 123/ 130)	DAISY. TN	0.02( 12/ 13)	0.021 23/ 26)	
K-40	NOT ESTAD	0.00- 0.06	5.5 MILES W	0.00- 0.06	0.00- 0.03	
81-214	0.020	0.044 11/ 130)	LM2 NORTHEAST	0.074 1/ 13)	0.031 2/ 26)	
		0.02- 0.07	0.75 MILES N	0.07- 0.07	0.02- 0.03	
PB-214	0.020	0.04( 11/ 130)	LM2 NORTHEAST	0.061 1/ 13)	0.03( 2/ 26)	
		0.02- 0.06	0.75 MILES N	0.06- 0.06	0.03- 0.03	
P8-212	NOT ESTAB	0.001 74/ 130)	LM1 SOUTHWEST	0.00( 10/ 13)	0.00( 10/ 26)	
		0.00- 0.00	0.75 MILES SW	0.00- 0.00	0.00- 0.00	
RA-226	NOT ESTAB	130 VALUES CLLD			0.00( 1/ 26)	
25.3	0.050	0.066 71/ 130)	LM1 SOUTHWEST	0.061 9/ 13)	0.061 15/ 26)	
85-7	0.050	0.066 71/ 130)	0.75 MILES SW	0.05- 0.08	0.05- 0.08	
TL-208	NOT ESTAB	0.00( 58/ 130)	LM1 SOUTHWEST	0.004 8/ 13)	0.00( 10/ 26)	
15-500	ant Fales	0.00- 0.00	0.75 MILES SW	0.00- 0.00	0.00- 0.00	
AC-228	NOT ESTAB	0.00( 33/ 130)	HARRISON. TN	0.001 5/ 13)	0.004 3/ 26)	
	100 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	0.00- 0.01	8.75 MILES SSW	0.00- 0.01	0.00- 0.00	
PA-234M	NOT ESTAB	0.346 4/ 130)	HARRISON BAY. TN	0,794 1/ 13)	0.18( 1/ 26)	
		0.16- 0.79	3.5 MILES SE	0.79- 0.79	0.18- 0.18	
SR 89	0.005	38 VALUES CLLD			5 VALUES CLLD	
43		ANALYSIS PERFORMED				
SR 90	0.001	38 VALUES CLLD			5 VALUES ELLD	
43		ANALYSIS PERFORMED				

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

4

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 7
RADIOACTIVITY IN RAINWATER

PCI/L - 0.037 CG/L

NAME OF FACI	TILITY SEQUOYAH	TENNESSEE	DOCKE REPOR	T NO - 50-327-328	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMI TOTAL NUMBER OF OF ANALYSIS DETECTION PERFORMED (LLD)	T ALL INCICATORS LOCATIONS	LOCATION WITH HIGH NAME DISTANCE AND DIREC HARRISON. TN	ESI ANNUAL MEAN MEAN (F)  TION RANGED  4.94( 8/ 13) 3.42- 9.18	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) b RANGE 4.26( 18/ 25) 2.75- 7.53	
GAMMA (UAI)	2 VALUES CLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			0 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
GAMMA (GELT) 153				18.521 17/ 25)	
K-40 NOT ESTAB	17.83( 65/ 128)	0.75 "ILES SW	26.53( 7/ 13) 1.25- 57.70	1.88- 34.85	
BI-214 NOT ESTAB	6.25( 58/ 128) 0.07- 30.97	HARRISON BAY. TN.	9.53( 5/ 12) 0.58- 22.34	3.52( 15/ 25) 0.52- 7.70	
PB-214 NOT ESTAB	5.62( 28/ 128) 0.22- 20.30	HARRISON. TN 6.75 MILES SSW		2.296 5/ 25) 0.77- 3.71	
PR-212 NOT ESTAB	1.89( 47/ 128)	WORK+ TN 4.5 MILES NNE	4.26( 4/ 12) 2.19- 6.33	2.75( 10/ 25)	
BE-7 NOT ESTAB	46.88( 47/ 128) 24.49- 103.29	HARRISON. TN 8.75 MILES SSW			
SR 89 10.000	126 VALUES CLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			25 VALUES CLLD	
SR 70 2.000	126 VALUES KLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			25 VALUES CLLC	
1RITIUM 330.000	130 VALUES KLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			25 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

#### MC1/KM(2) - 37000000.00 BQ/KM(2)

NAME OF FAC LOCATION OF FACIL	ILITY_SEGUOYAH		TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT OF ANALYSIS DETECTION <sup>a</sup> PERFORMED (LLD) GROSS BETA 0.050	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE D 0.12( 128/ 129) 0.05- 0.33	DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE LM2 NORTHEAST 0.17( 12/ 13) 0.75 MILES N 0.08- 0.33	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN SF) PANGE 0.13( 26/ 26) 0.06- 0.25	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 9

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN CHARCOAL FILTERS

#### PCI/M(3) - 0.037 BQ/M(3)

NAME OF FA	ILITY_SEQUOYAH	an area also also control and the sale and the sale real and the sale	OCKET NO. 50-327.328 EPORTING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMI TOTAL NUMBER OF OF ANALYSIS DETECTION PERFORMED (LLD) TODINE IN AIR 615	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE b 0.02( 13/511)	DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE	MEAN (F) RANGE 2) 0.02( 3/ 104)	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN ATMOSPHERIC MOISTURE

PCI/M(3) - 0.037 89/M(3)

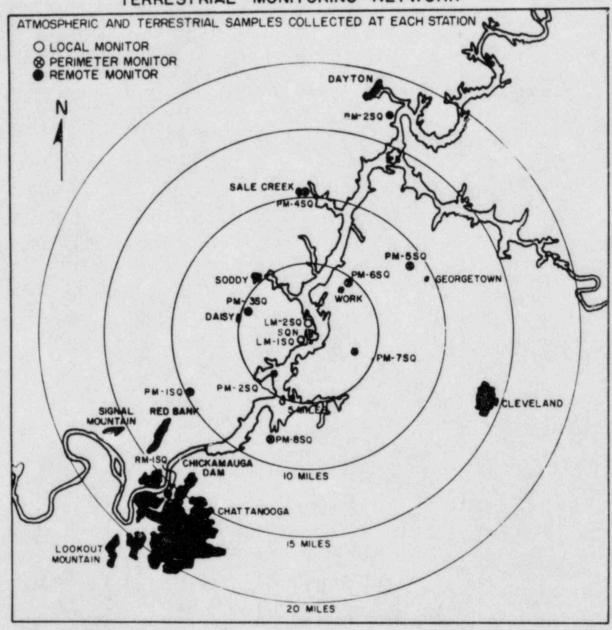
NAME OF FACILITIES	TY HAMILION		T NO. 50-327:328 TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT TOTAL NUMBER OF OF ANALYSIS DETECTION® PERFORMED (LLD) TRITIUM NOT ESTAB	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) b RANGE b 7.90( 52/ 52) 0.62- 29.35	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN FP  NAME MEAN FP  DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGED  LM1 SOUTHWEST 8.536 26/ 26)  0.75 MILES SW 0.62- 29.35	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) b RANGE 7.281 26/ 26) 1.33- 20.32	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

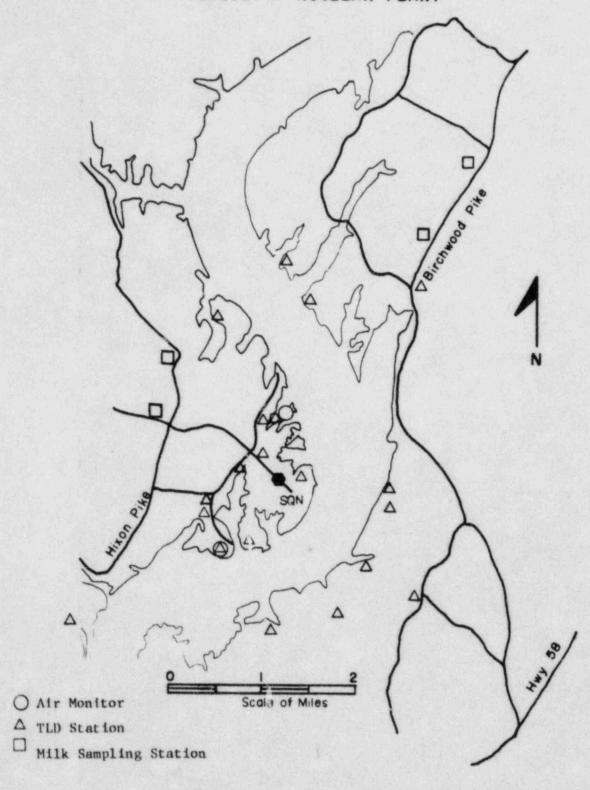
b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

