

ANNUAL 10CFR50.59 AND COMMITMENT REVISION REPORT JULY 1, 1994 THROUGH JUNE 30, 1995

> LIMERICK GENERATING STATION

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# ANNUAL 10CFR50.59 AND COMMITMENT REVISION REPORT JULY 1, 1994 THROUGH JUNE 30, 1995

This report provides a brief description of changes to the facility and procedures as described in the Safety Analysis Report, tests, and experiments that were implemented between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 1995. A summary of the safety evaluation for each item concluded that an unreviewed safety question, as defined in 10CFR50.59(a)(2), was not involved. Summaries of revised commitments to the NRC are being included as recommended in the NEI Commitment Management Guideline.

ANNUAL 10CFR50.59 AND COMMITMENT REVISION REPORT

JULY 1, 1994 THROUGH JUNE 30, 1995

TABLE OF CONTENTS

# PECO ENERGY COMPANY LIMERICK GENERATING STATION UNITS 1 AND 2

# DOCKET NOS. 50-352 AND 50-353 ANNUAL 10CFR50.59 AND COMMITMENT REVISION REPORT

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Modifications	Page
6178	1
6208	1
P00166, P00167, and P00168	1
P00195	
P00210	2
P00212	2
P00279	2
P00283	3
P00289	3
P00290	3
P00333	3
P00370	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3
P00383	4
P00411	4
ECR 94-05131	4
ECR 94-05511	4
ECR 94-05848	4
ECR 94-05916	5
ECR 94-06378	5
ECR 94-09998	5
ECR 94-10598	5
ECR 94-10694	6
ECR 94-10875	6
ECR 94-11314	6
ECR 94-11583 and ECR 94-11623	6
ECR 94-11818	7
Nonconformance Reports	
92-00355	7
93-00269	7
94-00208	8
94-00210	8
94-00251, 94-00262, 94-00265, and 94-00266	8
95-00002	9
95-00057	9
95-00106	9

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# Procedures, Tests, or Experiments

A-C-28	9
GP-3	10
GP-5	10
GP-6.1	10
MAT P00167-2	10
S53.7.A	11
SP-147	11
SP-150	11
SP-M-010	11
Spec 8031-G-42 and UFSAR Change L-00646	12
ST-6-107-590-1,2 and T-103 and T-103 Bases	12

# UFSAR Changes

ECR 94-06897	12
ECR 94-10882	13
ECR 94-11253	13
ECR 94-11366	13
ECR 94-12044	14
ECR 95-00069	14
ECR 95-00987	14
ECR 95-01615	14
ECR 95-01886	15
ECR 95-01964	15
ECR 95-02436	15
L00599	16
L00625	16
L00665	16
L00679	16
L00709	17
L00809 and ECR 94-05872	17
1.00830	17

# Commitment Revision

Bulletin 90-01	Darnonca	19
Duliculi 90-01	RESDOUSE	10

ANNUAL 10CFR50.59 AND COMMITMENT REVISION REPORT

JULY 1, 1994 THROUGH JUNE 30, 1995

SAFETY EVALUATION SUMMARIES

MOD 6178 Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

This modification replaced the four (4) non-safety related instrument air dryers on Unit 1 and Unit 2. The replacement and operating cycle for the filters was changed to be more efficient. The change also allows for improved filter pressure drop monitoring so that filter replacements can be planned. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD 6208 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification constructed an on-site storage area for low level radwaste (LLRW) and contaminated reusable material in an existing fenced-in yard southwest of the spray pond and northwest of the Unit 1 cooling tower. This allowed minimal storage capacity for LLRW. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD P00166, P00167, and P00168 Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common \_

These modifications installed piping and valves in the common Emergency Service Water (ESW) and Residual Heat Removal Service Water (RHRSW) systems. P00166 added piping and valves to unitize the ESW system. Unitization allows work on one unit to be performed without affecting the other unit. P00167 crossties the ESW and RHRSW supply headers at the Spray Pond Pumphouse (SPPH) yard and then again in the pipe tunnel. The crossties allow one supply header to support operation of both systems while the other supply header is out of service. P00168 crossties the RHRSW return headers in the pipe tunnel, again allowing one header to be removed from service while the remaining header supports operation of both loops. There are different limitations associated with the various configurations provided by these mods. The ESW unitization mod is a permanent configuration change while both crossties (P-167 and P-168) will only be used during emergency/maintenance situations. These modifications affected a section of the UFSAR and are an overall enhancement to operations and maintenance.

