

Entergy Operations, Inc. River Bend Station 5485 U.S. Highway 61 P.O. Box 220 St. Francisville, LA 70775 Tel 504 336 6225 Fax 504 635 5068

James J. Fisicaro Director Nuclear Safety

December 27, 1995

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Mail Stop P1-37 Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject:

River Bend Station - Unit 1

Docket No. 50-458 License No. NPF-47

Licensee Event Report 50-458/95-010-00

File Nos. G9.5, G9.25.1.3

RBG-42310 RBF1-95-0313

Gentlemen:

In accordance with River Bend Station Operating License NPF-47, Section 2.E, enclosed is the subject report.

Sincerely,

JJF/RMM/jr enclosure

020101

Yeary Den Zinke Por

9601020287 951227 PDR ADDCK 05000458 S PDR TEXP

Licensee Event Report 50-458/95-010-00 December 27, 1995 RBG-42310 RBF1-95-0313 Page 2 of 2

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
 611 Ryan Plaza Drive, Suite 400
 Arlington, TX 76011

NRC Sr. Resident Inspector P. O. Box 1051 St. Francisville, LA 70775

INPO Records Center 700 Galleria Parkway Atlanta, GA 30339-3064

Mr. C. R. Oberg Public Utility Commission of Texas 7800 Shoal Creek Blvd., Suite 400 North Austin, TX 78757

Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Radiation Protection Division P.O. Box 82135 Baton Rouge, LA 70884-2135 ATTN: Administrator

NRC FORM 366 U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (4-95)						APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 04/30/98									
		(S	ee revers	VENT REI e for required racters for ea	number	of			BACK	TO INDUSTR	I PER RESPONSE ECTION REQUES REPORATED INTO RY FORWARD FORMATION AND R REGULATORY C APERWORK RED NO BUDGET WAS	RECORDS M	REGA	RDING BURDEN	
FACILITY	NAME (1)	Mark Mark Control							DOCK	T NUMBER (2	)	T		PAGE (3)	
River I	Bend S	Station								050	00-458		- 1	of 4	
TITLE (4)							n contracts		Morrows	SERVICE CONTRACTOR		e a company de la company			
Reacto	or The	rmal Po	ower Lin	nit Exceeded	d Due to	Failur	e to C	onsid	er Re	quired H	eat Balanc	e Inputs			
	NT DAT	The Artist Comment	Harris and the second	ER NUMBER (		A COMMON TO SERVICE AND A SERV	RTDAT		T		HER FACILITI				
МОИТН	DAY	YEAR	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	NUMBER	MONTH	DAY	YEAR		TYNAME		100	CKETN		
									N/A					5000	
11	30	95	95 -	- 10	00	12	27	95	N/A	TYNAME			CKET NI	05000	
OPER. MOD		1	THIS RE	PORT IS SUBM	TTED PU	RSUANT	TO THE	REQU	REME	NTS OF 10	CFR §: (Chec	k ane or mo	re) (1	()	
		-	20.22	201(b)		20 2203(	a)(2)(v)		T	50 73(a)	(2)(i)		50.73(a)(2)(viii)		
POWER LEVEL (10)		90.0	20 2203(a)(1)			20 2203(a)(3)(i)			50.73(a)(2)(ii)				50.73(a)(2)(x)		
Action V for	r (10)	1.6	20.22	203(a)(2)(i)		20.2203(	a)(3)(ii)		-	50.73(a)	(2)(iii)	-	73.71		
	and the latest the lat	-	20.22	203(a)(2)(ii)		20.2203(	a)(4)		-	50.73(a)	(2)(iv)	×	ОТН	ER	
			20.22	203(a)(2)(iii)		50.36(c)(	1)			50.73(a)			ecify in	Abstract below Form 366A	
			20.22	203(a)(2)(iv)		50.36(c)	2)			50 73(a)	(2)(vii)	000	n NRC	Form 366A	
					LICEN	SEE CON	TACTE	OR TH	IS LEF	(12)					
NAME											JMBER (Include Ar	ea Code)	-		
D. N. L	.orfing	, Supe		Licensing								381-4157			
CAUSE	-	YSTEM I	COMPLE	TE ONE LINE			NENT F								
CAUSE	5	YSIEM	COMPONE	NT MANUFACTO	HER REI	PORTABLE		CAL	JSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANUFACT	URER	REPORTABLE TO NPRDS	
						-	-	-		-	-				
		st	JPPLEMEI	NTAL REPORT	EXPECTE	D (14)				SUB	ECTED MISSION FE (15)	MONTH	DA	Y YEAR	
	es comp			BMISSION DAT			X NO			DA	L (15)				
ABSTRA	ACT (Lin	nit to 1400	spaces, i.	e approximately	15 single	-spaced ty	pewritter	n lines)	(16)						