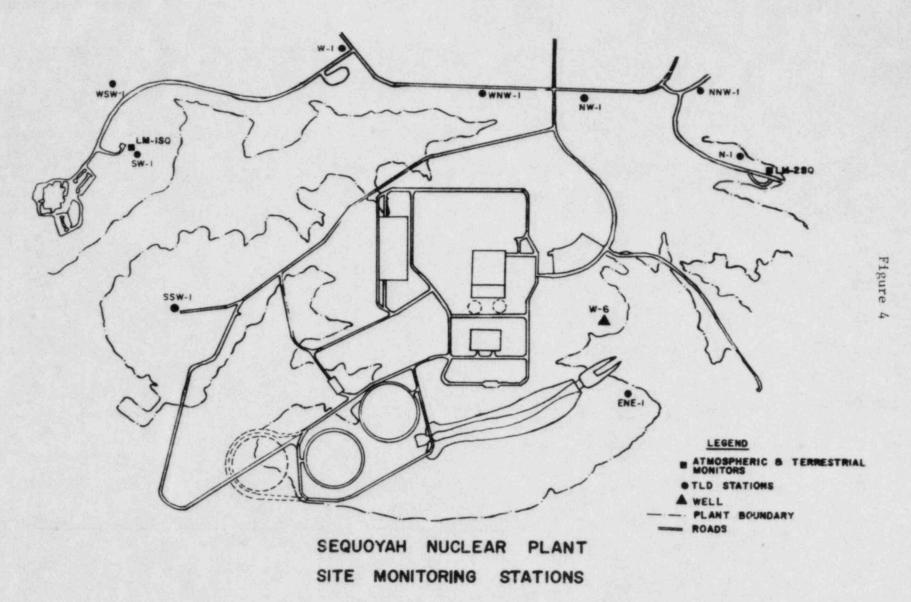
Figure 2

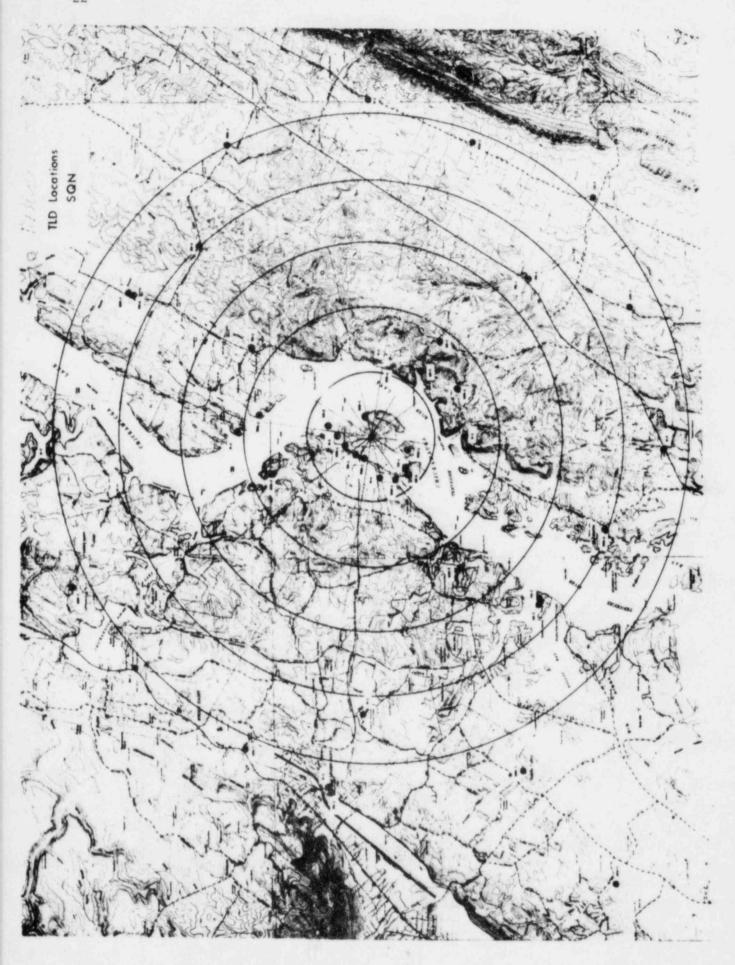
# ATMOSPHERIC AND TERRESTRIAL MONITORING NETWORK

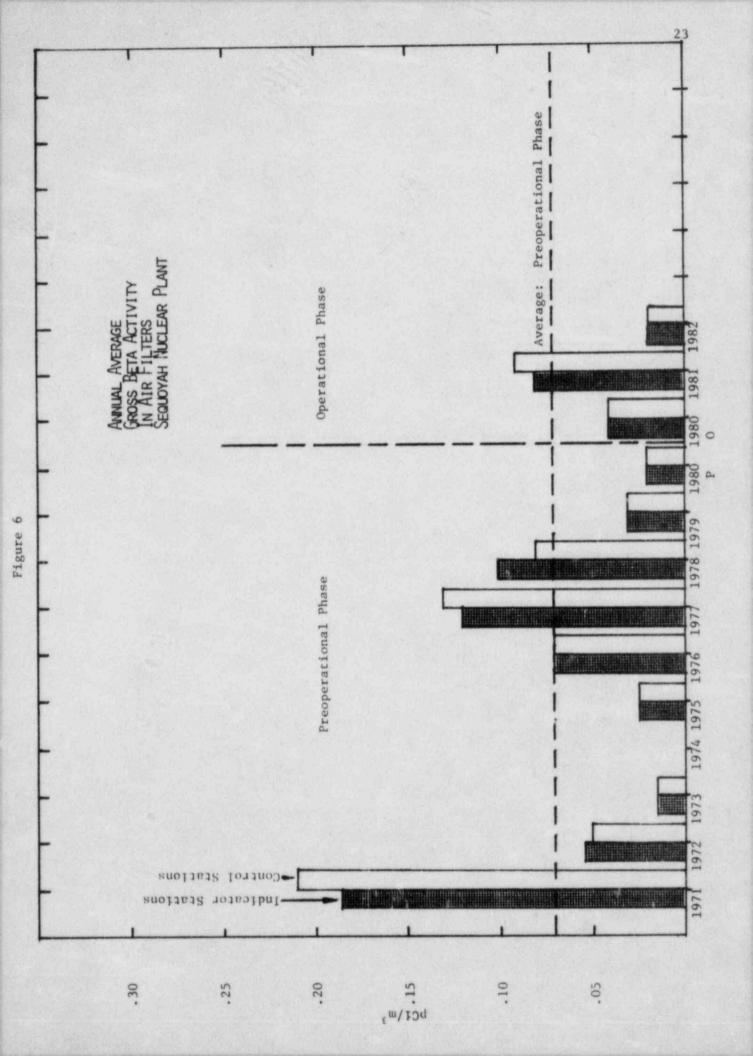


# LOCAL MONITORING STATIONS SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT









## Terrestrial Monitoring

## Milk

Milk is collected weekly from two dairy farms and two other farms within a 5-mile radius of the plant (see figure 3), and from at least one of three control dairy farms. Raw milk is analyzed weekly for <sup>131</sup>I, and monthly for gamma-emitting isotopes, and for strontium. The results are shown in table 11. Four samples were lost or destroyed during this reporting period.

As has been noted in the other monitoring reports, the levels of  $^{90}\mathrm{Sr}$  in milk samples from farms producing milk for private consumption only are up to six times the levels found in milk from commercial dairy farms. Samples of feed and water supplied to the animals were analyzed in 1979 in an effort to determine the source of the strontium. Analysis of dried hay samples indicated levels of  $^{90}\mathrm{Sr}$  slightly higher than those encountered in routine vegetation samples. Analysis of pond water indicated no significant strontium activity.

This phenomenon was observed during preoperation monitoring near Sequoyah and Bellefonte Nuclear Plants at farms where only one or two cows were being milked for private consumption of the milk. It is postulated that the feeding practices of these small farmers differ from those of the larger dairy farmers to the extent that fallout from atmospheric nuclear weapons testing may be more concentrated in these instances. Similarly, Hansen, et al., reported an inverse relationship between the levels of <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk and the quality of fertilization and land management.

# Land Use Survey

The routine land use survey was conducted in the summer of 1982. It was determined that there are no milk animals nearer the plant than those in areas from which either milk or vegetation is being sampled. It was concluded from evaluations of the survey results that the small changes in land use have not increased the projected doses to individuals in the area and that appropriate sampling is being conducted.

# Vegetation

Vegetation samples are collected quarterly from four farms from which milk is collected and analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. Monthly vegetation sampling is conducted at three additional locations and at three control farms. Approximately 1-2 kg of grass was broken or cut at ground level and returned for analysis. Efforts were made to sample vegetation that was representative of the pasturage where cattle graze. In addition to the gamma spectral

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Hansen, W.G., et al., Farming Practices and Concentrations of Emission Products in Milk, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Public Health Service Publication No. 999-R-6, May 1964.

analysis, 40 samples were analyzed for  $^{89}\mathrm{Sr}$  and  $^{90}\mathrm{Sr}$  content. Table 12 gives the results obtained from the laboratory analyses.

## Soil

Soil samples were collected annually near each monitoring station to provide an indication of any long-term buildup of radioactivity in the environment. Two additional samples were taken at one of the control stations in conjunction with the Watts Bar Nuclear Plant monitoring program. An auger or "cookie cutter" type sampler was used to obtain samples of the top two inches (5 cm) of soil. These samples were analyzed for gross beta activity, gammaemitting radionuclides, <sup>89</sup>Sr, and <sup>90</sup>Sr. The results are given in table 13.

## Ground Water

An automatic sequential-type sampling device has been installed on a well downgradient from Sequoyah Nuclear Plant. A composite sample from this well is analyzed for gross beta activity and gamma-emitting radionuclides monthly and composited quarterly for determination of tritium. A grab sample is also taken from a farm near the plant and a control well across the river from the plant. The results of the analysis of well water are shown in table 14.

## Public Water

Potable water supplies taken from the Tennessee River in the vicinity of Sequoyah Nuclear Plant are sampled and analyzed monthly for gross beta and gamma-emitting radionuclides. Tritium, <sup>89</sup>Sr, and <sup>90</sup>Sr concentrations are determined in quarterly composite samples. The first potable water supply downstream from the plant is equipped with an automatic sampler with composite samples analyzed monthly. One strontium sample was lost during processing. The results are shown in table 15.

Figure 7 shows the trends in gross beta activity in drinking water from 1971 through 1982. The annual averages reported in 1982 are consistent with the patterns established in the preoperational phase of the monitoring program and are slightly lower than levels reported in surface water samples (figure 11).

# Environmental Gamma Radiation Levels

Bulb-type Victoreen manganese-activated calcium fluoride ( $Ca_2F$ : Mn) thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) are placed at 16 stations around the plant near the site boundary, at the perimeter and remote air monitors, and at 22 additional stations approximately 5 miles from the site to determine the gamma exposure rates at these locations. The dosimeters, in energy compensating

shields to correct energy dependence, are placed at approximately one meter above the ground, with three TLDs at each station. They are annealed and read with a Victoreen model 2810 TLD reader. The values are corrected for gamma response, self-irradiation, and fading, with individual gamma response calibrations and self-irradiation factors determined for each TLD. The TLDs are exchanged every three months. The quarterly gamma radiation levels determined from these TLDs are given in table 16, which indicates that average levels at onsite stations are approximately 2-3 mR/quarter higher than levels at offsite stations. This is consistent with levels reported at TVA's nonoperating nuclear power plant construction sites where the average radiation levels onsite are generally 2-6 mR/quarter higher than levels offsite. The causes of these differences have not been completely isolated; however, it is postulated that the differences are probably attributable to combinations of influences, such as natural variations in environmental radiation levels, earth moving activities onsite, the mass of concrete employed in the construction of the plant, and other undetermined influences.

Figure 8 compares plots of the data from the onsite or site boundary stations with those from the offsite stations over the period from 1976 through 1982. To reduce the variations present in the data sets, a four-quarter moving average was constructed for each set. Figure 9 presents a trend plot of the direct radiation levels as defined by the moving averages. The data follow the same general trend as the raw data, but the curves are smoothed considerably.

Prior to 1976 measurements were made with less sensitive dosimeters, and consequently the levels reported in this phase of the preoperational monitoring program are 1-2 times the levels reported herein. Those data are not included in this report.

# Poultry and Food Crops

Food crops, poultry, and beef raised in the vicinity of SQN are sampled annually as they become available during the growing season. During this sampling period, samples of apples, cabbage, corn, green beans, lettuce, potatoes, tomatoes, and turnip greens were collected and analyzed for gross beta and specific gamma-emitting radionuclides. Poultry and beef samples were collected and analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. The results are given in tables 17 through 26.

