

3/4 LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3/4.0 APPLICABILITY

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.0.1 Limiting Conditions for Operation and ACTION requirements shall be applicable during the OPERATIONAL MODES or other conditions specified for each specification.

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3.0.2 Adherence to the requirements of the Limiting Condition for Operation and/or associated ACTION within the specified time interval shall constitute compliance with the specification. In the event the Limiting Condition for Operation is restored prior to expiration of the specified time interval, completion of the ACTION statement is not required.

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3.0.3 When a Limiting Condition for Operation is not met, except as provided in the associated ACTION requirements, action shall be initiated within 1 hour to place the unit in a MODE in which the Specification does not apply by placing it, as applicable, in:

1. At least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours,
2. At least HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours, and
3. At least COLD SHUTDOWN within the subsequent 24 hours.

Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation under the ACTION requirements, the ACTION may be taken in accordance with the specified time limits as measured from the time of failure to meet the Limiting Condition for Operation. Exceptions to these requirements are stated in the individual Specifications.

3.0.4 Entry into an OPERATIONAL MODE or other specified applicability condition shall not be made unless the conditions of the Limiting Condition for Operation are met without reliance on provisions contained in the ACTION statements unless otherwise excepted. This provision shall not prevent passage through OPERATIONAL MODES as required to comply with ACTION statements.

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3.0.5 When a system, subsystem, train, component or device is determined to be inoperable solely because its emergency power source is inoperable, or solely because its normal power source is inoperable, it may be considered OPERABLE for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of its applicable Limiting Condition for Operation, provided: (1) its corresponding normal or emergency power source is OPERABLE; and (2) all of its redundant system(s), subsystem(s), train(s), component(s) and device(s) are OPERABLE, or likewise satisfy the requirements of this specification. Unless both conditions (1) and (2) are satisfied, within 2 hours action shall be initiated to place the unit in a MODE in which the applicable Limiting Condition for Operation does not apply by placing it as applicable in:

1. At least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours,
2. At least HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours, and
3. At least COLD SHUTDOWN within the subsequent 24 hours.

This Specification is not applicable in MODES 5 or 6.

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INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.2 SAFETY SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

SAFETY FEATURES ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.3.2.1 The Safety Features Actuation System (SFAS) functional units shown in Table 3.3-3 shall be OPERABLE with their trip setpoints set consistent with the values shown in the Trip Setpoint column of Table 3.3-4 and with RESPONSE TIMES as shown in Table 3.3-5.

APPLICABILITY: As shown in Table 3.3-3.

ACTION:

- a. With a SFAS functional unit trip setpoint less conservative than the value shown in the Allowable Values column of Table 3.3-4, declare the functional unit inoperable and apply the applicable ACTION requirement of Table 3.3-3, until the functional unit is restored to OPERABLE status with the trip setpoint adjusted consistent with the Trip Setpoint value.
- b. With a SFAS functional unit inoperable, take the action shown in Table 3.3-3.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.2.1.1 Each SFAS functional unit shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by the performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST during the MODES and at the frequencies shown in Table 4.3-2.

4.3.2.1.2 The logic for the bypasses shall be demonstrated OPERABLE during the at power CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST of functional units affected by bypass operation. The total bypass function shall be demonstrated OPERABLE at least once per 18 months during CHANNEL CALIBRATION testing of each functional unit affected by bypass operation.

4.3.2.1.3 The SAFETY FEATURES RESPONSE TIME of each SFAS function shall be demonstrated to be within the limit at least once per 18 months. Each test shall include at least one functional unit per function such that all functional units are tested at least once every M times 18 months where M is the total number of redundant functional units in a specific SFAS function as shown in the "Total No. of Units" Column of Table 3.3-3.

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TABLE 3.3-3

SAFETY FEATURES ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

<u>FUNCTIONAL UNIT</u>	<u>TOTAL NO. OF UNITS</u>	<u>UNITS TO TRIP</u>	<u>MINIMUM UNITS OPERABLE</u>	<u>APPLICABLE MODS</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
1. INSTRUMENT STRINGS					
a. Containment Radiation - High	4	2	3	1,2,3,4,6****	10I
b. Containment Pressure - High	4	2	3	1, 2, 3	10I
c. Containment Pressure - High-High	4	2	3	1, 2, 3	10I
d. RCS Pressure - Low	4	2	3	1, 2, 3*	10I
e. RCS Pressure - Low-Low	4	2	3	1, 2, 3**	10I
f. BVST Level - Low-Low	4	2	3	1, 2, 3	10I
2. OUTPUT LOGIC					
a. Incident Level #1: Containment Isolation	2	1	2	1,2,3,4,6****	11
b. Incident Level #2: High Pressure Injection and Starting Diesel Generators	2	1	2	1, 2, 3, 4	11
c. Incident Level #3: Low Pressure Injection	2	1	2	1, 2, 3, 4	11
d. Incident Level #4: Containment Spray	2	1	2	1, 2, 3, 4	11
e. Incident Level #5: Containment Sump Recirculation Permissive	2	1	2	1, 2, 3, 4	11