MOD	F00193		Onit 1 _ Onit 2 x Common _
reactor op pressure in motor, and Enclosure accommod prior to the seismically pumping	berating pressure due in order to supply des digearbox were repla Cooling Water (TE date the new pump ar the rerate outage on qualified, and the p	e to power rerate. The resign CRD system flow at ced with a pump and mot ECW) cooling. Minor pind remove the TECW internal Unit 2. The CRD pum lant is designed for safe s	RD) pumps as a result of increase new pumps develop higher discharg rated conditions. The existing pump for unit that does not require Turbin ping modifications were required to rface. This modification was installed ups are non-safety related and nor thutdown in the event of loss of CRI UFSAR Section and is an overall
MOD	P00210		Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _
Turbine di system. As speed spik increases t speed cont the logic n	uring RCIC system so identified in GE SIL to during the initial system potential for an other during startup, the modified to throttle to	startup, and thus improve 2377, the RCIC System as system startup. The higher overspeed trip during system at the steam admission valve whe steam flow to the turb	eactor Core Isolation Cooling (RCIC) and the overall reliability of the RCIC designed will experience a significant reactor pressure after power rerattern startup. In order to improve the was replaced with a cage type disc, and interpretation overall enhancement to operations
MOD	P00212		Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common _
system cor This modi componen limit switc pickup cor	mponents so that the fication eliminated to the affected include the first the auxiliary oil properties and the steam	HPCI system room can to the HPCI system's relian- ne HPCI system governor bump controlling pressure	Pressure Coolant Injection (HPC) be qualified for a higher temperature on the B loop of ESW. Specific controls, the turbine stop valve lower switch, the turbine magnetic specific thermal overload. This modification ent to operations.
MOD	P00279		Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _

This modification added uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) to selected feedwater control circuits. These UPSs were installed to increase the reliability of the feedwater system. The UPSs provide a source of power during short interruptions of AC power upon transfer of certain station buses which reduces the likelihood of a scram. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

		LICENSE NOS. NPF-39 AND NPF-85
MOD	P00283	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 x Common _
the amoun	re for the 2A, 2B, and 2C Rent of time for the drainage	neter bypass drainage line downstream of the discharge eactor Feed Pumps (RFP). The new bypass line reduces of RFP discharge lines. This modification affected a rall enhancement to maintenance and operations.
MOD	P00289	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 x Common x
other loca recommen were dele organization	tions at Limerick Generation at the detailed at the detail and the detailed ted were reviewed by Op	corders in the Main Control Room (MCR) and various ing Station (LGS) that are no longer required per the duction/Replacement Project team. The recorders that terations, System Managers, and various other station affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall
MOD	P00290	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 _ Common x
recorders because th This modi	as installed in the MCR pe bey are no longer manufactu	existing recorders with new (Westronics 2100 Series) or Modification 6156. Existing Recorders were replaced ured and a reliable supply of spare parts is not available in of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to
MOD	P00333	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 _ Common x
Control (C	mosis water processing syst (C) record storage vault wh This modification affected a	Treatment Plant to allow the use of a vendor supplied, em. This modification also removed the former Quality hich was located in the proposed reverse osmosis trailer a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement
MOD	P00370	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 x Common _

This modification upgraded valves HV-049-2F013, HV-051-2F017A, B, C, and D, HV-052-2F005, and HV-052-2F037 to eliminate the possibility of the phenomena of pressure locking and further modified valves HV-051-2F017A, B, C, and D to enhance valve testing. These are injection valves for the RCIC, Residual Heat Removal (RHR) and Core Spray Systems. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to maintenance and operations.