# TABLE 11 RADIOACTIVITY IN MILK

PCI/L - 0.037 BQ/L

		LITY SEQUOYAH			T NO. 50-327.328	
LOCA	TION OF FACILI	TY_HAMILION	TENNESSEE	HE POR	TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GAMMA (NAI)	OETECTION <sup>a</sup>	INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F)b RANGE b	LOCATION WITH HIGH NAME DISTANCE AND DIREC	MEAN (F) D	LOCATIONS MEAN (F)	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
K-40 41	150.000	1162.84( 24/ 24)		1296.23( 6/ 6) 1235.50- 1410.60	1263.55( 17/ 17) 1175.60- 1347.70	
10DINE -131 360	0.500	205 VALUES CLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			155 VALUES CLLD	
GAMMA (GELI)						
CS-137	5.000	7.85( 1/ 28) 7.85- 7.35	H WALKER FARM	7.85( 1/ 7) 7.85- 7.65	5.36( 1/ 22) 5.36- 5.36	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	1310.55( 28/ 28) 786.47- 1565.19	2.75 MILES NNE	1417.57( 7/ 7) 1305.58- 1565. 9	1313.53( 22/ 22) 844.40- 1476.74	
BI-214	NOT ESTAB	6.94( 18/ 28) 0.16- 24.96	MALONE FARM 3.5 MILES NNE	12.16( 6/ 2)	9.71( 12/ 22) 2.30- 30.53	
P8-214	NOT ESTAB	3.51( 10/ 28) 0.70- 9.22	MALONE FARM 3.5 MILES NNE	4.98( 5/ 5) 1.24- 9.22	7.416 8/ 22) 1.13- 13.43	
P3-212	NOT ESTAB	2.53( 12/ 2a) 0.13- 7.42	MALONE FARM 3.5 MILES NNE	3.95( 2/ 6) 0.49- 7.42	2.39( 6/ 22) 0.96- 5.05	
TL-208	NOT ESTAB	1.75( 5/ 28) 0.87- 2.75	LOVELL FARM	2.05( 1/ 7)	2.24( 4/ 22) 0.67- 4.15	
AC-228	NOT ESTAB	6.94( 2/ 28) 5.83- 8.06	JONES FARM	8.06( 1/ 6)	22 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
SR 59	10.000	52 VALUES CLLD ANALYSIS PERFORMED			39 VALUES CLLD	
SR 90	2.000	9.19( 52/ 52) 2.37- 24.26	JONES FARM 1.25 MILES W	15.52( 13/ 13) 6.52- 24.26	3.11( 32/ 39) 2.16- 5.79	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 12

RADIOACTIVITY IN VEGETATION

PCI/G - 0.037 BG/G (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILITY\_SEQUOYAH

LOCATION OF FACILITY\_HAMILTON TENNESSEE REPORTING PERIOD\_1982

TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED		INDICATOR LOCATION	S LOCATION WITH HIS NAME DISTANCE AND DIRE	HEST ANNUAL MEAN	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F)	NUMBER OF NONRCUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GAMMA (GELI)						
94					0 474 44 763	
CE-144	0.220	0.58( 15/ 55		0.89( 1/ 4)	0.67( 6/ 39)	
CS-137	0.060	0.10( 19/ 55 0.06- 0.20		0.13( 3/ 4)	0.10( 8/ 39)	
N8-95	0.050	0.054 7/ 55 0.05- 0.11	BRADY FARM	0.11( 1/ 13) 0.11- 0.11	0.09( 6/ 39)	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	14.65( 55/ 55 1.78- 32.32	) LOVELL FARM	19.60( 4/ 4) 15.04- 25.54	22.29( 39/ 39) 3.67- 69.92	
81-214	0.100	0.30( 8/ 55	BRADY FARM	0.73( 2/ 13)	0.24( 3/ 39)	
		0.11- 1.31		0.15- 1.31	0.16- 0.37	
PB-214	NOT ESTAB	0.08( 30/ 55		0.17( 8/ 13) 0.01- 0.93	0.07( 27/ 39)	
P8-212	NOT ESTAB	0.00- 0.93 0.044 45/ 55		0.01- 0.93	0.06( 30/ 39)	
		0.00- 0.34			0.00- 0.17	
RA-226	NOT ESTAB	0.11( 20/ 55	BRADY FARM	0.476 3/ 13)	0.07( 13/ 39)	
		0.01- 1.31		0.04- 1.31	0.00- 0.19	
BE-7	NOT ESTAB	7.46( 55/ 55		8.95( 4/ 4) 1.73- 19.56	6.14( 39/ 39) 1.32- 19.03	
	NOT ESTAB	1.33- 19.56			0.02( 25/ 39)	
TL-204	NOT ESTAD	0.00- 0.10		0.01- 0.10	0.00- 0.06	
AC-22:	NOT ESTAR	0.121 22/ 55		0.18( 2/ 4)	0.14( 19/ 39)	
		0.01- 0.30	1.25 MILES W	0.12- 0.24	0.04- 0.46	
PA-234M	NOT ESTAB	7.041 1/ 55		7.04( 1/ 13) 7.04- 7.04	39 VALUES CLLC	
60 60	0.050	7.04- 7.04 0.73( 8/ 28		7.04- 7.04 1.40( 1/ 4)	0.36( 4/ 12)	
SR 89	0.250	0.35- 1.40			0.31- 0.47	
SR 90	0.050	0.216 22/ 28		0.37( 4/ 4)	0.14( 10/ 12)	
40		0.06- 0.69	1.25 MILES W	0.16- 0.54	0.05- 0.22	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

## TABLE 13 RADIOACTIVITY IN SOIL

#### PCI/G - 0.037 BQ/G (DRY WEIGHT)

DOCKET NO. 50-327,328 NAME OF FACILITY SEGUOYAH REPORTING PERIOD 1982. LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILION TENNESSEE TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT CONTROL NUMBER OF ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS NONROUTINE LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN LOCATIONS TOTAL NUMBER OF MEAN (E) MEAN (E) REPORTED DETECTION MEAN (F) NAME OF ANALYSIS RANGED DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE RANGE (LLD) MEASUREMENTS PERFORMED 12.93( 4/ 4) 18.25( 10/ 10) GEORGETOWN. TN 36.311 1/ 1) GROSS HETA 0.700 9.0 MILES ENE 36.31-36.31 9.19-20.63 10.60-36.31 14 GAMMA (GELI) 14 1.116 1/ 1) 0.501 4/ 41 0.510 10/ 10) COUNTY PARK, TN CS-137 0.020 1.11 0.33-0.84 0.11-1.11 3.75 MILES SW 1 - 11 -20.941 1/ 1) 3.761 4/ 43 7.076 10/ 10) GEORGETOWN. TN 0.250 K-40 20.94-20.94 2.53-6.88 2.48-20.34 9.0 MILES ENE 0 . - 31 10/ 10) LMI SOUTHWEST 1.066 1/ 1) 0.671 4/ 4) B1-214 0.050 0.75 MILES SW 1.06-1.06 0.58-0.84 1.06 0.46-10/ 10) 1.561 1/ 1) 0.804 1.286 LM1 SOUTHWEST 4/ 4) 0.100 81-212 1.56-1.56 0.49-1.38 0.75 MILES SW 0.99-1.56 1.191 1/ 1) 0.744 4/ 4) 10/ 10) LM1 SOUTHWEST PR-214 0.050 0.921 0.54-1.19 0.75 MILES SW 1.19-1.19 0.63-0.92 1/ 1) 1.186 10/ 10) LM1 SOUTHWEST 1.521 0.751 4/ 4) PB-212 NOT ESTAB 0.94-1.52 0.75 MILES SW 1.52-1.52 0.51-1.26 LM1 SOUTHWEST 1.061 1/ 1) 0.671 41 4) 0.831 10/ 10) 0.050 RA-226 0.75 MILES SW 1.06-1.06 0.58-0.84 0.46-1.06 LM1 SOUTHWEST 1.721 1/ 1) 0.926 4/ 4) NOT ESTAB 1.30 ( 9/ 10) RA-224 0.66-1.72-1.72 1.60 0.98-1.72 0.75 MILES SW 0.174 2/ 10) HARRISON BAY. TN 0.184 1/ 1) 4 VALUES CLLD BE - 7 0.160 3.5 MILES SE 0.18-0.15 0.16-0.18 0.351 10/ 10) L"1 SOUTHWEST 0.454 1/ 1) 0.221 4/ 4) 0.020 TL-20d 0.37 0.75 MILES SW 0.45-0.45 0.16-0.45 0.28-LM1 SOUTHWEST 1.401 1/ 1) 0.736 4/ 4: 1.131 10/ 10) AC-223 0.060 0.75 MILES SW 1.40 0.49-1.21 0.86-1.40 1.40-5/ 10) 1/ 1) 2.971 HARRISON. TN 4.021 2.561 21 4) PA-234M NOT ESTAB 2.12-4.02 8.75 MILES SSW 4.02-4.02 2.45-2.66 DAISY. TN 3.171 1/ 1) 1.704 1: 4) 2.541 2/ 10) 1.500 SR HE 5.5 MILES W 3.17-3.17 1.70-1.70 14 1.92-3.17 0.351 1/ 43 10 VALUES <LLD 0.300

SR 90

14

0.35-

0.35

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 14

## RADIOACTIVITY IN WELL WATER

PCI/L - 0.037 80/L

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	LITY_SEQUOYAN	!	TENNESSE			NO - 50-32		
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION 8 (LLD)	INDICATOR LO	(F)D	LOCATION WITH HI NAME DISTANCE AND DIR	м	RANGE -	LOCATIO MEAN SE RANGE	NS	NUMBER OF NCNROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS BETA	2.400	3.951	8.58	SON WELL #6 ONSITE NNE	2.64-	6/ 13)	3.27-	5.80	
GAMMA (GELI)		2.64-	6.30	UNSTITE AME					
K-40	NOT ESTAB	19.526 1	55.93	SON WELL #6 ONSITE NNE	27.471	4/ 13)	21.721	8/ 13)	
BI-214	NOT ESTAB		36.67	MAYS FARM 0.75 MILES W	8.411	10/ 13)	4.361	7/ 13) 8.01	
PB-214	NOT ESTAB	6.321	8/ 26)	MAYS FARM 0.75 MILES W	8.35(	5/ 13)	5.826	3/ 13)	
P3-212	NOT ESTAB	2.461	9/ 26)	SON WELL #6 ONSITE NNE	2.71(	5/ 13) 7.22	1.58(	6/ 13) 3.55	
TL-200	NOT ESTAB	1.61(	6/ 26)	MAYS FARM 0.75 MILES W	1.751	2/ 13)	0.83(	1.82	
AC-228	NOT ESTAB	8.046	1/ 26)	SQN JELL #6 ONSITE NNE	3.04(	8.04	4.68-	1/ 13)	
TRITIUM 1:	330.000	8.04- 8 VALUES ANALYSIS PER	S CLLD	0.001.12			4 VALU	ES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# TABLE 15