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TABLE 3.3-3 (Continued)

SAFETY FEATURES ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

<u>FUNCTIONAL UNIT</u>	<u>TOTAL NO. OF UNITS</u>	<u>UNITS TO TRIP</u>	<u>MINIMUM UNITS OPERABLE</u>	<u>APPLICABLE MODES</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
3. MANUAL ACTUATION					
a. SFAS (except Containment Spray and Emergency Sump Recirculation)	2	2	2	1.2.3.4.6****	12
b. Containment Spray	2	2	2	1.2.3.4	12
4. SEQUENCE LOGIC CHANNELS					
a. Sequencer	4	2/BUS 2***	2/BUS 3	1.2.3.4	15# 10#
b. Essential Bus Feeder Breaker Trip (90%)	4***** 2	2/BUS 1	2/BUS 2*****	1.2.3.4	15#
c. Diesel Generator Start. Load Shed on Essential Bus (59%)	4 2	2/BUS 1	2/BUS 2	1.2.3.4	15#
5. INTERLOCK CHANNELS					
a. Decay Heat Isolation Valve	1	1	1	1.2.3	13#
b. Pressurizer Heaters	2	2	2	3*****	14

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TABLE 3.3-3 (Continued)
TABLE NOTATION

- * Trip function may be bypassed in this MODE with RCS pressure below 1800 psig. Bypass shall be automatically removed when RCS pressure exceeds 1800 psig.
- ** Trip function may be bypassed in this MODE with RCS pressure below 600 psig. Bypass shall be automatically removed when RCS pressure exceeds 600 psig.
- *** ~~One must be in SFAS Channels #1 or #3, the other must be in Channels #2 or #4. DELETED~~
- **** This instrumentation, or the containment purge and exhaust system noble gas monitor (with the containment purge and exhaust system in operation), must be OPERABLE during CORE ALTERATIONS or movement of irradiated fuel within containment to meet the requirements of Technical Specification 3.9.4. When using the containment purge and exhaust system noble gas monitor, SFAS is not required to be OPERABLE in MODE 6.
- ***** All functional units may be bypassed for up to one minute when starting each Reactor Coolant Pump or Circulating Water Pump.
- ***** When either Decay Heat Isolation Valve is open.
- # The provisions of Specification 3.0.4 are not applicable.

ACTION STATEMENTS

- ACTION 10 - With the number of OPERABLE functional units one less than the Total Number of Units, STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may proceed provided both of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - a. The inoperable functional unit is placed in the tripped condition within one hour. ~~For functional unit 4, the sequencer channel shall be placed in the tripped condition by physical removal of the sequencer module.~~
 - b. The Minimum Units OPERABLE requirement is met; however, one additional functional unit may be bypassed for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing per Specification 4.3.2.1.1.
- ACTION 11 - With any component in the Output Logic inoperable, trip the associated components within one hour or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

TABLE 3.3-3 (Continued)

ACTION STATEMENTS

ACTION 12 - With the number of OPERABLE Units one less than the Total Number of Units, restore the inoperable functional unit to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

ACTION 13 - a. With less than the Minimum Units OPERABLE and reactor coolant pressure \geq 438 psig, both Decay Heat Isolation Valves (DH11 and DH12) shall be verified closed.

b. With Less than the Minimum Units OPERABLE and reactor coolant pressure $<$ 438 psig operation may continue; however, the functional unit shall be OPERABLE prior to increasing reactor coolant pressure above 438 psig.

ACTION 14 - With less than the Minimum Units OPERABLE and reactor coolant pressure $<$ 438 psig, operation may continue; however, the functional unit shall be OPERABLE prior to increasing reactor coolant pressure above 438 psig, or the inoperable functional unit shall be placed in the tripped state.

ACTION 15 - a. With the number of OPERABLE units one less than the Minimum Units Operable per Bus, place the inoperable unit in the tripped condition within one hour. For functional unit 4.a the sequencer shall be placed in the tripped condition by physical removal of the sequencer module. The inoperable functional unit may be bypassed for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing per Specification 4.3.2.1.1.

b. With the number of OPERABLE units two less than the Minimum Units Operable per Bus, declare inoperable the Emergency Diesel Generator associated with the functional units not meeting the required minimum units OPERABLE and take the ACTION required of Specification 3.8.1.1.