MOD P00383 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification improved human factors aspects of certain reactor vessel level indicator instrument loops by modifying the instrument loops' outputs to display level indication. This modification also reduced indication inaccuracies due to "off-calibration" pressure effects by providing reactor "pressure compensation" of the Fuel-zone water level indication displayed on recorders and indicators. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD P00411 Unit 1 x Unit 2 Common

This modification upgraded the Condensate Filter Demineralizers and the Liquid Radwaste Equipment Drain Filter with improved filters to reduce iron in the Condensate and Feedwater streams to less than 0.5 ppb and to reduce backwash volume. An additional benefit is the reduction of the pre-coat waste product. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-05131 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification removed the decontamination transfer table 0A-S331 which was located in the Radwaste Building (Elevation 217). Changes in the resin process method eliminated the need for this table. Wet solid radioactive waste material is processed at LGS using an external processing station in conjunction with a vendor's mobile processing equipment. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-05511 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification removed the hydraulic press (compactor) 00-S324 which was located in the Radwaste Building. The hydraulic press was originally provided to compress radwaste material such as paper and rags, thereby reducing radwaste disposal volume. Dry radwas material such as paper and rags is now processed through off site processing. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-05848 Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This modification added a redundant air supply from the lower air start header to the aft main bearing booster pump on each of the Emergency Diesel Generators (EDG). This was a vendor (Coltec) recommendation to enhance long-term EDG reliability. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-05916

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This modification removed or abandoned the holding pond chemical equipment, continuous sample instrumentation, PVC piping and associated electrical controls. The equipment was designed to neutralize the contents of the holding pond so that it would meet the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit when the water is discharged. This has not been and is not anticipated to be required. The equipment and associated PVC piping and controls were removed or abandoned in place. The holding pond continuous sample lines and instrumentation allow sampling of the holding pond. Sampling of the holding pond is achieved by using the recirculation pump to obtain a grab sample. The continuous sample PVC lines and in-line instrumentation were removed or abandoned in place. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-06378

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This modification added a fuel oil sample tap to each of the EDG fuel transfer lines. The fuel oil flow integrator, which was not valved into the system, was removed and the sample tap installed in its place. The new sample taps eliminate some administrative requirements because the new location is not in a confined space. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to maintenance and operations.

MOD ECR 94-09998

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This modification involved the use of a new reactor pressure vessel (RPV) head strongback/carousel and accessories during refueling outage, at LGS. The strongback/carousel combines the functions of the existing stud tensioner, RPV head strongback, and nut and washer racks. The strongback/carousel is used for both Units 1 and 2. The strongback/carousel shortens both the time required for vessel stud tensioning operations and the time required for rigging and RPV head component transfer. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to maintenance and operations.

MOD

ECR 94-10598

Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification reinstalled ductwork that was previously removed from the Hot Shop due to relocation of tools, and installed (4) portable HVAC units in the decontamination room and in the pump repair cell to support decontamination activities. The original Hot Shop HVAC system design parameters were maintained. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to maintenance.

MOD ECR 94-10694

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This modification provided the capability to electrically interlock the nuclear steam supply shutoff system (NSSS) isolation circuitry to allow for the extension of either of the reactor enclosure secondary containments (Zone I or Zone II) to include the refuel area secondary containment (Zone III). This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to maintenance and operations.

MOD ECR 94-10875 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This modification deleted the Health Physics (HP) issue cage. Originally installed as part of Modification 6050, this structure is no longer required as a distribution point for radiation protective clothing. This area can now be used for other activities as deemed appropriate. These activities, e.g., placement of temporary facilities trailers, etc., will be controlled by existing plant procedures governing the use of temporary structures. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD ECR 94-11314

Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common \_

This modification involved the use of GE-11 debris-resistant lower tie plates. These debrisresistant lower tie plates were used on four (4) lead use fuel assemblies during Limerick 2 Reload 3. The new lower tie plates incorporate a debris filter consisting of a 9x9 matrix of cylindrical bosses interconnected by thin webs. This filter is designed to stop debris larger than 0.1 inches from entering the fuel bundle through the lower tie plate. General Electric (GE) has tested the new lower tie plate and has determined that there are no safety hazards associated with the new design. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

MOD

ECR 94-11583 and ECR 94-11623 Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common \_

These temporary modifications defeated the automatic isolation of the 2A and 2B RHR system primary containment isolation valves (PCIV). This activity was implemented only during shutdown conditions with reactor water level 22 feet above the reactor flange. Under these conditions, the PCIVs are not required to be operable and there is sufficient coolant inventory to allow operator action in response to a level reduction. This activity increased the reliability of the RHR shutdown cooling mode during shutdown conditions by eliminating the possibility of inadvertent isolations of shutdown cooling.