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

PCI/L - 0.037 BQ/L

NAME OF FACILITY SEGUOYAH DOCKET NO. 50-327,328 LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILION IENNESSEE REPORTING PERIOD 1982 TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT ALL CONTROL NUMBER OF TOTAL NUMBER OF INDICATOR LOCATIONS LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN LOCATIONS NONROUTINE MEAN (F) OF ANALYSIS DETECTION & MEAN (F) b NAME MEAN (F) PEPORTED PERFORMED RANGED (LLD) DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE RANGE MEASUREMENTS GROSS BETA 2.400 3.664 14/ 52) CF INDUSTRIES 4.164 9/ 13) 3.611 13/ 26) 7 4 2.42-6 . 66 TRM 473.0 2.42-6.66 2.78-5.16 GAMMA (GELI) 78 K-40 NOT ESTAB 19.881 24/ 521 22.931 E.I. DUPONT 5/ 13) 17.451 8/ 26) 0.34-54.15 TRM 470.5 2.35-54.18 29.26 2.42-25/ 521 5.271 BI-214 NOT ESTAB CF INDUSTRIES 6.981 5/ 13) 4.114 15/ 26) 0.04-21.57 TRM 473.0 0.04-21.57 0.14-12.65 P5-214 5.31( 11/ 52) NOT ESTAN CHICKAMAUGA DAM 7.451 1/ 13) 3.201 8/ 26) 10.59 0.12-THM 465.3 7.45-7.45 0.46-5.50 19/ 52) P9-212 NOT ESTAB 1.961 E.I. DUPONT 2.706 7/ 13) 3.151 10/ 26) 0.08-8.47 TRM 470.5 0.32-8.47 0.06-6.29 TL-20# NOT ESTAB 0.791 9/ 52) E.I. DUPONT 1.216 2/ 13) 1.221 5/ 261 0.04-1.90 TRM 470.5 0.97-1.45 0.26-3.13 AC-225 NOT ESTAB 2.446 4/ 52) CF INDUSTRIES 4.054 1/ 13) 1.361 1/ 261 0.37-4.05 TRM 473.0 4.05-4.85 1.36-1.36 SR 89 10.000 15 VALUES CLLD 8 VALUES KLLC 23 ANALYSIS PERFORMED SR 90 2.000 15 VALUES CLLD & VALUES KLLD 23 ANALYSIS PERFORMED TRITIUM 330.000 397.60( 2/ 16) CF INDUSTRIES 397.601 21 41 397.10( 1/ 8) 24 378.77- 416.42 TRM 473.0 378.77- 416.42 397.10- 397.10

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

Table 16
ENVIRONMENTAL GAMMA RADIATION LEVELS

Average External Gamma Radiation Levels at Various Distances from Sequoyah Nuclear Plant for Each Quarter - 1982 mR/Quarter

Distance	Avera	ge External Gamma	Radiation Lev	els <sup>b</sup>
miles	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
	(Feb-Apr 82)	(May-Jul 82)	(Aug-Oct 82)	(Nov 82-Jan 83)
0-1	18.4 ± 1.9	22.0 ± 2.4	19.8 ± 2.0	21.0 ± 1.8
1-2	15.6 ± 3.7	17.0 ± 4.3	16.5 ± 3.3	16.5 ± 4.1
2-4	15.2 ± 3.6	17.0 ± 3.1	15.8 ± 2.7	15.2 ± 3.8
4-6	15 3 ± 2.3	17.0 ± 2.6	15.4 ± 2.6	15.5 ± 2.9
>6	15.4 ± 2.0	16.6 ± 2.0	15.9 ± 2.1	15.7 ± 3.0
Average,				
0-2 miles				
(Onsite)	17.1 ± 3.2	19.6 ± 4.2	18.2 ± 3.1	18.9 ± 3.8
Average,				
>2 miles	15 2 4 2 5	160+05		
(Offsite)	15.2 ± 2.5	16.9 ± 2.5	15.7 ± 2.4	15.5 ± 3.0

a. Data normalized to one quarter (2190 hours).

b. All averages reported ±10 (68 percent confidence level).

# RADIOACTIVITY IN APPLES

# PC1/KG - 0.037 BG/KG (WET WT)

Loca	NAME OF FACILI	ITY SEGUOYAH		TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS BETA	DETECTION a	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (E) RANGE 5 2170-88 ( 1/ 1) 2170-88- 2170-88	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN, NAME MEAN (F)  DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE  HARRISON BAY. TN 2170.88( 1/ 1) 3.5 MILES SE 2170.88-2170.88	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE 2612.60( 1/ 1) 2612.60- 2612.80	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GAMMA (GELI)					
K-40	NOT ESTAB	1171.41( 1/ 1)	HARRISON BAY. TN 1171.41( 1/ 1) 3.5 MILES SE 1171.41-1171.41	1521.08( 1/ 1) 1521.08- 1521.08	
PB-212	NOT ESTAB	1.02( 1/ 1)	HARRISON BAY. TN 1.024 1/ 1) 3.5 MILES SE 1.02- 1.02	2.92( 1/ 1)	
TL-208	NOT ESTAB	2.45( 1/ 1)	HARRISON BAY. TN 2.45( 1/ 1) 3.5 MILES SE 2.45- 2.45	0.92( 1/ 1)	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RADIOACTIVITY IN CABBAGE

LOCAT	NAME OF FACILI	LITY_SEGUOYAH TY_HAMILION	TENNESSEE		T NO. 50-327.328 TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS BETA  GAMMA (GELI)	DETECTION <sup>a</sup>	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE 3695.88( 1/ 1) 3695.88- 3695.88	LOCATION WITH HIG NAME DISTANCE AND DIRE I MILES NW	MEAN CF)	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (%) -FANGE 4138.29( 1/ 1) 4138.29- 4138.29	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENIS
K-40	NOT ESTAB	2099.93( 1/ 1)	1 MILES NW	2099.93( 1/ 1) 2099.93	1986.04( 1/ 1)	
BI-214	NOT ESTAB	1.09( 1/ 1) 1.09- 1.09	1 MILES NW	1.09( 1/ 1)	3.68( 1/ 1) 3.68- 3.68	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RADIOACTIVITY IN CORN

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	LITY_SEQUOYAH TY_HAMILION	TENNESSEE		ET NO. 50-327.328 RTING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS BETA	DETECTION a  (LLD)  25.000	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) <sup>b</sup> RANGE b 4274-48( 1/ 1) 4274-48- 4274-48		ANNUAL MEAN MEAN (F) <sup>5</sup> RANGE <sup>5</sup> .48( 1/ 1) .48- 4274.48	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (FP RANGE 3982.90( 1/ 1) 3962.90- 3962.90	NUMBER OF NORROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GAMMA (GELI)		4214.40- 4214.40		10-12-1-10	3762.70	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	2055.92( 1/ 1)	1 MILES NV 2055.	92( 1/ 1)	2398.11( 1/ 1) 2398.11	
B1-214	NOT ESTAB	1 VALUES CLLD			6.19( 1/ 1) 6.19- 6.19	
PB+212	NOT ESTAB	0.22( 1/ 1)		22( 1/ 1)	1.00( 1/ 1)	
TL-208	NOT ESTAB	1.09( 1/ 1)		.09( 1/ i) .09- 1.09	1 VALUES CLLD	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 20

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN GREEN BEANS

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	LITY_SEGUOYAH TY_HAMILTON		SET NO. 50-327.328  ORTING PERIOD 1982
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS HETA GAMMA (GELI)	LOWER LIMIT  OF  DETECTION  - (LLD)  25.000	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (E) <sup>b</sup> RANGE 4029.56( 1/ 1) 4029.56- 4029.56	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN (E)  NAME MEAN (E)  DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE  1 MILES NW 4029.56( 1/ 1)  4029.56-4029.56	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F)  RANGE  3230.09( 1/ 1) 3230.09- 3230.09
CO-58	5.000	13.75( 1/ 1) 13.75- 13.75	1 MILES NW 13.75( 1/ 1) 13.75- 13.75	1 VALUES <lld< td=""></lld<>
K-40	NOT ESTAB	2017.684 1/ 1) 2017.68 2017.68	1 MILES NA 2017-68( 1/ 1) 2017-68- 2017-68	1711.86( 1/ 1) 1711.86- 1711.86
PB-212	NOT ESTAB	0.47( 1/ 1) 0.47- 0.47	1 MILES NW 0.47( 1/ 1) 0.47- 0.47	1 VALUES CLLD

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN LETTUCE

Loc	NAME OF FACILI	TY HAMILTON	TENNESSEE	DOCKET NO. 50-327:328 REPORTING PERIOD 1982	
	9ETECTION a 	INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (E)	DISTANCE AND DIRECTION 1 MILES NO 3059-941	MEAN (F)  RANGE  1/ 1)  1618.87( 1/ 1)	NUMBER OF NONFOUTINE REFORTED MEASUREMENTS
GAMMA (GELI)	,				
CS-137	5.000	6.921 1/ 1)		1/ 1) 1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	1641.72( 1/ 1) 1641.72- 1641.72	1 MILES Na 1641.724 1641.72-	1/ 1) 1340.14( 1/ 1) 1641.72 1340.14- 1340.14	
81-214	NOT ESTAB	7.541 1/ 1) 7.54- 7.54	1 MILES NW 7.546 7.54-		
PB-214	NOT ESTAB	4.34( 1/ 1)	1 MILFS NW 4.346 4.34-		
PB-212	NOT ESTAB	23.641 1/ 1)	1 MILES NW 23.646 23.64-		
BE+7	NOT ESTAB	123.53( 1/ 1) 123.53- 123.53		1/ 1) 1 VALUES CLLD	
TL-208	NOT ESTAB	5.23( 1/ 1) 5.23- 5.23	1 MILES NW 5.236 5.23-	1/ 1) 1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RADIDACTIVITY IN POTATOES

# PCI/KG - 0.037 BO/KG (WET WEIGHT)

NAME OF FAC LOCATION OF FACIL	ILTY_SEQUOYAH	TENNESSEE	COLUMN THE TWO THE THE THE	T NO. 50-327.328	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS DETECTION® PERFORMED GROSS BETA  GAMMA (GELI)	INDICATOR LOCATIONS	DISTANCE AND DIRECTION 1 MILES NW 8272.	MEAN (F)	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE 7013-91( 1/ 1) 7013-91- 7013-91	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
K-40 NOT ESTAB	3206.34( 1/ 1) 3206.34- 3206.34	1 MILES NW 3206. 3206.	341 3/ 1) 34- 3206.34	4677.61( 1/ 1) 4677.61- 4677.61	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RADIOACTIVITY IN TOMATOES

# PCI/KG - 0.037 BO/KG (WET WEIGHT)

NAME OF FAC LOCATION OF FACIL	ILITY_SEGUOYAH	TENNESSEE		ET NO - 50-327.328 RTING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS BETA 25.000  GAMMA (GELI)	ALL INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (E) <sup>D</sup> PANGE D 4598-31( 1/ 1) 4598-31- 4598-31		MEAN IFP	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE 4325.58( 1/ 1) 4325.58- 4325.58	NUMBER OF MONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENIS
K-40 NOT ESTAB	2627.26( 1/ 1) 2627.26- 2627.26		27.261 1/ 1) 27.26- 2627.26	2557.51( 1/ 1) 2557.51- 2557.51	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 24