~~With the number of OPERABLE functional units one less than the Total Number of Units operation may proceed provided both of the following conditions are satisfied:~~

~~a. The inoperable section of a functional unit is placed in the tripped condition within one hour.~~

~~b. The Minimum Units OPERABLE requirement is met; however, the inoperable section of a functional unit may be bypassed for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing per Specification 4.3.2.1.1.~~

INFORMATION ONLY

TABLE 3.3-4

SAFETY FEATURES ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION TRIP SETPOINTS

<u>FUNCTIONAL UNIT</u>	<u>TRIP SETPOINT</u>	<u>ALLOWABLE VALUES</u>
INSTRUMENT STRINGS		
a. Containment Radiation	< 4 x Background at RATED THERMAL POWER	< 4 x Background at RATED THERMAL POWER
b. Containment Pressure - High	≤ 18.4 psia	≤ 18.52 psia ¹
c. Containment Pressure - High-High	≤ 38.4 psia	≤ 38.52 psia ¹
d. RCS Pressure - Low	≥ 1620.75 psig	≥ 1615.75 psig ¹
e. RCS Pressure - Low-Low	≥ 420.75 psig	≥ 415.75 psig ¹
f. BWST Level	≥ 89.5 and ≤ 100.5 in. H ₂ O	≥ 88.3 and ≤ 101.7 in. H ₂ O ¹
SEQUENCE LOGIC CHANNELS		
a. Essential Bus Feeder Breaker Trip (90%)	≥ 3744 volts for ≤ 7.8 sec	≥ 3558 volts ≤ 7.8 sec
b. Diesel Generator Start, Load Shed on Essential Bus (59%)	≥ 2071 and ≤ 2450 volts for 0.5 ± 0.1 sec	≥ 2071 and ≤ 2450 volts for 0.5 ± 0.1 sec ¹
INTERLOCK CHANNELS		
a. Decay Heat Isolation Valve and Pressurizer Heater	< 438 psig	< 443 psig ^{1*}

¹ Allowable Value for CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST and CHANNEL CALIBRATION.

* Referenced to the centerline of D110 and D112.

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3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

BASES

3/4.3.1 and 3/4.3.2 REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM AND SAFETY SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the RPS, SFAS and SFRCS instrumentation systems ensure that 1) the associated action and/or trip will be initiated when the parameter monitored by each channel or combination thereof exceeds its setpoint, 2) the specified coincidence logic is maintained, 3) sufficient redundancy is maintained to permit a channel to be out of service for testing or maintenance, and 4) sufficient system functional capability is available for RPS, SFAS and SFRCS purposes from diverse parameters.

The OPERABILITY of these systems is required to provide the overall reliability, redundancy and diversity assumed available in the facility design for the protection and mitigation of accident and transient conditions. The integrated operation of each of these systems is consistent with the assumptions used in the accident analyses.

The surveillance requirements specified for these systems ensure that the overall system functional capability is maintained comparable to the original design standards. The periodic surveillance tests performed at the minimum frequencies are sufficient to demonstrate this capability.

The measurement of response time at the specified frequencies provides assurance that the RPS, SFAS, and SFRCS action function associated with each channel is completed within the time limit assumed in the safety analyses. No credit was taken in the analyses for those channels with response times indicated as not applicable.

Response time may be demonstrated by any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel test measurements provided that such tests demonstrate the total channel response time as defined. Sensor response time verification may be demonstrated by either 1) in place, onsite or offsite test measurements or 2) utilizing replacement sensors with certified response times.

The actuation logic for Functional Units 4.a., 4.b., and 4.c. of Table 3.3-3, Safety Features Actuation System Instrumentation, is designed to provide protection and actuation of a single train of safety features equipment, essential bus or emergency diesel generator. Collectively, Functional Units 4.a., 4.b., and 4.c. function to detect a degraded voltage condition on either of the two 4160 volt essential buses, shed connected loads, disconnect the affected bus(es) from the offsite power source and start the associated emergency diesel generator. In addition, if an SFAS actuation signal is present under these conditions, the sequencer channels for the two SFAS channels which actuate the train of safety features equipment powered by the affected bus will automatically sequence these loads onto the bus to prevent overloading of the emergency diesel generator. Functional Unit 4.a. has a

3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

BASES

3/4.3.1 and 3/4.3.2 REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM AND SAFETY SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION (Continued)

total of four units, one associated with each SFAS channel (i.e., two for each essential bus). Functional Units 4.b. and 4.c. each have a total of four units, (two associated with each essential bus); each unit consisting of two undervoltage relays and an auxiliary relay.

An SFRCS channel consists of 1) the sensing device(s), 2) associated logic and output relays (including Isolation of Main Feedwater Non Essential Valves and Turbine Trip), and 3) power sources.

The SFRCS response time for the turbine stop valve closure is based on the combined response times of main steam line low pressure sensors, logic cabinet delay for main steam line low pressure signals and closure time of the turbine stop valves. This SFRCS response time ensures that the auxiliary feedwater to the unaffected steam generator will not be isolated due to a SFRCS low pressure trip during a main steam line break accident.

Safety-grade anticipatory reactor trip is initiated by a turbine trip (above 45 percent of RATED THERMAL POWER) or trip of both main feedwater pump turbines. This anticipatory trip will operate in advance of the reactor coolant system high pressure reactor trip to reduce the peak reactor coolant system pressure and thus reduce challenges to the pilot operated relief valve. This anticipatory reactor trip system was installed to satisfy Item II.K.2.10 of NUREG-0737. The justification for the ARTS turbine trip arming level of 45% is given in BAW-1893, October, 1985.