MOD ECR 94-11818

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This modification installed new Main Steam Line Plugs (SLPs). The GE plugs replaced the Westinghouse plugs. The SLPs are used during reactor refueling or servicing. This modification affected a section of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to operations.

NCR

92-00355

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common x

This NCR and associated UFSAR change evaluated the use-as-is disposition for the normal waste drains in the Unit 1 and 2 Reactor Enclosure HVAC rooms. These drains were found to be routed to the storm drain system. Storm drain diverter valve 68-0035 at manhole S-5.3 will be administratively controlled to divert all possible flow from these rooms to the holding pond to avoid a potential NPDES permit violation and prevent an unmonitored release to the Possum Hollow Creek.

This NCR final disposition of "use-as-is" allowed continued operation with the diverter valve in the closed position. It provided guidance to allow Operations to open the valve in the event of heavy rainfall. Administrative controls were proposed to contain any leakage from the HVAC rooms to contain any leakage from the HVAC rooms and obtain chemistry samples at the outfall to Possum Hollow Creek if leakage occurred.

NCR

93-00269

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common x

This NCR evaluated several fire doors and one fire door frame which were missing Underwriters Laboratory (UL) labels. These labels were required to be in place by the UFSAR, Appendix 9A, Fire Protection Evaluation Report. The NCR originally developed an approved disposition of re-work, i.e. have UL evaluate the doors and frame and then add the labels.

UL found a problem with one door frame 473 that could not be resolved by re-work. Therefore, Rev. 1 to this NCR was initiated to address the situation. At the same time, the UFSAR was revised so that it no longer required labels on the doors. The door frame 473 has been evaluated as being capable of withstanding for three hours the maximum fire expected in the two fire areas that the door and frame separate. Based upon this evaluation of the doors and door frame, a new disposition of use-as-is has been approved.

NCR 94-00208 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This NCR evaluated the installation of 7252 lbs. of LEXAN material on the refuel floor without prior engineering evaluation and approval. This material is combustible and increases the combustible load and fire severity on the floor. The material was installed to provide improved radiological control barriers for contamination and hot particle concerns. The disposition of the NCR was use-as-is.

NCR 94-00210 Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

This NCR evaluated a revision to the safeguard battery loading tables and service test profile in the UFSAR. Calculation LE-052 was previously revised and supports the change. Recent modifications were included in the revision along with lessons learned from a recent battery analysis at Peach Bottom. The service test profile contains margin over the actual loads in the calculation to allow for future load growth without requiring the calculation to be re-run. The disposition of the NCR was use-as-is with a documentation change.

NCR 94-00251, 94-00262, 94-00265, and 94-00266 Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

These NCRs evaluated pinhole leaks on ESW piping associated with the following room coolers:

NCR	Cooler No.	Room
NCR 94-00251	Cooler 1EV210	Unit 1 A/C RHR
NCR 94-00262	Cooler 1AV208	Unit 1 RCIC
NCR 94-00265	Cooler 1BV210	Unit 1 B/O RHR
NCR 94-00266	Cooler 2BV208	Unit 2 RCIC

These NCRs provided an interim use-as-is disposition to allow the unit coolers to remain in service until they can be repaired during their next system outage window. The leaks are currently passive (seal themselves) and any recurring leakage through these 'pinholes' would not threaten the operability of the supported system based on the size of the hole and location. Additionally, ultrasonic testing confirmed the pinhole does not threaten the seismic integrity of the room cooler or the ESW system. This was a temporary condition and did not adversely impact operations.