# RADIOACTIVITY IN TURNIP GREENS

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	TY_HAMILION	DOCKE	TING PERIOD 1982
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GROSS BETA 2 GAMMA (GELI)	DETECTION <sup>a</sup> -(LLD) 25.000	2481.12( 1/ 1)	DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE 3673.23( 1/ 1) 3673.23-3673.23
2				
K-40	NOT ESTAB	1913.64( 1/ 1) 1913.64- 1813.64		1493.296 1/ 1)
81-214	NOT ESTAB	0.53( 1/ 1)	3.5 MILES SE 1813.64- 1813.64 HARRISON BAY, TN 0.53( 1/ 1)	1490.29- 1490.29 1 VALUES <lld< td=""></lld<>
P8-214	NOT ESTAB	0.57( 1/ 1)	3.5 MILES SE 0.53- 0.53 HARRISON BAY. IN 0.57( 1/ 1)	1 VALUES <lld< td=""></lld<>
P8-212	NOT ESTAB	0.57- 0.57 1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td>3.5 MILES SE 0.57- 0.57</td><td>5.55( 1/ 1)</td></lld<>	3.5 MILES SE 0.57- 0.57	5.55( 1/ 1)
BE-7	NOT ESTAB	44.11( 1/ 1)	HARRISON BAY. TN 44-11( 1/ 1)	5.55- 5.55 1 VALUES CLLD
TL-205	NOT ESTAB	44.11- 44.11 1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td>3.5 MILES SE 44.11- 44.11</td><td>0.79( 1/ 1)</td></lld<>	3.5 MILES SE 44.11- 44.11	0.79( 1/ 1)
AC-228	NOT ESTAB	1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td><td>0.79- 0.79 1.92( 1/ 1) 1.92- 1.92</td></lld<>		0.79- 0.79 1.92( 1/ 1) 1.92- 1.92

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RADIOACTIVITY IN POULTRY

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	ILITY_SEGUOYAH	TENNESSEE		T NO. 50-327.328 TING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GAMMA (GELI)	DETECTION a	INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F) RANGE	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANN NAME DISTANCE AND DIRECTION	MEAN (E)	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (E)	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
K-40	NOT ESTAB	2290.621 1/ 1)	H WALKER FARM 2290.62	1/ 1)	1392.21( 1/ 1)	
81-214	NOT ESTAB	1.49( 1/ 1)	H WALKER FARM 1.49	( 1/ 1)	1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
PB-214	NOT ESTAB	4.93( 1/ 1) 4.93- 4.93	H WALKER FARM 4.93		1 VALUES CLLD	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

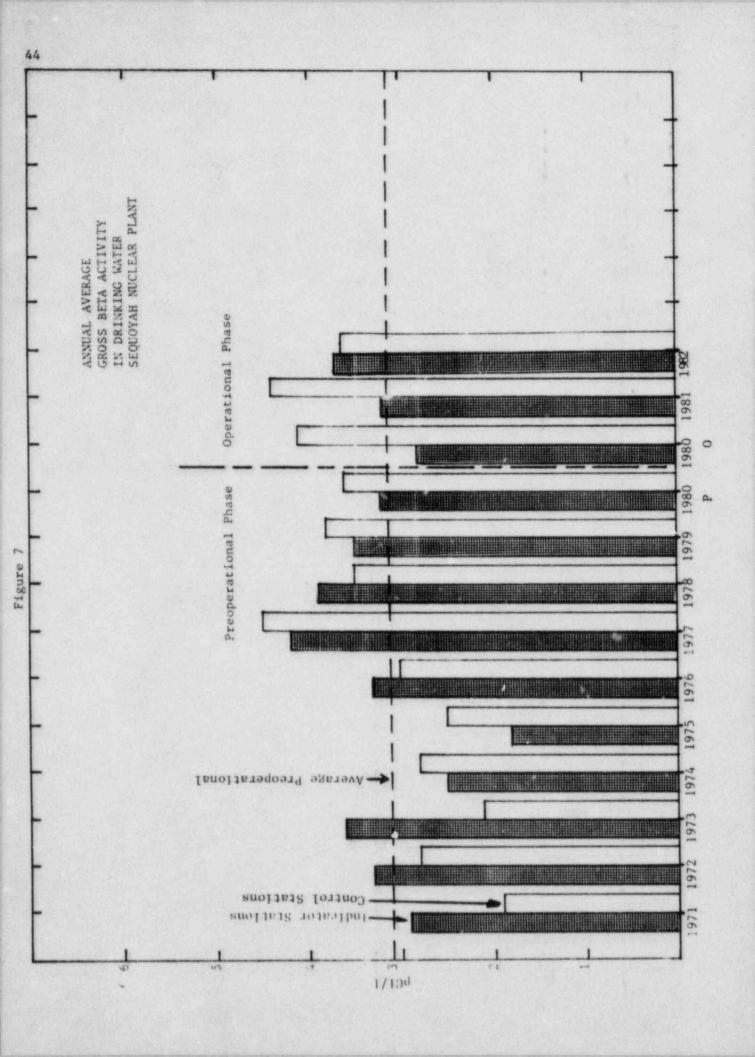
b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locat ons is indicated in parentheses (F).

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN BEEF

LOCA	NAME OF FACILI	TY HAMILTON	TENNESSE	DOCK REPO	ET NO. 50-327,328 PTING PERIOD 1962	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED GAMMA (GELI)	LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION a 	INDICATOR LOCATIONS HEAN (F) <sup>b</sup> RANGE b	LOCATION WITH HE NAME	GHEST ANNUAL MEAN MEAN (F)D RECTION RANGED	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F) b RANGE	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENIS
K-40	NOT ESTAB	2146.59( 1/ 1) 2146.59	JONES FARM 1.25 MILES W	2146.59( 1/ 1)	1183.95( 1/ 1)	
81-214	NOT ESTAB	1 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1.97( 1/ 1)</td><td></td></lld<>			1.97( 1/ 1)	
P8-214	NOT ESTAB	1 VALUES «LLD			4.68( 1/ 1) 4.68- 4.68	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).



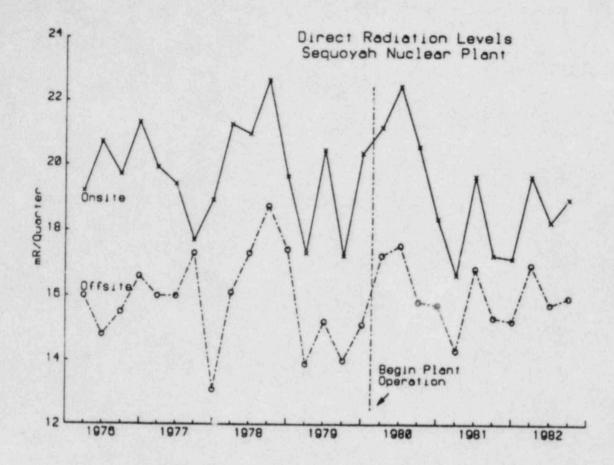
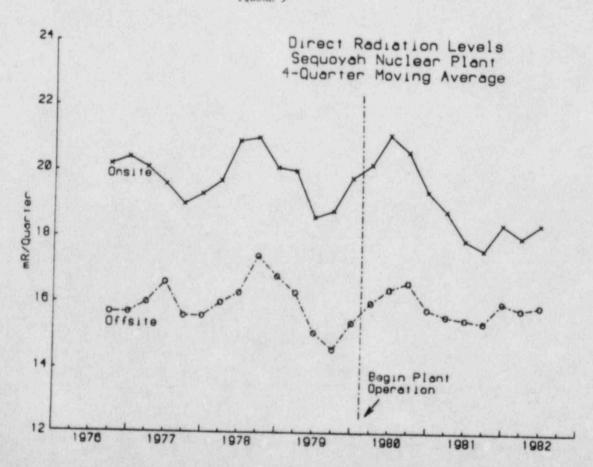


FIGURE 9



# Reservoir Monitoring

Samples are collected from the Tennessee River as detailed in table 27. Samples collected for radiological analysis include water and Asiatic clams from three of these cross sections, sediment from four cross sections, and fish from three contiguous reservoirs. The locations of these cross sections are shown on the accompanying map (figure 10) and conform to sediment ranges established and surveyed by TVA.

# Water

Water samples are collected automatically by sequential type sampling devices at three cross sections and composite samples analyzed monthly for gross alpha and beta activity and gamma-emitting radionuclides. Further composites are made quarterly for strontium and tritium analyses. Results are displayed in table 28. Figure 11 presents a plot of the gross beta activity in surface water from 1971 through 1982. Indicator stations are those located downstream from the plant and controls are located upstream. The levels reported are consistent with gross beta levels measured in surface water samples taken from the Tennessee River in preoperational monitoring programs conducted by TVA at other sites.

# Fish

Radiological monitoring for fish was accomplished by analyses of composite samples of adult fish taken semiannually from each of three contiguous reservoirs--Watts Bar, Chickamauga, and Nickajack. No permanent sampling stations have been established within each reservoir; this reflects the movement of fish species within reservoirs as determined by TVA data from the Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant preoperational monitoring program. Three species, white crappie, channel catfish, and smallmouth buffalo, are collected representing both commercial and game species. Sufficient fish are collected in each reservoir to yield 250 or 200 grams oven-dry weight for analytical purposes. All samples were analyzed for gamma, gross alpha, and gross beta activity. In addition, two samples of each species were analyzed for <sup>89</sup>Sr, and <sup>90</sup>Sr. The composite samples contained approximately the same quantity of flesh from each fish. For each composite a subsample of material was drawn for counting. Results are given in tables 29 through 32.

# Sediment

Sediment samples were collected semiannually from dredge hauls made for bottom fauna. Gamma, gross alpha, and gross beta activity and <sup>89</sup>Sr and <sup>90</sup>Sr content were determined in samples collected from points in four cross sections. Each sample was a composite obtained by combining equal volumes of sediment from each of three dredge hauls at a point in the cross section. Results are given in table 33.

In addition to the sampling described above, shoreline sediment samples were collected at three recreation-use areas (two downstream from the plant and one upstream) in the vicinity of SQN. Samples were taken in May and November and analyzed for gross alpha, gross beta, gamma-emitting radionuclides, <sup>89</sup>Sr, and <sup>90</sup>Sr. Results are given in table 34.

# Asiatic Clams

Samples of Asiatic clams were collected semiannually with a Ponar dredge from three stations and analyzed for gamma, gross alpha, and gross beta activity. The <sup>89</sup>Sr and <sup>90</sup>Sr content was determined in the shells. Results are given in tables 35 and 36.

Table 27
SAMPLING SCHEDULE - RESERVOIR MONITORING

		Simples			
Water Samples	Fisha	Shoreline Sediment	Sediment	Benthic Fauna	Tennessee River (Mile)
			x		472.8
Automatic sampler					473.2
		X			477.5
		X			478.3
			x	X	480.8
Automatic sampler			x	x	483.4
		X		1)	485.2 (Contro
			x	1) X	496.5 (Contro
Automatic sampler				1)	497.0 (Contro

a. Fish samples are taken from Watts Bar, Chickamauga, and Nickajack Reservoirs.

b. Composite sample analyzed monthly.