On November 30, 1995, with the plant at 90 percent power (Operational Condition 1) and coasting down for Refueling Outage 6, it was discovered during an industry events review that the reactor thermal power limit had been previously exceeded. The licensed thermal power limit had been exceeded by about 1.2 MWt for about 7 hours on October 11, 1995. This plant condition is reportable pursuant River Bend Station (RBS) Operating License, NPF-47, Section 2.E.

There were two root causes associated with this event. The first was determined to be a design error in that the vendor supplied process computer (heat balance calculation) had not accurately accounted for all flow inputs into the reactor vessel from the control rod drive system. The second was less than adequate reviews of three subsequent design modifications. Two of these modifications impacted the control rod drive flow inputs to the heat balance calculation but due to inadequate reviews, the changes were not reflected in the calculation. The third recalibrated reactor water clean-up flow transmitters but did not reflect the induced flow error in the heat balance calculation.

The licensed reactor power thermal limit was exceeded by about 1.2 MWt (0.04% rated thermal power) for approximately 7 hours. An engineering evaluation concluded that this event had little safety significance.

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION								
E EVENT REPORT (L CT CONTINUATION	.ER)							
DOCKET	I	PAGE (3)						
05000-458	YEAR	NUMBER NUMBER						
	95	10	00	2	of	4		
	E EVENT REPORT (L	E EVENT REPORT (LER) (T CONTINUATION  DOCKET 05000-458	E EVENT REPORT (LER) (T CONTINUATION  DOCKET LER NUMBER  05000-458 YEAR SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	E EVENT REPORT (LER)  (T CONTINUATION  DOCKET LER NUMBER (6)  05000-458 YEAR SEQUENTIAL NUMBER NUMBER	E EVENT REPORT (LER)  (T CONTINUATION  DOCKET LER NUMBER (6) P  05000-458 YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER	E EVENT REPORT (LER)  (T CONTINUATION  DOCKET LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3  05000-458 YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER		

#### REPORTED CONDITION

On November 30, 1995, with the plant at 90 percent power (Operational Condition 1) and coasting down for Refueling Outage 6, it was discovered during a review of recent industry events (Nuclear Network report PS 4577) that the licensed reactor thermal power limit had been previously exceeded. This limit had been exceeded by about 1.2 MWt (0.04% rated thermal power) for about 7 hours on October 11, 1995. This plant condition is reportable pursuant River Bend Station (RBS) Operating License, NPF-47, Section 2.E.

# INVESTIGATION

During a review of an industry event report concerning the failure to account for the reactor recirculation (RCS) pump seal flow in the reactor heat balance calculation, it was concluded that RBS was susceptible to the same error. The flow to the RCS pump seals branch upstream of the CRD system flow sensor which provides input to the plant process computer (used for heat balance calculation). As a result, the unmonitored flow was not considered in the heat balance calculation which resulted in non-conservative heat balance results.

Additional engineering reviews identified two modifications which similarly diverted CRD flow to the reactor vessel resulting in a non-conservative impact on the heat balance. These were the reactor water cleanup (WCS) system pump seal purge and reference leg back-fill system. In addition, as part of a leak detection system improvement, a modification was performed to calibrate the WCS flow sensors for cold conditions. In addition to performing leak detection functions, the suction flow sensor provides WCS flow input into the heat balance calculation (via plant process computer). As a result of this modification, the heat balance flow input was erroneously low at rated conditions.

The error attributable to the unaccounted CRD flow was calculated to be approximately 1.1 MWt (0.04% rated thermal power) for the RCS pump seal flow and 0.7 MWt (0.02% rated thermal power) for the WCS pump seal flow. The error attributed to the WCS flow calibration error was claculated to be about 0.4 MWt (0.01% rated thermal power). The error associated with the reference leg back-fill flow was negligible.