NCK	93-00002	Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common
that the M However,	R since the previous description MSIVs had independent closur during certain accidents with hig	ion of the Main Steam Isolation Valves (MSIVs) in of operation was inaccurate. The UFSAR stated re capability with either springs or pneumatics gh ambient pressure, a combination of springs and Vs. The disposition of the NCR was use-as-is.
NCR	93-00057	Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _
were a sma piece of p concluded	all piece of material resembling blastic, and the cumulative effect	'lost parts' in the Unit 2 reactor vessel. These parts weld slag, a small item resembling a ball bearing, a sts of other previously lost parts. The evaluation impromise safe reactor operations. The disposition
NCR	93-00106	Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _
the 2C R operability effects of	HR pump components. Leaks of the supported system based the 10 drop-per-minute leak (wh	position for a pinhole leak in the 4" ESW piping for age through the pinhole would not threaten the on the size of the hole and location. The hydraulic nen the system is pressurized) and seismic integrity considered in the interim disposition.
PROCED	URE A-C-28	Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x
This admir	nistrative procedure for Preventi	ve Maintenance was revised to permit documented

instructions to be utilized in lieu of written implementing procedures, as appropriate to the circumstances, for performing PM tasks. This UFSAR change is consistent with LGS UFSAR Section 13.5.1.13 (Maintenance Procedures) and complies with ANSI STD N18.7-1976, Section 5.2.7: Maintenance and Modifications. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and is

an overall enhancement to maintenance.

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

second layers of rea refueling outage accidents that coul is not in cold should containment is opethe Refuel Floor	actor well shield plugs be . The evaluation consider d occur with the reactor we autdown. The evaluation erable, as modified by mo Area, Zone III, into the	was revised to permit removal of the first and fore the reactor is in cold shutdown in advance of the impact of the potential consequences of well shield plugs not fully installed when the reactor in assumed that Reactor Enclosure Secondar diffication ECR 94-10694. This modification added outage unit's Reactor Enclosure Area, Zone I of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement
PROCEDURE	GP-5	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 x Common _
to Unit 2 Cycle 3. reduction. The evi Power Ratio (MCI review also include GE was performed	This new curve allowed aluation was supported by PR) and transient analysised the effect on feedwated for using the additional for the effect of the effect	new Final Feedwater Temperature curve specification for an additional 10°F of feedwater temperature eletters from GE addressing the Minimum Critical effects of an additional 10°F reduction. The GI resparger duty cycles. This review and analysis be temperature reduction only during Cycle 3 on Unional SAR and is an overall enhancement to operations
PROCEDURE	GP-6.1	Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common _
containment airlocenhance equipment the refueling outa measures for each	cks when secondary contact at and personnel access to ge. The evaluation sum	ras revised to permit opening selected secondar ainment is not required to be operable. This will be the Reactor Enclosure and Refuel Floor during marized the potential hazards and compensator change affected a section of the UFSAR and is on
PROCEDURE	MAT P00167-2	Unit 1 _ Unit 2 _ Common x
This procedure in	volved the post modificat	ion testing of a portion of the ESW and RHRSV

PROCEDURE

91-18.

GP-3

crosstie modification. During this test manual operator actions are taken credit for in order to maintain the ESW system operable. This is consistent with the guidance of Generic Letter

Unit 1 v Unit 2 v Common

circulation as ana previously approve	alyzed by calculated as a special test of ge affected a section	ignment of fuel pool cooling for establishment of natural ion GE-NE-A0005873-12. The procedure had been written specifically for natural circulation operation during ion of the UFSAR and is an overall enhancement to
PROCEDURE	SP-147	Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _
Core Flow condition vibration on small as core performant characteristics of a	and large piping, po ce concerns. The ny possible vibrations. This test affect	itoring plant operation under increased Recirculation and frated conditions. The evaluation considered effects of possible small pipe breaks, and containment leakage as well evaluation discussed the expected piping and vibration on and noise and the capability of the piping to withstand ed several sections of the UFSAR and did not involve an
PROCEDURE	SP-150	Unit 1 x Unit 2 _ Common _
while ESW coolin System (ECCS) pu during the test. Th	g water to the pumps were operable ESW cooling was intended to as	tion of the 1D RHR pump motor oil cooler temperatures amp was secured. The other Emergency Core Cooling e during this test. Constant operator monitoring occurred atter was required to be restored if oil temperatures began sist in determining if the RHR pumps could run without or oil cooler.
PROCEDURE	SP-M-010	Unit 1 Unit 2 x Common _
This procedure in	ivolved replaceme	ent of the valve stem on the 2A Recirculation Pump