TABLE 28

#### RADIDACTIVITY IN SURFACE WATER TOTAL

50

PCI/L - 0.037 RQ/L

DOCKET NO. 50-327.328 NAME OF FACILITY\_SEQUOYAH REPORTING PERIOD\_1982\_ LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILTON TENNESSEE CONTROL NUMBER OF TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT ALL LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN. LOCATIONS NONROUTINE INDICATOR LOCATIONS TOTAL NUMBER OF DETECTION MEAN (F) REPORTED MEAN (E) NAME MEAN (F) OF ANALYSIS RANGED RANGE MEASUREMENTS RANGE DISTANCE AND DIRECTION PERFORMED (LLD) 3/ 13) TRM 4:3.4 3.314 2/ 131 2.911 3.311 21 26) GROSS ALPHA 2.000 3,29-3.34 2.09-4.00 3.29-30 3.34 12/ 13) 3.761 3.304 20/ 26) TRM 473.2 3 - 334 5/ 13) 2.400 GROSS BETA 2.83-5.87 4.99 2.57-4.87 2.42-39 GAMMA (GELI) 39 17.931 7/ 131 25.061 5/ 13) TRM 453.4 NOT ESTAB 16.411 10/ 26) K-40 2.39-35 . . 6 . 3.42-67.73 2.39-35.66 4.321 2/ 131 4.001 6/ 13) +1 261 TRM 473.2 31-214 NOT ESTAB 3.531 3.29-5.35 0.74-7.13 5.77 0.50-0.761 2/ 131 TRY 473.2 3.061 3/ 13) 3.061 3/ 261 PB-214 NOT ESTAB 0.25-6 . - 5 0.56-0.93 0.25-6.85 1.241 7/ 13) 2.174 3/ 13) TRM 483.4 0.98( 12/ 26) NOT ESTAB P3-212 0.12-4.10 0.39-5.07 0.12-4-10 4 VALUES CLLD 9 VALUES CLLD SR 89 10.000 ANALYSIS PERFORMED 13 4 VALUES <LLD 2.000 Q VALUES CLLD SR 90 ANALYSIS PERFORMED 13 377.121 4/ 5) TRM 483.4 378.786 2/ 5) 440.08( 1/ 4) 330.000 TRITIUM 378.77- 378.78 440.88- 440.88 13 347.73- 403.21

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 29

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN WHITE CRAPP

PC1/6 - 0.037 Bar (DRY W.1 ...()

"SH)

NAME OF FACILITY SEQUOYAH

LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILTON TENNESSEE REPORTING PERIOD 1982

TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	DETECTION a	RANGE RANGE	LOCATION WITH HIGH NAME DISTANCE AND DIREC	TION RANGE	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (E)	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA	0.100	2-01( 4/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	2.64( 2/ 2)	3.05( 2/ 2)	
6		0.31- 2.68	TRM 471-530	2.60- 2.68	2.32- 3.78	
GROSS BETA	0.100	31.316 4/ 41	NICKAJACK RES	31.69( 2/ 2)	29.55( 2/ 2)	
6		30.64- 32.27	TRM 425-471	31.11- 32.27	20.04- 31.05	
GAMMA (GELI)						
6						
CS-137	0.020	0-146 4/ 41	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.17( 2/ 2)	0.13( 2/ 2)	
		0.09- 0.18	TRM 471-530	0.17- 0.18	0.10- 0.16	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	17.63( 4/ 4)		18.621 2/ 2)	15.461 2/ 2)	
		16.54- 19.60	TRM 425-471	17.63- 19.60	14.27- 16.66	
BI-214	0.020	0.03( 1/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.036 1/ 2)	0.15( 1/ 2)	
		0.03- 0.03	TRM 471-530	0.03- 0.03	0.15- 0.15	
PB-214	NOT ESTAB	0.01( 2/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	0.01( 2/ 2)	0.111 2/ 2)	
		0.00- 0.01	TRM 425-471	0.00- 0.01	0.04- 0.15	
RA-226	NOT ESTAB	0.00( 1/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	0.00( 1/ 2)	0.15( 1/ 2)	
		0.00- 0.00	TRM 425-471	0.00- 0.00	0.15- 0.15	
PA-234M	NOT ESTAB	2.82( 1/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	2.82( 1/ 2)	2 VALUES CLLD	
		2.82- 2.92	TRM 425-471	2.82- 2.82		
SR 89	0.500	1.51( 3/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	2.27( 1/ 2)	1.07( 1/ 2)	
6		0.80- 2.27	TRM 471-530	2.27- 2.27	1.07- 1.07	
SR 90	0.100	4 VALUES CLLD			0.20( 1/ 2)	
6					0.20- 0.20	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 30

# RADIOACTIVITY IN CHANNEL CATFISH (FLESH)

# PCI/6 - 0.037 BG/G (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILITY	Y_SEGUOYAH		NO. 50-327.328
LOCATION OF FACILITY_	HAMILTON TENNESSEE	REPORTI	NG PERIOD 1582

TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT TOTAL NUMBER OF OF ANALYSIS DETECTION PERFORMED (LLD)		INDICATOR MEAN	LOCATIONS	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN (F)			MEAN (			
ROSS ALPHA		-100	1.761	4/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES			1.104	21 21	
6			0.57-	2.72	TRM 425-471	2.54-		0.58-	1.62	
ROSS BETA			23.621	4/ 4)				18.376		
6			17.94-	30.43	TRM 425-471	25.63-	30.43	16.22-	18.52	
AMMA (GELI)										
6										
CO-60	. 0	.010	4 VALUE	ES KLLD				0.031	1/ 2)	
								0.03-	0.03	
CS-137	0	.020	0.061	4/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES		2/ 2)	0.09(	21 21	
			0.04-	0.06	TRM 425-471	0.06-	0.06	0.03-	0.15	
K-40	NOT E	STAB	11.444	4/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES		21 21	10.614		
			9.71-	12.66	TRM 425-471	12.19-	12.66	7.87-	13.35	
BI-214	. 0	.020	0.041	2/ 41	NICKAJACK RES	0.054	1/ 2)	S ATTA	ES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
			0.02-	0.05	TRM 425-471		0.05	3		
P8-214	NOT E	STAB	0.021	1/ 41	NICKAJACK RES	0.026	1/ 2)	2 VALU	ES KLLD	
			0.02-	0.02	TRM 425-471	0.02-	0.02	1 2 33 5		
RA-226	NOT E	STAB	0.004	1/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.004	1/ 2)	2 VALU	ES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
			0.00-	0.00	TRM 471-530	0.00-	0.00	The state of		
TL-208	NOT E	STAB	0.014	1/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	0.014	1/ 2)		1/ 2)	
			0.01-	0.01	TRM 425-471	0.01-	0.01	0.00-	0.00	
R 89	0	.500	8.946	21 4)	NICKAJACK RES		21 2)	0.786		
6			0.74-	1.14	TRM 425-471	0.74-	1.14	0.78-	0.78	
R 90	0	.100	4 VALUE	S CLLD				2 VALU	ES CLLO	
6			ANALYSIS PE	ERFORMED						

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 31 RADIOACTIVITY IN SMALLHOUTH BUFFALO (FLESH)

# PCI/G - 0.037 BQ/G (DRY WEIGHT)

	NAM	E OF FACI	LITY_SEQUOY	AH					DOCKET	NO. 50-32	7,32	-	
LOCA	TION	OF FACILI	TY HAMILTO	N		TENNESSEE			REPORT	ING PERIOR	1982	2	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	DE	OF TECTION a	INDICATOR MEAN	LOCAT	IONS	LOCATION WITH HIGH NAME DISTANCE AND DIREC	ME	MEA!	1	CONTRO LOCATIO MEAN (4 RANGE	INS		NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA		0.100	0.971	4/		NICKAJACK RES	1.076			The second second second	21		
6			0.24-	1.5		TRM 425-471		1.		0.80-	0 . 5		
GROSS BETA		0.100	24.126		43	NICKAJACK RES			2)	17.500	21		
			16.96-	33.4	45	TRM 425-471	16.96-	33.	45	10.93-	24.1	17	
GAMMA (GELI)													
CC-117					1								
CS-137		0.020	0.046		43	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.054	700.00	2)	0.10€	1/		
			0.02-	0.0		TRM 471-530	0.03-		06	0.10-	0.1		
K-40	NOT	ESTAB	12.024		4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	12.996		2)	9.641	21		
			8.46-		32	TRM 471-530	9.17-		82	4.60-	14.1		
81-214		0.020	0.021		43	NICKAJACK RES	0.024		2)	0.046	1/		
			0.02-		12	TRM 425-471		0.1		0.04-	0.0		
P8-214	NOT	ESTAB	0.016		4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.014		2)	0.014		2)	
			0.01-	0.0		TRM 471-530	0.01-	0.1	01	0.00-	0.1		
PB-212	TOT	ESTAB	4 VALU	ES <li< td=""><td>LD</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.014</td><td>1/</td><td></td><td></td></li<>	LD					0.014	1/		
										0.01-	0.1	01	
SR 89		0.500	1.484	21		CHICKAMAUGA RES	1.826		21	2 VALUE	S <li< td=""><td>LD</td><td></td></li<>	LD	
6			1.13-	1.8	2	TRM 471-530	1.82-	1.1	82				
SR 90		0.100	4 VALUE	TO 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10						2 VALUE	S CLI	LD	
6	-		ANALYSIS PI	ERFORM	MED								

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.
b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 32 RADIOACTIVITY IN SMALLMOUTH BUFFALO (WHOLE)

PCI/G - 0.037 BQ/G (DRY WEIGHT)

DOCKET NO. 50-327-328

LOCAT	ION OF FACILI	TY HAMILTON	TENNESSEE	REPORTING PERIOD 1982	
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	DETECTION a	INDICATOR LOCATIONS MEAN (F)	LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL ME NAME MEAN DISTANCE AND DIRECTION RANGE	(E) MEAN (E)	NUMBER OF NCNROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA	0.100	0.984 2/ 41	CHICKAMAUGA RES 1.074 1/	2) 1.63( 2/ 2)	
GROSS BETA	0.100	20.466 4/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES 26.621 2/	2) 14.96( 2/ 2)	

