



UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC COMPANY  
PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY  
DELMARVA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY  
ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-278

PEACH BOTTOM ATOMIC POWER STATION, UNIT NO. 3

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 106  
License No. DPR-56

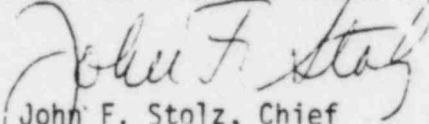
1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The application for amendment by Philadelphia Electric Company, et al. (the licensee) dated September 28, 1984, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C.(2) of Facility Operating License No. DPR-56 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 106, are hereby incorporated in the license. PECO shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

  
John F. Stolz, Chief  
Operating Reactors Branch #4  
Division of Licensing

Attachment:  
Changes to the Technical  
Specifications

Date of Issuance: November 14, 1984

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 106

FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-56

DOCKET NO. 50-278

Replace the following pages of the Appendix "A" Technical Specifications with the enclosed pages. The revised pages are identified by Amendment number and contain a vertical line indicating the area of change.

Remove

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61

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Insert

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Table 3.1.1 (Cont'd)

## REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM (SCRAM) INSTRUMENTATION REQUIREMENT

| Minimum No. of Operable Instrument Channels per Trip System (1) | Trip Function                              | Trip Level Setting  | Modes in which Function Must be Operable |           |        | Number of Instrument Channels Provided by Design | Action (1) |
|---|--|---|--|-----------|--------|--|------------|
|   |  |   | Refuel (7)                               | Startup   | Run    |  |            |
| 2   | High Water Level in Scram Discharge Volume | <50 Gallons   | X (2)                                    | X         | X      | 4 Instrument Channels                            | A          |
| 2   | Turbine Condenser Low Vacuum               | >23 in. Hg. Vacuum  | X (3)                                    | X (3)     | X      | 4 Instrument Channels                            | A or C     |
| 2   | Main Steam Line High Radiation             | <3 X Normal Full Power Background   | X  | X         | X (14) | 4 Instrument Channels                            | A          |
| 4   | Main Steam Line Isolation Valve Closure    | <10% Valve Closure  | X (3) (6)                                | X (3) (6) | X (6)  | 8 Instrument Channels                            | A          |
| 2   | Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure         | 500<P<850 psig Control Oil Pressure Between Fast Closure Solenoid and Disc Dump Valve |  |           | X (4)  | 4 Instrument Channels                            | A or D     |
| 4   | Turbine Stop Valve Closure                 | <10% Valve Closure  |  |           | X (4)  | 8 Instrument Channels                            | A or D     |

NOTES FOR TABLE 3.1.1 (Cont'd)

10. The APRM downscale trip is automatically bypassed when the IRM instrumentation is operable and not high.
11. An APRM will be considered operable if there are at least 2 LPRM inputs per level and at least 14 LPRM inputs of the normal complement.
12. This equation will be used in the event of operation with a maximum fraction of limiting power density (MFLPD) greater than the fraction of rated power (FRP), where:

FRP = fraction of rated thermal power (3293 MWt).

MFLPD = maximum fraction of limiting power density where the limiting power density is 13.4 KW/ft for all 8 x 8 fuel.

The ratio of FRP to MFLPD shall be set equal to 1.0 unless the actual operating value is less than the design value of 1.0, in which case the actual operating value will be used.

w = Loop Recirculation flow in percent of design. W is 100 for core flow of 102.5 million lb/hr or greater.

Delta W = the difference between two loop and single loop effective recirculation drive flow rate at the same core flow. During single loop operation, the reduction in trip setting (-0.66 delta W) is accomplished by correcting the flow input of the flow biased High Flux trip setting to preserve the original (two loop) relationship between APRM High Flux setpoint and recirculation drive flow or by adjusting the APRM Flux trip setting. Delta W equals zero for two loop operation.

Trip level setting is in percent of rated power (3293 MWt).