PROCEDURE S53.7 A

Discharge Valve during 2R03. This change was considered an operation with the potential to drain the vessel and would be performed only with the Reactor cavity flooded and the spent fuel pool gates removed. A drain down of the fuel pool to the bottom of the fuel pool transfer

canal would not result in uncovering spent fuel. This was a temporary condition.

PROCEDURE	Spec 8031-G-42 and UFSAR	Unit 1	Unit 2	Common 2
	Change L00646			

This activity involved the revision of the LGS Site Flooding Study, Calculation and Specification 8031-G-42, Rev. 5. This evaluation addressed the revision to site flooding calculations for a postulated cooling tower basin failure or probable maximum precipitation event. The revision updated the calculations to account for revised site conditions and new flow paths primarily due to the Site Master Plan construction activities.

PROCEDURE ST-6-107-590-1,2 and T-103 and Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_ T-103 Bases

The Daily Surveillance Logs (Surveillance Test (ST) procedures ST-6-107-590-1 R/65, and -2 R/31) and Transient Response Implementation Plan (TRIP) procedure T-103 R/7 and T-103 Bases R/8 were changed to reflect revised Maximum Normal Operating temperatures for the Steam Chase, Reactor Water Cleanup (RWCU) Regenerative Heat Exchanger Room, and RWCU Pump Rooms. These temperature values were revised based on operating data and evaluation of equipment limitations. The intent of the revisions is to avoid unnecessary entries into procedure T-103 when outside ambient air temperatures result in higher operating temperatures within the various rooms listed above. These changes affected a table in the UFSAR and are an overall enhancement to operations.

UFSAR CHANGE ECR 94-06897 Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This ECR reviewed the commercial grade dedication plan for the concrete to be used in the construction of safety-related (passive) seismic Category I valve pits associated with the ESW and RHRSW systems. The valve pit's passive safety-related function is not adversely affected by the use of dedicated concrete.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 94-10882

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change involved changing the Nuclear Review Board (NRB) responsibilities to include the review of a sampling of safety evaluations. This was based on 1) the noted UFSAR Section permits programs for reviews to take different forms and did not specify that the Independent Review body review all safety evaluations, 2) all safety evaluations require a "Peer" review to ensure completion and accuracy, 3) all safety evaluations are reviewed by PORC, and 4) the NRB continues to review proposed changes in procedures, proposed changes in the facility, or proposed tests and experiments which involve a change in the technical specifications or an unreviewed safety question.

This UFSAR change involved changing the audit frequency of specific Quality Assurance audit areas from 12 to 24 months. The basis for the annual audit frequencies were either recommendations in the form of the word "should", or are not specified by any frequency requirements. Audit areas were scheduled according to their safety significance and empirical performance data such as trends, events, and surveillance results. The allocation of assessment resources was based on performance data and thereby provided for timely assessment coverage of areas which warrant oversight attention. Assessment resources were not diluted by unnecessary calendar driven oversight of audit areas which were performing at a high and steady rate. On-going surveillances are conducted during the two-year audit frequency interval which provide for progressive assessment of functional performance.

#### UFSAR CHANGE ECR 94-11253

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change revised the UFSAR to reflect that the Fuel oil storage tank is used to store #2 fuel oil for use in the Auxiliary Steam System boilers rather than #6 fuel oil as originally designed. However, prior to plant startup it was determined that utilizing the #6 fuel oil was not a viable alternative. The UFSAR was revised to delete reference to the use of #6 fuel oil.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 94-11366

Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This UFSAR change removed references to the original "new fuel inspection stand" and "new fuel unloading station." These two components were replaced by new equipment which was installed as part of Modification 6190. The new equipment has been successfully used for the last three new fuel inspections at Limerick. Subsequently, the original equipment has been removed from the refueling floor and is no longer capable of being used. Since the components are no longer installed and were never required to perform a safety function prior to their removal, this change has no impact on safety as described in the UFSAR.