TYPE AND	LOWER LIMIT	T ALL			CONTROL	NUMBER OF
TOTAL NUMBE		INDICATOR LOCATIONS	LOCATION WITH HIGH		LOCATIONS	NONROUTINE
OF ANALYSIS	DETECTION	MEAN (F)	NAME	MEAN (E)	MEAN (F)	REPORTED
PERFORMED	_(LLD)	RANGE	DISTANCE AND DIREC	TION RANGE	RANGE	MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA	0.100	0.981 2/ 41		1.071 1/ 2)	1.63( 2/ 2)	
	6	0.90- 1.07	TRM 471-530	1.07- 1.07	1.07- 2.20	
GROSS BETA	0.100	20.466 4/ 41	CHICKAMAUGA RES	26.621 21 21	14.966 2/ 2)	
	6	14.17- 39.06	TRM 471-530	14.17- 39.06	13.65- 16.05	
GAMMA (GELI)						
	6					
CS-137	0.020	0.041 4/ 41	CHICKAMAUGA PES	0.05( 2/ 2)	0.09( 1/ 2)	
		0.03- 0.06	TRM 471-530	0.03- 0.06	0.09- 0.09	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	8.05( 4/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	6.08( 2/ 2)	7.341 2/ 2)	
		6.66- 9.44	TRM 425-471	6.72- 9.44	6.24- 8.44	
81-214	0.020	0.061 3/ 41	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.076 2/ 2)	0.076 1/ 2)	
		0.02- 0.12	TRM 471-530	0.02- 9.12	0.07- 0.07	
P8-214	NOT ESTAB	0.05( 3/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.05( 2/ 2)	0.041 2/ 2)	
		0.02- 0.09	TRM 471-530	0.02- 0.09	0.02- 0.07	
PB-212	NOT ESTAB	0.804 1/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.00( 1/ 2)	0.024 1/ 2)	
		0.00- 0.00	TRM 471-530	0.00- 0.00	0.02- 0.02	
RA-226	NOT ESTAB	0.02( 2/ 4)	NICKAJACK RES	0.02( 1/ 2)	0.074 1/ 2)	
		0.02- 0.02	TRM 425-471	0.02- 0.02	0.07- 0.07	
SR 89	0.500	1.60( 3/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	3.18( 1/ 2)	2 VALUES CLLD	
	6	0.68- 3.18	TRM 471-530	3.18- 3.18		
SR 90	0.100	0.166 2/ 4)	CHICKAMAUGA RES	0.164 2/ 2)	0.13( 2/ 2)	
	6	0.15- 0.18	TRM 471-530	0.15- 0.18	0.10- 0.15	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

NAME OF FACILITY SEQUOYAH

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 33

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN SEDIMENT

#### PCI/G - 0.057 BO/G (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILITY SEGUDYAH

LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILTON TENNESSEE REPORTING PERIOD 1982

TYPE 1ND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	R.	OF STECTION A	INDICATOR	LOCATIONS	LOCATION WITH H NAME DISTANCE AND DI	IGHEST ANNUAL	MEAN.	CONTRI LOCATION MEAN ()	OL ONS	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED
GROSS ALPHA		0.350	4.291	6/ 6)	TRM 472.80	5.281	21 2)	3.471	2/ 21	
	3		1.22-	5.73		4.83-	5.73	3.37-	3.57	
GROSS BETA		0.709	30.176	6/ 6)	TRM 472.60	36.561	21 21	32.076		
			10.51-	37.59		35.61-	37.51	30.60-	33.54	
GAMMA (SELI)										
	*									
CE-144		0.060	6 VALUE	ES <lld< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.126</td><td>1/ 2)</td><td></td></lld<>				0.126	1/ 2)	
								0.12-	0.12	
C0-60		0.010	0.194		TRM 480.82			0.204	21 21	
			0.03-	0.37			0.27	0.20-	0.21	
CS-137		0.020	1.950	6/ 6)	TRM 472.80	3.421	21 21	1.746		
			0.07-	3.97			3.97	1.66-	1.83	
C0-58		0.010	0.021	1/ 6)	TRM 4-3.4			2 VALU	ES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
			0.02-	0.02			0.02			
K-40	SOT	ESTAR	13.686	6/ 6)	TRM 480.82	16.481		14.991	21 21	
			5.01-	18.26		14.69-	18.26	14.84-	15.15	
81-214		0.020	1.261	6/ 6)	TRM 450.82	1.656	21 21	1.136	21 2)	
			0.17-	2.2:			2.28	1.00-	1.27	
BI-212		0.100	1.996	6/ 6)	TRM 472.80	2.261		2.374	21 21	
			0.35-	2.79		2.25-	2.26	1.57-	3.17	
P3-214	NOT	ESTAB	1.321	6/ 6)	TRM 490.92	1.554	21 21	1.186	21 21	
			0.20-	1.94		1.17-	1.54	1.10-	1.27	
P3-212	NOT	ESTAB	1.516	61 61	TRM 4-0.82	1.610	21 21	1.491	21 2)	
			0.23-	2.45		1.50-	1.72	1.39-	1.59	
RA-226	NOT	ESTAB	1.261	6/ 6)	TRM 480.82	1.65(	21 21	1.134	21 21	
			0.17-	2.23		1.02-	2.20	1.00-	1.27	
RA-224	NOT	ESTAB	1.516	3/ 61	TRM 483.4	1.541	2/ 2)	1.904	21 21	
			0.29-	2.10		0.29-	2.80	1.53-	2.27	
TL-20a		0.020	0.504	6/ 6)	TRM 480.82	0.546	2/ 21	0.45(	2/ 21	
			0.07-	0.53		0.45-	0.63	0.42-	0.49	
40-228		0.060	1.476	6/ 6)	TRM 480.82	1.641	2/ 2)	1.461	2/ 2)	
			0.22-	2.55		1.42-	1.85	1.33-	1.59	
P4-234M	NOT	ESTAB	2.81(	2/ 61	TRM 480.82	3.584	1/ 2)	3.151	1/ 2)	
			2.03-	3.58		3.58-	3.58	3.15-	3.15	
SR 99		1.500	1.846	2/ 6)	TRM 472.80			2.591	1/ 2)	
			1.61-	2.86		2.06-	2.06	2.59-	2.59	
\$2 30		0.300	6 VALUE	S CLLD				2 VALU	ES CLLD	
8			ANALYSIS PE	ERFORMED						

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 34

#### RADIOACTIVITY IN SHORE LINE SEDIMENT

# FCI/G - 0.037 30/6 (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILI	TY SEGUOYAH		DOCKET NO.	- 50-327,328
LOCATION OF FACILITY	HAMILTON	TENNESSEE	REPORTING	PERIOD 1982

TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED		INDICATOR LOCAT	IGNS	LOCATION WITH HIS NAME DISTANCE AND DIRE	M	L MEAN 6-	CONTRI LOCATI MEAN (I RANGE	ONS	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA	NOT ESTAR	3.02( 4/ 1.63- 4.	4)	GOLD POINT TRM 478	3.981	4.17	3.321	3.94	
GROSS BETA	0.700		43	GOLD POINT TR# 478		2/ 2)	15.876	2/ 2)	
GAMMA (GELI)									
CS-134	0.030	0.26( 2/	41	HARRISON FLATS	0.276	1/ 2)	2 VALUE	ES <llu< td=""><td></td></llu<>	
CS-137	0.020		4)	GOLD POINT TRM 478	0.361	1/ 2)	0.021	1/ 2)	
K-40	NOT ESTAB		4)	GOLD POINT TRM 478	15.551	2/ 2)	6.631	2/ 2)	
81-214	0.020		43	GOLD POINT TRM 478	0.914	2/ 2)	0.774	2/ 2)	
81-212	0.100		43	GOLD POINT	1.754	1/ 2)	1.11(	2/ 2)	
P8-214	NOT ESTAB		43	GOLD POINT	1.046	2/ 2)	0.861	2/ 2)	
29-212	0.020	1.061 4/	41	GOLD POINT TRM 478	1.421	2/ 2)	1.056	2/ 2)	
A-276	NOT ESTAB	0.85( 4/	4)	GOLD POINT TRM 478	0.910	2/ 2)	0.776	2/ 2)	
RA-224	NOT ESTAB	1.151 2/	4)	GOLD POINT	1.644	1/ 2)	1.254	2/ 2)	
TL-208	0.020		4)	GOLD POINT	0.454	2/ 2)	0.314	21 2)	
AC-228	0.060	0.961 4/	4)	TRM 478 GOLD POINT	1.416	2/ 2)	0.20-	2/ 2)	
P4-234M	NOT ESTAB	0.50- 1.4 4 VALUES <ll< td=""><td></td><td>TRM 478</td><td>1.36-</td><td>1.46</td><td>2.681</td><td>1.36</td><td></td></ll<>		TRM 478	1.36-	1.46	2.681	1.36	
R 89	1.500	4 VALUES KLL					2 VALUE	2.6F	
SR 90 6	0.300	ANALYSIS PERFORM  4 VALUES CLL  ANALYSIS PERFORM	.0				2 VALUE	S <llo< td=""><td></td></llo<>	

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

56

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 35

RADIOACTIVITY IN CLAM FLESH

PCI/G - 0.037 BQ/G (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILITY\_SEQUOYAH DOCKET NO. 50-327,328 TENNESSEE LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILTON REPORTING PERIOD\_1982. TYPE AND LOWER LIMIT CONTROL NUMBER OF ALL TOTAL NUMBER OF INDICATOR LOCATIONS LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN (E) NONROUTINE LOCATIONS OF ANALYSIS DETECTION REPORTED MEAN (F) MEAN (F) RANGE PERFORMED RANGE (LLD) RANGE DISTANCE AND DIRECTION MEASUREMENTS 0.100 21 2.691 21 21 GROSS ALPHA 4.184 41 43 TRM 480.82 6.651 21 1.52-9.92 9.92 1.42-3.96 3.38-4/ 43 21 21 GROSS BETA 0.100 8.251 TRM 480.82 10.761 21 21 6.621 5.74-15.16 6.35-15.16 4.66-8.58 GAMMA (GELI) TRM 480.82 C0-60 0.090 1/ 21 0.321 41 4) 0.344 21 21 0.214 0.44 0.21-0.24-0.44 0.24-0.21 CS-137 0.271 1/ 41 TRM 480.82 0.274 1/ 2) 0.201 1/ 2) 0.080 0.27-0.27 0.27-0.27 0.20-0.20 1.436 1/ 2) 2 VALUES KLLD C0-58 0.070 0.800 31 41 TRM 480.82 1.43 0.39-1.43 1.43-3.031 21 2) K-40 NOT ESTAB 2.941 4/ 4) TRM 483.4 21 21 3.706 2.94-2.34-3.72 4.47 1.55-4.17 BI-214 0.596 41 41 TRM 483.4 0.651 2/ 21 0.551 21 21 NOT ESTAB 0.22-1.09 0.32-0.78 0.19-1.09 TRM 480.82 PB-214 NOT ESTAB 0.534 4/ 4) 0.591 2/ 2) 0.481 21 21 0.07-0.91 0.27-0.91 0.20-0.77 0.331 0.051 PB-212 NOT ESTAB 0.251 3/ 41 TRM 480.82 21 21 21 21 0.03-0.09-0.45 0.21-0.45 0.06 RA-226 0.844 1/ 43 TRM 480.82 0.846 1/ 2) 2 VALUES CLLD NOT ESTAB 0.84-0.84 0.84-0.84 TL-208 3/ 4) TRM 480.82 0.084 2/ 2) 0.046 1/ 2) 0.061 NOT ESTAB 0.00-0.13 0.04-0.13 0.04-0.04 AC-228 NOT ESTAB 0.284 21 4) TRM 480.82 0.284 21 21 0.311 1/ 2) 0.04-0.52 0.04-0.52 0.31-0.31