Since the RCS pump seal flow error has been in existence since early plant operation, it is possible that the thermal power limit may have been exceeded prior to Cycle 6. Based on the magnitude of the error, the maximum the limit would have been exceeded during this time period would have been less than 1.0 MWt when considering conservatism in the calculation, the WCS flow error discussed in the previous paragraph, and the administrative practice of limiting thermal power to 2893.5 MW!

The CRD system water supply to the WCS pump seals and the Reference Leg Back-fill system was installed during Refueling Outage 5 (April - July, 1994). Therefore, only the current operating cycle, Cycle 6, was affected by these modifications. An engineering evaluation concluded that the total heat balance calculation error was about 1.8 MWt for this cycle. This resulted in an eight hour thermal power average of 2895.2

NRC FORM 366A U.S. NUCLE	AR REGULATORY COMMISSION	NC				
	E EVENT REPORT (L T CONTINUATION	ER)				
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET		PAGE (	GE (3)		
River Bend Station	05000-458	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER		
		95	10 -	- 00	3 of	4

MWt, 1.2 MWt (0.04% rated thermal power) over the licensed limit. A review of Cycle 6 power history concluded that the limit was exceeded for 7 hours on October 11, 1995. Since the plant was in End-of-Cycle coast-down and at approximately 90% power at time of discovery, no reduction in power was necessary as a result of the identified error.

### ROOT CAUSE

There were two root causes associated with this event. The first was determined to be a design error in that the vendor supplied process computer (heat balance calculation) had not accurately accounted for all flow inputs into the reactor vessel from the CRD system. The second was less than adequate reviews of three subsequent design modifications. Two of these modifications impacted the control rod drive flow inputs to the heat balance calculation but due to inadequate reviews, the changes were not reflected in the calculation. The third modification recalibrated WCS flow transmitters but did not reflect the induced flow error in the heat balance calculation.

A review of recent Licensee Event Reports was performed for similar events. Although there have been events reported associated with the RBS modification process, no similar events associated with the heat balance calculation were identified.

# CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Since all new plant designs will be implemented as modifications, there is no recommended corrective action for preventing another original design error. Consequently, the corrective actions taken below to address deficiencies in the modification process will address this condition.

As part of the RBS performance improvement initiatives the modification process has significantly changed since the development of the modifications described above. It is believed that the current process would have identified this issue and, as a result, no additional process changes were identified. These improvements included, in part, the addition of a Reactivity Impact Program Review checklist as part of the modification review process. This checklist contains questions specific to the heat balance calculation and other associated core/vessel parameters. Any questions indicating that these calculations/parameters are impacted will require a review by reactor engineering.

To correct the error caused by diversion of CRD flow to the RCS and WCS pump seals and the Reference Leg Back-fill System, the indicated CRD flow rate input to the reactor heat balance will be adjusted by adding a constant flow input to the heat balance calculation. WCS flow indication will be corrected by applying a temperature dependent correction factor to the WCS term in the calculation.

NRC FORM 366A U.S. NUCLE (4-95)	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION									
	E EVENT REPORT (L CT CONTINUATION	ER)								
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET	LER NUMBER (6)			PAGE (3)					
River Bend Station	05000-458	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER						
		95	10	00	4 of 4					

To heighten the awareness of this issue, a heat balance study was distributed to each applicable system engineer along with a discussion of this event. The study lists each input device and shows the effects of each on the heat balance calculation.

A review of changes to plant systems and instrumentation associated with the reactor heat balance will be performed. This will include review of software change documentation of process computer points that input into the reactor heat balance.

Since several similar industry events have occurred recently, RBS will continue to monitor industry reports for any additional generic issues that may have an impact on the issues associated with this event.

# SAFETY ASSESSMENT

The licensed reactor power thermal limit was exceeded by about 1.2 MWt (0.04% rated thermal power) for about 7 hours. This is below the 102% analyzed power limit and had insignificant impact on core thermal design limits. Inputs from the heat balance calculation are used in the Core Thermal Limit calculation; however, since the magnitude of the identified error was small, the impact was insignificant. As a result, this event was of little safety significance.

Note: Energy Industry Identification Codes are indicated in the text as (\*XX\*).