# UFSAR CHANGE ECR 94-12044

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change was to allow for bypassing of the Rad Waste Floor Drain System Deep Bed Demineralizer. The Demineralizer shall be utilized when radioactivity levels in the Floor Drain system exceed 5% of the allowable Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) limit.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-00069

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change evaluated changes to Nuclear Engineering Division (NED) as these changes affect NED support for LGS. These changes involved organization structure and responsibilities which resulted in movement of certain responsibilities to the site and permitted a reduction of NED staffing. These changes were essentially a continued refinement to the organization generally in keeping with the changes resulting from the Nuclear Effectiveness and Efficiency Design Study (NEEDS). The original changes brought about by NEEDS were the subject of a separate 10CFR50.59 Review approved October 18, 1993. The reasoning behind these changes is that support to the plant is now seen as focused in three main areas: Modifications, Technical Support, and Programs. Additionally, there are responsibilities transitioning from NED to the site of selected programmatic and non-programmatic work which involve embedded NED expertise. It is felt that these programs are sufficiently mature that this work can be transferred to the appropriate station groups.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-00987

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change evaluated changing the description of the Operations organization as a result of the implementation of the Equipment Operator position. The non-licensed operator descriptions were consolidated and no change in basic responsibilities occurred.

#### UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-01615

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

This UFSAR change involved increasing the design basis response time of the RCIC system from 30 to 55 seconds. This change may help reduce unnecessary retesting of the RCIC and minimized the challenge to the RCIC overspeed trip due to governor control setup in order to meet conservative response times. The change or relaxation to the RCIC response time is part of a larger program called PERFORM, which has evaluated the relaxation of several ECCS requirements. The proposed change does not involve a change to the Technical Specifications, but does require a revision to the UFSAR. No physical changes are planned at this time.

### UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-01886

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This UFSAR change involved relaxing Reactor Water Level 2 (L2) Trip Analytical Limit (AL). The L2 Analytical Limit was lowered by 12 inches from 469.5 to 457.5 inches above vessel zero. The change was only for the AL; the Allowable Value (AV) and Nominal Trip Set Point (NTSP) were not changed. The change or relaxation to the AL is part of a larger program called PERFORM which has evaluated the relaxation of several ECCS requirements. The proposed change does not involve a change to the Technical Specifications, but does require a revision to the UFSAR. No physical changes are planned at this time.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-01964

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change involved a clarification of the qualification requirements for the substitute Radiation Protection Manager (RPM). The UFSAR required the substitute to have a Bachelor's Degree in science or engineering which was more restrictive than the Tech Spec, UFSAR, and Reg. Guide 1.8 (1975) requirements for individuals holding the position of RPM. The change made requirements for a substitute for the RPM equal to those for RPM.

## UFSAR CHANGE ECR 95-02436

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common x

This UFSAR change involved the quality reclassification of the RHRSW Process Radiation Monitoring Pump Assemblies, 1C/1D and 2C/2D - P729, from safety related to non-safety related equipment. The unit specific RHRSW Process Radiation Monitoring Pumps (C/D) provide monitoring capability for detection of radiation levels in the RHR heat exchanger discharges. The RHRSW Process Radiation Monitors (C/D) alarm in the control room and automatically isolate the RHR heat exchangers on high radiation levels. The reclassification of the C/D RHRSW Process Radiation Pump assemblies to non-safety related does not affect the RHRSW Radiation Monitoring System in minimizing radiological releases to the environment because the principle monitoring function is performed by the A/B RHRSW Process Radiation Monitors. The RHRSW Process Radiation Monitor Pump Assemblies are not required for the safe shutdown of the plant and are not required to mitigate the consequences of an accident.