a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

TABLE 36

# RADIOACTIVITY IN CLAM SHELL

# PCI/G - 0.037 BQ/G (DRY WEIGHT)

NAME OF FACILITY SEGUOYAH	DOCKET NO. 50-327.328
LOCATION OF FACILITY HAMILTON TENNESSEE	REPORTING PERIOD 1962

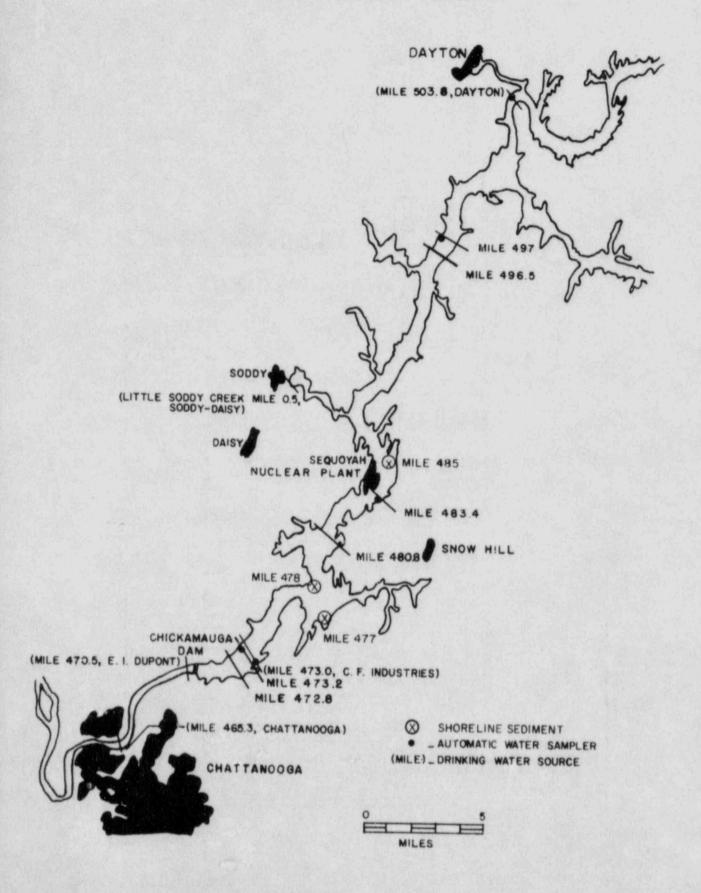
TYPE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF ANALYSIS PERFORMED	DETECTION	a INDICATOR LOCATIONS	LGCATION WITH MIGHEST ANNUAL NAME ME	L MEAN	CONTROL LOCATIONS MEAN (F)	NUMBER OF NONROUTINE REPORTED MEASUREMENTS
GROSS ALPHA	0.700	A VALUES CLLO			2 VALUES CLLD	
GROSS BETA	0.700	4.53( 4/ 4)	TRM 480.82 4.586	2/ 2)	3.65( 2/ 2)	
GAMMA (GELI)		4.28- 4.88	4.28-	4.88	3.31- 3.99	
6						
CO-60	0.010	0.02( 4/ 4)	TRM 450.82 0.026	2/ 2)	0.02( 2/ 2)	
CS-137	0.020	0.02( 1/ 4)	TRV 450.82 0.021	1/ 2)	2 VALUES CLLO	
CO-58	0.010	0.04( 1/ 4)	TRM 480.82 0.044	1/ 2)	2 VALUES CLLD	
K-40	NOT ESTAB	0.04- 0.04	TRM 483.4 0.176	21 2)	0.15( 2/ 2)	
MN-54	0.010	0.11- 0.22	TRM 480.82 0.034	2/ 2)	0.10- 0.21 2 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
		0.02- 0.05	0.02-	0.05		
81-214	0.050	0.144 4/ 4)	TRM 483.4 0.156 0.12-	0.18	0.09( 2/ 2)	
81-212	0.100	0.22( 4/ 4)	TRM 483.4 0.246 0.21-	2/ 2)	0.19( 1/ 2)	
PB-214	0.050	0.154 4/ 4)	TRM 483.4 0.164	21 21	0.111 2/ 2)	
		0.11- 0.18	TRM 483.4 0.154	0.18	0.09- 0.12	
PB-212	NOT ESTAB	0.15( 4/ 4) 0.13- 0.17	TRM 483.4 U.15(	0.17	0.10( 2/ 2)	
RA-226	0.050	0.14( 4/ 4)	TRM 483.4 0.15( 0.12-	2/ 2)	0.09( 2/ 2)	
TL-208	0.020	0.046 4/ 4)	TRM 480.82 0.056	2/ 2)	0.03( 2/ 2)	
10.000	0.060	0.03- 0.05	TRM 463.4 0.246	C.05	0.03- 0.03	
AC-228	0.060	0.23( 4/ 4)	0.22-	2/ 2)	0.16( 2/ 2)	
PA-234M	NOT ESTAB	1.05( 1/ 4)	TRM 480.82 1.054	1/ 2)	2 VALUES CLLD	
SR 89	5.000	1.05- 1.05 4 VALUES <lld< td=""><td>1.05-</td><td>1.05</td><td>12.98( 1/ 2)</td><td></td></lld<>	1.05-	1.05	12.98( 1/ 2)	
6					12.98- 12.98	
SR 90 6	1.000	1.49( 1/ 4)	TRM 483.4 1.49(	1/ 2)	2 VALUES <lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	

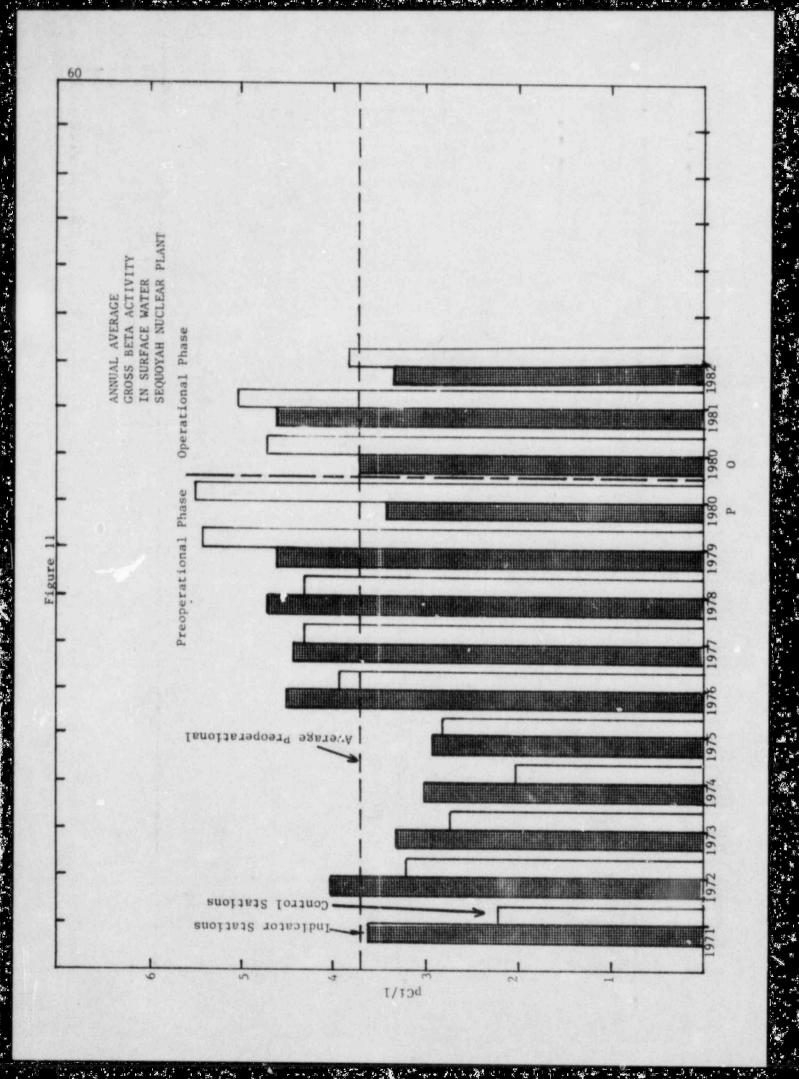
a. Nominal Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as described in Table 3.

58

b. Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses (F).

# RESERVOIR MONITORING NETWORK SEQUOYAH NUCLEAR PLANT





# Quality Control

A quality control program has been established with the Tennessee Department of Public Health Radiological Laboratory and the Eastern Environmental Radiation Facility, Environmental Protection Agency, Montgomery, Alabama. Samples of air, water, milk, fish, and soil collected around nuclear plants are forwarded to these laboratories for analysis, and results are exchanged for comparison.

# Data Analysis

Data measured at the control stations for each medium were averaged for each sampling period. In order to describe the distribution of control station data, a mean, standard deviation, and 3-sigma limits were calculated. We can expect that background concentrations would be distributed within these limits. This provides the basis for comparing control and indicator data. If the indicator data fall within the 3-sigma limits defined for control data, we conclude that the indicator data were not significantly affected by the nuclear plant. If the data do not fall within the limits, we will perform further analyses to determine if the difference is attributable to the nuclear plant.

# Conclusions

A vast majority of the indicator station data was found to be within the distribution defined by the control station data. The data analysis software identified concentrations slightly exceeding the limits of the control station data for a small number of radionuclides in samples for indicator stations. Many of these values may be discounted because the error reported by the analysis program was greater than the calculated concentration. The remaining isolated, elevated concentrations may be the result of fallout, fluctuations in the existing environment, computer program artifacts, or analytical errors. The same type of isolated high values occurred in the control station data and may be attributed to the same sources.

Dose estimates were made from concentrations of radioactivity found in samples of environmental media such as air, milk, drinking water, and fish. Doses estimated for persons at the indicator locations were essentially identical to those determined for persons at control locations. Greater than 99 percent of those doses were contributed by the naturally occurring radionuclide potassium-40, and by strontium-90 and cesium-137 which are long-lived radioisotopes found in fallout from nuclear weapons testing conducted over the last several years.

Doses were also estimated for the potential exposure to individuals participating in water-related recreational activities downstream from SQN. The small concentrations of cesium-134 and cesium-137 measured in shoreline sediment samples were estimated to produce an exposure of less than 10 percent of the limit allowed by the NRC for water-related pathways. Concentrations of cesium-137 smiliar to those at the downstream shoreline were observed in stream-channel sediment samples from above the plant, indicating that at least a part of the calculated exposure was not due to plant operations.

From the above analysis of the data and from the trend plots presented earlier, it is concluded that there were no significant increases in the exposure to members of the general public attributable to the operation of SQN. Indications of the presence of small quantities of fission products have been seen in aquatic media such as Asiatic clams and shoreline sediment. The levels measured were extremely low, for example near the nominal lower limits of detection, and were well below the reporting levels outlined by the NRC. No increases of radioactivity have been seen in water samples. These media will be monitored closely for indications of increases.