DUKE POWER COMPANY

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HAL B. TUCKER
VICE PRESIDENT
NUCLEAR PRODUCTION

84 SEP14 Plsep22mber 6, 1984

TELEPHONE (704) 373-4531

Mr. James P. O'Reilly, Regional Administrator U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region II 101 Marietta Street, NW, Suite 2900 Atlanta, Georgia 30323

Re: Catawba Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2 Docket Nos. 50-413 and 50-414 Significant Deficiency No. 413-414/84-04

Dear Mr. O'Reilly:

Please find attached a final report on the subject deficiency concerning partial penetration welds. This work was completed for Unit 1 and Unit 2 as of July 12, 1984. We are now in full compliance for both Units on this item.

Very truly yours,

#B. Tuche 1/11

Hal B. Tucker

LTP:s1b

Attachment

cc: Director
Office of Inspection and Enforcement
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D. C. 20555

NRC Resident Inspector Catawba Nuclear Station

Palmetto Alliance 2135½ Devine Street Columbia, South Carolina 29205

INPO Records Center Suite 1500 1100 Circle 75 Parkway Atlanta, Georgia 30339 Mr. Robert Guild, Esq. Attorney-at-Law P. O. Box 12097 Charleston, South Carolina 29412

Mr. Jesse L. Riley Carolina Environmental Study Group 854 Henley Place Charlotte, North Carolina 28207

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Significant Deficiency No. 413-414/84-04 Final Report September 6, 1984

For Unit 1, the final ASME code system was cleared on the problem on 5/13/84. The final Non-ASME code item was cleared 5/4/84, with the exception of the 15 welds that were repaired on "G" auxiliary support frame.

For Unit 2, a review was performed on the Unit 2 ASME code systems. There were no partial penetration welds that were within the scope of this problem. The ASME code fillet welds were reviewed for possible substitution and no welds were found to be within the scope of this problem.

For the Unit 2 Non-ASME code welds, a statistical evaluation was performed on the tunnel and auxiliary support frames. For both groups of frames the welds within the scope of this problem were identified and sampled. More than a 95% confidence that the welds were structurally adequate was achieved for both groups.

This resolves the partial penetration weld problem. We are now in full compliance for Unit 1 and Unit 2.