13. See Section 2.1.A.1.
14. Within 24 hours prior to the planned start of the hydrogen injection test with the reactor power at greater than 20% rated power, the normal full power background radiation level and associated trip setpoints may be changed based on a calculated value of the radiation level expected during the test. The background radiation level and associated trip setpoints may be adjusted during the test program based on either calculations or measurements of actual radiation levels resulting from hydrogen injection. The background radiation level shall be determined and associated trip setpoints shall be set within 24 hours of re-establishing normal radiation levels after completion of the test program, and within 12 hours of establishing reactor power levels below 20% rated power.

TABLE 3.2.A

## INSTRUMENTATION THAT INITIATES PRIMARY CONTAINMENT ISOLATION

| Minimum No. of Operable Instrument Channels per Trip System (1) | Instrument   | Trip Level Setting                                  | Number of Instrument Channels Provided By Design | Action (2) |
|---|--|---|--|------------|
| 2 (6)   | Reactor Low Water Level                              | $> 0''$ Indicated Level (3)                         | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | A          |
| 1   | Reactor High Pressure (Shutdown Cooling Isolation)   | $\leq 75$ psig                                      | 2 Inst. Channels                                 | D          |
| 2   | Reactor Low-Low Water Level                          | at or above $-49''$ indicated level (4)             | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | A          |
| 2 (6)   | High Drywell Pressure                                | $\leq 2$ psig                                       | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | A          |
| 2   | High Radiation Main Steam Line Tunnel                | $< 3$ X Normal Rated Full Power Background (8) (10) | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | B          |
| 2   | Low Pressure Main Steam Line                         | $\geq 850$ psig (7)                                 | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | B          |
| 2 (5)   | High Flow Main Steam Line                            | $< 140\%$ of Rated Steam Flow                       | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | B          |
| 2   | Main Steam Line Tunnel Exhaust Duct High Temperature | $\leq 200$ deg. F (9)                               | 4 Inst. Channels                                 | B          |

NOTES FOR TABLE 3.2.A

1. Whenever Primary Containment integrity is required by Section 3.7, there shall be two operable or tripped trip systems for each function.
2. If the first column cannot be met for one of the trip systems, that trip system shall be tripped or the appropriate action listed below shall be taken:
  - A. Initiate an orderly shutdown and have the reactor in Cold Shutdown Condition in 74 hours.
  - B. Initiate an orderly load reduction and have Main Steam Lines isolated within eight hours.
  - C. Isolate Reactor Water Cleanup System.
  - D. Isolate Shutdown Cooling.
3. Instrument setpoint corresponds to 177.7" above top of active fuel.
4. Instrument setpoint corresponds to 129.7" above top of active fuel.
5. Two required for each steam line.
6. These signals also start SBGTS and initiate secondary containment isolation.
7. Only required in Run Mode (interlocked with Mode Switch).
8. At a radiation level of 1.5 times the normal rated power background, an alarm will be tripped in the control room to alert the control room operators to an increase in the main steam line tunnel radiation level.
9. In the event of a loss of ventilation in the main steam line tunnel area, the main steam line tunnel exhaust duct high temperature setpoint may be raised up to 250 degrees F for a period not to exceed 30 minutes to permit restoration of the ventilation flow. During the 30-minute period, an operator shall observe control room indications of the duct temperature so in the event of rapid increases (indicative of a steam line break) the operator shall promptly close the main steam line isolation valves.
10. Within 24 hours prior to the planned start of the hydrogen injection test with the reactor power at greater than 20% rated power, the normal full power radiation background level and associated trip setpoints may be changed based on a calculated value of the radiation level expected during the test. The background radiation level and associated trip setpoints may be adjusted during the test program based on either calculations or measurements of actual radiation levels resulting from hydrogen injection. The background radiation level shall be determined and associated trip setpoints shall be set within 24 hours of re-establishing normal radiation levels after completion of the test program, and within 12 hours of establishing reactor power levels below 20% rated power.