### UFSAR CHANGE L00599

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This UFSAR change evaluated a change to the description of the EDG. The UFSAR stated that each EDG will be operated on "an approximately weekly basis" to maintain an oil film on wearing surfaces. The change relaxes this commitment to monthly to be consistent with the Technical Specifications. Vendor concurrence with the change was obtained in a letter from PECO to COLTEC on May 5, 1993, and is based upon 1) all planned EDG starts are prelubed, 2) a slow-start and gradual load starting method is used whenever possible, 3) there has been past demonstration of successful dry start capability in the late 1980's, and 4) the unique Limerick skid design has the lube oil cooler low and in front of the skid and the lube oil filter horizontal on the deck to minimize the amount of drainback to the sump when the engine is shutdown.

#### UFSAR CHANGE L00625

\_ Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This UFSAR change evaluated a clarification of the UFSAR description of the EDG. Section 1.8 of the UFSAR which evaluates compliance with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.108 erroneously stated that the Limerick EDG surveillance system does not indicate which of the protective trips is activated first. This is known as annunciator "First Out" indication and is present on the Limerick local EDG annunciator panels. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and was a clarification only and no physical changes to the facility were involved.

#### UFSAR CHANGE L00665

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This UFSAR change evaluated a clarification of the UFSAR description of the EDG. The UFSAR erroneously stated that there were two thermocouples on the turbo charger combustion air discharge to the air coolers. The correct location for these thermocouples is on the exhaust manifold adapter on the turbo charger hot (exhaust) gas inlet on the turbine side of the device. The purpose of these thermocouples is to allow an evaluation of turbo charger performance. The UFSAR was revised to reflect the correct locations. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and was a clarification only and no physical changes to the facility were involved.

#### UFSAR CHANGE L00679

Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common \_

This UFSAR change evaluated a clarification of the UFSAR description of the EDG. The UFSAR stated that the engine sump lubricating oil level is automatically maintained. In 1985, the automatic level controller was valved out and level is maintained manually using the engine dipstick and controlled by plant procedures. This change affected a section of the UFSAR and was a clarification only and no physical changes to the facility were involved.

UFSAR CHANGE L00709

Unit 1 \_ Unit 2 \_ Common x

This UFSAR change involved the elimination of the dissolved gas, particulate, and iodine sampling from the Post Accident Sampling System (PASS). These samples are not utilized in Limerick's post accident program for dose assessment, core damage estimates, or personnel access, and are therefore not required to meet NUREG 0737.

UFSAR CHANGE L00809 and ECR 94-05872 Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

This ECR and associated UFSAR change evaluated the use of a new control rod. GE has developed and manufactured a new type of control rod that reduces the susceptibility to irradiation assisted stress corrosion cracking (IASCC) and the overall weight of the control rod without reducing lifetime or nuclear performance. The new design is called a "Marathon Control Rod" and has significantly increased capabilities due to four (4) design improvements; 1) the function of the sheath and the absorber rods are performed by a structural tube configuration, which reduces weight, 2) segmented rods which reduce weight, 3) B<sub>4</sub>C absorber is contained in capsules, therefore, reducing susceptibility to corrosion and B<sub>4</sub>C migration, and 4) use of a new material for tube configuration which is highly resistant to IASCC.

UFSAR CHANGE L00830

Unit 1 Unit 2 Common x

This UFSAR change involved revising the description of the NRB's role in providing an independent review and audit function for the Nuclear Generation Group. This change made the descriptions of the NRB's role common between Limerick and Peach Bottom where permitted by Technical Specifications.

# COMMITMENT REVISION Bulletin 90-01 Response Unit 1 x Unit 2 x Common

This commitment involved the elimination of extended span response checks for those Rosemount transmitters which have reached maturity. In PECO's response to Bulletin 90-01, Supplement 1, Loss of Fill Oil in Transmitters Manufactured by Rosemount, the transmitters which would be excluded from the enhanced monitoring program upon their reaching maturity were identified, since mature transmitters exhibit an acceptably low failure rate. PECO did commit, however, to continue performing extended span response checks for mature transmitters as part of the regularly scheduled surveillance.

Based on results to date, this commitment was changed so that the extended span response check would no longer be performed as part of regularly scheduled surveillance testing once a transmitter reached maturity. This in no way impacted the confidence for detecting the failure of mature transmitters, since the other items (procedure guidance, operator and technician awareness) remain in place. This affected a commitment to the NRC and is an overall enhancement to maintenance.